N.C. Offer

Adjutant 8th Cavalry

Fort Meade

S.D.

Jany 1898

BIOGRAPHICAL REGISTER

OF THE

Officers and Graduates

OF THE

U. S. MILITARY ACADEMY

AT WEST POINT, N. Y.

FROM ITS ESTABLISHMENT, IN 1802, TO 1890

WITH THE EARLY HISTORY OF THE UNITED STATES MILITARY ACADEMY

BY

BVT. MAJ.-GEN. GEORGE W. CULLUM

COLONEL OF ENGINEERS, U. S. ARMY, RETIRED

THIRD EDITION

REVISED AND EXTENDED

VOL. I.

Nos. 1 to 1000

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To

MY BROTHER GRADUATES

OF THE

U. S. MILITARY ACADEMY

I Respectfully Dedicate

THIS RECORD OF THEIR PAST SERVICES,

AS A FUTURE STIMULUS TO

STILL HIGHER MILITARY ACHIEVEMENTS AND CIVIL USEFULNESS

IN THE SERVICE OF THE NATION,

WHICH HAS ESTABLISHED FOR THEIR EDUCATION

A CHERISHED ALMA MATER,

MANY OF WHOSE DISTINGUISHED SONS

HAVE WORTHILY WRITTEN

THEIR NAMES

IN

THEIR COUNTRY'S HISTORY.

192884

PREFACE TO THE FIRST EDITION.

After many years of persevering toil I present to my brother Graduates of the Military Academy this Record of their services, honorable to themselves, giving world-renown to their Alma Mater, and claiming for their country a place in the first rank of military nations. Every source of information, official and private, has been exhausted to make this work accurate and complete. Archives have been ransacked, tons of manuscripts examined, letters by thousands written, and interrogatories almost countless put wherever a hope of gleaning any information at all reliable existed. Doubtless many errors will be found, but in a work of this magnitude and character, where positive data are often unattainable, mistakes are unavoidable; but with free access to the records of the War Department and Military Academy, a voluminous correspondence with graduates and their friends, and a personal acquaintance of more than thirty years with the movements and operations of the Army, I have by untiring industry collected and condensed in these volumes as faithful summaries of the services of the élèves of the Military Academy as I believe any single individual could accomplish. To avoid errors as far as practicable, the *état de service* of each living loyal graduate was submitted to him for correction before being incorporated in this work. A large majority promptly responded, but I regret that many replied too late to change their records before being sent to the printer.

The History of the Military Academy is too large a subject to be compressed within the preface to these volumes; but I cannot forbear dwelling a little upon the value of this noble institution to the country, and the cheap defense secured to the nation through the admirable instruction there given.

The Father of his Country, in his last annual message to Congress, says: "Whatever arguments may be drawn from particular examples, superficially viewed, a thorough examination of the subject will evince that the Art of War is both comprehensive and complicated; that it demands much previous study, and that the posses-

sion of it, in its most improved and perfect state, is always of great moment to the security of a nation."

In elementary tactics, or the organizing and changing of troops of any arm from one formation to another, as from line into column or square, officers of ordinary capacity can make themselves proficient in a very few months; but a general must know much more than this before he is capable of selecting a proper base and line of operations, of directing suitable formations on the field of battle, or manœuvring his army to successfully reach a chosen *objective* point. "*Chaque soldat Français porte, dans sa giberne, son bâton de maréchal de France,*" was a true saying, provided the soldier carried *in his head*, at the same time, *the qualifications* for a marshal: hence nearly all of Napoleon's greatest generals, to whom he intrusted the command of armies, were either educated in military schools, or had large experience in the wars of the French Revolution. Marshals like Ney and Macdonald, so terrible on the battlefield when directed by the master-genius of the educated Emperor, were sorry failures in strategic combinations when left to their own devices, as Dennewitz and the Katsbach bear witness.

In our day, we no longer believe in what Chatham called "heaven-born generals." It is agreed that modern warfare is the offspring of science and civilization; that it has its rules and its principles, which it is necessary to thoroughly master before being worthy to command; and that it is wiser to profit by the lessons of history than to purchase experience by the blood of battlefields. The brief span of a single life avails little in working out the great problems of science; but education supplies the piled-up aggregates of human knowledge. From the days of early Greece, which excelled in all the arts, military education has been deemed indispensable for great success in arms. It is *mind disciplined and instructed* which leads armies and builds up empires; mind, not stultified with pedantry, but developed by thought and inward will, conferring the power of discerning, analyzing, and combining means essential to an end. This culture of the soldier is to be acquired, not alone in military academies, but in that greater school, the camp and battlefield. To form the accomplished commander, the practice of campaigns must be the sequence of the lessons taught by the masters of the art. "The knowledge of grand tactics," says Napoleon, "is acquired only by experience, and by the study of the history of the campaigns of all the great captains. Gustavus Adolphus, Turenne, Frederick, like Alexander, Hannibal, and Cæsar, have all acted on the same principles, of holding their forces united, being nowhere vulnerable, and throwing their masses upon important points; such

are the principles which assure victory. Read again and again the campaigns of Alexander, Hannibal, Cæsar, Gustavus, Turenne, Eugene, and of Frederick. Make them your models. This is the only way of becoming a great captain and mastering the secrets of the art of war. Your genius, enlightened by this study, will induce you to reject all maxims in conflict with those of these great commanders."

Genius to conceive great projects and devise extraordinary means for their accomplishment is the first requisite of a great general; but, besides this creative power, he must have knowledge and experience, which are the implements with which he works. Some eminent commanders, it is true, have had genius without great learning, but the foremost men of the world — Alexander, Cæsar, and Napoleon — were distinguished, not only as practical generals but as learned scholars. The first was instructed by Aristotle in all branches of Grecian lore, modeled himself upon the heroes of Homer, and was an annotator of the Iliad; the second was a great classical author, the master of Roman art, and the rival of Cicero in eloquence; and the third would have been famous as a philosopher had he not been an emperor. "Do you think," said Napoleon, "if I had not been general-in-chief, and the instrument of fate to a mighty nation, that I would have accepted place and dependence? No! I would have thrown myself into the study of the exact sciences. My path would have been that of Galileo and Newton; and, since I have always succeeded in my great enterprises, I should have highly distinguished myself also in my scientific labors. I should have left the memory of magnificent discoveries."

But, besides genius and knowledge, the habitude of enlarged command, which is the education of the field, is indispensable to make the great captain; to know how to organize and form the character of an army, as well as to lead it when formed. It was not intellectual superiority alone, but that confidence inspired by discipline, which enabled Miltiades, with his ten thousand Greeks, to stem the avalanche of Persia on the plains of Marathon. It was not numbers and muscle that conquered Asia, but Alexander, young in years, but old in the experience of camps, with Philip's veteran phalanxes, led by such skilled commanders as Parmenio, Antipater, Attalus, and other captains educated in war. Hannibal was no blind Samson, removing Alpine barriers in order to inundate the plains of Italy with his Carthaginian hosts, but the learned pupil of Hamilcar, leading the war-trained bands of Carthalo, Hanno, Mutines, and Maharbal, well practiced in the school of victory in Spain. Scipio, though without veteran legions, had seen the battles of Tici-

nus, Trebbia, and Cannæ, and probably had served under Fabius and Marcellus; but not till he had won that double victory over the armies of Syphax and Asdrubal was he — the educated commander — able to cope with the great Punic warrior on the plains of Zama. Cæsar was a student from his cradle; and, though "in him was a thousand Mariuses," it was not till he had learned the art of war in Spain and Gaul, against barbarians, that he could conquer his distinguished rival at Pharsalia.

Knowledge and experience have been equally the elements of success with modern generals. Turenne, carefully educated, and studying war under his distinguished uncle, Maurice, required a dozen campaigns to grow from the youthful commander in Lorraine to the consummate strategist, manœuvring against Montecuculi. Gustavus, educated for the throne, and the heir of war with his powerful rivals of Poland and Russia, won his great victory of Leipsic by the enthusiasm inspired by his heroic leadership, no less than by the stern discipline of his troops. Condé, though rapidly passing from the school to the camp, and from the camp to victory, was, after the rough lessons of Merci, John de Wert and Turenne, thrice the general when vanquished at Seneffe, in his later career, that he was when the boy victor of Rocroy. Prince Eugene, preferring Xenophon and Polybius to his breviary, deserted the Church for the camp; but with all his passion for war and numerous campaigns, he was not the finished commander till the siege of Lille and the day of Malplaquet. Marlborough had little book-lore; but from the age of sixteen he studied war in the field, and was a pupil of the great Turenne, though that education required many successive campaigns to change the Churchill of Sedgemoor into the Marlborough of Blenheim. Practice supplied his scholastic deficiencies equally as soldier or statesman. Frederick the Great, the heir to a military throne, was thoroughly educated for a soldier; but it required the mortification of Mollwitz and the teachings of his faithful Schwerin to fit him to lead his Potsdam grenadiers through that wonderful career of seven years of glory. Wellington was educated at the military school of Angers, in France; but it was in applying the principles of war there taught to his India campaigns that he learned the path to success in Spain and to win the laureled crown of Waterloo. Napoleon, the meteor that has so dazzled the world, received the best military education in France; and though his first campaigns are the most extraordinary on the page of history, it must be remembered that he had had the previous experience of the siege of Toulon and two years' service with the Army of the Alps. But brilliant as were Castiglione, Arcola, and Rivoli, how much were they eclipsed

by the after-glories of Austerlitz, Jena, Wagram, Borodino, and the immortal campaign of 1814!

We could go on citing examples to the same effect till we had exhausted nearly the whole catalogue of distinguished commanders of ancient and modern times; but the prominent generals we have named will suffice to show that, to a natural aptitude for war, soldiers, as in all professions and crafts, must be educated to their vocation; and, to rise to the high level of a finished captain, much practice and the habitude of command are essential.

Unfortunately, the lessons taught on almost every page of the history of war have been too often lost upon our country; and the accumulated evidence of four great wars, in which this nation has been involved, does not seem to have changed the course of our rulers.

During the Revolution, having but few educated officers, we were very frequently dependent upon European soldiers of fortune, who were eagerly employed with high rank and extravagant pay. To Steuben, the disciple of the great Frederick, the Continental Army was mainly indebted for its discipline. Congress, through Dr. Franklin and Mr. Deane, was compelled to ask Louis XVI. for engineers; "for," said General Charles Lee, "we had not an officer in the army who knew the difference betwixt a *chevaux-de-frise* and a cabbage-garden." Though victory perched upon our standards in the beginning of the contest at Bemis' Heights, and we had the educated patriot soldier Schuyler to prepare our army for the struggle, Kosciuszko, the accomplished engineer, to plan our defenses, the impetuous and reckless daring of an Arnold to lead the assault, and the unerring aim of Morgan's riflemen to deprive the enemy of its ablest commander (Fraser), yet were we far from possessing the instruction necessary for successful war. In the school of adversity, and with the blood of thousands, Washington, though opposed to feeble generals and small numbers, had to learn more difficult lessons than those first taught him at Braddock's defeat.

Washington fully appreciated the saying "that an army of asses led by a lion is vastly superior to an army of lions led by an ass:" hence his solicitude, to the day of his death, to see established a national school for the education of officers. With good generals, he knew an effective army might be created out of the most unpromising materials; of which we have the best proof in the examples of Portuguese and Hindoos under British, and Italians under French commanders.

Through his efforts and those of the patriot statesmen of the Revolution, our Military Academy was established in 1802; but it led

a languishing life, and though war was impending, it may be said to have almost ceased to have an existence, under Dr. Eustis's feeble administration of the War Department. At the commencement of hostilities with Great Britain, there were but sixty-five graduates of the Military Academy in service, and our few regulars had scarce ever seen a battlefield. Again our armies had to meet the foe with few educated officers and but little experience in war: hence the years 1812 and 1813, excepting the sea-fights, were almost always annals of American defeats. The glorious souvenirs of Bunker Hill, Saratoga, and King's Mountain were obscured by the pusillanimous surrenders at Detroit and Niagara, the barbarous massacres at Hampton and the river Raisin, and the disgraceful failures at Chrystler's Field and La Cole Mill. During the brief and brilliant campaigns of 1814 and 1815, when our education in war was anew purchased upon unsuccessful fields of blood, the full tide of triumph flowed on almost uninterruptedly, and the "Second War of Independence" closed in a blaze of victory. In these last achievements the youthful sons of the Military Academy nobly performed their part. Of those serving in the field, one sixth laid down their lives in the struggle, one fourth were killed or wounded, and one fifth of those who survived received one or two brevets each for their distinguished gallantry in that war.

Thirty years of lucrative peace followed before our next contest, but the nation had somewhat profited by its past shortcomings. The Military Academy, on the breaking out of the Mexican War, had over five hundred highly-educated graduates in service, and nearly as many more in civil life, ready to resume their swords in their country's defense. Our regular army, mostly officered by them, had acquired experience in fighting savages on our extended frontier, and had learned discipline in the swamps of Florida. Our brave volunteers, with high aptitude to form the best of soldiers, wisely sought the élèves of our national school, and tendered to them the command of their regiments and battalions. The material of battle had been prepared by skillful hands, and educated minds directed the complicated machinery of war. The consequence of this fortuitous condition of things, despite political machinations, is too well known to require to be detailed here. Suffice it to say that, in comparing this with the preceding war, the fruits of military education are most apparent. In Canada, during *two and a half years, with much larger forces than the enemy, our defeats outnumbered our victories*; our gains in prisoners of war were less than our losses; our trophies were few; and our conquests scarce extended beyond the camps we occupied. In the Mexican War, our small

but heroic army, *in less than a year and a half*, though opposed to the quadruple force of the enemy, won thirty victories, captured forty thousand soldiers, took a thousand cannon and an immense amount of small arms and munitions of war, carried ten fortified places and the capital of the enemy, and extended our conquests over the immense territory of Mexico and California. The gain of that war, to say nothing of national reputation, now annually pays more than thrice the total cost of the contest.

The emulator of Cortes, the veteran Scott, — one of the most experienced soldiers this nation has produced, and the consummate leader of our armies in Mexico, — says, in a letter to the commission appointed under the Act of June 21, 1860, to examine into the organization, system of discipline, and course of instruction of the Military Academy: "I give it as my fixed opinion that, but for our graduated cadets, the war between the United States and Mexico might, and probably would, have lasted some four or five years, with, in its first half, more defeats than victories falling to our share; whereas, in less than two campaigns, we conquered a great country and a peace, without the loss of a single battle or skirmish."

The great results of the Mexican War gave the Military Academy an immense reputation, and its popularity continued till the first outbreak of the late Rebellion, which at once assumed proportions entirely incommensurate with any of our past notions or experience in war; yet the youthful graduates of the institution, who perhaps had never commanded a larger force than a company or battalion, were expected at once to lead vast armies of undisciplined troops through unknown morasses and tangled wildernesses to assured victory. Though they quickly learned to apply the sound precepts taught at the Military Academy, yet at the beginning of the war it was hardly reasonable to expect them to successfully manœuvre colossal armies in an unexplored country, and in the presence of a brave and active enemy, who thoroughly knew the topography of every battlefield and theatre of campaign. Under these circumstances, successful leadership required large experience, as well as knowledge and genius, such as had been exhibited by scarce a score of generals since the earliest period of authentic history; for, leaving out Asiatic conquerors with their fabulous hosts, which could neither be fed nor moved in campaign, it may safely be asserted that not twenty generals, prior to the time of the Southern rebellion, had ever commanded, in a single battlefield, an army of one hundred thousand men.

These early failures disappointed the cherished hopes of the nation, and foreign adventurers and greedy demagogues, who were

aspirants for high appointments in the service, seized the occasion with avidity to make the Academy a target for every kind of vituperation, particularly the unjust charge of the disloyalty of its graduates. It is, unfortunately, true that many forgot the flag under which they were educated, to follow false gods. But who were the *leaders* of this treason but the honored and trusted in the land, filling, or who had filled, the highest places in the government: Senators, Representatives, members of the Cabinet, foreign Ministers, Judges of United States Courts, and even those who had been elected by the people to fill the highest offices in their gift? Was it, then, a greater crime for graduates of our national Academy to forsake their country than for the highest officials in every branch of the government, executive, legislative, and judicial, who from the seceding States, almost to a man, joined the rebel standard?

But let us examine this rebellion record a little more closely. In the executive department, four Presidents were living when Secession began. Of these, the only Southerner joined the rebels; another did the country more harm than an avowed enemy; while the others certainly were not over-demonstrative in their efforts to preserve the Union. Belonging to the bench of the Supreme Court there were four Southern judges, of whom two remained loyal, one was strongly sympathetic with the South, and one joined the rebels. The Southern judges of the United States District Courts sided with their own people. Of the Senators in Congress from the seceding States, but *one*, and of the House of Representatives but *three*, remained loyal. Nearly all the agents of the State, Treasury, Interior, and Post-office Departments, residing in or from the seceding States, espoused the rebel cause. Over one fourth of the officers of the Navy on the active list resigned or were dismissed in 1860–61, nearly all of whom, being Southerners, probably joined in the rebellion. Of those appointed in the Army from civil life nearly *one half*, while but a little over *one fifth* of the West Point officers, left the service and joined in the rebellion.

With these pregnant facts before us, we would ask: Was it a greater wrong in an humble graduate to forget the nation's fostering care, in training him for four years at the Military Academy, than for a President to renounce his allegiance to the country which for four years had encircled his brow with the republic's crown? Was it more disreputable to forsake the flag, beneath which the graduate had been reared, than to stain the revered and venerable ermine of the Supreme Bench with the Upas of Secession? Were the makers of the laws, — Southern Senators and Representatives, — who trampled the Constitution under foot, less guilty than graduates

for violating their vows? Strange to say, though so many of these highest officials of the land rebelled against the Union, we rarely hear Congress, the Supreme Court, the executive, and other departments of the government stigmatized as nurseries of treason, while the Military Academy has been the butt against which every opprobrious epithet has been hurled by unscrupulous demagogues, as false to the flag and ungrateful to the nation, notwithstanding the statistics show that the West Point part of the army has been by far the most loyal branch of the public service; that nearly *four fifths* of its graduate officers remained faithful; that one half of those from the South stood firm by the stars and stripes; and, in the battles for the Union, that *one fifth* of those engaged laid down their lives, more than *one third*, and probably *one half*, were wounded, and the survivors can point with manly pride to their services, here recorded, for the preservation of the nation.

Can Harvard, Yale, Columbia, Union, Princeton, or any other college in the land show a higher record of patriotism and sacrifice? Assuredly not; for their Southern graduates espoused the rebel cause almost *en masse*. Should, then, these noble seminaries of learning be aspersed as nurseries of treason because they did not retain all their élèves in the Union fold? And is it just to launch anathemas at the Military Academy, which saved by the antidote of its loyal teachings one half of its Southern pupils, who, from infancy to early manhood, before they entered this our truly national institution, had imbibed the poison of secession, till the virus had permeated every fibre of their hearts and brains? That noble band of one hundred and sixty-two Southern graduates, cradled and reared in state allegiance, but rescued from treason by West Point influences, bravely battled against rebellion, and no less firmly against every appeal of relative and friend to swerve them from loyalty and duty. These, with all Northern officers (save sixteen who dishonored their Alma Mater) and one hundred and ten graduates from civil life who re-joined the military service, fought the good fight for the Union, though their merits were often overlooked to give place to those who had not learned, as Napoleon calls it, "*le métier des armes*."

Much unreasonable clamor has been echoed throughout the length and breadth of the land of the enormity of graduates joining in the rebellion because they were educated at the public expense. True, the government gave them the best scientific military education, at a cost for each of from two to three thousand dollars. But, it may be asked, was this out of pure love for the individual cadets and as a charitable bounty to promising young men, or did the republic,

requiring the best officers for its small standing army, act upon the principle of all communities, that it was more profitable to employ educated talent to execute her high trusts than to procure cheap ignorance, to be heavily discounted in disaster and disgrace on the first shock of arms? It is not for the benefit of the Military Academy, but for the nation's self, that she supports and fosters that noble seminary of science and military art, which has already a thousand times repaid its cost in the success of our arms, in the diffusion of special knowledge, in the execution of great public works, and in the proverbial integrity of its graduates. The whole annual cost of the institution would not equal the losses through ignorance by a single blunder in ordnance or engineering construction, or the profits by knavery on a few corrupt contracts; and the compensation for the educated talent of the graduates of the Academy, if obtained from civil life, would exceed the pay of officers of the army by an amount far greater than the entire expenses of that institution: hence it is supported not only to secure efficiency, but as a measure of economy. It might as well be argued that the nation pays high salaries to its Presidents, Judges, and Legislators as gratuities, and not for their services to the republic, as that the Military Academy is a charity school for the benefit of its élèves. The nation maintains the Military Academy exclusively for its *own*, and not for the *graduates'* interest, and the entire cost of educating the whole of the seceding graduates in money was not more than was saved by the military knowledge of its loyal graduates on *every day of the Rebellion*, and the saving to the reputation of our arms was wholly incommensurate with any price paid for the maintenance of that nursery of soldiers.

But how insignificant is the expense of this great establishment, which has had an existence of two thirds of a century, at a total cost during that long period of usefulness not exceeding the nation's outlay for carrying on war during a *single week* of the closing years of the Rebellion! And since 1802, when it was created, the average annual appropriations have not been more than those for the maintenance of a squadron of cavalry. Yet, for this pittance in the yearly budget, this admirable institution has supplied the nation with over 2,200 accomplished officers, of whom any army might well be proud; has filled every arm of the service with talent, efficiency, and integrity; has materially aided in successfully conducting three great wars, extending our national domain, and preserving the Union; has perpetually pushed the wild savage from our borders, and been the pioneer of advancing civilization; has constructed and armed our fortifications, improved our harbors, lakes, and riv-

ers, defined our boundaries, surveyed and lighted our coasts, and explored the length and breadth of our land; has given to our militia and volunteers large numbers of valuable officers, and to our colleges able presidents and professors; has furnished distinguished civil engineers, who have bound our territory together with a network of railways and canals; has supplied valuable city, state, and government functionaries; has improved our workshops and the culture of the soil; has added its mite to the counting-house, the bar, and the pulpit; and, through the contributions and text-books of its graduates, has greatly elevated the scientific standard of most of the educational institutions throughout our country, and even extended its influence abroad.

With such a catalogue of services of the élèves of the Military Academy; while the integrity of its graduates is proved by the fact that but about *two* per cent. of their entire number have been cashiered or dismissed from the army, and nearly all these for dissipation and purely military offenses; and where there is so much excellence, matured for years by the thought and fostering care of so many wise and conscientious men who have shaped the Academy's destinies, — it is certainly due to the institution, which has been tested in the crucible of peace and war, that our statesmen should feel that the past is a guarantee of future usefulness; that its value should be enhanced by adding materially to the number of its graduates, now limited to about *one* annually to every *million* of our people; that untried projects of military education should be discarded as schemes like to return to plague the inventors; and that this great national Academy is worthy of the country's confidence, and, as Napoleon said of the Polytechnic School, is for the Army, "*la poule aux œufs d'or.*"

In advocating the importance of military education and setting forth the usefulness of our great National Academy, there is no design of arrogating for its graduates any exclusive excellence as leaders of our armies, nor of detracting from the merits of those who have not enjoyed the same advantages. All honor to our patriotic and gallant volunteers who, from the bar, the farm, the counting-house, the workshop, and every sphere of life, rushed at the sound of the first hostile gun fired in the Rebellion to their country's defense! Their self-sacrifice in giving up lucrative positions and the comforts of home for the privations of camp, their intelligence in meeting the difficult requirements of their new vocations, their endurance through long marches and weary campaigns, their steadfastness in the darkest hours of disaster, their valor on the battlefield or in the deadly assault, their moderation when victory had

assured our success, and their return as peaceful citizens to a cordial submission to the laws of their preserved country, are worthy of all commendation. Doubtless none more than they felt and appreciated the great value of military education and experience as essential adjuncts to a natural genius for war in forming the great captain. Those only who know nothing of the profession of arms —

> "Count wisdom as no member of the war,
> Forestall our prescience, and esteem no act
> But that of hand: the still and mental parts,
> That do contrive how many hands shall strike
> When fitness calls them on, and know, by measure
> Of their observant toil, the enemy's weight, —
> Why, this hath not a finger's dignity;
> They call this bed-work-mapp'ry, closet war:
> So that the ram that batters down the wall,
> For the great swing and rudeness of its poise,
> They place before his hand that made the engine;
> Or those that with the fineness of their souls
> By reason guide its execution."

PREFACE TO THE SECOND EDITION.

THE previous edition of this Register was prepared with so much care, and the records of most Graduates were so carefully revised by them before they were sent to the press, that very few material mistakes were made. Such as I have found, after twelve years of constant reference to my work, or which have been pointed out by others, I have in this edition corrected so far as practicable, without great expense, in a stereotyped work, the plates of which are not sufficiently elastic to admit new matter.

Strenuous efforts have been made to induce me to omit the use of the word "Rebellion" in terminating the records of those who joined the Confederate cause against the United States. The term is not of my invention, but is the language of the law, of the acts of the various departments of the government, of thousands of brevets to officers of the regular Army and Volunteers, and is still the customary phraseology of a large proportion of our people. Applications also have been made to me to give the details of the military services of those fighting against the Union, with the same particularity with which I have recorded those of its loyal supporters. Of course such a thing would be impossible without destroying this stereotyped edition; and to prepare an entire new work would be an herculean labor far beyond my present strength, even had I the full official returns, muster-rolls, orders, reports, etc., of the Confederate army. But, independently of these considerations, and without the least unkind feeling towards those whose views of their duty differed from mine, I could not by such an act give even the semblance of my approval of their taking up arms against the flag under which they were educated.

PREFACE TO THE THIRD EDITION.

THOUGH over fourscore years of age, I have ventured upon the herculean task of preparing this Third Edition of my Biographical Register of the Officers and Graduates of the U. S. Military Academy, hoping that this last legacy to Alma Mater and her numerous sons may further prove the usefulness of that noble national institution.

With every effort to make this edition as complete as possible, I regret that it falls short of my wishes, though I have been unsparing in my labors upon it. Over two thousand letters and circulars have been sent to graduates and others for information respecting their Civil History, to which I have received replies from less than one tenth, and most of these giving such vague and uncertain answers as to be of little use in compiling an accurate record. Some graduates have urged the inclusion of many minor details of their services, which would require the extension of my Register to the dimensions of an encyclopædia.

For facility of reference, the records of the first thousand graduates are placed in the first volume of the Register, the second thousand in the second volume, and the remainder in the third.

Over one hundred Biographical Sketches of deceased graduates have been added in this edition, which I would have gladly increased if I had had the necessary data for writing them.

Finding upon examination that some of the stereotype plates of the First Edition were injured, and that, with new matter to be added to the records of graduates, it would be necessary to cut the plates to pieces, I have decided to reprint the whole, in type a size larger, and, by a judicious arrangement, to improve the appearance of the pages and not materially increase their number.

REGISTER

OF THE

OFFICERS OF THE U. S. MILITARY ACADEMY,

FROM MARCH 16, 1802, TO JANUARY 1, 1890.

OFFICERS

OF THE

U. S. MILITARY ACADEMY.

☞ Officers whose names are marked with a * were not Graduates of the Military Academy; their Histories will be found sketched on the pages following this list of Officers.

COMMAND OF THE MILITARY ACADEMY.

NO.	APPOINTMENT AND NAME.	ARMY RANK WHEN APPOINTED.	TERM OF SERVICE. FROM	TO	REMARKS.
	INSPECTORS.†				
1	Chief of Engineers...	.....	April 7, 1818	July 13, 1866	Law rep'd
2	War Department.....	.....	July 13, 1866		
	SUPERINTENDENTS.‡				
3	*Jonathan Williams..	Major, Corps of Engineers	Apr. 15, 1802	June 20, 1803§	Resigned.
4	*Jonathan Williams..	Lieut.-Col. Corps Engineers	Apr. 19, 1805§	July 31, 1812	Resigned.
5	Joseph G. Swift.....	Colonel, Corps of Engineers	July 31, 1812‖	July 28, 1817‖	Relieved.
6	Sylvanus Thayer.....	Capt. Corps Engineers, Bvt. Major, U. S. A..	July 28, 1817	July 1, 1833	Relieved.
7	René E. De Russy....	Major, Corps of Engineers.	July 1, 1833	Sep. 1, 1838	Relieved.
8	Richard Delafield....	Major, Corps of Engineers.	Sep. 1, 1838	Aug. 15, 1845	Relieved.
9	Henry Brewerton	Capt. Corps of Engineers..	Aug. 15, 1845	Sep. 1, 1852	Relieved.
10	Robert E. Lee.....	Capt. Corps Engineers, Bvt. Col. U. S. A....	Sep. 1, 1852	Mar. 31, 1855	Relieved.
11	John G. Barnard.....	Capt. Corps Engineers, Bvt. Major, U. S. A..	Mar. 31, 1855	Sep. 8, 1856	Relieved.
12	Richard Delafield....	Major, Corps of Engineers.	Sep. 8, 1856¶	Mar. 1, 1861¶	Relieved.
13	Alexander H. Bowman	Major, Corps of Engineers.	Mar. 1, 1861	July 8, 1864	Relieved.
14	Zealous B. Tower	Maj. Corps Engineers, Brig.-Gen. U. S. Vols.	July 8, 1864	Sep. 8, 1864	Relieved.
15	George W. Cullum...	Lieut.-Col. Corps Eng., Brig.-Gen. U. S. Vols.	Sep. 8, 1864	Aug. 28, 1866	Relieved.
16	Thomas G. Pitcher...	Colonel, 44th Infantry.....	Aug. 28, 1866	Sep. 1, 1871	Relieved.
17	Thomas H. Ruger	Colonel, 18th Infantry.....	Sep. 1, 1871	Sep. 1, 1876	Relieved.
18	John M. Schofield....	Major-General	Sep. 1, 1876	Jan. 21, 1881	Relieved.
19	Oliver O. Howard....	Brigadier-General.....	Jan. 21. 1881	Sep. 1, 1882	Relieved.
20	Wesley Merritt.....	Colonel, 5th Cavalry.....	Sep. 1, 1882	July 1, 1887	Relieved.
21	John G. Parke.....	Colonel of Engineers	Aug. 28, 1887	June 24, 1889	Relieved.
22	John M. Wilson.....	Lieut.-Col. of Engineers...	Aug. 26, 1889		

† The Chief Engineer was *ex officio* Inspector of the Military Academy, from April 7, 1818, till the passage of the law of July 13, 1866, which provided that the "charge of the Academy shall be in the War Department, under such officer as the Secretary of War may assign to that duty."

‡ The selection of the Superintendents of the Military Academy was confined to the Corps of Engineers from the establishment of the Institution, March 16, 1802, till the passage of the law of July 13, 1866, which opened it to the entire army. By the act of June 12, 1858, the local rank of Colonel was conferred upon the Superintendent.

§ Major Williams resigned June 20, 1803, on a point of command, and pending its settlement to April 19, 1805, when he again returned to service as Chief Engineer, no permanent Superintendent of the Military Academy was appointed, the command devolving upon the Senior Officer of the Corps of Engineers present for duty.

‖ During the absence of Colonel Swift from West Point on war or other services, while he was Superintendent, the command of the Military Academy devolved on Captain Alden Partridge or other senior officer of the Corps of Engineers present for duty.

¶ Bvt. Major P. G. T. Beauregard, Corps of Engineers, by order of the Secretary of War, John B. Floyd, relieved Colonel Delafield, Jan. 23, 1861, from the superintendency of the Military Academy, but was himself displaced in five days after, Jan. 28, 1861, by direction of the succeeding Secretary of War, Joseph Holt, the command again devolving on Colonel Delafield.

NO.	APPOINTMENT AND RANK.	ARMY RANK WHEN APPOINTED.	TERM OF SERVICE. FROM	TERM OF SERVICE. TO	REMARKS.
	DEPARTMENT OF TACTICS.				
	COMMANDANTS OF CADETS.†				
23	George W. Gardiner..	2d Lieut. Corps of Artillery	Sep. 15, 1817	April 2, 1818	Relieved.
24	*John Bliss.....	Captain, 6th Infantry.....	April 2, 1818	Jan. 15, 1819	Relieved.
25	John R. Bell.....	Captain, Light Artillery...	Feb. 8, 1819	Mar. 17, 1820	Relieved.
26	*William J. Worth...	Capt. 2d Infantry and Bvt. Major, U. S. A..	Mar. 17, 1820	Dec. 2, 1828	Relieved.
27	Ethan A. Hitchcock..	Captain, 1st Infantry.....	Mar. 13, 1829	June 24, 1833	Relieved.
28	*John Fowle.....	Major, 3d Infantry.....	July 10, 1833	Mar. 31, 1838	Relieved.
29	Charles F. Smith.....	1st Lieut. 2d Artillery.....	April 1, 1838	Sep. 1, 1842	Relieved.
30	J. Addison Thomas...	1st Lieut. 3d Artillery.....	Sep. 1, 1842	Dec. 14, 1845	Relieved.
31	Bradford R. Alden...	Captain, 4th Infantry.....	Dec. 14, 1845	Nov. 1, 1852	Relieved.
32	Robert S. Garnett....	Capt. 6th Infantry and Bvt. Major, U. S. A.	Nov. 1, 1852	July 31, 1854	Relieved.
33	William H. T. Walker	Capt. 6th Infantry and Bvt. Lt.-Col. U. S. A.	July 31, 1854	May 27, 1856	Relieved.
34	William J. Hardee....	Major, 2d Cavalry and Bvt. Lt.-Col. U. S. A.	July 22, 1856	Sep. 8, 1860	Relieved.
35	John F. Reynolds	Capt. 3d Artillery and Bvt. Major, U. S. A.	Sep. 8, 1860	June 25, 1861	Relieved.
36	Christopher C. Augur	Major, 13th Infantry.....	Aug. 26, 1861	Dec. 5, 1861	Relieved.
37	Kenner Garrard.....	Captain, 5th Cavalry	Dec. 5, 1861	Sep. 25, 1862	Relieved.
38	Henry B. Clitz.....	Major, 12th Infantry	Oct. 23, 1862	July 4, 1864	Relieved.
39	John C. Tidball.....	Capt. 2d Artillery and Colonel, U. S. Vols..	July 10, 1864	Sep. 22, 1864	Relieved.
40	Henry M. Black.....	Major, 7th Infantry	Sep. 22, 1864	July 1, 1870	Relieved.
41	Emory Upton.....	Lieut.-Col. U. S. A.....	July 1, 1870	June 30, 1875	Relieved.
42	Thos. H. Neill.....	Lieut.-Col. 6th Cavalry....	July 1, 1875	June 30, 1879	Relieved.
43	Henry M. Lazelle	Major, 1st Infantry.....	July 1, 1879	Aug. 4, 1882	Relieved.
44	Henry C. Hasbrouck..	Captain, 4th Artillery.....	Aug. 22, 1882	Feb. 1, 1888	Relieved.
45	*Hamilton S. Hawkins	Major, 10th Infantry.....	Feb. 1, 1888		
	INSTRUCTORS OF ARTILLERY.				
46	George W. Gardiner..	2d Lieut. Corps of Artillery	Sep. 15, 1817	Feb. 1, 1820	Relieved.
47	*Fabius Whiting.....	Captain, Corps of Artillery	Aug. 15, 1820	Aug. 7, 1821	Relieved.
48	Z. J. D. Kinsley.....	2d Lieut. 3d Artillery.....	Dec. 18, 1823	Dec. 1, 1835	Resigned.
49	Robert Anderson.....	1st Lieut. 3d Artillery.....	Dec. 1, 1835	Nov. 6, 1837	Relieved.
50	Miner Knowlton.....	1st Lieut. 1st Artillery.....	Nov. 9, 1837	July 1, 1844	Relieved.
51	E. D. Keyes.....	Captain, 3d Artillery.....	July 25, 1844	Dec. 24, 1848	Relieved.
52	William H. Shover....	Capt. 3d Artillery and Bvt. Major, U. S. A.	Dec. 24, 1848	Sep. 7, 1850	Died.
53	George H. Thomas...	1st Lt. 3d Artillery and Bvt. Major, U. S. A.	April 2, 1851	May 1, 1854	Relieved.
54	Fitz-John Porter.....	1st Lt. 4th Artillery and Bvt. Major, U. S. A.	May 1, 1854	Sep. 11, 1855	Relieved.
55	Henry F. Clarke.....	1st Lt. 2d Artillery and Bvt. Capt. U. S. A..	Sep. 11, 1855	Aug. 6, 1856	Relieved.
	DEPT. OF LAW.				
	PROFESSORS.‡				
56	*Asa B. Gardner.....	Major, Judge Advocate....	July 29, 1874	Aug. 28, 1878	Relieved.
57	*Guido N. Lieber.....	Major, Judge Advocate....	Aug. 28, 1878	Aug. 28, 1882	Relieved.
58	*Herbert P. Curtis...	Major, Judge Advocate....	Aug. 28, 1882	Aug. 28, 1886	Relieved.
59	*William Winthrop...	Lt.-Col., Deputy Judge Advocate General...	Aug. 28, 1886		

† The Commandant of Cadets is charged with the command of the battalion, and with the instruction of Cadets in the rules of military police, discipline, and administration. By the law of June 12, 1858, he is made Instructor of Artillery, Cavalry, and Infantry Tactics, and holds the local rank of Lieutenant-Colonel.
‡ The Professorship of Law was created by Law of June 6, 1874.

NO.	APPOINTMENT AND RANK.	ARMY RANK WHEN APPOINTED.	TERM OF SERVICE. FROM	TO	REMARKS.
	DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL AND EXPERIMENTAL PHILOSOPHY.				
	PROFESSORS.†				
60	*Jared Mansfield.....	Lt.-Col. Corps of Engineers	Oct. 7, 1812	Aug. 31, 1828	Resigned.
61	E. H. Courtenay (Acting).....	2d Lieut. Corps Engineers.	Sep. 1, 1828	Feb. 16, 1829	Tr. to 62.
62	Edward H. Courtenay	2d Lieut. Corps Engineers.	Feb. 16, 1829	Dec. 31, 1834	Resigned.
63	W. H. C. Bartlett (A'g)	2d Lieut. Corps Engineers.	Nov. 22, 1834	April 20, 1836	Tr. to 64.
64	Wm. H. C. Bartlett..	2d Lieut. Corps Engineers.	April 30, 1836	Feb. 14, 1871	Retired.
65	Peter S. Michie.....	Capt. Corps of Engineers..	Feb. 14, 1871		
	DEPARTMENT OF MATHEMATICS.				
	PROFESSORS.†				
66	*W. A. Barron (A'g)..	Capt. Corps of Engineers..	July 6, 1802	Feb. 14, 1807	Relieved.
67	*Jared Mansfield (A'g)	Capt. Corps of Engineers..	May 3, 1802	Nov. 14, 1803	Relieved.
68	*F. R. Hassler (A'g)..	.....	Feb. 14, 1807	Dec. 31, 1809	Resigned.
69	Alden Partridge.....	Capt. Corps of Engineers..	April 13, 1813	Sep. 1, 1813	Tr. to 75.
70	*Andrew Ellicott.....	.....	Sep. 1, 1813	Aug. 29, 1820	Died.
71	*David B. Douglass..	Capt. Corps of Engineers..	Aug. 29, 1820	May 1, 1823	Tr. to 77.
72	Charles Davies.....	.....	May 1, 1823	May 31, 1837	Resigned.
73	Albert E. Church....	1st Lieut. 3d Artillery.....	June 1, 1837	Mar. 30, 1878	Died.
74	Edgar W. Bass.....	1st Lieut. Engineers.....	April 17, 1878		
	DEPARTMENT OF CIVIL AND MILITARY ENGINEERING.				
	PROFESSORS.†				
75	Alden Partridge.....	Capt. Corps of Engineers..	Sep. 1, 1813	Dec. 31, 1816	Resigned.
76	*Claude Crozet.....	.....	Mar. 6, 1817	April 28, 1823	Resigned.
77	*David B. Douglass...	.....	May 1, 1823	Mar. 1, 1831	Resigned.
78	D. H. Mahan (Act'g).	2d Lieut. Corps Engineers.	Sep. 1, 1830	Jan. 1, 1832	Tr. to 79.
79	Dennis H. Mahan....	2d Lieut. Engineers.....	Jan. 1, 1832	Sep. 16, 1871	Drowned.
80	Junius B. Wheeler...	Major of Engineers.....	Sep. 16, 1871	Sep. 29, 1884	Retired.
81	James Mercur.....	Captain of Engineers.....	Sep. 29, 1884		
	DEPARTMENT OF PRACTICAL ENGINEERING.				
	INSTRUCTORS.				
82	Alexander J. Swift...	Capt. Corps of Engineers..	June 30, 1841	Sep. 12, 1846	Relieved.
83	Frederic A. Smith ...	Capt. Corps of Engineers..	Sep. 12, 1846	Mar. 25, 1848	Relieved.
84	George W. Cullum...	Capt. Corps of Engineers..	Mar. 25, 1848	May 19, 1851	Relieved.
85	Alexander H. Bowman	Capt. Corps of Engineers..	May 19, 1851	June 1, 1852	Relieved.
86	George W. Cullum...	Capt. Corps of Engineers..	June 1, 1852	Jan. 1, 1855	Relieved.
87	John G. Barnard.....	Capt. Corps Engineers and Bvt. Maj. U.S.A.	Mar. 2, 1855	Sep. 8, 1856	Relieved.
88	Andrew J. Donelson..	1st Lieut. Corps Engineers	Sep. 9, 1856	Oct. 15, 1858	Relieved.
89	James C. Duane.....	1st Lieut. Corps Engineers	Oct. 16, 1858	Jan. 18, 1861	Relieved.
90	Miles D. McAlester...	Capt. Corps of Engineers..	Sep. 10, 1863	June 22, 1864	Relieved.
91	William P. Craighill..	Capt. Corps of Engineers..	June 22, 1864	Aug. 31, 1864	Relieved.
92	George H. Mendell...	Capt. Corps of Engineers..	Sep. 21, 1864	July 3, 1865	Relieved.
93	Henry M. Robert.....	Capt. Corps of Engineers..	Aug. 31, 1865	Aug. 31, 1867	Relieved.
94	Peter S. Michie.....	Capt. Corps of Engineers..	Aug. 31, 1867	Feb. 14, 1871	Prof. Phil.
95	Oswald H. Ernst.....	Capt. Corps of Engineers..	Aug. 1, 1871	Aug. 28, 1878	Relieved.
96	Chas. W. Raymond...	Capt. Corps of Engineers..	Aug. 28, 1878	Aug. 28, 1881	Relieved.
97	William S. Stanton...	Capt. Corps of Engineers..	Aug. 28, 1881	Aug. 28, 1885	Relieved.
98	Francis V. Greene....	Capt. Corps of Engineers..	Aug. 28. 1885	Jan. 12, 1886	Relieved.
99	Philip M. Price.....	Capt. Corps of Engineers..	Jan. 15, 1886	Jan. 4, 1889	Relieved.
100	George McC. Derby..	Capt. Corps of Engineers..	Jan. 4, 1889		

† The Professorships of "Natural and Experimental Philosophy," of "Mathematics," and of the "Art of Engineering in all its Branches," were created by Law of April 29, 1812.

NO.	APPOINTMENT AND NAME.	ARMY RANK WHEN APPOINTED.	TERM OF SERVICE. FROM	TO	REMARKS.
	DEPARTMENT OF FRENCH.				
	FIRST TEACHERS.†				
101	*Francis Deseré Masson	.....	July 12, 1803	April 15, 1810	On leave.
102	*Florimond Masson	.....	April 15, 1810	Jan. 3, 1815	Resigned.
103	*Claudius Berard	.....	Jan. 3, 1815	Aug. 8, 1846	Tr. to 104.
	PROFESSORS.‡				
104	*Claudius Berard	.....	Aug. 8, 1846	May 6, 1848	Died.
105	*Hyacinth R. Agnel	2d Teacher	May 16, 1848	Feb. 10, 1871	Died.
106	George L. Andrews	.....	Feb. 28, 1871	June 30, 1882	Tr. to 111.
	DEPARTMENT OF SPANISH.				
	PROFESSORS.§				
107	*Patrice de Janon	Sword Master	July 1, 1857	Sep. 16, 1863	Dischar'd.
108	*H. R. Agnel (Acting)	.....	Sep. 16, 1863	July 27, 1864	Relieved.
109	Edward R. Platt (A'g)	Capt. 2d Artillery and Major, U. S. V. (J. Advocate)	July 27, 1864	Mar. 4, 1865	Relieved.
110	*Patrice de Janon	.....	Mar. 4, 1865	June 30, 1882	Retired.
	DEPARTMENT OF MODERN LANGUAGES.				
	PROFESSOR.‖				
111	George L. Andrews	.....	June 30, 1882		
	DEPARTMENT OF DRAWING.				
	TEACHERS.¶				
112	*Francis Deseré Masson	.....	July 12, 1803	Sep. 1, 1808	Resigned.
113	*Christian E. Zoeller	.....	Sep. 1, 1808	April 30, 1810	Resigned.
114	*Christian E. Zoeller	.....	July 1, 1812	Jan. 5, 1819	Resigned.
115	*Thomas Gimbrede	.....	Jan. 5, 1819	Dec. 25, 1832	Died.
116	*Charles R. Leslie	.....	Mar. 2, 1833	April 15, 1834	Resigned.
117	*Robert W. Weir	.....	May 8, 1834	Aug. 8, 1846	Tr. to 118
	PROFESSORS.††				
118	Robert W. Weir	Teacher	Aug. 8, 1846	July 25, 1876	Retired.
119	Charles W. Larned	1st Lieut. 7th Cavalry	July 25, 1876		

† The First Teachership of the "French Language" was created by Law of February 28, 1803.
‡ The Professorship of the "French Language" was created by Law of August 8, 1846.
§ The Professorship of "Spanish" was created by Law of February 16, 1857.
‖ The Professorship of "Modern Languages" was created by Law of June 23, 1879, and by the retirement of the Professor of Spanish, on June 30, 1882, went into effect. This Department embraces the Departments of the French and Spanish languages and English studies.
¶ The "Teachership of Drawing" was created by Law of February 28, 1803.
†† The "Professorship of Drawing" was created by Law of August 8, 1846.

NO.	APPOINTMENT AND NAME.	ARMY RANK WHEN APPOINTED.	TERM OF SERVICE. FROM	TO	REMARKS.
	DEPARTMENT OF CHEMISTRY, MINERALOGY, AND GEOLOGY.				
	PROFESSORS.†				
120	*Jas. Cutbush (Acting)	Post Surgeon	Sep. 1, 1820	Dec. 15, 1823	Died.
121	*J. G. Percival (A'g)	Assistant Surgeon	Mar. 4, 1824	July 6, 1824	Relieved.
122	*John Torrey (Act'g)	Assistant Surgeon	Aug. 25, 1824	June 15, 1827	Relieved.
123	W. F. Hopkins (A'g)	2d Lieut. 4th Artillery	June 15, 1827	Aug. 31, 1835	Relieved.
124	J. W. Bailey (Acting)	2d Lieut. 1st Artillery	Aug. 31, 1835	July 8, 1838	Tr. to 125.
125	Jacob W. Bailey	1st Lieut. 1st Artillery	July 8, 1838	Feb. 26, 1857	Died.
126	Henry L. Kendrick	Capt. 2d Artillery	Mar. 3, 1857	Dec. 13, 1880	Retired.
127	Samuel E. Tillman	1st Lieut. Engineers	Dec. 21, 1880		
	DEPARTMENT OF GEOGRAPHY, HISTORY, AND ETHICS.				
	PROFESSORS.‡				
128	*Rev. A. Empie (A'g)		May 20, 1814	April 30, 1817	Resigned.
129	*Rev. Thomas Picton.		July 23, 1818	Jan. 1, 1825	Resigned.
130	*Rev. C. P. McIlvaine		Jan. 28, 1825	Dec. 31, 1827	Resigned.
131	*Rev. Thomas Warner		Jan. 1, 1828	Sep. 1, 1838	Resigned.
132	*Rev. Jasper Adams		Sep. 1, 1838	Nov. 15, 1840	Resigned.
133	Rev. M. P. Parks		Dec. 5, 1840	Dec. 31, 1846	Resigned.
134	*Rev. Wm. T. Sprole.		Mar. 2, 1847	Aug. 16, 1856	Supers'd.
135	*John W. French		Aug. 16, 1856	July 8, 1871	Died.
136	*John Forsyth		July 28, 1871	Dec. 12, 1881	Retired.
137	*Wm. M. Postlethwaite		Dec. 21, 1881		
	DEPARTMENT OF ORDNANCE AND GUNNERY.				
	INSTRUCTORS.				
138	James G. Benton	Captain of Ordnance	Feb. 27, 1857	April 26, 1861	Relieved.
139	Stephen V. Benèt	1st Lieut. of Ordnance	April 26, 1861	Feb. 1, 1864	Relieved.
140	Thomas J. Treadwell.	Captain of Ordnance	Feb. 11, 1864	Sep. 13, 1864	Relieved.
141	George T. Balch	Captain of Ordnance	Sep. 22, 1864	July 12, 1865	Relieved.
142	Alfred Mordecai	Captain of Ordnance	July 12, 1865	Aug. 2, 1869	Relieved.
143	Theo. Edson	Major of Ordnance	Aug. 2, 1869	Nov. 17, 1870	Died.
144	Thomas C. Bradford	Captain of Ordnance	Jan. 1, 1871	Jan. 12, 1872	Died.
145	Stephen C. Lyford	Captain of Ordnance	Jan. 30, 1872	June 28, 1872	Relieved.
146	John R. McGinness	Captain of Ordnance	July 25, 1872	Aug. 30, 1874	Relieved.
147	Alfred Mordecai	Captain of Ordnance	Aug. 30, 1874	Aug. 28, 1881	Relieved.
148	Clifton Comly	Major of Ordnance	Aug. 28, 1881	Aug. 28, 1886	Relieved.
149	Henry Metcalfe	Captain of Ordnance	Aug. 28, 1886		

† The Professorship of "Chemistry, Mineralogy, and Geology" was created by Law of July 5, 1838.
‡ The Professorship of "Geography, History, and Ethics," was created by Law of April 14, 1818; the "Chaplain to be Professor."

SERVICES AND PROMOTIONS

OF THE

OFFICERS

OF THE

UNITED STATES MILITARY ACADEMY.

☞ The services and promotions of the Officers of the Military Academy, who were Graduates of the Institution, will be found recorded with their respective Classes.

SUPERINTENDENT.

3...(Born Mas.)....**JONATHAN WILLIAMS**.....(Ap'd Pa.)

Civil History. — Born, May 20, 1750, at Boston, Mas. During the Revolutionary War he resided in Europe, being the Private Secretary to his relative, Dr. Franklin, on his Mission to France, and acted part of the time as a Commercial Agent for the United States. From 1790 to 1801, he lived in Philadelphia, Pa.

Military History. — Appointed in the Army with the rank of

MAJOR, 2D REGIMENT OF ARTILLERISTS AND ENGINEERS, FEB. 16, 1801.

Served: as Inspector of Fortifications, from Dec. 14, 1801, when appointed, till the Peace Establishment of 1802, in which he was retained, Apr. 1, as

MAJOR, CORPS OF ENGINEERS, TO RANK FROM FEB. 16, 1801.

As "Principal Engineer," he at once assumed the Superintendency of

(LIEUT.-COLONEL, CORPS OF ENGINEERS, JULY 8, 1802)

the Military Academy, which position he held till June 20, 1803, having immediate charge, at the same time, of the construction of the interior defenses of New York harbor.

RESIGNED, JUNE 20, 1803.

Having tendered his resignation on a point of command, he, on the solicitation of President Jefferson, accepted the re-appointment of

CHIEF ENGINEER, TO RANK AS LIEUT.-COLONEL, APRIL 19, 1805,

resuming at the same time his position of Superintendent of the Military Academy and charge of the construction of the defenses of the inner

(COLONEL — CHIEF ENGINEER — FEB. 23, 1808)

harbor of New York, which duties he continued to perform with distinguished ability till July 31, 1812, when, in consequence of the Secretary of War refusing him the command of Castle Williams in the War with

Great Britain, then commencing, a position to which he felt entitled, having built the work and being the senior officer present, he again

RESIGNED, JULY 31, 1812.

Civil History. — After his resignation, he resided in Philadelphia, devoting himself to literary and scientific pursuits, and was elected to Congress in 1814. He was the author of several military and philosophical papers, and for many years the Corresponding Secretary and a very efficient working member of the American Philosophical Society of Philadelphia, Pa.

DIED, MAY 16, 1815, AT PHILADELPHIA, PA. : AGED 65.

24....(Born N. H.).....**JOHN BLISS**.....(Ap'd N. H.)

Military History. — Appointed in the Army with the rank of

FIRST LIEUT., 11TH INFANTRY, MAR. 12, 1812.

Served : in the War of 1812–15 with Great Britain, on the Northern

(CAPTAIN 11TH INFANTRY, MAY 13, 1813: 6TH INFANTRY, MAY 17, 1815)

frontier, being wounded in the Battle of Niagara, July 25, 1814 ; in command of company at Plattsburg, N. Y., 1815–18, — Rouse's Point, N. Y., 1818, — and Plattsburg, N. Y., 1818 ; at the Military Academy, as Commandant of Cadets and Instructor of Infantry Tactics, Apr. 2, 1818, to Jan. 11, 1819 ; on frontier duty at Bellefontaine, Mo., 1819, — Missouri River, 1819–20, — and Council Bluffs, Io., 1820–21 ; on leave of

(TRANSFERRED TO 5TH INFANTRY, 1821, AND TO 3D INFANTRY, 1822)

absence, 1821–22 ; on frontier duty at Ft. Howard, Wis., 1822–25 ; on

(BVT. MAJOR, MAY 13, 1823, FOR FAITHFUL SERVICE TEN YEARS IN ONE GRADE)

Recruiting service, 1825–26 ; on frontier duty at Ft. Winnebago, Wis., 1826, — Jefferson Barracks, Mo., 1826–27, — and at Ft. Leavenworth, Kan., 1827–29 ; on leave of absence, 1829–30 ; on frontier duty at Des Moines, Io., 1830, — and at Ft. Armstrong, Ill., 1830–32 ; in the Black

(MAJOR, 1ST INFANTRY, JULY 15, 1831)

Hawk War, being engaged in command of a regiment in the Battle of the Bad Axe, Aug. 2, 1832 ; on leave of absence, 1832–33 ; on frontier

(LIEUT.-COLONEL, 6TH INFANTRY, OCT. 30, 1836)

duty at Ft. Snelling, Min., 1833–36 ; and in garrison at Newport Barracks, Ky., 1836–37.

RESIGNED, SEP. 6, 1837.

Civil History. — Unknown.

26....(Born N. Y.)....**WILLIAM J. WORTH**.....(Ap'd N. Y.)

Military History. — Appointed in the Army with the rank of

FIRST LIEUT., 23D INFANTRY, MAR. 19, 1813.

Served : in the War of 1812–15 with Great Britain, as Aide-de-Camp to Major-General Lewis, 1813, and to Brig.-General Scott, 1814, in the Cam-

(BVT. CAPTAIN, JULY 5, 1814, FOR GALLANT AND DISTINGUISHED CONDUCT IN THE BATTLE OF CHIPPEWA)

paign on the Northern frontier, being severely wounded in the Battle of

(BVT. MAJOR, JULY 25, 1814, FOR GALLANTRY AND GOOD CONDUCT IN THE BATTLE OF NIAGARA)

Niagara, July 25, 1814 ; in garrison at Sackett's Harbor, N. Y., 1815–17,

(CAPTAIN, 23D INFANTRY, AUG. 19, 1814: 2D INFANTRY, MAY 17, 1815)

— Greenbush, N. Y., 1817–19, — Plattsburg, N. Y., 1819, — and Sackett's Harbor, N. Y., 1819–20 ; as Superintendent of Recruiting service, 1820 ; at the Military Academy, as Commandant of Cadets and Instructor of Infantry Tactics, Mar. 17, 1820, to Dec. 2, 1828 ; in garri-

(TRANSFERRED, MAY 17, 1821, TO 1ST ARTILLERY, IN RE-ORGANIZATION OF ARMY)

son at Ft. Monroe, Va., 1829 ; as Member of the Board of Visitors to the Military Academy, 1829 ; on leave of absence, 1829 ; in garrison at Ft. Monroe, Va., 1829–32; in command of Ft. Monroe Arsenal, Va., 1832, —

(MAJOR, ORDNANCE CORPS, MAY 30, 1832)

Frankfort Arsenal, Pa., 1832–35, — and of Watervliet Arsenal, 1835–38 ; in command of 8th Infantry, July–Oct., 1838, and of Northern Department, Oct., 1838–Dec., 1839, during Canada Border Disturbances ; in the

(COLONEL, 8TH INFANTRY, JULY 7, 1838)

Florida War against the Seminole Indians, 1840–42, commanding District of Tampa, Jan.–May, 1841, and the Army in Florida, May, 1841, to Aug., 1842, being engaged in the Attack on Halleck Tustenuggee's Band at Pilaklikaha, Apr. 19, 1842 ; in command of the Department of Florida,

(BVT. BRIG.-GENERAL, U. S. ARMY, MAR. 1, 1842, FOR GALLANTRY AND HIGHLY DISTINGUISHED SERVICES AS COMMANDER OF THE FORCES IN THE WAR AGAINST THE FLORIDA INDIANS)

1842–46 ; in command of brigade, 1846–47, and division, 1847–48, in the War with Mexico, being engaged in the Battle of Monterey,* Sep. 21–23,

(BVT. MAJ.-GENERAL, U. S. ARMY, SEP. 23, 1846, FOR GALLANT AND MERITORIOUS CONDUCT IN THE SEVERAL CONFLICTS AT MONTEREY, MEX.)

1846, — Siege of Vera Cruz, Mar. 9–29, 1847, — Battle of Cerro Gordo, Apr. 17–18, 1847, — Capture of San Antonio, Aug. 20, 1847, — Battle of Churubusco, Aug. 20, 1847, — Battle of Molino del Rey, Sep. 8, 1847, — Battle of Chapultepec, Sep. 13, 1847, — and Assault and Capture of the City of Mexico, Sep. 13–14, 1847 ; and in command of the Department of Texas and New Mexico, Nov. 7, 1848, to May 7, 1849.

DIED, MAY 7, 1849, AT SAN ANTONIO, TEX.: AGED 55.

* Presented by Congress, May 2, 1847, with a Sword of Honor, "In testimony of the high sense entertained by Congress of his gallantry and good conduct in Storming Monterey." He was also presented with a Sword by the State of New York, in 1848, — by his native county, Columbia, in 1842, — and by the State of Louisiana in 1848; and the City of New York has erected a Monument to his memory, at the junction of Broadway and Fifth Avenue, facing Madison Square.

28.....(Born Mas.).....**JOHN FOWLE**.....(Ap'd Mas.)

Military History. — Appointed in the Army with the rank of

SECOND LIEUT., 9TH INFANTRY, APR. 9, 1812.

REGIMENTAL PAYMASTER, JULY 3, 1812.

Served : in the War of 1812–15 with Great Britain, in the Campaigns

(FIRST LIEUT., 9TH INFANTRY, APR. 16, 1813)

on the Northern frontier, being wounded in the Battle of Niagara, July

(CAPTAIN, 9TH INFANTRY, JUNE 10, 1814 : 5TH INFANTRY, MAY 17, 1815)

25, 1814 ; on frontier duty at Detroit, Mich., 1815–18, — Ft. Gratiot, Mich., 1818–19, — Green Bay, Wis., 1819, — and Ft. Crawford, Wis., 1819–22 ; on Recruiting service, 1822–23 ; on frontier duty at Council Bluffs, Io., 1823–24, — and Ft. Edwards, Ill., 1824 ; on leave of absence,

1824–25 ; on Recruiting service, 1825 ; on frontier duty at Ft. Snelling,
(BVT. MAJOR, JUNE 10, 1824, FOR FAITHFUL SERVICE
TEN YEARS IN ONE GRADE)
Min., 1825–26 ; on Recruiting service, 1826 ; on frontier duty at Ft. Snelling, Min., 1826 ; on leave of absence, 1826–27 ; on frontier duty at Ft. Crawford, Wis., 1827–28, — Jefferson Barracks, Mo., 1828, — and Ft. Dearborn, Ill., 1828 ; on leave of absence, 1830–32 ; on frontier duty at Ft. Brady, Mich., 1832–33 ; at the Military Academy, as Commandant
(MAJOR, 3D INFANTRY, MAR. 4, 1833)
of Cadets and Instructor of Infantry Tactics, July 10, 1833, to Mar. 31, 1838 ; and while en route to his post, by the bursting of the boiler of the
(LIEUT.-COLONEL, 6TH INFANTRY, DEC. 25, 1837)
steamer Moselle, on the Ohio River, near Cincinnati, was
KILLED, APR. 25, 1838.

45...(Born S. C.)...**HAMILTON S. HAWKINS**.....(Ap'd N. Y.)
Military History. — Appointed in the Army with the rank of
SECOND LIEUT., 6TH INFANTRY, APR. 26, 1861.
Served : in garrison at Ft. Columbus, N. Y., May 28, 1861, to Jan. 20,
(FIRST LIEUT., 6TH INFANTRY, MAY 14, 1861)
1862 ; on Quartermaster duty (Regimental Quartermaster, Dec. 25, 1861, to Dec., 1862) and in Campaign with the Army of the Potomac to Dec.,
(CAPTAIN, 6TH INFANTRY, SEP. 20, 1863)
1863 ; on Recruiting service to Dec., 1864 ; with regiment in New York harbor to May, 1865, — and in Georgia, South and North Carolina to July 25, 1868 ; on leave of absence to Jan. 16, 1869 ; with regiment in South Carolina to Mar., 1869, — Ft. Gibson, I. T., Apr.–May, 1869, — in the field to Apr. 28, 1870, — en route to and at Little Rock, Ark., to Oct., 1871, — Ft. Hays, Kan., to May, 1872, — Ft. Buford, Dak., to Sep., 1874 (leave of absence to Feb., 1875), — Disbursing duty in the Freedman's Bureau to Oct. 19, 1878 (leave of absence to May 18, 1879), — Ft. Buford, Dak., to June 2, 1879, — Ft. Lincoln, Dak., to June, 1880, — Camp in White River, Col., to Sep., 1880, — Ft. Lyon, Col., to May 13, 1881, — Scouting in Colorado to Sep., 1881, — Ft. Thornburgh, Utah, to
(MAJOR, 10TH INFANTRY, OCT. 31, 1883)
Oct., 1882, — Ft. Douglas, Utah, to Nov. 1, 1883, — Ft. Wayne, Mich., to June 2, 1884, — Ft. Bliss, Tex., to June 28, 1886, — and Ft. Leavenworth, Kan. (Infantry and Cavalry School for Practice), to Jan. 28, 1888 ;
(LIEUT.-COL., 23D INFANTRY, FEB. 17, 1889)
and at the Military Academy as Commandant of Cadets and Instructor of Tactics, Feb. 1, 1888, to

47....(Born Mas.).....**FABIUS WHITING**.....(Ap'd Mas.)
Military History. — Appointed in the Army with the rank of
SECOND LIEUT. OF ARTILLERY, FEB. 10, 1812.
FIRST LIEUT., 1ST ARTILLERY, JUNE 20, 1813.
Served : in the War of 1812–15 with Great Britain, on the Northern frontier, being Aide-de-Camp to Brig.-General Chandler, 1814 ; in garri-
(TRANSFERRED TO CORPS OF ARTILLERY, MAY 17, 1815)
son at Ft. Constitution, N. H., 1815–17 ; on Recruiting service, 1817–18 ; in garrison at Ft. Constitution, N. H., 1818 ; as Battalion Quartermaster of Artillery, May, 1818, to June, 1819 ; as Acting Judge Advocate of the

Northern Division, June to Dec., 1819; at the Military Academy, as

(CAPTAIN, CORPS OF ARTILLERY, SEP. 10, 1819: 1ST ARTILLERY, MAY 17, 1821)

Instructor of Artillery, Aug. 15, 1820, to Aug. 7, 1821; in command of company at Ft. Constitution, N. H., 1821–23, — Ft. McHenry, Md., 1823, — Ft. Constitution, N. H., 1823–27, — Ft. Johnston, N. C., 1827–28, — and Ft. Monroe, Va., 1828–29; on Recruiting service, 1829; in command

(BVT. MAJOR, SEP. 10, 1829, FOR FAITHFUL SERVICE TEN YEARS IN ONE GRADE)

of company at Ft. Monroe, Va., 1829–31, — and Bellona Arsenal, Va., 1831–32; on leave of absence, June to Dec., 1832; in command of company at Bellona Arsenal, Va., 1832–33, — Ft. Monroe, Va., 1834–36, — and Champlain Arsenal, Vt., 1836–38; and on sick leave of absence, 1838–42.

DIED, MAY 16, 1842, AT LANCASTER, MAS.

56....(Born N. Y.)..**ASA BIRD GARDINER.***.....(Ap'd N. Y.)

Military History. — Appointed in the Army with the rank of

SECOND LIEUT., 9TH INFANTRY, JULY 20, 1866.

Served: in garrison at Newport Barracks, Ky., Aug. 28 to Oct. 9, 1866; as Act'g Asst. Adjutant-General and Disbursing Officer at headquarters of General Recruiting Service, New York city, Oct. 11, 1866,

(FIRST LIEUT., 9TH INFANTRY, FEB. 14, 1868)

to June 23, 1869; on sick leave of absence to Sep. 13, 1869; in garrison,

(TRANSFERRED TO 1ST ARTILLERY, APR. 3, 1869)

New York harbor, Sep. 13, 1869 (Court Martial duty, Oct. 14–Nov. 12, 1869, Recorder of Retiring Board, Apr. 14, 1870–Jan. 7, 1871, and Asst. Judge Advocate, Department of the East, Jan. 16–Feb. 4, 1871), to July 5, 1871; as Asst. Judge Advocate of the Department of the East, to Dec. 9, 1872, — and of the Division of the South (Aide-de-Camp to Major-General McDowell, Oct. 4, 1872, to August 19, 1873), to Aug. 23, 1873; as

(MAJOR, STAFF — JUDGE ADVOCATE, AUG. 18, 1873)

Judge Advocate, Department of the South, to July 29, 1874; as Professor of Law at the U. S. Military Academy, July 29, 1874, to Aug. 28, 1878; as Judge Advocate of the Division of the Atlantic and Department of the East, Sep. 9, 1878 (sick leave, Aug. 8–Oct. 5, 1881, and on various detached services, July 25–Aug. 2, 1879, Feb. 19–Mar. 2, 1880), to Mar. 5, 1885; in preparing text-book on Military Law for the use of Cadets of the Military Academy (sick leave of absence, Sep. 3, 1886, to Oct. 21, 1887), to Oct. 26, 1887; and on duty in the office of the Secretary of War engaged in various professional matters, to Nov. 17, 1888.

RETIRED FROM ACTIVE SERVICE, DEC. 8, 1888, FOR DISABILITY IN LINE OF DUTY.

Civil History. — Counselor-at-Law since 1860. Judge of the Provisional Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions at Raleigh, N. C., Jan. 4 to May 8, 1866. Degree of A. M. conferred by College of the City of New York, 1862, by Dartmouth College, N. H., 1864, and by Columbia College, N. Y., 1869; and of LL. D. by New York University, 1875. Author of "Jurisdiction and Powers of the United States and State Courts in reference to Writs of Habeas Corpus as affecting the Army and Navy;" of "Evidence and Practice in Military Courts," and "Practical Forms for use in Courts-Martial and Remarks as to Procedure;" and of numer-

ous miscellaneous articles. Secretary-General of the Society of the Cincinnati since 1884.

* ASA BIRD GARDINER, before entering the U. S. Army, served in the Rebellion as First Lieutenant, 1st Reg. N. Y. Volunteers, May 27 to Aug. 7, 1861, — Captain, 22d Reg. N. Y. State Militia, May 31 to Sep. 5, 1862, and June 18 to July 24, 1863, — and First Lieutenant, U. S. Veteran Reserve Corps, May 29, 1865, to Aug. 13, 1866, being engaged in several campaigns and various conflicts.

57...(Born S. C.)..**GUIDO NORMAN LIEBER**.....(Ap'd N. Y.)

Military History. — Appointed in the Army with the rank of

FIRST LIEUT., 11TH INFANTRY, MAY 14, 1861.

Served : in garrison at Ft. Independence, Mas., July–Oct., 1861, — in Maryland (Regimental Adjutant, Sep. 18 to Oct. 1, 1862) to Mar., 1862, — and in the Virginia Peninsular and Northern Campaigns to Nov. 13, 1862, being engaged in the Battle of Gaines' Mill, Va., June 27, 1862,

(BVT. CAPTAIN, JUNE 27, 1862, "FOR GALLANT AND MERITORIOUS SERVICES IN THE BATTLE OF GAINES' MILL, VA.")

and of Manassas, Va., Aug. 30, 1862, and as Aide-de-Camp to the General-in-Chief, Aug. 23 to Nov. 13, 1862 ; as Judge Advocate, Department of

(MAJOR, STAFF — JUDGE ADVOCATE, U. S. VOLUNTEERS, NOV. 13, 1862)

the Gulf, Dec. 17, 1862 (Act'g Asst. Adjutant-General, Aug. 30, to Dec.,

(CAPTAIN, 11TH INFANTRY, JULY 2, 1863)

1863), to July 2, 1865, being engaged in the Combats of Sabine Cross

(BVT. MAJOR, MAY 28, 1864, "FOR GALLANT AND MERITORIOUS SERVICES IN THE RED RIVER CAMPAIGN")

Roads, La., Apr. 8, and Camden River, La., Apr. 23, 1864, and Battle of Pleasant Hill, La., Apr. 9, 1864 ; as Assistant in the Bureau of Military

(BVT. LIEUT.-COL., MAR. 13, 1865, "FOR GALLANT AND MERITORIOUS SERVICES DURING THE WAR")

Justice, July 13 to Aug. 14, 1865, and in the Office of Rebellion Records to Apr. 25, 1867 ; as Judge Advocate, Fifth Military District, May 21,

(TRANSFERRED TO 29TH INFANTRY, SEP. 21, 1866)

(MAJOR, STAFF — JUDGE ADVOCATE, U. S. ARMY, FEB. 25, 1867)

1867, to Aug., 1868, — of the Department of Dakota to Oct. 5, 1872, — of the Division of the South, Jan. 2 to May 1, 1873, — of the Department of the East to Nov. 1, 1873, — and of the Division of the Atlantic to Aug. 27, 1878 ; as Professor of Law at the U. S. Military Academy, Aug. 28, 1878, to Aug. 28, 1882 ; as Assistant to the Judge Advocate General, Washington, D. C., Sep. 4, 1882, to July 25, 1884 ; and as Acting Judge

(COLONEL, STAFF — ASST. JUDGE ADVOCATE GENERAL, JULY 5, 1884)

Advocate General, July 25, 1884, to

58..(Born Mas.)..**HERBERT PELHAM CURTIS**.*...(Ap'd Mas.)

Military History. — Appointed in the Army with the rank of

MAJOR, STAFF — JUDGE ADVOCATE, FEB. 25, 1867.

Served : in the Bureau of Military Justice, Washington, D. C., Feb. 25, 1867, to May, 1870 ; as Judge Advocate, Department of the Platte, to Nov., 1871, — and Division of the Pacific and Department of California, Dec. 26, 1871, to Nov. 15, 1877 ; as Assistant to the Judge Advocate General, Washington, D. C., Dec. 15, 1877, to Aug. 27, 1882 ; as Professor of Law at the U. S. Military Academy, Aug. 28, 1882, to

Aug. 28, 1886 ; and as Judge Advocate of the Division of the Atlantic
(LIEUT.-COLONEL, STAFF — DEPUTY JUDGE ADVOCATE GENERAL, SEP. 10, 1888)
and Department of the East, Aug. 31, 1886, to

* HERBERT P. CURTIS, before entering the U. S. Army, was an officer of Massachusetts Cavalry Volunteers, Jan. 4, 1862, to June 26, 1865, and Judge Advocate, U. S. Volunteers, to Feb. 25, 1867, being engaged in various conflicts, receiving, Mar. 13, 1865, for his faithful and meritorious services, the brevets of Lieut.-Colonel and Colonel.

59....(Born Ct.)....**WILLIAM WINTHROP.***.....(Ap'd N. Y.)

Military History. — Appointed in the Army with the rank of
MAJOR, STAFF — JUDGE ADVOCATE, FEB. 25, 1867.

Served: in the Bureau of Military Justice, Washington, D. C., Feb. 25, 1867, to Sep., 1882 ; as Judge Advocate of the Division of the Pacific
(LIEUT.-COLONEL, STAFF — DEPUTY JUDGE ADVOCATE GENERAL, JULY 5, 1884)
and Department of California to Aug. 5, 1886 ; and as Professor of Law at the U. S. Military Academy, Aug. 28, 1886, to

* WILLIAM WINTHROP, before entering the U. S. Army, was a Private of N. Y. State Militia, Apr. 17–June 3, 1861, — Lieutenant and Captain, U. S. Sharpshooters, Oct. 1, 1861, to Sep. 16, 1864, — and Judge Advocate of Volunteers, Sep. 19, 1864, to Feb. 25, 1867; and for faithful and meritorious services in the field and in the Bureau of Military Justice, received, Mar. 13, 1865, the brevets of Lieut.-Colonel and Colonel, U. S. Volunteers.

60....(Born Ct.)....**JARED MANSFIELD**.....(Ap'd Ct.)

Civil History. — After his graduation at Yale College, Ct., he became a Teacher of Mathematics, Navigation, and the Classics, at New Haven, Ct., and at Philadelphia, Pa. ; and was an Author of various essays on scientific subjects.

Military History. — Appointed in the Army with the rank of
CAPTAIN, CORPS OF ENGINEERS, MAY 3, 1802.

Served : at the Military Academy, as Acting Professor of Mathematics, May 3, 1802, to Nov. 14, 1803 ; as Surveyor-General of Ohio and the
(MAJOR, CORPS OF ENGINEERS, JUNE 11, 1805)
Northwestern Territory, Nov. 14, 1803, to Oct. 7, 1812.
(LIEUT.-COLONEL, CORPS OF ENGINEERS, FEB. 23, 1808)
RESIGNED, JULY 23, 1810.

Re-appointed in the Military service as
PROFESSOR OF NATURAL AND EXPERIMENTAL PHILOSOPHY, OCT. 7, 1812.

Served at the Military Academy as Professor of Natural and Experimental Philosophy, Oct. 7, 1812, to Aug. 31, 1828.
RESIGNED, AUG. 31, 1828.

Civil History. — After his resignation, being advanced in years, he returned to his home in New Haven, Ct., where he resided till he
DIED, FEB. 3, 1830, AT NEW HAVEN, CT. : AGED 71.

66..(Born Eng.).**WILLIAM AMHERST BARRON**..(Ap'd Mas.)

Military History. — Appointed in the Army with the rank of
FIRST LIEUT., 14TH INFANTRY, JUNE 8, 1799 ; DECLINED.
CAPTAIN, 2D ARTILLERISTS AND ENGINEERS, MAY 6, 1800.

Served : at Atlantic Posts from 1800 to 1802, when the Army was re-
(TRANSFERRED TO CORPS OF ENGINEERS, APR. 1, 1802)
(MAJOR, CORPS OF ENGINEERS, JUNE 11, 1805)
organized ; and at the Military Academy, as Acting Professor of Mathematics, July 6, 1802, to Feb. 14, 1807.

RESIGNED, JUNE 15, 1807.

Re-appointed in the Army with the rank of

CAPT., STAFF — ASST. DEP. QUARTERMASTER-GEN., APR. 2, 1813.

Served 1813–15, during the War with Great Britain, chiefly at New York.

DISBANDED, JUNE 15, 1815.

Re-appointed in the Army with the rank of

CAPT., STAFF — ASST. DEP. QUARTERMASTER-GEN., APR. 18, 1818.

Served on Quartermaster duty, 1818 to 1821.

DISBANDED, JUNE 1, 1821.

Civil History. — Unknown.

DIED, 18—.

68..(Born Switz'd)..**FERDINAND R. HASSLER**.....(Ap'd Pa.)

Civil History. — Having received an excellent education, and being a man of high scientific attainments, he was employed by the government of his native land on the Trigonometrical Survey of Switzerland. Subsequently he emigrated to the United States.

Military History. — Appointed in the Military service as

ACTING PROFESSOR OF MATHEMATICS, FEB. 14, 1807.

Served at the Military Academy, as Acting Professor of Mathematics, Feb. 14, 1807, to Dec. 31, 1809.

RESIGNED, FEB. 14, 1810.

Civil History. — He was selected by President Jefferson to direct the United States Coast Survey, but owing to our threatening relations with Great Britain, nothing was done till 1811, when Prof. Hassler went to Europe (Sep. 4, 1811) to procure the necessary instruments and standards of measure for commencing the work, but he was detained in England as an alien enemy till 1815. Upon his return he was formally appointed Superintendent of the Coast Survey, but did not commence his first labors in the field till 1817. The next year the Survey was effectively discontinued, and not resumed till 1832, from which time Prof. Hassler directed this great work till he

DIED, NOV. 20, 1843, AT PHILADELPHIA, PA.: AGED : 74.

70....(Born Pa.)....**ANDREW ELLICOTT**.....(Ap'd Pa.)

Civil History. — Being scientifically educated, he was employed in surveying and planning the city of Washington, and, from 1796 to 1801, as Commissioner on behalf of the United States for determining the Boundary between the United States and the Spanish possessions in North America, his Journal of which was published in 1803. He was also a frequent contributor of mathematical and other scientific papers to the American Philosophical Society of Philadelphia, Pa.

Military History. — Appointed in the Military service as

PROFESSOR OF MATHEMATICS, SEP. 1, 1813.

Served at the Military Academy as Professor of Mathematics, Sep. 1, 1813, to Aug. 29, 1820.

DIED, AUG. 29, 1820, AT WEST POINT, N. Y. : AGED 67.

76....(Born France)....**CLAUDE CROZET**.....(Ap'd N. Y.)

Military History. — He was educated at the celebrated Polytechnic School of Paris, and served as an Artillery officer, under Napoleon. After emigrating to this country he was appointed in the service of the United States as

ASST. PROFESSOR OF ENGINEERING, OCT. 1, 1816.

Served at the Military Academy, 1816–23, as Asst. Professor of Engineering, Oct. 1, 1816, to Mar. 6, 1817, and as Professor of Engineer-

(PROFESSOR OF ENGINEERING, MAR. 6, 1817)

ing, Mar. 6, 1817, to Apr. 28, 1823. In giving instruction to his pupils he made much use of the *blackboard*, taught Descriptive Geometry as a necessary preliminary to the proper study of Engineering, and greatly improved and developed the course of military science intrusted to his charge.

RESIGNED, APR. 28, 1823.

Civil History. — After his resignation he became a successful Civil Engineer in Virginia ; and was a member of the Board "to Revise the Programme of Instruction at the Military Academy," Jan. 12 to Apr. 24, 1860.

DIED, 1863, AT VA.

77...(Born N. J.)...**DAVID B. DOUGLASS**.....(Ap'd N. Y.)

Military History. — Appointed in the Army with the rank of

SECOND LIEUT., CORPS OF ENGINEERS, OCT. 1, 1813.

Served : at West Point, N. Y., 1813–14 ; in the War of 1812–15 with Great Britain, on the Northern frontier, in command of the Company of Bombardiers, Sappers, and Miners, being engaged on Reconnoissance of Ft. George, U. C., July 21, 1814, — in the Battle of Niagara, U. C., July 25, 1814, — and Defense of Fort Erie, U. C., Aug. 3–Sep. 17, 1814, par-

(FIRST LIEUT., CORPS OF ENGINEERS, SEP. 17, 1814, TO AUG. 25, 1820)

ticipating in the repulse of the Assault upon the work, Aug. 15, and the Sortie from it, Sep. 17, 1814, upon the enemy's siege works ; and at the

(BVT. CAPTAIN, SEP. 17, 1814, FOR DISTINGUISHED AND MERITORIOUS SERVICES IN THE DEFENSE OF FT. ERIE, U. C.)

Military Academy, 1815–31,* as Principal Assistant Professor of Natural

(CAPTAIN, CORPS OF ENGINEERS, MAR. 31, 1819, TO AUG. 29, 1820)

(PROFESSOR OF MATHEMATICS, AUG. 29, 1820)

and Experimental Philosophy, Jan. 1, 1815, to Aug. 29, 1820, — Professor of Mathematics, Aug. 29, 1820, to May 1, 1823, — and Professor of Engi-

(PROFESSOR OF ENGINEERING, MAY 1, 1823)

neering May 1, 1823, to Mar. 1, 1831.

RESIGNED, MAR. 1, 1831.

Civil History. — Chief Engineer of the Morris Canal Company, N. J., 1830–32. Professor, in the University of the City of New York, of Natural Philosophy and Civil Engineering, 1832–33, — of Civil Engineering, 1833–39, — and of Civil Engineering and Architecture, 1839–40. Chief Engineer, 1833–36, of the Croton Water Works, of which he made the

original surveys, plans, and estimates, and demonstrated the practicability of procuring an adequate supply of water for the city of New York from the Croton River. Chief Engineer, 1837–40, of Greenwood Cemetery, Long Island, N. Y., which he designed and laid out. President of Kenyon College, at Gambier, O., 1840–44. Chief Engineer to lay out the Albany Cemetery, N. Y., 1845–46, — to develop the landscape features of Staten Island, 1847, — and to lay out the Protestant Cemetery, at Quebec, Can., 1848. Professor of Mathematics and Natural Philosophy in Hobart College, Geneva, N. Y., 1848–49, — Author of various Professional Papers, and of Lectures on the Niagara Campaign of 1814. Degree of LL. D. conferred by

DIED, OCT. 21, 1849, AT GENEVA, N. Y.: AGED 60.

* While on leave of absence from the Military Academy, during the summer vacation of 1819, he was the Astronomical Surveyor of the Commission for determining the U. S. Boundary from Niagara to Detroit, and the following summer he accompanied Gov. Cass, in a similar capacity, to the Northwest. His professional reputation caused him to be employed, during the summer vacations of 1826–30, as Consulting Engineer of the State of Pennsylvania, being himself charged with the survey of several of the more difficult parts of the State system of public works.

101. (Born France). **FRANCIS DESERÉ MASSON**. . (Ap'd N. J.)

Military History. — Appointed in the Military service as

FIRST TEACHER OF FRENCH, JULY 12, 1803.

Served: at the Military Academy as First Teacher of French, July 12, 1803, to Apr. 15, 1810, and of Drawing, July 12, 1803, to Sep. 1, 1808; and on leave of absence in Europe, Apr. 15, 1810, to Mar. 31, 1812.

RESIGNED, MAR. 31, 1812.

Civil History. — Unknown.

DIED, 18—.

102. . (Born France). . **FLORIMOND MASSON**. . . . . (Ap'd N. J.)

Military History. — Appointed in the Military service as

TEACHER OF FRENCH, APR. 15, 1810.

Served at the Military Academy as Teacher of French, Apr. 15, 1810, to Mar. 31, 1812 (substitute for his brother, absent in Europe), and First Teacher, Aug. 11, 1812, to Jan. 3, 1815.

RESIGNED, JAN. 3, 1815.

Civil History. — Unknown.

DIED, 18—.

103. . (Born France). . **CLAUDIUS BERARD**. . . . . (Ap'd Pa.)

Military History. — Appointed in the Military service as

FIRST TEACHER OF FRENCH, JAN. 3, 1815.

Served at the Military Academy, from Jan. 3, 1815, till May 6, 1848.

PROFESSOR OF FRENCH, AUG. 8, 1846.

DIED, MAY 6, 1848, AT WEST POINT, N. Y.: AGED 62.

BIOGRAPHICAL SKETCH.

PROFESSOR CLAUDIUS BERARD was born, April 12, 1785, at Bordeaux, France, where he received an excellent classical education. Scholarly in his tastes, even the stirring events of the French Revolution seem not to have awakened in him any desire for military glory. When drafted for Napoleon's army, Berard's father hired a substitute who, in 1807, was

killed, whereupon young Berard emigrated to the United States. After a short residence in New York city and about two years on Long Island, he removed to Lancaster, Pa. In 1812, he was appointed Professor of Latin and Greek in Dickinson College, Carlisle, Pa., where he remained till appointed, Jan. 3, 1815, First Teacher of French, in the U. S. Military Academy, and, subsequently, Aug. 8, 1846, as the Professor of French. For more than thirty-three years he faithfully and satisfactorily performed the duties of his office, and those of Librarian of the Academy, till death, May 6, 1848, terminated his career of usefulness.

As a Teacher, Berard displayed invincible patience, and no degree of dullness in a pupil would disturb or discourage him. His most marked characteristics were his moderation, unobtrusiveness, and self-abnegation. In his daily intercourse he ever showed kindly consideration for others' feelings and opinions. Without affectation or pretense, he was always the kind and courteous Frenchman.

105. . (Born N. Y.) . . **HYACINTH R. AGNEL**. . . . . (Ap'd N. Y.)

Civil History. — He was born in New York of French parentage. In 1821 he went to South America to acquire the Spanish language, and entered the military service, in which he was wounded. From 1825 to 1833 he resided in Paris, and, upon his return to America, became a teacher in the Union Hill Academy, Westchester County, N. Y.

Military History. — Appointed in the Military service as

SECOND TEACHER OF FRENCH, FEB. 4, 1840.

Served at the Military Academy as Second Teacher of French, Feb. 4, 1840, to May 16, 1848, — as Professor of French, May 16, 1848, to

(PROFESSOR OF FRENCH, MAY 16, 1848)

Feb. 10, 1871, — and as Acting Professor of Spanish, Sep. 16, 1863, to July 27, 1864.

DIED, FEB. 10, 1871, AT WEST POINT, N. Y.

107. . (Born S. Amer.) . . **PATRICE de JANON**. . . . . (Ap'd N. Y.)

Military History. — Appointed in the Military service as

SWORD MASTER, JAN. 6, 1846.

Served at the Military Academy as Sword Master, Jan. 6, 1846, to

(PROFESSOR OF SPANISH, JULY 1, 1857)

July 1, 1857, — and as Professor of the Spanish Language, July 1, 1857, to Sep. 16, 1863.

DISCHARGED, SEP. 16, 1863.

Reinstated in the Military service as

PROFESSOR OF SPANISH, FEB. 28, 1865.

Served at the Military Academy as Professor of the Spanish Language, Mar. 4, 1865, to June 30, 1882.

RETIRED FROM ACTIVE SERVICE, JUNE 30, 1882, HE BEING 64 YEARS OF AGE.

113. . (Born Switz'd) . . **CHRISTIAN E. ZOELLER**. . . . . (Ap'd N. J.)

Military History. — Appointed in the Military service as

TEACHER OF DRAWING, SEP. 1, 1808.

Served at the Military Academy as Teacher of Drawing, Sep. 1, 1808, to April 30, 1810.

RESIGNED, APR. 30, 1810.

Re-appointed in the Military service as

TEACHER OF DRAWING, JULY 1, 1812.

Served at the Military Academy as Teacher of Drawing, July 1, 1812, to Jan. 5, 1819.

RESIGNED, JAN. 5, 1819.

Civil History. — Unknown.

115. . (Born France) . . **THOMAS GIMBREDE** . . . . . (Ap'd N. Y.)

Civil History. — After emigrating from France to the United States, he became a Miniature Painter and Engraver.

Military History. — Appointed in the Military service as

TEACHER OF DRAWING, JAN. 5, 1819.

Served at the Military Academy as Teacher of Drawing, Jan. 5, 1819, to Dec. 25, 1832.

DIED, DEC. 25, 1832, AT WEST POINT, N. Y.: AGED 51.

116. . (Born Eng.) . . . . **CHARLES R. LESLIE** . . . . . (Ap'd Eng.)

Civil History. — Born in London, Oct. 19, 1794, while his American parents were on a visit to England. After the usual term of school education in Philadelphia, he was apprenticed to a bookseller, but having a strong predilection for painting, he went to England in 1813 to study under the auspices of West and Allston, and soon became a pupil worthy of such masters.

Military History. — Appointed in the Military service as

TEACHER OF DRAWING, MAR. 2, 1833.

Served at the Military Academy as Teacher of Drawing, Mar. 2, 1833, to Apr. 15, 1834.

RESIGNED, APR. 15, 1834.

Civil History. — After his resignation he went back to England, where he ranked among the most distinguished artists, particularly in the delineation of humorous subjects.

DIED, MAY 5, 1859, AT LONDON, ENG.: AGED 65.

117. . . (Born N. Y.) . . . **ROBERT W. WEIR** . . . . . (Ap'd N. Y.)

Military History. — Appointed in the Military service as

TEACHER OF DRAWING, May 8, 1834.

Served at the Military Academy as Teacher of Drawing, May 8,

(PROFESSOR OF DRAWING, AUG. 8, 1846)

1834, to Aug. 8, 1846, — and as Professor of Drawing, Aug. 8, 1846, to July 25, 1876.

RETIRED FROM ACTIVE SERVICE, JULY 25, 1876, HE BEING OVER 62 YEARS OF AGE.

DIED, MAY 1, 1889, AT NEW YORK CITY: AGED 86.

BIOGRAPHICAL SKETCH.

PROFESSOR ROBERT W. WEIR, one of the most eminent American artists, was born, June 18, 1803, at New Rochelle, N. Y., where he passed his school-boy days amid less of the lights than the shadows of youth. At the age of sixteen, his father having failed in business, the son entered a mercantile establishment, but with little taste for day-books and ledgers

other than to use their leaves for sketching. He finally lost his situation for caricaturing one of the heads of the house.

Weir, feeling the talent within him, now decided to devote his life to the study and practice of art. His first picture, — "Paul preaching at Athens," — painted in his nineteenth year under many difficulties, proved so successful that it encouraged him to pursue his chosen profession with redoubled ardor. The better to fit himself for the delineation of human figures, he now entered upon a course of anatomical and other professional studies.

Through the kind aid of friends, Weir, in 1824, visited Italy, where, with high aspiration and glowing enthusiasm, he devoted four years to the study of Michael Angelo, Raphael, Titian, and other great masters of the land of art. Though much absorbed in the contemplation of their immortal works, he found time to produce several original pictures of remarkable merit, such as "Christ and Nicodemus" and "The Angel releasing Peter." From early morning till daylight waned, the young artist was to be found in his own atelier, the French Academy, the Vatican or Sistine Chapel, and oft on moonlight nights, deep in thought,

> "stood within the Coliseum's wall
> 'Midst the chief relics of almighty Rome."

Upon Weir's return to America, in 1828, with the *spolia opima* of his four years' collections of prints, etchings, and curious antiques, he took up his residence in New York city, where he pursued his profession with rapidly growing reputation, his paintings being the leading works of the exhibitions. Soon he was elected an Associate, and, in 1829, a Member of the National Academy, in which, the following year, he became Professor of Perspective, — "a grand title," said he "full of honor, of course, but not in the least remunerative."

So high became Weir's professional reputation, that he was selected, May 8, 1834, by President Jackson, from among many noted artists, to succeed the Royal Academician, Charles R. Leslie, for the head of the Department of Drawing at the U. S. Military Academy. This was a most fortunate choice, for Weir's methodical habits, devotion to duty, elevated character, dignified bearing, and eminent professional reputation, soon established him in the hearts of officers and cadets, who regarded him with the greatest pride and sincerest affection.

His labors as an instructor being light, Weir had ample time to pursue his favorite studies, and with his prolific pencil to produce many gems of art, chief among them the "Embarkation of the Pilgrims," painted by order of Congress as one of the series for the Rotunda of the Capitol, illustrative of the great events in the Nation's history. His preparatory studies for doing justice to the delineation of that Pilgrim band, leaving their homes to abide in an unknown wilderness where to enjoy liberty of conscience, deeply impressed Weir and intensified in his mind the solemn truths of religion. Having lost two children in infancy, Weir now resolved, with the $10,000 received for his great picture, to build the "Church of the Holy Innocents," near West Point, partly as a memorial of these lost ones, but more significantly "To the Honor and Glory of God," according to the inscription over its entrance porch. Now it has become the fitting monument for the great and pious artist himself, who lies buried beneath its chancel window.

Weir, from boyhood till the last hours of a long life, gave his best powers mainly to sacred and historic art, but this is not the place to enumerate his works or descant upon their conspicuous merits. It is his connection with the Military Academy we have particularly to note. When he became the head of his department, drawing was confined to copying crayon, pencil, and topographical sketches. These limitations

Weir at once enlarged to the delineations of architecture, landscape, and genre water-color painting and drawing from statues and other models. Many of his pupils attained much skill in the graphic art, and a few subsequently became distinguished painters. As an officer of the Academy he was greatly esteemed for his sweetness of temper, goodness of nature, simplicity of character, modesty of deportment, forbearance under trial, conspicuous benevolence, and religious sentiment. But these amiable qualities did not weaken his stronger characteristics, his high sense of duty, and adherence to his fixed principles. Rarely was to be seen such an harmonious blending of gentle virtues and masculine qualities. By his noble presence, urbanity of manner, magnetic smile, and cordial greeting, he won our affections, but the greater beauty of his refined mind and poetic soul led us captive. Even when age had furrowed his brow, no wrinkles were to be found upon his true and loyal heart. To the end of his days he was the same generous, self-sacrificing spirit, ever considering the happiness of others, and imparting an atmosphere of love and the beauty of holiness to all around. Rarely could be found —

> "A sweeter and a lovelier gentleman,
> Framed in the prodigality of nature."

120.... (Born Pa.)..... **JAMES CUTBUSH**..... (Ap'd Pa.)

Military History. — Appointed in the Army with the rank of

ASST. APOTHECARY-GENERAL, AUG. 12, 1814.

Served: at Philadelphia, Pa., and attached to the Northern Division of the Army, Aug. 12, 1814, to May 16, 1820; as Chief Medical Officer at

(POST SURGEON, MAY 16, 1820)

the Military Academy and of the Post of West Point, June 22, 1820, to

(ASST. SURGEON IN THE RE-ORGANIZATION OF THE ARMY OF 1821, TO RANK FROM MAY 16, 1820)

Nov. 18, 1821; and as Acting Professor of Chemistry and Mineralogy, at the Military Academy, Sep. 1, 1820, to Dec. 15, 1823.

DIED, DEC. 15, 1823, AT WEST POINT, N. Y.

121....(Born Ct.)...**JAMES G. PERCIVAL**..... (Ap'd Ct.)

Civil History. — After he was graduated at Yale College in 1815, he commenced the study of medicine and botany.

Military History. — Appointed in the Army with the rank of

ASSISTANT SURGEON, MAR. 4, 1824.

Served: at the Military Academy, as Acting Professor of Chemistry and Mineralogy, Mar. 4 to July 6, 1824; and on leave of absence, July 6 to Aug. 1, 1824.

RESIGNED, AUG. 1, 1824.

Civil History. — After resigning from the Army, he devoted himself to literature, becoming quite a distinguished poet. He also pursued the study of Natural History, and was engaged on several important geological and mineralogical explorations. While making a survey of the lead-mining region in Wisconsin, he

DIED, MAY 2, 1857, AT HAZEL GROVE, WIS.: AGED 63.

122....(Born N. Y.)....**JOHN TORREY**..... (Ap'd N. Y.)

Civil History. — He was educated for a physician at the College of Physicians and Surgeons, New York city, where he was graduated in

1818; but he devoted himself mainly to Botany and Chemistry, in both of which he became eminent.

Military History. — Appointed in the Army with the rank of

ASSISTANT SURGEON, AUG. 5, 1824.

Served: at the Military Academy as Acting Professor of Chemistry, Mineralogy, and Geology, Aug. 25, 1824, to June 15, 1827; and on leave of absence, June 15, 1827, to Aug. 31, 1828.

RESIGNED, AUG. 31, 1828.

Civil History. — Professor of Chemistry and Botany in the College of Physicians and Surgeons in New York city, 1827–55, and Professor Emeritus, 1855–73, — of Chemistry at Princeton College, N. J., 1828–54, — and of Chemistry, Mineralogy, and Botany in the University of the City of New York, 1832–33. Geological Surveyor of the State of New York, 1837–44. Professor Emeritus and Trustee of Columbia College, New York city, 1856–73. Foreign Member of the Physiological Society of Lund, Sweden, 1823, — of the Wernerian Society of Edinburgh, Scotland, 1823, — and of the Linnæan Society of London, England, 1839. President of the Lyceum of Natural History, New York city, 1825–30; Member of various scientific associations in the United States, 1825–67; and Corporator of the National Academy of Sciences, 1863–73. Author of the "Flora of the Northern and Middle States," 1824, — of Reports of various Western Explorations, 1826–30, — of "North American Cyperaceæ," 1836, — of "Flora of North America" (jointly with Dr. Gray), 1838–43, — of the "Flora of the State of New York," 1849, — and of numerous papers in the "Smithsonian Contributions," "American Lyceum," "Silliman's Journal," and other periodicals, 1823–67. Degree of A. M. conferred by Yale College, Ct., 1825, — and of LL. D. by Amherst College, Mas., 1845. U. S. Assayer in the New York Assay Office, 1853–73.

DIED, MAR. 10, 1873, AT NEW YORK CITY: AGED 75.

BIOGRAPHICAL SKETCH.

DOCTOR JOHN TORREY, LL. D., was born August 15, 1796, in the city of New York. He was of Puritan descent. His father, when a lad of seventeen, fled to Montreal upon the enforcement of the Boston Port Bill; ran away from Canada to join the Continental Army in which he became an Ensign; was in the retreat to White Plains, and served with honor to the close of the Revolution; and, as a Captain, was among those who entered New York upon its evacuation by the British forces.

Of the early years of the son — the subject of this sketch — little is known, except that young Torrey received a very good rudimentary education in the public schools of his native city, with one year's instruction at Boston.

When a mere boy, upon a ramble to the upper part of Manhattan Island, then an untilled waste, he chanced to meet two young men bearing some large parcels of wild flowers, one of whom proved to be the later celebrated botanist, Major Le Conte, from whose fragrant bundle probably then dropped that first prolific germ from which sprang the greater naturalist.

While still a youth, Torrey attracted the attention of Amos Eaton, in his day the eminent instructor of popular science, who taught his neophyte the elements of Botany, and stimulated that growing love for natural science which branched also into the study of Chemistry, Entomology, Mineralogy, Geology, and even Medicine.

In 1815, Torrey decided to make this last his profession, and three

years later entered upon its practice. At the same time, as was the custom of that day among physicians, he made his own pharmaceutical compounds, which initiated his after skill in chemical analysis. Before his graduation, though busy with his medical studies, he found time to attend the botanical lectures of the celebrated Dr. Hosack, and, in 1817, to report to the Lyceum of Natural History (of which he was one of the founders, an active member, and subsequent president) his Catalogue of the Plants growing spontaneously in the fields of Manhattan, where since have sprung up the massive edifices of the great city of New York. Soon after he contributed other important papers to the Annals of the Lyceum; was in correspondence with Kurt Sprengel, Sir James Edward Smith, Elliott, Nuttall, Schweinitz, and other distinguished botanists; and probably had among young scientists more patients than among those suffering from bodily maladies.

Soon after receiving his degree of M. D. he was offered the position of botanist to Major Long's expedition to the Rocky Mountains, but other ties kept him at home, where he was not idle professionally, nor as a contributor to scientific journals.

In 1824, an eventful year to the young doctor, he published "A Flora of the Northern and Middle States," a work remarkable for its minute and elaborate descriptions; was married to Miss Eliza Robinson Shaw; received the appointment of Assistant Surgeon in the Army to become the Acting Professor of Chemistry, Mineralogy, and Geology at the Military Academy; and after four years resigned, August 31, 1828, from the military service, having practically established a new branch of instruction at West Point. His occupation here fairly weaned him from the medical profession, for he delighted in scientific pursuits and disliked witnessing human suffering.

In 1827, before leaving the army, he had received the appointment of Professor of Chemistry and Botany in the College of Physicians and Surgeons, New York city; in 1828, on leaving West Point, became Professor of Chemistry at Princeton College, N. J.; in 1832, was elected Professor of Chemistry, Mineralogy, and Botany in the University of the City of New York; and, in 1836, was appointed Botanist of the Geological Survey of the State of New York. During his incumbency of these various offices he had continued his scientific labors, the fruits of which are to be found in his various reports of western explorations describing the Flora of the Rocky Mountains, 1826–30; his monograph (jointly with his friend Von Schweinitz) of North American Carices, in 1825; eleven years later, in the succeeding volume of the Annals of the New York Lyceum, appeared his own elaborate monograph of the other North American Cyperaceæ, with an appended revision of the Carices, which, meanwhile, had been immensely increased by the collections of other celebrated botanists; and, after many delays and discouragements, as Botanist of the State Geological Survey, he published, in 1843, the largest if by no means the most important of his works — "The Flora of New York" — in two enormous quarto volumes, illustrated with one hundred and sixty-one plates.

This latter production involved a heavy sacrifice of time, and interrupted, at a critical period, the prosecution of a far more important work which, early in his career, he had resolved to undertake — the General Flora of North America, or at least of the United States, — arranged on the natural instead of the Linnæan system. In this stupendous labor he was greatly assisted by his distinguished pupil, Professor Asa Gray. The product of this happy association, for forty years, of these two eminent professors, which has done so much for American botany, is to be found in the publication of three parts of that most elaborate work, 1836-43. After the latter period, till Torrey's death, the field of exploration was so

vast, and new plants poured in so rapidly from our engineer and other explorations in the Far West and on the Pacific Slope, that all which could be done was to put the collections into order in special reports published by the government, to revise occasionally a genus monographically, and to rough-hew the crude material for future incorporation into the great projected Floral Temple of America.

"In the estimate of Dr. Torrey's botanical work," says Professor Gray in the Annual Report by the Council to the American Academy of Arts and Sciences (read April 8, 1873), "it must not be forgotten that it was nearly all done in the intervals of a busy professional life; that he was for more than thirty years an active and distinguished teacher, mainly of chemistry, and in more than one institution at the same time; that he devoted much time and remarkable skill and judgment to the practical applications of chemistry, in which his counsels were constantly sought and too generously given; that, in 1857, he exchanged a portion, and a few years later the whole, of his professional duties for those of United States Assayer. In addition to the ordinary duties of his office, which he fulfilled to the end with punctilious faithfulness (signing the last of his daily reports upon the very day of his death, and quietly telling his son and assistant that he need not bring him any more), he was frequently requested by the head of the Treasury Department to undertake the solution of difficult problems, especially those relating to counterfeiting, or to take charge of some delicate or confidential commissions, the utmost reliance being placed upon his skill, wisdom, and probity."

Two of these commissions to visit California, one by the Isthmus and the other across the Continent, were particularly gratifying to the veteran botanist, as they enabled him to view growing in their native soil, and to pluck with his own hand, many an alpine flower described and christened by himself, particularly some from a beautiful snow-clad peak of the Colorado Rocky Mountains which for ten years had borne his own honored name.

The author of this sketch, who built the New York Assay Office, recalls with vivid pleasure his frequent visits to his venerable friend in his snug little laboratory, "a dukedom large enough" for him, surrounded with his crucibles and retorts, and himself carefully weighing in balances as delicate as his own sensitive nature, refined gold as free from all earthly dross as his own pure heart. Ever full of joyous conversation, his special pleasure was to talk of his favorite studies, of his flowers from which he distilled honey as the bee, of every sedge for which he had a gentle kiss, of stones in which were eloquent sermons, and even of acids and alkalies, "happy mixtures of more happy days." With him —

> "Mickle was the powerful grace, that lies
> In plants, herbs, stones, and their true qualities;
> For nought so vile that on the earth doth live,
> But to this earth some special good doth give."

That age and fast failing strength had not dimmed his enjoyment may be inferred from his remark, when turned of seventy, on his return from Florida with a grievous cough allayed, he was rallied for having gone to seek Ponce de Leon's Fountain of Youth. "No," said he, "give me the Fountain of Old Age. The longer I live the more I enjoy life." He evidently did so, for, though never robust, he was rarely ill, and to him, even in his last hours, never came the "evil days" of which he could say, "I have no pleasure in them."

Dr. Torrey was an honorary or corresponding member of many scientific societies in Europe, and was connected with all the prominent institutions of the kind in this country; was one of the original fifty corporators

of the National Academy of Sciences; presided in his turn over the American Association for the Advancement of Science; was twice, for considerable periods, President of the New York Lyceum of Natural History; gave his name to the Torrey Botanical Club, to whose published Bulletin he contributed many valuable papers; was an Emeritus Professor in Columbia College, where he almost every year gave lectures and rendered other important services, and to which he gave his invaluable herbarium; inherited a membership in the Order of the Cincinnati, which was his special pride; and for his eminent botanical services several new plants and trees received the complimentary name of *Torreya*.

At one time the Doctor was an enthusiastic student of Entomology, but the fever was of short duration; through life he had a lively interest in Mineralogy, on which he published many interesting papers; but his great occupation was Chemistry, only his hours of recreation being given up to Botany. For thirty years he was a Professor of Chemical Science, and then till death an Assayer. As a chemist he was cautious, patient, practical, acute, and inflexibly honest; was the learned and skilled educator of large classes of students, many of whom rose to fame; and for half a century he made Chemistry his profession, when this then comparatively new science was felt to be outside of the laboratory in medicine, in many of the operations of daily life, and in most of the useful arts. His skill as a chemist might have greatly increased his scanty salary, had he sought other compensation than scientific reputation. Even when he was made United States Assayer, in 1853, he modestly declined the more lucrative office of Superintendent, for which he did not feel fitted.

Dr. Torrey rose to the highest order of scientists; was specially learned in the structure and productions of the earth; possessed a remarkable fertility of mind for investigating its arcana; was patient and indefatigable in working out results; and had remarkable skill in imparting to students the secrets of nature. Though professionally a chemist, Torrey's memory is inseparably interwoven with American Botany, in which he was an early pioneer and investigator; the collaborator of nearly all the later investigators; a leader in the original researches into the Flora of his state and country; and was identified with the development and maturity of the whole of Botanical Science. Such was the appreciation of his services in this branch of the study of nature, that the members of the Torrey Botanical Club, when its loved president, full of years and full of honors, was laid in his parent earth, followed his mortal remains to the tomb, each wearing a sprig of Torreya as an appropriate badge of mourning. Though his body has been resolved into its original elements, from his grave will spring flowers of fragrant memory forever to be preserved in the herbarium of all future botanists.

Professionally, Torrey's works bear witness to his scientific attainments; and, personally, he was in the highest, broadest, fullest, and most liberal sense a Christian gentleman, — "a singularly transparent, genial, delicate, and conscientious, unselfish character, which beautified and fructified a most industrious and useful life, and won the affection of all who knew him."

"O good old man! how well in thee appears
The constant service of the antique world,
When service sweat for duty, not for meed!
Thou art not for the fashion of these times,
Where none will sweat, but for promotion."

128....(Born N. C.).....**ADAM EMPIE**.....(Ap'd N. C.)

Military History. — Appointed in the Military service as

CHAPLAIN OF THE MILITARY ACADEMY, AND ACTING PROFESSOR OF GEOGRAPHY, HISTORY, AND ETHICS, AUG. 9, 1813.

Served at the Military Academy as Chaplain, and Acting Professor of Geography, History, and Ethics, May 20, 1814, to Apr. 30, 1817, — and Treasurer, Mar. 14, 1815, to Oct. 31, 1816.

RESIGNED, APR. 30, 1817.

Civil History. — Unknown.

DIED, 18—.

129....(Born Wales)...**THOMAS PICTON**.....(Ap'd N. J.)

Military History. — Appointed in the Military service as

CHAPLAIN OF THE MILITARY ACADEMY, AND PROFESSOR OF GEOGRAPHY, HISTORY, AND ETHICS, JULY 23, 1818.

Served at the Military Academy as Chaplain, and Professor of Geography, History, and Ethics, July 23, 1818, to Jan. 1, 1825.

RESIGNED, JAN. 1, 1825.

DIED, FEB. 6, 1861, AT HOBOKEN, N. J. : AGED 85.

130..(Born N. J.)..**CHARLES P. McILVAINE**.....(Ap'd D. C.)

Civil History. — Born at Burlington, N. J., Jan. 18, 1798, — was graduated at Princeton College, N. J., in 1816, — and admitted to Holy Orders in the Protestant Episcopal Church, July 4, 1820.

Military History. — Appointed in the Military service as

CHAPLAIN OF THE MILITARY ACADEMY, AND PROFESSOR OF GEOGRAPHY, HISTORY, AND ETHICS, JAN. 28, 1825.

Served at the Military Academy as Chaplain, and Professor of Geography, History, and Ethics, Jan. 28, 1825, to Dec. 31, 1827.

RESIGNED, DEC. 31, 1827.

Civil History. — After his resignation he became the Rector of St. Ann's Church, Brooklyn, N. Y., till Oct. 31, 1832, when he was consecrated Bishop of Ohio. Professor of the Evidences of Revealed Religion and Sacred Antiquities in the University of the City of New York, 1832–33. President of Kenyon College, at Gambier, O., 1832–40. Author of "Lectures on the Evidences of Christianity," 1831, — of "Oxford Divinity compared with that of the Romish and Anglican Church," 1841, — and of numerous contributions to Theological literature, 1820–67. Degree of D. C. L., conferred by Oxford University, 1853, and of LL. D., by Cambridge, Eng., 1858. During the Rebellion he was an active member of the Sanitary and Christian Commissions, and was chosen by President Lincoln to visit England and to explain to that Government the position of the United States in the great and important question then at issue.

DIED, MARCH 13, 1873, AT FLORENCE, ITALY : AGED 75.

131...(Born N. Y.)...**THOMAS WARNER**.....(Ap'd N. Y.)

Civil History. — Born in Canaan, Columbia County, N. Y. He was educated at Union College, N. Y. ; studied Law for a year or two, and then Divinity, which became his profession for life.

Military History. — Appointed in the Military service as

CHAPLAIN OF THE MILITARY ACADEMY, AND PROFESSOR OF GEOGRAPHY, HISTORY, AND ETHICS, JAN. 1, 1828.

Served at the Military Academy as Chaplain, and Professor of Geography, History, and Ethics, Jan. 1, 1828, to Sep. 1, 1838.

RESIGNED, SEP. 1, 1838.

Civil History. — After his resignation, he resided in Paris, France, being for some time a private Chaplain in the family of Mr. Thorn, of New York ; and in poverty

DIED, 1848, IN PARIS, FRANCE.

132....(Born Mas.).....**JASPER ADAMS**.....(Ap'd S. C.)

Civil History. — After being graduated in 1815, at Brown University, R. I., he became Professor of Mathematics in that Institution. President of Charleston College, S. C., 1824 and 1827–36, — and of Geneva College, N. Y., 1825–27. Author of a work on "Moral Science."

Military History. — Appointed in the Military service as

CHAPLAIN OF THE MILITARY ACADEMY, AND PROFESSOR OF GEOGRAPHY, HISTORY, AND ETHICS, SEP. 1, 1838.

Served at the Military Academy as Chaplain, and Professor of Geography, History, and Ethics, Sep. 1, 1838, to Nov. 15, 1840.

RESIGNED, NOV. 15, 1840.

DIED, OCT. 25, 1841, AT CHARLESTON, S. C. : AGED 48.

134...(Born Md.)...**WILLIAM T. SPROLE**..... (Ap'd D. C.)

Military History. — Appointed in the Military service as

CHAPLAIN OF THE MILITARY ACADEMY, AND PROFESSOR OF GEOGRAPHY, HISTORY, AND ETHICS, MAR. 2, 1847.

Served at the Military Academy as Chaplain, and Professor of Geography, History, and Ethics, Mar. 2, 1847, to Aug. 16, 1856.

SUPERSEDED, AUG. 16, 1856.

Civil History. — Clergyman of the Protestant Presbyterian Church, at Newburg, N. Y., 1856–73, — and of the Second Congregational Church of Detroit, Mich., 1874–77. Degree of D. D. conferred by the University of the City of New York, 1855.

DIED, JUNE 9, 1883, AT DETROIT, MICH. : AGED 74.

135....(Born Ct.)....**JOHN W. FRENCH**.....(Ap'd D. C.)

Civil History. — He was educated at Washington College, Hartford, Ct., and at the Theological Seminary in New York ; was admitted to Holy Orders in 1835 ; became a Professor in Bristol College, Pa., in 1836, and was Rector of a Church in Portland, Me., and then of the Church of the Epiphany, Washington, D. C., till 1856. He was a man of gentle, kindly nature, in eminent keeping with his calling ; a well-read theologian, and an accomplished scholar.

Military History. — Appointed in the Military service as

CHAPLAIN OF THE MILITARY ACADEMY, AND PROFESSOR OF GEOGRAPHY, HISTORY, AND ETHICS, AUG. 16, 1856.

Served at the Military Academy as Chaplain, and Professor of Geography, History, and Ethics, Aug. 16, 1856, to July 8, 1871.

DIED, JULY 8, 1871, AT WEST POINT, N. Y.

136...(Born N. Y.)....**JOHN FORSYTH**.*.....(Ap'd N. Y.)

Military History. — Appointed in the Military service as

CHAPLAIN OF THE MILITARY ACADEMY, AND PROFESSOR OF GEOGRAPHY, HISTORY, AND ETHICS, JULY 28, 1871.

Served at the Military Academy as Chaplain, and Professor of Geography, History, and Ethics, July 28, 1871, to Dec. 12, 1881.

RETIRED FROM ACTIVE SERVICE, DEC. 12, 1881, BEING OVER 62 YEARS OF AGE.

DIED, OCT. 17, 1886, AT NEWBURG, N. Y.: AGED 76.

* JOHN FORSYTHE, before entering the United States Military Service, was Professor of Biblical Literature in Newburg, N. Y. Theological Seminary, 1837–42 and 1853–58; of Latin in Princeton College, N. J., 1847–53, — and of English Language and Literature in Rutgers College, N. J., 1860–62. Chaplain of the 19th Reg. of N. Y. State Militia, July 2 to Sep. 6, 1862. He published many works on Theological subjects, and received the Degrees of D. D. and LL. D.

137. (Born Ky.) . **WILLIAM M. POSTLETHWAITE**. . . (Ap'd Md.)

Military History. — Appointed in the Military service as

CHAPLAIN OF THE MILITARY ACADEMY, AND PROFESSOR OF GEOGRAPHY, HISTORY, AND ETHICS, DEC. 21, 1881.

Served at the Military Academy as Chaplain, and Professor of Geography, History, and Ethics, Dec. 21, 1881, to

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OF THE

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FROM ITS ESTABLISHMENT MARCH 16, 1802,

TO JANUARY 1, 1890.

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OF THE

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UNITED STATES MILITARY ACADEMY.

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NUMBER. **1802.** CLASS RANK.

GRADUATES OF 1802.

1....(Born Mas.).....**JOSEPH G. SWIFT**.....(Ap'd Mas.)

Military History. — Cadet of the Military Academy from its organization * to Oct. 12, 1802, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

SECOND LIEUT., CORPS OF ENGINEERS, OCT. 12, 1802.

Served: at the Military Academy, 1802–4; as Superintending Engineer of the construction of Ft. Johnston, N. C., 1804–7; at the Military

(FIRST LIEUT., CORPS OF ENGINEERS, JUNE 11, 1805)

(CAPTAIN, CORPS OF ENGINEERS, OCT. 30, 1806)

Academy, 1807; as Superintending Engineer in the erection of Governor's Island Batteries, Boston Harbor, Mas., and in general supervision of the defenses of the Northeastern Coast, 1808–9; as Superin-

(MAJOR, CORPS OF ENGINEERS, FEB. 23, 1808)

tending Engineer of the fortifications of the Carolina and Georgia harbors, 1809–12 and 1812–13; as Chief Engineer and Aide-de-Camp to

(LIEUT.-COLONEL, CORPS OF ENGINEERS, JULY 6, 1812)

(COLONEL AND CHIEF ENGINEER OF THE U. S. ARMY, JULY 31, 1812)

Major-General Pinckney, May 25 to Sept. 28, 1812; in the War of 1812–15 with Great Britain, as Chief Engineer of the Department of New York, and in command of brigade garrisoning Staten Island, April 6 to Aug. 14, 1813; as Chief Engineer of the Army under command of Major-General Wilkinson, in the Campaign of 1813 on the St. Lawrence River, being engaged in the Battle of Chrystler's Field, U. C., Nov. 11,

1813; and of the forces for the defense of the city and harbor of New
(BVT. BRIG.-GENERAL, FEB. 19, 1814, FOR MERITORIOUS SERVICES)
York (including Brooklyn and Harlem Heights), 1814–15; as Superintending Engineer of the construction of the fortifications of New York harbor, 1815–17; as member of Board to revise the Infantry Tactics, 1815, — for selecting northern Naval Depot, 1815, — and for rebuilding the Capitol at Washington, 1817; in command of the Corps of Engineers, July 31, 1812, to Nov. 12, 1818, and (*ex-officio*) Superintendent of the Military Academy July 31, 1812, to July 28, 1817, and its Inspector, April 7 to Nov. 12, 1818; and as member of the Board of Engineers for the Atlantic Coast of the United States, April 21, 1817, to Nov. 12, 1818.

RESIGNED, NOV. 12, 1818.

Civil History. — Surveyor of U. S. Revenue for the port of New York, 1818-26. Civil Engineer, engaged on various works, 1819–45. Member of the Board of Visitors to the Military Academy, 1819, 1820, 1821, and 1824. Cotton Planter, Haywood County, Ten., Jan., 1828. Chief Engineer of Baltimore and Susquehanna Railroad, 1828–29, — of New Orleans and Lake Pontchartrain Railroad (the first laid with T rail in the United States), 1830–31, — and of New York and Harlem Railroad, 1832–33, — and Civil Engineer in the service of the United States, superintending Harbor Improvements on the Lakes, 1829–45. Aided in suppressing Canada Border disturbances, 1839, and was appointed by the President in 1841, on a mission to the British Provinces, with reference to a Treaty with Great Britain. U. S. Commissioner of Patents, 1849: declined. Member of several scientific and historical societies, and of "La Société Française de Statique Universelle de Paris," 1831. Degree of LL. D. conferred by Kenyon College, Gambier, Ohio, 1843.

DIED, JULY 23, 1865, AT GENEVA, N. Y.: AGED 82.

* Was then a Cadet of Artillerists and Engineers, receiving instruction at the post of West Point, N. Y., under the law of 1794 and subsequent acts of Congress.

BIOGRAPHICAL SKETCH.

BRIG.-GENERAL JOSEPH GARDNER SWIFT, the First Graduate of the Military Academy at West Point, N. Y., was born Dec. 31, 1783, at Nantucket, Mas.

His ancestors on his father's side were English husbandmen, who migrated to Squantum, in Massachusetts Bay, soon after the first colony landed at Plymouth; and on his mother's side were Huguenots from Leyden, in Holland, who also landed in Boston Bay. Among their descendants were a Chief Justice of Connecticut, a Senator from Vermont, a Governor of New York, and several Revolutionary officers of note.

Young Swift grew up among the primitive people of his native isle, noted for their confiding intimacy and simple hospitality, and those domestic virtues which characterized his after life. At the age of six he saw the "Hero," Washington, on Boston Common, which made an indelible impression upon the precocious boy, and, possibly, planted the germ from which afterwards grew the soldier.

In 1792 his father removed to Taunton, Mas., which became the future home of the family. Here young Swift, under the tutelage of the Rev. Samuel Daggett, acquired an academical education fitting him to enter Harvard College.

By the advice and with the assistance of General Cobb, then a member of Congress, young Swift was appointed by President John Adams, May 12, 1800, a Cadet of Artillerists and Engineers. On the 12th of June following he reported for duty, in Newport Harbor, R. I.

During the summer of 1801, General Dearborn, then Secretary of War,

had given notice to our little army that President Jefferson had ordered the establishment of a Military School at West Point, for the education of cadets, under the law of 1794, and subsequent acts of Congress which authorized the appointment of professors of the arts and sciences, and the purchase of apparatus and instruments necessary for the instruction of the artillerists and engineers. To this school, Swift, as directed by the Secretary of War, repaired, and reported October 14, 1801, having visited, on his way, the battlefield of Long Island, and ascended the Hudson, whose banks had scarce ceased to echo the stirring events of our Revolutionary history. What a contrast to the varied scenes since enacted on the Plain of West Point was this stripling boy, standing alone, the solitary pioneer of thousands whose fame has filled the pages of their country's history! The same gorgeous landscape, then as now, was lit up by a calm October sunset, and the hills around were as eloquent with legend and story of the past; but how little could he foresee the future glories of the present renowned institution of which he was the first élève!

Till 1812, Swift was employed on various engineer and other duties; and upon the resignation of Colonel Williams became Chief Engineer, U. S. Army, and, *ex-officio*, Superintendent of the U. S. Military Academy. He was then but thirty years of age. Young as he was he had much preparation for his responsible position, for in Revolutionary times men have to think fast and act promptly, compressing years into days. He was born just at the close of the War of Independence; his childhood had passed amid the excitements incident to the formation of the government and its institutions; his boyish imagination was inflamed by the stirring events of the French Revolution; and his early manhood had been occupied with active duties, in a large intercourse with public men much his seniors, and in preparing for our second struggle with one of the giants of the earth. How he acquitted himself of the important trust now confided to him the sequel will show.

With General Armstrong, then Secretary of War, he consulted on military matters generally, and particularly upon the application of the large appropriations for fortifications. These arranged, he proceeded to New York harbor, where, on the 6th of April, he reported himself for duty to General George Izard, the commandant of the Department, from whom he received, as specially ordered by the President, the command of Staten Island, including a brigade of infantry (32d and 41st regiments), in addition to his duties as Chief Engineer and Superintendent of the U. S. Military Academy.

In the latter capacity he made frequent visits to West Point; arranged plans for new buildings (Mess Hall, Academy, and South Barracks), tracing their foundations on the ground in June; obtained authority to employ an acting Chaplain to be Professor of Ethics, History, and Geography; remodeled the functions of the Academic Staff; and assumed the Inspectorship of the institution, to bar the assumption of authority claimed by Captain Partridge as local commander.

Having completed the repairs of the New York forts, and built a system of block-houses along the shores of the harbor to prevent a surprise by the British fleet, then anchored off Sandy Hook, Swift requested orders for the field.

On the 9th of August he was assigned as Chief Engineer of the Northern Army under General Wilkinson, and on the 31st reported to that officer at Sackett's Harbor. Here he found everything in a most disgraceful and deplorable condition; no plan of campaign studied or definitely fixed; the enemy's positions unknown, and the St. Lawrence unexplored; supplies deficient through neglect or incompetency of the War Department; expense of transportation enormous, that of a single field-piece costing over a thousand dollars; our troops mostly recruits, and

sick from eating contract provisions; the army split into factions, with no one to harmonize discord; and authority a triple-headed Cerberus — Armstrong, Wilkinson, and Hampton — barking and biting at each other with a venom disreputable to their profession and destructive of all success to our arms.

After holding various councils of war, which consumed precious moments of the fast waning season for active operations, it was finally resolved to rendezvous all the troops in the vicinity of Sackett's Harbor; in coöperation with Chauncey's squadron make a bold feint on Kingston; then rapidly slip down the St. Lawrence; and in concert with Hampton's division, moving north from Lake Champlain, capture Montreal.

In the campaign which followed Swift took a conspicuous part; was prominently engaged, Nov. 11, 1813, in the battle of Chrystler's Field, where, says Wilkinson in his official despatch, "Colonel Swift took the boldest and most active part of any individual engaged, except Adjutant-General Walbach;" and, subsequently, for his "meritorious services," was brevetted a Brigadier-General.

Early in the spring of 1814, and in accordance with the wishes of General Brown, he applied for orders to take the field as Chief Engineer on the Niagara frontier; but the Secretary of War refused his application, on the ground that the coast defenses, which he then was inspecting, required his attention.

Swift, early in June, in conjunction with the Committee of Safety of the city of New York, made a reconnoissance of the approaches to its harbor, and decided upon the necessity for lines of works to cover New York and Brooklyn from any descent upon our shores from the British squadron then cruising off the coast. The Manhattan line was begun July 15, 1814, at Hallett's Point (since so famous from General Newton's great blasting operations), by the construction of a work, forming the right of the line, named Fort Stevens, after the Revolutionary patriot, General Stevens, a prominent officer of artillery at Saratoga in 1777. Two days later, ground was broken on the left at Mount Alto on the Hudson, the line passing thence, by McGowan's pass and the elevated ground that overlooks Harlem Flats, to Hell Gate. The trenches were opened by a detachment of citizen volunteers from the city, under Major Van Horn, a Revolutionary worthy. This short inner line was adopted because men and money were not at command to build a longer outer line. Operations were commenced, Aug. 6, 1814, on the Long Island line, at Fort Greene (now within Brooklyn city limits), by a detachment of a thousand citizens. Soon there were from 1,200 to 2,000 working regularly upon the two lines, and 20,300 at call habitually under arms and sufficiently drilled to man the works, though not more than 12,000 of them were encamped within the intrenchments. Swift was appointed Inspector-General of the whole force, and was virtually in command, he having to supervise everything, not only the construction of the defenses and their armament, but the providing of commissary and medical supplies. In a few weeks much was accomplished, gentlemen with pick and shovel working as day-laborers in the trenches. The enthusiasm of both youth and age was constantly stimulated by eloquent speeches, patriotic songs, thrilling stories, valorous deeds of our navy, heroic feats of the Niagara army, and last, not least, the news of the vandal destruction of the Capitol. By the close of November New York and Brooklyn were safe, and the well-manned lines, bristling with artillery, bade defiance to the foe.

Swift's services were so highly esteemed that the corporation of New York voted that he was a "Benefactor to the City," placed his portrait by Jarvis in the City Hall, presented Mrs. Swift with a magnificent service of plate of forty-three pieces, and himself with a beautiful case of silver drawing-instruments and a large pleasure barge.

No sooner had Swift completed the defensive lines to cover New York and Brooklyn, than his talents and experience were called into requisition upon the board to form a new system of Infantry Tactics; soon after, upon the commission to reduce the army to a peace establishment; and later, with Colonel George Bomford, to decide upon the rebuilding of the Capitol at Washington, destroyed by the barbarous conflagration ordered by Admiral Cockburn of the British Navy.

The war with England being terminated by the Treaty of Ghent, Swift, in his new headquarters at Washington, devoted himself afresh to his duties of Chief Engineer, nearly a million of dollars having been appropriated for fortifications. He was also a member of the joint Army and Navy Board to select a northern site for a defensible naval depot between New York and Casco Bay.

Early in 1816, a disturbing element came to mar Swift's future career. Notwithstanding the experience in our service of intriguing Conways and other imported charlatans of the Revolution, Congress, infatuated with an exalted idea of the superiority of foreign military talent, authorized, April 29th, the President to employ a skillful Assistant, to be attached to the Corps of Engineers, with the pay of its Chief. Upon the recommendation of Albert Gallatin and the Marquis Lafayette, the selection fell upon Brigadier-General Simon Bernard of the French Army, a distinguished engineer under Napoleon. Upon Bernard's arrival in the United States, the Secretary of War, November 16, 1816, placed him at the head of the Board of Engineers, at the same time General Swift being ordered to assume the personal superintendency of the Military Academy. Whatever might have been the merits of General Bernard, this certainly was a cruel blow to a proud officer, who, for fourteen years, in peace and war, had been so zealous and able in the performance of every duty intrusted to his charge. Swift, of course, protested against this gross insult to himself, and humiliating degradation of the Corps of Engineers, formed of native talent, expressly to avoid recourse to foreign aid; scientifically educated at our Military Academy established for that special purpose; just crowned with victorious laurels won in the campaign of 1814, and whose pride and emulation had built up a body of officers of which any nation might well be proud. He called to mind how much the government had already suffered from the futile essays and serious blunders of military adventurers and imported engineers, and argued with great force upon the impolicy of intrusting our defenses to any foreigner, whatever his ability, whose interest was that of his own country, not ours, and who, in the event of war, might become our most dangerous enemy.

Swift's duties in the field during the war with Great Britain had much interfered with his direction of the Military Academy, but hardly had peace been proclaimed before he gave his attention to an extended organization of that institution, which resulted in relieving Captain Partridge as Acting Superintendent of the Academy, Swift taking personal command for seven weeks, when he resumed his station at Washington city, except while on duty with the Board of Engineers or accompanying President Monroe, as Chief of his Staff, on his triumphal tour through the Northern States.

From the moment General Bernard was invited to be the head projector of the defenses of our coasts, the iron entered into the soul of the high-spirited Swift, who keenly appreciated the humiliation of his position, and, after wrestling over two years with his pride, at last felt compelled to sacrifice all his life-long anticipations of a soldier's glorious career, and consequently tendered his resignation from the army, Nov. 12, 1818. The day after his resignation, Swift accepted the Surveyorship of the Port of New York, not from choice, but as a means of living.

His subsequent Civil History is given in sufficient detail in his synopsis

of service; but a fuller account of his life is to be found in my work, entitled the "Campaigns and Engineers of the War of 1812–15 against Great Britain."

Soon after Swift had left the army, the Corps of Engineers, to show their respect and affection for their late chief, requested him to sit to Sully for his likeness, now hung in the library of the Military Academy at West Point, — the fit depository of the portrait of its first Graduate, second Superintendent, and subsequent Inspector. Whoever looks upon that ample brow can read of the vigorous brain within; whoever peers into those benignant eyes feels there was a generous heart below; and whoever watches those expressive lips, sees hovering there only utterances of patriotism, honor, and manly pride. When the writer first knew him, age had silvered o'er his flowing locks, and his almost apostolic countenance wore a saintly air, mingling tenderness, charity, and all the sweet offices of love and duty.

> "A man he seem'd of cheerful yesterdays,
> And confident to-morrows; with a face
> Not worldly-minded, for it bore too much
> Of nature's impress, — gayety and health,
> Freedom and hope; but keen withal, and shrewd.
> His graceful gestures, and his tones of voice
> Were all vivacious as his mien and looks."

At the green old age of *eighty-two*, Swift, surrounded by his fond family and attached friends, died, July 21, 1865, at Geneva, N. Y., full of years; full of honors; with faculties bright and affections warm to the last; much lamented by the public; and sincerely mourned by a wide circle of bereaved relatives.

2....(Born Md.).....**SIMON M. LEVY**.....(Ap'd Md.)

Military History. — Cadet of the Military Academy from its organization* to Oct. 12, 1802, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

SECOND LIEUT., CORPS OF ENGINEERS, OCT. 12, 1802.

Served at the Military Academy, 1802–4, and as Assistant Engineer at Ft. Wilkinson, Ga., 1805.

RESIGNED (SICK), SEP. 30, 1805.

DIED, 1807, IN GEORGIA.

* Was then a Cadet of Artillerists and Engineers, receiving instruction at the post of West Point, N. Y., under the law of 1794 and subsequent acts of Congress.

GRADUATES OF 1803.

3..(Born Va.).....**WALKER K. ARMISTEAD**.....(Ap'd Va.)

Military History. — Cadet* of the Military Academy from its organization† to March 5, 1803, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

SECOND LIEUT., CORPS OF ENGINEERS, MAR. 5, 1803.

FIRST LIEUT., CORPS OF ENGINEERS, JUNE 11, 1805.

CAPTAIN, CORPS OF ENGINEERS, OCT. 30, 1806.

Served: at the Military Academy, 1803–6; Asst. Engineer, Ft. Jay, N. Y., 1806–7; Superintending Engineer of the defenses of New Orleans, La., 1807–8, and of Norfolk, Va., 1808–11; at the Military Academy,

(MAJOR, CORPS OF ENGINEERS, JULY 23, 1810)

1811–12; in the War of 1812–15 with Great Britain, as Chief Engineer of the Army, on the Niagara Frontier, in the Autumn of 1812, being en-

(LIEUT.-COLONEL, CORPS OF ENGINEERS, JULY 31, 1812)

gaged at Ft. Niagara during its bombardment, Nov. 21, 1812, — and of the forces for the defense of the mouth of Chesapeake Bay (including Norfolk and Craney Island), in 1813; as Superintending Engineer of the defenses of Chesapeake Bay and its tributary waters, 1814–18; in com-

(COLONEL AND CHIEF ENGINEER OF THE U. S. ARMY, NOV. 12, 1818)

mand of the Corps of Engineers and in charge of the Engineer Bureau at Washington, D. C., and Inspector of the Military Academy, Nov. 12,

(COLONEL, 3D ARTILLERY, IN RE-ORGANIZATION OF ARMY, JUNE 1, 1821)

1818, to June 1, 1821; at Headquarters of 3d Artillery, established at Ft. Washington, Md., 1821–27, — Upperville, Va., 1827, — Ft. Washington, Md., 1827–28, — Boston, Mas., 1828–30, — New London, Ct., 1831–32,

(BVT. BRIG.-GENERAL, NOV. 12, 1828, FOR FAITHFUL SERVICE TEN YEARS IN ONE GRADE)

— Upperville, Va., 1832–34, — and Ft. Monroe, Va., 1834–36; in the Florida War, serving against the Seminole Indians, 1836–37, 1838; on Court-Martial duty, 1838–40; in command of Florida Army, serving against the Seminole Indians, May 6, 1840, to May 31, 1841; on Board for selection of site for a Western Armory, Oct. 15, 1841, to Feb. 9, 1843; in command of 3d Artillery at Ft. Moultrie, S. C., 1843–44; and on sick leave of absence, 1844–45.

DIED, OCT. 13, 1845, AT UPPERVILLE, VA.

* Appointed Cadet for his good conduct as Orderly Sergeant in the Battle of Maumee Rapids, Aug. 20, 1794.

† Was then a Cadet of Artillerists and Engineers, receiving instruction at the post of West Point, N. Y., under the law of 1794 and subsequent acts of Congress.

4....(Born Mas.)....**HENRY B. JACKSON**..... (Ap'd Mas.)

Military History. — Cadet of the Military Academy from its organization * to Apr. 14, 1803, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

SECOND LIEUT., REG. OF ARTILLERISTS, APR. 14, 1803.

Served in garrison at Atlantic Posts, 1803.

RESIGNED, SEP. 30, 1803.

DIED, 18—.

* Was then a Cadet of Artillerists and Engineers, receiving instruction at the post of West Point, N. Y., under the law of 1794 and subsequent acts of Congress.

5....(Born N. Y.)....**JOHN LIVINGSTON**.....(Ap'd N. Y.)

Military History. — Cadet of the Military Academy, June 8, 1802, to Apr. 25, 1803, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

SECOND LIEUT., REG. OF ARTILLERISTS, APR. 25, 1803.

Served as Assistant Military Agent, at Norfolk, Va., April 25, 1803, to Mar. 31, 1806.

RESIGNED, MAR. 31, 1806.

Civil History. — Served in the War of 1812–15 with Great Britain, as Volunteer Aide-de-Camp to Gov. Tompkins, of the State of New York, 1812–14. History, after 1814, unknown.

DIED, 18—.

GRADUATES OF 1804.

6....(Born Mas.).....**SAMUEL GATES**.....(Ap'd Mas.)

Military History. — Cadet of the Military Academy from its organization * to Mar. 27, 1804, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

SECOND LIEUT., REG. OF ARTILLERISTS, MAR. 27, 1804.

Served in garrison at Atlantic Posts, 1804–5.

RESIGNED, AUG. 1, 1805.

Civil History. — Merchant, 1805 to 1817.

DIED, 1817, IN ENGLAND.

* Was then a Cadet of Artillerists and Engineers, receiving instruction at the post of West Point, N. Y., under the law of 1794 and subsequent acts of Congress.

7....(Born Vt.).....**HANNIBAL M. ALLEN.***.....(Ap'd Vt.)

Military History. — Cadet of the Military Academy, June 15, 1803, to June 27, 1804, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

SECOND LIEUT., REG. OF ARTILLERISTS, JUNE 27, 1804.

Served: in garrison at Atlantic Posts, 1804–12; and in the War of

(FIRST LIEUT., REG. OF ARTILLERISTS, JAN. 31, 1806)

(CAPTAIN, REG. OF ARTILLERISTS, JAN. 29, 1811)

1812–15 with Great Britain, in command of Ft. Nelson, Va., 1812–13.

DIED, MAY 11, 1813, AT NORFOLK, VA.

* Was the son of General ETHAN ALLEN, the hero of Ticonderoga and Crown Point.

GRADUATES OF 1805.

8....(Born N. Y.)....**GEORGE BOMFORD**.....(Ap'd N. Y.)

Military History. — Cadet of the Military Academy, Oct. 24, 1804, to July 1, 1805, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

SECOND LIEUT., CORPS OF ENGINEERS, JULY 1, 1805.

Served: as Assistant Engineer at the fortifications of the inner harbor

(FIRST LIEUT., CORPS OF ENGINEERS, OCT. 30, 1806)

of New York, 1805–8, and on the defenses of Chesapeake Bay and its tributary waters, 1808–10; as Superintending Engineer of the works on

(CAPTAIN, CORPS OF ENGINEERS, FEB. 23, 1808)

Governor's Island, New York harbor, 1810–12; in the War of 1812–15

(MAJOR, STAFF — ASST. COM.-GEN. OF ORDNANCE, JUNE 18, 1812)

(MAJOR, CORPS OF ENGINEERS, JULY 6, 1812)

(BVT. LIEUT.-COLONEL, DEC. 22, 1814, FOR MERITORIOUS SERVICES IN THE ORDNANCE DEPARTMENT)

with Great Britain, on Ordnance duty, and introduced Bomb Cannon under the name of "Columbiads;" as Member of Ordnance Boards, and

(LIEUT.-COLONEL, ORDNANCE, FEB. 9, 1815)

on various other ordnance duties, from the termination of the War in 1815, till the re-organization of the Army, when he was retained as

LIEUT.-COLONEL, 1ST ARTILLERY, JUNE 1, 1821,

continuing, however, on Ordnance duty until the organization of the

(BVT. COLONEL, FEB. 9, 1825, FOR FAITHFUL SERVICE TEN YEARS IN ONE GRADE)

Ordnance Corps, when he was promoted

COLONEL AND CHIEF OF ORDNANCE OF THE U. S. ARMY, MAY 30, 1832, and placed in command of the Ordnance Corps and Ordnance Bureau, at Washington, D. C., which he held until Feb. 1, 1842, when he became Inspector of Arsenals, Ordnance, Arms and Munitions of War, continuing on this duty until Mar. 25, 1848, during which period he made ingenious and valuable experiments on the best form for pieces of heavy ordnance, which have since led to the adoption of the improved patterns of such cannon now used in the United States service. Member of the Board of Visitors to the Military Academy, 1845.

DIED, MAR. 25, 1848, AT BOSTON, MAS.: AGED 68.

BIOGRAPHICAL SKETCH.

COLONEL GEORGE BOMFORD was born, in 1780, in New York; was graduated from the Military Academy, and promoted to the Corps of Engineers, July 1, 1805; served on various engineer duties, 1805–12; and in the War of 1812–15, against Great Britain, was on ordnance duty, receiving for his "meritorious services" the brevet of Lieut.-Colonel, Dec. 22, 1814. To the skill and inventive talent of this invaluable officer the country, in the prosecution of this war, was much indebted, he being the only one well informed in the manufacture of ordnance and ordnance stores. Subsequently he invented bomb cannon under the name of "Columbiads." When the Ordnance Department was reorganized, he was put at its head, May 30, 1832, as Colonel and Chief of Ordnance. Besides the performance of the administrative duties of his bureau, he was much engaged in making ingenious and valuable experiments to determine the best forms for cannon. He died, Mar. 25, 1848, at Boston, Mas., while on a tour of inspection to witness the casting of some heavy guns.

9....(Born N. C.).....**WILLIAM McREE**.....(Ap'd N. C.)

Military History. — Cadet of the Military Academy, Apr. 14, 1803, to July 1, 1805, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

SECOND LIEUT., CORPS OF ENGINEERS, JULY 1, 1805.

Served: as Assistant Engineer in surveying sites of fortifications on

(FIRST LIEUT., CORPS OF ENGINEERS, OCT. 30, 1806)

the Southern Coast, 1806–8, and in the construction of the defenses of

(CAPTAIN, CORPS OF ENGINEERS, FEB. 23, 1808)

Charleston harbor, S. C., 1808–12; Chief Engineer to Gen. Pinckney,

(MAJOR, CORPS OF ENGINEERS, JULY 31, 1812)

commanding Department of Georgia and the Carolinas, 1812–13; in the War of 1812–15 with Great Britain, as Chief of Artillery (commanded four companies and siege train) of Northern Army, under Major-General Hampton, in the Campaign of 1813, and as Chief Engineer of the Army on the Niagara Frontier, commanded by Major-General Brown, in the Campaign of 1814, participating in the Combat of Chateaugay River, L. C., Oct. 26, 1813, — Capture of Ft. Erie, U. C., July 3, 1814, — Battle of Chippewa, U. C., July 5, 1814, — Battle of Niagara, U. C., July 25,

(BVT. LIEUT.-COLONEL, JULY 25, 1814, FOR GALLANT CONDUCT IN THE BATTLE OF NIAGARA, U. C.)

(BVT. COLONEL, AUG. 15, 1814, FOR DISTINGUISHED AND MERITORIOUS SERVICES IN THE DEFENSE OF FORT ERIE, U. C.)

1814, — Defense of Ft. Erie, Aug. 3 to Sep. 19, 1814, including its bombardment, Aug. 13–15, repulse of the enemy's assault, Aug. 15, and sortie from it, by which the siege was raised, Sep. 19, 1814; on professional duty in Europe, examining fortifications, military schools and establishments, and the operations of the Allied armies, then occupying France on the fall of Napoleon, 1815–17; and Member of the Board of

(LIEUT.-COLONEL, CORPS OF ENGINEERS, NOV. 12, 1818)

Engineers for projecting the system of Atlantic Coast Defenses, from Nov. 16, 1816, to Mar. 31, 1819.

RESIGNED, MAR. 31, 1819.

Civil History. — Surveyor-General of the United States, for Illinois, Missouri, and Arkansas Territories, from Feb. 22, 1825, to July 25, 1832.

DIED, MAY 15, 1833, AT ST. LOUIS, MO.: AGED 45.

BIOGRAPHICAL SKETCH.

BVT. COLONEL WILLIAM MCREE was born, Dec. 13, 1787, in Wilmington, N. C. His father — Major and Bvt. Colonel Griffith John McRee — was an active cavalry officer of the North Carolina line, in the Revolutionary War; and his mother was a daughter of Doctor John Fergus, a distinguished physician of Wilmington, who was of Scottish descent, had been educated in Edinburgh, and subsequently was a Surgeon in Braddock's army.

He was appointed a Cadet, April 14, 1803, to the Military Academy. Here the youth of fifteen displayed an ardent and inquisitive mind, a fondness for science, and a devotion to the study of the military art. He was graduated from the institution, July 1, 1805, and became a Second Lieutenant in the Corps of Engineers, subsequently being promoted a First Lieutenant, Oct. 30, 1806, Captain, Feb. 23, 1808, and Major, July 31, 1812. Until the beginning of the campaign of 1814, he was employed upon the defenses of the Carolina coast, particularly at Charleston; from Sept. 30, 1812, to May 25, 1813, was Chief Engineer to General Thomas Pinckney, commanding the Department of Georgia and the Carolinas; in 1813, was Chief of Artillery (commanding four companies and the siege-train), under Major-General Hampton, whose failure at Chateaugay was rendered much less disastrous by the prompt and energetic action of the young engineer; in the first part of 1814, superintended the defenses of Sackett's Harbor; and, at the early age of twenty-six, became the Chief Engineer of Major-General Brown's army on the Niagara.

In this campaign of 1814, he began his distinguished career by a skillful reconnoissance to insure a safe crossing of the army to the Canadian shore, and was an active participant in the Battle of Chippewa. At the Battle of Niagara, it was his quick *coup d'œil* which discovered that the hill, upon which was posted the British battery, was the key of the position and must be immediately carried, as it promptly was by the intrepid Miller. Again, in the Defense of Fort Erie, he was present everywhere, day and night, supervising the construction of trench and battery, carefully reconnoitring all the surroundings, and with an eagle's eye watching the slightest indications of the enemy's movements.

In his official report of Sep. 29, 1814, General Brown says: "Lieut.-Colonel McRee and Lieut.-Colonel Wood, of the Corps of Engineers, having rendered to this army services the most important, I must seize the opportunity of again mentioning them particularly. On every trying occasion, I have reaped much benefit from their counsel and excellent advice. No two officers of their grade could have contributed more to the safety and honor of this army. Wood, brave, generous, and enter-

prising, died as he had lived, without a feeling but for the honor of his country and glory of her arms. His *name* and *example* will live to guide the soldier in the path of duty as long as true heroism is held in estimation. McRee lives to enjoy the approbation of every virtuous and generous mind, and to receive the reward due to his services and high military talents." His rewards were the brevet of Lieut.-Colonel, July 25, 1814, "for Gallant Conduct in the Battle of Niagara," and of Colonel, Aug. 15, 1814, "for Distinguished and Meritorious Services in the Defense of Fort Erie." Throughout the campaign McRee enjoyed, in the highest degree, the confidence of the whole army; was foremost in the counsels of every movement and plan; and, be it said, to the lasting honor of the General-in-Chief, he was, at all times and on all occasions, then and after, prompt and explicit in acknowledging his official obligations to his able, energetic, and brilliant Chief Engineer. McRee and Wood, says Brown in his report of the Battle of Niagara, "were greatly distinguished on that day, and their high military talents exerted with great effect; they were much under my eye and near my person, and to their assistance a great deal is fairly to be ascribed. I most earnestly recommend them as worthy of the highest trust and confidence." He freely stated that "McRee's industry and talents were the admiration of the whole army," in which he would doubtless have been made a Brigadier-General had the war continued. On the death of General Brown, Feb. 24, 1828, a distinguished member of Congress, who enjoyed the confidence of the President, says in a private letter to a deceased officer of the army, now before us: "McRee is spoken of as a prominent candidate for General-in-Chief." Another hero, of another field of glory in the Campaign of 1814, won the prize; but few will deny that it would have been most worthily bestowed, with honor and profit to the nation, upon the Chief Engineer of the Niagara campaign, who to the highest science, military talents, cultivated mind, and eminent fitness, added a spirit, energy, knowledge of details, power of combination, and a genius for command equal to direct the largest army ever upon an American field.

General Winfield Scott, no ordinary judge of soldiers, said of McRee in a letter of May 31, 1843: "In my opinion, and, perhaps, in that of all the army, he combined more genius and military science with high courage than any other officer who participated in the War of 1812. I know that this was at least a very general opinion. If the Treaty of Peace had not prevented, he could, as I also know, have been made a general officer in 1815, and I am confident that he would in the field have illustrated the highest grade."

After an absence of nearly two years in Europe, to examine the fortifications and military establishments of France and the Netherlands, McRee became a member of the Board of Engineers, to project the system of defenses for our Atlantic and Gulf coasts. Upon this important duty, which called into action all his untiring industry, extensive acquirements, and deep study of the practice and theory of war at home and abroad, he was diligently engaged for two years; when, having similar views to those of the late Chief Engineer (which we have detailed at length in our sketch of Brigadier-General Joseph G. Swift) respecting the impolicy and injustice of introducing General Simon Bernard, a foreign engineer, into the U. S. military service, McRee, with crushed pride and wounded heart, resigned, March 31, 1819, from the army, in which he had so faithfully and honorably served from boyhood till he had attained the full rank of Lieut.-Colonel of Engineers, and Bvt. Colonel, U. S. Army. Subsequently, strange to say, one of the works, projected by this same General Bernard for the defense of Pensacola Harbor, was named Fort McRee, after his junior in rank, but his equal in knowledge and talent.

After McRee's resignation from the military service, seeking the quiet

pleasures of private life, he resided in the Western States, holding, for a short period, the position of U. S. Commissioner for locating the "National Road" west of the Ohio; and, again, under the Act of March 3, 1825, temporarily, that of the Chief Commissioner to survey the Western waters, and locate and plan the "Western Armory." His letters from the West, many of which we have carefully read, give graphic accounts of his explorations in the Mississippi Valley; his sharp struggles with poverty, for he had no money-saving talent; his sale of almost everything, even his much-loved books, to defray the moderate expenses of his frugal living; his declining tenders of lucrative positions to which he modestly thought himself unequal; his noble disinterestedness to promote others' fortunes by the selection of lands; his devotion to his few warm and steadfast friends; his stern integrity amid the most alluring temptations; and his continuous cheerfulness under the severest trials.

At last, necessity knowing no law and his remaining resources becoming insufficient for his stinted existence, he was compelled to listen to the persuasions of his friends and to accept, Feb. 22, 1825, the office of Surveyor-General of the United States for the District of Illinois and Missouri. In the discharge of the duties of that troublesome and thankless office he continued till July 25, 1832, having been re-appointed in January, 1829. At the time of leaving this office his name had been sent to the Senate as a proper person to survey the boundary line between the United States and Mexico, but he never entered upon the duty. Broken in health, he retired to his congenial seclusion till May 15, 1833, when the Asiatic cholera at St. Louis, Mo., terminated his mortal career in his forty-sixth year.

Colonel McRee was a bachelor; small in stature; chaste and temperate in habit; and grave, reserved, and almost austere in manner. When, however, he was interested in conversation, his steel-blue eye lighted up his pale, melancholy face, he became eloquent, instructive, and earnest, even to being sarcastic; yet he was ever kind, considerate, and deferential to those whose opinions were worthy of respect. Winning the marked regard and exciting the warm admiration of all within the sphere of his acquaintance, he seemed to withdraw with morbid sensibility from general notoriety. He despised sycophants and scorned demagogues. He possessed a highly cultivated mind, strong reasoning faculties, quick perceptions, firm convictions, and resolute will, making him a leader more than a follower of men. He was an omnivorous reader, and studied the classical as well as modern models of men, Brutus and Cassius being his heroes among the ancients, while Frederick and Napoleon were his modern paragons. Though military in his tastes, he did not confine himself to professional thoughts, for he reveled in history and literature, preferring the times and types of revolution, such as the daring Luther, the sturdy Cromwell, the fiery Mirabeau, and the passionate Byron. He wrote but little, for notoriety was distasteful to him; yet the public archives contain many forcible memoirs from his pen, showing strong intellect, wealth of knowledge, marked originality, and close observation. His report on the establishment of the Pittsburg armory evinces not only a soldier's but a statesman's views; and his remarks in the "New York Scientific and Literary Magazine" upon the present resources and magnificent future of the "Great West" are pregnant with original and far-seeing predictions.

McRee was a modest, worthy, and eminently distinguished son of his cherished Alma Mater, which had educated him for the service of the nation, for whose glory he gave his highest endeavors and the best years of an active life. The General-in-Chief of the Niagara Army, with just magnanimity, ascribed to McRee much of the eminent success of his command, and well he might, for his Chief Engineer in that memorable cam-

paign of 1814, though only *twenty-six* years of age, was old in wisdom, and of marked eminence in his profession.

10....(Born Ct.)....**JOSEPH G. TOTTEN**.....(Ap'd Ct.)

Military History. — Cadet of the Military Academy, Nov. 4, 1802, to July 1, 1805, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

SECOND LIEUT., CORPS OF ENGINEERS, JULY 1, 1805.

Served as Secretary to the Surveyor-General of the Northwestern Territory, 1805–6.

RESIGNED, MAR. 31, 1806.

Civil History. — Secretary to the Surveyor-General of the Northwestern Territory, 1806–8.

Military History. — Re-appointed in the Army with the rank of

SECOND LIEUT., CORPS OF ENGINEERS, FEB. 23, 1808.

Served : as Asst. Engineer in the construction of the defenses of New York harbor, having special supervision of the erection of Fort Clinton, at Castle Garden, 1808–12, except when temporarily detached for duty

(FIRST LIEUT., CORPS OF ENGINEERS, JULY 23, 1810)

at New Haven and New London, Ct., and Sag Harbor, N. Y., 1809–10 ; as Paymaster of the Corps of Engineers, May 27 to July 31, 1812 ; in the War of 1812–15 with Great Britain, as Chief Engineer of the Army,

(CAPTAIN, CORPS OF ENGINEERS, JULY 31, 1812)

in the Campaigns of 1812 and of 1813, on the Niagara frontier, and in the Campaign of 1813–14, on the Lake Champlain line of operations, being engaged in the Attack of Queenstown Heights, U. C., Oct. 13, 1812, — Capture of Fort George, U. C., May 27, 1813, — Repulse of the British Flotilla, on Lake Ontario, near Forty-mile Creek, U. C., June 6, 1813, —

(BVT. MAJOR, JUNE 6, 1813, FOR MERITORIOUS SERVICES)

Attack on La Cole Mill, L. C., Mar. 30, 1814, — Battle of Plattsburg, N. Y., Sep. 11, 1814, — in fortifying the Camps at Fort George, U. C.,

(BVT. LIEUT.-COLONEL, SEP. 11, 1814, FOR GALLANT CONDUCT AT THE BATTLE OF PLATTSBURG)

1813, at French Mills, N. Y. (winter quarters of the left wing of the "Northern Army"), 1813–14, at Chateaugay Four Corners, N. Y. (winter quarters of the right wing of the "Northern Army"), 1813–14, and the right bank of the Saranac River, opposite Plattsburg, N. Y., 1814, — and, by order of Major-General Izard, blew up Ft. Erie, U. C., when abandoned, Oct. 5, 1814 ; as Superintending Engineer of fortifications on Lake Champlain and St. Lawrence River, 1815–16 ; on Board of Engineers for projecting the system of Coast Defenses, Nov. 16, 1816, to Apr. 21, 1817 ; as Superintending Engineer of Fort at Rouse's Point, N. Y.,

(MAJOR, CORPS OF ENGINEERS, NOV. 12, 1818) ;

1817–19 ; on the Board of Engineers, May 12, 1819, to Dec. 7, 1838 ; on the Board of Visitors to the Military Academy, 1819, 1821, 1822, 1826, and

(BVT. COLONEL, SEP. 11, 1824, FOR FAITHFUL SERVICE TEN YEARS IN ONE GRADE)

1828 ; as Superintending Engineer of the construction of Fort Adams, R. I., 1825–38 ; in general charge of Harbor and River Improvements east of New York, 1825–36, and (except those east of Boston) 1836–38 ;

(LIEUT.-COLONEL, CORPS OF ENGINEERS, MAY 24, 1828)

on various Ordnance and Artillery Boards, 1825–64 ; on special Boards of

Engineers for Hudson River Improvement, 1834, and for the extension of

(COLONEL AND CHIEF ENGINEER OF THE U. S. ARMY, DEC. 7, 1838)

Pensacola Navy Yard and establishing Dry Docks therein, 1838 ; in command of the Corps of Engineers, and in charge of the Engineer Bureau at Washington city, Dec. 7, 1838, to Dec. 21, 1857 ; as Inspector of the Military Academy, Dec. 7, 1838, to April 22, 1864 ; as Chief Engineer of the Army commanded by Major-General Scott, during the Siege of Vera Cruz, Mex., Mar. 9–29, 1847, War with Mexico, and as one of the Commissioners for arranging the terms for the capitulation of the place ; as Member of the Light House Board, Apr. 28, 1851, to Apr., 1858, and from

(BVT. BRIG.-GENERAL, U. S. ARMY, MAR. 29, 1847, FOR GALLANT AND MERITORIOUS CONDUCT AT THE SIEGE OF VERA CRUZ, MEX.)

June 8, 1860, to Apr. 22, 1864 ; on a Reconnoissance of the Pacific Coast of the United States, to determine the requisites for its defense, and inspecting fortifications, 1859–61.

Served during the Rebellion of the Seceding States, 1861–64 : in command of the Corps of Engineers, and in charge of the Engineer Bureau at Washington, D. C., June 2, 1861, to Apr. 22, 1864; as President of

(BRIG.-GENERAL, AND CHIEF ENGINEER OF THE U. S. ARMY, MAR. 3, 1863)

Board for Retiring Disabled Officers, Aug. 17 to Sep. 16, 1861, — of Board to regulate and fix the Ordnance of permanent fortifications and field batteries, Nov. 26, 1861, to Mar. 1, 1862, — and of a Commission to examine and report upon the plan and sufficiency of the defensive works to protect Washington and Alexandria, Oct. 29 to Dec. 24, 1862.

(BVT. MAJOR-GENERAL, U. S. ARMY, APR. 21, 1864, FOR LONG, FAITHFUL, AND EMINENT SERVICES.)

Civil History. — Regent of the Smithsonian Institution, Washington city, from its establishment, Aug. 10, 1846, to Apr. 22, 1864. Corporator of the National Academy of Sciences, Mar. 3, 1863, to Apr. 22, 1864. Harbor Commissioner for the cities of New York and Boston, 1860–64. Member of several Scientific Associations. Degree of A. M. conferred by Brown University, R. I., 18—. Author of various Reports on National Defense, and on other scientific and professional subjects, 1816–64.

DIED, APR. 22, 1864, AT WASHINGTON, D. C. : AGED 75.

BIOGRAPHICAL SKETCH.

BVT. MAJOR-GENERAL JOSEPH GILBERT TOTTEN was born in New Haven, Conn., Aug. 23, 1788. His schoolmate, Ralph Ingersoll, describes him as a bright, noble youth, of fine mind, fond of study, and always at the head of his class, gentlemanly in his deportment, and greatly beloved. He entered the Military Academy Nov. 4, 1802, under the auspices of his uncle, Captain Jared Mansfield, then an Acting Professor of Mathematics at West Point; was graduated from that institution July 1, 1805, when he was promoted to be a Second Lieutenant of Engineers ; and resigned from the Army March 31, 1806, to accompany, as Secretary, his uncle, Captain Mansfield, who had been appointed, by President Jefferson, Surveyor-General of Ohio and the Northwest Territory. Young Totten, Feb. 23, 1808, re-entered the Corps of Engineers ; was promoted to be a First Lieutenant July 23, 1810, and Captain July 31, 1812, and served, till the outbreak of hostilities with Great Britain, at Castles Williams and Clinton, then under construction, for the defense of New York. At the early age of twenty-four he became the Chief Engineer, in the Campaign of 1812 on the Niagara frontier, of the "Army of the Centre," under General Van Rensselaer, being engaged in the Bat-

tle of Queenstown, where our small force, which had crossed the Niagara, after a heroic resistance, was compelled to capitulate to a greatly superior foe. The bearers of two flags of truce having been shot down by the Indians, Colonel Scott himself, fixing a white cravat on the point of his sword, and accompanied by Captains Gibson and Totten (from whose neck the improvised signal of submission was taken), marched through a shower of Indian bullets, and barely escaped the knives and tomahawks of two savages, who leaped like tigers upon them from the road. Unhurt, as by a miracle, they finally reached General Sheaffe, to whom was surrendered our whole force on the Canada side of the river, consisting of 293 survivors of the fierce battles, and some 600 skulkers, who had done no more fighting than spectators in a balloon might have claimed.

Upon the resignation of General Van Rensselaer, Totten was transferred, as Chief Engineer, to the Army of the North, under General Dearborn, being in it engaged in the capture of Fort George, and the repulse of the British Flotilla on Lake Ontario, near Forty-mile Creek, his "meritorious services" being rewarded with the brevet of Major.

After a short service with Wilkinson's army in the descent of the St. Lawrence River, Totten, in 1814, became the Chief Engineer of the forces on the Champlain line of operations, being engaged in the defense of Plattsburg, which he had fortified. In his official dispatch to the War Department giving an account of this signal victory, the commanding general "recommends to the particular notice of the government" eleven officers who had "distinguished themselves by their uncommon zeal and activity, and had been greatly instrumental in producing the happy and glorious results of the siege." Of these eleven, *three* were the officers of engineers, — Totten the chief, and DeRussy and Trescot his assistants, — all of whom were brevetted for their "gallant conduct at the battle of Plattsburg." After his skill and labors had given such eminent results to his country, Bvt. Lieut.-Colonel Totten joined General Izard on the Niagara, soon after the successful sortie from Ft. Erie. This fort being of no further use to us, Totten, with the sanction of the General, mined it, and Nov. 5th laid it in ruins, — one of the last acts of this war against Canada. Totten's military experience, with his mathematical training at West Point, admirably fitted one of his acute intellect for what was destined to be the great labor of his life, — planning and constructing seacoast fortifications.

During the Revolution some of our more important harbors had been fortified with feeble earthen works, and from that time till the close of the second war with Great Britain, many small, weak, and ill-designed forts and batteries were built by foreign engineers in our service, of cheap and perishable materials. The only large casemated work was Castle Williams, on the Montalembert system, built in 1807–10, in New York harbor.

A permanent Board of Engineers was created Nov. 16, 1816, General Bernard, the great constructor of the citadel of Antwerp under Napoleon, being at its head, with Colonel McRee and Lieut.-Colonel Totten members, to which was confided the labor of working out the fundamental principles and elaborating the projects for durable works to defend our entire seacoast. The masterly reports of this board, most of them written by Totten, laid down the great principles of national defense so forcibly and incontestably that they have ever since been the safe guides to all succeeding boards; and, though often ably attacked, have stood firm against all assaults. Till 1838, when Totten became Chief Engineer of the Army, he continued most of his time on the Board of Engineers, though after 1825 he was also the constructor of Ft. Adams, Newport harbor, R. I., the second work in area in the United States, and the first in its combination of the principles and details of the art of fortification.

When this fort was commenced, little was known of building great structures in this country; hence he had to make numerous experiments to test the qualities and adaptabilities of almost every kind of material.

Besides these military works, he was often called upon to devise and direct harbor and river improvements, and other important civil constructions for the government, states, cities, and corporations; and, as Chief Engineer, was *ex-officio* Inspector of the Military Academy, having charge of the general direction of the institution.

For twenty-six years he continued at the head of the Engineer Department, administering with untiring devotion, spotless integrity, and signal ability the varied details, the financial responsibilities, and the professional labors of that arm of service so essential to our national defense and internal development.

In the War with Mexico, General Scott summoned his early companion-in-arms, in whose judgment he had the most unbounded confidence, to aid him with his professional skill in the siege of Vera Cruz, which he directed with such signal ability that he was not only appointed one of the commissioners for arranging the terms of its capitulation, but also was brevetted, March 29, 1847, a Brigadier-General, for his "gallant and meritorious conduct."

In addition to General Totten's multiplied military avocations, he was an active and most useful member of the Light House Board, from its organization in 1852; a Regent of the Smithsonian Institution from its establishment in 1846; a corporator of the National Academy of Sciences, created in 1863; one of the Harbor Commissioners for the cities of New York and Boston; and a member of many scientific associations, to some of which he made valuable contributions.

He rose from the lowest to the highest grade in his branch of the Army; was five times complimented by advance rank for meritorious and distinguished services; became a Brigadier-General by a special act of Congress in 1863, when the Topographical Corps was merged into the Corps of Engineers; after near threescore years of "long, faithful, and eminent services," was brevetted a Major-General in the Army; and the next day, April 22, 1864, breathed his last in the city of Washington, terminating his illustrious career at the advanced age of seventy-five.

General Totten, physically, mentally, and morally, was a remarkable man. Compactly built, with a strong, robust frame, a vigorous constitution exempt from most ailments of life, and with temperate and regular habits, his powers of endurance were astonishing. No elemental changes, no bodily privations, nor any amount of labor seemed sensibly to affect him; and his equable disposition and serenity of thought prevented the disturbance of his even balance and protected him from polemic excitation. His intellect was thoroughly disciplined, system pervaded his daily life, and his perseverance never flagged till the goal of his efforts was attained. The constitution of his mind was remarkably sound, muscular, and of the Baconian order, following more the inductive than syllogistic methods. All his great and varied powers received their direction from common sense, for he was eminently practical, — a thorough man of the world. From the highest he disdained not to descend to the lowest, and the next moment could pass from the microscopic to that which required the greatest amplitude of comprehension. Often would he leave the elaboration of the minutest contrivance at his drawing-table, perhaps to prepare a masterly report on national defense. He devoured books, literary, scientific, and professional, though he "read not to contradict, nor to believe, but to weigh and consider;" hence he was accurately informed, an instructive talker, and a terse, vigorous, and masculine writer, never sacrificing strength to polish. It was because he dug deep that he was able to pile high. Conservative in all his views, he was slow to adopt

innovations; yet he was ever foremost to embrace all great professional improvements. With no controversial tendencies and few prejudices, he could weigh deliberately and receive truths as guests, not as enemies. His perceptive were equal to his reflective qualities, nothing, however minute, escaping his eagle eye. His judgment was as sound as his reason, and his almost Draconian sense of justice required of others the measure of right practiced by himself. His self-control was amazing, no murmur escaping him under the severest trials of bereavement or injustice. Thoroughly subjugating his feelings, and disciplined to obedience, not even the persecutions of a corrupt superior, like Secretary Floyd, shook his immutable integrity, which no sophistry could swerve, no power bend, no blandishments veer, and no influence warp, for it was the pole-star of all his actions. But with all his sterner virtues, he possessed in an eminent degree the graces of life. He had a delicate appreciation of music, was a connoisseur of the fine arts, could design and draw beautifully, was distinguished for urbanity of manner and genial social qualities, had the keenest sense of wit and humor, and, above all, possessed that great moral excellence which adorns the Christian soldier and gentleman. In fine, he was a polished, true, and great man; a patriot in its broadest sense; and in an age of soldiers, like that of Louis XIV. or Napoleon, he would have been awarded the highest military honors.

General Barnard, in his elaborate eulogy of General Totten, delivered before the National Academy of Sciences, says of him: "He was no trifler with the realities of life, who dallied with them for his pleasure, or who wielded them as instruments of ambition or self-interest. To him, as to all true men, the meaning of life was concentrated in one single word, DUTY. This 'chief end of man,' which is to glorify God by obedience to His laws in the use of the faculties He has bestowed, was his ruling principle, — the celestial cynosure to which his eyes were ever directed, and from which no allurement of lower motives could divert it. Nor was his sense of duty of that frigid, repulsive nature which reduces the conduct of life to a formula, and, substituting rules for emotions, seems but a refined selfishness. He was warm and sympathetic, finding his chief happiness in the pleasures of domestic and social intercourse, but singularly susceptible to everything that ministers to innocent enjoyment. . . . Gentle, kind, and good; mild, modest, and tolerant; wise, sagacious, shrewd, and learned; yet simple and unpretending as a child, he died as he had lived, surrounded by hearts gushing with affection, and the object of respect and love of all with whom he had ever been associated."

The Light House Board, in one of its resolutions upon his death, says, "That the high scientific attainments, the admirable administrative qualities, the perfect knowledge of general principles, the attention to every minute detail of the system, impressed the mental and moral qualities of General Totten upon his associates in a way to make his mind eminently a leading one of the Board, while his sincerity, patience, perfect amiability, and retiring modesty rendered him one of the most charming of associates in executing work to which he was so much more than sufficient."

GRADUATES OF 1806.

11....(Born Mas.)....**WILLIAM GATES.***.....(Ap'd Mas.)

Military History. — Cadet of the Military Academy from its organization † to Mar. 6, 1806, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

SECOND LIEUT., REG. OF ARTILLERISTS, MAR. 6, 1806.

Served: in garrison at Atlantic Posts, 1806–12; in the War of 1812–15

(FIRST LIEUT., REG. OF ARTILLERISTS, NOV. 3, 1807)

with Great Britain, as Acting Adjutant of Reg. of Light Artillery, and Aide-de-Camp to Bvt. Brig.-General Moses Porter, 1813, being engaged

(CAPTAIN, REG. OF ARTILLERISTS, MAR. 3, 1813)

in the Capture of York (now Toronto), U. C., Apr. 27, 1813, — Bombardment and Capture of Ft. George, U. C., May 27, 1813, — and in command of Ft. Independence, Mas., 1813–15; in garrison at Ft. Niagara,

(TRANSFERRED TO CORPS OF ARTILLERY, MAY 12, 1814)

N. Y., 1815–20, — Sackett's Harbor, N. Y., 1820–21, — Plattsburg, N. Y., 1821–24, — Ft. Lafayette, N. Y., 1824–26, — Ft. Columbus, N. Y.,

(CAPTAIN, 2D ARTILLERY, IN RE-ORGANIZATION OF ARMY, JUNE 1, 1821)

(BVT. MAJOR, MAR. 3, 1823, FOR FAITHFUL SERVICE TEN YEARS IN ONE GRADE)

1826–27, — Ft. McHenry, Md., 1827, — Ft. Marion, Fla., 1827–29, — Ft. Moultrie, S. C., 1829, — Ft. Marion, Fla., 1829–32, — Ft. Monroe, Va. (Major of Artillery School for Practice), 1832, — Charleston harbor, S. C., 1832–33, during South Carolina's threatened nullification, — Ft. Moultrie,

(MAJOR, 1ST ARTILLERY, MAY 30, 1832)

S. C., 1833–35, — and Ft. Washington, Md., 1835–36; in the Florida War, 1836, 1837–38, and was engaged against the Seminole Indians in Defense of Ft. Barnwell (Volusia), Apr. 12, 1836, and Combat of Locha-

(MAJOR, 2D ARTILLERY, AUG. 4, 1836)

(LIEUT.-COLONEL, 3D ARTILLERY, DEC. 17, 1836)

Hatchee, Jan. 24, 1838; in the Cherokee Nation, 1838, while transferring the Indians to the West; in the Florida War, 1839–41, 1841–42; in garrison at Ft. Pickens, Fla., 1842, — Ft. Moultrie, S. C., 1842–43, — Savannah, Ga., 1843–44, — and Ft. Moultrie, S. C., 1844–45, 1845–46; in the War with Mexico, 1846–48, as Governor of Tampico, Mexico; in garri-

(COLONEL, 3D ARTILLERY, OCT. 13, 1845)

son at Ft. Adams, R. I., 1848–53; on voyage to California, 1853, but returned to New York on being wrecked in the steamer San Francisco, Dec. 24, 1853; in waiting orders, 1854–61; on leave of absence, 1861–63; in command of Ft. Trumbull, Ct., 1863–64, — and of Ft. Constitution, N. H., 1865–67.

RETIRED FROM ACTIVE SERVICE, JUNE 1, 1863, UNDER THE LAW OF JULY 17, 1862, "HAVING BEEN BORNE ON THE ARMY REGISTER MORE THAN 45 YEARS."

BVT. BRIG.-GENERAL, U. S. ARMY, MAR. 13, 1865, FOR LONG AND FAITHFUL SERVICES IN THE ARMY.

DIED, OCT. 7, 1868, AT NEW YORK CITY: AGED 80.

* Was the son of Capt. LEMUEL GATES, of the regiment of Artillerists and Engineers, who died in 1806.

† Was then a Cadet of Artillerists and Engineers, receiving instruction at the post of West Point, N. Y., under the law of 1794 and subsequent acts of Congress.

12....(Born Mas.)..**JULIUS F. HEILEMAN.***.....(Ap'd Vt.)

Military History. — Cadet of the Military Academy, Apr. 14, 1803, to Mar. 6, 1806, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

SECOND LIEUT., REG. OF ARTILLERISTS, MAR. 6, 1806.

Served: in garrison at Atlantic Posts, 1806–12; in the War of 1812–15
(FIRST LIEUT., REG. OF ARTILLERISTS, APR. 30, 1808)
(CAPTAIN, REG. OF ARTILLERISTS, MAY 5, 1813)
(TRANSFERRED TO CORPS OF ARTILLERY, MAY 12, 1814)
with Great Britain, at Southern Posts on the Atlantic Coast; in garrison at Sackett's Harbor, N. Y., 1815–20, — Ft. Niagara, N. Y., 1820–23, —
(CAPTAIN, 2D ARTILLERY, IN RE-ORGANIZATION OF ARMY, JUNE 1, 1821)
(BVT. MAJOR, MAY 5, 1823, FOR FAITHFUL SERVICE TEN YEARS IN ONE GRADE)
New York harbor, 1823–24, — Ft. Monroe, Va. (Artillery School for Practice), 1824–28, — Ft. Moultrie, S. C., 1828–32, — Charleston harbor, S. C., 1832–33, during South Carolina's threatened nullification, — and
(MAJOR, 2D ARTILLERY, NOV. 17, 1834)
Ft. Monroe, Va., 1833–35; and in the Florida War, 1835–36, being en-
(BVT. LIEUT.-COLONEL, JUNE 9, 1836, FOR GALLANTRY AND GOOD CONDUCT IN THE AFFAIR OF MICANOPY, FLA.)
gaged against the Seminole Indians in the Skirmish near Micanopy, June 9, 1836, where he commanded.

DIED, JUNE 27, 1836, AT FORT DRANE, FLA.

* Was the son of Dr. JOHN F. HEILEMAN, Surgeon of General Riedesel's German Brigade under General Burgoyne, of the British Army.

13...(Born Mo.)..**PASCAL VINCENT BOUIS**.....(Ap'd Mo.)

Military History. — Cadet of the Military Academy, July 17, 1804, to March 6, 1806, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

SECOND LIEUT., REG. OF ARTILLERISTS, MAR. 6, 1806.
FIRST LIEUT., REG. OF ARTILLERISTS, MAY 3, 1808.

Served in garrison at Atlantic Posts, 1806–8.

RESIGNED, JULY 31, 1808.

Civil History. — Planter near Pointe Coupée, La., 1808–11.

DIED, 1811, NEAR POINTE COUPÉE, LA.: AGED 27.

14....(Born Mo.)...**AUGUSTE CHOUTEAU**.....(Ap'd Mo.)

Military History. — Cadet of the Military Academy, July 17, 1804, to June 20, 1806, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

ENSIGN, 2D INFANTRY, JUNE 20, 1806.

Served on the S. W. Frontier, threatened by Spanish invasion from Texas, 1806–7, as Aide-de-Camp to Brig.-General Wilkinson.

RESIGNED, JAN. 13, 1807.

Civil History. — Indian Trader in the Western Territories and States, 1808–38. U. S. Commissioner to treat with the Comanche Indians, Apr. 7, 1837, to Dec. 25, 1838.

DIED, DEC. 25, 1838, AT THE SALINE, NEAR FORT GIBSON, I. T.: AGED 56.

15....(Born Vt.).....**ALDEN PARTRIDGE**.....(Ap'd Vt.)

Military History. — Cadet of the Military Academy, Dec. 14, 1805, to Oct. 30, 1806, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

FIRST LIEUT., CORPS OF ENGINEERS, OCT. 30, 1806.

Served : at the Military Academy, 1806–11, 1812–17, as Asst. Professor
(CAPTAIN, CORPS OF ENGINEERS, JULY 23, 1810)
of Mathematics, Nov. 4, 1806, to June 5, 1811, — as Principal Asst. Professor of Mathematics, Apr. 29, 1812, to Apr. 13, 1813, — as Professor of Mathematics, Apr. 13, 1813, to Sep. 1, 1813, — as Professor of Engineering, Sep. 1, 1813, to Dec. 31, 1816, — and in command during the absence
(PROFESSOR OF MATHEMATICS, MILITARY ACADEMY, APR. 13, 1813)
(PROFESSOR OF ENGINEERING, MILITARY ACADEMY, SEP. 1, 1813)
of the Superintendent, Jan. 3, 1815, to Nov. 25, 1816, and from Jan. 13, 1817, to July 28, 1817.

RESIGNED, APR. 15, 1818.

Civil History. — Principal of Exploring Survey, under the 5th Article of the Treaty of Ghent, 1819. Founded Military Schools at Norwich, Vt., 1820, — Middletown, Ct., 1825, — Norwich University, Vt., 1835, — Portsmouth, Va., 1840, — Pembroke, N. H., 1847, — Harrisburg, Pa., 1850, — and Brandywine Springs, Del., 1853. Employed for many years in instructing the Militia of the Western States. Surveyor-General of Vermont, 1822. Member of the Legislature of Vermont, 1833, 1834, 1837, and 1839. Degree of A. M. conferred by Dartmouth College, N. H., 1812.

DIED, JAN. 17, 1854, AT NORWICH, VT. : AGED 69.

16....(Born Mo.)....**CHARLES GRATIOT**.....(Ap'd Mo.)

Military History. — Cadet of the Military Academy, July 17, 1804, to Oct. 30, 1806, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to
SECOND LIEUT., CORPS OF ENGINEERS, OCT. 30, 1806.

Served : as Asst. Engineer in the construction of the Defenses of Charleston Harbor, S. C., 1806–10 ; at West Point, N. Y., 1810–11 ; in
(CAPTAIN, CORPS OF ENGINEERS, FEB. 23, 1808)
the War of 1812–15 with Great Britain, as Chief Engineer of the Northwestern Army, under command of Major-General Harrison, in the Campaigns of 1813 and of 1814, being engaged in the Defense of Ft. Meigs, Apr. 28–May 9, 1813, — Attack on Ft. Mackinac, Aug. 4, 1814, — and
(BVT. COLONEL, MICHIGAN MILITIA, OCT. 5, 1813)
in command of a detachment which landed Sep. 13, 1814, near the mouth of the Natewasaga River, and succeeded in destroying six months' supplies of provisions, deposited there by the enemy for transportation to Mack-
(MAJOR, CORPS OF ENGINEERS, FEB. 9, 1815)
inac ; as Superintending Engineer of the fortifications in Delaware River and Bay, 1816–17 ; as Chief Engineer of Department No. 3 (embracing Michigan and N. W. Territory), 1817–18 ; as Superintending Engineer
(LIEUT.-COLONEL, CORPS OF ENGINEERS, MAR. 31, 1819)
of the construction of the defenses of Hampton Roads, Va. (Fts. Monroe and Calhoun), 1819–29 ; in command of the Corps of Engineers, in charge
(COLONEL AND CHIEF ENGINEER OF THE U. S. ARMY, MAY 24, 1828)
(BVT. BRIG.-GENERAL, MAY 24, 1828, FOR MERITORIOUS SERVICES AND GENERAL GOOD CONDUCT)
of the Engineer Bureau at Washington, D. C., and (*ex-officio*) Inspector of the Military Academy, May 24, 1828, to Dec. 6, 1838 ; and member of several Ordnance and Artillery Boards, 1828–38.

DISMISSED, DEC. 6, 1838, BY THE PRESIDENT,

for "having failed to pay into the Treasury the balance of the moneys placed in his hands, in 1835, for public purposes, after suspending therefrom the amount which he claims to be due him on settlement of accounts, according to the President's order, communicated to him by the Secretary of War on the 28th Nov., 1838 ; and having neglected to render his accounts in obedience to the law of Jan. 31, 1823." *

Civil History. — As testimonials of his services in the Northwest, Ft. Gratiot, on the right bank of the St. Clair River ; Gratiot County, Mich. ; and the villages of Gratiot, in Mich. and Wis., were named after him. Clerk in the General Land Office in Washington city, 1840–55.

DIED, MAY 18, 1855, IN ST. LOUIS, MO. : AGED 67.

* The Committee on the Judiciary made, Aug. 31, 1852, to the Senate of the United States, the following Report on the memorial of General Gratiot, which had been referred to it : —

"That the prayer of the petitioner is for the expression of the opinion of the Senate upon the legality of the proceedings in the dismissal of the petitioner from the Army of the United States.

"The simple expression of such an opinion scarcely seems consistent with the duty of the Senate, or compatible with the public interests ; for it would, very possibly, imply the necessity of ulterior proceedings not contemplated in the petition, and which it would be manifestly improper to originate on this wise, or from this Committee at all. As far, however, as the Committee may be justified in pursuing the course desired, they will proceed very cheerfully.

"The career of the petitioner in the Army of the United States, during a long period of nearly forty years, is a matter of history that may justly excite the pride and admiration of every American citizen. Brave in battle, he presided, for a long time, with distinguished honor and ability, at the head of one of the most difficult and arduous bureaus of the military department, and has left to the country lasting monuments of his skill and science in the construction of various magnificent fortifications, both to exhibit her strength and to insure her safety.

"While thus honorably and usefully employed in the public service for so many years, he was constantly confided in by his country, and never abused her confidence in the disbursement of immense sums of money, and lived honored and respected by all classes of men, with no taint of suspicion attaching to his name.

"With a character so high to sustain him, the charge of malfeasance in office should be received with great caution by the people, and rigidly scrutinized by Congress, and no unjust influences of any nature whatsoever should be permitted to prevail in his case ; but if, unfortunately, such influences do obtain ground, then it is obviously the imperative duty of Congress to remove them, for no higher duty devolves upon the federal legislature than the protection of the honor of its military officers, of which it is necessarily, to a very great extent, the chief custodian.

"In the attainment of this object no obstacle whatever should be allowed to interpose. Wherein legislation is deficient, it should be supplied, and all bars of rules and regulations of the service should be removed, for nothing can be so dear to the American officer as his honor, and nothing should be more assiduously guarded by the American people than that, for the honor of the soldiers of the Republic is in no small measure the life and spirit of enlightened freedom. With these brief general observations, the Committee will as briefly revert to the case of the petitioner.

"The case of General Charles Gratiot, who was the Chief of the Corps of Engineers in the Army of the United States, has been so elaborately discussed in every circle, and so fully reported upon to Congress, that the history of the whole case is familiar to every one.

"The alleged grievance, which constitutes the cause of his dissatisfaction, was the summary dismissal of the petitioner from the Army, in the year 1838, by the President of the United States, — first, upon the plea that the power thus exercised was arbitrary, and contrary to the true meaning and intent of the act of Congress conveying it ; and secondly, that a defalcation in the accounts of the petitioner, which was the cause assigned for the removal, did not and never did exist in truth.

"In support of his first plea, the petitioner exhibits a mass of testimony, which is certainly entitled to be very calmly weighed and measured ; and among the same is the opinion of the General Commanding-in-Chief, upon a parallel case, than which no authority can be higher.

"In support of the second plea, he denies totally the truth of the charge of defalcation, and contends that he is not and never was indebted to the United States for moneys misused by him, and that a just and legal adjustment of his accounts will bring the United States in debt to him ; that the withholding of the funds, upon the demand of the Secretary of War, was a measure of self-defense, justified by the circumstances of the case, and that he was then and is now prepared for an equitable settlement, which is his demand and desire.

"It seems to the Committee that both of the pleas are reasonable, and should receive attention, urged as they are, with the earnestness of conscious rectitude, by a gallant soldier, who has acquired a right to be heard from the blood he has spilled in battle.

"Further than this the Committee regret that they cannot go, as it is not in their power to afford an adequate remedy by recommending the passage of any law for the relief of the petitioner, and they therefore ask to be discharged from the further consideration of the subject."

17....(Born Mas.)....**ELEAZER D. WOOD**.....(Ap'd N. Y.)

Military History. — Cadet of the Military Academy, May 17, 1805, to Oct. 30, 1806, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

SECOND LIEUT., CORPS OF ENGINEERS, OCT. 30, 1806.

Served : as Asst. Engineer in the construction of the defenses at Governor's Island, New York harbor, 1807 ; at the Military Academy,

(FIRST LIEUT., CORPS OF ENGINEERS, FEB. 23, 1808)

1807–8 ; as Asst. Engineer at Fts. Norfolk and Nelson, Va., 1808–10 ; at West Point, N. Y., 1810–12, as Military Agent ; and in the War of

(CAPTAIN, CORPS OF ENGINEERS, JULY 1, 1812)

1812–15 with Great Britain, in General Harrison's Campaign of 1813, in the Northwest, and in the Campaign of 1814, on the Niagara Frontier, being engaged in the Defense of Ft. Meigs, Apr. 28–May 9, 1813, participating in the Sortie of May 5, on the British batteries and ap-

(BVT. MAJOR, MAY 6, 1813, FOR DISTINGUISHED SERVICES IN THE DEFENSE OF FT. MEIGS)

proaches, — Skirmish at Chatham, U. C. (in command of the Artillery), Oct. 4, 1813, — Battle of the Thames, U. C., Oct. 5, 1813, — Capture of Fort Erie, U. C., July 3, 1814, — Battle of Chippewa, July 5, 1814, — Reconnoissance of Ft. George, July 21, 1814, — Battle of Niagara, July 25, 1814, — and Defense of Ft. Erie, Aug. 3–Sep. 17, 1814, including its

(BVT. LIEUT.-COLONEL, JULY 25, 1814, FOR GALLANT CONDUCT IN THE BATTLE OF NIAGARA, U. C.)

Bombardment, Aug. 13–15, Repulse of the enemy's Assault, Aug. 15, and Sortie from it, Sep. 17, 1814, when, while gallantly leading and directing a column on the British batteries and siege works, he was

KILLED, SEP. 17, 1814, IN THE SORTIE FROM FT. ERIE, U. C. : AGED 31.

BIOGRAPHICAL SKETCH.

BVT. LIEUT.-COLONEL ELEAZER DERBY WOOD was born, Dec., 1783, at Lunenburg, Mass., and was descended from brave New England stock.

Except that young Wood commenced the study of medicine at Alburg, Vermont, we know little of his early history before going, May 17, 1805, to West Point. While a Cadet he was noted for his soldierly qualities, rigid compliance with regulations, devotion to study, and fondness for the sciences, in which he displayed such proficiency that he was at times detailed for engineer duty in New York harbor. He was graduated from the Military Academy and promoted, Oct. 30, 1806, to be a Second Lieutenant of Engineers, U. S. Army, and was immediately placed on duty with Colonel Williams, the Chief Engineer, to assist in the construction of the defenses of Governor's Island, New York harbor. In the winter of 1807–8, he was occupied in his professional studies at West Point, the headquarters of the Corps of Engineers, in which he became a First Lieutenant, Feb. 23, 1808. Soon after, he was ordered to Norfolk, Va., to aid in fortifying its harbor, where he remained until 1810, when he again returned to West Point, becoming then the Military Agent of the post till 1812. From there he was ordered to the charge of the defenses of New London harbor, Conn., and to erect a battery at Sag Harbor, Long Island, N. Y.

In November, after Hull's surrender of Detroit, Wood received his much-coveted orders for service "where war is most active." He had long felt the great wrongs suffered by our country, and deeply deprecated the apathy of the nation in not resisting continued insults and British oppression.

In General Harrison's Campaign of 1813, in the Northwest, Wood was virtually the Chief Engineer, Captain Gratiot being most of the time absent on other duty, or too sick for active service. Wood's comprehensiveness of mind, his remarkably mature judgment, and fertility of resources, were exhibited in every step and detail of this most arduous campaign. General Harrison, in his official despatch, says : "Captain Gratiot, of the Engineers, having been for a long time much indisposed, the task of fortifying the post devolved on Captain Wood. It could not have been placed in better hands. Permit me to recommend him to the President, and to assure you that any mark of his approbation bestowed on Captain Wood would be highly gratifying to the whole of the troops who witnessed his arduous exertions." On the recommendation of his commanding general, Wood was brevetted, May 6, 1813, a Major "for distinguished services in the Defense of Ft. Meigs." In his order of the day to his command, Harrison further says : "Where merit was so general, indeed almost universal, it is difficult to discriminate. The General cannot, however, omit to mention the names of those whose situation gave them an opportunity of being more particularly useful. From the long illness of Captain Gratiot, of the Corps of Engineers, the arduous and important duties of fortifying the camp devolved on Captain Wood, of that corps. In assigning to him the first palm of merit, as far as relates to the transactions within the works, the General is convinced his decision will be awarded by every individual in the camp who witnessed his indefatigable exertions, his consummate skill in providing for the safety of every point, and in foiling any attempt of the enemy, and his undaunted bravery in the performance of his duty in the most exposed situations."

After raising the siege of Ft. Meigs, and being foiled in his attack upon Ft. Stephenson, Proctor, with his British forces and savages, retreated across Detroit Straits to Malden, Can., which he abandoned after Perry's victory on Lake Erie, and was pursued by Harrison to the Thames River, where Proctor and Tecumseh were utterly routed, Oct. 5, 1813, Major Wood in this battle being again highly distinguished.

After spending a few weeks at West Point, the headquarters of the Corps of Engineers, deeply absorbed in study and preparation for coming events, he joined the "Army of the Niagara" as assistant to Major McRee, its Chief Engineer. In the campaign of 1814 of this army, he was much distinguished in the Action of Chippewa, Battle of Niagara, and Defense of Ft. Erie, in the sortie from which, at the head of a column of 400 regulars and 500 volunteers under his command, he was mortally wounded, Sep. 17, 1814, and died the night after, professing the most ardent attachment to his country, and a jealous solicitude for the honor of her arms, commending her, with his last breath, to the favor and protection of the Almighty.

Thus ended the brief and brilliant career of this noble soldier, who had few equals and was surpassed by none of his profession and peers. Young in age, he was a veteran in the art of war. His eight years of army life "had uniformly been an exhibition of military skill, acute judgment, and heroic valor ;" and, in the language of his commanding General, "no officer of his grade could have contributed more to the safety and honor of the Army." He was truly the soul and genius of every enterprise in which he was engaged ; one of "the immortal names that were not born to die." His daily companions loved him, for he was social and genial, the most honorable and generous of men, and as affectionate and gentle as a maiden. His official superiors vied in their tributes to his worth, for he was the intellectual light of the council and the lion of the battlefield. Though extremely retiring and modest in manner, his form, features, military air and bearing disclosed the *beau-idéal* soldier, the real *preux chevalier*, who, wherever danger appeared,

was there as calm, fearless, and self-possessed as upon a quiet parade. On the field of Niagara, meeting Brown almost fainting from his wound, Wood exclaimed, with great emotion: "Never mind, my dear General, you are gaining the greatest victory which has ever been won for your country." He thought not of physical pain, but, amid the carnage of battle, his heroic soul glowed with lofty enthusiasm for his country's glory. His nobility of nature impressed every one.

It was Wood's peculiar good fortune to be prominent in every branch of his profession; whether as an engineer, making the daring reconnoissance, or directing defenses; as an artillerist, pursuing the flying foe to the Thames, or serving in the battery at Chippewa; as a Paladin cavalier, in the final rout of Proctor's last fugitives; or the accomplished infantry commander leading the column and charging the besiegers at Ft. Erie. While first in battle, he was also first in the estimation of those he so faithfully served. Harrison assigns to him "the first palm of merit" at Ft. Meigs, and highly praises his efficiency in the invasion of Canada; Brown reports his marked distinction at Niagara, where his "high military talents were exerted with great effect," and to whose "assistance a great deal is fairly to be ascribed;" Gaines says, "In the command of a regiment of infantry he has often proved himself well qualified, but never so conspicuously as in the repulse of the British assault on Ft. Erie;" Ripley, on the same occasion, acknowledges his indebtedness to "this officer's merits, so well known that approbation can scarcely add to his reputation;" Porter, under whom he led a column in the sortie from Ft. Erie, reports to Brown, "You know how exalted an opinion I have always entertained of him;" and his Commanding General, when this pillar of his power lay prostrate in death, pronounced this truthful eulogy on his worth: "Wood, brave, generous, and enterprising, died as he had lived, without a feeling but for the honor of his country and the glory of her arms. His name and example will live to guide the soldier in the path of duty so long as true heroism is held in estimation."

All authority warrants us in saying that, during the whole operations on the Niagara, no terms of praise could do justice to Wood's gallantry, zeal, skill, and perseverance, whether in reconnoitring the enemy, ascertaining and reporting his position, encouraging the troops, conducting columns to their destination, planning judicious movements, providing against emergencies, devising defenses, seeing the key-point of the battlefield, or grasping the whole problem of the campaign.

After the termination of the war, Major-General Brown ordered, Sep. 12, 1816, a monument to be erected to Wood's memory on West Point, at his expense, as a testimonial of his "respect for the hero and the man." This simple shaft, so well known to all the earlier graduates of the Military Academy, was removed, in 1885, from its conspicuous position, where it was a marked feature of that exquisite view of the Hudson above West Point, as was also the graceful mound upon which it stood, — a natural moraine of the glacial period. All appreciators of this memorial tribute to true heroism, every devotee of geological science, and the many lovers of the picturesque who oft gazed upon that fitting foreground to one of the most beautiful panoramas of land and water in the world, must regret this unnecessary iconoclastic sacrifice to some unexplained caprice.

18...(Born Vt.)...**WILLIAM PARTRIDGE**.....(Ap'd Vt.)

Military History.—Cadet of the Military Academy, Dec. 13, 1805, to Oct. 30, 1806, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

SECOND LIEUT., CORPS OF ENGINEERS, OCT. 30, 1806.

Served : at West Point, N. Y., 1807 ; as Asst. Engineer in the construction of the defenses of Charleston harbor, S. C., 1808–10 ; at West
(FIRST LIEUT., CORPS OF ENGINEERS, FEB. 23, 1808)
Point, N. Y., 1810–11 ; and in the War of 1812–15 with Great Britain, as
(CAPTAIN, CORPS OF ENGINEERS, JULY 1, 1812)
Chief Engineer, in the Campaign of 1812 in Michigan Territory, of the Army commanded by Major-General Hull, by whose Surrender of Detroit,* Aug. 16, 1812, he was made a prisoner of war, being at the time too sick to attend to duty, and before being exchanged,

DIED, SEP. 20, 1812, AT DETROIT, MICH. : AGED 24.

* When Hull announced his determination to surrender, Captain Partridge broke his sword across his knee and threw the pieces at Hull's feet.

19....(Born Ct.)....**PRENTISS WILLARD**.....(Ap'd Vt.)

Military History — Cadet of the Military Academy, Nov. 23, 1803, to Oct. 30, 1806, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

SECOND LIEUT., CORPS OF ENGINEERS, OCT. 30, 1806.

Served : at West Point, N. Y., 1806–7 ; as Asst. Engineer in the construction of defensive works on the New England coast, 1808 ; as Super-
(FIRST LIEUT., CORPS OF ENGINEERS, FEB. 23, 1808)
intending Engineer of the fortifications at Beaufort, S. C., 1809–10 ; as Asst. Engineer in erecting the defenses of New York harbor, 1811 ; and
(CAPTAIN, CORPS OF ENGINEERS, JULY 6, 1812)
in the War of 1812–15 with Great Britain, as Engineer of the defenses of Beaufort, S. C., 1812–13.

DIED, OCT. 12, 1813, AT BEAUFORT, S. C. : AGED 23.

20....(Born Mo.)....**JOSEPH PROVEAUX**.....(Ap'd S. C.)

Military History. — Cadet of the Military Academy from its organization,* to Nov. 14, 1806, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

SECOND LIEUT., REG. OF ARTILLERISTS, NOV. 14, 1806.

Served: in garrison at Atlantic Posts, 1806–12 ; and in the War of
(FIRST LIEUT., REG. OF ARTILLERISTS, JAN. 9, 1809)
1812–15 with Great Britain, on duty at the South, 1812–13.

DIED, NOV. 10, 1813, at — : AGED 30.

* Was then a Cadet of Artillerists and Engineers, receiving instruction at the post of West Point, N. Y., under the law of 1794 and subsequent acts of Congress.

21....(Born N. J.)....**THOMAS BENNETT**.....(Ap'd N. J.)

Military History. — Cadet of the Military Academy, July 8, 1803, to Nov. 14, 1806, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

SECOND LIEUT., REG. OF ARTILLERISTS, NOV. 14, 1806.

Served : in garrison at Atlantic Posts, 1806–12 ; in the War of 1812–15,
(FIRST LIEUT., REG. OF ARTILLERISTS, AUG. 1, 1809)
(CAPTAIN, REG. OF ARTILLERISTS, JUNE 20, 1813)
with Great Britain, on duty at Ft. Independence, Mas., and Ft. Con-
(TRANSFERRED TO CORPS OF ARTILLERY, MAY 12, 1814)
stitution, N. H. ; and in garrison at New London, Ct., 1815–16, — Pittsfield, Mas., 1816, — Castine, Me., 1816–17, — and Portsmouth, N. H., 1817–18.

DIED, SEP. 26, 1818, AT FORT CONSTITUTION, N. H. : AGED 30.

22....(Born Vt.).....**ETHAN A. ALLEN.***.....(Ap'd Vt.)

Military History.—Cadet of the Military Academy, Dec. 10, 1804, to Nov. 14, 1806, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

SECOND LIEUT., REG. OF ARTILLERISTS, NOV. 14, 1806.

Served: in garrison at Atlantic Posts, and on N. W. Frontier, 1806–12;

(FIRST LIEUT., REG. OF ARTILLERISTS, OCT. 1, 1809)

in the War of 1812–15 with Great Britain, at Norfolk and Craney Island, Va., 1812–13,—and on Lake Champlain, 1814; in command of

(TRANSFERRED TO CORPS OF ARTILLERY, MAY 12, 1814)

(CAPTAIN, CORPS OF ARTILLERY, JULY 25, 1814)

Craney Island, Va., 1815–21; and Superintendent of Regimental Recruiting Service, 1818–20.

DISBANDED, JUNE 1, 1821.

Civil History.—U. S. Inspector of Customs, on the Canada Frontier, 1821 to 1823. Farmer, Norfolk County, Va., 1823–33. Merchant, Norfolk, Va., 1833–34.

DIED, JAN. 6, 1855, IN NORFOLK COUNTY, VA.: AGED 66.

* Was the son of General ETHAN ALLEN, the hero of Ticonderoga and Crown Point.

23....(Born Pa.).....**ROBERT LUCAS**.....(Ap'd Pa.)

Military History.—Cadet of the Military Academy, Dec. 29, 1804, to Nov. 14, 1806, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

SECOND LIEUT., REG. OF ARTILLERISTS, NOV. 14, 1806.

Served in garrison at Atlantic Posts, 1806–10.

RESIGNED, OCT. 31, 1810.

Civil History.—Unknown.

Military History.—Re-appointed in the Army with the rank of

MAJOR, 22D INFANTRY, MAR. 3, 1813.

Served: in the War of 1812–15 against Great Britain, on the Northern Frontier, 1813–14, being engaged in the Capture of Ft. George, U. C., May 27, 1813,—and in General Wilkinson's Descent of the St. Lawrence River, 1813.

DIED, FEB. 4, 1814, AT FRENCH MILLS, N. Y.: AGED 26.

24....(Born Eng.)...**JOHN D. WYNDHAM**.....(Ap'd N. Y.)

Military History.—Cadet * of the Military Academy, May 27, 1805, to Nov. 14, 1806, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

SECOND LIEUT., REG. OF ARTILLERISTS, NOV. 14, 1806.

FIRST LIEUT., REG. OF ARTILLERISTS, JAN. 29, 1811.

Served in garrison at Atlantic Posts, 1806–12.

DISMISSED, MAR. 14, 1812, FOR "DRUNKENNESS ON DUTY."

DIED, 1813, AT —: AGED 30.

* Before becoming a Cadet, he had been an officer in the British Army, from which he had retired.

25....(Born Mo.).....**LOUIS LORAMIER**.....(Ap'd Mo.)

Military History.—Cadet of the Military Academy, July 17, 1804, to Nov. 14, 1806, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

ENSIGN, FIRST INFANTRY, NOV. 14, 1806.

SECOND LIEUT., 1ST INFANTRY, JAN. 20, 1808.

Served on the Western Frontier, 1806–9.

RESIGNED, DEC. 31, 1809.

Civil History. — Farmer, near Cape Girardeau, Mo., 1810–31.

DIED, 1831, AT CAPE GIRARDEAU, MO.

GRADUATES OF 1807.

26....(Born N. J.).....**JUSTUS POST**.....(Ap'd Vt.)

Military History. — Cadet of the Military Academy, Oct. 9, 1806, to Dec. 9, 1807, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

SECOND LIEUT., REG. OF ARTILLERISTS, DEC. 9, 1807.

Served: in garrison at Atlantic posts, 1807–12; and in the War of

(FIRST LIEUT., REG. OF ARTILLERISTS, JULY 1, 1811)

1812–15 with Great Britain, as Military Agent, 1812, and Agent of For-

(TRANSFERRED TO CORPS OF ARTILLERY, MAY 12, 1814)

(COL., STAFF — QUARTERMASTER-GENERAL, NOV. 22, 1814)

tifications, 1812–15, at Ft. Columbus, New York harbor.

DISBANDED, JUNE 15, 1815.

Civil History. — Farmer, Bonhomme Bottom, St. Louis County, Mo., 1816–30. Judge of the County Court of St. Louis, Mo., Nov. 22, 1822, to Dec. 13, 1826. Engineer of the Survey of the Illinois and Michigan Canal, 1823–24. Member of the Senate of the State of Missouri, 1826–30. Farmer and Merchant, Alexander (now Pulaski) County, Ill., 1830–46.

DIED, MAR. 14, 1846, AT CALEDONIA, ILL.: AGED 65.

27....(Born Vt.).....**SATERLEE CLARK**.....(Ap'd Vt.)

Military History — Cadet of the Military Academy, May 15, 1805, to Dec. 9, 1807, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

SECOND LIEUT., REG. OF ARTILLERISTS, DEC. 9, 1807.

Served: in garrison at Atlantic Posts, 1807–10; in the Pay Depart-

(DISTRICT PAYMASTER, AUG. 15, 1810)

(FIRST LIEUT., REG. OF ARTILLERISTS, JULY 10, 1811, TO DEC. 31, 1813)

ment, 1810–12, and during the War with Great Britain, 1812–15.

MAJOR, 26TH INFANTRY, APR. 15, 1814: DECLINED.

DISBANDED, JUNE 15, 1815.

Re-appointed in the Army with the rank of

BATTALION AND DISTRICT PAYMASTER, APR. 29, 1816.

Served: in the Pay Department, 1816–24, at Washington, D. C., 1816–21,

(PAYMASTER, IN THE REORGANIZATION OF THE ARMY, JUNE 1, 1821, TO RANK FROM APR. 29, 1816)

— and at Utica, N. Y., 1821–24, when, under the 3d Sec. of Act of Jan. 31, 1823, he was

DISMISSED, AUG. 5, 1824.

Civil History. — Sutler at Ft. Howard, Wis., 1828–42.

DIED, MAR. 1, 1848, AT WASHINGTON CITY.

28....(Born Ct.).....**JOHN ANDERSON**.....(Ap'd Vt.)

Military History. — Cadet of the Military Academy, Oct. 9, 1806, to

Dec. 9, 1807, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

SECOND LIEUT., REG. OF ARTILLERISTS, DEC. 9, 1807.

Served in garrison at Artillery Posts, 1807–11.

RESIGNED, MAY 1, 1811.

Re-appointed in the Army with the rank of

FIRST LIEUT., 19TH INFANTRY, JULY 6, 1812.

Served : in the War of 1812–15 with Great Britain, in the Campaign of 1812 in Michigan Territory, becoming a prisoner of war, Aug. 16, 1812,

(CAPTAIN, 19TH INFANTRY, MAR. 16, 1813)

(BVT. MAJOR, STAFF — TOP. ENGINEER, APR. 12, 1813)

on the Surrender of Detroit, — and in the Campaign of 1814, as Chief Top. Engineer on the Staff of Major-General Izard ; in exploring Northwestern and Western Territory, 1815 ; on the Survey of Lake Champlain, etc., 1815–16 ; in constructing Military Road from Detroit, Mich., to Maumee River, 1817 ; and on Survey of Sites for Fortifications on the

(BVT. LIEUT.-COLONEL, APR. 12, 1823, FOR FAITHFUL SERVICE TEN YEARS IN ONE GRADE)

New England Coast, 1826–29, — of Hudson River, 1829, — of Taunton and Weymouth Canal, Mas., 1833, — and of the Shores of the Northwestern Lakes, 1834.

DIED, SEP. 14, 1834, AT DETROIT, MICH. : AGED 54.

29....(Born Ct.).....**SAMUEL CHAMPLIN**.....(Ap'd Ct.)

Military History. — Cadet of the Military Academy, Oct. 9, 1806, to Dec. 9, 1807, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

SECOND LIEUT., REG. OF ARTILLERISTS, DEC. 9, 1807.

Served : in garrison at Atlantic Posts, 1807–11 ; in Pay Department,

(DISTRICT PAYMASTER, JUNE 14, 1811)

(FIRST LIEUT., REG. OF ARTILLERISTS, OCT. 31, 1811)

1811–12 ; and in the War of 1812–15 with Great Britain, as Military Agent and Agent of Fortifications, 1812, at Charleston, S. C., — and as Chief Quartermaster of the Southern Division of the Army, commanded

(MAJOR, STAFF — DEP. QUARTERMASTER-GEN., MAR. 18, 1813)

(TRANSFERRED TO CORPS OF ARTILLERY, MAY 12, 1814)

by Major-General T. Pinckney, 1813–15. Provisionally retained as Dep. Quartermaster-Gen., as provided by law of Mar. 3, 1815, until he was

DISBANDED, MAY 21, 1816.

Civil History. — After being disbanded from the U. S. Army, he joined McGregor's Expedition against Florida, as Colonel and Chief of Artillery, and was engaged in the Capture of Amelia Island, Fla., July 30, 1817. Captain of "Magazine Guard," at Charleston, S. C., 1830–32. United States Inspector of Customs and Boarding Officer at Charleston, S. C., 1833–61.

DIED, FEB. 10, 1863, AT CHARLESTON, S. C. : AGED 80.

30....(Born Eng.).....**SAMUEL NOAH**.....(Ap'd N. Y.)

Military History. — Cadet of the Military Academy, May 5, 1805, to Dec. 9, 1807, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

ENSIGN, 2D INFANTRY, DEC. 9, 1807.

SECOND LIEUT., 2D INFANTRY, AUG. 18, 1808.

FIRST LIEUT., 2D INFANTRY, NOV. 6, 1810.

Served on frontier duty in the Gulf States, 1808–11.

RESIGNED MAR. 13, 1811.

After his resignation from the U. S. Army, served as a volunteer, 1812–13 (with the rank of First Lieut., Feb. 8 to July 13, 1813), in the Patriot Army of Mexico, in its invasion of the Province of Texas, and was engaged in the Capture of Ft. Bahia (Goliad, since 1829), Nov. 14, 1812, — Defense of Ft. Bahia, Nov. 14, 1812, to March 28, 1813, — Combat, near San Antonio, Tex., April 4, 1813, in command of the Rear Guard of the Army, and Capture of San Antonio, Tex., Apr. 7, 1813. Informed of the United States' Declaration of War against Great Britain, he, with difficulty, left Texas, and not being able to obtain a commission at Washington, served, Aug. 18, 1814, to Feb. 15, 1815, as a volunteer in the Defense of Brooklyn and Harlem Heights, New York harbor, in which position, from his military information, he rendered valuable assistance to the inexperienced militia forces.

Civil History. — School Teacher, near Goshen, Orange County, N. Y., 1816–20, — in Hanover County, Va., 1823–30, — in Orange County, Va., 1830–36, — Mount Meridian, Va., 1836–37, — and in Bath County, Va., 1837–48.

DIED, MAR. 10, 1871, AT MOUNT PULASKI, ILL.: AGED 92.

BIOGRAPHICAL SKETCH.

SAMUEL NOAH, who was born July 19, 1779, in the city of London, died March 10, 1871, at Mount Pulaski, Logan County, Illinois, at the advanced age of nearly ninety-two, he having been for several years the senior surviving graduate of the U. S. Military Academy. He was of Jewish descent, and was the cousin of Mordecai M. Noah, formerly Consul to Tunis, and for many years the editor of various New York journals.

When twenty years old he emigrated to this country, and after a residence of several years in New York city, solicited a midshipman's appointment, but not succeeding, accepted, May 5, 1805, that of a Cadet in the First Regiment of Artillery. Being intelligent and a good penman, he was often selected as amanuensis to the Superintendent of the Military Academy, and frequently acted as Judge-Advocate or Recorder of Courts at West Point. Upon graduation, Dec. 9, 1807, preferring the infantry arm, he was promoted an Ensign in the Second Regiment, which, after a tedious journey, he joined at Cantonment Columbia Springs, in the rear of Ft. Adams, Miss. Here he devoted his leisure hours to the study of the early campaigns of Napoleon, who was then the military prodigy of the world; but this fascinating occupation was soon interrupted by his having to watch smugglers on the Florida frontier, and march from one unhealthy camp to another in the Gulf States. During these migrations he met Captain Winfield Scott just after his duel near Natchez with Dr. Upshur (brother of the Secretary of State blown up on board the Princeton); Lieutenant James Gibson, subsequently killed at the sortie from Ft. Erie; General James Wilkinson, Captain Edmund P. Gaines, General Wade Hampton, and other since famous officers, of whom he had many anecdotes to relate. Wearied finally with slow promotion, and disgusted that ignorant civilians were appointed to rank him, he resigned, Mar. 13, 1811, his commission of First Lieutenant in the Army.

Soon after this period, a Mexican deputation from the Junta of Coahuila, General Bernardo Gutierrez and a Captain Manshac, arrived at Natchitoches, where Lieutenant Magee, a graduate of 1809, was stationed, and offered him the command, with the rank of Colonel, of the combined force there assembled of Mexicans and Anglo-Americans. After Magee as-

sumed the command, Noah, allured by visions of a golden future, joined as First Lieutenant this little, undisciplined Falstaffian regiment on the Brazos River while on its march to Ft. Bahia, which it entered Nov. 14, 1812; but no sooner was the fort in possession of the "Patriot Army" than the Spanish Royalists besieged it with a force of five times the strength of the garrison. In this struggle poor Colonel Magee sickened and died, and was buried with the honors of war during the enemy's cannonade, a 6-pounder ball lodging close to his grave. After the siege was raised, March 28, 1813, and the Patriots reinforced, their little army, with Noah in command of its rear guard, pursued and routed the Royalists, April 4, 1813, in a sharp combat near San Antonio, and three days later entered the capital of Texas, Salcedo, the Governor, surrendering at discretion with his entire force.

Informed soon after of the United States' declaration of war against Great Britain, Noah, true to the flag of his adopted country, left Texas, and, escaping through many perils by flood and field, reached the city of Washington, where he was most sadly disappointed in not being recommissioned by President Madison in the United States Army. Nothing daunted, however, he proceeded to New York, and volunteered his services as a private soldier in Captain Benjamin Dunning's company for the defense of Brooklyn, then being fortified with field-works by General Joseph G. Swift, to repel an anticipated descent of the British on Long Island at Sag Harbor. His services here and at Harlem Heights, to the close of the war, in aid of the inexperienced militia forces, were most zealous and untiring, his military education, practical knowledge, and quick intelligence proving powerful auxiliaries to his patriotic devotion to duty. When he applied his helping hand to bring order out of the existing chaos, the condition of affairs will be best understood by the following order then published on parade by Brigade Major Hamilton:—

"The General commanding feels himself impelled by the present exigency, which threatens an immediate call for actual hostilities and resolute resistance, to express his sentiments unreservedly to all the captains he now has the honor to command, for it must be apparent to them that, how respectable soever they may be at home, they are decidedly deficient in a military point of view, and consequently cannot, at this important crisis, be considered competent to perform the duties which must necessarily devolve upon them. He therefore confidently trusts that they will see the propriety of transferring their respective commands to the skillful superintendence of such capable officers as may be selected to succeed them, and return to their respective places of residence, both for the benefit of the service and the security of the State."

After the termination of Noah's military career he taught school near Goshen, New York, till 1820; then for two years was in England, being present at the trial of Queen Caroline and coronation of George IV.; resumed school-teaching, and was employed in various academies in Virginia till May 24, 1848; and subsequently resided with a faithful friend at Mount Pulaski, Logan County, Illinois, where he died.

The romantic record of Samuel Noah's early life is full of wild adventure and thrilling incidents; his after history was a curious medley—almost the very counterpart of the vicissitudes to which Gil Blas was exposed; and his long declining years were an old age of poverty, with little relief even from sources upon which he confidently counted to ease his weary journey to the grave.

GRADUATES OF 1808.

31....(Born Vt.).....**DANIEL A. A. BUCK**.....(Ap'd Vt.)

Military History.—Cadet of the Military Academy, July 9, 1806, to Feb. 23, 1808, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

SECOND LIEUT., CORPS OF ENGINEERS, FEB. 23, 1808.

Served as Assistant Engineer in the construction of the defenses of Bedloe's Island, New York harbor, 1808–11.

RESIGNED, AUG. 31, 1811.

Re-appointed in the Army, with the rank of

SECOND LIEUT., 3D ARTILLERY, OCT. 17, 1812,

which appointment he having declined, he was then made

CAPTAIN, 31ST INFANTRY, APR. 30, 1813.

Served in the War of 1812–15 with Great Britain, in the Campaign of 1813, under Major-General Hampton, being engaged in the Combat of Chateaugay River, Oct. 26, 1813.

DISBANDED, JUNE 15, 1815.

Civil History.—Counselor at Law, Chelsea, Vt., 1811–13, and 1815–35. Member of the House of Representatives of the State of Vermont, 1816, 1817, 1818, 1819, 1820, 1821, 1822, 1825, 1826, 1829, 1830, 1833, 1834, and 1835; and Speaker, 1820–22, 1825–26, and 1829. Member of the U. S. House of Representatives from Vermont, 1823–25 and 1827–29. Trustee of the University of Vermont, at Burlington, 1829–35. Clerk in the U. S. War Department, July 28, 1835, to Dec. 31, 1839; and in the Treasury Department, 1840.

DIED, DEC. 24, 1841, AT WASHINGTON, D. C.: AGED 53.

32....(Born Mas.)....**SAMUEL BABCOCK**.....(Ap'd Mas.)

Military History.—Cadet of the Military Academy, Apr. 28, 1806, to Feb. 23, 1808, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

SECOND LIEUT., CORPS OF ENGINEERS, FEB. 23, 1808.

Served: as Asst. Engineer, in the construction of the fortifications of New York harbor, 1808–14; Asst. Engineer of Military District No. 5

(FIRST LIEUT., CORPS OF ENGINEERS, JULY 1, 1812)

(Md. and Va.), 1813; in the War of 1812–15 with Great Britain, as Chief Engineer of the forces under command of Major-General Smith, in the

(CAPTAIN, CORPS OF ENGINEERS, SEP. 20, 1812)

Defense of Baltimore, Md., 1814; and as Superintending Engineer of the defenses of Delaware River, and construction of Ft. Delaware, Delaware Bay, 1816–24,—of the improvement of the Ohio and Mississippi rivers,

(MAJOR, CORPS OF ENGINEERS, MAR. 31, 1819)

1824–26,—of New Castle harbor improvement, Del., 1826–28,—and of the construction of Ft. Pulaski, Ga., 1828–30.

RESIGNED, DEC. 22, 1830.

DIED, JUNE 26, 1831, AT PHILADELPHIA, PA.: AGED 46.

33....(Born Mas.)...**SYLVANUS THAYER**.....(Ap'd Mas.)

Military History.—Cadet of the Military Academy, Mar. 20, 1807, to Feb. 23, 1808, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

SECOND LIEUT., CORPS OF ENGINEERS, FEB. 23, 1808.

Served: in surveying sites and projecting plans for batteries at New Haven and Stonington harbors, Ct., and inspecting Ft. Trumbull, Ct., 1808; as Asst. Engineer in the construction of the defenses of the Massachusetts Coast, 1808–9; at the Military Academy, 1809–11; as Asst. Engineer, at the fortifications of New York harbor, and Asst. Ordnance

(FIRST LIEUT., CORPS OF ENGINEERS, JULY 1, 1812)

Officer, New York city, 1811–12; in the War of 1812–15 with Great Britain, as Chief Engineer of the Northern Army, under command of

(CAPTAIN, STAFF — DEP. COMMISSARY OF ORDNANCE, SEP. 22, 1812)

Major-General Dearborn, in the Campaign of 1812, — of the Right Division of the same Army, under command of Major-General Hampton, to whom he was also Aide-de-Camp, in the Campaign of 1813, being en-

(CAPTAIN, CORPS OF ENGINEERS, OCT. 13, 1813)

gaged in the Combat of Chateaugay River, Oct. 26, 1813, — of the forces under command of Bvt. Brig.-General Porter, in the Defense of Norfolk, Va., in 1814, — and Brigade Major to Bvt. Brig.-General Porter,

(BVT. MAJOR, FEB. 20, 1815, FOR DISTINGUISHED AND MERITORIOUS SERVICES)

1814–15; on professional duty in Europe, examining fortifications, military schools and establishments, and the operations of the Allied armies, then occupying France, on the fall of Napoleon, 1815–17; as Superintendent of the Military Academy, July 28, 1817, to July 1, 1833; as

(BVT. LIEUT.-COLONEL, MAR. 3, 1823, FOR DISTINGUISHED AND MERITORIOUS SERVICES)

(MAJOR, CORPS OF ENGINEERS, MAY 24, 1828)

Superintending Engineer of the construction of Fts. Warren and Inde-

(BVT. COLONEL, MAR. 3, 1833, FOR FAITHFUL SERVICE TEN YEARS IN ONE GRADE)

pendence, Boston harbor, Mas., 1833–43, continuing the direction of those works while on professional duty in Europe, till 1846; in general supervision of Harbor Improvements in Maine and Massachusetts, 1836–43, and of the Coast Defenses east of Boston, Mas., 1833–43; as Superin-

(LIEUT.-COLONEL, CORPS OF ENGINEERS, JULY 7, 1838)

tending Engineer of the construction of Ft. Warren, Mas., 1846–57, — of Ft. Independence, Mas., 1847–48, — of Ft. Winthrop, Mas., 1847–48, — and of the Sea Walls in Boston harbor, 1846–57; as Member of the Board of Engineers for Coast Defenses, Apr. 2, 1833, to Dec. 21, 1857, being President of the Board from Dec. 7, 1838; in command of the Corps of Engineers, Dec. 21, 1857, to Dec. 22, 1858; as Member of various special Engineer, Ordnance, and Artillery Boards, 1825–58; and

(COLONEL, CORPS OF ENGINEERS, MAR. 3, 1863)

(BVT. BRIG.-GENERAL, U. S. ARMY, MAY 31, 1863, FOR LONG AND FAITHFUL SERVICE)

on sick leave of absence, 1858–63.

RETIRED FROM ACTIVE SERVICE, JUNE 1, 1863, UNDER THE LAW OF JUNE 17, 1862, "HAVING BEEN BORNE ON THE ARMY REGISTER MORE THAN 45 YEARS."

Civil History. — Degree of A. M. conferred by Dartmouth College, N. H., 1810, from which he was graduated in 1807, — and by Harvard University, Mas., 1825; of LL. D., by St. John's College, Md., 1830, — by Kenyon College, O., 1846, — by Dartmouth College, N. H., 1846, — and by Harvard University, Mas., 1857. Member of American Academy

of Arts and Sciences, 1834, — of the American Philosophical Society of Philadelphia, Pa., 1838, — and of various scientific associations, 1834–67.

DIED, SEP. 7, 1872, AT BRAINTREE, MAS.: AGED 87.

BIOGRAPHICAL SKETCH.

BVT. BRIG.-GENERAL SYLVANUS THAYER was born June 9, 1785, at Braintree, Mass.; received a classical education at Dartmouth College, N. H.; was graduated from the Military Academy, and promoted to the Corps of Engineers, Feb. 23, 1808; served on various engineer and ordnance duties, 1808–12; was engaged in the War of 1812–15 against Great Britain, receiving for his "distinguished and meritorious services" the brevet of Major, Feb. 20, 1815; soon after went abroad on professional duty; and July 28, 1817, at the age of thirty-two, assumed the responsible trust of Superintendent of the U. S. Military Academy, which he found in a deplorably chaotic condition.

Major Thayer's military experience in the field, his foreign travel and associations, his familiarity with the polite usages of society, his dignified bearing and refined mode of life, and, above all, his scientific acquirements, enlarged professional reading, and familiarity with the French and dead languages, gave him immense vantage ground for success. Almost by intuition he discovered the virulent ulcers destroying the vital parts of the Academy, and such as he could not cauterize into healing action, like a bold surgeon, he promptly amputated. Examinations were at once held, the incompetent and vicious dismissed, and the indolent, who had lingered for many years without progress, quickly discovered that a like fate awaited a continuance of their dereliction. He promptly organized the Cadets into a battalion of two companies, officered by members of their own body, with a colonel at its head and an adjutant and sergeant-major for his staff; appointed an officer of the army as "Commandant of Cadets," responsible for their tactical instruction and soldierly discipline; transacted business with members of his command only at stated office hours; classified all Cadets according to their proficiency in studies; divided classes into small sections for more thorough instruction by the teachers in charge; required weekly class reports showing the daily progress of students according to a scale of marks; directed more thorough recitations and a freer use of the blackboard; greatly improved the curriculum of studies, according to a well-digested programme; organized a proper Academic Board, with the Superintendent at its head; introduced the check-book system, to curtail the prevailing extravagance of Cadets then deeply in debt; reduced the expenses of educating pupils to less than one half the cost at the Woolwich Military Academy in England; had the Officer of the Day daily to dine with him, enabling himself thereby to learn all that was transpiring in camp or barracks; required Cadets to obtain a permit from him for almost everything, even to a letter from the post office, thus maintaining such constant intercourse as enabled him to call all by name, and understand their characters and habits; and made many other salutary provisions to secure thorough discipline, a high standard of honor, complete physical and mental development, and a generous rivalry for conspicuous soldiership and eminent class rank. The more thoroughly to guarantee the latter, the Secretary of War directed, Feb. 14, 1818, the publishing in the Army Register of the names of the five Cadets of each class most distinguished for attainments and meritorious conduct. Soon after, Apr. 14, 1818, the Professorship of Geography, History, and Ethics was established, thus adding new and important elements in the education of Cadets.

These successive advances, which so marvelously elevated the tone and character of the Military Academy in less than a year, are best exempli-

fied by the first regulations under Major Thayer's Superintendency, approved, July 23, 1818, by that enlightened Secretary of War, John C. Calhoun. These regulations provided for a January and a June examination in each year; required new Cadets to report at West Point before the 25th of June, and prohibited examinations for admissions after September 1st, unless candidates were prevented by sickness from reporting sooner; established an annual encampment in July and August in lieu of vacations, which were abolished; granted furloughs for two months after the June examination, provided that not more than one fourth of the Corps of Cadets were absent at one time; allowed only those to be graduated who had gone through the exercises of two entire encampments; stopped the pay of all failing to return at the expiration of their furloughs, and dismissed them from the service; made a diploma the evidence of having completed the full course of studies; attached to the Army Register the names of the five most distinguished of each class reported at the preceding June examination; secured promotion to the grade of commissioned officer according to "general merit," as established upon graduation; admitted aptitude for the several arms of service to be considered, provided it did not interfere with the order of class rank; declared a Cadet suspended for any cause from the Academy ineligible to a commission in the Army till his entire class had been promoted; and, finally, forbade that any deficient or dismissed Cadet should be appointed "to any office or post in the Army of the United States until at least five years after the promotion of the class to which he had belonged."

The day after the adoption of these salutary safeguards for the discipline, instruction, honor, and rights of the military service, the first class in the order of scholarly attainments and meritorious conduct was graduated from the Academy.

With each revolving year of Colonel Thayer's Superintendency, class after class was graduated, adding to our army 570 officers, of whom the nation may be justly proud, for in that galaxy are many bright particular stars which have given lustre to our arms, illuminated the paths of science, brightened halls of learning, and adorned various vocations of usefulness.

In this brief sketch it would be impossible to record each prominent event in Thayer's management, and to descant upon the multiform meliorations introduced by him during the sixteen years of his masterly administration, wherein he built up the Military Academy from an elementary school to a model seminary of science and soldiership worthy of a great people. In these sixteen years mathematics, from Hutton's Elements, had advanced to a complete course of algebra, geometry, plane and spherical trigonometry, descriptive geometry (including shades, shadows, and perspective), surveying and the use of instruments in the field, analytical geometry, and differential and integral calculus; from a little smattering of French, taught to a few in 1817, some in 1833 became sufficiently proficient to speak the language, most to read it fluently, and all to translate readily scientific text-books and professional works; drawing, confined mostly to copying a few traces of fortifications and a slight use of the brush, had progressed to the delineation of the human figure, pen and pencil landscapes, and topography in all styles of representation; natural and experimental philosophy, from what is to be found in Enfield, had grown to an extended course in physics, dynamics, hydrostatics, hydrodynamics, magnetism, electro-magnetism, optics, and astronomy, embracing their principles, phenomena, and use of the various instruments; chemistry, mineralogy, and geology, in all their branches, had been introduced in 1820; artillery, from a few elements given in a small treatise, with a little target practice and the manual of the piece, had expanded to

the theory and practice of gunnery, the fabrication of pyrotechnics required for all the purposes of war, and the manœuvre of pieces and foot batteries ; grammar, rhetoric, geography, history, moral philosophy, and constitutional and international law had been added in 1818 to the duties of the Chaplain ; engineering, just beginning to be taught as in the Polytechnic School of France, had been enlarged to the broad basis upon which was built subsequently the admirable course of field and permanent fortifications, the science of war, architecture, stereotomy, and civil engineering in all of its branches ; infantry tactics, confined chiefly to elementary drills in 1817, comprised in 1833 the theory and practice of all movements from the school of the soldier to evolutions of the line, including the exercises of light infantry and riflemen ; military police in camp and barracks was carried out to the full extent required by army regulations ; numerous summer marches had been made, extending even as far as Boston, but were abolished after 1822, that hospitable city having proved a Capua to the Cadet Hannibals ; the hours for study, recitation, exercises, recreation, and sleep had been judiciously adjusted to produce the maximum instruction and minimum injury to health ; rigorous and just discipline and healthy moral tone had been firmly established ; cheerful obedience to orders and harmony and goodwill prevailed ; the power of courts-martial to try Cadets had been affirmed in 1819 by the Attorney-General and President ; all degrading punishments had been abolished, and those of a strictly military type substituted ; the dissipated, idle, vicious, and incompetent were eliminated from the institution ; effete professors had been replaced by the brightest instructors who had been graduated at the Academy ; a new hospital had been erected for the accommodation of the sick, and malingering was checked ; the library, from a few miscellaneous volumes, had grown to embrace a large and valuable collection of scientific, military, and standard works ; models, instruments, and apparatus had been supplied for instruction in the various departments ; a Board of Visitors annually attended the June examination, and reported upon the condition of the Academy; Cadet appointments were distributed according to population ; the hotel had been erected for the accommodation of official visitors and relatives of Cadets, but not to subserve the purposes of a fashionable watering-place ; many buildings for the accommodation of officers and for the other uses of the Academy had been built ; adjacent land had been purchased to enlarge the post, and remove the "Gridley Tavern" nuisance ; a military band of great excellence had been created, led by Willis's famous Kent bugle ; shade trees had been planted and many embellishments made to the grounds of West Point ; and above all, there had been inculcated sentiments of high honor, strict integrity, ardent patriotism, obedience to command, fidelity to duty, laudable ambition, professional pride, refined courtesy, kindness to juniors, reverence for seniors, and the various accessories which make up the true gentleman and chivalric soldier.

Colonel Thayer, in the sixteen years of his successful administration, had gathered around him an able body of skilled officers, who materially aided him in his herculean task, — Professors Douglass, Davies, and Courtenay, who had developed the analytical sciences, the true groundwork of military education ; Torrey, Hopkins, and Mather, who had made the course of chemistry, mineralogy, and geology ; Crozet and Mahan, who had skillfully applied all these branches to military and civil engineering and the science of war ; McIlvaine and Warner, who had given their culture and eminent abilities to the teaching of ethics and law ; the haughty Worth and the scholarly Hitchcock, who had impressed discipline and tone in their daily control of Cadets ; an able body of assistant professors, selected from the fittest of their classes, who efficiently aided their chiefs ; and the soldierly members of his military staff, who had essentially les-

sened his burden of endless details. But the directing mind was the great Superintendent himself, a ripe scholar, acquainted with every science taught, passionately fond of military literature, and singularly gifted for his elevated command. To the discharge of his important functions he brought eminent personal qualifications, uniting decision with courtesy, authority with kindness, knowledge with consideration for ignorance, strict discipline with paternal admonition, unfaltering integrity to unflinching firmness, fidelity to his trust, and loyalty to his country, and with a restless energy and an untiring industry that never left anything unfinished or to chance. With such qualities and accomplishments it is not surprising that the Academy, which he found weak, imperfectly organized, low in prerequisites, and inferior in its course of training, should be raised by his knowledge of its wants and devotion to its interests, to be the paragon of educational institutions in this country; and, judged by its fruits, not surpassed in the nations of the Old World.

Commendations, official and unofficial, of Thayer's Superintendency came from all quarters: he was made, Mar. 3, 1823, a Bvt. Lieut.-Colonel "for distinguished and meritorious services;" and, in 1826, was strongly recommended by General Scott to be brevetted a Colonel, "for the highest development and effect" given to the Military Academy, to which "for more than eight years he had devoted his great attainments, and the most unwearied zeal and application to its duties."

For twelve years Colonel Thayer had held a sway at West Point which had never been disputed even by the Executive, when, in 1829, General Andrew Jackson, a man of iron, became President of the United States, and John H. Eaton, a man of putty in the hands of his moulder, his Secretary of War. Though the existing relations between Jackson and Thayer were amicable, it was inevitable that there would soon be a collision between these two positive men respecting the control of the Military Academy.

The history of the subsequent differences between the President and the Superintendent is too long to be given here, but its details are to be found in my address upon the unveiling of the Thayer statue at West Point, June 11, 1883.

Thayer, worn out by the irrepressible conflict of authority, saw that he had become a mere automaton of power at West Point, and felt that he could no longer, under the existing régime, be of service to the institution which he had raised to its present excellence, and that he could not continue to be a target for the shafts which were daily destroying his prerogative. He accordingly asked to be placed upon other duty.

The peerless Superintendent was relieved, July 1, 1833, from command of the Military Academy, which, in the sixteen years of his devoted administration, had grown from a badly conducted rudimentary school to become a preëminent seminary of science, an enduring monument of his fame, a fostering mother to the whole army, the cynosure of all educational institutions throughout the land, and a priceless possession for the nation's security and glory. Such laurels had Thayer won by his masterly skill and efficiency that, five years later, when his successor was relieved from duty at West Point, he was invited by Mr. Poinsett, then Secretary of War under President Van Buren, to resume with almost absolute powers the charge of the Military Academy. The unfortunate appointment at the time of a Chaplain little suited to secure the moral discipline of Cadets frustrated the whole scheme.

Upon leaving West Point, Thayer was made a member of the Board of Engineers, and was also charged with the planning and building of the fortifications and other public works in and about Boston harbor, which, as erected by him, will endure for ages as models of engineering skill and standards of economy and stability of construction. These arduous

labors, to which he gave his whole time, except while absent sick in Europe, occupied him for thirty years, when, June 1, 1863, age and feeble health terminated his active military career of more than half a century of unsurpassed usefulness and faithful service. The day before his retirement he was brevetted Brigadier-General for "long and faithful service."

After his retirement from active service, he lived a humble and almost hermit life at Braintree, Mas., where he died Sep. 7, 1872, at the advanced age of eighty-seven. His remains were removed and re-interred, with military honors, at West Point, Nov. 8, 1877, and to the "Father of the Military Academy" was erected upon the plain at West Point, on the semi-centennial of the retirement of the great Superintendent from command of the Academy, a striking statue of him who had achieved so much for military science and the glory of his country; who was always true to himself and to his trust; and who with pride could point to the graduates of this Academy as the jewels and adornments of his administration, as did the noble Cornelia to her Gracchi sons.

34..(Born N. Y.)..**SAMUEL B. RATHBONE**.....(Ap'd N. Y.)

Military History. — Cadet of the Military Academy, June 29, 1803, to June 13, 1808, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

SECOND LIEUT., REG. OF ARTILLERISTS, JUNE 13, 1808.

Served: in garrison at Atlantic Posts, 1808–12; and in the War of 1812–15 with Great Britain, being engaged in the Attack on Queenstown Heights, U. C., Oct. 13, 1812, where he was Mortally Wounded, and

DIED OF WOUNDS, DEC. 8, 1812, AT FORT NIAGARA, N. Y.

35....(Born Mo.).....**LOUIS VALLÉ**.....(Ap'd Mo.)

Military History. — Cadet of the Military Academy, Jan. 11, 1805, to June 13, 1808, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

SECOND LIEUT., REG. OF ARTILLERISTS, JUNE 13, 1808: DECLINED.

Civil History. — Merchant at St. Genevieve, Mo., and engaged in Lead-mining, 1808–33.

DIED, SEP. 23, 1833, AT ST. GENEVIEVE, MO.: AGED 43.

36....(Born Vt.).....**HEMAN A. FAY**.....(Ap'd Vt.)

Military History. — Cadet of the Military Academy, Mar. 20, 1807, to June 13, 1808, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

SECOND LIEUT., REG. OF ARTILLERISTS, JUNE 13, 1808.

Served: in garrison at Atlantic Posts, 1808–12; and in the War of

(FIRST LIEUT., REG. OF ARTILLERISTS, DEC. 23, 1811)

(TRANSFERRED TO CORPS OF ARTILLERY, MAY 12, 1814)

1812–15 with Great Britain, in garrison at Ft. Adams, R. I., Ft. McHenry, Md. (as Asst. Military Agent), and Ft. Washington, Md., when he was

DISBANDED, JUNE 15, 1815.

Chief Forage Master of the Northern Division of the Army, 1816–17; and as Military Store Keeper, and Agent of the Quartermaster Department at Albany, N. Y., Jan. 3, 1818, to July, 1842.

Civil History. — Author, 1815, of "Official Account of Battles Fought between the Army and Navy of the United States and Great Britain in 1812–15."

DIED, AUG. 20, 1865, AT BENNINGTON, VT.: AGED 87.

37....(Born Vt.).....**OLIVER G. BURTON**.....(Ap'd Vt.)

Military History. — Cadet of the Military Academy, Mar. 20, 1807, to June 18, 1808, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

FIRST LIEUT., 4TH INFANTRY, JUNE 18, 1808.

Served: on the Northwestern Frontier, 1808–11; in Gen. Harrison's Campaign of 1811 in Indiana Territory, being engaged in the Battle of

(CAPTAIN, 4TH INFANTRY, AUG. 25, 1811)

Tippecanoe, Nov. 7, 1811; and in the War of 1812–15 with Great Britain, being engaged in the Action of Maguago (near Brownstown), Mich., Aug. 9, 1812, — Surrender of Detroit, Mich., Aug. 16, 1812, —

(MAJOR, 33D INFANTRY, JUNE 15, 1814)

and, after his exchange as a prisoner of war, on Recruiting and Inspecting duty, 1814–15.

DISBANDED, JUNE 15, 1815.

Re-appointed, and served as Sutler and Store Keeper at West Point, N. Y., 1815–20.

DIED, FEB. 22, 1821, AT MATANZAS, CUBA.

38....(Born Ct.)....**MINOR HUNTINGTON**.....(Ap'd Ct.)

Military History. — Cadet of the Military Academy, Mar. 20, 1807, to June 18, 1808, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

SECOND LIEUT., 4TH INFANTRY, JUNE 18, 1808.

FIRST LIEUT., 4TH INFANTRY, JULY 3, 1809.

Served on the Northwestern Frontier, 1808–11.

RESIGNED, FEB. 20, 1811.

Civil History. — Unknown, except that he became an Editor in Connecticut.

DIED, 18—, IN CONNECTICUT.

39....(Born Vt.).....**MILO MASON**.....(Ap'd Vt.)

Military History. — Cadet of the Military Academy, Mar. 20, 1807, to June 18, 1808, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

ENSIGN, 4TH INFANTRY, JUNE 18, 1808.

Served: on the Northwestern Frontier, 1808–9; in garrison at Atlan-

(SECOND LIEUT., REG. OF ARTILLERISTS, JAN. 9, 1809)

tic Posts, 1809–12; in the War of 1812–15 with Great Britain, on

(FIRST LIEUT., REG. OF ARTILLERISTS, FEB. 29, 1812)

the Canada Frontier, — and Aide-de-Camp to Brig.-General Cushing,

(TRANSFERRED TO CORPS OF ARTILLERY, MAY 12, 1814)

1814–15; as Aide-de-Camp to Brig.-General Porter, 1815–16; on Quar-

(CAPT., STAFF — ASST. DEP. QUARTERMASTER-GEN., APR. 29, 1816)

(CAPTAIN, CORPS OF ARTILLERY, MAY 17, 1816)

termaster duty, 1816–20, being Quartermaster-General of the Southern Division, commanded by Major-General Jackson, 1818–20; on Recruit-

(MAJOR, STAFF — DEP. QUARTERMASTER-GEN., FEB. 13, 1818)

(RESIGNED STAFF COMMISSION, MAY 1, 1820)

ing service, 1820–21; and in garrison at Ft. Sullivan, Me., 1821–23, —

(CAPTAIN, 1ST ARTILLERY, IN RE-ORGANIZATION OF ARMY, JUNE 1, 1821)

Ft. Independence, Mas., 1823, — Ft. Columbus, N. Y., 1823–24, — Ft.
(BVT. MAJOR, MAY 17, 1826, FOR FAITHFUL SERVICE
TEN YEARS IN ONE GRADE)
Monroe, Va. (Artillery School for Practice), 1824–26, — Ft. Wolcott, R. I., 1826–27, — Ft. Washington, Md., 1827–35, — and Washington Arsenal, D. C., 1835–37.

DIED, FEB. 4, 1837, AT WASHINGTON, D. C.

40....(Born N. H.)...**GEORGE P. PETERS**.....(Ap'd N. H.)

Military History. — Cadet of the Military Academy, Dec. 3, 1807, to June 18, 1808, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

ENSIGN, 4TH INFANTRY, JUNE 18, 1808.

Served : on the N. W. Frontier, 1808–11 ; in General Harrison's Cam-
(SECOND LIEUT., 4TH INFANTRY, JULY 3, 1809)
paign of 1811 in Indiana Territory, being engaged in the Battle of Tip-
(FIRST LIEUT., 4TH INFANTRY, OCT. 29, 1811)
pecanoe, Nov. 7, 1811, where he was wounded ; in the War of 1812–15 with Great Britain, being engaged in the Combat of Maguago (near Brownstown), Mich., Aug. 9, 1812, where he was wounded, — Surrender
(PAYMASTER, 4TH INFANTRY, DEC. 14, 1812)
(MAJOR, STAFF — ASST. ADJUTANT-GENERAL, AUG. 29, 1813)
of Detroit, Mich., Aug. 16, 1812, — and attack on La Cole Mill, L. C.,
(CAPTAIN, 4TH INFANTRY, FEB. 21, 1814)
(CAPTAIN, CORPS OF ARTILLERY, ON REDUCTION OF ARMY,
MAY 17, 1815)
Mar. 30, 1814 ; in Military operations on the S. E. Frontier, participating in Major-General Jackson's Campaign of 1817–18 against the Seminole Indians, and his Seizure of Pensacola, Fla., May 24, 1818, being engaged in the Bombardment and Capture of Ft. San Carlos de Barrancas, Fla., May 26–27, 1818 ; and in garrison at Pensacola, Fla., 1818–19, — and at Ft. Gadsden, Fla., 1819.

DIED, NOV. 28, 1819, AT FORT GADSDEN, FLA.

41....(Born Md.).....**JAMES GIBSON**.....(Ap'd Del.)

Military History. — Cadet of the Military Academy, Oct. 20, 1806, to Dec. 12, 1808, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

FIRST LIEUT., LIGHT ARTILLERY, DEC. 12, 1808.

Served : in garrison at Atlantic Posts, and on S. W. Frontier, 1808–12 ;
(CAPTAIN, LIGHT ARTILLERY, MAY 2, 1810)
and in the War of 1812–15, on the Niagara Frontier, in 1812, participating in the Attack on Queenstown Heights, U. C., Oct. 13, 1812, — on In-
(MAJOR, STAFF — ASST. INSPECTOR-GENERAL, APR. 2, 1813)
(COLONEL, STAFF — INSPECTOR-GENERAL, JULY 13, 1813)
spection duty, 1812–14, — and in the Campaign of 1814 on the Niagara Frontier, being engaged in the Defense of Ft. Erie, U. C., Aug. 3–Sep. 17, 1814, including its Bombardment, Aug. 13–15, Repulse of the enemy's
(COLONEL, 4TH RIFLES, FEB. 21, 1814)
Assault, Aug. 15, and Sortie from it upon the British batteries and siege works, where he was

KILLED, SEP. 17, 1814 : AGED 33,

and where, in the language of the official dispatch, he "fully sustained the high military reputation which he had before so justly acquired." *

* Fort Gibson, on Ellis's Island, New York harbor, was so named to commemorate his gallant services.

42....(Born Mas.)...**SAMUEL NEWMAN***.....(Ap'd Mas.)

Military History. — Cadet of the Military Academy, Oct. 30, 1807, to Dec. 12, 1808, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

SECOND LIEUT., LIGHT ARTILLERY, DEC. 12, 1808.

FIRST LIEUT., LIGHT ARTILLERY, JUNE 11, 1809.

Served in garrison at Atlantic Posts, 1808–10.

RESIGNED, JUNE 25, 1810.

Civil History. — Unknown.

DIED 18—.

* Nephew of Capt. SAMUEL NEWMAN, 2d Infantry, who was killed, Nov. 4, 1791, in St. Clair's defeat.

43....(Born N. H.)...**ALPHEUS ROBERTS**.....(Ap'd N. H.)

Military History. — Cadet of the Military Academy, Mar. 20, 1807, to Dec. 12, 1808, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

SECOND LIEUT., LIGHT ARTILLERY, DEC. 12, 1808.

Served in garrison at Terre au Bœuf, La., 1808–9.

DIED, AUG. 27, 1809, AT NEW ORLEANS, LA.: AGED 23.

44....(Born Vt.).....**LUTHER LEONARD**.....(Ap'd Vt.)

Military History. — Cadet of the Military Academy, Oct. 9, 1806, to Dec. 12, 1808, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

SECOND LIEUT., LIGHT ARTILLERY, DEC. 12, 1808.

FIRST LIEUT., LIGHT ARTILLERY, SEP. 1, 1809.

Served : in garrison at Atlantic Posts, 1808–12 ; in the War of 1812–15

(CAPTAIN, LIGHT ARTILLERY, JULY 6, 1812)

with Great Britain, in the Campaign of 1812 on the Niagara Frontier, of 1813 on the St. Lawrence River, and of 1814 on the Lake Champlain line of operations, being engaged in the Defense of Ft. Niagara during its Bombardment, Nov. 21, 1812, — Capture of Ft. George, U. C., May 27, 1813, — Skirmish and Repulse of the enemy's Night Assault at Stony Creek, U. C., June 6, 1813, — Battle of Chrystler's Field, U. C., Nov. 11, 1813, — Skirmish at Odletown, L. C., Mar. 30, 1814, — Defense of Ft. Oswego, N. Y., May 5–6, 1814, — and Battle of Plattsburg, N. Y., Sep. 11, 1814 ; and in garrison, in Boston harbor, Mas., 1816–17, — at Castine, Me., 1817–19, — and Marblehead, Mas., 1819–21.

DISBANDED, JUNE 1, 1821.

Civil History. — Sutler to the 5th Infantry, 1821–45.

Military History. — Re-appointed in the Army as

MILITARY STORE KEEPER OF ORDNANCE, DEC. 31, 1845.

Served : at Liberty Ordnance Depot, Mo., 1845–58, and at Watertown

(RETIRED FROM ACTIVE SERVICE, NOV. 29, 1861, FOR DISABILITY RESULTING FROM LONG AND FAITHFUL SERVICE, AND DISEASE CONTRACTED IN THE LINE OF DUTY)

Arsenal, Mas., 1858–61 ; and unemployed from Nov. 29, 1861, to Feb. 11, 1865.

DIED, FEB. 11, 1865, AT SOMERVILLE, MAS. : AGED 78.

45....(Born Vt.)....**SAMUEL H. HOLLEY**.....(Ap'd Vt.)

Military History. — Cadet of the Military Academy, Dec. 3, 1807, to Dec. 12, 1808, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

SECOND LIEUT., LIGHT ARTILLERY, DEC. 12, 1808.

Served in garrison at Atlantic Posts, 1808–10.

RESIGNED, JAN. 1, 1810.

Re-appointed in the Army with the rank of

CAPTAIN, 11TH INFANTRY, MAR. 12, 1812.

Served in the War of 1812–15 with Great Britain, on garrison duty, 1812–13.

RESIGNED, MAY 15, 1813.

Civil History. — Counselor at Law, Shoreham, Vt., 1813–40. Quartermaster-General of the State of Vermont, with the rank of Brig.-General, 1820–37. Member of the Executive Council of the State of Vermont, 1823–28. Judge of Addison County Court, Vt., 1833–42. Degree of A. M. conferred by Middlebury College, Vt., 1826.

DIED, MAR. 21, 1858, AT WHITEHALL, N. Y. : AGED 76.

GRADUATES OF 1809.

46. (Born N. Y.). **CHRISTOPHER VAN De VENTER**. (Ap'd N. Y.)

Military History. — Cadet of the Military Academy, Jan. 2, 1808, to Jan. 9, 1809, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

SECOND LIEUT., REG. OF ARTILLERISTS, JAN. 9, 1809.

Served : in garrison at Atlantic Posts, 1809–12 ; in the War of 1812–15

(FIRST LIEUT., REG. OF ARTILLERISTS, MAR. 12, 1812)

with Great Britain, as Asst. Military Agent, and on Staff duties in New York harbor, 1812–13, — and in the Campaign of 1813 on the Niagara

(CAPT., STAFF — ASST. DEP. QUARTERMASTER-GEN., MAR. 26, 1813 : DECLINED)

Frontier, being engaged in the Capture of Fort George, U. C., May 27, 1813, and in the Night Assault at Stony Creek, U. C., June 6, 1813, where he was taken prisoner and confined at Quebec until 1814, when he es-

(TRANSFERRED TO CORPS OF ARTILLERY, MAY 12, 1814)

(TRANSFERRED TO MAJOR, STAFF — ASST. ADJUTANT-GENERAL, JAN. 11, 1815)

(FIRST LIEUT., CORPS OF ARTILLERY, ON REDUCTION OF ARMY, MAY 17, 1815)

caped, but was re-captured on the Maine frontier ; and as Aide-de-Camp to Bvt. Brig.-General Swift, 1816.

MAJ., STAFF — DEP. QUARTERMASTER-GEN., TO RANK FROM MAR. 26, 1813,

in the Re-organization of the General Staff, under the Law of Apr. 24, 1816.

RESIGNED, AUG. 30, 1816.

Civil History. — Chief Clerk of the U. S. War Department, 1817–27.

DIED, APR. 22, 1838, AT GEORGETOWN, D. C. : AGED 49.

47...(Born N. Y.)..**SOLOMON G. CONKLING**.....(Ap'd Vt.)

Military History. — Cadet of the Military Academy, Apr. 2, 1808, to

Jan. 24, 1809, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

SECOND LIEUT., REG. OF ARTILLERISTS, JAN. 24, 1809.

Served in garrison at Atlantic Posts, 1809–10.

DIED, AUG. 9, 1810, AT FT. MCHENRY, MD.: AGED 22.

48....(Born Mas.)..**AUGUSTUS W. MAGEE**.....(Ap'd Mas.)

Military History. — Cadet of the Military Academy, June 15, 1808, to Jan. 24, 1809, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

SECOND LIEUT., REG. OF ARTILLERISTS, JAN. 24, 1809.

Served at Atlantic Posts and on the Texas Frontier, 1809–12.

RESIGNED, JUNE 22, 1812.

After his resignation from the U. S. Army, he entered the Patriot Army of Mexico as Colonel, Oct., 1812, serving in the "Gachupin War," and as Commander-in-Chief, *de facto*, of the "Republican Army of the North," invaded Texas and captured Fort Bahia (Goliad, since 1829), Nov. 14, 1812, where were found the guns of Louis XIV., brought to San Bernardo (Matagorda Bay) by La Salle, in 1685, when in search of the Mouth of the Mississippi River.

DIED, MAR. 10, 1813, AGED 24, AT FT. BAHIA, TEX.,

where he was buried, during the enemy's cannonade, a 6-pounder ball lodging close to his grave.

49....(Born N. Y.)....**MILTON HAXTUN**.....(Ap'd N. Y.)

Military History. — Cadet of the Military Academy, June 15, 1808, to Jan. 25, 1809, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

CORNET, LIGHT DRAGOONS, JAN. 25, 1809.

Served in garrison at Atlantic Post, 1809.

DIED, DEC. 29, 1809, AT CARLISLE, PA.: AGED 19.

50....(Born Vt.).....**ANSON HALL**.....(Ap'd Vt.)

Military History. — Cadet of the Military Academy, June 15, 1808, to Jan. 27, 1809, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

ENSIGN, 4TH INFANTRY, JAN. 27, 1809.

Served on the Northwestern Frontier, 1809–10.

RESIGNED, FEB. 16, 1810.

Civil History. — Unknown.

DIED, 18—.

51....(Born Ct.)....**ABRAHAM L. SANDS**.....(Ap'd Ct.)

Military History. — Cadet of the Military Academy, June 15, 1808, to Feb. 18, 1809, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

SECOND LIEUT., REG. OF ARTILLERISTS, FEB. 18, 1809.

Served: in garrison at Atlantic Posts, 1809–12; in the War of 1812–15 with Great Britain, on Recruiting service, 1812–13, — in garrison at Ft.

(FIRST LIEUT., REG. OF ARTILLERISTS, FEB. 10, 1813)

Charlotte, Mobile harbor, Ala., 1813–14, — in the Defense of Ft. Bowyer,

(TRANSFERRED TO CORPS OF ARTILLERY, MAY 12, 1814)

Ala., Sep. 15, 1814, as Aide-de-Camp to the commanding officer, — Attack

and Capture of Pensacola, Fla., Nov. 7, 1814, acting as Aide-de-Camp to Major-General Jackson, — and Capture of Ft. Bowyer, Sep. 10, 1815; on the Florida Frontier, 1815–19, participating, as Battalion Adjutant of Artillery, in Major-General Jackson's Campaign of 1817–18 against the

(CAPTAIN, CORPS OF ARTILLERY, SEP. 17, 1818)

Seminole Indians, and his seizure of Pensacola, Fla., May 24, 1818, being engaged in the Bombardment and Capture of Ft. San Carlos de Barrancas, Fla., May 26–27, 1818; in garrison at Mobile, 1819, as Acting

(CAPTAIN, 4TH ARTILLERY, IN RE-ORGANIZATION OF ARMY, JUNE 1, 1821)

Adjutant-General of 8th Military Department, 1820–21; and in garrison at Petite Coquille, La., 1821, — and at St. Marks, Fla., 1821–22.

RESIGNED, NOV. 1, 1823.

Civil History. — Unknown.

DIED, DEC. 25, 1840, AT NEW YORK CITY: AGED 58.

52....(Born S. C.)...**THEODORE RANDELL**.....(Ap'd S. C.)

Military History. — Cadet of the Military Academy, Apr. 2, 1808, to June 28, 1809, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

SECOND LIEUT., REG. OF ARTILLERISTS, JUNE 28, 1809.

Served in garrison at Atlantic Posts, 1809–11.

RESIGNED, MAR. 31, 1811.

After his resignation from the U. S. Army, he served in the War of 1812–15 with Great Britain, as Aide-de-Camp, with the rank of Major, to Major-General Moore, S. C. Militia, at Haddrel's Point, Charleston harbor, S. C.

Civil History. — Planter on Sandy River, Chester District, S. C., 1811–51. Aide-de-Camp to Governor Geddes, of South Carolina, with the rank of Colonel, 1820–21. Member of the House of Representatives of the State of South Carolina, 1832–36.

DIED, OCT. 20, 1851, IN CHESTER DISTRICT, S. C.: AGED 60.

GRADUATES OF 1811.

53...(Born Pa.)..**ALEXANDER J. WILLIAMS***.....(Ap'd Pa.)

Military History. — Cadet of the Military Academy, May 15, 1805, to Mar. 1, 1811, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

SECOND LIEUT., CORPS OF ENGINEERS, MAR. 1, 1811.

Served: at West Point, N. Y., 1811–12; and in the War of 1812–15

(FIRST LIEUT., CORPS OF ENGINEERS, JULY 1, 1812)

(CAPTAIN, 2D ARTILLERY, MAR. 17, 1813)

with Great Britain, in command of Ft. Mifflin, Pa., 1812–14, — and in the Campaign of 1814 on the Niagara Frontier, being engaged in the Defense of Ft. Erie, U. C., where, in a hand-to-hand encounter, while repulsing the enemy's fourth desperate assault upon the bastion of the work, he was

KILLED, AUG. 15, 1814: AGED 24.

* Was the son of Colonel JONATHAN WILLIAMS, the first Superintendent of the Military Academy, and Chief Engineer of the U. S. Army.

BIOGRAPHICAL SKETCH.

CAPTAIN ALEXANDER JOHN WILLIAMS was the oldest son of Colonel Jonathan Williams, the first Chief of Engineers, U. S. Army. He was born Oct. 10, 1790, in Philadelphia, Pa.; entered the Military Academy, as a Cadet, July 9, 1806, and was graduated from that institution, and promoted, Mar. 1, 1811, to be a Second Lieutenant of Engineers. He continued on duty at West Point till 1812, when he was ordered to superintend the construction of Ft. Mifflin, Pa., and while there was promoted, July 1, 1812, to a First Lieutenancy. Believing that he would see more active service and be more rapidly advanced in the Artillery, during the war now declared against Great Britain, he asked for a transfer to that corps, in which he was commissioned a Captain, Mar. 17, 1813. His residence of over a year on the lowlands of the Delaware River, at this time, had brought on a dangerous fever, yet, so anxious was he to share the honors and perils of the campaign of 1814, that, before he was convalescent, he applied to be ordered to the Niagara army, which he joined in time to take part in the Defense of Ft. Erie. Here his abilities were so conspicuous that he was selected for the important command of the old work before the assault was made upon it. Thrice, on the morning of Aug. 15, 1814, had he repulsed the enemy, and, when a fourth desperate assault was being made upon the bastion of the fort, he perceived a lighted port fire in front of the enemy, enabling them to direct their fire with great precision. Instantly he sprang forward, cut it off with his sword, and in the act fell mortally wounded,— thus nobly sacrificing himself to save his men. So perished this gallant and accomplished officer, not twenty-four years old, sincerely lamented by his friends for his private worth, and deeply regretted by the whole army, with which he was a favorite. Though ambitious of distinction, he was perfectly unassuming; with laudable spirit, he was indefatigable in the discharge of every duty; and, by his intelligence, zeal, and exemplary deportment, won the esteem and applause, not only of his subordinates, but of every superior in command.

54....(Born Mo.)...**MARIE V. BOISAUBIN**.....(Ap'd N. J.)

Military History.—Cadet of the Military Academy, Apr. 14, 1809, to Mar. 1, 1811, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

SECOND LIEUT., LIGHT ARTILLERY, MAR. 1, 1811.

Served: in garrison at Atlantic Posts, 1811–12; as Adjutant, Light

(FIRST LIEUT., LIGHT ARTILLERY, MAR. 1, 1811)

Artillery, 1812; and in the War of 1812–15 with Great Britain, on the Niagara Frontier, being engaged in the Capture of Ft. George, U. C., May 27, 1813.

DIED, AUG. 10, 1813, AT FT. GEORGE, U. C.

55....(Born Ct.).....**ADAM LARRABEE**.....(Ap'd Ct.)

Military History.—Cadet of the Military Academy, Jan. 18, 1808, to Mar. 1, 1811, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

SECOND LIEUT., LIGHT ARTILLERY, MAR. 1, 1811.

Served: in garrison at Atlantic Posts, 1811–12; and in the War of

(FIRST LIEUT., LIGHT ARTILLERY, MAY 1, 1811)

1812–15 with Great Britain, in the Campaign of 1812 on the Niagara Frontier,—in General Wilkinson's Campaign of 1813–14 on the St. Law-

(CAPTAIN, LIGHT ARTILLERY, FEB. 21, 1814)

rence, being engaged in the Attack on La Cole Mill, Mar. 30, 1814, where he was severely wounded through the lungs, — and in the march of General Izard's division from Plattsburg to the Niagara, 1814.

DISBANDED, JUNE 15, 1815.

Civil History. — Farmer, Ledyard (formerly Groton), Ct., 1815–53. Member of the House of Representatives of the State of Connecticut, 1822. Member of the Board of Visitors to the Military Academy, 1828. Presidential Elector, 1840. Farmer, Windham, Ct., 1853–69.

DIED, OCT. 25, 1869, AT WINDHAM, CT.: AGED 83.

56....(Born Me.)....**HENRY A. HOBART**.....(Ap'd Me.)

Military History. — Cadet of the Military Academy, Jan. 20, 1808, to Mar. 1, 1811, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

SECOND LIEUT., LIGHT ARTILLERY, MAR. 1, 1811.

Served: in garrison at Atlantic Posts, 1811–12; and in the War of

(FIRST LIEUT., LIGHT ARTILLERY, AUG. 15, 1811)

1812–15 with Great Britain, on the Niagara Frontier, 1812–13, being engaged in the Capture of York (now Toronto), U. C., Apr. 27, 1813, — and Capture of Ft. George, U. C., May 27, 1813, where, while gallantly leading his company to the attack, he was

KILLED, MAY 27, 1813: AGED 22.

57....(Born N. Y.)...**THOMAS KETCHUM**.....(Ap'd N. Y.)

Military History. — Cadet of the Military Academy, June 15, 1808, to Mar. 1, 1811, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

SECOND LIEUT., LIGHT ARTILLERY, MAR. 1, 1811.

Served: in garrison at Atlantic Posts, 1811–12; and in the War of

(FIRST LIEUT., LIGHT ARTILLERY, SEP. 1, 1811)

(CAPTAIN, LIGHT ARTILLERY, AUG. 31, 1814)

1812–15 with Great Britain, being engaged in the Defense of Sackett's Harbor, N. Y., May 29, 1813.

DISBANDED, JUNE 15, 1815.

Civil History. — U. S. Inspector of Customs, N. Y., 18— to 18—. Sutler at West Point, N. Y., June, 1821, to Sep. 6, 1825.

DIED, 1836, AT NEW YORK CITY: AGED 49.

58....(Born Vt.).....**JAMES D. COBB**.....(Ap'd Vt.)

Military History. — Cadet of the Military Academy, Mar. 8, 1808, to Mar. 1, 1811, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

SECOND LIEUT., LIGHT ARTILLERY, MAR. 1, 1811.

Served: on Recruiting service, 1811–13; and in the War of 1812–15

(FIRST LIEUT., LIGHT ARTILLERY, APR. 1, 1812)

with Great Britain, in garrison at Greenbush, N. Y., 1813–14.

DISCHARGED,* BY ORDER OF THE PRESIDENT, MAR. 9, 1814.

Civil History. — Superintendent of "Literary, Scientific, and Military Gymnasium," at Georgetown, D. C., 1826–29. Counselor at Law, Ohio, 1832–42. Member of the Board of Visitors to the Military Academy, 1850. Special Agent of the U. S. Treasury Department to visit Land Offices in Arkansas, 1851. Clerk in Third Auditor's Office of U. S. Treasury Department, 1851–53. Professor of Mathematics in Franklin

College, Holly Springs, Mis., 1854, and in Andrew College, Trenton, Ten., 1856. President of La Grange College, Ala., 1857.

DIED, 18—.

* Congress, Feb. 3, 1829, and again, Feb. 4, 1832, declared this discharge to be illegal, and that Lieut. Cobb was "entitled to all the rights of a First Lieut. of Light Artillery until the time when that regiment was incorporated with the Artillery."

59....(Born Pa.)....**ARMSTRONG IRVINE**.....(Ap'd Pa.)

Military History. — Cadet of the Military Academy, June 15, 1808, to Mar. 1, 1811, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

SECOND LIEUT., LIGHT ARTILLERY, MAR. 1, 1811.

Served: in garrison at Atlantic Posts, 1811–12; in the War of 1812–15

(FIRST LIEUT., LIGHT ARTILLERY, JULY 6, 1812)

with Great Britain, on the Niagara Frontier, 1812, in the Campaign on

(CAPTAIN, 42D INFANTRY, OCT. 1, 1813)

the St. Lawrence, 1813, and with Major-General Izard's division on the

(TRANSFERRED TO 4TH RIFLES, MAY, 1814)

march from Lake Champlain to the Niagara Frontier, 1814, being engaged in the Capture of Ft. George, U. C., May 27, 1813, — Battle of Chrystler's Field, L. C., Nov. 11, 1813, — and Combat of Lyon's Creek, U. C., Oct. 19, 1814; in garrison at Newport, R. I., 1815–16, — at Boston

(CAPTAIN, LIGHT ARTILLERY, ON REDUCTION OF ARMY, MAY 17, 1815)

harbor, Mas., 1816; as Aide-de-Camp to Major-General Ripley, 1816; and in garrison at Boston harbor, Mas., 1816–17.

DIED, JAN. 15, 1817, AT FT. WARREN (NOW FT. WINTHROP), MAS.

60....(Born D. C.)...**THOMAS J. BEALL***.....(Ap'd Md.)

Military History. — Cadet of the Military Academy, Mar. 6, 1806, to Mar. 1, 1811, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

SECOND LIEUT., REG. OF ARTILLERISTS, MAR. 1, 1811.

Served: in garrison at Atlantic Posts, 1811–12; in the War of 1812–15

(FIRST LIEUT., REG. OF ARTILLERISTS, MAR. 3, 1813)

with Great Britain, on the Niagara Frontier, being engaged in the

(CAPTAIN, 4TH RIFLES, MAR 17, 1814)

Defense of Fort Erie, U. C., Aug. 3–Sep. 17, 1814, including its Bombardment, Aug. 13–15, Repulse of the enemy's Assault, Aug. 15, and

(FIRST LIEUT., CORPS OF ARTILLERY, TO RANK FROM MAR. 3, 1813, AND BVT. CAPT., FROM MAR. 17, 1814, ON REDUCTION OF ARMY, MAY 17, 1815)

Sortie from it, Sep. 17, 1814; in garrison at Ft. St. Philip, La., 1816–17, — and Mobile, Ala., 1817; in command of Militia, at Trader's Hill, Ga.,

(CAPTAIN, CORPS OF ARTILLERY, SEP. 26, 1818)

1818; in garrison at Portsmouth, N. H., 1818–20, — and Ft. Columbus,

(CAPTAIN, 2D INFANTRY, IN RE-ORGANIZATION OF ARMY, JUNE 1, 1821)

N. Y., 1820–21; on frontier duty at Sackett's Harbor, N. Y., 1821–22, — and Sault Ste. Marie, Mich., 1822–25; on Recruiting service, 1825–27;

(BVT. MAJOR, SEP. 26, 1828, FOR FAITHFUL SERVICE TEN YEARS IN ONE GRADE)

and on frontier duty at Ft. Brady, Mich., 1827–28, — Ft. Gratiot, Mich.,
(TRANSFERRED TO 1ST INFANTRY, JAN. 31, 1829)
1828–29, — Ft. Winnebago, Wis., 1829–30, 1831, — and Ft. Armstrong, Ill., 1831–32, continuing there during the "Black Hawk War" of 1832 against the Sac Indians.

DIED, OCTOBER 26, 1832, AT FT. ARMSTRONG, ILL.: AGED 40.

* Was the son of Capt. LLOYD BEALL, of the Revolutionary Army, who was wounded in the Battle of Germantown.

61....(Born N. Y.)....**JAMES DALLIBA**.....(Ap'd Ct.)

Military History. — Cadet of the Military Academy, Jan. 2, 1808, to Mar. 1, 1811, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

SECOND LIEUT., REG. OF ARTILLERISTS, MAR. 1, 1811.

Served: in garrison at Atlantic Posts, 1811–12; and in the War of 1812–15 with Great Britain, in Major-General Hull's Campaign of 1812 in Michigan Territory, being made prisoner of war, Aug. 16, 1812, at the
(FIRST LIEUT., REG. OF ARTILLERISTS, MAR 3, 1813, TO JAN. 6, 1815)
(CAPT., STAFF — DEP. COM. OF ORDNANCE, AUG. 5, 1813)
(MAJOR, STAFF — ASST. COM.-GEN. OF ORDNANCE, FEB. 9, 1815)
Surrender of Detroit, and after his release, Sep. 17, 1813, was on Ord-
(CAPTAIN, 1ST ARTILLERY, TO RANK FROM AUG. 5, 1813, AND BVT. MAJOR FROM FEB. 9, 1815, IN RE-ORGANIZATION OF ARMY, JUNE 1, 1821)
nance duty till 1815. After the War with Great Britain, he continued on Ordnance duty until he

RESIGNED, MAY 1, 1824.

Civil History. — Proprietor of Iron Manufactory, at Port Henry, Lake Champlain, N. Y., 1824–32.

DIED, OCT. 9, 1832, AT PORT HENRY, N. Y.: AGED 47.

62....(Born Vt.).....**GUSTAVUS LOOMIS**.....(Ap'd Vt.)

Military History. — Cadet of the Military Academy, June 15, 1808, to Mar. 1, 1811, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

SECOND LIEUT., REG. OF ARTILLERISTS, MAR. 1, 1811.

Served: in garrison at Ft. Columbus, New York harbor, 1811–12; in the War of 1812–15 with Great Britain, in garrison in New York harbor,
(FIRST LIEUT., REG. OF ARTILLERISTS, MAY 5, 1813)
1812–13, — and on the Niagara Frontier, 1813, being engaged in the Cap-
(CAPT., STAFF — ASST. DEP. QUARTERMASTER-GEN., APR. 9, 1813)
ture of Ft. George, U. C., May 27, 1813, and was taken prisoner at the Surprise of Ft. Niagara, N. Y., Dec. 19, 1813; on Ordnance duty,
(TRANSFERRED TO CORPS OF ARTILLERY, MAY 12, 1814)
1815–17; in garrison at New York harbor, 1817–19; on Coast Survey,
(CAPTAIN, CORPS OF ARTILLERY, APR. 7, 1819)
1819–20; on Recruiting service, 1820; in garrison at Ft. Gadsden, Fla.,
(CAPTAIN, 1ST INFANTRY, IN RE-ORGANIZATION OF ARMY, JUNE 1, 1821)
1820–21, — and Baton Rouge, La., 1821–25; in Creek Nation, 1825–26; in garrison at Cantonment Clinch, Fla., 1826–27, — and New Orleans, La.,
(BVT. MAJOR, APR. 7, 1829, FOR FAITHFUL SERVICE TEN YEARS IN ONE GRADE)

1827–28; on Recruiting service, 1828–30; in garrison at Ft. Crawford, Wis., 1830–32, and 1832–33, during the "Black Hawk" Campaign; on detached service, Feb. 8 to June 19, 1833; on Recruiting service, 1833–34; on frontier duty at Ft. Snelling, Min., 1834–36, — Ft. Crawford, Wis., 1836–37, — and Jefferson Barracks, Mo., 1837; in the Florida War, 1837–40, 1840–41, 1841–42, being engaged against the Seminole

(MAJOR, 2D INFANTRY, JULY 7, 1838)

(LIEUT.-COLONEL, 6TH INFANTRY, SEP. 22, 1840)

Indians in the Battle of Okee-cho-bee, Dec. 25, 1837; on frontier duty at Ft. Towson, I. T., 1842–43, — Ft. Gibson, I. T., 1843–44, — Ft. Towson, I. T., 1845–46., — and Ft. Gibson, I. T., 1846–48; in the War with Mexico, 1848; in garrison at Jefferson Barracks, Mo., 1848, — Ft. Crawford, Wis., 1848, — and St. Louis, Mo., 1848–49; on frontier duty at Ft.

(COLONEL, 5TH INFANTRY, MAR. 9, 1851)

Snelling, Min., 1849–50, — and Ft. Laramie, Dak., 1850, as Superintendent of the General Recruiting Service, Oct. 1, 1850, to July 15, 1851; on frontier duty at Ft. Belknap, Tex., 1852–53, — Ft. McIntosh, Tex., 1853–54, — and Ringgold Barracks, Tex., 1854–55; in Florida Hostilities against the Seminole Indians, 1856–57, 1857–58; in command of the Department of Florida, Apr. 27, 1857, to July 16, 1858; and absent on leave, 1858–61.

Served during the Rebellion of the Seceding States, 1861–66: in Mustering Connecticut and Rhode Island Volunteers into service, Apr. 18 to Aug. 19, 1861; as Superintendent of the General Recruiting Service,

(BVT. BRIG.-GENERAL U. S. ARMY, MAR. 13, 1865, FOR LONG AND FAITHFUL SERVICES IN THE ARMY)

at Ft. Columbus, N. Y., Aug. 19, 1861, to Aug. 10, 1864; and on Court-Martial duty, 1864–67.

RETIRED FROM ACTIVE SERVICE, JUNE 1, 1863, UNDER THE LAW OF JULY 17, 1862, "HAVING BEEN BORNE ON THE ARMY REGISTER MORE THAN 45 YEARS."

DIED, MAR. 5, 1872, AT STRATFORD, CT.: AGED 83.

63....(Born Mas.).....**EZRA SMITH**.....(Ap'd Vt.)

Military History. — Cadet of the Military Academy, June 15, 1808, to Mar. 1, 1811, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

SECOND LIEUT., REG. OF ARTILLERISTS, MAR. 1, 1811.

Served: in garrison at Atlantic Posts, 1811–12; and in the War of

(FIRST LIEUT., REG. OF ARTILLERISTS, MAY 11, 1813, TO JUNE 9, 1814)

(CAPT., STAFF — ASST. DEP. QUARTERMASTER-GEN., APR. 19, 1813)

1812–15 with Great Britain, on Quartermaster duty, and was engaged in the Battle of Plattsburg, N. Y., Sep. 11, 1814.

DISBANDED, JUNE 15, 1815.

Civil History. — Merchant at Whitehall, N. Y., 1815–19. Postmaster at Whitehall, N. Y., 1819–29. Member of the House of Representatives of the State of New York, 1824 and 1825. U. S. Agent for improving the Harbor of Whitehall, N. Y., 1837–39. U. S. Collector of Customs for the District of Champlain, N. Y., 1849–52. Farmer, Cambridge, Washington County, N. Y., 1852–67. Postmaster at Cambridge, N. Y., 1866–67.

DIED, DEC. 17, 1867, AT CAMBRIDGE, N. Y.: AGED 84.

64. . . (Born Mas.) . . **RICHARD H. ASHLEY** . . . . . (Ap'd Mas.)

Military History. — Cadet of the Military Academy, Apr. 14, 1809, to Mar. 1, 1811, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

SECOND LIEUT., REG. OF ARTILLERISTS, MAR. 1, 1811.

Served: at Ft. Wolcott, R. I., 1811–12; and in the War of 1812–15

(CAPT., STAFF — ASST. DEP. QUARTERMASTER-GEN., APR. 11, 1813)

(FIRST LIEUT., REG. OF ARTILLERISTS, MAY 20 TO DEC. 31, 1813)

with Great Britain, on Quartermaster duty; and in garrison at Fort Adams, Newport, R. I.

DISBANDED, JUNE 15, 1815.

Re-appointed in the United States Army with the rank of

SECOND LIEUT., 5TH INFANTRY, JULY 30, 1817.

Served: in garrison at Detroit, Mich., 1817; and on the Canada Frontier, 1817–19.

RESIGNED, MAR. 10, 1819.

Civil History. — Principal of a Classical School at Canaan Four Corners, Columbia County, N. Y., 1822–56. Degree of A. M. conferred by Union College, N. Y., 1832.

DIED, FEB. 5, 1856, AT CANAAN FOUR CORNERS, N. Y.

65. . (Born D. C.) . . **HIPPOLITE H. VILLARD** . . . . . (Ap'd D. C.)

Military History. — Cadet of the Military Academy, Mar. 8, 1808, to March 1, 1811, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

ENSIGN, 2D INFANTRY, MAR. 1, 1811.

Served: on frontier duty in the Gulf States, 1811–12; in the War of

(SECOND LIEUT., 2D INFANTRY, MAR. 1, 1811)

(FIRST LIEUT., 2D INFANTRY, JAN. 10, 1813)

(CAPTAIN, 2D INFANTRY, JULY 14, 1814)

1812–15 with Great Britain, on the Southern Coast, and was engaged in

(CAPTAIN, CORPS OF ARTILLERY, ON REDUCTION OF ARMY, MAY 17, 1815)

the Defense of Fort Bowyer, Ala., Sep. 15, 1814; and in garrison at Craney Island, Va., 1815–16.

RESIGNED, MAY 13, 1816.

Civil History. — Unknown.

DIED, 18—.

66. . . . (Born N. H.) . . . . . **JOHN BLISS** . . . . . (Ap'd N. H.)

Military History. — Cadet of the Military Academy, Mar. 8, 1808, to Mar. 1, 1811, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

ENSIGN, 2D INFANTRY, MAR. 1, 1811.

Served: on frontier duty in the Gulf States, 1811–12; and in the War

(SECOND LIEUT., 2D INFANTRY, MAR. 1, 1811)

(FIRST LIEUT., 2D INFANTRY, JAN. 20, 1813, TO MAY 30, 1814)

(CAPT., STAFF — ASST. DEP. QUARTERMASTER-GEN., APR. 25, 1813)

of 1812–15 with Great Britain, on Quartermaster duty.

DISBANDED JUNE 15, 1815.

Civil History. — Merchant, Whitehall, N. Y., 1815–18. Employed,

by U. S. Engineer Department, in the construction of the defenses at Mobile Point, Ala., 1818–22. Sutler at Mobile Point, Ala., 1822.

DIED, DEC. 6, 1822, AT MOBILE POINT, ALA.: AGED 36.

67..(Born N. Y.)..**HENRY A. BURCHSTEAD**.....(Ap'd N. Y.)

Military History. — Cadet of the Military Academy, Feb. 16, 1809, to Mar. 1, 1811, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

ENSIGN, 2D INFANTRY, MAR. 1, 1811.

Served: on the Northwestern Frontier, 1811; in General Harrison's

(SECOND LIEUT., 2D INFANTRY, MAR. 13, 1811)

Campaign of 1811 in Indiana Territory, being engaged in the Battle of Tippecanoe, Nov. 7, 1811, where he was wounded; on frontier duty in the Gulf States, 1811–12; and in the War of 1812–15 with Great Britain,

(FIRST LIEUT., 2D INFANTRY, MAY 5, 1813)

being engaged in the Campaign of 1813 against the Creek Indians, in which he was

KILLED, NOV. 30, 1813, ON THE ALABAMA RIVER.

68....(Born Ct.).....**ORMOND MARSH**.....(Ap'd Ct.)

Military History. — Cadet of the Military Academy, Dec. 3, 1807, to Mar. 1, 1811, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

ENSIGN, FIRST INFANTRY, MAR. 1, 1811.

Served: on the Northwestern Frontier, 1811–12; and in the War of

(SECOND LIEUT., 2D INFANTRY, OCT. 30, 1812)

1812–15 with Great Britain, in the Campaign of 1812 in Michigan Territory, being made prisoner of war at the Surrender of Detroit, Aug. 16,

(FIRST LIEUT., SECOND INFANTRY, MAR. 30, 1814)

1812. After his exchange he probably served with his regiment in the Campaign of 1814 on the Niagara Frontier.

DISBANDED, JUNE 15, 1815.

Civil History. — Unknown.

DIED, JAN. 18, 1854, AT LITCHFIELD, CT.: AGED 66.

69....(Born N. Y.).... **GEORGE RONAN**.....(Ap'd N. Y.)

Military History. — Cadet of the Military Academy, June 15, 1808, to Mar. 1, 1811, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

ENSIGN, 1ST INFANTRY, MAR. 1, 1811.

Served: on the Northwestern Frontier, 1811–12; and in the War of 1812–15 with Great Britain, being engaged in Captain Heald's desperate engagement near Ft. Chicago, Ill., Aug. 15, 1812, with a vastly superior force of savages, two of whom he slew in a hand-to-hand fight, but, while upon his knees as he had fallen faint from his bleeding wounds, still wielding his sword, he was himself

KILLED, IN THE COMBAT, AUG. 15, 1812: AGED 28.

70....(Born Md.).....**BENJAMIN FIELD**.....(Ap'd N. Y.)

Military History. — Cadet of the Military Academy, June 2, 1808, to Mar. 1, 1811, when he was graduated, and promoted in the Army to

ENSIGN, 1ST INFANTRY, MAR. 1, 1811.

DISCONTINUED, JUNE 1, 1811, "NEVER HAVING JOINED HIS REGIMENT."

Civil History. — Unknown.

DIED, 18—.

71....(Born Md.)..... **JOHN J. ABERT**.....(Ap'd Va.)

Military History. — Cadet of the Military Academy, Jan. 18, 1808, to Apr. 1, 1811, when he was graduated, and

RESIGNED, APR. 1, 1811.

Civil History. — Counselor at Law, District of Columbia, 1813, — and in Ohio, 1814. Served as a private soldier in the District of Columbia Militia, in the War of 1812–15 with Great Britain, being engaged in the Battle of Bladensburg, Md., Aug. 24, 1814.

Military History. — Re-appointed in the U. S. Army with the rank of

BVT. MAJOR, STAFF — TOPOGRAPHICAL ENGINEER, NOV. 22, 1814.

Served: as Assistant in the Geodetic Survey of the Atlantic Coast, 1816–18; in making Reconnoissance of East River, N. Y., 1818; as Superintending Top. Engineer of Surveys in Chesapeake Bay, 1818, — of Dutch Island, etc., western entrance to Narragansett Bay, R. I., 1819, — of East River, N. Y., 1819, — of Fall River, Mas., 1819, — Louisville Canal, Ky., 1819, — of Mount Hope Bay, Newport Neck, etc., Narragansett Roads, R. I., 1819, — of Cox's Head, 1821, — of Chesapeake and

(BVT. LIEUT.-COLONEL, NOV. 22, 1824, FOR FAITHFUL SERVICE TEN YEARS IN ONE GRADE)

Ohio Canal, 1824–25, — of Patuxent River, Md., 1824, — and in Maine, 1826–27; in charge of Topographical Bureau at Washington, D. C., Mar. 19, 1829, to Apr. 11, 1861, and in command of Corps of Topograph-

(COLONEL, CORPS OF TOP. ENGINEERS, July 7, 1838)

ical Engineers, July 7, 1838, to Apr. 11, 1861; as U. S. Commissioner to conduct Indian emigration to the Missouri Frontier, 1832, — and to the Creek Indians (twice), and Wyandottes, of Ohio, 1833–34; and as Member of the Board of Visitors to the U. S. Military Academy, 1842.

RETIRED FROM ACTIVE SERVICE, SEP. 9, 1861, FOR DISABILITY RESULTING FROM LONG AND FAITHFUL SERVICE.

Civil History. — Member of several Scientific and Historical Associations, and of the Geographical Society of Paris, France.

DIED, JAN. 27, 1863, AT WASHINGTON, D. C.: AGED 74.

OBITUARY ORDER.

COLONEL JOHN J. ABERT was born, Sep. 17, 1788, at Frederick City, Md. Upon his death, Jan. 27, 1863, the following obituary order was issued by the War Department: —

The Secretary of War with great regret announces the decease of another veteran officer, Colonel John J. Abert, late Chief of the United States Corps of Topographical Engineers, who died at his residence in this city, the 27th instant, at an advanced age.

Colonel Abert entered as a Cadet of the Military Academy in the year 1808, only six years after its first establishment by law. Leaving the Academy in 1811, he was from then until November, 1814, employed in the War Office. While thus engaged, he volunteered as a private soldier for the defense of the Capital; and his services on that occasion were acknowledged by conferring upon him a land warrant, under the existing

laws. He was appointed Topographical Engineer, with rank of Major, Nov. 22, 1814. At that time there was no organized corps of those officers, but they formed a part of the General Staff and served with generals in the field. After the close of the war they were employed in surveys of the seacoast and inland frontiers, reporting to the Chief of Engineers; and the results of their labors were collected in a Topographical Bureau, established in the War Department May 5, 1820, as a part of the Engineer Department, under charge of Major Roberdeau. On the reorganization of the Army in 1816, Major Abert was retained, In 1824 he was brevetted Lieut.-Colonel for ten years' faithful service in one grade; and at the death of Colonel Roberdeau, Feb. 12, 1829, he was appointed to the charge of the Topographical Bureau. As the duties of his Bureau increased in magnitude and importance, Colonel Abert exerted himself to cause it to be made a distinct branch of the War Department, which he effected June 22, 1831. At this time his corps consisted of six majors and four captains by brevet, and six civil engineers; besides which some twenty subalterns of the line of the Army were detailed on topographical duty under his orders. At length, by act of Congress approved July 7, 1838, the present Corps of Topographical Engineers was organized, and created one of the Staff Corps of the Army, with the officer to whose fostering care and judicious management it mainly owed its existence, for its colonel and chief. Colonel Abert was, in fact, at the head of his corps for upwards of thirty-two years, until he was honorably retired from active duty the 11th of September, 1861, having become incapacitated by long and faithful service from further attendance at his office.

The Army and the country will not need to be reminded of the vast interest and value attached to the operations of this corps since its organization. The geographical and other information concerning this continent which its officers have collected and published has challenged the admiration of the scientific world, while the practical benefit of their labors has been felt in nearly every State and every Territory; the whole forming a proud monument to him who was its founder.

As a citizen and a man, Colonel Abert was remarkable for the steadfastness of his friendships, for his candor and unostentatious hospitality. Equally unostentatious, but no less sincere, was the simple piety which supported his declining years, and left behind an example which the proudest soldier may not be ashamed to follow.

GRADUATES OF 1812.

72....(Born Ct.).....**JOSEPH M. WILCOX**.....(Ap'd Ct.)

Military History. — Cadet of the Military Academy, June 15, 1808, to Jan. 3, 1812, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

FIRST LIEUT., 3D INFANTRY, JAN. 3, 1812.

Served in the War of 1812–15 with Great Britain, in the Campaign of 1813–14, under Major-General Jackson, against the Creek Indians, and after two desperate fights with the hostile savages on the Alabama River, was

KILLED (TOMAHAWKED AND SCALPED), JAN. 15, 1814: AGED 23.*

* Lieut. Wilcox was the son of a Revolutionary officer, and had only reached his 23d year when he was killed. "No person, under the same circumstances as those which preceded his unfortunate and untimely death, could have exhibited more skill, judgment, activity, or determined courage. Such blood was spilt at Thermopylæ." In compliment to his daring gallantry a county in Alabama was named after him.

73....(Born Mo.)....**AUGUSTUS CONANT**.....(Ap'd Vt.)

Military History.—Cadet of the Military Academy, June 15, 1808, to Jan. 3, 1812, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

FIRST LIEUT., 6TH INFANTRY, JAN. 3, 1812.

Served in the War of 1812–15 with Great Britain, on frontier duty, 1812.

RESIGNED, OCT. 31, 1812.

DIED, 18—.

74....(Born Vt.).....**LONDUS L. BUCK**.....(Ap'd Vt.)

Military History.—Cadet of the Military Academy, June 15, 1808, to Jan. 3, 1812, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

FIRST LIEUT., 6TH INFANTRY, JAN. 3, 1812.

Served in the War of 1812–15 with Great Britain, on the Northern Frontier.

CAPTAIN, 6TH INFANTRY, APR. 19, 1814.

DISBANDED, JUNE 15, 1815.

DIED, 1817, AT GOVERNOR'S ISLAND, NEW YORK HARBOR.

75..(Born N. Y.)..**ALEXANDER R. THOMPSON***...(Ap'd N. Y.)

Military History.—Cadet of the Military Academy, Nov. 21, 1810, to Jan. 3, 1812, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

FIRST LIEUT., 6TH INFANTRY, JAN. 3, 1812.

Served: in the War of 1812–15 with Great Britain, on the Northern Frontier, 1812,—in General Wilkinson's Descent of the St. Lawrence River, 1813,—and in the Campaign of 1813–14, on the Lake Champlain line of operations, being engaged in the Battle of Plattsburg, N. Y.,

(CAPTAIN, 6TH INFANTRY, MAY 1, 1814)

Sep. 11, 1814; in garrison at Ft. Niagara, N. Y., 1815–18; on Recruit-

(CAPTAIN, 2D INFANTRY, ON REDUCTION OF ARMY, MAY 17, 1815)

ing service, 1818–19; in garrison at Sackett's Harbor, N. Y., 1819–21,—Greenbush, N. Y., 1821,—and Ft. Brady, Mich., 1821–23; on Recruiting

(BVT. MAJOR, MAY 1, 1824, FOR FAITHFUL SERVICE TEN YEARS IN ONE GRADE)

service, 1824–25; on frontier duty at Ft. Niagara, N. Y., 1825–26,—Ft. Howard, Wis., 1826,—Ft. Mackinac, Mich., 1826–28,—and Ft. Gratiot, Mich., 1828–31, 1831–32; on "Black Hawk Expedition," but

(MAJOR, 6TH INFANTRY, APR. 4, 1832)

not at the seat of war, 1832; on frontier duty at Ft. Mackinac, Mich., 1832–33,—Ft. Leavenworth, Kan., 1833, 1834,—and Jefferson Barracks, Mo., 1834; on Recruiting service, 1835–36; on frontier duty at Ft. Jesup, La., 1836,—Camp Sabine, La., 1836,—and Ft. Jesup, La., 1836; and in the Florida War, 1837, being engaged against the Seminole In-

(LIEUT.-COLONEL, 6TH INFANTRY, SEP. 6, 1837)

dians at the Battle of Okee-cho-bee, where, at the head of his regiment, in a desperate charge, he was

KILLED, DEC. 25, 1837: AGED 44.†

* Was the son of Captain ALEXANDER THOMPSON, of the regiment of Artillerists and Engineers, in 1794.

† "Although," in the language of the official despatch, "he received two balls from the fire of the enemy early in the action, which wounded him severely, yet he appeared to disregard them, and continued to give his orders with the same coolness that he would have done had his regiment been under review, or any other parade duty. Advancing, he received a third ball, which at once deprived him of life: his last words were, 'Keep steady, men; charge the hammock—remember the regiment to which you belong.'"

76....(Born N. Y.).....**JOHN R. BELL**.....(Ap'd N. Y.)

Military History. — Cadet of the Military Academy, June 15, 1808, to Jan. 3, 1812, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

SECOND LIEUT., LIGHT ARTILLERY, JAN. 3, 1812.

Served : in the War of 1812–15 with Great Britain, and was engaged

(FIRST LIEUT., LIGHT ARTILLERY, AUG. 24, 1812)

in the Campaign of 1812, on the Niagara Frontier, — in 1813, on the St. Lawrence River, participating in the Capture of Ft. George, U. C., May 27,

(MAJOR, STAFF — ASST. INSPECTOR-GENERAL, JULY 29, 1813)

1813, — and in 1814, with the division of General Izard ; in garrison

(CAPTAIN, LIGHT ARTILLERY, OCT. 10, 1814)

(COLONEL, STAFF — INSPECTOR-GENERAL, OCT. 28, 1814)

at Castine, Me., 1815–16, — and at Boston harbor, Mas., 1816–18 ; as Superintendent of the Recruiting Service, 1818 ; in garrison at Boston harbor, Mas., 1818–19 ; at the Military Academy, as Commandant of Cadets and Instructor of Infantry Tactics, Feb. 8, 1819, to Mar. 17, 1820 ; on special duty in Missouri, 1820–21, and in garrison at Savannah

(CAPTAIN, 4TH ARTILLERY, IN RE-ORGANIZATION OF ARMY, JUNE 1, 1821)

(BVT. MAJOR, OCT. 10, 1824, FOR FAITHFUL SERVICE TEN YEARS IN ONE GRADE)

harbor, Ga., 1822–24, — and Ft. Moultrie, S. C., 1824.

DIED, APR. 11, 1825.

77....(Born Ct.)...**FRANCIS B. MURDOCK**.....(Ap'd Ct.)

Military History. — Cadet of the Military Academy, June 15, 1808, to Jan. 3, 1812, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

SECOND LIEUT., LIGHT ARTILLERY, JAN. 3, 1812.

Served : in the War of 1812–15 with Great Britain, on the Niagara

(FIRST LIEUT., LIGHT ARTILLERY, AUG. 24, 1812)

Frontier, 1812–13, being engaged in the Capture of Ft. George, U. C., May 27, 1813, — on the St. Lawrence River, 1813–14, — on Recruiting service, 1814, — and with Gen. Izard's division, 1814.

RESIGNED, JAN. 1, 1815.

Re-appointed in the United States Army with the rank of

SECOND LIEUT., 1ST INFANTRY, FEB. 19, 1817,

but performed no duty before he

RESIGNED, NOV. 1, 1817.

Civil History. — Post Office Clerk, Brooklyn, Ct., 1817–66.

DIED, SEP. 2, 1866, at BROOKLYN, CT. : AGED 80.

78....(Born Mas.)...**GEORGE TEMPLEMAN**.....(Ap'd D. C.)

Military History. — Cadet of the Military Academy, Oct. 10, 1808, to Jan. 3, 1812, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

SECOND LIEUT., LIGHT ARTILLERY, JAN. 3, 1812.

Served in the War of 1812–15 with Great Britain, in garrison at Ft. Adams, R. I., and at Greenbush, N. Y., 1812.

RESIGNED, NOV. 1, 1812.

Re-appointed in the United States Army with the rank of

FIRST LIEUT., 26TH INFANTRY, APR. 21, 1814.

Served : in the War of 1812–15 with Great Britain on Recruiting ser-
(CAPTAIN, 26TH INFANTRY, NOV. 15, 1814)
vice, 1814, — and in garrison at Pea Patch Island, Del., 1814–15.
DISBANDED, JUNE 15, 1815.
Re-appointed in the United States Army with the rank of
SECOND LIEUT., 1ST INFANTRY, MAR. 17, 1819.
Served on Commissary duty in New York city, 1819–20, until he was
DROPPED, DEC. 27, 1820.

Civil History. — Clerk in the Surgeon-General's Office, at Washington, D. C., 1818–19. Bookseller, Washington, D. C., 1831–52.
DIED, FEB., 1852, AT GEORGETOWN, D. C.

79....(Born Va.)...**THOMAS B. RANDOLPH**.....(Ap'd Va.)

Military History. — Cadet of the Military Academy, Oct. 14, 1808, to Jan. 3, 1812, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to
SECOND LIEUT., LIGHT ARTILLERY, JAN. 3, 1812.
Served : in the War of 1812–15 with Great Britain, in the Campaign of 1812–13, on the Niagara Frontier, as Aide-de-Camp to Major-General
(FIRST LIEUT., LIGHT ARTILLERY, JAN. 20, 1813)
Lewis, and in the Campaign of 1813–14, on the St. Lawrence River, as Aide-de-Camp to Brig.-General Covington, being engaged in the Battle of Queenstown Heights, U. C., in command of the Advance guard which stormed and carried the Redan, Oct. 13, 1812, — Capture of Fort George, U. C., May 27, 1813, — Action at Forty-mile Creek, U. C., June 8, 1813
(CAPTAIN, 20TH INFANTRY, APR. 5, 1813)
(A. D. C. to Major-General Lewis, commanding), — Occupation of Fort Matilda, U. C., 1813, — and Action at Hoop-pole Creek, on the St. Lawrence River, L. C., Nov. 11, 1813.
RESIGNED, FEB. 6, 1815.

Civil History. — Planter, near Front Royal, Warren County, Va., 1839–46. Colonel of Cavalry, Va. Militia, 1822–29, — and Brig.-General, 1829–34.

Military History. — Served in the War with Mexico, as
LIEUT.-COLONEL, 1ST VA. VOLUNTEERS, JAN. 7, 1847, TO JULY 20, 1848.

Civil History. — Planter near Front Royal, Va., 1848–59, and near Wentzville, St. Charles County, Mo., 1859–65.
DIED, NOV. 12, 1867, NEAR CASCADE, DUBUQUE CO., IO. : AGED 75.

80....(Born Me.)....**WILLIAM F. HOBART**.....(Ap'd Me.)

Military History. — Cadet of the Military Academy, Feb. 16, 1809, to Jan. 3, 1812, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to
SECOND LIEUT., LIGHT ARTILLERY, JAN. 3, 1812.
Served : in the War of 1812–15 with Great Britain, on the Niagara
(FIRST LIEUT., LIGHT ARTILLERY, APR. 15, 1813)
Frontier, being engaged in Capture of Fort George, U. C., May 27, 1813,
(MAJOR, STAFF — ASST. INSPECTOR-GENERAL, JULY 27, 1814)
— and on Inspection duty, 1814–15 ; in garrison at Newport, R. I.,
(CAPTAIN, LIGHT ARTILLERY, JAN. 1, 1817)

1815–17, — at Boston harbor, Mas., 1817–21 ; and on leave of absence,
(CAPTAIN, 4TH ARTILLERY, IN RE-ORGANIZATION OF ARMY, JUNE 1, 1821)
(TRANSFERRED, OCT. 10, 1822, TO 2D INFANTRY)
1821–23.
RESIGNED, JAN. 25, 1823.
DIED, 1825, AT NEW YORK CITY.

81....(Born S. C.)...**WILLIAM SUMTER**.....(Ap'd S. C.)

Military History. — Cadet of the Military Academy, Jan. 18, 1810, to Jan. 3, 1812, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to
SECOND LIEUT., LIGHT ARTILLERY, JAN. 3, 1812.
Served : in the War of 1812–15 with Great Britain, on the Niagara
(FIRST LIEUT., LIGHT ARTILLERY, MAY 27, 1813)
Frontier, 1812–13, and on the St. Lawrence River, 1813–14, being engaged in the Capture of Fort George, U. C., May 27, 1818 ; on Recruiting ser-
(FIRST LIEUT., 1ST INFANTRY, ON REDUCTION OF ARMY, MAY 17, 1815)
vice, 1815–17 ; in garrison at Baton Rouge, La., 1817 ; and on frontier
(CAPTAIN, 1ST INFANTRY, MAY 31, 1817)
duty at Natchitoches, La., 1817.
RESIGNED, JULY 1, 1818.

Civil History. — Counselor at Law, South Carolina, 1818–26.
DIED, 1826, IN SOUTH CAROLINA.

82....(Born Vt.).....**GEORGE W. HIGHT**.....(Ap'd Vt.)

Military History. — Cadet of the Military Academy, Mar. 20, 1807, to Jan. 3, 1812, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to
SECOND LIEUT., LIGHT ARTILLERY, JAN. 3, 1812.
Served : in the War of 1812–15 with Great Britain, on the Northern Frontier, 1812–13, on the St. Lawrence River, 1813–14, and on the Niag-
(FIRST LIEUT., LIGHT ARTILLERY, AUG. 10, 1813)
ara Frontier, 1814, being engaged at the Capture of York (now Toronto),
(MAJOR, STAFF — ASST. INSPECTOR-GENERAL, JULY 17, 1814)
U. C., Apr. 27, 1813, — Capture of Ft. George, U. C., May 27, 1813, — and Battle of Niagara, U. C., July 25, 1814. Retained as
FIRST LIEUT., LIGHT ARTILLERY, ON REDUCTION OF ARMY, MAY 17, 1815,
but declined remaining in service.

Civil History. — Merchant, Greenville, Ohio, 1817–25, — at Quincy, Ill., 1829–35, — and at Burlington, Wis., 1835–44. Brig.-General, Ohio Militia, 1820–23, and Major-General, 1823–25. Postmaster, Atlas, Ill., 1826–29. County Commissioner of Adams Co., Ill., 1831–34, — and of Des Moines Co., Wis., 1838–40.
DIED, APR. 20, 1845, AT BURLINGTON, IO. : AGED 58.

83....(Born N. Y.).....**JOHN S. BRUSH**.....(Ap'd Ct.)

Military History. — Cadet of the Military Academy, Jan. 13, 1808, to Jan. 3, 1812, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to
SECOND LIEUT., REG. OF ARTILLERISTS, JAN. 3, 1812.
Served in the War of 1812–15 with Great Britain, on the Chalmette, La.
(FIRST LIEUT., REG. OF ARTILLERISTS, JUNE 20, 1813)

(TRANSFERRED TO CORPS OF ARTILLERY, MAY 12, 1814)
DISBANDED, JUNE 15, 1815.

Civil History. — Planter in Louisiana, 1815–60.

DIED, 1860, IN LOUISIANA : AGED 75.

84. . (Born N. Y.) . . **NATHANIEL W. OSGOOD** . . . . . (Ap'd Ct.)

Military History. — Cadet of the Military Academy, June 15, 1808, to Jan. 3, 1812, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

SECOND LIEUT., REG. OF ARTILLERISTS, JAN. 3, 1812.

Served in the War of 1812–15 with Great Britain, in garrison at Gulf Posts, 1812.

DIED, OCT. 30, 1812, AT PASS CHRISTIAN, LA. : AGED 22.

85. . . . (Born N. Y.) . . . . **GEORGE MORLEY** . . . . . (Ap'd N. Y.)

Military History. — Cadet of the Military Academy, Oct. 5, 1808, to Jan. 3, 1812, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

SECOND LIEUT., 3D INFANTRY, JAN. 3, 1812.

Served in the War of 1812–15 with Great Britain, on the Southern Fron-

(FIRST LIEUT., 3D INFANTRY, APR. 24, 1812)

tier, 1812–13.

DIED, SEP. 4, 1813, AT NEW ORLEANS, LA. : AGED 27.

86. (Born Mas.) . **ALEXANDER C. W. FANNING** . . . . . (Ap'd Mas.)

Military History. — Cadet of the Military Academy, Apr. 14, 1809, to Mar. 12, 1812, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

FIRST LIEUT., 3D ARTILLERY, JULY 6, 1812.

Served : in the War of 1812–15 with Great Britain, on the Niagara

(CAPTAIN, 3D ARTILLERY, MAR. 13, 1813)

Frontier, 1812–13, on the St. Lawrence, 1813–14, and Campaign of 1814 on the Niagara Frontier, being engaged in the Capture of York (now Toronto), U. C., Apr. 27, 1813, where he was severely wounded by the explosion of the enemy's magazine, — Defense of Sackett's Harbor, May 29, 1813, — Repulse of British Flotilla at the mouth of French Creek, U. C., Nov. 1–2, 1813, — Capture of Ft. Erie, U. C., July 3, 1814, — and Defense of Ft. Erie, U. C., Aug. 3–Sep. 17, 1814, including its Bombardment, Aug. 13–15, Repulse of the enemy's Assault, Aug. 15, and Sortie from it,

(BVT. MAJOR, AUG. 15, 1814, FOR GALLANT CONDUCT IN THE DEFENSE OF FT. ERIE, U. C.)

Sep. 17, 1814, which compelled the raising of the siege ; on the Florida Frontier, 1815–19, participating in Major-General Jackson's Campaign of 1817–18 against the Seminole Indians, and Capture of St. Marks, Fla., Apr. 7, 1818, and was the Provost Marshal at the execution of Arbuthnot and Ambrister, British subjects, Apr. 29, 1818 ; in command of Ft. St. Marks, Fla., 1819–20, — and Ft. Gadsden, Fla., 1820–22 ; in gar-

(CAPTAIN, 2D ARTILLERY, IN RE-ORGANIZATION OF ARMY, JUNE 1, 1821)

rison, at Detroit, Mich., 1822–23, — Ft. Mackinac, Mich., 1823, — Ft. Columbus, N. Y., 1823–24, — Ft. Monroe, Va. (Acting Major of the Ar-

(BVT. LIEUT.-COLONEL, AUG. 15, 1824, FOR FAITHFUL SERVICE TEN YEARS IN ONE GRADE)

tillery School for Practice), 1824–1825, — Ft. Delaware, Del., 1825–27,

Augusta Arsenal, Ga., 1827–32, — Ft. Columbus, N. Y., 1833–34, — Ft.
(MAJOR, 4TH ARTILLERY, NOV. 3, 1832)
Monroe, Va., 1834–35, — and Ft. King, Fla., 1835; in the Florida War, 1835–36, against the Seminole Indians, being engaged in command at the Combat of Withlacoochee, Dec. 31, 1835; in garrison at Ft. Trumbull, Ct., 1836; in the Florida War, 1836–38, against the Seminole Indians, being engaged in the Defense of Ft. Mellon, Feb. 8, 1837; in garrison
(BVT. COLONEL, DEC. 31, 1835, FOR GALLANT AND MERITORIOUS CONDUCT IN THE BATTLE NEAR THE WITHLACOOCHEE, UNDER GENERAL CLINCH; AND IN THE DEFENSE OF FT. MELLON, FLA.)
at Ft. Columbus, N. Y., 1838; in the Florida War, 1838–39; in garri-
(LIEUT.-COLONEL 4TH ARTILLERY, SEP. 16, 1838)
son at Ft. Columbus, N. Y., 1839; at the Camp of Instruction, near Trenton, N. J., 1839; on the Northern Frontier, 1840–41, during Canada
(TRANSFERRED TO 2D ARTILLERY, MAY 24, 1841)
Border disturbances, at Detroit, Mich., 1840–41, and Buffalo, 1841; in garrison at Ft. Monroe, Va., 1841, — Ft. Columbus, N. Y., 1841–42, — Ft. Adams, R. I., 1842–43, — Ft. Hamilton, N. Y., 1843, 1844, and 1845; and as Superintendent of Recruiting Service, Western Department, May 26 to Aug. 12, 1846.

DIED, AUG. 18, 1846, AT CINCINNATI, O.: AGED 58.

BIOGRAPHICAL SKETCH.

BVT. COLONEL ALEXANDER C. W. FANNING was born, 1788, in Massachusetts. Soon after his graduation, Mar. 12, 1812, at the Military Academy, he was called to the field to participate in the War against Great Britain, in which contest, though of junior rank, he took a conspicuous part, being engaged in the Capture of York, U. C., where he was severely wounded by the explosion of the enemy's magazine, — Defense of Sackett's Harbor, — Repulse of a British Flotilla at the mouth of French Creek, U. C., — Capture of Ft. Erie, — and Defense of Ft. Erie, including its bombardment, assault, and the successful sortie from it which compelled the raising of its siege. For his "gallant conduct" in this war he received the brevet of Major, Aug. 15, 1814.

Scarcely had this war terminated, when Fanning was ordered to the frontier of Florida, then a Spanish possession. Notwithstanding the Treaty of 1795, Spain had utterly failed to fulfill her engagements to restrain the Seminole Indians from making raids into the United States, which became so frequent and destructive that Major-General Andrew Jackson was ordered to the theatre of disturbance. With his usual promptitude, and taking the responsibility, he crossed the frontier, and attacked Fort St. Marks, the refuge of hostile savages and asylum of British emissaries. Two of the latter — Arbuthnot and Ambrister — were captured, tried, and put to death, Fanning being the Provost Marshal at their execution. He was then placed in command of the captured work, and subsequently of Fort Gadsden, till Florida was ceded to the United States.

After many years of garrison duty, Fanning was again ordered to Florida, where he participated in several campaigns against the Seminole Indians, being engaged in the Combat of Withlacoochee and Defense of Fort Mellon; for his "gallant conduct" in these actions being brevetted Colonel, Dec. 31, 1835.

During the Canada border disturbances, in 1840–41, he was on the

Northern Frontier, and subsequently on garrison and recruiting service till his death, Aug. 18, 1846, at Cincinnati, Ohio.

87....(Born Pa.).....**WILLIAM CUTBUSH**.....(Ap'd Pa.)

Military History. — Cadet of the Military Academy, June 15, 1808, to Mar. 27, 1812, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

SECOND LIEUT., CORPS OF ENGINEERS, MAR. 27, 1812.

Served : in the War of 1812–15 with Great Britain, as Asst. Engineer

(FIRST LIEUT., CORPS OF ENGINEERS, JULY 1, 1812)

on the defenses of New York harbor ; and as Asst. Engineer in the con-

(CAPTAIN, CORPS OF ENGINEERS, SEP. 17, 1814)

struction and repairs of the Fortifications in the Delaware, 1816–17.

RESIGNED, OCT. 1, 1817.

Civil History. — Employed in the service of the United States at Ft. Adams, R. I., 1826, — and upon the Fortifications in New York harbor, 1829–55.

DIED, FEB. 15, 1855, AT FT. SCHUYLER, N. Y. : AGED 69.

88....(Born N. J.)...**WILLIAM W. SMITH**.....(Ap'd N. J.)

Military History. — Cadet of the Military Academy, Apr. 14, 1809, to June 1, 1812, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

SECOND LIEUT., LIGHT ARTILLERY, JUNE 1, 1812.

Served : in the War of 1812–15 with Great Britain, on the Niagara Frontier, 1812–13, and in the Campaign on the St. Lawrence River, 1813,

(FIRST LIEUT., LIGHT ARTILLERY, OCT. 1, 1813)

being engaged in the Capture of Ft. George, U. C., May 27, 1813, and Defense of its Outposts, Aug. 24, 1813, — and Battle of Chrystler's Field, U. C., Nov. 11, 1813, where he was mortally wounded, while gallantly serving, with his own hands, a piece of artillery under his command.*

DIED OF WOUNDS, DEC. 3, 1813, AT FT. PRESCOTT, U. C.

* "The battle," says the official despatch of General Wilkinson, "fluctuated, and the triumph seemed, at different times, inclined to the contending corps; the front of the enemy were, at first, forced back more than a mile; and, though they never regained the ground they lost, their stand was permanent, and their charges resolute. Amidst these charges, and near the close of the contest, we lost a fieldpiece, by the fall of the officer who was serving it, with the same coolness as if he had been at a parade or review; this was Lieutenant SMITH, of the Light Artillery, who, in point of merit, stood at the head of his grade."

89....(Born W. I.)...**RENÉ E. DE RUSSY**..... (Ap'd N. Y.)

Military History. — Cadet of the Military Academy, Mar. 20, 1807, to June 10, 1812, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

SECOND LIEUT., CORPS OF ENGINEERS, JUNE 10, 1812.

FIRST LIEUT., CORPS OF ENGINEERS, JULY 6, 1812.

Served : in the War of 1812–15 with Great Britain, as Asst. Engineer in constructing defenses at New York and Sackett's Harbor, N. Y., 1812–13, in the Campaign on the St. Lawrence River, 1813–14, and in military operations on Lake Champlain, 1814, being engaged in the Repulse of the British Flotilla at the mouth of French Creek, N. Y., Nov. 1–2, 1813, — Battle of Chrystler's Field, U. C., Nov. 11, 1813, — Attack on La Cole Mill, Mar. 30, 1814, — Battle of Plattsburg, N. Y., Sep. 11,

(BVT. CAPTAIN, SEP. 11, 1814, FOR GALLANT CONDUCT AT THE BATTLE OF PLATTSBURG, N. Y.)

1814, — and as Chief Engineer (after the defeat of Governor Provost) of

General Macomb's division on Lake Champlain; as Asst. Engineer in
(CAPTAIN, CORPS OF ENGINEERS, FEB. 9, 1815)
the construction of fort at Rouse's Point, N. Y., 1816–18, — and of the defenses of New York harbor, 1817–18; as Superintending Engineer of the repairs and construction of fortifications, New York harbor, 1818–21, — of defensive works on the Gulf of Mexico, 1821–25, — and of the forti-
(BVT. MAJOR, SEP. 11, 1824, FOR FAITHFUL SERVICE TEN YEARS IN ONE GRADE)
fications of New York harbor, 1825–33; as Superintendent of the U. S.
(MAJOR, CORPS OF ENGINEERS, DEC. 22, 1830)
Military Academy, July 1, 1833, to Sep. 1, 1838; as Superintending En-
(BVT. LIEUT.-COLONEL, JUNE 30, 1834, FOR FAITHFUL SERVICE AND MERITORIOUS CONDUCT)
gineer of the construction of Fts. Monroe and Calhoun, Hampton Roads, Va., 1838–54, — of the defenses at the entrance of San Francisco harbor,
(LIEUT.-COLONEL, CORPS OF ENGINEERS, DEC. 7, 1838)
Cal., 1854–57, — of fort on Sandy Hook, N. J., 1857, — and of Fts. Calhoun and Monroe, Va., 1857–61; in general charge of Harbor Improvements in Delaware Bay, 1838–39, — defenses of Chesapeake and Delaware Bays, and their tributaries, 1838–42, — and River Improvements in Virginia, 1853–54, and 1857–61; on Board of Engineers for Atlantic Coast Defenses, Oct. 23, 1848, to Sep. 2, 1854, and from Feb. 21, 1857, to Jan. 2, 1861, — for River and Harbor Improvements, Sep. 16, 1852, to Sep. 2, 1854, — for Pacific Coast Defenses, Sep. 2, 1854, to Feb. 21, 1857, — for fort on Ship Island, Mis., 1857, — and for the examination of Potomac Aqueduct, 1860; and in command of the Corps of Engineers at headquarters in Washington, D. C., Dec. 22, 1858, to Jan. 2, 1861.

Served during the Rebellion of the Seceding States, 1861–66: as Superintending Engineer of the construction of the fortifications of San Francisco harbor, Cal., Nov. 7, 1861, to Nov. 23, 1865, — and in general
(COLONEL, CORPS OF ENGINEERS, MAR. 3, 1863)
supervision of the defenses of the Pacific Coast, Mar. 20, 1863, to Nov. 23, 1865; and as President of the Board of Engineers for devising
(BVT. BRIG.-GENERAL U. S. ARMY, MAR. 13, 1865, FOR LONG AND FAITHFUL SERVICES IN THE ARMY)
projects and alterations at Ft. Point, and Land Defenses at San Francisco, Cal., Aug. 9 to Dec. 3, 1864.

Civil History. — Member and Secretary of the Board of Visitors to the U. S. Military Academy, 1827. Inventor of Barbette Depressing Gun Carriage, subsequently claimed as the design of Colonel Moncrieff, of the British Army.

DIED, NOV. 23, 1865, AT SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.: AGED 75.*

* GENERAL DE RUSSY was the son of Midshipman Thomas De Russy of the Navy of the Revolution, who was brevetted by Doctor Benj. Franklin (then Commissioner to France) to a Lieutenancy for his gallant conduct, Sep. 23, 1779, on board the Pallas, of Commodore John Paul Jones' fleet, in the capture of the Countess of Scarborough of the British Navy.

General Halleck, commanding the Division of the Pacific, in directing military honors to be paid to his memory, says: —

"General De Russy was many years Superintendent of the Military Academy, often served as a member of the Board of Engineers, and was several times Acting Chief Engineer of the Army. At the time of his death he was in charge of the fortifications on the Pacific Coast. He was the oldest graduate of the Military Academy in active service, and one of the last of the heroes of the War of 1812.

"Of great kindness of heart, and possessing most urbane and polished manners, he was endeared to a large circle of friends, and the surviving graduates of the Military Academy, who were educated under his superintendence, will cherish his memory as that of the kindest of fathers. By his strict integrity in the expenditure of many millions of public money, his faithful discharge of every duty of office and of life, and his unsullied honor, he has left an example most worthy of imitation."

GRADUATES OF 1813.

90....(Born S. C.)....**GEORGE TRESCOT**.....(Ap'd S. C.)

Military History. — Cadet of the Military Academy, Mar. 11, 1813, to Oct. 16, 1813, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

SECOND LIEUT., CORPS OF ENGINEERS, OCT. 16, 1813.

Served : in the War of 1812–15 with Great Britain, in the Campaign of 1813–14, on the St. Lawrence River, and in 1814, on Lake Champlain, being engaged in the Battle of Chrystler's Field, U. C., Nov. 11, 1813, — Battle of Plattsburg, N. Y., Sep. 11, 1814, — and as Asst. Engineer in

(BVT. FIRST LIEUT., SEP. 11, 1814, FOR GALLANT CONDUCT IN THE BATTLE OF PLATTSBURG, N. Y.)

fortifying the camps, for the winter quarters of the Northern Army, 1813–14 ; as Superintending Engineer of the repairs of the South Caro-

(FIRST LIEUT., CORPS OF ENGINEERS, FEB. 9, 1815)

lina and Georgia Coast Defenses, 1816–18 ; and as Asst. Engineer in the construction of the fortifications on the Gulf of Mexico, 1818–19.

RESIGNED, MAR. 31, 1819.

Civil History. — Civil Engineer and Rice Planter on Cooper River, near Charleston, S. C., 1819–27.

DIED, MAY 12, 1827, AT PINE RIDGE, ST. JOHN'S PARISH, S. C.

GRADUATES OF 1814.

91...(Born D. C.).**GEORGE W. GARDINER**.....(Ap'd D. C.)

Military History. — Cadet of the Military Academy, Sep. 2, 1812, to Mar. 11, 1814, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

THIRD LIEUT., 1ST ARTILLERY, MAR. 11, 1814.

Served : in the War of 1812–15 with Great Britain, in garrison at Ft. Columbus, N. Y., 1814–15 ; at Portsmouth, N. H., 1815–16 ; at the Mili-

(SECOND LIEUT., 1ST ARTILLERY, MAY 1, 1814)

(TRANSFERRED TO CORPS OF ARTILLERY, MAY 12, 1814)

tary Academy, 1816–20, as Adjutant, Oct. 12, 1816, to Sep. 15, 1817, and from Feb. 10, 1819, to Mar. 9, 1820, — as Commandant of Cadets and Instructor of Infantry Tactics, Sep. 15, 1817, to Apr. 2, 1818, — and

(FIRST LIEUT., CORPS OF ARTILLERY, APR. 20, 1818)

as Instructor of Artillery, Sep. 15, 1817, to Feb. 1, 1820 ; in garrison at New York harbor, 1820 ; on Commissary duty, 1820–21 ; in garrison at

(FIRST LIEUT., 2D ARTILLERY, IN RE-ORGANIZATION OF ARMY, JUNE 1, 1821)

Ft. Mifflin, Pa., 1821–24, — Ft. Delaware, Del., 1824–27, — and Augusta Arsenal, Ga., 1827–30 ; in Cherokee Nation, 1830–31 ; in garrison at Ft.

(BVT. CAPTAIN, APR. 20, 1828, FOR FAITHFUL SERVICE TEN YEARS IN ONE GRADE)

Marion, Fla., 1831–32, — and Augusta Arsenal, Ga., 1832–33 ; in Chero-

(CAPTAIN, 2D ARTILLERY, NOV. 3, 1832)

kee Nation, 1833 ; in garrison at Ft. Mitchell, Ala., 1833–34, — Ft. Jackson, La., 1834, — Covington, La., 1834, — Ft. Jackson, La., 1834–35, — and Ft. Pickens, Fla., 1835 ; and in the Florida War, 1835, being engaged

in Dade's desperate Battle with the Seminole Indians, where "the whole command, save three, fell without an attempt to retreat."

KILLED, AT DADE'S MASSACRE, FLA., DEC. 28, 1835.*

* General Hitchcock, who passed over the battle-ground, Feb. 22, 1836, reports: "Along the north and west faces of the triangular breastwork, formed by felled trees, were about thirty bodies, mere skeletons, although much of the clothing was left upon them. They were lying, almost every one of them, in precisely the position they must have occupied during the fight, — their heads next to the logs over which they had delivered their fire, and their bodies stretched with striking regularity parallel to each other. They had evidently been shot dead at their posts, and the Indians had not disturbed them, except by taking the scalps of most of them. . . . The advanced guard, doubtless, fell during the first attack. It was during a cessation of fire that the little band still remaining, about thirty in number, threw up the triangular breastwork, which, from the haste with which it was constructed, was necessarily defective, and could not protect the men in the second attack."

The action lasted from 8 A. M. to 4 P. M. The U. S. troops amounted to 108, and the savage foe to 800 Seminole Indians, and 100 negroes. While a man could load a musket, the firing was continued. Captain GARDINER, next to the last surviving officer, fell, pierced by five or six shots, his mortal wound being in the breast.

A beautiful monument, of white Italian marble, was erected at West Point, to "DADE AND HIS COMMAND."

92.. (Born N. Y.) **CHARLES S. MERCHANT**..... (Ap'd N. Y.)

Military History. — Cadet of the Military Academy, Sep. 7, 1812, to Mar. 11, 1814, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

THIRD LIEUT., 1ST ARTILLERY, MAR. 11, 1814.

Served: in the War of 1812–15 with Great Britain, in garrison in New

(SECOND LIEUT., 1ST ARTILLERY, MAY 1, 1814)

(TRANSFERRED TO CORPS OF ARTILLERY, MAY 12, 1814)

York harbor, 1814, — on Recruiting service, 1814, — and in garrison at Ft. Trumbull, Ct., 1814–15; in garrison at Ft. Trumbull, Ct., 1815–16, — Pittsfield, Mas., 1816, — Castine, Me., 1816–17, — and Portsmouth, N. H.,

(FIRST LIEUT., CORPS OF ARTILLERY, APR. 20, 1818)

1817–18, — Eastport, Me., 1818, — Portsmouth, N. H., 1818–21, — Plattsburg, N. Y., 1821–24, — and Ft. Hamilton, N. Y., 1824; on Ordnance

(FIRST LIEUT., 2D ARTILLERY, IN RE-ORGANIZATION OF ARMY, JUNE 1, 1821)

duty, July 6 to Sep. 18, 1824; in garrison at Pittsburg Arsenal, Pa., 1824–26, — Ft. Monroe, Va. (Artillery School for Practice), 1826–28, — Savannah, Ga., 1828–29, 1829–30, — Augusta Arsenal, Ga., 1830, — Sa-

(BVT. CAPT., APR. 20, 1828, FOR FAITHFUL SERVICE TEN YEARS IN ONE GRADE)

vannah, Ga., 1830–31, — Augusta Arsenal, Ga., 1831, — Savannah, Ga., 1831–33, — Ft. Moultrie, S. C., 1833, — and Savannah, Ga., 1833–35; in

(CAPTAIN, 2D ARTILLERY, NOV. 17, 1834)

the Florida War, 1836, and 1837–38; on the Northern Frontier, during Canada Border disturbances, at Ft. Gratiot, Mich., 1838–39, — Buffalo, N. Y., 1839, — and Ft. Niagara, N. Y., 1839–41; in garrison at Ft. Lafayette, N. Y., 1841–42, — Ft. Hamilton, N. Y., 1842, — Ft. Trumbull, Ct., 1842–46, — Ft. Adams, R. I., 1846, — and Ft. Columbus, N. Y., 1846–47; in the Mexican War, in command of Ft. Brown, Tex., 1847–48; on Recruiting service, 1848; in garrison at Ft. Johnston, N. C., 1848–49; on sick leave of absence, 1849–50; on frontier duty at San Diego, Cal.,

(MAJOR, 3D ARTILLERY, FEB. 14, 1849)

1850–51, — and San Francisco, Cal., 1851–52; in garrison at Ft. Preble, Me., 1853; on board steamer San Francisco, 1853–54, when the wreck of the vessel compelled his return to New York; awaiting orders, 1854–57;

(LIEUT.-COLONEL, 3D ARTILLERY, JUNE 10, 1857)

on frontier duty at Benicia, and San Francisco, Cal., 1857–61.

Served during the Rebellion of the Seceding States, 1861–66 : in com-
(COLONEL, 4TH ARTILLERY, AUG. 28, 1861)
mand of Ft. Washington, Md., 1861–63, — and of Ft. Wood, Bedloe's
(RETIRED FROM ACTIVE SERVICE AUG. 1, 1863, UNDER THE LAW OF JULY 17, 1862, "HAVING BEEN BORNE ON THE ARMY REGISTER MORE THAN 45 YEARS")
Island, N. Y., 1863–66 ; and on Court Martial duty, 1866.
BVT. BRIG.-GENERAL, U. S. ARMY, MAR. 13, 1865, FOR LONG AND FAITHFUL SERVICES IN THE ARMY.
DIED, DEC. 6, 1879, AT CARLISLE, PA. : AGED 84.

93...(Born Mas.)...**NATHANIEL G. DANA**.....(Ap'd Mas.)

Military History. — Cadet of the Military Academy, Sep. 12, 1812, to Mar. 11, 1814, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to
THIRD LIEUT., 1ST ARTILLERY, MAR. 11, 1814.
Served : in the War of 1812–15 with Great Britain, in garrison at Ft. Adams, R. I., 1814–15 ; in garrison at Portland, Me., 1815–18 ; on Artil-
(SECOND LIEUT., 1ST ARTILLERY, MAY 1, 1814)
(TRANSFERRED TO CORPS OF ARTILLERY, MAY 12, 1814)
lery Staff at Portsmouth, N. H., as Battalion Adjutant of Artillery, Apr. 1, 1818, to June 1, 1819, and Quartermaster, June 1, 1819, to
(FIRST LIEUT., CORPS OF ARTILLERY, APR. 20, 1818)
June 1, 1820 ; and in garrison at Ft. Sullivan, Me., 1821–22, — Ft. Preble,
(FIRST LIEUT., 1ST ARTILLERY, IN RE-ORGANIZATION OF ARMY, JUNE 1, 1821)
Me., 1822–25, — Ft. Wolcott, R. I., 1825–26, — Ft. Independence, Mas.,
(CAPTAIN, 1ST ARTILLERY, SEP. 15, 1825)
1826, — Ft. Monroe, Va. (Artillery School for Practice), 1826–28, — Ft. Moultrie, S. C., 1828, — Ft. Monroe, Va. (Artillery School for Practice), 1828–32, — and Ft. McHenry, Md., 1832–33.
DIED, FEB. 4, 1833, AT FORT MCHENRY, MD.

94....(Born Scotland)...**JOHN MUNROE**.....(Ap'd N. Y.)

Military History. — Cadet of the Military Academy, Oct. 12, 1812, to Mar. 11, 1814, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to
THIRD LIEUT., 1ST ARTILLERY, MAR. 11, 1814.
Served : in the War of 1812–15 with Great Britain, on duty at Ft. In-
(SECOND LIEUT., 1ST ARTILLERY, MAY 1, 1814)
(TRANSFERRED TO CORPS OF ARTILLERY, MAY 12, 1814)
dependence, Mas., 1814–15 ; in garrison at Sackett's Harbor, N. Y., 1815–19, — Mobile, Ala., 1819–21, — Ft. Wood, N. Y., 1821, — Fernan-
(FIRST LIEUT., CORPS OF ARTILLERY, APR. 20, 1818)
(FIRST LIEUT., 4TH ARTILLERY, IN RE-ORGANIZATION OF ARMY, JUNE 1, 1821)
dina, Fla., 1821–22, — Tybee Island, Ga., 1822–24, — Savannah, Ga., 1824–25, — St. Augustine, Fla., 1825–26, — Savannah, Ga., 1826–27, —
(CAPTAIN, 4TH ARTILLERY, MAR. 2, 1825)
Ft. Columbus, N. Y., 1827–28, — Ft. Monroe, Va. (Artillery School for Practice), 1828–30, — Ft. Columbus, N. Y., 1830–31, — and Ft. Monroe, Va. (Artillery School for Practice), 1831–32 ; on the "Black Hawk Ex-

pedition," 1832, but not at the seat of war; in garrison at Ft. Monroe, Va. (Artillery School for Practice), 1832, — Charleston harbor, S. C., 1832–33, during South Carolina's threatened nullification, — and at Ft. Hamilton, N. Y., 1833–34; on Recruiting service, 1834; in garrison at Ft. Hamilton, N. Y., 1834–35, — Ft. Lafayette, N. Y., 1835–36; in operations in Creek Nation, 1836; in the Florida War, 1836–38; in the Cherokee Nation, 1838, while transferring the Indians to the West; in the

(BVT. MAJOR, FEB. 15, 1838, FOR CONDUCT UNIFORMLY MERITORIOUS AND EFFICIENT DURING THREE CAMPAIGNS AGAINST THE FLORIDA INDIANS)

Florida War, 1838–39; in garrison at Ft. Columbus, N. Y., 1839; at the Camp of Instruction, near Trenton, N. J., 1839; on the Northern Frontier, during the Canada Border disturbances, at Cleveland, O., 1839–41, and Oswego, N. Y., 1841–42; in garrison at Ft. Monroe, Va., 1842–43; on Artillery Tactics Board, June 17 to Nov. 30, 1843; in garrison at Ft. Monroe, Va., 1843–45; in Military Occupation of Texas, 1845–46; in

(MAJOR, 2D ARTILLERY, AUG. 18, 1846)

the Mexican War, 1846–48, being engaged in the Battle of Monterey,

(BVT. LIEUT.-COLONEL, SEP. 23, 1846, FOR GALLANT AND MERITORIOUS CONDUCT IN THE SEVERAL CONFLICTS AT MONTEREY, MEX.)

(LIEUT.-COLONEL, 4TH ARTILLERY, NOV. 11, 1846)

Sep. 21–23, 1846, — Battle of Buena Vista, Feb. 22–23, 1847, — and as

(BVT. COLONEL, FEB. 23, 1847, FOR GALLANT AND MERITORIOUS CONDUCT IN THE BATTLE OF BUENA VISTA, MEX.)

Chief of Artillery of the Army commanded by Bvt. Maj.-General Taylor, July 8, 1846, to Nov. 25, 1847; in garrison at Ft. Columbus, N. Y., 1848, — and Ft. Marion, Fla., 1848–49; as Military and Civil Governor of New Mexico, Oct. 23, 1849, to July 19, 1851, headquarters at Santa Fé, N. M.; in garrison at Ft. Monroe, Va., 1851, — Ft. Moultrie, S. C., 1852, — and Ft. McHenry, Md., 1852–53; in command of the Department of Florida, Sep. 26, 1853, to Nov. 21, 1856; on leave of absence, 1856–58; in command of the Department of the Platte, headquarters at Ft. Randall, Dak., July 18, 1858, to Jan. 10, 1861; and on leave of absence, 1861.

DIED, APR. 26, 1861, AT NEW BRUNSWICK, N. J.

95....(Born N. Y.)..**JOHN S. ALLANSON**.....(Ap'd N. Y.)

Military History. — Cadet of the Military Academy, Oct. 24, 1812, to Mar. 11, 1814, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

THIRD LIEUT., 1ST ARTILLERY, MAR. 11, 1814.

Served: in the War of 1812–15 with Great Britain, on Recruiting ser-

(SECOND LIEUT., 1ST ARTILLERY, MAY 1, 1814)

(TRANSFERRED TO CORPS OF ARTILLERY, MAY 12, 1814)

vice, 1814–15; as Aide-de-Camp to Brig.-General Miller, Aug. 18, 1816, to Apr. 17, 1818; in garrison at Portsmouth, N. H., as Battalion Adju-

(FIRST LIEUT., CORPS OF ARTILLERY, APR. 20, 1818)

tant of Artillery, June 1, 1818, to Apr. 20, 1820.

RESIGNED, APR. 20, 1820.

DIED, 1830, AT SEA, ON VOYAGE TO RUSSIA.

96....(Born N. Y.)..**LEWIS G. DE RUSSY**.....(Ap'd N. Y.)

Military History. — Cadet of the Military Academy, Apr. 14, 1813, to Mar. 11, 1814, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

THIRD LIEUT., 1ST ARTILLERY, MAR. 11, 1814.

Served: in the War of 1812–15 with Great Britain, as Acting Asst. Engineer in erecting temporary defenses for New York city and en-

(SECOND LIEUT., 1ST ARTILLERY, MAY 1, 1814)

(TRANSFERRED TO CORPS OF ARTILLERY, MAY 12, 1814)

virons; in garrison in New York harbor, 1815–16; as Battalion Adjutant of Artillery, Nov. 1, 1816, to May 20, 1819; as Surveyor and Topog-

(FIRST LIEUT., CORPS OF ARTILLERY, MAY 20, 1818)

rapher of Commission to establish the Northern Boundary of the United States, under the Treaty of Ghent, 1819–21; in garrison at Ft. Moultrie,

(FIRST LIEUT., 3D ARTILLERY, IN RE-ORGANIZATION OF ARMY, JUNE 1, 1821)

S. C., 1821; on Topographical duty, Jan. 14, 1822, to May, 1824; in garrison at Ft. Monroe, Va. (Artillery School for Practice), 1824; on Topographical duty, June 4, 1824, to Dec. 11, 1825; in garrison at Ft. Monroe,

(CAPTAIN, 3D ARTILLERY, DEC. 11, 1825, TO OCT. 1, 1826)

Va. (Artillery School for Practice), 1825–26; and as Paymaster for the

(MAJOR, STAFF — PAYMASTER, SEP. 21, 1826)

Red River Posts, 1826–42.

DROPPED, JULY 28, 1842, UNDER 3D SEC. OF LAW OF JAN. 31, 1823.*

Civil History. — Planter, Natchitoches, La., 1842–46.

Military History. — Served in the War with Mexico at Tampico,

(COLONEL, 1ST LOUISIANA VOLUNTEERS, DEC. 26, 1846)

Mex., 1846–48, when he completed the defenses of the place, opened a new channel to the Tamesi River, held various civil offices, and was engaged in the Combat of Calabaza River, July 12, 1847, and Skirmish of Tantoyuca, July, 1847.

DISBANDED, JULY 10, 1848.

Civil History. — Planter, Natchitoches, La., 1848–61. Civil Engineer, 1848–61, employed in the improvement of the Navigation of the Red River, — Survey of Catahoula Shoals, Washita River, etc. Member of the House of Representatives of the State of Louisiana, 1851–53, — and of the Senate, 1853–55. Major-General, Louisiana Militia, 1848–61. Joined in the Rebellion of 1861–66 against the United States, and

DIED, DEC. 17, 1864, AT GRANDE ECORE, LA.: AGED 68.

* The President, "upon full consideration of his case, thinking he had been too rigidly dealt by," directed, Nov. 28, 1844, that "he be restored to his original rank and position upon the happening of the first vacancy," of which none occurred before the expiration of his administration.

97....(Born Mas.).....**THOMAS CHILDS**.....(Ap'd Mas.)

Military History. — Cadet of the Military Academy, Apr. 6, 1813, to Mar. 11, 1814, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

THIRD LIEUT., 1ST ARTILLERY, MAR. 11, 1814.

Served: in the War of 1812–15 with Great Britain, in the Campaign of 1814, on the Niagara Frontier, being engaged in the Capture of Ft. Erie,

(SECOND LIEUT., 1ST ARTILLERY, MAY 1, 1814)

(TRANSFERRED TO CORPS OF ARTILLERY, MAY 12, 1814)

U. C., July 3, 1814, — Battle of Niagara, July 25, 1814, — and Defense of Ft. Erie, U. C., from its Bombardment and Assault by the enemy, Aug. 13–15, 1814, until the Siege was raised by the successful Sortie from it, Sep. 17, 1814; in garrison at Ft. Niagara, N. Y., 1815–16, — New

(FIRST LIEUT., CORPS OF ARTILLERY, APR. 20, 1818)

York harbor, 1816–18, — Ft. Washington, Md., 1818–19, — and New York harbor, 1819–20 ; on Commissary duty, 1820–21 ; in garrison at Ft.

(FIRST LIEUT., 3D ARTILLERY, JUNE 1, 1821)

(CAPTAIN, 3D ARTILLERY, OCT. 1, 1826)

Washington, Md., 1821–25, 1825–27, — and at Ft. Sullivan, Me., 1827–31, 1832–36 ; in the Florida War, 1836–37, being engaged against the Seminole Indians in the Attack on Ft. Drane, Fla., Aug. 21, 1836 ; on Recruit-

(BVT. MAJOR, AUG. 21, 1836, FOR PLANNING THE ATTACK ON THE INDIANS AT FT. DRANE, FLA., AND GOOD CONDUCT IN THAT AFFAIR)

ing service, 1837, 1838 ; in the Florida War, 1838–40, 1840–42 ; in gar-

(BVT. LIEUT.-COLONEL, FEB. 1, 1841, FOR GALLANT CONDUCT AND REPEATED SUCCESSES IN THE WAR AGAINST THE FLORIDA INDIANS, BETWEEN NOV., 1840, AND MAR., 1842)

rison at Ft. Johnston, N. C., 1842–44, — Ft. Moultrie, S. C., 1844, — and Ft. Johnston, N. C., 1844–45 ; in Military Occupation of Texas, 1845–46 ; as Colonel of Artillery Battalion of "Army of Occupation," Oct. 3, 1845, to Feb. 16, 1847 ; in the War with Mexico, 1846–48, being engaged in the Battle of Palo Alto, May 8, 1846,— Battle of Resaca-de-la-Palma, May 9, 1846, — Battle of Monterey, Sep. 21–23, 1846, — Siege of Vera

(BVT. COLONEL, MAY 9, 1846, FOR GALLANT CONDUCT IN THE BATTLES OF PALO ALTO AND RESACA-DE-LA-PALMA)

Cruz, Mar. 9–29, 1847, — Battle of Cerro Gordo, Apr. 17–18, 1847, —

(MAJOR, 1ST ARTILLERY, FEB. 16, 1847)

Skirmish of La Hoya, June 20, 1847, — Defense of Puebla, Sep. 13–Oct. 12,

(BVT. BRIG.-GENERAL, OCT. 12, 1847, FOR GALLANT AND MERITORIOUS CONDUCT IN THE DEFENSE OF PUEBLA, MEX.)

1847, where he commanded, — Military Governor of Jalapa, Apr.–June, 1847, and of Puebla, Sep.–Oct., 1847 ; in garrison, at Ft. McHenry, Md., 1848–51 ; and in command of Military Operations in East Florida, Feb. 11, 1852, to Oct. 8, 1853.

DIED, OCT. 8, 1853, AT FT. BROOKE, FLA.

BIOGRAPHICAL SKETCH.

BVT. BRIGADIER-GENERAL THOMAS CHILDS was born, Mar. 16, 1796, at Pittsfield, Mas., of a military family, his father and grandfather having done good service in the War of the Revolution. Upon graduating from the Military Academy he was promoted to the Artillery, May 11, 1814, in which he rose to the rank of Major.

Immediately upon leaving his Alma Mater, though yet a boy, he was ordered to the Niagara frontier and took part in the Campaign of 1814, being engaged in the Capture of Ft. Erie, July 3, the Battle of Niagara, July 25, and Defense of Ft. Erie from its bombardment and assault by the enemy, Aug. 13–14, until the siege was raised by the successful Sortie of Sep. 17, 1814. For his participation in the latter he received a captured quadrant, upon which was engraved : "Presented to Lieut. Thomas Childs, by order of the President of the United States, for gallant conduct in the Sortie from Ft. Erie and for spiking the guns of the enemy's batteries, at the age of seventeen years, Sep. 17, 1814."

After twelve years of routine duty, Childs, in 1836, was ordered to Florida where, except for a short interval, he was engaged in campaigning against the Seminole Indians till the end of the war in 1842, having participated in the Attack on Ft. Drane, which he planned, and various difficult expeditions through the Everglades, for which "good conduct

and repeated successes" he received the brevets of Major, Aug. 21, 1836, and of Lieut.-Colonel, Feb. 1, 1841.

Childs, in 1845, took command of the Artillery Battalion, with which he fought in the Battles of Palo Alto and Resaca-de-la-Palma, receiving, for his "gallant conduct," the brevet of Colonel, May 9, 1846. The Artillery Battalion was then attached to Worth's brigade and marched to Monterey, where Childs was ordered to storm the fortified heights above the Bishop's palace. The perilous task, with the assistance of regular infantry and Texas rangers, was successfully accomplished before the dawn of Sep. 22, when the Artillery Battalion flag was seen planted upon the key-point of Monterey. The next day the brave Colonel led his column in the attack upon the streets of the city until it reached the main plaza. Of his conduct at Monterey, General Worth says: "The gallant Colonel Childs is safe, and covered all over with glory." When the regulars of Taylor's army were ordered to join Scott, Childs became Chief of Staff of Worth's division at Vera Cruz, in the siege of which he took an active part. At this time, being the Major of his regiment, he was placed in command of it in Twiggs's division, which performed brilliant service at Cerro Gordo, Apr. 17–18, 1847. Immediately after, he was made Military Governor of Jalapa, and, when General Scott moved with the army to the Valley of Mexico, was appointed Military Governor of Puebla, a city of 60,000 inhabitants. Here Childs was obliged, with only 400 effectives, to protect the hospitals, with 1,800 sick, and defend himself against assault from without and insurrection from within. His little band sustained a close and continued siege of twenty-eight days by a vastly superior force, amounting, at one time, to 8,000, under the immediate command of General Santa Anna. The siege was successfully repelled at all times and at every point amid showers of bullets from streets, balconies, house-tops, and churches. In communicating Childs's official despatch of Oct. 13, 1874, to the War Department, General Scott says: "I inclose the interesting report made to me from Colonel Childs, governor and commander at Puebla, detailing the defense of that place, which, though highly arduous, gallant, and triumphant, has not exceeded what was expected at the hands of that excellent commander, his officers and men." For the Defense of Puebla, Colonel Childs was brevetted Brigadier-General, U. S. Army.

After the Mexican War, Childs commanded at Ft. McHenry, Md., for three years, and then took charge of the Military Operations in East Florida, where he died of yellow fever, Oct. 8, 1853, at his headquarters, Ft. Brooke.

In publishing the obituary order from the General-in-Chief of the U. S. Army, a Pittsfield, Mas., newspaper says: "But while all bear testimony to his gallantry as a soldier, his crowning distinction was the moral heroism and singular purity of his character, his faithful and consistent religious life, which, after all the honors of earth have passed away, remain in the hearts of his friends to consecrate his memory, and furnish the brightest and sweetest hope of that better life and more enduring fame which await all the faithful soldiers and servants of God."

98...(Born N. Y.)...**STEPHEN BIRDSALL**.....(Ap'd N. Y.)

Military History.—Cadet of the Military Academy, June 4, 1813, to Mar. 11, 1814, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

THIRD LIEUT., 1ST ARTILLERY, Mar. 11, 1814.

Served in the War of 1812–15 with Great Britain, on the Niagara Frontier, 1814.

SECOND LIEUT., 1ST ARTILLERY, MAY 1, 1814.

TRANSFERRED TO CORPS OF ARTILLERY, MAY 12, 1814.
DISBANDED, JUNE 15, 1815.

Civil History. — Merchant at New York city, 1812–17, — at Fayetteville, N. C., 1820–22, — and at Raleigh, N. C., 1822–35. Teller in the State Bank of North Carolina, 1817–20. Aide-de-Camp, with the rank of Colonel, to Governor Burton, of North Carolina, 1826–28, and to Governors Iredell and Owen, 1828. Chief Clerk of the Treasury of North Carolina, 1835–43, and 1844, and Clerk, 1853–58; Treasurer of the Raleigh and Gaston Railroad, N. C., 1843–44.

DIED, FEB. 10, 1858, AT RALEIGH, N. C.: AGED 62.

99....(Born Vt.).....**JOHN WRIGHT**.....(Ap'd Vt.)

Military History. — Cadet of the Military Academy, May 22, 1812, to Mar. 30, 1814, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

SECOND LIEUT., CORPS OF ENGINEERS, MAR. 30, 1814.

Served: at the Military Academy as Principal Asst. Professor of Mathematics, from Apr. 1, 1814, to Dec. 1, 1816; and at West Point, on duty with the Company of Bombardiers, Sappers and Miners, 1816–18.

RESIGNED, JULY 23, 1818.

Civil History. — Counselor at Law, Norwich, Vt., 1818–60. Postmaster, Norwich, Vt., 1835–38, and 1853–56. Member of the Conventions to amend the Constitution of the State of Vermont, 1836, 1843, and 1857.

DIED, SEP. 10, 1860, AT NORWICH, VT.: AGED 63.

100....(Born Md.)....**EDMUND BROOKE**.....(Ap'd Va.)

Military History. — Cadet of the Military Academy, May 11, 1812, to Apr. 13, 1814, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

SECOND LIEUT., MARINES, APR. 15, 1814.

Served: in the War of 1812–15 with Great Britain, in garrison at Washington, D. C., May–Aug., 1814, — was engaged in the Battle of Bladensburg, Md., and Defense of Washington, D. C., Aug. 24, 1814, —

(FIRST LIEUT., MARINES, JUNE 18, 1815)

and on a Cruise in the Frigate Congress, 1815.

RESIGNED, FEB. 13, 1817.

Civil History. — Unknown.

DIED, 1855.

101...(Born N. Y.)...**JOHN ARMSTRONG**.....(Ap'd N. Y.)

Military History. — Cadet of the Military Academy, Dec. 8, 1813, to Apr. 19, 1814, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

THIRD LIEUT., LIGHT ARTILLERY, APR. 19, 1814.

Served: in the War of 1812–15 with Great Britain, as Aide-de-Camp

(TRANSFERRED TO CORPS OF ARTILLERY, MAY 12, 1814)
(SECOND LIEUT., CORPS OF ARTILLERY, MAY 19, 1814)
(FIRST LIEUT., 4TH RIFLES, JULY 26, 1814)

to Major-General Brown, Sep. 2, 1814, to June 15, 1815, being engaged in the Campaign of 1814 on the Niagara Frontier, participating in the Defense of Ft. Erie, U. C., from its Bombardment and Assault by the

enemy, Aug. 13–15, till the Sortie from it, Sep. 17, 1814, which compelled the raising of the siege.

RESIGNED, JUNE 15, 1815.

Civil History.—Counselor at Law, Rhinebeck, N. Y., 1818–52. Member of the House of Representatives of the State of New York, 1824 and 1825.

DIED, JUNE 16, 1852, AT RHINEBECK, N. Y.: AGED 62.

102....(Born Ct.)....**JAMES W. RIPLEY**.....(Ap'd Ct.)

Military History.—Cadet of the Military Academy, May 8, 1813, to June 1, 1814, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

SECOND LIEUT., CORPS OF ARTILLERY, JUNE 1, 1814.

Served: in the War of 1812–15 with Great Britain, in Defense of Sackett's Harbor, N. Y., 1814–15; in garrison at Portland, Me., 1815–16, —and New Orleans, La., 1816–17; as Battalion Quartermaster of Artillery, Dec. 28, 1816, to June 1, 1821, in Major-General Jackson's Cam-

(FIRST LIEUT., CORPS OF ARTILLERY, APR. 20, 1818)

paign of 1817–18 against the Seminole Indians, and his Invasion of Florida, being engaged in the Seizure of Pensacola, Fla., May 24, 1818, —and Bombardment and Capture of Ft. San Carlos de Barrancas, Fla., May 26–27, 1818; on Recruiting service, 1819 and 1820–22; in garrison at St.

(FIRST LIEUT., 4TH ARTILLERY, IN RE-ORGANIZATION OF ARMY, JUNE 1, 1821)

Augustine, Fla., 1823; as Commissioner for running Boundary of Florida Indians' reservations, 1823–24; in garrison at Ft. Monroe, Va. (Artillery School for Practice), 1824–25, —Ft. St. Philip, La., 1825, —Savannah,

(CAPTAIN, 4TH ARTILLERY, AUG. 1, 1825)

Ga., 1826, —Ft. Monroe, Va. (Artillery School for Practice), 1826–28, —and Ft. McHenry, Md., 1828–30; on Recruiting service, 1830–31; in garrison at Ft. McHenry, Md., 1831–32, —and Charleston harbor, S. C.,

(CAPTAIN, ORDNANCE, MAY 30, 1832)

1832–33, during South Carolina's threatened nullification; in command of Kennebec Arsenal, Me., 1833–42; as Inspector of Cannon, 1835–42;

(MAJOR, ORDNANCE, JULY 7, 1838)

as Superintendent of Springfield Armory, Mas., 1841–54, and of Contract Arms, 1843–54; as Member of Ordnance Board, Feb. 10 to Mar. 6, 1847;

(BVT. LIEUT.-COLONEL, MAY 30, 1848, FOR MERITORIOUS CONDUCT, PARTICULARLY IN THE PERFORMANCE OF HIS DUTY IN THE PROSECUTION OF THE WAR WITH MEXICO)

in command of Watertown Arsenal, Mas., 1854–55; as Chief of Ord-

(LIEUT.-COLONEL, ORDNANCE, DEC. 31, 1854)

nance of Pacific Department, Mar. 29, 1855, to Sep. 20, 1857; as In-

(COLONEL AND CHIEF OF ORDNANCE OF THE U. S. ARMY, APR. 23, 1861)

(BVT. BRIG.-GENERAL, U. S. ARMY, JULY 2, 1861)

(BRIG.-GENERAL AND CHIEF OF ORDNANCE OF THE U. S. ARMY, AUG. 3, 1861)

spector of Arsenals, 1857–60, —and on special duty to Japan, Asia, 1860–61.

Served during the Rebellion of the Seceding States, 1861–66: as Chief of Ordnance, U. S. Army, Apr. 3, 1861, to Sep. 14, 1863, and in charge of the Ordnance Bureau at Washington, D. C., Apr. 23, 1861, to Sep. 14,

1863, — and as Inspector of the Armament of Fortifications on the New

(RETIRED FROM ACTIVE SERVICE, SEP. 15, 1863, UNDER THE LAW OF JULY 17, 1842, "HAVING BEEN BORNE ON THE ARMY REGISTER MORE THAN 45 YEARS")

England Coast, Sep. 14, 1863, to Jan. 22, 1869.

BVT. MAJ.-GENERAL, U. S. ARMY, MAR. 13, 1865, FOR LONG AND FAITHFUL SERVICES IN THE ARMY.

DIED, MAR. 15, 1870, AT HARTFORD, CT.: AGED 76.

BIOGRAPHICAL SKETCH.

BVT. MAJOR-GENERAL JAMES WOLFE RIPLEY was born, Dec. 10, 1794, in Windham County, Conn.; was a lineal descendant, through his great-grandmother, of William Bradford, the historian, and second governor of the first Plymouth Colony; received a good elementary education in the principal school of his native town; and was appointed a Cadet of the Military Academy, May 8, 1813. War then existing with Great Britain, and officers being much wanted, he was graduated after a year's attendance at that institution; promoted, June 1, 1814, to be a Second Lieutenant in the Corps of Artillery; and was ordered to the Canada frontier, remaining on duty at Sackett's Harbor till the end of the war. Upon the termination of hostilities, after a short tour of duty at Portland, Me., he, as the Quartermaster of his battalion, was ordered to New Orleans, and soon after was sent with provisions to the relief of Major-General Andrew Jackson on the Escambia River, where he was operating against the Florida Indians. In this campaign, Ripley, who had become a First Lieutenant, April 20, 1818, was engaged, under the "old hero," in the Seizure of Pensacola and Capture of Fort San Carlos de Barrancas in May of the same year. In 1819, Lieut. Ripley was sent to Lancaster, Pa., on Recruiting service, and while there, on the re-organization of the Army, June 1, 1821, was assigned to the Fourth Artillery. In 1823, while on duty at St. Augustine, he was detailed as Assistant Commissioner, under Colonel James Gadsden, to run the boundaries of the Florida Indians' reservations, which he performed so satisfactorily that he was highly commended by both his chief and Duval, then Governor of the Territory.

In 1832, after eight years' service in various garrisons and on recruiting duty, Captain Ripley was ordered to Fort Moultrie, to keep the peace in Charleston harbor, during South Carolina's threatened nullification. His services here are best attested by Joel R. Poinsett, in his letter to President Jackson, of April 5, 1833, when Ripley, in consequence of his transfer, May 30, 1832, to the Ordnance Corps, was ordered to the command of Kennebec arsenal. That distinguished statesman, firm Unionist, and subsequent Secretary of War, says: "We part with Captain Ripley, who will have the advantage to deliver you this letter, with great regret. His indefatigable exertions to prepare his post to resist the lawless attacks which threatened it, and his gentlemanly deportment, have won the esteem and respect of the friends of the Government in this city. His appointment, although it removes him from among us, has been highly gratifying to his well-wishers here, and we sincerely hope that he may be placed in a situation where he may have an opportunity to exhibit his talents and activity in the service of his country, and which may reward him for the zeal he has displayed in defense of the Union." General Winfield Scott, then in command of Charleston harbor, adds his tribute of praise in a letter, of April 15, 1833, to the Secretary of War, in which he says: "Captain Ripley has no superior in the middle ranks of the Army, either in general intelligence, zeal, or good conduct," and, after de-

tailing his admirable arrangements for the security of his post, continues: "In conclusion, I have pleasure in stating that no one left a higher reputation, either with our officers or the citizens of Charleston, than Captain Ripley." He continued for eight years in command of Kennebec Arsenal, and for the latter six was Inspector of Cannon; in the mean time, July 7, 1838, having been promoted to a Major of Ordnance.

Major Ripley, April 16, 1841, was selected for Superintendent of the United States Armory at Springfield, Mass. It had long been under inefficient civil administration, and when it was to be placed under military control, the choice of commandant fortunately fell upon one who, for the performance of his difficult and responsible duties, united stern integrity, untiring industry, unflinching courage, and an almost prophetic insight into the nation's necessity to perfect her arms for her coming struggle for existence. At once he vigorously began the herculean labor of cleansing this Augean stable of the mass of corrupting influences, taxing the people and periling their safety. He banished idleness; ejected charlatans and demagogues; adjusted pay to production; rewarded merit with promotion; purchased new land; closed useless lanes; graded, planted, and fenced the grounds; changed a desolate sandy plain into a beautiful landscape park; transformed a village of dilapidated shanties into one of the best built armories of the world; doubled the value of the Government property, while correspondingly diminishing the cost of arms; introduced improved machinery making like parts of all weapons interchangeable; saved millions to the country by properly directing labor, adopting new inventions, and increasing the capacity of the works; courteously, with the assent of the Government, though perhaps not wisely, gave England the benefit of tools and apparatus to produce our Springfield (called their Enfield) rifle; and in fine, after a prolonged battle against armorers, the local public, and Congressional influences to thwart his authority and salutary reforms, he ended the best and stormiest years of his life, through the strength and energy of his character, with high honor to himself, the goodwill of the community, the cordial respect of those who had most opposed his policy, and fulfilled his mission of producing the means of our more perfect defense in the preservation of the Union. Springfield Armory is truly Ripley's monument.

In the thirteen years of his command, so notable had become his reputation at Springfield that nearly two hundred of her most eminent citizens, headed by the Hon. George Ashmun, tendered Ripley a public dinner (which he modestly declined) in the most complimentary letter, from which we make the following extract: "Knowing, as most of us do personally, the condition of the U. S. Armory when it passed under your charge in 1841, and having before us the palpable evidence of the very great improvements you have introduced into its management, both in the internal economy and its external appearance, and recognizing as we do the great value and importance of these improvements to this city, and knowing also full well the uncompromising and unjust hostility you have encountered at almost every step, from interested and prejudiced parties, in establishing these improvements, we earnestly desire to tender to you some expression of appreciation of the value and success of your administration of the Armory, as a public officer, and of our confidence in your unflinching integrity and energy, and fidelity to the best interests of the Government during your residence here." The Armorers soon after, not to be outdone "in obeying an impulse of their own hearts," and appreciating "that manly independence and freedom of action" which had so eminently characterized his administration of the Armory, presented him, Jan. 1, 1855, with a New Year's gift of a beautiful service of plate.

During Ripley's superintendence of the Springfield Armory, it in great

part had supplied the excellent arms for carrying on the Mexican War of 1846–48; in consequence of which the Major was brevetted, May 30, 1848, to be a Lieut.-Colonel "for meritorious conduct, particularly in the performance of his duty in the prosecution of the War with Mexico." This was followed, Dec. 31, 1854, by his full promotion to a Lieut.-Colonelcy of Ordnance.

After a short period of command at Watertown Arsenal, Mas., he was ordered to California as Chief of Ordnance on the Pacific Coast, with instructions to select sites for arsenals and armories; and, upon the completion of his tour of duty there, Sept. 20, 1857, was detailed as Inspector of Arsenals.

The notorious and profligate Floyd, then Secretary of War, sent, June 23, 1860, Colonel Ripley to Japan, in charge of certain arms and military stores which had been prepared for presentation to the Tycoon. He was instructed to return by way of the British overland mail route, and "visit and examine professionally the most important arsenals and military manufactories in Europe." Doubtless Floyd had in view putting at a distance the second ranking officer of the Ordnance Corps; one who could not be silenced in any emergency; and one who, in his short service with General Jackson, had imbibed much of his resolute character. Hearing in the far-off Red Sea the mutterings of the coming storm of Civil War, and taking the responsibility of not carrying out his further orders, he hurried home, without a moment's delay, and promptly reported for duty, though at an age when he might have asked to be retired from active service. "Your country needs you," said an old friend, as he landed from the Persia. "It can have me and every drop of blood in me," the old veteran replied.

On the relief of Colonel Craig, Ripley was appointed, Apr. 23, 1861, to succeed him as Chief of Ordnance, with the rank of Colonel; was brevetted, July 2, 1861, a Brigadier-General; and, by the Act of Congress for the better organization of the military establishment, was, Aug. 3, 1861, made a full Brigadier-General. At this time the Civil War had begun; hence he immediately made the most systematic and vigorous efforts to secure arms for the great conflict. Four days after Ripley became Chief of Ordnance, when we were without a single heavy rifled gun, he ordered the conversion of smooth-bores into rifled cannon, and the manufacture of new Parrott ordnance, soon after, July 21, 1861, introduced into actual service at the Battle of Bull Run; from which time, till the close of the war, these guns, of calibres from 10 to 300 pounders, were extensively and successfully adopted in both the Army and Navy. During 1861, the War Department authorized purchases and contracts for arms to the enormous amount of $46,144,665. This led, at Ripley's request, to a Congressional investigation, and a full report, Feb. 20, 1862, from the Ordnance Bureau, giving the entire correspondence upon the subject, on every page of which the unshaken integrity of General Ripley is exhibited. He was truth and duty incarnate. His reports and recommendations were always honest. They were almost daily overruled; but, day after day and month after month, the sterling soldier and stainless gentleman reappeared, the same enemy of jobbing and fraud. He was bitterly hated by the whole crew of corruptionists, and their hatred was only surpassed by his own scorn and contempt for them. The matter was much discussed in Congress, where Ripley found appreciative friends. The Hon. Mr. Olin, of New York, closed a speech as follows: "I undertake to say that, amid this widespread corruption, and the hordes of sharpers and brokers, and ex-members of Congress and bankers, and stock-jobbers and blood-suckers, who gathered instinctively around the Secretary of War for the purpose of plundering this Government and robbing the people, this old man, General Ripley, stood up like an old

Roman, a pillar of virtue amid a widespread desert of corruption. He was a rock and a breakwater against a torrent of fraud. I wish to God the Government was full of such men."

After nearly half a century of faithful, efficient, and meritorious military service, and when his term of life was fast verging upon the threescore and ten of the Psalmist, he was, Sep. 15, 1863, placed upon the retired list of the Army by Secretary Stanton, who, in his inordinate desire for absolute military control, was not, with all his merits and patriotism, always considerate, generous, and just to his subordinates, particularly gray-haired veterans who had grown cautious after the experience of a long life in which they had fairly won a claim to have "done the state some service."

Upon Ripley's retirement, he was placed upon the nominal duty of a quarterly inspection of the armament of the forts and seacoast defenses of New England, with headquarters at his home in Hartford, Ct., and, at the close of the Civil War, Mar. 13, 1865, was brevetted a Major-General in the Army, "for long and faithful services."

With the frosts of seventy-six winters on his head, "in years he seemed, but not impaired by years," when, Mar. 15, 1870, at Hartford, Ct., after more than half a century in his country's service, he answered his last roll-call and was borne to his final resting-place in Springfield Cemetery, with every demonstration of respect from the entire community, which fully appreciated his genuine worth.

General Ripley was a typical gentleman of the old school, and an officer worthy of the best days of the republic. His career is his character, — spirited, chivalric, honorable, honest, faithful, and true. He had the clear ring of the noble soldier; he knew the duty of obedience equally with the rights of command; his profession's reputation was his guidance in life; his inborn courage was as stubborn to resist wrong as to oppose a foe; his integrity knew no compromise with corruption; he scorned all conciliation with the nation's enemies; he loved the whole flag of 34 Union stars with its 13 Federal stripes; and his faith in his country's destiny was unbounded. In private life, he was as refined and courtly as a knight-errant; but, officially, he was a front of rigid steel to the whole crew of lobby leeches, treasury thieves, sham inventors, and charlatan contractors. He joined to a resolute will a heart of melting tenderness; his friendships were warm, for they were sincere; his attachments lasting, for they were unselfish; and his devotion to family was only equaled by its returned idolatry. When age had silvered his locks and dimmed his fiery eye, his courage was unabated, and his affections pulsated as warmly as in his glowing youth. Calm and contented to the last,

> "The remnant of his days he safely past,
> Nor found they lagg'd too slow, nor flew too fast;
> He made his wish with his estate comply,
> Joyful to live, yet not afraid to die."

103...(Born N. C.).....**DANIEL TURNER**.....(Ap'd N. C.)

Military History. — Cadet of the Military Academy, July 19, 1813, to July 21, 1814, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

SECOND LIEUT., CORPS OF ARTILLERY, JULY 21, 1814.

Served in the War of 1812–15, with Great Britain, as Acting Asst. Engineer in erecting temporary defenses for New York city and environs, 1814–15.

SECOND LIEUT., CORPS OF ARTILLERY, ON REDUCTION OF ARMY, MAY 17, 1815; DECLINED.

Civil History. — Member of the House of Commons of the State of North Carolina, 1819–24, — and of the U. S. House of Representatives,

from North Carolina, 1827–29. Captain N. C. Militia, 1819–27. Principal of Warrenton, N. C., Female Seminary, 1847–54. Employed in the service of the United States, as Superintending Engineer of the construction of the public works at Mare Island Navy Yard, San Francisco harbor, Cal., 1854–60.

DIED, JULY 21, 1860, AT MARE ISLAND, CAL.: AGED 64.

104....(Born Pa.).....**ISAAC E. CRAIG**.....(Ap'd Pa.)

Military History. — Cadet of the Military Academy, July 19, 1813, to July 21, 1814, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

SECOND LIEUT., CORPS OF ARTILLERY, JULY 21, 1814.

Served: in the War of 1812–15 with Great Britain, as Acting Asst. Engineer in erecting temporary defenses for New York city and en-

(FIRST LIEUT., CORPS OF ARTILLERY, APR. 20, 1818)

virons, 1814–15; and in garrison at the Bay of St. Louis, La., 1816–19.

DIED, JUNE 26, 1819, AT THE BAY OF ST. LOUIS, LA.

105..(Born Ky.)..**CHARLES M. THRUSTON**.....(Ap'd D. C.)

Military History. — Cadet of the Military Academy, June 8, 1813, to July 21, 1814, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

SECOND LIEUT., CORPS OF ARTILLERY, JULY 21, 1814.

Served: in the War of 1812–15 with Great Britain, as Acting Asst. Engineer in erecting temporary defenses at Governor's Island, New York harbor, 1814–15; in garrison at Ft. McHenry, Md., 1815–18; as Battalion

(FIRST LIEUT., CORPS OF ARTILLERY, APR. 20, 1818)

Adjutant of Artillery, May 14, 1818, to June 1, 1821; as Adjutant 3d

(FIRST LIEUT., 3D ARTILLERY, IN RE-ORGANIZATION OF ARMY, JUNE 1, 1821)

Artillery, at Reg. headquarters, June 1, 1821, to Feb. 17, 1827; in gar-

(CAPTAIN, 3D ARTILLERY, FEB. 17, 1827)

rison at Ft. Severn, Md., 1827, — Ft. Trumbull, Ct., 1827–33, — and Ft. Monroe, Va., 1833–35; in the Florida War, 1835, 1836, being Acting Adjutant-General of the Florida Army, Feb. to May, 1836, and was engaged against the Seminole Indians in the Combat of Oloklikaha, Mar. 31, 1836.

RESIGNED, AUG. 31, 1836.

Civil History. — Farmer, Cumberland, Md., 1837–61. President of Mineral Bank of Cumberland, Md., 1838–41. Mayor of Cumberland, Md., 1861–62.

Military History. — Served during the Rebellion of the Seceding

(BRIG.-GENERAL, U. S. VOLUNTEERS, SEP. 7, 1861)

States, 1861–62, in guarding the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad, 1861–62.

RESIGNED, APR. 17, 1862.

Civil History. — Farmer, Cumberland, Md., 1862–72.

DIED, FEB. 18, 1873, AT CUMBERLAND, MD.: AGED 75.

106...(Born Va.)...**HENRY W. FITZHUGH**.....(Ap'd D. C.)

Military History. — Cadet of the Military Academy, July 30, 1812, to July 21, 1814, when he was graduated, and promoted in the Army to

SECOND LIEUT., CORPS OF ARTILLERY, JULY 21, 1814.

Served: in the War of 1812–15 with Great Britain, on duty at Ft. Wolcott, R. I., 1814–15; in garrison at Ft. McHenry, Md., 1815–18; as
(FIRST LIEUT., CORPS OF ARTILLERY, APR. 20, 1818)
Battalion Quartermaster of Artillery, July 1, 1818, to June 1, 1821; on
(FIRST LIEUT., 2D ARTILLERY, IN RE-ORGANIZATION OF ARMY, JUNE 1, 1821)
Commissary and Quartermaster duty at Baltimore, Md., 1821–26; and
(ASST. QUARTERMASTER, FROM MAY 19, 1826, TO JUNE 28, 1836)
(BVT. CAPTAIN, APR. 20, 1828, FOR FAITHFUL SERVICE TEN YEARS IN ONE GRADE)
as Asst. Quartermaster at Ft. Monroe, Va., 1826–29, — and Boston, Mas., 1831–32, 1832–36.

RESIGNED, JUNE 28, 1836.

Civil History. — General Superintendent of Baltimore and Ohio Railroad, July 4, 1836, to May 31, 1838. Merchant, Baltimore, Md., 1838–57, and engaged in milling on the Rappahannock River, Va., 1857–76.

DIED, JUNE 10, 1876, AT WOODVILLE, VA.: AGED 79.

107..(Born N. H.)...**JACKMAN J. DAVIS**.....(Ap'd N. H.)

Military History. — Cadet of the Military Academy, Apr. 14, 1813, to July 21, 1814, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to
SECOND LIEUT., CORPS OF ARTILLERY, JULY 21, 1814.

Served: in the War of 1812–15 with Great Britain, on duty at Portsmouth harbor, N. H., 1814–15; in garrison at New York harbor, 1815–17; on Recruiting service, 1817–18; in garrison at New York harbor, 1818–19,
(FIRST LIEUT., CORPS OF ARTILLERY, APR. 20, 1818.)
— Detroit, Mich., 1819–21, — Ft. Trumbull, Ct. 1821, — and Ft. Consti-
(FIRST LIEUT., 1ST ARTILLERY, IN RE-ORGANIZATION OF ARMY, JUNE 1, 1821)
tution, N. H., 1821–24; on Commissary duty, 1824–26; and on Quarter-
(ASST. QUARTERMASTER, FROM MAY 19, 1826, TO FEB. 20, 1828)
master duty, 1826–28.

DIED, FEB. 20, 1828, AT ST. AUGUSTINE, FLA.

108.(Born D. C.).**THOMAS T. STEPHENSON**.....(Ap'd D. C.)

Military History. — Cadet of the Military Academy, July 9, 1813, to July 21, 1814, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to
SECOND LIEUT., CORPS OF ARTILLERY, JULY 21, 1814.

Served: in the War of 1812–15 with Great Britain, on duty at Atlantic Posts, 1814–15; in garrison at North Atlantic Posts, 1815–18; and on
(TRANSFERRED TO ORDNANCE, JAN. 1, 1816)
(FIRST LIEUT., ORDNANCE, JUNE 30, 1818)
Ordnance duty, Jan. 1, 1816, to Aug. 4, 1819.

DIED, AUG. 4, 1819.

109..(Born N. Y.)...**EVANS HUMPHREY**.....(Ap'd N. Y.)

Military History. — Cadet of the Military Academy, May 19, 1813, to July 21, 1814, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to
SECOND LIEUT., CORPS OF ARTILLERY, JULY 21, 1814.

Served: in the War of 1812–15 with Great Britain, on duty at Ft. Preble, Me., 1814–15; in garrison at New York harbor, 1815–17; on Recruiting service, 1817–18; in garrison at New York harbor, 1818; on

(FIRST LIEUT., CORPS OF ARTILLERY, APR. 20, 1818)

Recruiting service, 1818–20; and in garrison at Amelia Island, Fla., 1820, — and Charleston harbor, S. C., 1820–21.

DISBANDED, JUNE 1, 1821.

DIED, AUG. 1, 1829.

110..(Born Mas.)..**SAMUEL W. WETMORE**.....(Ap'd Mas.)

Military History. — Cadet of the Military Academy, Apr. 14, 1813, to July 21, 1814, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

SECOND LIEUT., CORPS OF ARTILLERY, JULY 21, 1814.

Served in the War of 1812–15 with Great Britain, in garrison at Atlantic Posts, 1814–15.

RESIGNED, JULY 16, 1816.

After his resignation, he served as a Captain in the South American wars for Independence.

DIED, 1818, IN SOUTH AMERICA.

111....(Born Mas.).....**WILLIAM WELLS**.....(Ap'd Mas.)

Military History. — Cadet of the Military Academy, May 17, 1813, to July 21, 1814, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

THIRD LIEUT., LIGHT ARTILLERY, JULY 21, 1814.

Served: in the War of 1812–15, with Great Britain, in garrison at New England Posts, 1814–15, and after the peace, 1815–18; on Recruiting ser-

(SECOND LIEUT., LIGHT ARTILLERY, OCT. 10, 1814)

vice, 1818; in garrison at New England Posts, 1818–1820; on Recruit-

(FIRST LIEUT., LIGHT ARTILLERY, AUG. 28, 1819)

ing service, 1820; as Quartermaster of Reg. of Light Artillery, May 15, 1820, to June 1, 1821; on Commissary duty at Pittsburg Arsenal, Pa.,

(FIRST LIEUT., 2D ARTILLERY, IN RE-ORGANIZATION OF ARMY, JUNE 1, 1821)

1821–25; in garrison at New York harbor, 1825–26, — Ft. McHenry, Md., 1826, — Ft. Monroe, Va. (Artillery School for Practice), 1826–28, —Ft. Moultrie, S. C., 1828–30, — Ft. Wood, La., 1830–31, — and Ft.

(BVT. CAPTAIN, AUG. 28, 1829, FOR FAITHFUL SERVICE TEN YEARS IN ONE GRADE)

Jackson, La., 1831–32; on Recruiting service, 1832; in garrison at Ft. Wood, La., 1833; and on leave of absence, 1833–34.

RESIGNED, DEC. 1, 1834.

Civil History. — Superintendent of New Orleans Navigation Company, 1834–36, — and of Pontchartrain, La., Railroad, 1836–38. Deputy Sheriff of New Orleans, La., 1843–46. U. S. Custom House Store Keeper, at New Orleans, La., 1846–50.

DIED, DEC., 1851, AT NEW ORLEANS, LA.

112....(Born Va.)...**WILLIAM L. BOOTH**.....(Ap'd D. C.)

Military History. — Cadet of the Military Academy, June 11, 1813, to July 21, 1814, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

THIRD LIEUT., LIGHT ARTILLERY, JULY 21, 1814.

Served : in the War of 1812–15 with Great Britain, on duty at Ft. In-
(THIRD LIEUT., CORPS OF ARTILLERY, ON REDUCTION OF ARMY, MAY 17, 1815)
dependence, Mas., 1814–15 ; in garrison at the defenses of New Orleans,
(SECOND LIEUT., CORPS OF ARTILLERY, JULY 16, 1816)
La., 1815–18, — and at Mobile, Ala., 1818 ; on Recruiting service,
(FIRST LIEUT., CORPS OF ARTILLERY, APR. 25, 1818)
(FIRST LIEUT., 3D ARTILLERY, IN RE-ORGANIZATION OF ARMY, JUNE 1, 1821)
1818–19 ; and on Commissary duty, 1819–22.
RESIGNED, JULY 21, 1822.

Civil History. — Farmer, Big Bend, Meade County, Ky., 1822–68.
DIED, OCT. 20, 1868, AT BIG BEND, MEADE CO., KY.

113..(Born Ireland)..**THOMAS J. BAIRD**.....(Ap'd Pa.)

Military History. — Cadet of the Military Academy, June 22, 1813, to July 21, 1814, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to
THIRD LIEUT., LIGHT ARTILLERY, JULY 21, 1814.
Served : in the War of 1812–15 with Great Britain, on Northern Frontier, 1814–15 ; in garrison at Detroit, Mich., 1815–18 ; as Aide-de-Camp
(THIRD LIEUT., CORPS OF ARTILLERY, ON REDUCTION OF ARMY, MAY 17, 1815)
(SECOND LIEUT., CORPS OF ARTILLERY, AUG. 1, 1816)
to Major-General Macomb, Feb. 9 to June 4, 1818 ; on Recruiting service, 1818 ; in garrison at Charleston harbor, S. C., 1818–19, — Amelia Island,
(FIRST LIEUT., CORPS OF ARTILLERY, JUNE 2, 1818)
Fla., 1819–20,— Savannah, Ga., 1820,— and Amelia Island, Fla., 1820–21 ;
(FIRST LIEUT., 3D ARTILLERY, IN RE-ORGANIZATION OF ARMY, JUNE 1, 1821)
as Battalion Quartermaster of Artillery, Oct. 1, 1820, to June 1, 1821 ;
(CAPTAIN, 3D ARTILLERY, FEB. 28, 1827)
and on Ordnance duty, June 4, 1821, to Nov. 5, 1827.
RESIGNED, MAY 1, 1828.

Civil History. — Farmer, Philadelphia County, Pa., 1828–35. Agent for lands in Schuylkill County, Pa., 1835–42. Captain, Pa. Militia, 1838–40, — and Lieut.-Colonel, 1840.
DIED, APR. 5, 1842, AT PHILADELPHIA, PA.

114..(Born Vt.).....**JABEZ PARKHURST**.....(Ap'd Vt.)

Military History. — Cadet of the Military Academy, July 21, 1813, to July 21, 1814, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to
THIRD LIEUT., LIGHT ARTILLERY, JULY 21, 1814.
Served : in the War of 1812–15 with Great Britain, on the Northern
(THIRD LIEUT., CORPS OF ARTILLERY, ON REDUCTION OF ARMY MAY 17, 1815)
Frontier, 1814–15 ; in garrison at New London, Ct., 1815–16, — and Pitts-
(SECOND LIEUT., CORPS OF ARTILLERY, AUG. 30, 1816)
field, Mas., 1816 ; on the Florida Frontier, 1816–18, participating in Major-General Jackson's Campaign of 1817–18 against the Seminole Indians,

and his seizure of Pensacola, Fla., May 24, 1818, being engaged in the Bombardment and Capture of Ft. San Carlos de Barrancas, Fla., May 26–27, 1818; and as Battalion Adjutant of Artillery, at Huntsville, Ala.,

(FIRST LIEUT., CORPS OF ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1818)

(FIRST LIEUT., 4TH ARTILLERY, IN RE-ORGANIZATION OF ARMY, JUNE 1, 1821)

July 1, 1818, to June 1, 1821.

DIED, JULY 6, 1821, AT ROYALTON, VT.

115...(Born N. Y.)..**ROBERT L. ARMSTRONG**.....(Ap'd N. Y.)

Military History. — Cadet of the Military Academy, Apr. 14, 1813, to July 21, 1814, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

THIRD LIEUT., LIGHT ARTILLERY, JULY 21, 1814.

Served: in the War of 1812–15 with Great Britain, on duty at Newport harbor, R. I., 1814, and on the Niagara Frontier, 1814–15; in garri-

(THIRD LIEUT., CORPS OF ARTILLERY, ON REDUCTION OF ARMY, MAY 17, 1815)

son at New York harbor, 1816, — West Point, N. Y., 1816–18, — and Ft.

(SECOND LIEUT., CORPS OF ARTILLERY, AUG. 30, 1816)

(FIRST LIEUT., CORPS OF ARTILLERY, JULY 2, 1818)

Mifflin, Pa., 1819; at the Military Academy, as Asst. Instructor of Infantry Tactics, Apr. 30 to Nov. 4, 1819; in garrison at Ft. Severn, Md., 1820–21; as Adjutant, 2d Artillery, June 1, 1821, to Apr. 30, 1826, at

(FIRST. LIEUT., 2D ARTILLERY, IN RE-ORGANIZATION OF ARMY, JUNE 1, 1821)

Reg. headquarters, Frankfort, Pa., 1821–23, — and at Ft. Columbus, N. Y., 1823–26; on Staff duty at Washington, D. C., 1826; as Aide-de-Camp to Bvt. Maj.-General Scott, July 10, 1826, to May 5, 1829; and as

(BVT. CAPTAIN, JULY 2, 1828, FOR FAITHFUL SERVICE TEN YEARS IN ONE GRADE)

Judge Advocate of the Eastern Department, May 5, 1829, to Sep. 26, 1831.

DIED, OCT. 10, 1834, AT PHILADELPHIA, PA.

116...(Born Pa.)...**JAMES P. BADOLLET**.....(Ap'd Ind.)

Military History. — Cadet of the Military Academy, Apr. 26, 1813, to July 21, 1814, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

THIRD LIEUT., LIGHT ARTILLERY, JULY 21, 1814.

Served: in the War of 1812–15 with Great Britain, on Lake Cham-

(THIRD LIEUT., CORPS OF ARTILLERY, ON REDUCTION OF ARMY, MAY 7, 1815)

plain, 1814, and on the Niagara Frontier, 1814–15; and in garrison at

(SECOND LIEUT., CORPS OF ARTILLERY, OCT. 1, 1816.

New York harbor, 1815–18.

RESIGNED, AUG. 1, 1818.

Civil History. — Farmer, near Vincennes, Ind., 1818–78. County Commissioner for Knox Co., Ind., 18—. Major, Indiana Militia, 18—.

DIED, MAY 8, 1878, AT VINCENNES, IND.: AGED 81.

117..(Born Mas)...**GEORGE W. GARDNER**.....(Ap'd Mas.)

Military History. — Cadet of the Military Academy, Apr. 14, 1813, to July 21, 1814, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

THIRD LIEUT., LIGHT ARTILLERY, JULY 21, 1814.

Served: in the War of 1812–15 with Great Britain, on the Northern Frontier, 1814–15; in garrison at Atlantic Posts, 1815–18; and on Re-

(THIRD LIEUT., CORPS OF ARTILLERY, ON REDUCTION OF ARMY, MAY 17, 1815)

(SECOND LIEUT., CORPS OF ARTILLERY, OCT. 1, 1816)

(FIRST LIEUT., CORPS OF ARTILLERY, AUG. 30, 1818)

cruiting service, 1818–19.

RESIGNED, JULY 31, 1819.

DIED, 18—.

118..(Born Md.)...**BRADLEY S. A. LOWE**.....(Ap'd D. C.)

Military History. — Cadet of the Military Academy, May 7, 1813, to July 21, 1814, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

THIRD LIEUT., LIGHT ARTILLERY, JULY 21, 1814.

Served: in the War of 1812–15 with Great Britain, on the Northern

(THIRD LIEUT., CORPS OF ARTILLERY, ON REDUCTION OF ARMY, MAY 17, 1815)

Frontier, 1814–15; in garrison at Charleston harbor, S. C., 1815–17; and

(SECOND LIEUT., CORPS OF ARTILLERY, OCT. 31, 1816)

on the Florida Frontier, in Major-General Jackson's Campaign of 1817–18

(FIRST LIEUT., CORPS OF ARTILLERY, SEP. 17, 1818)

against the Seminole Indians.

RESIGNED, SEP. 30, 1819.

Civil History. — Unknown.

DIED, AUG., 1857, AT MOUNT HOPE HOSPITAL, BALTIMORE, MD.

119..(Born N. Y.)....**THOMAS R. BROOM**.....(Ap'd N. Y.)

Military History. — Cadet of the Military Academy, Apr. 9, 1813, to July 21, 1814, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

THIRD LIEUT., LIGHT ARTILLERY, JULY 21, 1814.

Served: in the War of 1812–15 with Great Britain, on the Niagara

(THIRD LIEUT., CORPS OF ARTILLERY, ON REDUCTION OF ARMY, MAY 17, 1815)

Frontier, 1814–15; as Battalion Adjutant of Artillery, May to Nov. 1, 1816.

RESIGNED, NOV. 1, 1816.

Re-appointed in the United States Army with the rank of

PAYMASTER, 4TH INFANTRY, FEB. 13, 1818.

TRANSFERRED TO 7TH INFANTRY, JUNE 10, 1818.

Served in the Pay Department, 1818–21.

DISBANDED, JUNE 1, 1821.

DIED, FEB. 4, 1829, AT PASCAGOULA, MIS.

120..(Born Pa.).....**HILARY BRUNOT**.....(Ap'd Pa.)

Military History.—Cadet of the Military Academy, May 20, 1813, to July 21, 1814, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

THIRD LIEUT., 2D INFANTRY, JULY 21, 1814.

SECOND LIEUT., 3D INFANTRY, JULY 22, 1814.

Served: in the War of 1812–15 with Great Britain, on the Niagara Frontier, 1814, being engaged in the Defense of Ft. Erie, U. C., from Aug. 20, 1817, until the Siege was raised by the successful Sortie from it, Sep. 17, 1814, in which he was wounded; in garrison on the Canada Frontier, at Michigan Posts, 1815–18; on Recruiting service, 1818–20;

(FIRST LIEUT., 3D INFANTRY, DEC. 31, 1818)

and in garrison at Ft. Howard, Wis., 1820–21.

DISBANDED, JUNE 1, 1821.

Civil History.—White Lead Manufacturer at Pittsburg, Pa., 1824–49. Member of the City Council of Pittsburg, 1839–44.

DIED, MAR. 24, 1872, AT PITTSBURG, PA.: AGED 77.

GRADUATES OF 1815.

121..(Born France)..**HENRY MIDDLETON**.....(Ap'd S. C.)

Military History.—Cadet of the Military Academy, Dec. 24, 1813, to Mar. 2, 1815, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

SECOND LIEUT., CORPS OF ENGINEERS, MAR. 2, 1815.

Served as Asst. Engineer in the construction of the Defenses of Savannah River, Ga., 1815–16.

RESIGNED, JULY 15, 1816.

Civil History.—Author of "The Government and the Currency," 1844–45, and 1850; and of various political, financial, and philanthropic papers, 1824–60.

DIED, MAR. 15, 1876, AT WASHINGTON, D. C.: AGED 79.

122..(Born N. Y.)....**WILLIAM F. RIGAL**.....(Ap'd N. Y.)

Military History.—Cadet of the Military Academy, May 29, 1813, to Mar. 2, 1815, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

THIRD LIEUT., ORDNANCE, MAR. 2, 1815.

Served on Ordnance duty, Mar. 2, 1815, to Jan. 1, 1818.

SECOND LIEUT., ORDNANCE, MAY 17, 1816.

DROPPED, JAN. 1, 1818.

Civil History.—Major of Engineers in the service of one of the South American States, 18—, to 18—.

DIED, 18—.

123..(Born N. Y.)....**JAMES SIMONSON**.....(Ap'd N. Y.)

Military History.—Cadet of the Military Academy, Aug. 7, 1813, to Mar. 2, 1815, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

THIRD LIEUT., ORDNANCE, MAR. 2, 1815.

Served: on Ordnance duty, Mar. 2, 1815, to Apr. 20, 1826; and in

(SECOND LIEUT., ORDNANCE, MAY 21, 1817)

(FIRST LIEUT., ORDNANCE, OCT. 10, 1819)
(FIRST LIEUT., 1ST ARTILLERY, IN RE-ORGANIZATION OF ARMY, JUNE 1, 1821)

garrison at Ft. Monroe, Va. (Artillery School for Practice), 1826–28, — Ft. Johnston, N. C., 1828–29, — Bellona Arsenal, Va., 1830, — and Ft. Johnston, N. C., 1830–31.

DROPPED, NOV. 30, 1833, FOR DISOBEDIENCE OF ORDERS, AND HAVING FAILED TO PERFORM ANY DUTY FOR OVER TWO YEARS.

Civil History. — Civil Engineer, 1833–39.

DIED, AUG. 7, 1839, IN CUBA, W. I.

124....(Born Mas.).....**JOHN HILLS**.....(Ap'd Mas.)

Military History.— Cadet of the Military Academy, July 31, 1813, to Mar. 2, 1815, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

THIRD LIEUT., ORDNANCE, MAR. 2, 1815.

Served on Ordnance duty, at various Arsenals and Depots, Mar. 2, 1815,
(SECOND LIEUT., ORDNANCE, JAN. 1, 1818)
(FIRST LIEUT., ORDNANCE, DEC. 31, 1819)
(FIRST LIEUT., 3D ARTILLERY, IN RE-ORGANIZATION OF ARMY, JUNE 1, 1821)
to Aug. 6, 1822.

RESIGNED, AUG. 6, 1822.

Re-appointed in the United States Army with the rank of
SECOND LIEUT., 6TH INFANTRY, JUNE 25, 1827.

Served on Ordnance duty, Aug. 15, 1827, to Sep. 26, 1831.

RESIGNED, DEC. 17, 1831.

Re-appointed in the United States Army with the rank of
BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 4TH ARTILLERY, DEC. 17, 1831.

Served: on Ordnance duty, Jan. 14 to July 13, 1832; and in selecting
(CAPTAIN, ORDNANCE, JULY 13, 1832)
site for, and building, the Arsenal at Appalachicola, Fla., July 13, 1832, to Feb. 25, 1835.

DIED, FEB. 25, 1835, AT APPALACHICOLA ARSENAL, FLA.

125....(Born Mas.)....**SIMON WILLARD**.....(Ap'd Mas.)

Military History. — Cadet of the Military Academy, July 29, 1813, to Mar. 2, 1815, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

THIRD LIEUT., ORDNANCE, MAR. 2, 1815.

Served on Ordnance duty, Mar. 2, 1815, to May 1, 1816.

RESIGNED, MAY 1, 1816.

Civil History. — Importer and Dealer in Chronometers and Watches, Boston, Mas., 1825–70.

DIED, AUG. 24, 1874, AT BOSTON, MAS.: AGED 80.

126....(Born Del.)...**JOHN SYMINGTON**.....(Ap'd Md.)

Military History. — Cadet of the Military Academy, Sep. 10, 1813, to Mar. 2, 1815, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

THIRD LIEUT., ORDNANCE, MAR. 2, 1815.

Served: on Ordnance duty at various Arsenals, Mar. 2, 1815, to
(SECOND LIEUT., ORDNANCE, APR. 8, 1818)
(FIRST LIEUT., ORDNANCE, MAY 17, 1820)
(FIRST LIEUT., 1ST ARTILLERY, IN RE-ORGANIZATION OF ARMY, JUNE 1, 1821)
(BVT. CAPTAIN, MAY 17, 1830, FOR FAITHFUL SERVICE TEN YEARS IN ONE GRADE)
May 30, 1832; as Assistant Inspector of Foundries, 1832–33; in com-
(CAPTAIN, ORDNANCE, MAY 30, 1832)
mand of St. Louis Arsenal, Mo., 1833–40; on duty in Ordnance Bureau, Washington, D. C., 1840–41; in command of Washington Arsenal, D. C., 1840–44; as Member of the Ordnance Board, Dec. 26, 1840, to Jan. 5,
(MAJOR, ORDNANCE, MAR. 27, 1842)
1858; in command of Harper's Ferry Armory, Va., 1844–51, — of Watervliet Arsenal, N. Y., 1851–56, — and of Allegheny Arsenal, Pa.,
(COLONEL, ORDNANCE, AUG. 3, 1861)
1857–62; on sick leave of absence, 1862–63; and unemployed, 1863–64.
RETIRED FROM ACTIVE SERVICE, JUNE 1, 1863, UNDER THE LAW OF JULY 17, 1862, "HAVING BEEN BORNE ON THE ARMY REGISTER MORE THAN 45 YEARS"
DIED, APR. 4, 1864, IN HARFORD COUNTY, MD.

127...(Born Ga.)...**WILLIAM W. GORDON**.....(Ap'd Ga.)

Military History. — Cadet of the Military Academy, May 2, 1814, to Mar. 2, 1815, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to
THIRD LIEUT., ORDNANCE, MAR. 2, 1815.
Served as Aide-de-Camp to Bvt. Maj.-General Gaines, 1815.
RESIGNED, OCT. 15, 1815.

Civil History. — Counselor at Law, Savannah, Ga., 1818–36. Captain of Hussars, Georgia Militia, 1832–34. Mayor of the city of Savannah, Ga., 1833–35. Member of the House of Representatives of the State of Georgia, 1835–36. President of the Central Railroad and Banking Company of Georgia, 1836–42.
DIED, MAR. 20, 1842, AT SAVANNAH, GA.: AGED 46.*

* Gordon County, in Georgia, was named after him, in testimony of his able and successful services in initiating and developing the railroad system of the State; and, in 1859, the Central Railroad Company appropriated $5,000 for the erection of a monument, at Savannah, Ga., to him, its first President, who devoted his life to this great pioneer enterprise, the success of which has covered the State with a network of railways.

128....(Born Va.)...**HENRY R. DULANY**.....(Ap'd Md.)

Military History. — Cadet of the Military Academy, July 13, 1813, to Mar. 2, 1815, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to
THIRD LIEUT., LIGHT ARTILLERY, MAR. 2, 1815.
Served: as Battalion Adjutant of Artillery, at Charleston harbor,
(THIRD LIEUT., CORPS OF ARTILLERY, ON REDUCTION OF ARMY, MAY 17, 1815)
S. C., 1815, to Mar. 5, 1817; on Recruiting service, 1817–18; in garrison
(SECOND LIEUT., 4TH INFANTRY, MAR. 5, 1817)
at Amelia Island, Fla., 1818–19; as Adjutant of 4th Infantry, Apr. 1 to
(FIRST LIEUT., 4TH INFANTRY, FEB. 10, 1818)

Nov. 1, 1819; as Aide-de-Camp to Bvt. Maj.-General Gaines, Nov. 1,
(CAPTAIN, 4TH INFANTRY, FEB. 3, 1822)
1819, to Feb. 3, 1822; and on sick leave of absence, 1822–25.
RESIGNED, MAY 31, 1825.

Civil History. — Farmer, near Alexandria, Va., 1825–38.

DIED, NOV. 27, 1838, AT ALEXANDRIA, VA.

129....(Born Ky.).....**JOHN R. SLOO**.....(Ap'd O.)

Military History. — Cadet of the Military Academy, June 25, 1813, to Mar. 2, 1815, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

THIRD LIEUT., CORPS OF ARTILLERY, MAR. 2, 1815.

SECOND LIEUT., CORPS OF ARTILLERY, APR. 20, 1817.

Served in garrison at Ft. Mifflin, Pa., 1815–18.

RESIGNED, APR. 30, 1818.

Civil History. — Aide-de-Camp to Major-General Street, Illinois Militia, 1822. Treasurer of the Illinois and Michigan Canal Company, 18— to 18—. Register of the U. S. Land Office, at Shawneetown, Ill., 18— to 1837.

DIED, 1837, AT SHAWNEETOWN, ILL.

130...(Born O.)....**HENRY W. GRISWOLD**.....(Ap'd O.)

Military History. — Cadet of the Military Academy, July 28, 1813, to Mar. 2, 1815, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

THIRD LIEUT., CORPS OF ARTILLERY, MAR. 2, 1815.

Served: in garrison at Ft. Niagara, N. Y., 1815–17, — Sackett's Har-
(SECOND LIEUT., CORPS OF ARTILLERY, MAY 1, 1817)
bor, N. Y., 1817–18, — Ft. Washington, Md., 1818–19, — and New York
(FIRST LIEUT., CORPS OF ARTILLERY, DEC. 12, 1818)
harbor, 1819–20; on Commissary duty, 1820–21; at the Military Academy, as Asst. Instructor of Infantry Tactics, Jan. 27, 1821, to Feb. 14,
(FIRST LIEUT., 1ST ARTILLERY, IN RE-ORGANIZATION OF ARMY, JUNE 1, 1821)
1822; in garrison at Ft. Independence, Mas., 1822; as Adjutant, 1st
(BVT. CAPTAIN, DEC. 12, 1828, FOR FAITHFUL SERVICE TEN YEARS IN ONE GRADE)
Artillery, Sept. 25, 1822, to Oct. 11, 1831, and in garrison at Ft. Monroe, Va. (Artillery School for Practice), 1831, — Newberne, N. C., 1831–32, —
(CAPTAIN, 3D ARTILLERY, APR. 26, 1832)
Beaufort, N. C., 1832–33, — Ft. Monroe, Va., 1833, — Ft. Mitchell, Ala., 1833–34, — and Castle Pinckney, S. C., 1834.

DIED, OCT. 23, 1834, AT CASTLE PINCKNEY, S. C.

131....(Born Va.).....**JAMES MONROE**.....(Ap'd Va.)

Military History. — Cadet of the Military Academy, Sep. 3, 1813, to Mar. 2, 1815, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

THIRD LIEUT., CORPS OF ARTILLERY, MAR. 2, 1815.

Served: in the War with Algiers, 1815, and was wounded, June 17, 1815, while directing (as a subaltern of Bvt. Major S. B. Archer's company of the Corps of Artillery) a part of the quarter-deck guns of the U. S. Frigate Guerrière, in an Action with an Algerine frigate off Cape

de Gata, Spain ; as Battalion Adjutant of Artillery at New Orleans, Dec. 28, 1816, to Dec. 18, 1817 ; as Aide-de-Camp to Bvt. Maj.-General

(SECOND LIEUT., CORPS OF ARTILLERY, MAY 2, 1817)

Scott, Dec. 18, 1817, to Apr. 4, 1822 ; on Ordnance duty, Feb. 13, 1823,

(FIRST LIEUT., CORPS OF ARTILLERY, DEC. 31, 1818)

(FIRST LIEUT., 4TH ARTILLERY, IN RE-ORGANIZATION OF ARMY, JUNE 1, 1821)

to May, 1826 ; in garrison at Ft. Monroe, Va. (Artillery School for Practice), 1827–28, — and Ft. Columbus, N. Y., 1828–30, 1830–31 ; on Com-

(BVT. CAPTAIN, DEC. 31, 1828, FOR FAITHFUL SERVICE TEN YEARS IN ONE GRADE)

missary duty at New York, 1831–32 ; and as Aide-de-Camp to Bvt. Maj.-General Scott, June 22 to July 13, 1832, on the "Black Hawk Expedition," but not at the seat of war.

RESIGNED, SEP. 30, 1832.

Civil History. — Asst. Alderman, 1832–33, and Alderman of the city of New York, 1833–35 ; and President of the Board of Aldermen, 1834. Aide-de-Camp, with the rank of Colonel, to Governor Marcy, of the State of New York, June 27, 1836 : declined. Member of the U. S. House of Representatives from New York city, 1839–41 ; and of the Legislature of the State of New York, 1850 and 1852.

DIED, SEP. 7, 1870, AT ORANGE MOUNTAIN, N. J. : AGED 71.

BIOGRAPHICAL SKETCH.

COLONEL JAMES MONROE, who was born Sep. 10, 1799, in Albemarle County, Virginia, died Sep. 7, 1870, at the residence, on Orange Mountain, N. J., of his only surviving child, Mrs. Douglas Robinson, having nearly completed seventy-one years of an eventful life. He was the nephew of President Monroe, who was a younger brother of his father, Andrew Monroe. They were descended from Captain Monroe, an officer in the army of Charles the First, who emigrated with the Cavaliers to Virginia in 1652.

Colonel Monroe, after receiving a good preliminary education, entered the United States Military Academy at West Point, N. Y., when scarce fourteen years old, and was graduated at that institution, Mar. 2, 1815. Upon his graduation he became Third Lieutenant in the Corps of Artillery ; was promoted Second Lieutenant, May 2, 1817, and First Lieutenant, Dec. 31, 1818, retaining the same rank in the Fourth Artillery in the re-organization of the Army, June 1, 1821 ; was brevetted a Captain, Dec. 31, 1828, "for faithful service ten years in one grade ;" and resigned his commission in the Army, Sep. 30, 1832.

On the very day, March 2, 1815, of Colonel Monroe's graduation, our war with Great Britain having just terminated, Congress passed an act authorizing hostilities against Algiers, that piratical power having for some time before been engaged in depredations upon the little American commerce that remained in or near the Mediterranean.

On May 20 a squadron, consisting of three frigates, one sloop-of-war, and six brigs and schooners, sailed from New York for the Mediterranean, under Commodore Decatur's command, the Guerrière, 44, being his flagship. On board of this latter vessel was embarked Brevet Major S. B. Archer's company of U. S. Artillery, Lieutenant Monroe being one of its subaltern officers. On June 17, 1815, when off Cape de Gata, on the southern coast of Spain, Decatur's squadron fell in with and captured the Algerine frigate Mashouda, 46, after a short running fight, in which the Algerine admiral and nearly one hundred of his officers and men

were killed and wounded, and four hundred and six made prisoners. In this spirited engagement Lieutenant Monroe directed a part of the quarter-deck guns of the Guerrière, and was wounded in the right hand while himself firing one of the pieces, which disabled several of his fingers for life. His physical bravery, here tested, was no less a marked characteristic of his after career than his ever conspicuous moral courage, first exhibited on this cruise. Having challenged a young naval officer, the meeting took place the next morning on the coast of Spain; but, instead of proceeding to blow out each other's brains, an apology was made to Monroe, who instantly, with the true chivalry of his nature, said to his antagonist that he had but anticipated his own intention in making the *amende honorable*. Quick to resent an affront, and ever ready to meet the responsibility of his own words and acts, this was the only occasion on which he appeared as a principal on the field, though, as second or friend, he settled no less than eighteen contemplated duels, some quite noted in our annals.

After his return to the United States, he served as Battalion Adjutant of Artillery at New Orleans, Dec. 28, 1816, to Dec. 18, 1817; as Aide-de-Camp to Bvt. Maj.-General Winfield Scott, Dec. 18, 1817, to April 4, 1822; on ordnance, garrison, and commissary duty at various posts for the next ten years; and again became Aide-de-Camp to General Scott, June 22 to July 13, 1832, on the Black Hawk expedition, but did not reach the seat of war, he being taken sick at Chicago, where a large proportion of the troops were prostrated with Asiatic cholera.

After leaving the Army, he entered political life at the solicitation of numerous friends who appreciated his clear intellect and high character. His first service was as Assistant Alderman in 1832–33, and Alderman, in 1833–35, of the Third Ward of New York city, being elected in 1834 to be President of the Board, when it was a distinction and proof of integrity to be in the City Council. In 1836, William L. Marcy, then Governor of the State, tendered to him the position of his Aide-de-Camp, with the rank of Colonel, but it was not accepted. From 1839 to 1841 he was an able and useful member of the U. S. House of Representatives, his colleagues from New York being such men as Ogden Hoffman, Moses H. Grinnell, and Edward Curtis. He was again elected to Congress, Nov. 3, 1846; but his election being contested by his opponent, David S. Jackson, the case was sent back, March 25, 1848, to the people, neither contestant being admitted. Colonel Monroe was re-nominated for the remainder of the term, but declined to run. Subsequently, in 1850 and 1852, he became a distinguished and leading member of the Legislature of New York, his adopted State. In 1852 he was a very active and influential partisan of General Scott, who was the Whig nominee for President of the United States. On this, as on all other occasions, he proved the sincere and ardent friend of his old chief, whom he had faithfully served during his military career, his devotion never ceasing during the declining years of that venerable hero and patriot.

His exemplary wife, to whom, as Miss Elizabeth Mary Douglas, he was married in 1821, having died in 1852, Colonel Monroe abandoned political life, and never after took an active part in city, state, or national affairs, except during part of the session of the Virginia Convention, which met Feb. 13, 1861, and after a fierce struggle of months, finally, April 17, 1861, resolved to throw off her allegiance to the United States. On this momentous occasion, Colonel Monroe, true to the memory of a great name so intimately connected with our existence as a nation, and to himself, educated under the flag of that nation, promptly proceeded to Richmond, where his bold heart and eloquent tongue, both in public and private, denounced the treasonable and suicidal act which was about to drench his beloved Virginia in blood. But though his native State took

the fatal leap, he, during the long and desolating years of the terrible contest which ensued, never for a moment, in thought or deed, faltered in true loyalty to the Union. Though remaining in civil life, he never after ceased to feel a deep interest in all that affected the welfare of his country, and the progress of civil liberty throughout the world.

After losing his wife, much of his time was spent in the Union Club in New York, of which he was one of the earliest members. In the success of the club he took the deepest interest, and ever tried to maintain for it a high social position. It is unnecessary to say how universal was the attachment of all the members, who looked up to the Colonel as the father of the club. His presence ever shed a genial warmth amid the groups of fond friends which clustered around him to listen to his exhaustless store of anecdotes and incidents of the times in which he had lived. In his retentive memory were garnered many of the most precious scraps of the history of the events of our country and countrymen, particularly of the "Monroe family," General Scott, and, in fact, of all the public men — Webster, Clay, Calhoun, Marcy, Crittenden, Hoffman, etc. — with whom he had been intimate in and out of Congress. For hours he would dwell upon the services of his distinguished uncle, detailing the part taken by him in our Revolutionary struggle at White Plains, crossing the Delaware, storming the battery at Trenton, fighting at Brandywine by the side of Lafayette when wounded, as Aide-de-Camp to Lord Stirling at the battles of Germantown and Monmouth, and his presence at Annapolis when Washington surrendered his commission as Commander-in-Chief; of his services in the Virginia Legislature and Convention, and halls of Congress, with such men as Patrick Henry, George Mason, Madison, Pendleton, Marshall, Grayson, and others; of his enthusiastic reception as Minister to France, when publicly embraced by the President of the National Convention, the stars and stripes being intertwined with the tri-color of the new republic, and his later important agency in the acquisition of Louisiana; of his varied services as Governor of Virginia, Minister to England and Spain, and Secretary of State and temporarily of War during Madison's administration; and as President of the United States, making his northern tour with his Revolutionary blue coat, buff breeches, and cocked hat; or enthusiastically receiving, in 1824, Lafayette, who, from his youthful Revolutionary companion, had grown old with the cares of state and the sufferings of a dungeon, shared by his devoted wife, whose life, perhaps, had been rescued from the tigers of the Reign of Terror by the womanly courage of Mrs. Monroe while residing in Paris during her husband's embassy to France. With pride the Colonel would recount the memorable events of his uncle's administration; the admission into the Union of the States of Mississippi, Illinois, and Maine; the acquisition of Florida from Spain; the Missouri Compromise; the recognition of the independence of Mexico and the South American republics; the declaration of the "Monroe doctrine;" the judicious reorganization of the Army; the increase of the Navy; the strengthening of the national defenses; the protection of commerce; the aid to internal improvements; and the vigor and efficiency infused into every department of the public service.

It would require a volume to record Colonel Monroe's numerous anecdotes of General Scott and other distinguished soldiers and statesmen. Suffice it to say in this connection, it was due to Colonel Monroe's energy and devotion that the nation was saved from the disgrace of seeing the conqueror of Mexico superseded by the appointment of Thomas H. Benton as Lieutenant-General, and consequently to command the Army, then triumphantly marching to the Halls of the Montezumas.

Colonel Monroe, in general appearance and character, much resembled his distinguished namesake. Although not a man of brilliant endowments,

he possessed a robust intellect, sharpened more by contact with men than the study of books ; clear perception, which penetrated through the outer husk of pretension direct to the inner motives of action ; a sagacious judgment, quickly discriminating between true and counterfeit character ; and a tenacious memory that profited by everything coming within his keen observation. His manly courage, scrupulous integrity, and earnestness of purpose gave him great strength with his associates ; while his genuine truthfulness, scorn of all hypocrisy, and sincere appreciation of real worth secured their universal confidence. He never became a petrified humanity wrapped in self, but was a living soul, genially and lovingly in sympathy with his fellows. In the social circle, which was his favorite arena, his courteous manner, modest simplicity, sportive smile, and personal magnetism won all hearts. With his intimate friends he had no reserve, but would tell his stories with the mirthful humor of a boy. This sunshine of temperament, springing from warmth of feeling, never deserted him, even in his declining years or hours of pain. His pleasantry, however, which was the jubilee of a joyous heart, never wounded even the most sensitive by ridicule, satire, or a sneer. He never forgot a kindness or a friend ; his benevolence and generosity were only surpassed by his chivalric honor and keen sense of justice; and it might be truly said of him, as was remarked by Jefferson of his uncle, that "if his soul was turned inside out, not a spot would be found upon it."

The writer knew him most intimately during his ebbing years, when life's last sands were low ; but —

> "Though old, he still retain'd
> His manly sense and energy of mind:
> Virtuous and wise he was, but not severe;
> He still remembered that he once was young:
> His easy presence check'd no decent joy.
> Him even the dissolute admired; for he
> A graceful looseness, when he pleased, put on,
> And, laughing, could instruct."

132....(Born Va.)....**ROBERT C. BRENT**.....(Ap'd Md.)

Military History. — Cadet of the Military Academy, Apr. 14, 1813, to Mar. 2, 1815, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

THIRD LIEUT., CORPS OF ARTILLERY, MAR. 2, 1815.

Served : in garrison at Ft. McHenry, Md., 1815–18, — Ft. Preble, Me.,

(SECOND LIEUT., CORPS OF ARTILLERY, MAY 13, 1817)

1818, — Ft. Sullivan, Me., 1818–20, — Ft. Constitution, N. H., 1820, —

(FIRST LIEUT., CORPS OF ARTILLERY, MAR. 5, 1819)

(FIRST LIEUT., 1ST ARTILLERY, IN RE-ORGANIZATION OF ARMY, JUNE 1, 1821)

(TRANSFERRED TO 1ST INFANTRY, NOV. 16, 1821, AND RE-TRANSFERRED TO 1ST ARTILLERY, DEC. 21, 1822)

Ft. Columbus, N. Y., 1820–21, — Ft. Sullivan, Me., 1821, — and Baton Rouge, La., 1821–23.

RESIGNED, NOV. 1, 1823.

Civil History. — Farmer, Stafford County, Va., 1823–37.

DIED, MAY 15, 1837, IN STAFFORD CO., VA.

133..(Born N. Y.)...**ABRAHAM WENDELL**.....(Ap'd N. Y.)

Military History. — Cadet of the Military Academy, Sep. 2, 1813, to Mar. 2, 1815, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

THIRD LIEUT., CORPS OF ARTILLERY, MAR. 2, 1815.

SECOND LIEUT., CORPS OF ARTILLERY, MAY 13, 1817.

Served in garrison at Ft. Wolcott, R. I., 1815–16, — and at Castine, Me., 1816.

DIED, OCT. 17, 1817, AT ALBANY, N. Y.

134..(Born Va.)..**GEORGE A. WASHINGTON**.....(Ap'd D. C.)

Military History. — Cadet of the Military Academy, July 18, 1813, to Mar. 2, 1815, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

THIRD LIEUT., CORPS OF ARTILLERY, MAR. 2, 1815.

SECOND LIEUT., CORPS OF ARTILLERY, MAY 13, 1817.

Served in garrison at Norfolk harbor, Va., 1815–17.

DIED, DEC. 9, 1817, AT ALEXANDRIA, VA.

135....(Born Va.).....**ROBERT J. SCOTT**.....(Ap'd Md.)

Military History. — Cadet of the Military Academy, May 8, 1813, to Mar. 2, 1815, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

THIRD LIEUT., CORPS OF ARTILLERY, MAR. 2, 1815.

Served: in garrison at Ft. Mifflin, Pa., 1815–16; and on leave of ab-
(SECOND LIEUT., CORPS OF ARTILLERY, JUNE 15, 1817)
sence, 1816–18.

RESIGNED, NOV. 4, 1818.

Civil History. — Sutler at Ft. Washington, Md., 1826–31, — and at Ft. Monroe, Va., 1831–34.

DIED, MAY, 1834, AT FORT MONROE, VA.: AGED 36.

136....(Born Vt.).....**ALONZO BREWER**.....(Ap'd Vt.)

Military History. — Cadet of the Military Academy, July 13, 1813, to Mar. 2, 1815, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

THIRD LIEUT., CORPS OF ARTILLERY, MAR. 2, 1815.

Served in garrison at New York harbor, 1815–16.

RESIGNED, OCT. 16, 1816.

Civil History. — Supposed to have been a Colonel in the struggles of the Argentine Confederation, South America, where he probably was

KILLED, 18—.

137..(Born N. Y.)...**FRANCIS N. BERIER**.....(Ap'd N. Y.)

Military History. — Cadet of the Military Academy, May 13, 1814, to Mar. 2, 1815, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

THIRD LIEUT., CORPS OF ARTILLERY, MAR. 2, 1815.

SECOND LIEUT., CORPS OF ARTILLERY, JUNE 19, 1817.

Served in garrison at New York harbor, 1815–18.

RESIGNED, MAY 31, 1818.

Civil History. — Merchant, New York city, 1818–22.

DIED, OCT. 26, 1822, AT FORT HAMILTON, N. Y.

138...(Born N. Y.)....**GEORGE COOPER**.....(Ap'd N. Y.)

Military History. — Cadet of the Military Academy, May 9, 1814, to Mar. 2, 1815, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

THIRD LIEUT., CORPS OF ARTILLERY, MAR. 2, 1815.

Served in garrison at Detroit, Mich., 1815–16.
RESIGNED, FEB. 15, 1817.

Civil History. — Merchant, New York city, 1817–24.
DIED, OCT., 1825, AT NEW YORK CITY : AGED 29.

139....(Born N. Y.)....**HENRY SMITH**.....(Ap'd N. Y.)

Military History. — Cadet of the Military Academy, May 28, 1813, to Mar. 2, 1815, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to
THIRD LIEUT., CORPS OF ARTILLERY, MAR. 2, 1815.

Served : in garrison at Greenbush, N. Y., 1816–19 ; as Quartermaster,
(SECOND LIEUT., 2D INFANTRY, JUNE 17, 1816)
2d Infantry, Dec. 9, 1819, to June 1, 1821 ; on Quartermaster duty at Sackett's Harbor, N. Y., 1819–20, — and Plattsburg, N. Y., 1820–22 ; in garrison at Sackett's Harbor, N. Y., 1822 ; on Quartermaster duty at
(ASST. QUARTERMASTER, OCT. 25, 1822, TO JULY 10, 1823)
Green Bay, Wis., 1822, — Ft. Brady, Mich., 1822–23, — and Ft. Smith,
(FIRST LIEUT., 2D INFANTRY, JAN. 8, 1823)
Ark., 1823 ; as Aide-de-Camp to Major-General Scott, July 12, 1823, to
(TRANSFERRED TO 6TH INFANTRY, JULY 30, 1823)
Apr. 17, 1826 ; on Quartermaster duty, Apr. 17, 1826, to Oct. 15, 1830 ;
(ASST. QUARTERMASTER, APR. 17, 1826, TO OCT. 15, 1830)
(CAPTAIN, 6TH INFANTRY, JULY 7, 1826)
on frontier duty at Jefferson Barracks, Mo., 1830–32 ; in the "Black Hawk" War, 1832, being engaged against the Sac Indians in the Battle of Bad Axe River, Aug. 2, 1832 ; and on Engineer duty, Jan. 26, 1833, to Nov. 16, 1836.
RESIGNED, NOV. 16, 1836.

Civil History. — Civil Engineer in the service of the United States, superintending Harbor Improvements on Lake Erie, 1836–40. Member of the House of Representatives of the State of Michigan, 1837 and 1840. Disbursing Agent in the Indian Department, 1838. Major-General, Michigan Militia, 1841–46. Mayor of Monroe, Mich., 1846.

Military History. — Re-appointed in the Army with the rank of
MAJOR, STAFF — QUARTERMASTER, MAR. 3, 1847.
Served on Quartermaster duty at Detroit, Mich., 1847, — and in the War with Mexico, at Vera Cruz, 1847.
DIED, JULY 24, 1847, AT VERA CRUZ, MEXICO.

140..(Born D. C.).**ALEXANDER F. COCHRANE**.....(Ap'd D. C.)

Military History. — Cadet of the Military Academy, July 8, 1813, to Mar. 2, 1815, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to
THIRD LIEUT., CORPS OF ARTILLERY, MAR. 2, 1815.

Served in garrison at the defenses of the approaches to New Orleans,
(SECOND LIEUT., CORPS OF ARTILLERY, AUG. 5, 1817)
(FIRST LIEUT., CORPS OF ARTILLERY, APR. 7, 1819)
La., 1816–20.
DISBANDED, JUNE 1, 1821.
DIED, 18—.

141. (Born N. Y.) **MICH'L F. VAN DE VENTER**...(Ap'd N. Y.)

Military History. — Cadet of the Military Academy, June 17, 1813, to Mar. 2, 1815, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

THIRD LIEUT., CORPS OF ARTILLERY, MAR. 2, 1815.

Served : in garrison on the Canada Frontier, 1815–18 ; on Recruiting

(SECOND LIEUT., 2D ARTILLERY, JULY 22, 1817)

service, 1818 ; and in garrison at Sackett's Harbor, N. Y., 1818–21.

DIED, AUG. 27, 1821, AT SACKETT'S HARBOR, N. Y.

142....(Born Vt.).....**MILO JOHNSON**..... (Ap'd N. Y.)

Military History. — Cadet of the Military Academy, July 22, 1813, to Mar. 2, 1815, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

THIRD LIEUT., CORPS OF ARTILLERY, MAR. 2, 1815.

Served : in garrison at Charleston harbor, S. C., 1815–17; on Recruiting

(SECOND LIEUT., CORPS OF ARTILLERY, AUG. 5, 1817)

service, 1817 ; and in the Creek Nation, 1817–18.

RESIGNED, MAR. 1, 1818.

Civil History. — U. S. Surveyor of Public Lands in Louisiana and Mississippi, 18— to 18—.

DIED, 18—.

143....(Born O.).....**AARON G. GANO**.....(Ap'd O.)

Military History. — Cadet of the Military Academy, Jan. 8, 1814, to Mar. 2, 1815, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

THIRD LIEUT., CORPS OF ARTILLERY, MAR. 2, 1815.

Served in garrison at New York harbor, 1815–17.

RESIGNED, OCT. 1, 1817.

Civil History. — Merchant, Cincinnati, O., 1817–40, and at Hannibal, Mo., 1840–54.

DIED, DEC. 2, 1854, NEAR CINCINNATI, O. : AGED 58.

144....(Born Ga.)....**ROBERT M. FORSYTH**.....(Ap'd Ga.)

Military History. — Cadet of the Military Academy, July 28, 1813, to Mar. 2, 1815, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

THIRD LIEUT., CORPS OF ARTILLERY, MAR. 2, 1815.

SECOND LIEUT., CORPS OF ARTILLERY, SEP. 8, 1817.

Served in garrison at New York harbor, 1815–16.

DISMISSED, DEC. 1, 1818.

DIED, 1819.

145..(Born D. C.)..**THOMAS W. LENDRUM**.....(Ap'd Va.)

Military History. — Cadet of the Military Academy, June 16, 1813, to Mar. 2, 1815, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

THIRD LIEUT., CORPS OF ARTILLERY, MAR. 2, 1815.

Served : in garrison at Ft. McHenry, Md., 1815–16, and as Battalion Adjutant of Artillery, 1816, to May 14, 1818 ; on Recruiting service,

(SECOND LIEUT., CORPS OF ARTILLERY, SEP. 28, 1817)

1818 ; on Commissary duty, 1819–20 ; in garrison at Ft. Severn, Md.,

(FIRST LIEUT., CORPS OF ARTILLERY, MAY 30, 1819)

1821–27, — Ft. Trumbull, Ct., 1827–28, — and Ft. Independence, Mas.,
(FIRST LIEUT., 3D ARTILLERY, IN RE-ORGANIZATION OF ARMY, JUNE 1, 1821)
(CAPTAIN, 3D ARTILLERY, DEC. 31, 1828, to JULY 7, 1838)
1829–30; on Recruiting service, 1831–32; in garrison at Ft. Independence, Mas., 1833, — and Ft. Monroe, Va., 1833–35; in the Florida War, 1835–36; on Ordnance duty, Sep., 1836, to Mar., 1837; and on Commissary duty, 1837–52, in the Subsistence Bureau at Washington, D. C., 1837–38, — at
(MAJOR, STAFF — COMMISSARY OF SUBSISTENCE, JULY 7, 1838)
Baltimore, Md., 1838–48, — and at New York city, 1848–52.
DIED, OCT. 21, 1852, AT NEW YORK CITY.

146....(Born Mas.)...**GEORGE BLANEY**.....(Ap'd Mas.)

Military History. — Cadet of the Military Academy, July 7, 1813, to Mar. 4, 1815, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to
BVT. SECOND LIEUT., CORPS OF ENGINEERS, MAR. 4, 1815.
Served: as Asst. Engineer in the repairs of fortifications in the Castine District, Me., — and on Survey of the Narrows of the St. Lawrence
(SECOND LIEUT., CORPS OF ENGINEERS, OCT. 31, 1816)
River, 1816–17; as Aide-de-Camp to Bvt. Brig.-General Swift, Apr. 21, 1817, to Nov. 12, 1818; as Assistant to the Chief Engineer, at Washing-
(FIRST LIEUT., CORPS OF ENGINEERS, NOV. 12, 1818)
ton, D. C., 1818–20; at the Military Academy, as Adjutant, Mar. 9, 1820, to Mar. 1, 1821; as Asst. Engineer in the construction of the fortifications at Hampton Roads, Va., 1821–22; at the Military Academy, as Adjutant, Aug. 12, 1822, to May 25, 1824; and as Superintending Engi-
(CAPTAIN, CORPS OF ENGINEERS, JULY 1, 1824)
neer of the construction of Ft. Delaware, Pea Patch Island, Dec., 1824–25, — of Ft. Caswell, N. C., 1825–35, — and of the Improvement of Cape
(BVT. MAJOR, JUNE 30, 1834, FOR FAITHFUL SERVICE TEN YEARS IN ONE GRADE)
Fear River, N. C., 1829–35.
DIED, MAY 15, 1835, AT FT. JOHNSTON, SMITHVILLE, N. C.

147....(Born Eng.)....**THOMAS J. LESLIE**.....(Ap'd Pa.)

Military History. — Cadet of the Military Academy, July 5, 1813, to Mar. 4, 1815, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to
BVT. SECOND LIEUT., CORPS OF ENGINEERS, MAR. 4, 1815.
Served: as Paymaster of Engineers, Nov. 27, 1815, to July 7, 1838, at West Point, N. Y., 1815–21, 1822–38, and at Washington, D. C., 1821–22,
(SECOND LIEUT., CORPS OF ENGINEERS, OCT. 31, 1816)
(FIRST LIEUT., CORPS OF ENGINEERS, MAR. 31, 1819)
(BVT. CAPT., MAR. 31, 1829, FOR FAITHFUL SERVICE TEN YEARS IN ONE GRADE)
(TRANSFERRED, JULY 7, 1838, AS MAJOR, STAFF — PAYMASTER, TO RANK FROM NOV. 27, 1815)
and as Treasurer of the Military Academy, Oct. 31, 1816, to Dec. 11, 1841; as Paymaster at West Point, N. Y., 1838–41, — of New York District, 1841–46, — as Chief Paymaster at New Orleans, La., 1846–47, — of New York District, 1847–49, — of Charleston harbor, S. C., and Florida

(LIEUT.-COLONEL, STAFF — DEP. PAYMASTER-GEN., MAR. 3, 1847 : DECLINED)

District, 1849–50, — of New York District, 1850–54, — at St. Paul, Min., 1854–55, — at St. Louis, Mo., 1855–56, — at Washington, D. C., 1856–57, — and at New York city, 1857–61.

Served during the Rebellion of the Seceding States, 1861–66, as Chief of Paymaster's Department for the New York District, 1861–69.

BVT. LIEUT.-COLONEL, — BVT. COLONEL, — AND BVT. BRIG.-GENERAL, U. S. ARMY, MAR. 13, 1865, FOR FAITHFUL AND MERITORIOUS PERFORMANCE OF DUTY IN THE PAY DEPARTMENT DURING THE CONTINUOUS PERIOD OF FIFTY YEARS' SERVICE.

RETIRED FROM ACTIVE SERVICE, FEB. 3, 1869, "HAVING BEEN BORNE ON THE ARMY REGISTER MORE THAN 45 YEARS."

DIED, NOV. 25, 1874, AT NEW YORK CITY : AGED 77.

148...(Born Va.)...**WILLIAM S. EVELETH**.....(Ap'd D. C.)

Military History. — Cadet of the Military Academy, July 22, 1813, to Mar. 4, 1815, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., CORPS OF ENGINEERS, MAR. 4, 1815.

Served : at the Military Academy, as Principal Asst. Professor of Engineering, Mar. 4, 1815, to Sep. 30, 1816 ; and as Asst. Engineer of the

(SECOND LIEUT., CORPS OF ENGINEERS, OCT. 31, 1816)

defenses of the Northwestern frontier, 1817–18.

DIED, OCT. 4, 1818, BY SHIPWRECK, ON LAKE MICHIGAN.

149...(Born Eng.)...**ROBERT W. POOLER**.....(Ap'd Ga.)

Military History. — Cadet of the Military Academy, Dec. 27, 1813, to Mar. 4, 1815, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., CORPS OF ENGINEERS, MAR. 4, 1815.

Served as Asst. Engineer in the construction of the defenses of the

(SECOND LIEUT., CORPS OF ENGINEERS, OCT. 1, 1817)

Gulf of Mexico, 1815–18.

RESIGNED, AUG. 14, 1818.

Civil History. — Counselor at Law, Savannah, Ga., 1821–53. Member of the House of Representatives of the State of Georgia, 1823–25, — and of the Convention to amend the Constitution of the State of Georgia, 1839. Captain of Light Artillery, Georgia Militia, 1819–22, — and of Infantry, 1824–37. Clerk of the Court of Common Pleas and Oyer and Terminer, for the city of Savannah, Ga., 1825–28, — of the Court of Ordinary, 1828–46, — and of the Superior and Inferior Courts of Chatham Co., Ga., 1828–48. Receiver of Tax Returns of Chatham Co., Ga., 1850.

DIED, DEC. 25, 1853, AT SAVANNAH, GA.

150...(Born Mas.)...**WILLIAM H. CHASE**.....(Ap'd Mas.)

Military History. — Cadet of the Military Academy, May 4, 1814, to Mar. 4, 1815, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., CORPS OF ENGINEERS, MAR. 4, 1815.

Served : as Asst. Engineer in the construction of the defenses of Brooklyn, N. Y., 1815, — in making Surveys in the vicinity of Lake Champlain, 1816–17, — in repairing Ft. Niagara, N. Y., 1817–18, and in

(SECOND LIEUT., CORPS OF ENGINEERS, APR. 15, 1818)

constructing Ft. Pike, La., 1819, 1820–22; as Superintending Engineer of

(FIRST LIEUT., CORPS OF ENGINEERS, MAR. 31, 1819)

the defenses of Rigolets, and Chef Menteur Passes to New Orleans, La., 1822–24, — of Ft. Jackson, Mississippi River, La., 1823–24, — of Breakwater for the preservation of Plymouth Beach, Mas., 1824, — and of Forts at Rigolets, Chef Menteur, Bienvenue, and Bayou Dupré Passes to New Orleans, La., 1824–28; on inspection of Improvement of Ohio River,

(CAPTAIN, CORPS OF ENGINEERS, JAN. 1, 1825)

1825, — Red River Raft, 1828, — and sites for Lighthouses between Lake Pontchartrain, La., and Mobile Bay, Ala., 1829; as Superintending Engineer of the construction of the defenses of Pensacola harbor, Fla., 1828–54, — and of Improvements of Pascagoula River, Mis., 1829, Escambia River, 1833–34, Choctaw Pass, Mobile harbor, 1834–37, and Pass au Héron, 1834–37; in charge of Ft. Morgan, Ala., 1834–41, — of Ft. Jackson, La., 1835–41, — of Improvement of the mouth of the Mississippi,

(MAJOR, CORPS OF ENGINEERS, JULY 7, 1838)

1836–39, — and of deepening Dog River Bar, Mobile Bay, 1837; on special Board of Engineers for examination of Florida Reef, 1844–45, — of Gulf Frontier of Mississippi and Texas, 1845, — of Memphis Navy Yard, Ten., 1851, — of Floating Dock, etc., at Pensacola Navy Yard, Fla., 1851, — of New Orleans Custom House, La., 1851, — and of the Passes of the Mississippi River and Harbor at Lake Pontchartrain, with a view to their improvement, 1852; on Board of Engineers for Atlantic Coast Defenses, Mar. 13 to Sep. 13, 1848; and as Superintending Engineer of Improvement of Choctaw Pass and Dog River Bar, Mobile Bay, Ala., 1852–54, — and of construction of Ft. Taylor, Key West, Fla., 1854–56.

RESIGNED, OCT. 31, 1856.

Civil History. — President of the Alabama and Florida Railroad Company, from Montgomery, Ala., to Pensacola, Fla., 1856–61.

Joined the Rebellion of 1861–66 against the United States.

DIED, FEB. 8, 1870, AT PENSACOLA, FLA.: AGED 72.

151..(Born N. Y.)..**WOLVERT E. WILLIAMS**.....(Ap'd N. Y.)

Military History. — Cadet of the Military Academy, May 22, 1813, to Dec. 2, 1815, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

THIRD LIEUT., ORDNANCE, DEC. 2, 1815.

Served: on Ordnance duty, Dec. 2, 1815, to May 14, 1824; and in

(SECOND LIEUT., ORDNANCE, JUNE 30, 1818)

(SECOND LIEUT., 2D ARTILLERY, IN RE-ORGANIZATION OF ARMY, JUNE 1, 1821)

(FIRST LIEUT., 2D ARTILLERY, APR. 1, 1824)

garrison at Ft. Monroe, Va. (Conductor of Artillery at Artillery School for Practice), 1824–25, — and Ft. McHenry, Md., 1825–26.

DISMISSED, MAY 10, 1826, FOR DISOBEDIENCE OF ORDERS.

DIED, 18—.

152..(Born Va.)...**WILLIAM B. DAVIDSON**.....(Ap'd Va.)

Military History. — Cadet of the Military Academy, May 9, 1814, to Dec. 2, 1815, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

THIRD LIEUT., ORDNANCE, DEC. 2, 1815.

Served: on Ordnance duty, Dec. 2, 1815, to June 1, 1821; in garrison

(SECOND LIEUT., ORDNANCE, SEP. 1, 1818)

at Ft. Preble, Me., 1821, — Ft. Severn, Md., 1821–25, — and Ft. Monroe,
(SECOND LIEUT., 1ST ARTILLERY, IN RE-ORGANIZATION OF ARMY, JUNE 1, 1821)
(TRANSFERRED TO 3D ARTILLERY, AUG. 16, 1821)
Va. (Artillery School for Practice), 1825 ; in Adjutant-General's Office
(FIRST LIEUT., 3D ARTILLERY, JAN. 1, 1825)
at Washington, D. C., July 7, 1825, to May 1, 1834 ; on sick leave of absence, 1834–36 ; in garrison at Ft. Monroe, Va., 1836 ; on Recruiting service, 1836 ; in garrison at Ft. Monroe, Va., 1836, — and Ft. Moultrie, S. C., 1836 ; and in the Florida War against the Seminole Indians, 1837–38, 1838–39, and 1840, being engaged in the Defense of Camp Monroe, Feb. 8, 1837, — Combat of Locha-Hatchee, Jan. 24, 1838, — and
(CAPTAIN, 3D ARTILLERY, JULY 7, 1838)
Skirmish near Ft. Lauderdale, Feb. 20, 1838.
DIED, DEC. 25, 1840, AT INDIAN KEY, FLA.

153..(Born Mas.).....**JOHN A. WEBBER**.....(Ap'd Mas.)

Military History. — Cadet of the Military Academy, Apr. 14, 1813, to Dec. 11, 1815, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to
BVT. SECOND LIEUT., LIGHT ARTILLERY, DEC. 11, 1815.
Served : in garrison at New England Posts, 1815–21 ; and on Commis-
(SECOND LIEUT., LIGHT ARTILLERY, SEP. 30, 1816)
(FIRST LIEUT., LIGHT ARTILLERY, OCT. 31, 1819)
(FIRST LIEUT., 3D ARTILLERY, IN RE-ORGANIZATION OF ARMY, JUNE 1, 1821)
(TRANSFERRED TO 2D ARTILLERY, AUG. 16, 1821)
sary and Quartermaster duty at Ft. Niagara, N. Y., 1821–24.
RESIGNED, FEB. 20, 1825.
Re-appointed in the United States Army as
MILITARY STORE KEEPER OF ORDNANCE, OCT. 12, 1837,
and served at Watertown Arsenal, near Boston, Mas., 1837–55.
DIED, MAY 6, 1855, AT WATERTOWN ARSENAL, MAS.: AGED 56.

154..(Born N. Y.)...**THOMAS J. GARDNER**.....(Ap'd N. Y.)

Military History. — Cadet of the Military Academy, Apr. 14, 1813, to Dec. 11, 1815, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to
BVT. SECOND LIEUT., LIGHT ARTILLERY, DEC. 11, 1815.
Served: in garrison at New England Posts, 1815–21, — and at St.
(SECOND LIEUT., LIGHT ARTILLERY, JAN. 1, 1817)
(FIRST LIEUT., LIGHT ARTILLERY, DEC. 31, 1819)
(FIRST LIEUT., 4TH ARTILLERY, IN RE-ORGANIZATION OF ARMY, JUNE 1, 1821)
Augustine, Fla., 1821–22.
DIED, JULY 20, 1822, AT ST. AUGUSTINE, FLA.

155..(Born France)..**BENJ. L. E. BONNEVILLE**....(Ap'd N. Y.)

Military History. — Cadet of the Military Academy, Apr. 14, 1813, to Dec. 11, 1815, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to
BVT. SECOND LIEUT., LIGHT ARTILLERY, DEC. 11, 1815.

Served: in garrison at New England Posts, 1815–19; on Recruiting
(SECOND LIEUT., LIGHT ARTILLERY, JAN. 15, 1817)
service, 1819–20; on construction of Military Road through Mississippi,
(SECOND LIEUT., 8TH INFANTRY, MAR. 10, 1819)
1820; in garrison at the Bay of St. Louis, Mis., 1820; on frontier duty
(FIRST LIEUT., 8TH INFANTRY, JULY 9, 1820)
on march from Ft. Smith, Ark., to San Antonio, Tex., 1821–22, — Ft.
(FIRST LIEUT., 7TH INFANTRY, IN RE-ORGANIZATION OF ARMY, JUNE 1, 1821)
Smith, Ark., 1822–24, — and Ft. Gibson, I. T., 1824–25; on leave of
(CAPTAIN, 7TH INFANTRY, OCT. 4, 1825)
absence in France, 1825–26; on frontier duty at Ft. Gibson, I. T., 1826–28, — Jefferson Barracks, Mo., 1828–29, — and Ft. Gibson, I. T., 1829–31; on an exploration to the "Far West," across and beyond the Rocky Mountains, 1831–36, his Journal of which was edited and amplified by Washington Irving, and published in 1843; on frontier duty at Ft. Gibson, I. T., 1836–37, — Mustering friendly Indians, 1837, — at Ft. Gibson, I. T., 1837–38, — Ft. Towson, I. T., 1838, — Ft. Gibson, I. T., 1838, — and Ft. Smith, Ark., 1838–39; in the Florida War, 1839–42; on Recruiting service, 1842; in garrison at Ft. Brooke, Fla., 1843, — Baton Rouge, La., 1843–44, — Pass Christian, Mis., 1844, — and Baton Rouge, La.,
(MAJOR, 6TH INFANTRY, JULY 15, 1845)
1844–45; on frontier duty at Ft. Smith, Ark., 1845–46; in the War with Mexico, 1846–47, being engaged in the march through Chihuahua, 1846, — in the Siege of Vera Cruz, Mar. 9–29, 1847, — Battle of Cerro Gordo, Apr. 17–18, 1847, — Skirmish of Amazoque, May 14, 1847, — Capture of San Antonio, Aug. 20, 1847, — Battle of Churubusco, Aug. 20, 1847, where
(BVT. LIEUT.-COLONEL, AUG. 20, 1847, FOR GALLANT AND MERITORIOUS CONDUCT IN THE BATTLES OF CONTRERAS AND CHURUBUSCO, MEXICO)
he was wounded, — Battle of Molino del Rey, Sep. 8, 1847, — Storming of Chapultepec, Sep. 13, 1847, — and Assault and Capture of the City of Mexico, Sep. 13–14, 1847; on frontier duty at Ft. Kearny, Neb., 1849;
(LIEUT.-COLONEL, 4TH INFANTRY, MAY 7, 1849)
in garrison at Sackett's Harbor, N. Y., 1850–51, — Ft. Howard, Wis., 1851–52, — and Ft. Columbus, N. Y., 1852; on frontier duty at Benicia, Cal., 1852, — Ft. Vancouver, W. T., 1852–55, — Ft. Fillmore, N. M., 1856,
(COLONEL, 3D INFANTRY, FEB. 3, 1855)
— in command of the Department of New Mexico, Oct. 11, 1856, to May 12, 1857, headquarters at Santa Fé, — commanding Gila Expedition, 1857, — Albuquerque, N. M., 1857–58, — in command of the Department of New Mexico, Sep. 16, 1858, to Oct. 25, 1859, headquarters at Santa Fé, — Ft. Marcy, N. M., 1859–60, — and Ft. Clark, Tex., 1860–61; and on leave of absence, 1861.

RETIRED FROM ACTIVE SERVICE, SEP. 9, 1861, FOR DISABILITY, RESULTING FROM LONG AND FAITHFUL SERVICE, AND FROM SICKNESS AND EXPOSURE IN THE LINE OF DUTY.

Served during the Rebellion of the Seceding States, 1861–66: as Superintendent of Recruiting Service in Missouri, 1861–62, and 1862–63; as Chief Mustering and Disbursing Officer of Missouri, Sep. 20, 1862, to Nov. 17, 1863; in command of Benton Barracks, St. Louis, Mo., Mar. 6, to Aug. 1, 1862, and Sep. 12, 1862, to Dec. 1, 1865, — and of Jefferson Barracks, Mo., Dec. 1, 1865, to Oct. 15, 1866; as Commissary of Musters,

(BVT. BRIG.-GENERAL, U. S. ARMY, MAR. 13, 1865, FOR LONG AND FAITHFUL SERVICES IN THE ARMY)

Department of the Missouri, Apr. 8, 1863, to Oct. 15, 1866.

DIED, JUNE 12, 1878, AT FORT SMITH, ARK.: AGED 85.

BIOGRAPHICAL SKETCH.

BVT. BRIG.-GENERAL BENJ. L. E. BONNEVILLE, the last survivor of the Class of 1815, died June 12, 1878, at Fort Smith, Ark., at the advanced age of 85. He was born in France during the Reign of Terror, in the eventful year 1793, when Louis XVI. and Marie Antoinette were beheaded; in which Marat was assassinated and Danton guillotined; when the Revolutionary Tribunal was established and the Girondists fell; in which war was declared against England, Spain, and Holland, and insurrection triumphed in La Vendée; when royal tombs were desecrated, the Sabbath abolished, and the Goddess of Reason worshiped; and in which, throughout the new Republic, horrors on horrors accumulated.

Bonneville's father, a man of classic culture, was a member of the National Convention, and the intimate friend of Condorcet, Lafayette, and Thomas Paine. By nature earnest and excitable, he dared, years later, to denounce, in the "Bien Informé," which he edited, the rising Bonaparte as the Cromwell of France, for which his journal was suppressed, and himself and family forced to emigrate to America. Taking up his abode in New York city, he mingled little with the money-making world, preferring his elysium in the pages of Voltaire, Corneille, Racine, or Shakspeare. Almost on any summer's day he was to be seen, book in hand, under one of the Battery trees, or in the shadow of St. Paul's Church, little heeding, in his poetic dreams, the passing throng or the passing hour.

The son, inheriting the ardent temperament of his father, decided to follow the stirring and adventurous career of a soldier. Accordingly, Apr. 14, 1813, he became a Cadet at West Point, and was graduated from the Military Academy, Dec. 11, 1815, when he was promoted to be a Bvt. Second Lieut. of Light Artillery. He served at New England posts and on recruiting duty till Mar. 10, 1819, when he was transferred to the Eighth Infantry, which carried him to the Western frontier, a more congenial field to one of his enterprising spirit.

In 1825 he obtained a leave of absence to accompany and be the Secretary of General Lafayette on his return to Europe in the frigate Brandywine, after his triumphal tour through the United States. On arriving at La Grange, in his native France, Bonneville became the guest of his father's old friend till the following year, when he returned to his congenial Western life.

He had long been familiar with stories of adventure beyond the Rocky Mountains, and sighed for the vocation of a voyageur. Accordingly, he applied for a leave of absence to enable him to penetrate the great *terra incognita* of the American Desert beyond the Mississippi. The General-in-Chief, Aug. 3, 1831, granted the desired indulgence until Oct., 1833, on condition that, without any expense to the Government, Bonneville was to provide himself with maps, instruments, and a complete outfit to explore the country to the Pacific; ascertain the nature, character, and mode of warfare of the Indian tribes; the agricultural and mineral resources of the Great West; its geographical and geological features; and, in fine, to undertake what it has required half a century since to discover. Nothing daunted, he at once began his preparations, and, May 1, 1832, with one hundred and ten men, some of them experienced hunters and trappers, and twenty ox and mule wagons loaded with provisions, ammunition, and trinkets, left Fort Osage on the Missouri River. In a

week they had passed the last border habitation, and with light hearts, exulting in the wild freedom of savage life, bade a long farewell to the ease and security of civilization, then little dreaming of the barren and trackless wastes they had to pass; the dreary and desolate mountains they were to climb; the narrow and dangerous defiles to be penetrated; the broad and rapid currents to be ferried in frail skin boats; the ambushes of wily savages to be escaped; and encounters with merciless foes to be boldly met.

Bonneville took the route then almost unexplored, but now so well known to Pacific travelers. He reached the Platte, June 3, continuing his toilsome way amid wild scenes and wilder warriors to Polo Creek, and thence to where Fort Laramie now stands. Finding the river continually land-locked by rugged promontories, he, July 12th, abandoned the Platte, taking his course up the Sweet Water through the Black Hills, coming, on the 20th, in sight of the Rocky Mountains, the goal of his fondest hopes and brightest anticipations. Arrived at their summit, we can imagine the enthusiastic captain's ecstatic exultation when he beheld the vast and magnificent scene around him of mountains piled on mountains till their lofty peaks towered to the clouds, and with what admiration and awe he gazed upon those snow-clad sierras, the parent source of the mighty rivers flowing down the Pacific and Atlantic slopes.

After a short tarry in the Green River Valley among the warlike Blackfeet, he pursued his weary way across rough and lofty ridges, and through deep, rocky defiles, reaching, Sep. 19th, the upper waters of the Salmon River, where he made his first winter cantonment. Here, among friendly Nez Percés and Flathead Indians, and a motley crew of trappers of all colors, he led a hunter's life in the heart of the wilderness, enjoying the wild and bustling scenes of which he was the central figure. By the middle of December, however, all the forage being exhausted, he was obliged to break up his camp and begin his winter's march, with the cold so intense that the horsemen had often to dismount to prevent freezing in their saddles. Surrounded with perils on every side and hunger staring them in the face, they continued their slow and weary way to the Snake River, encamping, Jan. 13, 1833, in sight of the Three Tetons, the Captain feeling great pride in having accomplished his daring and doubtful enterprise, and, even amid all his trials, enjoying and appreciating the grandeur of nature. "Far away," says he in one of the bursts of his enthusiasm, "over the vast plains, and up the steep sides of the lofty mountains, the snow lay spread in dazzling whiteness; and whenever the sun emerged in the morning above the giant peaks, or burst forth from among the clouds in his midday course, mountain and dell, glazed rock and frosted tree, glowed and sparkled with surpassing lustre. The tall pines seemed sprinkled with a silver dust, and the willows, studded with minute icicles, reflecting the prismatic rays, brought to mind the fairy trees conjured up by the caliph's story-teller to adorn his vale of diamonds."

On the 19th of February, Bonneville, with sixteen of his party, left the Snake River camp to return to his caches on the Salmon, through terrible snow-drifts and dangers equal to those he had before encountered on this route. He reached his destination Mar. 11, and not long after began his trapping campaign of 1833 among the mountains and valleys of the Malade, Snake, Boisée, Green, and Big Horn rivers, upon the details of which we will not enter, nor attempt to describe the adventures of the expedition he sent to explore the Great Basin of Salt Lake. His perils by flood and field in the rock-piled wilderness during this campaign were compensated by daily sights of Nature in her sublimest moods. On one occasion the romantic Captain clambered up a gigantic peak capped with eternal snow. The ascent was so steep and rugged that he was obliged to sling his gun on his back and creep on his hands and knees.

After incredible toil and danger he finally reached the lofty summit. Here a scene burst upon him of overwhelming grandeur and immensity. He stood in fact upon that dividing ridge separating the waters of the two great oceans of the globe, which the Indians regard as the Crest of the World. "Whichever way he turned his eye, it was confounded by the vastness and variety of objects. Beneath him, the Rocky Mountains seemed to open all their secret recesses : deep, solemn valleys, treasured lakes, dreary passes, rugged defiles, and foaming torrents ; while, beyond their savage precincts, the eye was lost in an almost immeasurable landscape, stretching on every side into dim and hazy distance, like the expanse of a summer's sea. Whichever way he looked he beheld vast plains glimmering with reflected sunshine ; mighty streams wandering on their shining course toward either ocean; and snowy mountains, chain beyond chain, and peak beyond peak, till they melted like clouds into the horizon."

Bonneville established his winter camp, towards the close of 1833, near the Portneuf River, the weather being piercing cold at that high elevation ; but soon his restless spirit sighed for new adventures. Accordingly, with only three companions, he set off on Christmas Day to penetrate to the Columbia River, visit the Hudson's Bay establishments, acquaint himself with the wild Indian tribes of the Pacific, and build a trading post to supply the place of our lost Astoria. Their route lay at first near the gloomy cañon of Snake River, scarfed with basaltic precipices ; then they passed through the beautiful valley of the "Grande Ronde ;" and, finally, had to cross the Blue Mountains. The perils they encountered in this latter journeying almost surpass belief : through deep snow-drifts and amid tumbling avalanches ; climbing steep crags and lofty promontories ; passing over yawning chasms by frail ice bridges ; moving along slippery brinks of precipices ; and continually surmounting the most formidable barriers. Day after day did their toil continue ; peak after peak confronted them ; the sierras' cold was intense, and famine was staring them full in the face. Human effort was about to yield when they came to their Pisgah mount, and in a frenzy of delight beheld the lovely valley of the Immahah, like a promised land, smiling with verdure. For fifty-three days they had been traveling in the midst of winter, exposed to almost every species of privation and hardship ; and for the last twenty had been entangled in the wild and desolate labyrinths of the snowy mountains, climbing and descending icy precipices, and nearly exhausted with cold and hunger. Bonneville, now following the course of the Immahah, was soon again in the vicinity of the Snake River region, with its steep hills and deep valleys. "The grandeur and originality of the views," says the enchanted Captain, "beggar both the pencil and the pen. Nothing we had ever gazed upon in any other region could for a moment compare in wild majesty and impressive sternness with the series of scenes which here at every turn astonished our senses, and filled us with awe and delight." Forgetting, in his enthusiasm, all toil and perils past, he continued his wanderings over dark mountain peaks and rifted rocks marking the convulsions of nature, amid the chaotic confusion of crags and chasms, the wild sport of earthquakes, and along bold basaltic battlements o'erhanging the roaring rapids and cataracts careering in the cañon beneath.

At last, Mar. 4, 1834, he struck the Columbia River at Fort Wallawalla. Here, hospitably treated, he had designed remaining some time, to collect information and establish trading connections ; but, upon requesting some needed supplies, the Superintendent of the Hudson's Bay Company sullenly informed him that, however he might feel disposed to serve him personally, he could do nothing officially to facilitate or encourage rival traders among the Indians of that region. Thus thwarted in his designs, the undaunted Captain was in two days returning, by the

same hazardous route he had just traversed, to his caches on the Portneuf, which he reached after much suffering, May 18, 1834.

Again in the field, pursuing his way up Bear River, our plucky Captain had, June 13th, reached Little Snake Lake, of which he made a survey. Soon after he was joined by the party he had sent the year before to explore the Great Salt Lake, of which it had not only made the complete circuit, but had extended its perambulations to Lower California. He now divided his force, sending one detachment with peltries to St. Louis; another to trap in the Crow country, the Black Hills, and along the Arkansas; while he, contemning distance and danger, proceeded with twenty-three men, designing to go to the lower Columbia and valley of Multnomah. He had by September nearly reached the present site of Fort Vancouver, expecting to make his winter quarters in the noble valley of the Willamette, but threatening starvation compelled him a second time to turn his back to the Columbia and set off for the Blue Mountains, reaching them, by way of John Day's River, through a rugged and difficult defile, Oct. 1, 1834, and after clambering among bald clay hills he was by the 20th again on Snake River. About the middle of November he reached his caches on the Bear River, taking up his quarters in the upper part of the valley, where, amid vast herds of deer and buffalo, he passed a festive winter.

Bidding farewell to his Eutaw and Shoshone allies, the roving Captain broke camp, Apr. 1, 1835, and proceeded up Ham's Fork to Green River; was, June 10th, to the east of the Wind River Mountains; after various incidents and delays, reached by way of the Nebraska valley, August 22, 1835, the frontier settlements; and the bold voyageur, with his wild tatterdemalion band, was once more out of the wilderness in which he had spent over three most eventful and trying years. Far, however, from enjoying the blessings of peaceful society and the guardianship of law, he sighed for his nomadic life. "He who has roved," says he, "almost from boyhood, among the children of the forest, and over the unfurrowed plains and rugged heights of the Western wastes, will not be startled to learn that, notwithstanding all the fascinations of the world on this civilized side of the mountains, I would fain make my bow to the splendors and gayeties of the metropolis, and plunge again amid the hardships and perils of the wilderness."

In this brief sketch, we would only outline the travels and history of the intrepid explorer. Those who would enjoy the fascinating details of Bonneville's romantic adventures among savage men and more savage nature must peruse Washington Irving's almost fairy tale, which, though based upon the Captain's journal, reads like a fiction of knight-errantry.

The oblivious officer had now been absent without leave nearly two years, and, without railroads and telegraphs at his disposal, had utterly failed to make the regulation reports of his whereabouts. Consequently he had been given up for lost, and his name had been dropped from the Army rolls. His return created a lively surprise to the Secretary of War, who was unwilling any longer to recognize him as a live captain in the military service of his country. Fortunately, General Jackson was then the President, to whom it was only necessary to tell his tale of daring deeds to be at once restored to his former commission.

With his regiment on the Western frontier and in the Florida War, he continued till July 15, 1845, when he was promoted to be Major of the Sixth Infantry. Ordered soon to Mexico, he made the march through Chihuahua in 1846, and in 1847 participated in all the battles of General Scott's campaign, from Vera Cruz to the capital. At the fierce attack on the fortified convent of Churubusco, he was charged with mismanagement of the regiment which he commanded, but the veteran soldier who had faced so many dangers escaped with little loss to his reputation, and

was subsequently brevetted for his gallantry to a Lieutenant-Colonelcy. After the Mexican War his life was not particularly eventful, except a short revival of his wilderness experience when he commanded the Gila Expedition of 1857.

Having attained the rank of Colonel, and from age and exposure in the line of duty becoming disqualified for active service, he was retired, Sept. 9, 1861, and hence did not take the field during the Civil War, though he continued to perform valuable and responsible duties, for which, at its close, he was brevetted a Brigadier-General, in recognition of his "long and faithful services in the army" of half a century.

Though the remainder of his days was chiefly taken up with his private affairs, he always felt a lively interest in all matters pertaining to the development of the Great West, particularly the progress of railroad enterprises through the regions he was among the first to penetrate with wagons, and by the pathways in which he always claimed to have been the pioneer to subsequent explorers. Though he seldom spoke of his remarkable exploits, he devoted his leisure hours to arranging his maps and collecting his notes, with a view of leaving behind much important information omitted by Washington Irving, to whom any allusion in connection with his adventures was displeasing.

Aside from the high qualities of bravery, enterprise, and pertinacity of purpose which so eminently fitted him to become the great explorer of our Western wilds, he was noted for his amiable qualities of head and heart. His cheerful manner and *bébonnaire* appearance will long be remembered by all, young and old, who had the pleasure of his acquaintance. After the fitful fever of a long and active life, Death, the mighty archer, has at last taken him to the happy hunting grounds, the blissful abode of kindred souls.

"Of no distemper, of no blast he died,
But fell like autumn fruit that mellow'd long;
Even wonder'd at, because he dropt no sooner.
Fate seem'd to wind him up for fourscore years;
Yet freshly ran he on five winters more,
Till, like a clock worn out with eating time,
The wheels of weary life at last stood still."

156...(Born N. Y.)....**SAMUEL COOPER**.....(Ap'd N. Y.)

Military History. — Cadet of the Military Academy, May 25, 1813, to Dec. 11, 1815, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., LIGHT ARTILLERY, DEC. 11, 1815.

Served: in garrison at New England Posts, 1815–18; in the Adjutant-

(SECOND LIEUT., LIGHT ARTILLERY, NOV. 15, 1817)

General's Office, at Washington, D. C., 1818–25; in garrison at Ft.

(SECOND LIEUT., 1ST ARTILLERY, IN RE-ORGANIZATION OF ARMY, JUNE 1, 1821)

(FIRST LIEUT., 2D ARTILLERY, JULY 6, 1821)

(TRANSFERRED TO 4TH ARTILLERY, DEC. 31, 1824)

Marion, Fla., 1825–26, — Ft. Monroe, Va. (Artillery School for Practice), 1826–28, — and Ft. Columbus, N. Y., 1828; as Aide-de-Camp to Major-

(BVT. CAPT., JULY 6, 1831, FOR FAITHFUL SERVICE TEN YEARS IN ONE GRADE)

General Macomb (General-in-Chief), May 29, 1828, to June 11, 1836; on

(CAPTAIN, 4TH ARTILLERY, JUNE 11, 1836, TO JULY 15, 1852)

(BVT. MAJOR, STAFF — ASST. ADJUTANT-GENERAL, JULY 7, 1838)

Staff duty, at headquarters of the Army, 1836–41; in the Florida War,

as Chief of Staff of Colonel Worth, June 28, 1841, to Aug. 17, 1842, being engaged against the Seminole Indians, in the Rout of Halleck Tustennuggee's Band in the Big Hammock of Pilaklikaha, Apr. 19, 1842;

(LIEUT.-COLONEL, STAFF — ASST. ADJUTANT-GENERAL, MAR. 3, 1847)

(BVT. COLONEL, MAY 30, 1848, FOR MERITORIOUS CONDUCT, PARTICULARLY IN THE PERFORMANCE OF HIS DUTIES IN THE PROSECUTION OF THE WAR WITH MEXICO)

on Special duty in the War Department, 1842–52; and in charge of the

(COL., STAFF — ADJUTANT-GENERAL OF THE U. S. ARMY, JULY 15, 1852)

Adjutant-General's Office at Washington, D. C., July 26, 1852, to Mar. 7, 1861.

RESIGNED, MARCH 7, 1861.

Civil History. — Compiler of "A Concise System of Instructions and Regulations for the Militia and Volunteers of the United States," 1836.

Joined in the Rebellion of 1861–66 against the United States.

Civil History. — Farmer, near Alexandria, Va., 1866–76.

DIED, DEC. 14, 1876, AT CAMERON, FAIRFAX CO., VA.: AGED 81.

157....(Born Ct.)....**CHARLES DAVIES**.....(Ap'd N. Y.)

Military History. — Cadet of the Military Academy, Dec. 27, 1813, to Dec. 11, 1815, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., LIGHT ARTILLERY, DEC. 11, 1815.

Served: in garrison at New England Posts, 1815–16; at the Military

(TRANSFERRED, AS SECOND LIEUT., TO CORPS OF ENGINEERS, AUG. 31, 1816)

(RESIGNED, FROM CORPS OF ENGINEERS, DEC. 1, 1816)

Academy, 1816–37, as Principal Asst. Professor of Mathematics, Dec. 1, 1816, to Oct. 31, 1821, and of Natural and Experimental Philosophy,

(PROFESSOR OF MATHEMATICS, MILITARY ACADEMY, MAY 1, 1823)

Oct. 31, 1821, to May 1, 1823, — and Professor of Mathematics, May 1, 1823, to May 31, 1837.

RESIGNED, MAY 31, 1837.

Civil History. — Professor of Mathematics, Trinity College, Hartford, Ct., 1839 to 1841. Member of the Board of Visitors to the Military Academy, 1841.

Military History. — Re-appointed in the Army with the rank of

MAJOR, STAFF — PAYMASTER, U. S. ARMY, NOV. 17, 1841,

and served as Paymaster at West Point, N. Y., 1841–45, and Treasurer of the Military Academy, Dec. 11, 1841, to Dec. 19, 1846.

RESIGNED, SEP. 30, 1845.

Civil History. — Professor of Mathematics and Philosophy, University of New York, Sep., 1848, to July, 1849. President of the Teachers' Association of the State of New York, Aug. 2, 1843, to Aug. 2, 1844. Professor of Higher Mathematics, Columbia College, New York city, May 18, 1857, to June, 1865, and Emeritus Professor, 1865–76. Author of a complete series of Mathematical Text-Books, 1837–67, embracing "Primary Arithmetic and Table-Book;" "First Lessons in Arithmetic;" "Intellectual Arithmetic;" "New School Arithmetic," with "Key;" "Grammar of Arithmetic;" "New University Arithme-

tic," with "Key;" "Elementary Algebra;" "Elementary Geometry and Trigonometry;" "Practical Mathematics;" "Elements of Geometry and Trigonometry, from the Works of A. M. Legendre;" "Elements of Surveying and Navigation;" "Analytical Geometry;" "Differential and Integral Calculus;" "Descriptive Geometry;" "Shades, Shadows, and Perspective;" "Logic and Utility of Mathematics;" and (jointly with Professor Peck) of "Mathematical Dictionary." Degree of A. M. conferred by Williams College, Williamstown, Mas., 1825, and by College of New Jersey, Princeton, N. J., 1824; and of LL. D., by Geneva College, N. Y., 1840.

DIED, SEP. 17, 1876, AT FISHKILL-ON-HUDSON, N. Y.: AGED 79.

BIOGRAPHICAL SKETCH.

PROFESSOR CHARLES DAVIES was born, Jan. 22, 1798, in Washington, Litchfield County, Ct.; and died, Sep. 17, 1876, at Fishkill-on-Hudson, N. Y., aged 79.

Davies was of Welsh extraction. His father, a man of ability and influence, was at one time a County Judge, and his mother possessed uncommon energy and intelligence. Young Davies, when very young, had removed to St. Lawrence County, N. Y., from which he was appointed a Cadet, Dec. 27, 1813, through the influence of General Joseph G. Swift, for services rendered to Wilkinson's army in the Descent of the St. Lawrence in the autumn of 1813. Brought up in the backwoods on the frontier, he had little education or acquaintance with the outside world; but with a bright mind and accustomed to hard work, he found little difficulty in mastering the simple curriculum of studies then pursued at the Military Academy, from which after two years he was graduated and promoted, Dec. 11, 1815, to be a Bvt. Second Lieut. in the Light Artillery. With his regiment he served in garrison at New England posts till Aug. 31, 1816, when he was transferred to the Corps of Engineers, resigning therefrom, Dec. 1, 1816, to accept the position of Assistant Professor of Mathematics in the Military Academy.

"Henceforward," says Professor Mansfield, "with the exception of two or three intervals of civil and military service, he was practically a teacher; and whether at West Point for many years or in civil institutions, whether in the instruction of a class or the writer of text-books, or the author of various essays and treatises, he has made his mark on the educational system of this country probably quite as much, if not more, than any man in his generation. It was not merely the class teaching of thirty-two years to thousands of young men, who have gone forth to instruct again the millions of their countrymen, but it was also the producing of the best text-books on the exact sciences, which have gone into the schools, academies, and colleges of our country, directing the studies and enlightening the minds of millions of our rising youth. The books and writings of Professor Davies were not those of brilliant genius. Neither the character of his mind nor the subjects upon which he wrote admitted that; but, with two or three exceptions, they were those simple, familiar text-books which concentrate and crystallize the light of science. The world of nature affords no greater power, no more beautiful effect, than that of pure, continuous, unchanging light. But the philosopher takes it and passes it through lenses until he makes even that light stronger and more beautiful. It is thus that the light of science, which in its original state is confined only to philosophers, is taken by teachers and writers and put into those simple, crystallized forms in which the common mind can understand it, and partake of both its use and glory. There was a time in the history of the Military Academy when there was not a single text-book prepared by an American, and not one prepared by anybody

which was, in a proper sense, a fit text-book. The first text-book used at West Point approaching such a character was 'Hutton's Mathematics,' used by Professor Ellicott. It was a sort of compendium of mathematics, philosophy, and mechanics, in two octavo volumes. Any one who will examine its algebra, trigonometry, and philosophy will see that it was not up to the needs of the Sophomore Class in the newest college. Yet it was a good book at the time, and far the best text-book then attainable. When we old cadets came to the higher branches, the application of mathematics, such as mechanical philosophy and engineering, we were completely at sea; no text-book of any sort existed. Professor Crozet, my professor, taught us descriptive geometry and engineering with nothing but a blackboard and a piece of chalk. It was in this state of things that Professor Davies conceived the idea of preparing text-books. In the mean while he had been promoted to be Professor of Mathematics, in which office he served fourteen years. In that period he had not only aided in placing the Military Academy on that better footing and perfect classification which it now has, but began that series of text-books he was many years completing, which stands and will stand a great and noble monument to his name and usefulness.

"It was in 1833 or 1834 that he first took up the idea of writing a text-book, and, naturally enough, he began with that which was the simplest and most needed, — geometry. At that time the French had much the best mathematical text-books in Europe. The English have never equaled them. So Professor Davies began with Legendre's Geometry and followed it up with Bourdon's Algebra. These were, in the main, translations, though adapted to our modes of study. These were his first books, and for three or four years his only ones. These works in algebra and geometry were afterwards so changed by himself as to make them his own. Finding them successful, and finding also that the whole country was in need of scientific text-books, he determined to devote himself mainly to that object. Accordingly he resigned his Professorship at West Point, in May, 1837, closing twenty-one years of successful instruction at the Military Academy. For the purpose of better perfecting and publishing his text-books he removed to Hartford, Conn., where he resided for several years. From 1839 to 1841 he was Professor of Mathematics in Trinity College, Hartford. There he formed a business connection with A. S. Barnes, then a young man, for the publication of his books. Mr. Barnes, now head of the great publishing firm of A. S. Barnes & Co., New York, has continued to publish his works ever since. These works were eminently successful in every sense; and, therefore, it is well to mention the numerous works which constituted the principal labor of his life.

"Beginning, as I have said, with Legendre and Bourdon, he proceeded to trigonometry, to surveying and navigation, descriptive geometry, shades, shadows, and perspective, analytical geometry, differential and integral calculus, and practical mathematics. These books were calculated for the classes at West Point, but before he had finished them it became obvious that a similar class of works was demanded for the schools and colleges of the country. Hence he began a new series of text-books to supply this demand. He prepared the primary, the school, and the university arithmetics, the first lessons, the intellectual and the grammar of arithmetic, the elementary algebra, and the elementary geometry. In all, he prepared more than twenty different volumes on the subject of mathematical education. Nor was this all. He published three other works relating to the same subject. One was the 'Logic and Utility of Mathematics;' another was the 'Mathematical Dictionary,' prepared jointly with Professor Peck; and the last a description of the 'Metric System.' That subject had come up before the Board of Regents of the University in New York. An attempt had been made to

introduce the French Metric System into this country, and Mr. Davies was appointed to prepare an essay on that question. It is a most thorough and complete analysis of the difficulties attending the introduction of a new and entirely foreign system of measures into the business of the country. This was his last important work. In the publication of these books, however, there was a constant labor of revision, which required more time even than their preparation. Thus, looking at his life from his resignation in 1837 to his death, a period of nearly fifty years, simply as a public writer and preparer of books upon education, it was a life of labor, of duty, of usefulness, and of success seldom equaled, scarcely ever surpassed. For such a labor and such usefulness the world has hardly any measure of praise or reward; for it is not the great workers of the world who win its greatest laurels. The dashing soldier, the brilliant poet, the eloquent orator, the ingenious inventor, are welcomed with the shouts of the multitude and the voice of trumpets. But the worker who builds the foundations of society must build them in silence, with the great consolation that those foundations will be his monument. They will endure; and none endure longer than those of the great teachers of mankind. Mr. Davies was not, however, without the common honor which our colleges bestow, as much to honor themselves as others. Four or five conferred upon him such degrees as they had to bestow. In the mean while he held, as a sort of interlude to his main work, offices of instruction in institutions of education. He was two years Professor of Mathematics in Trinity College, Hartford; one year Professor of Mathematics and Philosophy in the University of New York; and eight years Professor of the Higher Mathematics in Columbia College, New York. He was naturally a teacher, and never left that employment without regret. He seemed to think it a delightful office to lead forth, as education means, the young mind to develop its powers, to try higher flights and ascend to higher regions. In his office of teaching, as well as in the character of his mind, he was entirely practical. He had no dream of imagination, no theories of philosophy, but led the student to know just what he could do, and what would be useful to him, in that great, living world in which he had to live and act. As teacher, professor, writer, we may now leave him; in the grave he may be forgotten, but not so his labor. A single pebble thrown in the ocean stirs all its waves; and so the intellectual labor of any one mind, however small, compared with the great mass of minds, nevertheless stirs the idea of living souls, until its waves dash on the shores of eternity.

"In the life of the man and the citizen, Professor Davies was equally distinguished as pure, useful, and honorable. Marrying while quite young the daughter of Professor Mansfield, of West Point, he lived for more than half a century in uninterrupted domestic happiness. After leaving West Point in 1846, where he had been for several years Paymaster, he bought a beautiful place at Fishkill-on-the-Hudson, where he resided for thirty years in peace and quietness. His home was the home of hospitality, and nothing delighted him more than to entertain the friends, and neighbors, and strangers, who were often visitors at his house. As a host, he was almost unequaled. He was scarcely excelled as a talker, and had a great fund of anecdote and illustration; and that still greater talent of discerning and studying the entertainment and comfort of his guests. In fine, he was one with whom having met you would not like to part, and having parted from you would wish to meet again. With a most amiable temper and benevolent disposition, he lived among his fellow-men so that they were better for his having lived. He had long been a member of the Episcopal Church, and performed all his duties as a practical Christian, so that, when disease met him under painful circumstances and death was near, he had little to regret, nothing to fear. West

Point was in life the object of his pride and his regard. West Point may well honor his memory, and place his name among her greatest and worthiest."

158....(Born O.).....**JAMES R. STUBBS**.....(Ap'd O.)

Military History. — Cadet of the Military Academy, Jan. 8, 1814, to Dec. 11, 1815, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., LIGHT ARTILLERY, DEC. 11, 1815.

Served in garrison at New England Posts, 1815–17.

RESIGNED, NOV. 15, 1817.

Re-appointed in the United States Army with the rank of

CAPT., STAFF — ASST. DEP. QUARTERMASTER-GEN., NOV. 30, 1819.

Served on Quartermaster duty, 1819–21.

DISBANDED, JUNE 1, 1821.

Civil History. — Clerk in the U. S. Post-office Department at Washington, D. C., 1823–29.

DIED, 1832, AT CINCINNATI, O.

159....(Born N. Y.)....**PETER EMBURY**.....(Ap'd N. Y.)

Military History. — Cadet of the Military Academy, May 4, 1814, to Dec. 11, 1815, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., LIGHT ARTILLERY, DEC. 11, 1815.

Served in garrison at New England Posts, 1815–16.

RESIGNED, NOV. 1, 1816.

Civil History. — Merchant, New York city, 1820–38.

DIED, JULY 2, 1855, AT NEW YORK CITY.

160...(Born S. C.)..**RICHARD M. WHITE**.....(Ap'd S. C.)

Military History. — Cadet of the Military Academy, Feb. 8, 1815, to Dec. 11, 1815, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., LIGHT ARTILLERY, DEC. 11, 1815.

SECOND LIEUT., LIGHT ARTILLERY, DEC. 1, 1817.

Served in garrison at New England Posts, 1815–20.

RESIGNED, AUG. 31, 1820.

Civil History. — Unknown.

DIED, JAN. 19, 1849, AT ORANGE, N. Y.

GRADUATES OF 1817.

161..(Born France)..**AUGUSTUS L. ROUMFORT**....(Ap'd Pa.)

Military History. — Cadet of the Military Academy, Sep. 26, 1814, to Apr. 15, 1817, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

SECOND LIEUT., MARINES, APR. 15, 1817.

Naval History. — Served at the Marine Barracks in Washington, D. C., 1817, — and in Philadelphia, Pa., 1817–18.

RESIGNED, AUG. 18, 1818.

Civil History. — Professor of Mathematics, Mount Airy College,

Germantown, Pa., 1824–26. Superintendent of the "American Classical and Military Lyceum," Germantown, Pa., 1826–34. Captain, Pennsylvania Militia, 1820–24, — Lieut.-Colonel, 1824–26, — and Colonel, 1826–32.

Military History. — Re-appointed in the United States Army as

MILITARY STORE KEEPER OF ORDNANCE, DEC. 19, 1834.

Served as Military Store Keeper of Ordnance at Frankfort Arsenal, Pa., 1834–41.

RESIGNED, APR. 14, 1841.

Civil History. — Member of the House of Representatives of the State of Pennsylvania, 1842, 1843, and 1844. Harbor Master of the Port of Philadelphia, Pa., 1845–49. Brig.-General, Pennsylvania Militia, 1843–49. Superintendent of the Philadelphia and Columbia Railroad, Pa., 1850–52, — and of the Eastern Division of the Pennsylvania Railroad, 1852–60. Mayor of the city of Harrisburg, Pa., 1863–66.

DIED, AUG. 2, 1878, AT HARRISBURG, PA.: AGED 82.

162..(Born N. W. Ter.)..**JAMES M. SPENCER**.....(Ap'd Ind.)

Military History. — Cadet* of the Military Academy, Jan. 1, 1812, to July 17, 1817, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

THIRD LIEUT., CORPS OF ARTILLERY, JULY 17, 1817.

Served: in Major-General Jackson's Campaign of 1817–18 against the

(SECOND LIEUT., CORPS OF ARTILLERY, SEP. 28, 1817)

Seminole Indians, and his Invasion of Florida, being engaged in the Seizure of Pensacola, Fla., May 24, 1818, — and Bombardment and Capture of Ft. San Carlos de Barrancas, Fla., May 26–27, 1818; and in

(FIRST LIEUT., CORPS OF ARTILLERY, JUNE 26, 1819)

garrison at Ft. Gadsden, Fla., 1818–20, — Ft. Charlotte, Mobile Bay,

(FIRST LIEUT., 2D ARTILLERY, IN RE-ORGANIZATION OF ARMY, JUNE 1, 1821)

Ala., 1820–22, — Ft. Mackinac, Mich., 1822–23, — New York harbor, 1823–24, — Ft. Monroe, Va. (Artillery School for Practice), 1824–25, — Baton Rouge, La., 1825–26, — and Ft. Columbus, N. Y., 1826–27.

DIED, AUG. 16, 1829, AT THE BAY OF ST. LOUIS, LA.

* Appointed Cadet for his gallant conduct in the Battle of Tippecanoe, Nov. 7, 1811.

163....(Born Mas.)....**ISAAC A. ADAMS**.....(Ap'd Me.)

Military History. — Cadet of the Military Academy, Oct. 1, 1812, to July 17, 1817, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

THIRD LIEUT., CORPS OF ARTILLERY, JULY 17, 1817.

SECOND LIEUT., CORPS OF ARTILLERY, SEP. 29, 1817.

Served: as Battalion Adjutant of Artillery, at Norfolk harbor, Va., Dec. 27, 1818, to June 1, 1821; on Regimental Staff duty at New Orleans,

(FIRST LIEUT., CORPS OF ARTILLERY, JULY 31, 1819)

(FIRST LIEUT., 3D ARTILLERY, IN RE-ORGANIZATION OF ARMY, JUNE 1, 1821)

(TRANSFERRED TO 4TH ARTILLERY, OCT. 3, 1821)

La., 1821–22; on Ordnance duty, May 1, 1822, to May 6, 1825; in garrison at Ft. Monroe, Va. (Artillery School for Practice), 1825; and on Ordnance duty, Oct. 25, 1825, to Oct. 19, 1829.

DIED, OCT. 19, 1829, AT BATON ROUGE, LA.

164...(Born Va.)...**WILLIAM M. GRAHAM**.....(Ap'd D. C.)

Military History. — Cadet of the Military Academy, June 11, 1813, to July 17, 1817, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

THIRD LIEUT., CORPS OF ARTILLERY, JULY 17, 1817.

SECOND LIEUT., CORPS OF ARTILLERY, SEP. 30, 1817.

Served : on Recruiting service, 1818–19 ; in constructing a Military

(FIRST LIEUT., CORPS OF ARTILLERY, AUG. 11, 1819)

Road through Mississippi, 1819–20 ; in garrison at the Bay of St. Louis, La., 1820–21, — and at Pensacola, Fla., 1821–22 ; on Recruiting service,

(TRANSFERRED TO 8TH INFANTRY, OCT. 20, 1820)

(FIRST LIEUT., 4TH INFANTRY, IN RE-ORGANIZATION OF ARMY, JUNE 1, 1821)

1822–24 ; on Commissary duty at New Orleans, La., 1824–25 ; on leave of absence, 1825–27 ; in garrison at Cantonment Clinch, Fla., 1827–28, — and Ft. Brooke, Fla., 1828–29 ; in Superintending repairs of Military

(BVT. CAPTAIN, AUG. 11, 1829, FOR FAITHFUL SERVICE TEN YEARS IN ONE GRADE)

Road from Ft. Brooke to the Seminole Agency, Fla., 1829–30 ; in garrison at Ft. Brooke, Fla., 1830–32, — and Ft. King, Fla., 1832–35 ; in the

(CAPTAIN, 4TH INFANTRY, APR. 4, 1832)

Florida War against the Seminole Indians, 1835–36, 1837, 1837–38, being engaged in the Combat of Withlacoochee, Fla., Dec. 31, 1835, where he

(BVT. MAJOR, DEC. 31, 1835, FOR GALLANTRY AND GOOD CONDUCT IN THE AFFAIR OF THE WITHLACOOCHEE, FLA.)

was severely (twice) wounded, — Combat of Oloklikaha, Mar. 31, 1836, — and Battle of Okee-cho-bee, Dec. 25, 1837 ; on Recruiting service, 1838–40 ; in the Florida War, 1840 ; on frontier duty at Ft. Gibson, I. T., 1840–41 ; in the Florida War against the Seminole Indians, 1841–42, being engaged in the Rout of Halleck Tustennuggee's Band in the Big Hammock of Pilaklikaha, Apr. 19, 1842 ; on frontier duty at Ft. Scott, Kan., 1842–45 ; in Military Occupation of Texas, 1845–46 ; in the War with Mexico, 1846–47, 1847–48, being engaged in the Battle of Palo Alto, May 8, 1846, — Battle of Resaca-de-la-Palma, May 9, 1846, — Battle of

(MAJOR, 2D INFANTRY, FEB. 16, 1847)

Monterey, Sep. 21–23, 1846, — Siege of Vera Cruz, Mar. 9–29, 1847, —

(LIEUT.-COLONEL, 11TH INFANTRY, APR. 9, 1847)

Battle of Contreras, Aug. 19–20, 1847, — Battle of Churubusco, Aug. 20, 1847, — and Battle of Molino del Rey, Sep. 8, 1847, where, with conspicuous gallantry, in an assault of the enemy's works, he was

KILLED, SEP. 8, 1847 : AGED 49.*

* Although twice wounded, he continued to act with his habitual energy and daring, until eight more bullets had pierced him, and his horse had received five, when, dismounting amid a shower of bullets (apparently aimed at him), he, composedly as on parade, with his dying breath, shouted to his men : "Charge on those fellows — charge."

165....(Born Va.)....**JAMES D. GRAHAM**.....(Ap'd Va.)

Military History. — Cadet of the Military Academy, June 19, 1813, to July 17, 1817, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

THIRD LIEUT., CORPS OF ARTILLERY, JULY 17, 1817.

Served : at the Military Academy, as Adjutant, Oct. 12, 1817, to Feb. 10,

(SECOND LIEUT., CORPS OF ARTILLERY, OCT. 14, 1817)

1819 ; on Major Long's Western Exploration, 1819–21 ; on Topographi-
(FIRST LIEUT., CORPS OF ARTILLERY, SEP. 8, 1819)
(FIRST LIEUT., 4TH ARTILLERY, IN RE-ORGANIZATION OF ARMY, JUNE 1, 1821)
(TRANSFERRED TO 3D ARTILLERY, AUG. 16, 1821)
cal duty, Jan. 14, 1822, to Jan. 15, 1829 ; on Surveys in Vermont, 1829 ;
(BVT. CAPTAIN, STAFF — ASST. TOP. ENGINEER, JAN. 15, 1829)
on Railroad Surveys in Virginia, 1831–32, — and in Alabama, Florida,
(BVT. MAJOR, STAFF — TOP. ENGINEER, SEP. 14, 1834)
and Georgia, 1836–37 ; in making Reconnoissance and Surveys for Military Defenses in Me., 1838 ; on Court of Inquiry at St. Louis, Mo., 1838–39 ; on tour of Inspection of Harbor Improvements on Lakes On-
(MAJOR, CORPS OF TOP. ENGINEERS, JULY 7, 1838)
tario and Champlain, 1839 ; as Astronomer, on the part of the United States, for the joint demarcation of the Boundary between the United States and the Republic of Texas, 1839–40 ; as Commissioner for the Survey and Exploration of the Northeast Boundary of the United States, 1840–43 ; as "Head of the Scientific Corps and Principal Astronomer," on the part of the United States, for the joint demarcation of the Boundary between the United States and the British Provinces, under the Treaty of Washington, 1843–47, — and renewing maps of the Boundary
(BVT. LIEUT.-COLONEL, JAN. 1, 1847, FOR VALUABLE AND HIGHLY DISTINGUISHED SERVICES, PARTICULARLY ON THE BOUNDARY LINE BETWEEN THE UNITED STATES AND THE PROVINCES OF CANADA AND NEW BRUNSWICK)
Survey, destroyed by fire, 1848–50, and 1852–53 ; on Survey of Boundary between Pennsylvania and Maryland ("Mason and Dixon's Line"), 1849–50 ; as Principal Astronomer and "Head of the Scientific Corps," on the part of the United States, for the joint demarcation of the Boundary between the United States and Mexico, under the Treaty of Guadalupe Hidalgo, 1850–51 ; in general supervision of the Harbor Improvements on Lake Michigan, Apr. 20, 1854, to Dec. 11, 1856, — and of the Channel Improvement over St. Clair Flats, Apr. 25, 1854, to Sep., 1856 ; as Superintending Engineer of the Harbor Improvements on the North and
(LIEUT.-COLONEL, TOP. ENGINEERS, AUG. 6, 1861 : CORPS OF ENGINEERS, MAR. 3, 1863)
Northwestern Lakes, Dec. 11, 1856, to Apr. 20, 1864, in which he discovered the existence of a lunar tide, 1858–59.

Served during the Rebellion of the Seceding States, 1861–65 : as Superintendent of the United States Lake Survey, Aug. 30, 1861, to Apr. 20, 1864 ; as Lighthouse Engineer of the 10th and 11th Districts (Northern Lakes, except Champlain), Aug. 30, 1861, to Apr. 20, 1864, — and In-
(COLONEL, CORPS OF ENGINEERS, JUNE 1, 1863)
spector of 11th Lighthouse District, Aug. 30, 1861, to Mar., 1863 ; as Superintending Engineer of Sea-walls in Boston harbor, and in charge of the Preservation and Repairs of Harbor Works on the Atlantic Coast, from Maine to the Capes of the Chesapeake, Aug. 1, 1864, to Dec. 28, 1865.

Civil History. — Member of several Scientific and Historical Societies, 1840–65.

DIED, DEC. 28, 1865, AT BOSTON, MAS. : AGED 66.

166..(Born N. Y.)..**CHARLES DESPINVILLE**.....(Ap'd N. Y.)

Military History. — Cadet of the Military Academy, July 29, 1813, to July 17, 1817, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

THIRD LIEUT., CORPS OF ARTILLERY, JULY 17, 1817.

Served: at Ft. Constitution, N. H., in garrison, 1817–20, and as Bat-

(SECOND LIEUT., CORPS OF ARTILLERY, OCT. 24, 1817)

(FIRST LIEUT., CORPS OF ARTILLERY, SEP. 10, 1819)

talion Adjutant of Artillery, July 9, 1820, to June 1, 1821; in garrison

(FIRST LIEUT., 4TH ARTILLERY, IN RE-ORGANIZATION OF ARMY, JUNE 1, 1821)

at Ft. Columbus, N. Y., 1821, — Savannah harbor, Ga., 1821–22, — and St. Augustine, Fla., 1822–24; on Topographical duty, Nov., 1824, to Apr., 1825; in garrison at St. Augustine, Fla., 1825–26; on Survey of Indian Reservation in Florida, 1826–27; in garrison at Ft. Columbus, N. Y., 1827–28, — Ft. Monroe, Va. (Artillery School for Practice), 1828, — Ft. McHenry, Md., 1828, — Ft. Columbus, N. Y., 1828–29, — and Ft. Delaware, Del., 1829; and on leave of absence 1829–30.

RESIGNED, MAR. 1, 1830.

Civil History. — Went to France after his resignation, to join the Army upon the Accession of Louis Philippe to the Throne of France.

DIED, MAY, 1830, IN FRANCE.

167....(Born N. Y.).....**JOHN C. KIRK**.....(Ap'd N. Y.)

Military History. — Cadet of the Military Academy, Feb. 5, 1814, to July 17, 1817, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

THIRD LIEUT., CORPS OF ARTILLERY, JULY 17, 1817.

SECOND LIEUT., CORPS OF ARTILLERY, OCT. 31, 1817.

Served: on Recruiting service, 1818; in garrison at Charleston harbor,

(FIRST LIEUT., CORPS OF ARTILLERY, SEP. 30, 1819)

(FIRST LIEUT., 1ST ARTILLERY, IN RE-ORGANIZATION OF ARMY, JUNE 1, 1821)

(TRANSFERRED FROM 1ST TO 3D ARTILLERY, AUG. 16, 1821, AND FROM 3D TO 4TH, DEC. 5, 1821)

S. C., 1818–21; and on leave of absence, 1821–23.

RESIGNED, SEP. 30, 1823.

DIED, 1825, AT BROOKLYN, N. Y.

168....(Born R. I.)....**JOHN R. VINTON**.....(Ap'd R. I.)

Military History. — Cadet of the Military Academy, May 4, 1814, to July 17, 1817, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

THIRD LIEUT., CORPS OF ARTILLERY, JULY 17, 1817.

SECOND LIEUT., CORPS OF ARTILLERY, OCT. 31, 1817.

Served: on the Survey of the Northern Boundary of the United States,

(FIRST LIEUT., CORPS OF ARTILLERY, SEP. 30, 1819)

1818–21; in garrison at Charleston harbor, S. C., 1821–22; on Ordnance

(FIRST LIEUT., 4TH ARTILLERY, IN RE-ORGANIZATION OF ARMY, JUNE 1, 1821)

(TRANSFERRED TO 3D ARTILLERY, DEC. 5, 1821)

duty, Aug. 20, 1822, to Aug. 1, 1823; in garrison at Ft. Nelson, Va., 1823–24, — Ft. Monroe, Va. (Adjutant of Artillery School for Practice),

Apr. 5, 1824, to Mar. 1, 1825; as Aide-de-Camp to Major-General Brown, Mar. 1, 1825, to May 24, 1828; in Adjutant-General's Office at Washington, D. C., 1828; in garrison at Ft. Wolcott, R. I., 1828–29; on

(BVT. CAPTAIN, SEP. 30, 1829, FOR FAITHFUL SERVICE TEN YEARS IN ONE GRADE)

Special duty at Boston, Mas., 1829–30; in garrison at Ft. Wolcott, R. I.,

(CAPTAIN, 3D ARTILLERY, DEC. 28, 1835)

1830–32, — and Ft. Preble, Me., 1832–36; on Recruiting service, 1836; in the Florida War against the Seminole Indians, 1837–38, and 1838–42, being engaged in the Defense of Ft. Mellon, Feb. 8, 1837; in garrison at New Orleans, La., 1842; in garrison at St. Augustine, Fla., 1842–43, — Augusta Arsenal, Ga., 1843, — Ft. Macon, N. C., 1843–44, 1844, — and Augusta Arsenal, Ga., 1844–46; and in the War with Mexico, 1846–47, as Major of Artillery Battalion of the "Army of Occupation," Aug. 21, 1846, to Feb. 14, 1847, being engaged in the Battle of Monterey,

(BVT. MAJOR, SEP. 23, 1846, FOR GALLANT CONDUCT AT MONTEREY)

Sep. 21–23, 1846, — and Siege of Vera Cruz, Mar. 9–22, in the approaches to which, by the wind of a shell, he was

KILLED, MAR. 22, 1847.

169....(Born Va.).....**RICHARD B. LEE**.....(Ap'd Va.)

Military History. — Cadet of the Military Academy, May 7, 1814, to July 17, 1817, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

THIRD LIEUT., CORPS OF ARTILLERY, JULY 17, 1817.

SECOND LIEUT., CORPS OF ARTILLERY, NOV. 24, 1817.

Served: in garrison at Ft. Washington, Md., 1818; on Recruiting service, 1818–19; in garrison at Ft. Mifflin, Pa., 1819–20, — Ft. Wash-

(FIRST LIEUT., CORPS OF ARTILLERY, OCT. 31, 1819)

ington, Md., 1820–21, — Ft. Severn, Md., 1821–23, — Ft. Moultrie, S. C.,

(FIRST LIEUT., 3D ARTILLERY, IN RE-ORGANIZATION OF ARMY, JUNE 1, 1821)

1823, — and Ft. Nelson, Va., 1823; on Ordnance duty, Dec. 21, 1823, to Apr., 1826; in garrison at Ft. Monroe, Va. (Artillery School for Practice), 1826–28; on Ordnance duty, Mar. 6, 1828, to Jan. 1, 1833; in

(BVT. CAPTAIN, OCT. 31, 1829, FOR FAITHFUL SERVICE TEN YEARS IN ONE GRADE)

garrison at Ft. Monroe, Va., 1834–35; in the Florida War, 1836, being engaged against the Seminole Indians in the Skirmish near Micanopy,

(BVT. MAJOR, JUNE 9, 1836, FOR GALLANTRY AND GOOD CONDUCT IN THE AFFAIR OF MICANOPY, FLA.)

June 9, 1836, where he was twice severely wounded; on Ordnance duty,

(CAPTAIN, 3D ARTILLERY, AUG. 31, 1836, TO NOV. 30, 1841)

Oct. 28, 1836, to July 7, 1838; on Commissary duty, July 7, 1838, to

(CAPTAIN, STAFF — COM. OF SUBSISTENCE, JULY 7, 1838)

May 9, 1841, at St. Louis, Mo., Oct. 8, 1838, to Nov. 15, 1841, — at Cedar Keys, Fla., 1841–42, — at Washington, D. C., settling accounts,

(MAJOR, STAFF — COM. OF SUBSISTENCE, NOV. 30, 1841)

1842, — at St. Louis, Mo., 1842–49, — as Chief of Commissariat of Pacific Division, Aug. 29, 1849, to Mar. 10, 1851, continuing on Special service in California and Oregon, to Aug., 1851, — at Washington, D. C., as Member of Board of Officers on California Claims, Sep. 7, 1852, to Apr. 3, 1855, — as Chief of Commissariat of the Pacific Division, June 18, 1855,

to June 18, 1859, — at Washington, D. C., Aug.–Oct., 1859, — and at Baltimore, Md., Aug., 1859, to May 9, 1861.

RESIGNED, MAY 9, 1861.

Joined in the Rebellion of 1861–66 against the United States.

DIED, AUG. 2, 1875, AT ALEXANDRIA, VA.: AGED 76.

170..(Born Va.)...**FREDERICK L. GRIFFITH**.....(Ap'd Va.)

Military History. — Cadet of the Military Academy, May 9, 1814, to July 17, 1817, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

THIRD LIEUT., CORPS OF ARTILLERY, JULY 17, 1817.

Served: in Major-General Jackson's Campaign of 1817–18 against the

(SECOND LIEUT., CORPS OF ARTILLERY, DEC. 9, 1817)

Seminole Indians, and his Invasion of Florida; as Battalion Adjutant of Artillery at Charleston harbor, S. C., June 1, 1818, to June 1, 1821; in

(FIRST LIEUT., CORPS OF ARTILLERY, NOV. 28, 1819)

garrison at West Point, N. Y., 1821–22, — Charleston, S. C., 1822–23, —

(FIRST LIEUT., 3D ARTILLERY, IN RE-ORGANIZATION OF ARMY, JUNE 1, 1821)

(TRANSFERRED to 2D ARTILLERY, AUG. 16, 1821)

West Point, N. Y., 1823–24, — and Ft. Monroe, Va. (Artillery School for Practice), 1824–26; in Quartermaster-General's Office, 1826–27; at the Military Academy, as Adjutant, May 14, 1827, to Sep. 1, 1831; and on sick leave of absence, 1831–32.

DIED, JAN. 28, 1832, AT ALEXANDRIA, D. C.: AGED 35.

171..(Born D. C.)...**EDWARD J. LAMBERT**.....(Ap'd D. C.)

Military History. — Cadet of the Military Academy, July 18, 1814, to July 17, 1817, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

THIRD LIEUT., CORPS OF ARTILLERY, JULY 17, 1817.

Served: in Major-General Jackson's Campaign of 1817–18 against the

(SECOND LIEUT., CORPS OF ARTILLERY, MAR. 1, 1818)

Seminole Indians, and his Invasion of Florida; in garrison in the defenses of the approaches to New Orleans, La., 1818–19; on Engineer

(SECOND LIEUT., 8TH INFANTRY, MAR. 10, 1819)

(SECOND LIEUT., 1ST INFANTRY, IN RE-ORGANIZATION OF ARMY, JUNE 1, 1821)

duty at Mobile Point, Ala., 1819–21; and in garrison at Baton Rouge,

(FIRST LIEUT., 1ST INFANTRY, MAY 1, 1822)

La., 1821–22, — and Mobile, Ala., 1822–23.

RESIGNED, SEP. 30, 1823.

Civil History. — Civil Engineer in Alabama, 1823–33. Member of the House of Representatives of the State of Alabama, 18— to 18—.

DIED, DEC. 4, 1832, AT WASHINGTON, D. C.

172..(Born N. C.)..**WILLIAM GIBBS McNEILL**...(Ap'd N. Y.)

Military History. — Cadet of the Military Academy, July 26, 1814, to July 17, 1817, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

THIRD LIEUT., CORPS OF ARTILLERY, JULY 17, 1817.

Served: on Topographical duty, July, 1817, to June 27, 1823; on Sur-

(SECOND LIEUT., CORPS OF ARTILLERY, MAR. 1, 1818)

(FIRST LIEUT., CORPS OF ARTILLERY, DEC. 4, 1819)
(FIRST LIEUT., 1ST ARTILLERY, IN RE-ORGANIZATION OF ARMY, JUNE 1, 1821)
(BVT. CAPTAIN, STAFF — ASST. TOP. ENGINEER, JAN. 27, 1823)

vey of Chesapeake and Ohio Canal, 1824–26, — of Kanawha, James, and Roanoke Rivers, Va., 1827, — of Baltimore and Ohio Railroad, 1827, and as Member of the Board of Civil Engineers for the Construction of the Road, 1827–30, — of Baltimore and Susquehanna Railroad, 1830, of which he was the Company's Chief Engineer, 1830–36, — of Paterson and Hudson River Railroad, N. J., 1831, and Company's Chief Engineer, 1831–34, — of Boston and Providence Railroad, 1832–33, and Company's Chief Engineer, 1832–35, — of Providence and Stonington Railroad, 1832–33,

(BVT. MAJOR, JAN. 27, 1833, FOR FAITHFUL SERVICE TEN YEARS IN ONE GRADE)

and Company's Chief Engineer, 1832–37, — of Railroads in Florida and Alabama, 1834, — of Taunton and New Bedford Railroad, Mas., and

(BVT. MAJOR, STAFF — TOP. ENGINEER, JAN. 28, 1834)

Company's Chief Engineer, 1835, — of Fayetteville and Yadkin Railroad, N. C., and Company's Chief Engineer, 1835, — of Long Island Railroad, N. Y., and Company's Chief Engineer, 1835–36, — of Western Railroad, Mas., 1836–37, — and of Examination of the Coasts of North and South Carolina, 1837.

RESIGNED, NOV. 23, 1837.

Civil History. — Chief Engineer of the Western Railroad, Mas., from Worcester to Albany, 1836–40, — of the State of Georgia, 1837, — of Charleston, S. C., Louisville, Ky., and Cincinnati, O., projected Railroad, 1837–40, — and of Dry Dock at Brooklyn Navy Yard, N. Y., 1844–45. President of Chesapeake and Ohio Canal Company, 1842–43. Consulting Engineer of various Railroads and other public works in the United States and Cuba, 1830–53. Major-General, Rhode Island Militia, 1842.

DIED, FEB. 16, 1853, AT BROOKLYN, N. Y.: AGED 51.

BIOGRAPHICAL SKETCH.

MAJOR-GENERAL WILLIAM GIBBS MCNEILL was born, Oct. 3, 1801, in Wilmington, N. C. His great-grandfather, a member of a Highland clan, after distinguishing himself at the fatal Battle of Culloden, emigrated to North America, in 1746, with the celebrated Flora Macdonald. His father, Dr. Donald McNeill, after receiving his education in the Medical School at Edinburgh, served with the British Army in the West Indies, and before the American Revolution settled in Wilmington, N. C., where he attained considerable reputation as a physician.

Young McNeill received his early education at Newtown, Long Island, N. Y., whence he was removed, under the charge of the Rev. Dr. Wyatt, of Baltimore, to the Episcopal Seminary, with the intention of fitting him for the Church; but having been taken by his early friend, General Joseph G. Swift, then Chief Engineer of the Army, to West Point, the boy expressed a wish to abandon the gown for the sword. Through the influence of his patron, President Madison readily gave him a Cadet's appointment, and he entered the Military Academy July 26, 1814. Here he at once developed decided talents, and became a great favorite of the Acting Superintendent, Captain Partridge, who took him to his own quarters and instructed him in Hutton's Mathematics. Soon after, he was taught Descriptive Geometry and Engineering by Captain Crozet, who had been graduated from the celebrated French Polytechnic School,

and had recently been appointed a Professor at West Point. Among his intimate associates at the Academy were George W. Whistler and William H. Swift, with both of whom he subsequently became closely connected, not only by professional but by marriage ties.

On the very day, July 17, 1817, on which Major Thayer had been ordered to supersede Captain Partridge in command of the Military Academy, all Cadets deemed sufficiently instructed were graduated from the institution. McNeill, being of the number, was on the same day promoted to be a Third Lieut. in the Corps of Artillery, and immediately after was assigned to topographical duty under Colonel Abert on the Survey of the Atlantic Coast, and of sites for fortifications on the Gulf of Mexico. While here, General Jackson was carrying on war against the Seminole Indians, and had seized St. Mark's and Pensacola, then Spanish possessions. At once McNeill, in his fiery zeal, volunteered as Aide-de-Camp to "Old Hickory," and subsequently as Acting Adjutant General to General Gaines.

After successive promotions to Second and First Lieut. of Artillery, McNeill was appointed, Jan. 27, 1823, to be an Assistant Topographical Engineer, attached to the General Staff with the rank of Bvt. Captain. Soon after, in 1824, under Secretary Calhoun's Internal Improvement System, he was assigned to duty on the survey of the summit division of the Chesapeake and Ohio Canal, and in 1827 of the James River and Kanawha Canal.

In this latter year the railroad mania began to rage in this country. At that time there were existing only a few insignificant local short roads, aggregating in length less than twenty miles, and there were few educated civil engineers in the United States to conduct larger works. Under these circumstances, the Government adopted the wise policy of loaning officers of the Army, scientifically educated at the Military Academy, to assist railroad companies in carrying out more ambitious projects. In this manner our army engineers became the pioneers in railroad construction, and the educators of an able body of civil engineers, who, to this day, have continued the inherited traditions, methods, discipline, *esprit-de-corps*, and high bearing of their distinguished predecessors.

The Baltimore and Ohio was the first important railroad undertaken in this country. In the annual report of the company, of Oct. 1, 1827, it is stated that "several able and efficient members of the Topographical Corps have been detailed in the service of the company. These officers [Captain William Gibbs McNeill, Lieutenants Joshua Barney, Isaac Trimble, Richard E. Hazard, William Cook, Walter Gwynn, and John L. Dillahanty, all graduates of the Military Academy] have examined various routes from the city of Baltimore to the valley of the Potomac, and along that ravine as far as Cumberland. They are now engaged in a general reconnoissance of the country between the Potomac and Ohio rivers." Subsequently, the Directors of the Company very fully acknowledged their obligations to the General Government "for the unceasing and cordial support which the company continues to derive from the operation of that liberal and enlightened policy to which, from the commencement of their undertaking, they have felt themselves so much indebted." The definite *location* of this road, between Baltimore and Ellicott's Mills, was intrusted to McNeill and his Army assistants, by whom, says the report of July 7, 1828, "it has been accomplished with a degree of precision highly satisfactory to the Board." Among McNeill's assistants this year was George W. Whistler. Similarity of tastes induced a firm friendship between these men, who were subsequently engaged or consulted on numerous great works of internal improvement in this country.

This Baltimore and Ohio Railroad was the first in America designed for general transportation purposes, but without any idea of operating it by steam. Its construction was commenced, July 4, 1828, on McNeill's location, the first stone being laid, at the Baltimore terminus, with great ceremony by the last surviving signer of the Declaration of Independence, — the venerable Charles Carroll, then ninety years of age. The following year Stephenson, with his experimental locomotive "Rocket," * ran ten miles an hour over the straight and level Liverpool and Manchester Railroad; but it remained for that most useful citizen and great philanthropist, Peter Cooper, to devise a locomotive to make, Aug. 28, 1830, the first land-journey by steam in America, at the rate of eighteen miles an hour, over the Baltimore and Ohio Road, having a very undulating surface and many sharp curves of short radius.

In November, 1828, Jonathan Knight, McNeill, and Whistler were sent to England to examine minutely all the railroads of Great Britain, and to avail themselves of all the knowledge and experience such works could give. They received a cordial welcome from President Telford, of the Institution of Civil Engineers, through whom they were introduced to the Stephensons, Walker, Locke, Hartley, and other eminent engineers, whose friendly and professional intercourse they enjoyed till they returned, laden with much useful information.

In 1830 a disruption of the Board of Engineers of the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad (composed of Major Long, of the Topographical Engineers, Jonathan Knight, Civil Engineer, and Captain McNeill, Top. Engineers) took place; and McNeill, with his able associate, Lieut. Whistler, left this road and took charge of the projected Baltimore and Susquehanna Railroad, the former continuing to be the company's Chief Engineer till 1836.

McNeill, at the time of leaving the Baltimore and Ohio Road, had acquired such a high professional reputation that, till his resignation from the Army, Nov. 23, 1837, he superintended the survey and construction of a large number of roads, the chief of which were the Paterson and Hudson River (now southern terminus of Erie Railroad), 1831–34; Boston and Providence, 1832–35; Providence and Stonington, 1832–37; Taunton and New Bedford, 1835; Fayetteville and Yadkin, 1835; Long Island, 1835–36; Western, of Massachusetts (now Boston and Albany), 1836–37, etc. After his resignation, he continued to be the Chief Engineer of the last-named road till 1840; was appointed Chief Engineer of the State of Georgia in 1837; and had charge, till 1840, of the projected railroad from Cincinnati to Charleston, then a stupendous undertaking; and was the President of the Chesapeake and Ohio Canal, 1842–43.

On the breaking out of the "Dorr Rebellion" of Rhode Island, in 1842, the so-styled "law and order party," in casting about for a leader, selected McNeill, who was commissioned a Major-General in the State Militia. Under the old Constitution, which was the charter granted in 1663 by Charles II., the right to vote was limited to men who possessed a certain amount of real estate, and to their eldest sons. In 1841 the suffrage party, under the leadership of Dorr, called a delegate State Convention to form a new Constitution, under which he was elected to be Governor. The charter, or law and order party, claimed that the whole proceeding was seditious, and that the vote for a new Constitution was fraudulent. Hence the loyal government, which met at Newport, resisted the Dorr usurpation organized, May 3, 1842, at Providence. Both sides appealed to arms, but General McNeill conducted the movements of the military forces of the legal government with such prudence and

* In the Patent Museum of South Kensington, London, is still to be seen the old "Rocket," — the forerunner of the thousands of iron horses which now traverse the whole world.

caution that the rebellion ceased May 28, three days after the bloodless battle of Chepachet. Dorr, put to flight, was soon after arrested, convicted of treason, and sentenced to imprisonment for life, but was released from confinement in five years.

In 1844, after peace had been completely established in Rhode Island, President Tyler appointed McNeill Chief Engineer of the Dry Docks at the Brooklyn Navy Yard, N. Y. After planning them, and making considerable progress in their construction, President Polk, in 1845, to gratify the Dorr Democrats, removed him from his office.

In 1846, soon after the breaking out of the Mexican War, McNeill repaired to Washington to obtain the appointment of Brigadier-General, for which he was highly recommended, but the Dorr influence was still too great to be successfully resisted.

His prolonged labors having severely tried his powers, he in 1851 visited Europe for the restoration of his health. While in England he was elected a Member of the Institution of Civil Engineers of London, on several occasions took part in their professional discussions, and was always treated with courteous consideration.

While in London McNeill was actively engaged upon some great American mining projects, when he suddenly returned to his home in Brooklyn, N. Y., only to draw his last breath, Feb. 16, 1853, amidst his relatives and friends, the latter forming a large circle, for he had rendered himself greatly beloved by his kind, affable, and impressive manner, and the real services he could and did render to many. The President of the Institution of Civil Engineers of London, in his annual address of Dec. 20, 1853, says: "It is a subject of congratulation that the number of deceased members during the year is unusually small; there will, however, be found the names of two gallant officers of the British and United States armies, who to their military talents united great aptitudes for engineering pursuits, and their loss is deplored, not only for their individual worth, but for the public services they might still have rendered their respective countries." McNeill, one of them, had not reached the age of fifty-two when he died.

General McNeill was a kind, liberal, open-hearted man, fond of his friends, generous to the needy, and complaisant to all; and, to young engineers, was the liberal patron, ever ready to assist them with his advice, or promote them in their profession. In his early years he was devoted to his work; had a quick topographical eye for reconnoissance; and, almost at a glance, could survey the adaptability of ground to practical purposes. But, having no constructive capacity whatever, he relied entirely upon his intelligent assistants for all the details, accessories, and machinery for railroad-building. As he advanced in reputation he grew bolder in the exercise of his natural gifts for diplomacy in shaping, and energy in controlling, the springs of human action. Possessing a fine, manly form, an engaging, sympathetic presence, polished and winning manners, a clear head in which was a plausible tongue, he with a ready eloquence carried captive the goodwill and convictions of all with whom he had to deal, and often secured the success of many doubtful projects which, but for his individual advocacy, would have been abandoned. He was a perfect man of the world, high-spirited, a born leader, self-willed, and tenacious of purpose, but, withal, possessed infinite adroitness, and an almost intuitive knowledge of the proclivities of his fellows. His tact and skill in managing men; his faculty of appropriating others' talents and labors, making them appear his own; and his invisible and subtle influence in magnetizing and managing boards of directors, were most wonderful. This he considered the masterly engineering of the boldest projects, — to play the lord paramount while stockholders subscribed shares, and his professional assistants, of far superior

engineering attainments, carried out his magnificent schemes in obedience to his imperious edicts, the results of which were presented to the world in able reports, drawn up in manly, powerful style, and with a masterly grasp of the whole subject involved. Altogether, McNeill was a remarkable man, and the country owes him a deep debt of gratitude for his agency in the initiation of our grand system of Internal Improvements.

173...(Born Va.)...**ANGUS W. McDONALD**.....(Ap'd Va.)

Military History. — Cadet of the Military Academy, July 30, 1814, to July 17, 1817, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

THIRD LIEUT., CORPS OF ARTILLERY, JULY 17, 1817.

SECOND LIEUT., 7TH INFANTRY, FEB. 13, 1818.

FIRST LIEUT., 7TH INFANTRY, APR. 1, 1818.

Served in garrison at New Orleans, La., 1817, — and Mobile Bay, Ala., 1818.

RESIGNED, JAN. 31, 1819.

Civil History. — Fur Trader of Missouri Company, 1819–25. Counselor at Law, Romney, Va., 1825–61. Brig.-General, Virginia Militia, 1840–61.

Joined in the Rebellion of 1861–66 against the United States, and

DIED, JAN. 1, 1865, AT RICHMOND, VA.: AGED 62.

174....(Born Va.)....**HENRY BERRYMAN**.....(Ap'd Va.)

Military History. — Cadet of the Military Academy, Aug. 6, 1814, to July 17, 1817, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

THIRD LIEUT., CORPS OF ARTILLERY, JULY 17, 1817.

Served: in garrison at Petite Coquille (Ft. Pike), La., 1818–19; on

(SECOND LIEUT., 7TH INFANTRY, FEB. 13, 1818)

(FIRST LIEUT., 7TH INFANTRY, DEC. 31, 1818)

Recruiting service, 1819–20; and in garrison at Ft. Scott, Ga., 1820–21; and on frontier duty, at Natchitoches, La., 1821–22, — Sulphur Fork of

(CAPTAIN, 7TH INFANTRY, OCT. 6, 1822)

Red River, 1822–24, — Ft. Jesup, La., 1824–26, 1826–30, 1830–31, — Arkansas River, 1831–32, — and Ft. Gibson, I. T., 1832.

RESIGNED, APR. 30, 1833.

Civil History. — Planter, Natchitoches, La., 1833–47, and in Cherokee Co., Tex., 1847–59. Colonel, Louisiana Militia, 1833–47.

DIED, JULY 20, 1859, AT FOREST HILL, CHEROKEE CO., TEX.: AGED 61.

175..(Born N. Y.)...**CONSTANT M. EAKIN**.....(Ap'd N. Y.)

Military History. — Cadet of the Military Academy, Sep. 15, 1814, to July 17, 1817, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

THIRD LIEUT., CORPS OF ARTILLERY, JULY 17, 1817.

Served: at the Military Academy as Principal Asst. Professor of Engineering, Sep. 20, 1817, to July 31, 1820; on Recruiting service, 1820;

(SECOND LIEUT., CORPS OF ARTILLERY, MAR. 20, 1818)

in garrison at Charleston harbor, S. C., 1820–21; on Topographical duty,

(FIRST LIEUT., CORPS OF ARTILLERY, MAY 13, 1820)

(FIRST LIEUT., 2D ARTILLERY, IN RE-ORGANIZATION OF ARMY, JUNE 1, 1821)

Feb. 4, 1821, to Aug. 17, 1825 ; in garrison at New York harbor, 1825–26 ; as Recorder of Tactics Board, 1826–27 ; on Ordnance duty, Nov. 5, 1827, to Apr. 5, 1828 ; and in garrison at Ft. Monroe, Va., 1828.

RESIGNED, OCT. 27, 1828.

Civil History. — Assistant in the Geodetic Survey of the Atlantic Coast of the United States, Feb. 7, 1834, to Apr. 15, 1850. Civil Engineer, 1850–61. Mayor of West Philadelphia, Pa., 1852 and 1853. President of West Philadelphia Gas Works, 1852–53. Engineer of Belmont Plank Road and Gerard and Montgomery Avenues, Philadelphia Co., Pa., 1853–55. Commissioner for Boundary Survey between Philadelphia and Montgomery counties, Pa., 1855. Superintendent of Repairs of the U. S. Mint, Philadelphia, Pa., 1856. President of West Philadelphia Railroad, 1857–58.

Military History. — Served during the Rebellion of the Seceding States, 1861–62 : in making a Reconnoissance of the Susquehanna River, below Harrisburg, and country adjacent, to the head of Chesapeake Bay, Sep. 11 to Nov. 15, 1861 ; and in command of the 3d Regiment, Reserve Brigade, Pennsylvania Volunteers, in protecting Powder Mills near Wilmington, Del., Sep. 15–30, 1862.

Civil History. — Civil Engineer at West Philadelphia, Pa., 1862–69. Military Instructor in the Polytechnic College, Philadelphia, Pa., 1861–69.

DIED, OCT. 2, 1869, AT WEST PHILADELPHIA, PA. : AGED 75.

176....(Born Ky.).....**JOHN D. ORR**.....(Ap'd Ky.)

Military History. — Cadet of the Military Academy, Sep. 20, 1814, to July 17, 1817, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

THIRD LIEUT., CORPS OF ARTILLERY, JULY 17, 1817.

Served at New Orleans, La., 1817.

RESIGNED, DEC. 1, 1817.

Re-appointed in the United States Army with the rank of

SECOND LIEUT., 4TH INFANTRY, FEB. 13, 1818,

but declined, and was again re-appointed in the Army,

CAPT., STAFF — ASST. DEP. QUARTERMASTER-GEN., MAY 17, 1820,

and served on Quartermaster duty, 1820–21.

DISBANDED, JUNE 1, 1821.

Re-appointed in the Army, and served in the Quartermaster Department, as

MILITARY STORE KEEPER, FROM JUNE 1 TO DEC. 31, 1821.

DIED, 1822, AT NEW ORLEANS, LA.

177...(Born Vt.)...**ETHAN A. HITCHCOCK***.....(Ap'd Vt.)

Military History. — Cadet of the Military Academy, Oct. 11, 1814, to July 17, 1817, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

THIRD LIEUT., CORPS OF ARTILLERY, JULY 17, 1817.

Transferred upon application, and promoted to

SECOND LIEUT., 8TH INFANTRY, FEB. 13, 1818.

Served : in garrison at Mobile, Ala., 1817–18, — and New Orleans, La.,

(FIRST LIEUT., 8TH INFANTRY, OCT. 31, 1818)

1818–19 ; as Adjutant, 8th Infantry, June 1, 1819, to June 1, 1821, being

(FIRST LIEUT., 1ST INFANTRY, IN RE-ORGANIZATION OF ARMY, JUNE 1, 1821)

on Recruiting service, 1819; in garrison at the Bay of St. Louis, Mis., 1821–22, — and at Baton Rouge, La., 1822–23; on Recruiting service, 1823–24; at the Military Academy, as Asst. Instructor of Infantry Tac-

(CAPTAIN, 1ST INFANTRY, DEC. 31, 1824)

tics, Feb. 1, 1824, to Apr. 20, 1827; on Recruiting service, 1827–29; at the Military Academy, as Commandant of Cadets and Instructor of Infantry Tactics, Mar. 13, 1829, to June 24, 1833; on frontier duty at Ft. Crawford, Wis., 1834–35; volunteered for a campaign in the Florida War against the Seminole Indians, 1836, being engaged in the Skirmishes at Camp Izard, Feb. 27, 28, 29, and Mar. 5, 1836; as Acting Inspector-General of the Western Department, Feb. 10 to July 5, 1836; on Recruiting service, 1836–37; as disbursing Indian Agent, Mar. 2, 1837, to Dec. 31, 1839; on Northern Frontier, at Madison Barracks, N. Y.,

(MAJOR, 8TH INFANTRY, JULY 7, 1838)

1840, during Canada Border disturbances; in garrison at Jefferson Barracks, Mo., 1840; in the Florida War, 1840; on Special duty in the War Department, Sep. 29, 1841, to Aug. 29, 1842; in garrison at Ft. Stansbury, Fla., 1842; in command of the Western District of Florida, from which he removed Pascofa's band of hostile Indians, 1842–43; in

(LIEUT.-COLONEL, 3D INFANTRY, JAN. 31, 1842)

garrison at Ft. Stansbury, Fla., 1843, — and Jefferson Barracks, Mo., 1843–44; on frontier duty at Ft. Jesup (Camp Wilkins), La., 1844–45; in Military Occupation of Texas, 1845–46; on sick leave of absence, 1846–47; in the War with Mexico, 1847–48, being engaged in the Siege of Vera Cruz, Mar. 9–29, 1847, — Battle of Cerro Gordo, Apr. 17–18, 1847, — Battle of Churubusco, Aug. 20, 1847, — Battle of Molino del

(BVT. COLONEL, AUG. 20, 1847, FOR GALLANT AND MERITORIOUS CONDUCT IN THE BATTLES OF CONTRERAS AND CHURUBUSCO, MEX.)

Rey, Sep. 8, 1847, — Storming of Chapultepec, Sep. 13, 1847, — Assault

(BVT. BRIG.-GENERAL, SEP. 8, 1847, FOR GALLANT AND MERITORIOUS CONDUCT IN THE BATTLE OF MOLINO DEL REY)

and Capture of the City of Mexico, Sep. 13–14, 1847, — and as Acting Inspector-General of the Army commanded by Major-General Scott during the Campaign of 1847–48; in mustering out Volunteers at Independence, Mo., 1848; on sick leave of absence, 1849–50; on detached service at Washington, D. C., 1850–51; in command of the Pacific Division,

(COLONEL, 2D INFANTRY, APR. 15, 1851)

July 9, 1851, to May 21, 1854; and in garrison at Carlisle Barracks, Pa., 1854–55.

RESIGNED, OCT. 18, 1855.

Civil History. — Resided at St. Louis, Mo., engaged chiefly in literary pursuits, 1855–62.

Military History. — Served during the Rebellion of the Seceding

(MAJOR-GENERAL, U. S. VOLUNTEERS, FEB. 10, 1862)

States, 1862–66: on Special duty, under the direction of the Secretary of War, at Washington, D. C., Mar. 17, 1862, to Oct. 1, 1867; and as Commissioner for the Exchange of Prisoners of War, Nov. 15, 1862, to Oct. 1, 1867.

MUSTERED OUT OF VOLUNTEER SERVICE, OCT. 1, 1867.

Civil History. — Tendered the appointment of Governor of Liberia, by the American Colonization Society, Apr., 1833 (declined); and again, 1837 (declined). Author of "Remarks upon Alchemy and the Alche-

mists," † 1857; "Swedenborg a Hermetic Philosopher," † 1858; "Christ the Spirit," ‡ 1860; "Red Book of Appin, and other Fairy Tales," 1863; "Remarks on the Sonnets of Shakespeare, etc.;" § "Spenser's Colin Clouts Explained," etc., ‖ 1865; and of Notes on the "Vita Nuova of Dante," to explain its spiritual character and purpose, 1866.

DIED, AUG. 5, 1870, AT SPARTA, HANCOCK CO., GA.; AGED 72.

* General HITCHCOCK was a grandson of General ETHAN ALLEN, the hero of Ticonderoga and Crown Point.

† These works are designed to show that the genuine Alchemists were religious philosophers, writing in Symbolism, — that the Philosopher's Stone was a Symbol of Truth; and that Swedenborg was properly a Hermetic philosopher, — that is, a Moral and Spiritual philosopher, who wrote in Symbolism.

‡ The object of this work is to show that the Gospels are Symbolical books, written by members of a secret society, of the Jews (the Essenes), who recognized a certain Spiritual sense underlying the letter of the Hebrew Sacred law: Christ is the Law personified; the LAW, IN ITS SPIRIT, is the Son of God; and, AS A WRITING, the son of man. (*See* Philo on the Contemplative Life.)

§ The object of this work is to show that the Sonnets were not addressed to a person, but to Nature, as double Spirit and Matter, called the Master-Mistress, or Love of the Poet (*vide* Sonnet 20).

‖ The object of this work is to show that Colin Clouts is a poetic and figurative description of the progress of a Life under the Guidance of the Gospel Spirit of Truth, represented by the figure of a "Strange Shepherd," etc.

BIOGRAPHICAL SKETCH.

MAJOR-GENERAL ETHAN ALLEN HITCHCOCK, who was born May 18, 1798, at Vergennes, Vt., died Aug. 5, 1870, at Sparta, Ga., aged 72, and his mortal remains were re-interred Dec. 14, 1871, at West Point, N. Y. His father was Samuel Hitchcock, one of the Circuit Judges of the United States under the Administration of President Washington, and his mother was a daughter of the celebrated General Ethan Allen, whose name, general appearance, and many marked characteristics were inherited by the grandson from the old hero of Ticonderoga and Crown Point.

At the age of sixteen he became a Cadet at the United States Military Academy, from which he was graduated and promoted in the Army to be Third Lieutenant in the Corps of Artillery. Advancement in the Infantry being more rapid, he, on his own application, was transferred to its Eighth Regiment, Feb. 13, 1818, as a Second Lieutenant, and became First Lieutenant, Oct. 31, 1818. After serving at Mobile and New Orleans in this regiment till June 1, 1819, he became and continued as its Adjutant till the re-organization of the Army, June 1, 1821, when he was transferred to the First Infantry, in which he was subsequently promoted Captain, Dec. 31, 1824. Till 1829, except for three years as Assistant Instructor of Infantry Tactics at West Point, he was employed on recruiting and garrison duty, after which he became Commandant of Cadets at the Military Academy, where his soldierly qualities and marked intelligence were most conspicuous. Upon being relieved from this responsible position, June 24, 1833, he went to Fort Crawford, Wis., and continued on frontier duty till the outbreak of the Florida War, for which, following his military instinct, he at once volunteered. He immediately became Acting Inspector-General in "Gaines's Campaign of 1836" against the Seminole Indians, which terminated after a few skirmishes at Camp Izard, not far from the battlefield of "Dade's Massacre," so graphically described in Hitchcock's report of this heroic struggle, written on the spot. This campaign was one of the many blunders of that unfortunate war, the responsibility for which led to so many after-criminations and recriminations among our commanding officers, and finally to a court of inquiry. Before this court Hitchcock testified that the continuance of the war was in no small degree due to the want of concert between the rival generals, Scott and Gaines, which testimony was perhaps the incipient cause of General Scott's unfriendliness to Hitchcock.

In 1833 the appointment of Governor of Liberia had been tendered to Hitchcock by the American Colonization Society, which was then, and on its renewal in 1837, declined.

From Florida, Hitchcock returned with General Gaines to the Western Department, from which he was transferred to recruiting service, and subsequently, Mar. 2, 1837, to Indian duty. His services as disbursing agent to the ignorant savages of the Northwest Territory were invaluable, and marked by the inflexible justice and unflinching firmness characteristic of the performance of all his public duties. Rigidly adhering to the strict interpretation of his instructions, and resolutely determined to do right, he saved those wild children of the forest a large portion of their annuities which they had ignorantly assigned to those whose wicked intent was to deceive and swindle them ; but while protecting the weak by this firm, honest, and humane course, he himself incurred the bitter enemity of these men, who subsequently rose to influence. However, it was enough that in his own heart was crystal purity, that his conscience was void of offense, and that all his proceedings met the cordial approval of the upright Poinsett, then Secretary of War, by whom he was highly complimented, and who, as a reward for his good deeds, had appointed him, July 8, 1838, a Major in the newly-created Eighth Infantry. Though relieved from this service Dec. 31, 1839, and for the succeeding two years doing garrison duty, he was placed, Sep. 29, 1841, by Secretary John Bell, who highly appreciated the sterling merits and administrative abilities of Hitchcock, in charge of the Indian Bureau, then under the War Department. For near a year he continued in this important trust, exposing frauds and discharging unworthy agents, despite the influences brought against him.

Leaving Washington, he joined his regiment in Florida, from which he removed, in 1842–43, Pascofa's band of hostile Indians. Thence he was transferred to the Western frontier, where he remained till 1845, in the mean time, Jan. 31, 1842, having been promoted Lieut.-Colonel of the Third Infantry, the command of which soon devolved upon him, and took him back to Florida. Though stationed amid pine barrens, under his careful instruction and guided by his scholarly influence the Third became the crack regiment of infantry, not only in drill and discipline, but in high mental culture. Upon the transfer of the regiment in Apr., 1843, to Jefferson Barracks, Hitchcock, though a laborious student and prolific writer, never for a moment neglected the care of his regiment. For the first time after the war of 1812–15, mainly through his efforts, there were " evolutions of the line " at Jefferson Barracks, creating the greatest interest in military exercises and duties, and producing between the Third and Fourth Infantry, there in garrison, a spirit of generous rivalry in all that pertained to the career of arms. Under Hitchcock's influence this post was, in fact, a school of application for officers in their higher duties, who became proud of belonging to the military profession.

With his fine regiment, Hitchcock went, in 1844, to Fort Jesup on the Louisiana frontier, pending the negotiation which resulted in the annexation of Texas ; and in 1845 joined the Army of Occupation under Genenral Taylor, taking post at Corpus Christi. Even here Hitchcock never relaxed his studies and devotion to his regiment, and found time to write his masterly paper on " Brevet and Staff Rank and Command," sent with the signatures of many officers as a petition to Congress. From Corpus Christi his regiment proceeded to the Rio Grande, but at the close of the march Hitchcock's failing health compelled him to ask for a sick leave of absence.

In January, 1847, having somewhat recovered his strength, Hitchcock repaired to the mouth of the Rio Grande to assume command of his

regiment, which was to join in the coming campaign for which General Scott was organizing at Brazos Santiago preparatory to a descent on Vera Cruz. At this time a bitter feud existed between Scott and Hitchcock, the incipiency of which has been noted. This had been increased by transactions growing out of the latter's service under Colonel Worth when Major of the Eighth Infantry, and was still more intensified by the part taken by him in connection with the "Buell Court-martial," when, though not of the court, he wrote for its members a severe protest denying General Scott's right to revive a dissolved tribunal to try Buell a second time. Between ordinary men this long-nursed wrath would have continued to rankle and gather strength, but fortunately both these excellent officers had the magnanimity to sacrifice self to country, and contend, not with each other, but against the common enemy. This reconciliation was effected in the following manner: On his way to join his regiment, Hitchcock, being near the headquarters of General Scott, was invited to call upon the latter. He was cordially received, the hatchet buried, patriotism became paramount, and with restored harmony he was tendered the important appointment of Inspector-General, in which Scott stated "he could be of greater service to the Army and his country than in any other position." Many worthy officers have denounced Hitchcock for giving up the command of his splendid regiment for a staff office, forgetting that it was for his commanding general to decide the field of his subordinate's greatest usefulness in the pending struggle. For his cheerful and prompt obedience to Scott's virtual order, Hitchcock is, under the circumstances, entitled to the highest meed of praise, instead of bearing the stigma of unmerited reproach.

In the great campaign which eventuated in the occupation of the Halls of the Montezumas, a large acquisition of valuable territory, and an honorable peace, Hitchcock maintained the most cordial relations with his commanding general, and performed with consummate ability the delicate and important duties, both civil and military, which devolved upon him. Though his staff position did not attract outside attention and glitter, with all the pomp and circumstance of glorious war, it certainly was highly honorable, of manifold usefulness, and largely contributed to the attainment of the great objects of the campaign, manifestly more largely than had he remained at the head of his regiment. In his well-written letters, published at the time, he triumphantly vindicated himself, both as a soldier and a patriot, and conclusively proved that, while his regiment was successfully led by a captain, he had performed much more difficult and valuable service. At all events, it was not his to choose his functions, to the performance of which his commanding general could not have invited him to the compromise of his honor; nor could his chief be derelict to any demands of the Army, whose achievements were to be his own greatest glory, and destined to illume one of the brightest pages of our wondrous history. Scott's high consideration and warm friendship, manifested ever after for Hitchcock, are sufficient proofs of his appreciation of the wise counsels, zealous co-operation, and efficient efforts of his distinguished Inspector-General, who for his services received the brevets of Colonel and Brigadier-General.

After the Mexican War, his health being much impaired by incessant labor, Hitchcock sought rest and recreation in an extended journey in Europe and the East, returning home in 1850, replete with mystic lore, the bright memories of scenic and artistic beauty, and much intellectual wealth gained from every treasure-trove which could not be veiled from his scrutinizing search.

After his return he was placed on detached service at Washington, promoted Colonel of the Second Infantry, Apr. 15, 1851, and then ordered to San Francisco, Cal., where he established his headquarters from July 9,

1851, to May 21, 1854, while in command of the Military Division of the Pacific. Here, in our newly-acquired possessions, he managed Army affairs with consummate skill, protected the numerous Indian tribes from plundering politicians and reckless adventurers, and promptly broke up Walker's filibustering expedition by the seizure of the brig Arrow, prepared to transport a considerable force with arms to Guaymas for the purpose of inducing the inhabitants of Sonora to declare their independence and set up a new government; *the* government contemplated being in fact already organized in San Francisco. Prominent plotters in California, who subsequently proved disloyal to the United States, not only advocated this outrage upon a sister State, but publicly denounced all interference with their unprincipled schemes. Destitute of patriotism and regardless of consequences, these greedy vultures, who had already fattened upon every government appropriation, designed to seize Sonora, make war upon Mexico, and finally secure sufficient territory for the establishment of a Southern slavery republic. The conspirators had even ventured to boldly ventilate their views at a public dinner in San Francisco, and had made efforts to have a law enacted authorizing the organization of a regiment to protect the southern border of California from raids, to which it was about as much exposed as to an inroad from the Fejee Islanders. The real design was, of course, to make the state authority play the wolf part to the Sonora lamb. That this foul disgrace was not consummated is mainly due to Hitchcock's quick perceptions, sound judgment, firm attitude, and honest purposes. But though the blow was warded off, he, who had kept the nation's escutcheon untarnished, became himself the victim of those whose wicked purpose he had so boldly thwarted. The plotters of treason, who had failed in their design, soon wreaked their vengeance through the then secessionist Secretary of War, by ostracizing this loyal soldier from his high command to a nominal one at Carlisle Barracks, Pa.

Hitchcock, having for several years been threatened with paralysis, from which he had sought relief at Wiesbaden, Germany, and at the Arkansas Hot Springs, and with nothing to do in his new place of banishment, asked and obtained a leave of four months from the General-in-Chief. Secretary Davis, who disliked Hitchcock for reasons which it is unnecessary here to specify, demanded, July 12, 1855, of General Scott why he had granted this indulgence, which led to an angry controversy between these high officials, subsequently published in a Senate document. This eventuated in a peremptory order from the Secretary of War directing Hitchcock to go to Ft. Pierre, some distance from the scene of hostilities of Harney's Indian expedition of 1855, in which his regiment was engaged. Knowing that the order was not dictated by any necessity for his services, but for the gratification of personal spite, Hitchcock asked for an extension of his leave of absence, and, in the event of its not being granted, tendered his resignation, expressly stating, however, that if his services were deemed indispensable he, though still a decided invalid, would go to Ft. Pierre at all hazards, "as nothing would be further from his purpose than to jeopardize a reputation which had continued unblemished during a period of nearly forty years in the Army." The Secretary accepted Hitchcock's resignation, Oct. 18, 1855, having already refused his extension of leave of absence. Thus, as stated by General Scott, was a most meritorious officer forced out of service by the Secretary's oppressive orders in denying a simple indulgence at a time when there was no urgent reason for his presence at a remote post.

After his resignation Hitchcock made St. Louis his home, where he devoted himself to general literature and the peculiar philosophical investigations which had for years occupied his thoughts. All his life he had been a student, whether reveling in fine libraries at West Point and

Washington, or delving among his own choice volumes, ever his companions, whether among the everglades of Florida or the wilds of the Western frontier. Of books he never had enough, and would spend his last penny to possess them. With Spinoza, Plato, and the Neo-Platonists he first became familiar, then was much interested in Swedenborg's works and Rossetti's "Anti-Papal Spirit," and finally went into an elaborate course of reading of Dante, Petrarch, Boccaccio, Chaucer, Spenser, etc. In many of these writings he discovered a double sense, — one for the general reader, and the other for the members of a society, possessed of the key of interpretation, which ramified all over Europe, and had an existence as far back at least as A. D. 1000. This society was composed of the most learned and scientific men, whose intelligence was in advance of the world, enabling them to see the errors of the Roman Church, which, however, by its power, controlled and restrained these men from the free expression of their opinions. In consequence of this the literary men of those ages avoided persecution, imprisonment, and death by the use of a conventional language, the exoteric or outward import of which appeared friendly to the party in power, while its esoteric or secret meaning was in direct hostility to the Church, and clearly understood to be so by the initiated. To point out to his friends the extraordinary evidence of this symbolism gave Hitchcock the greatest gratification, and many fragments which he then wrote on these curious and interesting discoveries were subsequently developed in his after-published works. From these favorite themes he was diverted for a time by the war with Mexico. There, however, on subjects pertaining to his civil and military duties, his active mind and restless pen were ever at work, and those who suffered from the shafts of his keen invective will not soon forget some of his masterly papers growing out of the controversies of that period. Even amid the intense excitements of California, when gold and speculation absorbed all thought, Hitchcock pursued his peculiar studies and acute investigations with unabated activity and relish, never, however, abstracting a moment from the efficient administration of his important military command. His fondness for original researches and metaphysical subtleties was very great, but his high sense of official obligation was still greater — in him the scholar never deteriorated the soldier.

The result of his studies of the "Problem of Life" is given in his eight published volumes, which, though not much read by this busy, money-making world, have made their lodgment in the ethical mind of the age, and are yet destined to be more fully appreciated by coming philosophical thinkers. Of these works only a synopsis showing their general scope can be here given.

"The Doctrines of Spinoza and Swedenborg Identified, in so far as they claim a Scientific Ground," published in 1846. Hitchcock had been a careful student of Spinoza, and was well versed in the writings of Swedenborg, neither of whom he assails or defends while pointing out some very remarkable resemblances between them. He quotes largely from both, showing almost an identity in their doctrines and principles, especially of God, of knowledge, and of salvation; yet, strange to say, the Swedish philosopher, who borrows without credit much of his ethics from the anathematized Jew, has been held up by many good men as expressly illuminated for the teaching of the true Christian religion and for founding the Church of the New Jerusalem, while his theological prototype has been reviled as the veriest atheist the world has produced. In a private letter to Hitchcock of Dec. 25, 1846, Theodore Parker says of this parallel: "I have long been aware of a certain union in their ideas of God, and of his immanency in matter and spirit; only I thought Spinoza perhaps the more rational of the two in that matter, though I think both make the world a sort of Dutch clock. I never

thought the similarity extended as far as you have shown it does. Henry Heine, the wittiest and wickedest of modern writers, says that many a philosopher when walking in a deep forest of thought has fancied he was treading new ground, original and all alone, when suddenly he has found himself confronted face to face with the awful features of Benedict Spinoza. I think you have shown that Swedenborg must have had Spinoza upon his mind when he wrote. It is impossible that Emanuel should have omitted to read Benedict, for he read everything and reveled in the mystics, old, middle-aged, and modern. I like your view of Swedenborg. He was a great man, and is made ridiculous when men worship him and stop not at his limitation. I reverence his genius most profoundly, as I do that of Spinoza, though I worship neither. . . . I hope justice will be done at length to both Spinoza and Swedenborg, and I thank you for writing this little tract to show this agreement in their Scientificals."

Hitchcock's "Remarks upon Alchemy and the Alchemists" was published in 1857. The object of this work was not to describe gray-bearded, shriveled-up necromancers in sooty cells with retorts and musty manuscripts seeking the phantom of gold in transmuting crucibles, nor to trace from their Arabic paternity the wonderful developments of chemistry and medicine. In the deep study of this cabalistic literature he found, though many had devoted the energies of a life to the passionate pursuit of a chimera, other noble men had discovered a precious jewel in the head of this ugly monster, — the real Philosopher's Stone, which was Spiritual Truth; that these latter were sincere moral reformers, not seeking an elixir to convert the baser into purer metals, but that purifying influence converting the earthly dross of mortal existence into immortal wisdom; and that in an age of persecution were veiled under the paraphernalia of this jugglery the occult symbols of things they dared not utter in common speech. Among hundreds of true Hermetic writers he had studied, he found that KNOW THYSELF was the real object of Alchemy, MAN'S transformation from a state of nature to a state of grace being symbolized under the figure of the transmutation of metals; that astrolabes and alembics, elixirs and essences, lilies and lions, were but the infinitely varied expressions of the sublimer verities of the soul of man made in the image of God; and that the true nature of Hermetic was Moral Philosophy, and the real Philosopher's Stone was Truth; hence his attempt to rescue from undeserved opprobrium the reputation of a class of extraordinary thinkers in past ages.

"Swedenborg a Hermetic Philosopher," published in 1858, was the natural sequence of "Alchemy and the Alchemists." Hitchcock had pondered much upon the writings of one of Sweden's profoundest thinkers and distinguished scholars. He truly appreciated the harmonious mind and devotional spirit of one whose maxims of life were so like his own, — often to read and meditate on the Word of God; to submit everything to the will of Divine Providence; to observe a propriety of behavior, and always to keep the conscience clear; and to discharge with fidelity the functions of his employments and the duties of his office, and to render himself in all things useful to society. In Emanuel Swedenborg he soon discovered, not a modern Midas, avaricious of that earthly dross that "solder'th impossibilities and maketh them kiss," but of that spiritual treasure richer than rubies or than fine gold; not a seeker of ephemeral pleasure good for a day, but that permanent beatitude enduring for all time; and one in whose symbolical utterances, embalmed in mysterious wrappings, were celestial thoughts upon the human soul and its capacity for knowledge, for happiness, and for immortality. With Hitchcock's habit of looking beyond the letter in the interpretation of occult and mystical writings he was quick to detect in the perusal of Swedenborg's

"Heavenly Arcana" many remarkable coincidences with the allegorical language of the alchemists, and formed a decided opinion, fortified by abundant quotations and arguments, that the writings of the learned Swedish moralist were to be judged and interpreted from the standpoint of Hermetic Philosophy.

"Christ the Spirit: being an Attempt to state the Primitive View of Christianity," was first published in 1860 and enlarged in 1861. The object of the work is to show that the Gospels are not biographies of a living person, but symbolical books written before the beginning of our era by members of a secret society of Jews, the Essenes, who lived in the wilderness bordering the Dead Sea, whose ethical principles and religious observances had the essential features of the New Testament teachings, — love of God, love of Virtue, love of Man. That Christ is the personified spirit of the Hebrew Sacred Law; He is the heart of the Bible in a figure which in after time assumed a carnal existence; He is the interior Word, represented under various phases as moving among men, but who were not his historic disciples. This is perhaps the most profound of all of Hitchcock's writings, but, as its views are not in accord with generally received doctrines, the work has been subject to much intolerant criticism, and its author misrepresented as an infidel because he assumes the mythical character of the miraculous portions of the New Testament in saying that, "If we accept the miracles as historic realities, we must refuse the idea of law altogether, and must admit that there is no truth in the doctrine which affirms an order in the course of nature; we must then deny the possibility of science in all its branches; and this must be extended to logic and reasoning, for these depend upon the permanent operation of our faculties; and then we must hold our hands and receive everything as equally possible in both nature and intellect." Then again in conscious rectitude he adds: "Man loves truth instinctively and hates falsehood. Give him truth, indeed, and if he understands it, he will drink it as the water of life. Error is only acceptable when it wears the face of truth. A reputed infidelity turns out almost always to be a protest against a real or apparent falsehood. For truth is an eternal virgin, and the first love of all mankind, the first-born among many brethren. To wander from it is to love, that is, to worship some mistaken image or shadow of it; and this it is that leads man into the wilderness, through and out of which, however, every man carries with him a Moses, a Joshua, a Jesus, — a word in the heart, an angel, a prophet, — through whom the pure wine of truth may be brought to that soul which hungers and thirsts after righteousness." Hitchcock's book portrays, not a Christ of flesh and blood, but that Spirit Christ dwelling in all men who are true sons of God; the Spirit of Virtue seeking all goodness and purity; the Spirit of Conscience acting justly and doing no evil; the Spirit of the Heart imbued with faith, hope, and charity; and the Spirit of the Soul communing with the Infinite and obedient to his will. This hypothesis may strip off the historic robe of Christ the Son of Mary, yet there remains the heavenly halo of the Spirit Christ which has dwelt in humanity from the foundation of the world. In the words of an eminent divine we can say: "The book is remarkable for the spiritual, we may almost say the mystical, character of its thought, for the serenity of its view, the purity of its speculation, the unceasing boldness and unaffected loftiness which we are apt to regard as the solitary student's peculiarity, which we find it difficult to associate with the military habit of mind. It is remarkable again, and still more remarkable, for the lovely temper in which it is written. A sweeter moral atmosphere we never breathed than pervades every paragraph of the two volumes. There is no harshness, there is no intolerance, there is no aggression, there is no disagreeable dogmatism, no assumption of superior wisdom. Its charity is perfect, for there is no air of

charitableness about it; it is the goodwill of an honest, believing, and gentle mind. We can scarcely think of a theologian, living or dead, who might not with profit sit at the feet of this brave soldier, and listen to him as he talks about religion."

"The Red Book of Appin," published in 1863, is a Story of the Middle Ages, to which Hitchcock subsequently added other Fairy Tales, with his explanation of their Hermetic Mysticism. These stories he maintains are not mere fantastic fictions addressed to the capacity of childhood, but, interpreted with the key of truth, will be found to be mediæval writings covered with the dust of allegory, beneath which are hidden treasures, concealed wisdom, and precious verities; that these seeming products of an unregulated imagination have, like parables, a most rich and valuable meaning; and that we should bear in mind the declaration of Solomon: "A wise man will hear, and will increase learning; and a man of understanding shall attain unto wise counsels," so as "to understand a proverb and the interpretation, — the words of the wise and their dark sayings."

"Remarks on the Sonnets of Shakespeare," published in 1865, and enlarged in 1867. These exquisitely beautiful and most wonderful sonnets, Hitchcock maintains, belong to the class of Hermetic writings, carrying one sense to the eye and ear, but another for the head and for the heart; that they were not addressed to a person — "the muddy vesture of decay," — but that "Beauty's Rose" was a synonym of Religion, — the Divine Beauty existing in the soul of Humanity; and that Nature, as double Spirit and Matter, was the "master-mistress" of the poet's passion. He regards the sonnets as containing the abstract doctrines and higher spirit of Shakespeare, developed under the most intense contemplations of life; and that, in symbolic form, the poet has inclosed in them what were to him eternal principles, — "the true sources of artistic *births*." And he holds that the object of the sonnets was to show that the Spirit of Man is one with the Spirit of Nature, and that a sense of this unity was the secret joy of the poet taking the name of Love, though the "deep substance of the flesh," at times, would "steal sweet hours from love's delight."

"Colin Clouts Explained," published in 1865. Hitchcock affirms that Spenser's object was not, as generally supposed, to give an account of his return to England and the poet's presentation to Queen Elizabeth and her court. That the poem had a higher purport. First, as signifying a mental journey by the poet himself, religiously illuminated, visiting the spiritual world, — the Arcadia of the ancient poets debarred to ordinary mortals, — where he meets the mystic Queen of the ideal realm (not the vixen Queen of England) for whom he entertains that passionate devotion to some figurative beauty and perfection, cloaked under the name of Love by a long succession of spiritual poets, but which in reality is the Divine Love. Secondly, that by "Colin Clouts come Home Againe" is to be understood his coming down to ordinary life to give us a poet's description of what he saw in the spiritual world, using this expression metaphorically: for the eye hath not seen nor hath the ear heard what is done in the Arcadian Land, where "men immortally live, following all delights and pleasures," and which is governed by a Queen so beautiful that all the country round is rendered shining "with one single beam of her great beauty." Finally, that Spenser in this Hermetic poem has presented his view of a Christian Life, — the life of a man under the guidance of the Gospel Spirit of Truth, the rewards of which are the glowing pictures in the poet's land of Cynthia and its Queen.

Hitchcock considers Spenser's Sonnets, and the minor poems of Drayton, Sidney, Chaucer, Carew, etc., as Hermetic writings inclosing the speculative opinions of their authors upon deeply-meditated studies of nature and the profoundest problems of life.

"Notes on the Vita Nuova and Minor Poems of Dante," published in

1866. This is a curious work of no small learning, but we have dwelt so much upon the preceding volumes that, in this already too extended notice, we must briefly pass it over. Hitchcock considers it also as one of the mysterious books thrown out upon the world in a mystic style of writing, so obscure that many of Dante's most intimate friends were unable to penetrate his meaning. To explain the Commedia, and this its manifest introduction, the poet himself was induced to furnish a commentary in a mystical volume, entitled the "Convito, or Banquet," which, however, only lifts the veil. Hitchcock in his Notes endeavors to show the spiritual character of the Vita Nuova, and that Beatrice, the bright central figure of the poem, was not an earthly mistress thrilling his heart and guiding his soul, but was a celestial vision of a radiant angel, — Heavenly Wisdom personified.

Our space will not permit even an enumeration of Hitchcock's many fugitive articles, controversial papers, critical notices, biographical sketches, official reports, and well-digested letters, which do credit alike to his head and heart.

At the outbreak of the Rebellion, Hitchcock was a resident of St. Louis, and, though much absorbed in mystic studies, saw clearly the march of passing events. Missouri, then a Slave State, was intensely agitated, and many of her prominent citizens had espoused secession sentiments; Governor Jackson had refused compliance with the Government's requisition for his State's quota of troops, characterizing it as "illegal, unconstitutional, revolutionary, and diabolical;" and the seizure of Camp Jackson was followed by the immediate passage by the Legislature of the "Military Bill." Hitchcock, born in the loyal atmosphere of the Green Mountains, educated as a soldier of the Republic, and who, for half a century, had seen the stars and stripes protecting our frontiers, guarding our coasts, leading us on to victory, and commanding the respect of the world, quickly decided upon his course. Come what might, he would not forsake that revered emblem of nationality which had floated over the Alma Mater of his youth, which had proudly streamed from the capital of the Montezumas in his manhood, and which had shielded his authority on the far-off Pacific in his later years. With him the doctrine of secession was destructive of all government, and led to universal anarchy; therefore did he firmly resolve to devote himself to the maintenance of the Union, and the perpetuation of its countless blessings to posterity.

Imbued with these noble sentiments he repaired to Washington to tender his services to the Government, though his health was so feeble that hemorrhage prevented his leaving his room for several days after his arrival. At once General Scott urged the bestowal of a high commission upon this meritorious soldier, but the request was refused by the Secretary of War, and Hitchcock returned to St. Louis. Here he promptly gave his talents to the Union cause, particularly as the adviser of General Harney, who resumed command of the Military Department of the Missouri, Sep. 15, 1861, and, on the same day, issued a stirring proclamation, of which Hitchcock was the author. This proclamation denounced the Legislature's "Military Bill" as "an indirect secession ordinance," which, being in its material provisions manifestly in conflict with the Constitution and laws of the United States, could not and ought not to be upheld or regarded by the good people of Missouri, who were warned that the whole power of the Government would be exerted, if necessary, to retain the State, which "must share the destiny of the Union."

When General Halleck assumed command, Nov. 18, 1861, of the Department of Missouri, he appreciated the importance of securing the more active services of Hitchcock; hence he and prominent members of his staff renewed the request for the bestowal of a high commission.

This met a hearty response from General Scott, who says in a letter of Feb. 18, 1862: "I early wrote to Mr. Stanton to recall Hitchcock's merits, and to say that personal hostility had prevented his re-appointment to the Army, as it had been the personal hostility of another Secretary of War that drove him from the service in 1855." The result of these efforts, unknown to Hitchcock, was his appointment and confirmation as Major-General U. S. Volunteers, Feb. 10, 1862. This deserved compliment he, in an admirable letter, declined on account of impaired health, which would not permit him to perform the responsible duties of a Major-General, and concludes with the utterance of strong Union sentiments, an ardent desire for the speedy overthrow of the Rebellion, and an early re-establishment of the Federal authority. Subsequently he was induced to retain his commission and go on duty in the War Department, where he rendered those signal services for which, from his culture, zeal, and firmness, he was admirably fitted. He soon won by his sagacity and talents the confidence of the Secretary of War, and by his purity of character the affections of the President, with both of whom he was in constant consultation upon the policy and movements of the war. To his confidential position of military adviser were added, Nov. 15, 1862, the delicate duties of Commissioner for the Exchange of Prisoners of War, which required consummate tact, unerring judgment, and prompt decision. How these rare qualities were exhibited is best attested by his extensive and masterly correspondence with the rebel authorities. In addition to these onerous duties, those of Commissary-General of Prisoners devolved upon him Nov. 3, 1865, which materially increased his labors in closing up the voluminous records of the office and the adjustment of complicated claims. Such was the high value of his assistance to the War Department in the performance of his multiplied vocations that he was retained till Oct. 1, 1867, when he was among the very last mustered out of service.

Late in life he had married, and for the benefit of his health sought with his wife a more congenial clime in the sunny South, where he died full of years, after a well-spent life, rich in honors, and crowned with an amaranthine wreath entwined with the flowers of Fidelity, Justice, and Truth.

Hitchcock, while inheriting much of the personal appearance and military determination of his noted grandfather, possessed many of those sterling attributes so becoming the ermine of his father's judicial robes. As a *soldier* of the Republic for near half a century, he was noted as an accomplished officer, professionally well informed, a skillful tactician, able in administration, a rigid disciplinarian, just as a commander, kind and genial to his comrades, and persistent in usefulness manifested in his high sphere of duty during two great wars. Whatever his position, he conscientiously discharged the functions of his office, whether instructing and governing Cadets at West Point; giving attention to the drill and discipline of his regiment in the barrens of Florida; teaching system and grand tactics at Jefferson Barracks; protecting the wild savage on the frontier; crushing lawlessness in his Pacific command; or winning by zeal and intelligence the confidence of his chiefs, both in Mexico and at the Capital. As a *scholar*, without being classically educated, he became eminent for his erudition in ancient, mediæval, and modern literature. He reveled in choice libraries, possessed a curious collection of rare volumes, and never was satiated with books. Though his mind had a strong legal bias and exhibited considerable mathematical power, his passionate fondness for metaphysical researches and philosophical disquisitions led him into many original and strange investigations. When he had made of them a careful study, his conclusions were clear and precise; but such was the integrity of his mind that he was ever open to convic-

tion, never obstinately dogmatic, and always sought for further light till his judgment became so fixed that it could not be shaken except by irresistible logic or an overwhelming array of facts. His love of study infused its influence in his whole command, his young officers being as noted for scholarly culture as for soldierly superiority. As a *writer* his style was remarkable for its clearness, force, and precision; his pen adorned all it touched, and against an adversary's sophistry was sharper than a two-edged sword; and his remarkable versatility, eloquence of reason, skill in dialectics, philosophical analysis, subtlety of spiritual perception, and vigor of thought, challenged our highest admiration. With playful grace he unaffectedly discourses of fairy tales; with metaphysical subtlety probes the occult for its hidden significance; with glowing fervor interprets the sublimest productions of poetic genius; and with humble reverence searches the secrets of the soul of man and his relations to God. He was no sectarian, nor could he be shackled with Procrustean articles of faith. Though he may have doubted the history of JESUS THE NAZARENE of tribal lineage, a human being localized in Judea with temporal connections, and an existence embalmed in gospel biographies and imprisoned in creeds and liturgies, he devoutly acknowledged the SPIRIT CHRIST, the living Emanuel born in us, the speaking witness of the Divine in our hearts, and the distilled essence of all those pure desires, earnest purposes, noble resolutions, holy aspirations, and moral obligations symbolized by Christianity. His own guileless life, following the guidance of the Gospel Spirit of Truth, is the best interpreter of his doctrines. As a *man* his modest impressive manners inspired confidence and respect. In contrast to his almost childlike simplicity and womanly tenderness was a Roman's resolution and the martyr's devotion to principle; and interwoven with the quick intelligence, mental dignity, and love of the ideal and spiritual pertaining to his student life, were refined tastes, a delicate susceptibility of beauty, and a passionate fondness for the concord of sweet harmonies, being himself an excellent musician. With these rare traits of character were combined the finest impulses, and his heart abounding with generous emotion, would, while denying all luxuries to himself, lavishly bestow of his means to the needy, saving by his frugality what was secretly spent for the maintenance of the poor and education of the young. His sympathy with the interests and regard for the feelings and welfare of those around him were equal to his charity; hence he was almost idolized by those who were the recipients of his bounty and knew the purity and beauty of his nature. He was also the centre of a wide circle, embracing the good, the cultivated, and the eminent, upon whom his death fell with the solemn pathos of a deep calamity.

> "'Cause he was wise, and gallant things designed,
> And pondered noble projects in his mind."

178..(Born Va.)...**JOHN M. WASHINGTON**.....(Ap'd Va.)

Military History. — Cadet of the Military Academy, Oct. 24, 1814, to July 17, 1817, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

THIRD LIEUT., CORPS OF ARTILLERY, JULY 17, 1817.

Served: in garrison at Charleston harbor, S. C., 1817–18; as Battalion

(SECOND LIEUT., CORPS OF ARTILLERY, MAR. 20, 1818)

Quartermaster of Artillery, 1818–20; on Florida Frontier, 1820–21; in

(FIRST LIEUT., CORPS OF ARTILLERY, MAY 23, 1820)

garrison at Savannah harbor, Ga., 1821–22, — Ft. Moultrie, S. C., 1822–24,

(FIRST LIEUT., 4TH ARTILLERY, IN RE-ORGANIZATION OF ARMY, JUNE 1, 1821)

— Augusta, Ga., 1824, — Ft. Monroe, Va. (Artillery School for Practice), 1824–26, — and Ft. Marion, Fla., 1826–27 ; on Ordnance duty, Jan. 31, 1827, to Jan. 1, 1833 ; in garrison at Ft. Monroe, Va., 1833 ; in Oper-

(BVT. CAPTAIN, MAY 23, 1830, FOR FAITHFUL SERVICE TEN YEARS IN ONE GRADE)

(CAPTAIN, 4TH ARTILLERY, MAY 30, 1832)

ations in Creek Nation, 1833–34 ; in garrison at Ft. Macon, N. C., 1834, — and Ft. Monroe, Va., 1834–36 ; in Operations in Creek Nation, 1836 ; in the Florida War, 1836–38, being engaged against the Seminole Indians

(CAPT., STAFF — ASST. QUARTERMASTER, JULY 7, 1838, TO APR. 11, 1839)

in the Combat of Locha-Hatchee, Jan. 24, 1838 ; in the Cherokee Nation, 1838, while transferring the Indians to the West ; in the Florida War, 1838–39 ; at the Camp of Instruction, near Trenton, N. J., 1839 ; on the Northern Frontier, during Canada Border disturbances, at Dearbornville, Mich., 1839–40, — Detroit, Mich., 1840–41, — and Buffalo, N. Y., 1841–42; in garrison at Ft. McHenry, Md., 1842, — and Carlisle Barracks, Pa., 1842–46 ; in the War with Mexico, 1846–48, with Brig.-General Wool's

(MAJOR, 3D ARTILLERY, FEB. 16, 1847)

column on the march from San Antonio, Tex., to Saltillo, Mex., 1846–47, — in command of battery in the Battle of Buena Vista, Feb. 22–23, 1847,

(BVT. LIEUT.-COL., FEB. 23, 1847, FOR GALLANT AND MERITORIOUS CONDUCT IN THE BATTLE OF BUENA VISTA, MEX.)

— as Acting Governor of Saltillo, Mex., June 24 to Dec. 14, 1847, — and Chief of Artillery of Brig.-General Wool's Division, Mar. 12 to Dec. 9, 1847, and of the "Army of Occupation," Dec. 9 to May 30, 1848 ; in command of Expedition to Santa Fé, N. M., 1848 ; as Civil and Military Governor of New Mexico, Oct., 1848, to Oct. 23, 1849 ; in garrison at Ft. Constitution, N. H., 1850–52 ; and on voyage to California, 1853, in the Steamer San Francisco, from which he was washed overboard, Dec. 24, 1853, during a violent storm, by a heavy sea, which swept off four officers, 180 soldiers of the 3d Artillery, with several others, all of whom, save two, perished with him.

DROWNED, DEC. 24, 1853, IN THE GULF STREAM, OFF THE CAPES OF THE DELAWARE.

179....(Born Va.)...**AMBROSE MADISON**.....(Ap'd Va.)

Military History. — Cadet of the Military Academy, July 9, 1816, to July 17, 1817, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

SECOND LIEUT., MARINES, JULY 17, 1817.

Naval History. — Served at the Marine Barracks, Washington, D. C., 1817–18.

RESIGNED, JULY 21, 1818.

Civil History. — Counselor at Law, Orange Court House, Va., 1820 to 18—. Member of the House of Delegates of the State of Virginia, 18— to 18—.

DIED, 18—.

CLASS OF 1818.

180..(Born N. Y.)..**RICHARD DELAFIELD**.....(Ap'd N. Y.)..**1**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, May 10, 1814, to July 24, 1818, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

SECOND LIEUT., CORPS OF ENGINEERS, JULY 24, 1818.

Served : as Astronomical and Topographical Draughtsman to the American Commission, under the Treaty of Ghent, for running the Northern Boundary of the United States, 1818 ; as Assistant Engineer

(FIRST LIEUT., CORPS OF ENGINEERS, AUG. 29, 1820)

in the construction of the defenses of Hampton Roads, Va., 1819–24 ; as Superintending Engineer of the Fortifications at Plaquemine Bend of the Mississippi River, 1824–1832 ; in charge of Survey of the mouths of the

(CAPTAIN, CORPS OF ENGINEERS, MAY 24, 1828)

Mississippi, 1829 ; as Engineer of the New Orleans Canal and Banking Company, 1831–32 ; in general supervision of Improvement of Ohio and Mississippi Rivers, 1831–32 ; as Superintending Engineer of the Cumberland Road east of the Ohio, — of the construction of Ft. Delaware, Del., — repairs of Ft. Mifflin, Pa., — and of the Improvement of Harbors in Delaware River, and of the Breakwater at the Mouth of Delaware Bay, 1832–38 ; as Superintendent of the U. S. Military Academy, Sep. 1, 1838,

(MAJOR, CORPS OF ENGINEERS, JULY 7, 1838)

to Aug. 15, 1845 ; as Superintending Engineer of the defenses of New York harbor, 1846–55, — and of Hudson River Improvement, 1852–55 ; as Lighthouse Engineer of the New York District, 1853 ; as Chief Engineer of the Department of Texas, Aug. 4, 1853, to Mar. 31, 1854 ; as Member of the Board of Engineers for the Atlantic Coast Defenses of the United States, Sep. 8, 1845, to Apr. 2, 1855, and for Harbor and River Improvements, Sep. 2, 1854, to Nov. 20, 1855, — of Board for the Armament of Fortifications, Nov. 4, 1854, to Apr. 2, 1855, — and of Military Commission to the Crimea and theatre of war in Europe, 1855–56, his observations, entitled "Report on the Art of War in Europe, in 1854, 1855, and 1856," being published by order of Congress, in 1860 ; as Superintendent of the U. S. Military Academy, Sep. 8, 1856, to Mar. 1, 1861,* with the rank of Colonel (*ex officio*) from June 12, 1858 ; and as President of the Board to revise the Programme of Instruction at the Military Academy, Jan. 12 to Apr. 24, 1860.

Served during the Rebellion of the Seceding States, 1861–66 : on the Staff of Gov. Morgan, to re-organize and equip the New York State forces for the field, and to supply ordnance stores for the Atlantic and Lake

(LIEUT.-COLONEL, CORPS OF ENGINEERS, AUG. 6, 1861)

Defenses, 1861–63 ; as Superintending Engineer of the defenses at the Narrows entrance to New York harbor, July 5, 1861, to May 19, 1864, — of the Fortifications at Governor's Island, N. Y., July 5, 1861, to Jan., 1863, — and of Fort at Sandy Hook, N. J., Nov. 12, 1861, to Mar. 19,

(COLONEL, CORPS OF ENGINEERS, JUNE 1, 1863)

1864 ; as Member of Commission to examine Stevens' submerging iron Steam Battery, 1862 ; in command of the Corps of Engineers, and in

(BRIG.-GENERAL, AND CHIEF OF ENGINEERS OF THE U. S. ARMY, APR. 22, 1864)

charge of the Engineer Bureau at Washington, D. C., May 18, 1864, to Aug. 8, 1866 ; as Inspector (*ex officio*) of the Military Academy, Apr. 22, 1864, to July 30, 1866 ; as Member of a Commission on Encroachments of the Ocean at Sandy Hook, N. J., Feb. 20, 1864, to June 30, 1867, —

(BVT. MAJ.-GENERAL, U. S. ARMY, MAR. 13, 1865, FOR FAITHFUL, MERITORIOUS, AND DISTINGUISHED SERVICES IN THE ENGINEER DEPARTMENT DURING THE REBELLION)

and of the Lighthouse Board, July 11, 1864, to Feb. 20, 1870.

RETIRED FROM ACTIVE SERVICE, AUG. 8, 1866, UNDER THE LAW OF JULY 17, 1862, "HAVING BEEN BORNE ON THE ARMY REGISTER OVER 45 YEARS."

Civil History. — Member of Commission for the Improvement of the Harbor of Boston, Mas., July 15, 1864, to Aug. 8, 1866. Regent of the Smithsonian Institution at Washington, D. C., Feb. 14, 1865, to Jan. 26, 1871.

DIED, NOV. 5, 1873, AT WASHINGTON, D. C.: AGED 75.

* Colonel Delafield was relieved of the Superintendency of the Military Academy, Jan. 23, 1861, but resumed the command, Jan. 28, 1861.

BIOGRAPHICAL SKETCH.

BVT. MAJOR-GENERAL RICHARD DELAFIELD was born Sep. 1, 1798, in New York city, and died, Nov. 5, 1873, at Washington, D. C., after a long and useful life of seventy-five years. His father was an Englishman, who emigrated to this country at the close of the American Revolution, and left a large, excellent, and intelligent family. Three of the sons, who were men of note in various spheres, survived Richard, died almost simultaneously, and were borne together to a common grave.

After thorough preparatory training, Richard Delafield entered the Military Academy, May 10, 1814, and was graduated, July 24, 1818, at the head of his class, he being the first Cadet to whom a standing according to merit had been assigned. Since that day, class rank has been one of the distinguishing features of the Military Academy, and has given a stimulus to exertion beyond all other appliances to attain the goal of excellence.

Upon graduation, Delafield was promoted to be a Second Lieutenant in the Corps of Engineers, and soon after was attached as Astronomical and Topographical Draughtsman to the American Commission, organized under the Treaty of Ghent, to establish the Northern Boundary of the United States. After the completion of his duties, in 1819, with the Boundary Commission, he next served for five years as Assistant Engineer in the construction of Forts Monroe and Calhoun, the works designed for the defense of Hampton Roads and the water approach to Norfolk, Va. This was an admirable school to teach the young lieutenant the difficulty of making foundations in an open sea at the Rip Raps, and at Old Point Comfort to exhibit fortifications on their largest scale in the United States, and with the distinguishing features of European fortresses. The latter work had been designed by General Bernard, the eminent French engineer, who had been educated in a country surrounded by powerful nations ever ready for war, unlike our own, beyond seas with none to molest or make us afraid of prolonged sieges. The inappropriateness of Ft. Monroe to our necessities and to the character of our people was not lost upon the young lieutenant, who, while imbibing there the principles of the engineering art, did not become a convert to exaggerated ideas of coast defense exhibited in the plans of the foreign member of the first Board of Engineers. While at Hampton Roads, as assistant to Colonel Gratiot, subsequently Chief Engineer of the Army, Delafield was promoted, Aug. 29, 1820, to be a First Lieutenant in the Corps of Engineers.

His next field of duty, till 1832, was upon the Mississippi River, in superintending the defenses of Plaquemine Bend, the surveys of the Delta, and the general charge of the improvement of the Mississippi and the Ohio rivers, all of which were works of a very difficult character; but the young engineer successfully grappled with the trembling foundations in the Louisiana swamps, and with the swollen floods of the Father of Waters.

For the next six years he was the superintending engineer of the construction of the Cumberland Road east of the Ohio River, a national highway, then being prosecuted by the General Government. At the same

time he was engaged in the building and repairs of the fortifications and harbors of Delaware River and Bay, including the great breakwater at the mouth of the latter. During this tour of duty he was promoted, May 14, 1828, to be a Captain ; and July 7, 1838, a Major of the Corps of Engineers.

Having exhibited conspicuous executive abilities, Major Delafield was selected to succeed Bvt. Lieut.-Colonel De Russy, Sep. 1, 1838, in the Superintendency of the U. S. Military Academy. With his accustomed energy and industry, he at once set about surveying and establishing the boundaries of the public domain, ejecting all trespassers who had settled thereon ; constructing new roads, and laying out the beautiful "Chain Battery" walk, since such a romantic feature of West Point ; enlarging the Library with many scientific and military books ; making new acquisitions to the Drawing Department, and greatly improving the Chemical Laboratory. In a few years, with very restricted means, he added new quarters, contributing much to the comfort of both officers and men. Under special appropriations he erected a new Artillery Laboratory, and the spacious and beautiful Observatory, with its ample halls for philosophical apparatus, lecture and recitation rooms, three elevated towers for the transit instrument, equatorial telescope, and mural circle, and in its eastern wing accommodations for the fine Library of the Academy, containing over 20,000 volumes. But by far the most important addition made during Major Delafield's administration was, under the authority of Secretary Poinsett, the introduction of horses for the Artillery and Cavalry instruction of Cadets. This timely addition, since 1839, has infused new life into the Light Artillery and Cavalry arms of service. Not only have these equestrian exercises given health as well as instruction to Cadets, but every battlefield proclaims their inestimable value. Major Delafield carried out many other salutary reforms, improved the discipline of the institution, and materially increased its reputation both at home and abroad. Major Delafield, however, was not a popular superintendent. The young are ever restive under restraint, and even the elder members of his command, while freely admitting his superior administrative abilities, did not take kindly to the iron rule of his arbitrary will.

Upon being relieved, Aug. 15, 1845, from the Military Academy, he became, for the next ten years, the superintending engineer of the fortifications of New York harbor, particularly of the defenses of the Narrows, where, on the Staten Island side, he built Fort Richmond (now Wadsworth), one of the finest works on the Atlantic Coast. During this same period he was one of the Board of Engineers. As a member of this board, in 1851, he, with other officers of rank and long experience, was requested to submit his views to the House of Representatives upon the questions : "How far the invention and extension of railroads had superseded or diminished the necessity of fortifications on the seaboard ;" "In what manner, or to what extent, the navigation of the ocean by steamers, and particularly the application of steam to vessels of war, and recent improvements in artillery and other military inventions and discoveries, affect the question ;" and "How far vessels of war, steam batteries, ordinary merchant ships and steamers, and other temporary expedients, can be relied upon as substitutes for permanent fortifications for the defense of large seaports." Major Delafield's reply ably defended the existing system of seacoast defenses, and in some forcible remarks predicted the important part which submarine warfare by torpedoes was destined to assume in future conflicts.

From 1852 to 1855, Major Delafield had charge of the Hudson River improvement ; in 1853, was the Lighthouse Engineer of the New York district ; in 1853–54, performed the duties of Chief Engineer of the De-

partment of Texas; and, in 1854–55, was a member of the Board for Harbor and River Improvements, and also of the Board for the Armament of Fortifications.

During the Crimean War, in 1855–56, acting under the orders of the Secretary of War, Major Delafield, with Major Mordecai and Captain (subsequently Maj.-General) George B. McClellan, as a Commission, proceeded to the theatre of war in Europe to obtain information in regard to the military service in general, and the changes which had been made in modern warfare. Delafield prepared an elaborate report, with numerous maps and illustrations, giving an account of the siege operations at Sebastopol; descriptions of several great modern fortifications of Continental Europe; detailed statements of the many improvements in the engineer, artillery, and administrative branches of the military service; and the various changes necessitated by the introduction of steam and armor plating in naval warfare. This report, which made a large quarto volume, was published by order of Congress. Though somewhat of a compilation, it contained a mass of valuable matter, showed untiring industry, exhibited his exhaustive mastery of details, and evinced a comprehensive view of the great principles of war. In transmitting his report to the Government, he took occasion to expose the popular fallacy that the art of war had been materially modified since the French Revolution, and that new principles had been introduced in the construction of the Russian land and sea forts, and new modes of attack adopted by the Allies in reducing them. He says: "On examination, this change will be found mainly in the increased magnitude of the engines of war, and the perfection to which they have been brought by the increasing application of talent and skill to their improvement, accomplished by the accuracy and rapidity of workmanship, by the machinery of the arsenals of the present day, and that few new principles have been introduced with much success in the late contest" in the Crimea.

Major Delafield was re-appointed, Sep. 8, 1856, Superintendent of the U. S. Military Academy, a position which, except for five days, he continued to hold till Mar. 1, 1861, when he was relieved at his own request. During this second tour of duty at West Point, he completed the gas-works for lighting the public buildings; restored Fort Clinton, a relic of the Revolution; built additional accommodations for the officers at the Academy; was President of a Board to revise the Programme of Instruction at the institution; and in various ways demonstrated the same energy and ability he had previously shown in this command. In the period of nearly twelve years of his Superintendency of the Military Academy its reputation as a disciplinary and educational establishment continued to advance in popular estimation, and amply proved its value during the Civil War, which immediately followed his last tour of duty at West Point.

Soon after his retirement from the Military Academy he was placed upon the staff of the Governor of the State of New York, to whom he rendered important and valuable assistance in organizing and equipping the state forces for the field, and in supplying ordnance stores for the defenses of her lake and sea coasts. In addition to his duties on the staff of Governor Morgan, he had charge of the fortifications of New York harbor, and was a member of various boards called into existence by the exigencies of our great civil conflict. In these varied duties his long experience, excellent judgment, and professional familiarity with the duties of an engineer inspired great confidence, and most materially aided both the state and general governments. While thus engaged he was promoted, Aug. 6, 1861, to be Lieut.-Colonel, and June 1, 1863, to be Colonel in the Corps of Engineers.

Upon the death of General Totten, Colonel Delafield was appointed

Chief of Engineers of the Army, with the rank of Brigadier-General, to rank from Apr. 22, 1864. He continued in command of the Corps of Engineers, performing at his headquarters at Washington the arduous, varied, and responsible duties of his position, till Aug. 8, 1866, when he was retired from active service under the Law of July 17, 1862, "having been borne on the Army Register over forty-five years." During this period he was also Inspector (*ex officio*) of the Military Academy; member of a Commission on Encroachments of the Ocean at Sandy Hook, N. J.; one of the U. S. Lighthouse Board; Regent of the Smithsonian Institution at Washington, D. C.; and Member of the Commission for the Improvement of the Harbor of Boston, Mas.

For his "faithful, meritorious, and distinguished services in the Engineer Department during the Rebellion," he was brevetted, March 13, 1865, a Major-General in the United States Army.

Upon his retirement he spent his summers in New York city, and his winters in Washington, where he died, Nov. 5, 1873, at the ripe age of seventy-five years, over two thirds of which he had spent in the military service.

The following obituary order, issued Nov. 6, 1873, from the War Department, shows the Government's appreciation of this valued veteran, who had given the most of a long life to her service, and who had died with a reputation adding distinction to the important branch of the Army to which he belonged: —

"The Secretary of War is pained to announce to the Army the death of Brigadier-General Richard Delafield, (retired) Bvt. Major-General, U. S. Army, and formerly Chief of the Corps of Engineers, which occurred at Washington, D. C., Nov. 5, 1873.

"General Delafield's active services in the Army covered a period of forty-eight years. He graduated at the Military Academy, July 24, 1818, with the highest honors of his class, and was appointed to the Corps of Engineers. From that time until his retirement, Aug. 8, 1866, he was continuously engaged upon the duties of his Corps.

"In the construction of fortifications, his skill and careful attention to detail may be seen in the works for the defense of Hampton Roads, Va., New Orleans, Philadelphia, and New York city.

"As a member of the Board of Engineers for Fortifications, his counsels evinced a sound judgment, and a mind well stored with precedents.

"In various surveys and works for the improvement of communications, navigation, and facilities for commerce, his field of labors extended from our northern boundaries to the Gulf coast.

"He was twice the Superintendent of the Military Academy at West Point, serving in that office a period of nearly twelve years. In that capacity he assisted materially in the enforcement and improvement of the system of discipline and instruction which has raised that institution to its present high reputation.

"As a member of the Commission sent by his Government to Europe during the Crimean war; of the Lighthouse Board; of the Board of Regents of the Smithsonian Institution; and of various other Commissions, he brought to the discharge of his duties the same intelligent counsel, zealous spirit, and efficient service; always betraying a strong characteristic of his mind, — the desire to thoroughly elucidate every point of the subject before him.

"General Delafield rose steadily through all the successive grades of his Corps to that of Brigadier-General and Chief of Engineers, and received the brevet of Major-General in the Army for his 'faithful, meritorious, and distinguished service in the Engineer Department during the Rebellion.'

"As a tribute to his memory, the officers of the Corps of Engineers will

wear the usual badge of mourning for thirty days ; and the day after the receipt of this order, at West Point and Willet's Point, N. Y. (an Engineer depot established by him), thirteen minute-guns will be fired, beginning at noon, the national flag being displayed at half-staff during that time."

181..(Born Ct.).....**ANDREW TALCOTT**.....(Ap'd Ct.)..**2**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, Apr. 9, 1815, to July 24, 1818, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., CORPS OF ENGINEERS, JULY 24, 1818.

Served : as Asst. Engineer in the construction of fort at Rouse's Point, outlet of Lake Champlain, N. Y., 1818–19 ; as Engineer and Aide-de-

(SECOND LIEUT., CORPS OF ENGINEERS, AUG. 14, 1818)

Camp on the staff of Bvt. Brig.-General Atkinson, on the Expedition to establish posts on the Upper Missouri and Yellowstone rivers, Nov. 1, 1820, to Apr. 30, 1821 ; as Asst. Engineer in the construction of the

(FIRST LIEUT., CORPS OF ENGINEERS, OCT. 1, 1820)

defenses of Hampton Roads, Va., 1821–24 ; as Superintending Engineer of operations preliminary to fortifying Brenton's Point (site of Ft. Adams), R. I., and New Utrecht Point (site of Ft. Hamilton), N. Y., 1824–25, — of construction of Ft. Delaware, Del., 1825–26, — of Dismal Swamp Canal, 1826–28, — and of Ft. Monroe, 1828–34, and Ft. Calhoun,

(BVT. CAPTAIN, OCT. 1, 1830, FOR FAITHFUL SERVICE TEN YEARS IN ONE GRADE)

1828–35, Hampton Roads, Va. ; as Astronomer for the determination of

(CAPTAIN, CORPS OF ENGINEERS, DEC. 22, 1830)

the Boundary Line between the States of Ohio and Michigan, Dec. 1, 1832, to May 30, 1836 ; and as Superintending Engineer of the Improvement of the Hudson River, N. Y., 1834–36.

RESIGNED, SEP. 21, 1836.

Civil History. — Adjunct Chief Engineer of the New York and Erie Railroad, and in charge of its Western Division, June 21, 1836, to Apr. 30, 1837. Superintendent of the Improvement of the Delta of the Mississippi River, Apr. 20, 1837, to Feb. 28, 1839. Member of the Commission for the exploration and survey of the Northeast Boundary of the United States, July 26, 1840, to Feb. 28, 1843, — and of Naval Officers and Engineers, for Examining Portsmouth and Pensacola Navy Yards, and projecting Stone and Floating Docks therefor, July, 1844, to Mar. 4, 1845. Chief Engineer of Richmond and Danville Railroad, Va., Jan. 11, 1848, to July 31, 1855. Astronomer and Surveyor for the demarcation of the Northern Boundary of the State of Iowa, Feb. 16, 1852, to June 27, 1853. Superintendent of Repairs of U. S. Mint, at Philadelphia, Pa., May 26, 1855, to May 8, 1856. Chief Engineer of the Ohio and Mississippi Railroad from Cincinnati, O., to St. Louis, Mo., May 1, 1856, to Nov. 30, 1857, — and of the Mexico and Pacific Railroad, from Vera Crùz, Mex., through the City of Mexico to the Pacific Ocean, Dec. 1, 1857, to Apr. 1, 1859, and Jan., 1862, to Mar., 1867. Manager of the Sonora Exploring and Mining Company in Arizona, Apr.–Dec., 1860.

DIED, APR. 22, 1883, AT RICHMOND, VA. : AGED 86.

182..(Born Del.)....**S. STANHOPE SMITH**.....(Ap'd Del.)..**3**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, Mar., 1815, to July 24, 1818, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

SECOND LIEUT., CORPS OF ARTILLERY, JULY 24, 1818.

Served: at the Military Academy, 1818–28, as Asst. Professor of Mathe-
(FIRST LIEUT., CORPS OF ARTILLERY, NOV. 30, 1820)
matics, Aug. 30, 1818, to Oct. 31, 1821, — as Principal Asst. Professor of
(FIRST LIEUT., 1ST ARTILLERY, IN RE-ORGANIZATION OF ARMY, JUNE 1, 1821)
(TRANSFERRED TO 3D ARTILLERY, AUG. 16, 1821)
Mathematics, Oct. 31, 1821, to Sep. 1, 1823, — and as Principal Asst. Professor of Natural and Experimental Philosophy, Sep. 1, 1823, to Sep. 10, 1828.

DIED, SEP. 10, 1828, AT WILMINGTON, DEL.

183..(Born Vt.).....**HORACE WEBSTER**.....(Ap'd Vt.)..**4**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, Apr. 1, 1815, to July 24, 1818, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

SECOND LIEUT., 3D INFANTRY, JULY 24, 1818.

Served: at Military Academy, 1818–25, as Asst. Professor of Mathe-
(FIRST LIEUT., 3D INFANTRY, APR. 5, 1820)
matics, Aug. 30, 1818, to Sep. 1, 1823, — and as Principal Asst. Professor of Mathematics, Sep. 1, 1823, to Oct. 3, 1825.

RESIGNED, DEC. 31, 1825.

Civil History. — Professor of Mathematics and Natural Philosophy, Geneva College, N. Y., 1825–48. Principal of Free Academy, New York city, July 19, 1848, to Mar. 30, 1866, and of the College of the City of New York (to which name the Academy was changed by law) Mar. 30, 1866, to July 21, 1869; and Professor therein of Moral and Intellectual Philosophy, Oct. 15, 1851, to July 7, 1852, and of Moral, Intellectual, and Political Philosophy, July 7, 1852, to July 21, 1869, and Emeritus Professor, July 21, 1869, to July 12, 1871. Degree of A. M. conferred by Nassau Hall, Princeton, N. J., 1823; and of LL. D., by Kenyon College, Gambier, O., 1842, and by Columbia College, New York city, 1849; and of M. D., by the University of Pennsylvania, 1850.

DIED, JULY 12, 1871, AT GENEVA, N. Y.: AGED 77.

BIOGRAPHICAL SKETCH.

PROFESSOR HORACE WEBSTER was born, Sep. 21, 1794, at Hartford, Conn., and died, July 12, 1871, at Geneva, N. Y., at the age of 77. He became a Cadet in the Military Academy, April 1, 1815, and was graduated from that institution July 24, 1818, fourth in his class. His history and character are so feelingly presented in an obituary by Professor Charles Davies that we give it entire: —

"Reared among the hills of Vermont, he brought with him to the Military Academy the habits of early labor, the simplicity of country life, and the inspirations of beautiful and varied scenery. At West Point, in the bosom of the Highlands, exact military discipline, unremitted toils in the paths of science, and the conscientious discharge of every duty, developed the buddings and the pure tastes of early life into the ripened fruits of a noble manhood.

"The time spent at West Point in these disciplinary studies was the golden period of his life, for there were laid the foundations of those useful labors which were its crowning glory. His scholarship, his habits of study and order, his dignified and simple manners, and his great gift of imparting knowledge to others, were treasures too valuable to be lost to his Alma Mater; and on being graduated in July, 1818, he was appointed

Assistant Professor of Mathematics, which place he filled till September, 1823. During these five years he devoted himself assiduously to the acquisition of general knowledge, and especially to the science and art of teaching.

"In September, 1825, he was appointed Professor of Mathematics and Philosophy in Geneva, now Hobart College. Here he contributed his full share to the establishment of an admirable system of collegiate instruction. Here he taught many pupils who have since filled places of trust and honor, — and here his name, which is associated with the birth of the College, will be cherished through its whole life as one of its able founders and honored professors.

"In the year 1848, Dr. Webster was appointed principal of the Free Academy then being organized in the city of New York. This institution owes its existence mainly to the ability and indefatigable efforts of Townsend Harris, a liberal-minded merchant, who conceived the idea of extending the benefits of a liberal education to the laboring classes of the City of New York. He has lived long enough to realize his fondest hopes. His portrait, and the memory of what he has done, are among the precious treasures of the College; while his services to the country, as its representative abroad, have won for him an enduring fame.

"The Free Academy was placed under the care of a Board of Trustees elected by the people, and all its pupils were taken from the common schools of the city. To this Board, Dr. Webster had to submit such plans of organization as would receive approval, and such also as would be most likely to stand the tests of public scrutiny. During his entire administration, from 1848 to 1869, when he retired from the Presidency and accepted the place of Emeritus Professor, Dr. Webster was in harmony and pleasant relations with the Board of Trustees, the Faculty, and the Pupils. The Board of Trustees approved his plans because they were wise. The Faculty upheld his government because it was just; and the pupils obeyed, respected, and loved him because their interests were the aim and study of his life.

"Under his able administration the institution grew and developed so rapidly, that it soon became the pride of the City and State; and is now known under the imposing name of 'The College of the City of New York.' Few men have left behind them a nobler record. He had a great work assigned him, and lived long enough to perfect it. In the Military Academy, on the banks of the Hudson, in the College of the City of New York, and in Hobart College, at Geneva, where the evening of his life drew to its final close, he will be long remembered as an able educator. His academic life was marked by a love of knowledge which grew and strengthened with his years; by habits of study early formed and long continued; by a firm and gentle manner, which commanded obedience and won regard; by a sense of justice, never weakened by fickleness or passion; and by a punctuality in the discharge of every duty, which was an admonition to the heedless, an encouragement to the orderly, and a beautiful example to all.

"Perhaps the marked characteristic of Dr. Webster was the exact balance and beautiful harmony of all his faculties. His mind was clear and discriminating, and the logic applicable exclusively to one class of subjects he did not apply to another. His science and his faith ran in parallels, and hence never conflicted with each other. He found the axioms of the one in the outer sense, and those of the other in the inner soul. On the first he constructed the laws applicable to all that concerns the present life; and on the other, a living faith embracing all that relates to the world to come. Hence there was no conflict of ideas, for he saw clearly that both would meet each other and harmonize in the Infinite.

"Dr. Webster, in the common acceptation of the term, was not an au-

thor. He wrote, it is true, but little on the perishable leaves which record the thoughts of men, but he wrote much on the hearts and minds of his generation ; and thousands who have listened to his teachings will read there, through their whole lives, and with emotions of the deepest gratitude, his many lessons of wisdom and instruction."

184..(Born D. C.)....**SAMUEL RINGGOLD**.....(Ap'd Md.)..**5**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, Dec. 18, 1814, to July 24, 1818, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

SECOND LIEUT., CORPS OF ARTILLERY, JULY 24, 1818.

Served : in garrison at Ft. Mifflin, Pa., 1818 ; as acting Aide-de-Camp to Bvt. Maj.-General Scott, Dec., 1818, to July 2, 1821 ; on Topographi-

(SECOND LIEUT., 2D ARTILLERY, IN RE-ORGANIZATION OF ARMY, JUNE 1, 1821)

(TRANSFERRED TO 3D ARTILLERY, AUG. 16, 1821)

cal duty, July 2 to Dec. 14, 1821 ; as Aide-de-Camp to Bvt. Maj.-General

(FIRST LIEUT., 3D ARTILLERY, MAY 8, 1822)

Scott, Dec. 14, 1821, to July 12, 1823 ; in garrison at Ft. Severn, Md., 1824, — Ft. Monroe, Va. (Artillery School for Practice), 1824–26 ; on Ordnance duty, April 14, 1826, to Dec. 23, 1830, and Mar. 31 to Oct. 31,

(BVT. CAPTAIN, MAY 8, 1832, FOR FAITHFUL SERVICE TEN YEARS IN ONE GRADE)

1831 ; in garrison at Ft. Macon, N. C., 1832–35 ; on Ordnance duty, Jan. 14, 1835, to Aug. 29, 1836 ; in Florida War, 1836–37 ; in garrison at

(CAPTAIN, 3D ARTILLERY, AUG. 31, 1836)

Carlisle Barracks, Pa., 1838–39 ; at the Camp of Instruction near Tren-

(BVT. MAJOR, FEB. 15, 1838, FOR MERITORIOUS CONDUCT IN ACTIVITY AND EFFICIENCY IN THE WAR AGAINST THE FLORIDA INDIANS)

ton, N. J., 1839 ; in garrison at Ft. McHenry, Md., 1834–43 ; on detached service at West Point, N. Y., June 17 to Oct., 1843 ; in garrison at Ft. McHenry, Md., 1843–45 ; with the "Army of Occupation" in Texas, 1845–46 ; in the War with Mexico, 1846, being engaged in the Battle of Palo Alto, Tex., May 8, 1846, where he was mortally wounded while gallantly directing the fire of the battery of horse artillery under his command.

DIED OF WOUNDS, MAY 11, 1846, AT POINT ISABEL, TEX. : AGED 46.

185..(Born N. J.).....**HARVEY BROWN**.....(Ap'd N. J.)..**6**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, Oct. 24, 1814, to July 24, 1818, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

SECOND LIEUT., LIGHT ARTILLERY, JULY 24, 1818.

Served : in garrison at Boston, Mas., and New London, Ct., 1818–21 ; on Commissary duty at St. Augustine, Fla., 1821–24 ; as Aide-de-Camp

(SECOND LIEUT., 1ST ARTILLERY, IN RE-ORGANIZATION OF ARMY, JUNE 1, 1821)

(TRANSFERRED TO 4TH ARTILLERY, AUG. 16, 1821)

(FIRST LIEUT., 4TH ARTILLERY, AUG. 23, 1821)

to Major-General Brown, Oct. 21, 1824, to July, 1825 ; on Commissary duty at St. Augustine, Fla., 1825–26 ; as Asst. Quartermaster, 1826–29 ;

(ASST. QUARTERMASTER, MAY 19, 1826, TO FEB. 25, 1829)

in garrison at Ft. Columbus, N. Y., 1829, — Ft. Delaware, Del., 1829–31,

— New Castle, Del., 1831, — Ft. Columbus, N. Y., 1831, — and Ft. Ham-
(BVT. CAPTAIN, AUG. 23, 1831, FOR FAITHFUL SERVICE TEN YEARS IN ONE GRADE)
ilton, N. Y., 1831–32; on "Black Hawk Expedition," 1832, but not at seat of war; in garrison at Ft. Columbus, N. Y., 1832–34, — Ft. Hamilton, N. Y., 1834, — Ft. Columbus, N. Y., 1834–35, — and Ft. Hamilton,
(CAPTAIN, 4TH ARTILLERY, APR. 10, 1835)
N. Y., 1835–36; in Operations in Creek Nation, 1836; in the Florida War, 1836–38, as Lieut.-Colonel, Reg. Mounted Creek Volunteers, Sep. 1, 1836, to Sep. 18, 1837, being engaged against the Seminole Indians in the Battle of Wahoo Swamp, Nov. 21, 1836, — and on Quartermaster
(BVT. MAJOR, NOV. 21, 1836, FOR GALLANT CONDUCT ON SEVERAL OCCASIONS, AND GENERAL EFFICIENCY IN THE WAR AGAINST THE FLORIDA INDIANS)
duty at St. Augustine, Fla., 1837–38; in garrison at Ft. Columbus, N. Y., 1838; in the Florida War, 1838–39; at the Camp of Instruction near Trenton, N. J., 1839; on the Northern Frontier during Canada Border disturbances, at Ft. Mackinac, Mich., 1839–41, — Ft. Brady, Mich., 1841, and Buffalo, N. Y., 1841–42; on Recruiting service, 1842; in garrison at Ft. Monroe, Va., 1842–43, 1843–46; in the War with Mexico, 1846–48, as Major of Artillery Battalion of the "Army of Occupation," Aug. 10, 1846, to Mar. 1, 1847, being engaged in the Battle of Monterey, Sep. 21–23, 1846, — Siege of Vera Cruz, Mar. 9–29, 1847, — Battle of Cerro Gordo, Apr. 17–18, 1847, — Battle of Contreras, Aug. 19–20, 1847, —
(BVT. LIEUT.-COL., AUG. 20, 1847, FOR GALLANT AND MERITORIOUS CONDUCT IN THE BATTLE OF CONTRERAS, MEX.)
Battle of Molino del Rey (in reserve), Sep. 8, 1847, — and Assault and Capture of the City of Mexico, Sep. 13–14, 1847; on Recruiting service,
(BVT. COLONEL, SEP. 13, 1847, FOR GALLANT CONDUCT AT THE GATE OF BELEN, CITY OF MEXICO)
1848–49; in command of the General Depot of Recruits at Ft. Columbus, N. Y., 1849–51; as Superintendent of General Recruiting Service, at
(MAJOR, 2D ARTILLERY, JAN. 9, 1851)
Ft. Wood, N. Y., 1851–52; in Florida Hostilities against the Seminole Indians, 1852–53; in garrison at Ft. Monroe, Va., 1853; on Recruiting service, 1853–54; in Florida Hostilities against the Seminole Indians, 1854–56; in garrison at Ft. Hamilton, N. Y., 1856–57, — and Ft. Monroe, Va., 1857; in command of the Artillery School for Practice at Ft. Monroe, Va., Dec. 29, 1857, to Nov. 26, 1859; as Inspector of Artillery, Dec. 13, 1859, to Dec. 23, 1860; and in garrison at Ft. Monroe, Va. (Artillery School for Practice), 1860, — and Ft. Hamilton, N. Y., 1860–61.
Served during the Rebellion of the Seceding States, 1861–66: in command of U. S. troops in Washington, D. C., and at Ft. McHenry, Md., Jan. 6 to Apr. 4, 1861, — of Ft. Pickens, Fla., Apr. 16, 1861, to Feb. 25,
(LIEUT.-COLONEL, 4TH ARTILLERY, APR. 28, 1861)
(COLONEL, 5TH ARTILLERY, MAY 14, 1861)
1862, being engaged in the Repulse of the Rebel Attack on Santa Rosa Isl-
(BRIG.-GENERAL, U. S. VOLUNTEERS, SEP. 28, 1861: DECLINED)
and, Fla., Oct. 9, 1861, and the Bombardments of Ft. Pickens, Nov. 22–23,
(BVT. BRIG.-GENERAL, NOV. 23, 1861, FOR GALLANTRY AND GOOD CONDUCT DURING THE ENGAGEMENT OF NOV. 22 AND 23, 1861, BETWEEN FORT PICKENS AND THE REBEL BATTERIES)
1861, and Jan. 1, 1862, — of the defenses of New York harbor, Apr. 5, 1862, to Aug. 1, 1863, being Military Commander of the City of New

York, Jan. 15 to July 16, 1863, and employed in suppressing the Riots in that city, July 12–16, 1863, — and of Ft. Schuyler, at the eastern entrance to New York harbor, Aug. 1, 1863, to June 29, 1864; in waiting orders,

(RETIRED FROM ACTIVE SERVICE, AUG. 1, 1863, UNDER THE LAW OF JULY 17, 1862, "HAVING BEEN BORNE ON THE ARMY REGISTER MORE THAN 45 YEARS")

June 29, 1864, to Nov. 9, 1866; and as Superintendent of Recruiting

(BVT. MAJ.-GENERAL, U. S. ARMY, AUG. 2, 1866, FOR DISTINGUISHED SERVICES IN THE SUPPRESSION OF THE RIOTS IN NEW YORK CITY)

service for 42d Infantry, Nov. 9, 1866, to Apr. 5, 1867.

DIED, MAR. 31, 1874, AT CLIFTON, STATEN ISLAND, N. Y.: AGED 78.

BIOGRAPHICAL SKETCH.

BREVET MAJOR-GENERAL HARVEY BROWN was born, 1796, in Bridgetown, now forming part of the town of Rahway, N. J.; and died Mar. 31, 1874, at Clifton, Staten Island, N. Y., at the advanced age of seventy-eight years.

He entered the U. S. Military Academy, Oct. 24, 1814, and was graduated therefrom July 24, 1818, when he was promoted to be a Second Lieutenant of Light Artillery. On the re-organization of the Army, in 1821, he was transferred, Aug. 14, 1821, to the Fourth Regiment of Artillery, in which he continued through the successive grades till Jan. 9, 1851, when he became Major of the Second Artillery.

Besides performing the ordinary garrison duties of an Artillery officer, he served as Aide-de-Camp to the General-in-Chief, Major-General Brown, 1824–25; as Assistant Quartermaster, 1826–29; on the "Black Hawk Expedition," 1832; in the Florida War, 1836–39, being engaged, as Lieut.-Colonel of the Regiment of Mounted Creek Volunteers, in the sharp action of Wahoo Swamp, Nov. 21, 1836, receiving for his gallant conduct the brevet of Major; and on the Canada border, in the "Patriot War," 1839–42.

"On the outbreak, in 1846, of the War with Mexico," says Gen. Henry J. Hunt, "Major Brown was ordered, soon after the battles of Palo Alto and Resaca-de-la-Palma, to the Rio Grande, and assigned as Major to the Artillery Battalion, serving as Infantry. With this command he was engaged in the Battle of Monterey, and was mentioned in the official report as distinguished by his gallantry and good conduct on the 21st, 22d, and 23d days of September.

"A few months after the Battle of Monterey, he was transferred to the southern line of operations under General Scott, for duty with his regiment, and took part with it in the Siege of Vera Cruz, and in the Battle of Cerro Gordo. In the latter battle, aside from his regimental duties, his services in reconnoitring the enemy's positions, and in establishing our own batteries, were specially commended in the official reports.

"In the operations in the valley of Mexico, the Regiment was under the command of Major Gardner, Major Brown being second in command. It formed part of Riley's Brigade which, in the Battle of Contreras, was the leading brigade, and led the column that turned that strong position, gained its rear, and on the morning of the 20th of August, stormed the enemy's batteries and lines, defended by an immensely superior force, and carried them with the bayonet, after a desperate contest of only twenty minutes. The Regiment highly distinguished itself in the assault, and had the great satisfaction of recapturing here two of its guns — O'Brien's section — which had been lost, with honor equal to that which recovered them, at Buena Vista, in the preceding February. General Scott, immediately after, came upon the field of battle, and there, in

person, publicly and warmly thanked the Regiment for its gallantry and good service. In the official reports of Colonel Riley, commanding the Brigade, Major Brown's name is presented, with that of the regimental commander, as amongst the 'most distinguished,' and the Commanding General in this operation (Persifor Smith), says in his report, 'Majors Gardner and Brown, Fourth Artillery, at the head of their Regiment, setting an example by their own courage, carried the part of the work before them, and Captain Drum had the good fortune to secure the trophies of Buena Vista.' Major Gardner in his report says, 'The services of Bvt. Major Brown, my acting field officer, always efficient, were on this occasion worthy of special note. In command of the right wing, he skillfully guided it through obstacles presented by the broken ground, maintained it in good order, under the flank and rear fire of the enemy's cavalry below the hill, infused in the men the best spirit, and gallantly advanced upon the enemy's cannon and works. I take pleasure in commending him to your special notice.'

"For his services on this day, Major Brown was brevetted a Lieutenant-Colonel, and the further brevet of Colonel was bestowed upon him for gallant conduct at the gate of Belen, City of Mexico, on September 13th, the day of the assault of Chapultepec, and the capture of the city, and no higher praise can be bestowed than to say that his services gave his name a place amongst those of the most worthy of that little army of between 10,000 and 11,000 men, which undertook and accomplished the capture of a capital city of 180,000 inhabitants, a naturally strong position, protected by extensive works, and, besides its population, defended by an army of 35,000 men, thus forcing a peace on a nation of 8,000,000. He carried off as large a portion of the honors as fell to the lot of any one person, and although circumstances placed him in that most difficult of all positions for distinction, a second in command, he gained, step by step, in successive battles, the highest rank to which a regimental officer may be promoted by seniority, and thus earned in advance, on the field of battle, all the grades, from Captain up, to which he afterwards attained in the line.

"After the Mexican War, in 1851, he was promoted to the Majority of the Second Regiment of Artillery, and was again employed in Florida, in 1854–56, against the Seminole Indians, who had recommenced hostilities, which were only ended by the removal of the tribe to the Indian country west of Arkansas.

"In 1857 a central School for the Artillery was established at Ft. Monroe, Va., and he was selected to organize and command it. The Artillery had been almost without professional instruction from the breaking up in 1832 — the year of the Black Hawk War — of the School established at the same post in 1824 by Mr. Calhoun, then Secretary of War. Colonel Brown brought to this duty all the well known energy, zeal, and industry of his character, and continued to direct it until the end of 1860. In the last year of this service he was, in addition to his other duties, appointed Inspector of Artillery, and at intervals made frequent inspections of Artillery posts, and examinations of officers and men in their specialties, directing the course of instruction to be followed at the posts, as well as at the central School, and bringing them into harmony with each other. The task was a difficult one, and from its very nature required time to produce much effect of a practically useful character; yet with all the discouraging circumstances connected with it he was successful, even in this short period, to such a degree that the benefits of his instruction were felt throughout the war, and he had the special good fortune to demonstrate at Ft. Pickens the advantages he had thus secured to the service, and to profit by them in his own operations.

"In the beginning of January, 1861, Secession had taken form and sub-

stance, and it was deemed necessary to garrison the threatened Capital of the country. Colonel Brown was placed in command of the troops in Washington and Ft. McHenry, and after the new administration was securely installed, in the first days of April, proceeded to Ft. Hamilton to take command of a secret expedition fitting out in New York. On April 6th he sailed with sealed orders, which, upon being opened at sea, directed him to proceed with his command, two light batteries and several companies of infantry, to Ft. Pickens, Florida, — then threatened by a body of insurgents under General Bragg, — to throw his troops into the fort, and to 'hold and possess it' for the Government. Touching at Key West, and at the Tortugas, he reached Ft. Pickens on the 16th of April, and, debarking the troops on the southern shore of Santa Rosa Island, took command of the post, and immediately proceeded to complete its armament so far as the means furnished him would permit, and to prepare it for the attack to which there was every reason to believe it would soon be subjected.

"Actual hostilities had not as yet, so far as known to him, broken out anywhere. The mails still came through from the North by way of Pensacola, where they were opened, and all military information abstracted before being forwarded to Ft. Pickens. Other intercourse with the mainland was interrupted, and Colonel Brown pushed his work with great energy. After a time news reached the Fort of the fall of Ft. Sumter, of the disaster at Big Bethel, and of the events in Texas, by which all hold on that State was lost by the Government, and a large portion of our little army made prisoners in violation of previous engagement.

"Soon after this depressing news was received, a salute of eight guns fired from Ft. Barrancas, opposite Ft. Pickens, announced to the beleaguered garrison the accession of Virginia to the Southern Confederacy, and the consequent certainty that a long and desperate war was upon us. Large bodies of insurgents began to pour into Pensacola, Warrington, the Navy Yard, and the forts opposite, intended for the capture of Pickens, but it was too late. Colonel Brown had so far perfected his defenses that Bragg, a man of energy and daring, but of sound judgment, abstained from the attack to which he was being urged by the rebel authorities in Montgomery, and proceeded, with a vigor equaled only by that to which he was opposed, to multiply the means of attack.

"A regiment of New York Volunteers, Wilson's Zouaves, arrived about this time, as a reinforcement to Ft. Pickens, and was placed in camp less than a mile above, or to the east of the post, and near the southern shore of Santa Rosa Island. By this means the approaches to the new batteries outside the fort, then in process of construction, were covered from a landing opposite the Navy Yard, and these troops — not necessary for the service of the heavy guns in the work — protected from the effects of a bombardment, whilst their position on the southern shore placed them out of sight, if not out of reach, of the enemy's batteries.

"Soon after his arrival at Ft. Pickens, on the 28th of April, Colonel Brown was promoted by seniority to the Lieutenant-Colonelcy of his old regiment, the Fourth Artillery. In less than a month afterwards, on the 14th of May, the President, by a general order subsequently confirmed and legalized by Congress, created an additional Regiment of Artillery, the Fifth, and selected Lieut.-Colonel Brown as its Colonel, a well deserved compliment, an acknowledgment of his merits and services, and an act of justice which conferred upon him regimental rank of the same grade that he had won fairly, whilst still a Captain, at the gates of the City of Mexico, nearly fourteen years before.

"Colonel Brown now reaped the benefits of the instruction he had imparted to his young officers at the Artillery School in the preceding

years. They went at their work intelligently, and soon had all the batteries constructed and in working order, the engineering operations being under the direction of Major Tower of the Engineers. The interior of the work was prepared in a novel manner; the casemates, occupied as quarters, faced the enemy's batteries, and would be the most exposed to the fire. A large number of chasses of the old pattern were at the post. They were placed in front of the quarters, resting on the pavement and leaning against the wall, above the line of door copings, thus leaving a narrow triangular passageway in front of the quarters, the *ends* of which were left open for ingress and egress. Against the slope thus formed, sand, dug from the parade, was piled in large quantities, by which a double object was accomplished: the quarters were made shot-proof, and the great holes dug all over the parade gave effectual protection to the garrison from the enemy's shells, which would fall and burst in them. About the time these preparations approached completion, Mr. Russell, the well-known military correspondent of the 'London Times,' visited Ft. Pickens, and, acquainted as he was with the various means devised in the siege of Sebastopol as shelter from similar dangers, expressed his surprise at the effective protection secured by such simple means. Having obtained permission to do so under proper guarantees, Mr. Russell visited the Confederate camps, and found Mr. Jefferson Davis, his family, and a number of officials from Montgomery — the then rebel capital — at Warrington, near the Navy Yard, on a visit, the object being, as was understood, to ascertain why an attack had not been made, to order one, and to be present at the *victory* that was to follow it. There seems to have been on both sides, at the beginning of the War, the same intolerance of delays in commencing active operations; the same presumptuous assurance of the certain success which must, in the popular opinion, attach to the initiative; and the same disposition to find fault with commanders upon whom the responsibilities of such action must fall, and who had the moral courage to oppose their better knowledge and more experienced judgment to the ignorant impatience which urged them to premature action, at the cost of the lives intrusted to their care, and to the hazard of sacrificing the interests of the cause in which they were engaged. General Bragg soon convinced Mr. Davis — himself a soldier — that an attack would be a more serious thing than had been imagined by his less experienced advisers. It was reported that he said to Mr. Russell, in reference to the pressure brought to bear upon him, 'It is all very well to talk of attacking because of our superior numbers, but *I know who is opposed to me*, and an attack must not be lightly attempted, or defeat will be the certain result.'

"It was not until October that General Bragg considered it safe to make an attempt on the exterior batteries which had been constructed, and upon the Volunteer regiment encamped near them. A success in this undertaking, with the destruction of these outworks, or the disabling of their armaments, would have opened the way to a bombardment which might then have been concentrated on the fort, and at the same time greatly weakened our power of resistance. Besides the Forts — McRee on his extreme right, Barrancas in the centre, directly opposite Ft. Pickens, and a strong battery on his left near the Navy Yard, — there were no less than thirteen other batteries, containing from one to four guns each, distributed along the line, which was four miles in extent, and armed with heavy seacoast guns and mortars. The distance of these works from Ft. Pickens varied from 2,100 to 2,900 yards. Five small exterior batteries — Lincoln, Cameron, Totten, Scott, and one unnamed — had been constructed at favorable positions, near Ft. Pickens, armed and garrisoned by detachments of regular Artillery, and two companies from the Volunteer camp.

"Besides the patrols on land, Colonel Brown had organized a boat-patrol, which at night moving along the shores, and at times approaching the enemy's position at the Navy Yard, prevented a descent near the fort without a certainty of being discovered in time by the besieged.

"On the night of the 8th of October, an expedition consisting, as estimated, of from 1,200 to 1,500 men (about equal to the whole Union force) crossed the Bay above the Navy Yard, and, marching down the southern shore of Santa Rosa Island, attacked the Volunteer camp. The night was intensely dark, and the enemy was close up before being discovered. The picket and the guards sustained the brunt of the attack and behaved well, enabling the command to fall back on the nearest batteries, — Lincoln and Cameron, — one on the Bay, the other on the seashore, the men setting fire to their camp. Colonel Brown sent out Major Vogdes with two companies to their support, and, the firing soon becoming heavy, he sent Major Arnold with two additional companies from the fort, with orders to Colonel Wilson to attack also with his volunteers. Major Vogdes, who had pressed forward with ardor, soon found his command in the darkness intermingled with that of the enemy, was recognized by his voice, and taken prisoner. Captain Hildt, Third Infantry, on whom the command then devolved, disengaged the companies from their perilous position, opened a heavy fire on the enemy, and soon forced them to give way. Major Arnold at this moment came up with his reinforcements, pressed the pursuit, drove the enemy to his boats, and forced him to re-embark, continuing his fire, which was very effective, until they were out of gun-shot, when he gave them three cheers, which were *not* returned. In this handsome affair 200 regulars with 50 volunteers drove four or five times their numbers before them for four miles, and forced them to re-embark. The losses on both sides were severe; on the Union side, about fifty killed and wounded, the loss of the enemy being greater. A number of spikes, to be used in disabling the guns of the batteries, were found on the persons of the killed.

"Colonel Brown, having completed his preparations, did not wait for a second attack, but on the morning of the 22d of November, having previously notified Flag Officer McKean of the Navy, and invited his co-operation, opened his batteries on the enemy, Flag Officer McKean in the Niagara, and Captain Ellison in the Richmond, taking position near Ft. McRee, and opening at the same time. In half an hour all the enemy's batteries and forts were engaged. The fire was kept up steadily at the rate of a shot from each gun every fifteen or twenty minutes, the enemy's fire being somewhat slower. By noon all the guns of Ft. McRee, except one, and all those at the battery near the Navy Yard, were silenced, and the fire of Barrancas and of several of the other batteries sensibly reduced. The next day the firing was resumed. It was slower and thought to be more effective than on the previous day. About three o'clock in the afternoon fire was communicated to one of the houses in Warrington, directly in front of which one of the enemy's batteries was placed. This soon spread, and two thirds of the village were destroyed. About the same time fire was discovered issuing from the back part of the Navy Yard, probably from the village of Wolcott, immediately adjoining it, from which it soon penetrated to the yard itself. Great damage was also done to the fire-proof building by shot and shell, and a steamer lying at the wharf was disabled and abandoned. The firing was continued until dark of the second day, and with mortars occasionally, until two o'clock next morning, when the combat ceased.

"The fort received a great many shot and shell, but little damage was done beyond the disabling of a gun. The number of men in the fort was comparatively few, only enough to serve the guns. The small loss — one killed and six wounded — demonstrated the efficiency of the means taken

to prepare the work for defense, and was a gratifying proof that the labor imposed on the men with this object had been well expended. Again, on the 1st of January, 1862, another brief bombardment took place, but with little result, and the enemy became convinced that the reduction of Ft. Pickens was not within his power.

"Colonel Brown had been offered the commission of Brigadier-General of Volunteers in September, which he declined. After these operations he was brevetted Brigadier-General in the Regular Army, 'for gallantry and good conduct during the engagements of Nov. 22 and 23, 1861, between Ft. Pickens and the rebel batteries;' and this commission, given for services rendered, he accepted with the command of the Department of Florida, which had been previously conferred upon him.

"General Brown's health having been impaired by service and exposure, the effective work at Ft. Pickens having been completed, and the place out of danger, he was transferred Apr. 5, 1862, to the command of the defenses of New York harbor, from which he had sailed just one year previous on the Ft. Pickens expedition. It had been an eventful year in his life and in the military annals of the country, and he had earned a right to the comparative repose that his health now rendered necessary. He remained in this new command until Aug. 1, 1863, having been military commander of the City of New York from Jan. 15 to July 16, and employed in suppressing the riots of July of that year. On the 1st of August, 'having been borne on the army register more than 45 years,' he was, in pursuance of the Law of July 17, 1862, formally 'retired from active service,' but was retained until the close of the war in the command of Ft. Schuyler, and on other duties.

"At the conclusion of the war, and on his final withdrawal, he was raised to the highest grade of rank given in our army in acknowledgment of valuable service; the brevet of Major-General being conferred upon him, Aug. 2, 1866, 'for distinguished services in the suppression of the riots in New York city,' and his efficiency on that occasion was further acknowledged, on the part of those who could perhaps best understand its value, by a vote of thanks of the merchants of New York, and a handsome piece of plate presented as a testimonial of their appreciation of his conduct under very trying circumstances.

"He also received the thanks of his native State (New Jersey) 'for his faithful and gallant services during an eventful life in defense of his country.'

"On being relieved from military duty, General Brown established himself with his family at Clifton, Staten Island, where he spent the remainder of his days. Here, in his retirement, he identified himself with the community which was honored by his residence amongst them, and, as in the army he had always been a good and true soldier, so now, in perfect consistency of character, he was distinguished as a good and true citizen.

"He identified himself with local interests and affairs, and in his relations to his family, his neighbors, and to society bore himself in such manner as to win the affection and respect of all those whose good fortune it was to be admitted to his intimacy. An humble and consistent Christian, his daily life and conduct were marked by the same conscientious devotion to his duties that had always distinguished his career as a soldier and a man. Full of years and full of honors he passed away, leaving to his family and his friends an inheritance of love and admiration, and to all an example of integrity, of honor, and of duty, well worthy of imitation.

"In accordance with the simplicity of his tastes and his character, he had requested that there should be no military display at his funeral. A number of his fellow-officers, old gray-haired comrades, amongst them one of his classmates at West Point, were the pall-bearers, and after the

usual services at St. John's, — the parish church, — a file of soldiers bore his body to the boat, and transferred it to the cars at Jersey City. At Rahway it was received by many who had known him all their lives, some of whom had been his schoolmates, and by them it was escorted to its final resting-place, the family burial-ground, in Hazelwood Cemetery."

186..(Born Md.)...**JOSEPH N. CHAMBERS**.....(Ap'd Md.)..**7**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, Mar. 27, 1814, to July 24, 1818, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

SECOND LIEUT., CORPS OF ARTILLERY, JULY 24, 1818.

Served : in garrison at New Orleans, La., 1818–19, — and at the Bay of St. Louis, Mis., 1819 ; as Battalion Adjutant of Artillery, Nov. 1, 1819,

(SECOND LIEUT., 4TH ARTILLERY, IN RE-ORGANIZATION OF ARMY, JUNE 1, 1821)

to June 1, 1821, at New Orleans, La.; and in garrison at Petite Coquille

(FIRST LIEUT., 4TH ARTILLERY, MAY 21, 1822)

(Ft. Pike), La., 1821–22, — Ft. Barrancas, Fla., 1822, — and Ft. St. Philip, La., 1822–23.

RESIGNED, NOV. 6, 1823.

Civil History. — Member of the House of Representatives of the State of Louisiana, 18— to 18—. Planter, Parish of East Feliciana, La., 1824–74.

DIED, NOV. 12, 1874, NEAR CLINTON, LA.: AGED 76.

187..(Born N. C.)...**SAMUEL MACKENZIE**....(Ap'd N. C.)..**8**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, Aug. 15, 1813, to July 24, 1818, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

SECOND LIEUT., CORPS OF ARTILLERY, JULY 24, 1818.

Served : in garrison at Ft. Norfolk, Va., 1818–19 ; on Recruiting service, 1819–20 ; in garrison at Ft. Johnston, N. C., 1820–21, — and Detroit,

(SECOND LIEUT., 3D ARTILLERY, IN RE-ORGANIZATION OF ARMY, JUNE 1, 1821)

Mich., 1821–23 ; on Ordnance duty, Aug. 1, 1823, to Aug., 1825 ; in gar-

(TRANSFERRED TO 2D ARTILLERY, AUG. 16, 1821)

rison at Ft. Monroe, Va. (Artillery School for Practice), 1825–26, — Ft.

(FIRST LIEUT., 2D ARTILLERY, FEB. 20, 1825)

Columbus, N. Y., 1826–27, — Ft. St. Philip, La., 1827–28, — Ft. Wood, La., 1828, — Ft. Monroe, Va. (Artillery School for Practice), 1828–29, — Ft. Moultrie, S. C., 1829, — and Castle Pinckney, S. C., 1830 ; in Cherokee Nation, 1830–31; in garrison at Charleston harbor, S. C., 1831–32 ; in Cherokee Nation, 1832 ; in garrison at Savannah, Ga., 1832–33 ; in Cherokee Nation, 1833–34 ; in garrison at Ft. Morgan, Ala., 1834–35 ; in the Florida War, 1835–38 ; on the Northern Frontier during Canada

(CAPTAIN, 2D ARTILLERY, FEB. 8, 1837)

Border disturbances, at Mackinac, Mich., 1839, — and Buffalo, N. Y., 1839–40 ; on Recruiting service, 1840 ; on Special duty in Florida, 1841; in garrison at Ft. Monroe, Va., 1841–42, — and New York harbor, 1842–44, 1844–45; in Military Occupation of Texas, 1845–46, at Corpus Christi; in the War with Mexico, 1846, being engaged in the Battle of Palo Alto, May 8, 1846, — and Battle of Resaca-de-la-Palma, May 9, 1846; on Recruiting service, 1846–47 ; in the War with Mexico, 1847, being engaged in the Siege of Vera Cruz, Mar. 9–29, 1847, — Battle of Cerro Gordo,

Apr. 17–18, 1847, — Skirmish of Amazoque, May 14, 1847, — Capture of San Antonio, Aug. 20, 1847, — Battle of Churubusco, Aug. 20, 1847, — Battle of Molino del Rey, Sep. 8, 1847, — Battle of Chapultepec, commanding the Storming column, Sep. 13, 1847, — and Assault and Capture of the City of Mexico, Sep. 13–14, 1847.

DIED, OCT. 19, 1847, IN THE CITY OF MEXICO.

188..(Born N. Y.).....**GILES PORTER**.....(Ap'd N. Y.)..9

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 6, 1814, to July 24, 1818, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

SECOND LIEUT., CORPS OF ARTILLERY, JULY 24, 1818.

Served: in garrison at Ft. Columbus, N. Y., 1818–23, — Ft. Independ-

(SECOND LIEUT., 1ST ARTILLERY, IN RE-ORGANIZATION OF ARMY, JUNE 1, 1821)

(FIRST LIEUT., 1ST ARTILLERY, FEB. 1, 1823)

ence, Mas., 1824, — Ft. Monroe, Va. (Artillery School for Practice), 1824–25, — Ft. Preble, Me., 1825–27, — Bellona Arsenal, Va., 1828, — Ft. Monroe, Va. (Artillery School for Practice), 1829–30, — Bellona Arsenal, Va., 1831–33, — Ft. Monroe, Va., 1833, — Ft. Mitchell, Ala.,

(BVT. CAPTAIN, FEB. 1, 1833, FOR FAITHFUL SERVICE TEN YEARS IN ONE GRADE)

1833–34, — and Charleston harbor, S. C., 1834–36; in the Florida War

(CAPTAIN, 1ST ARTILLERY, SEP. 30, 1833)

against the Seminole Indians, 1836, 1836–37, 1837–38, being engaged in the Skirmish of Okihumphy Swamp, Mar. 30, 1836, — and Battle of Wahoo Swamp, Nov. 21, 1836; in Cherokee Nation, 1838, while transferring the Indians to the West; on the Northern Frontier during Canada Border Disturbances, at Swanton, Vt., 1838–39, — and Rouse's Point, N. Y., 1839–40; on Maine Frontier, at Houlton, Me., 1840, pending the "Disputed Territory" Controversy; in garrison at Ft. Preble, Me., 1840–45; in Military Occupation of Texas, at St. Joseph's Island, 1845–46, — Ft. Polk, 1846, — and Brazos Island, 1846–47; in garrison at New Orleans Barracks, La., 1849; in command of Artillery Battalion in Texas,

(MAJOR, 4TH ARTILLERY, FEB. 16, 1847)

1849–51; in garrison at Ft. Columbus, N. Y., 1851–52, — and Ft. Hamilton, N. Y., 1853; in command of Artillery Battalion in Texas, 1853–56; in arrest, suspended, etc., 1856–60; in garrison at New York harbor, 1860; sick at Ft. Leavenworth, Kan., 1860–61; and on leave of absence, 1861.

RETIRED FROM ACTIVE SERVICE, SEP. 3, 1861, ON HIS OWN APPLICATION, AFTER MORE THAN FORTY CONSECUTIVE YEARS OF SERVICE.

DIED, MAY 31, 1878, AT ALBANY, N. Y.: AGED 79.

189..(Born Va.)...**GEORGE W. CORPREW**.....(Ap'd Va.)..10

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1815, to July 24, 1818, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

SECOND LIEUT., CORPS OF ARTILLERY, JULY 24, 1818.

Served: in garrison at Baton Rouge, La., 1818–19, — Bay of St. Louis, Mis., 1819, — New Orleans, La., 1819–20; on Recruiting service, 1820–21; as Battalion Quartermaster, Jan. 1 to June 1, 1821; in garrison at Nor-

(SECOND LIEUT., 3D ARTILLERY, IN RE-ORGANIZATION OF ARMY, JUNE 1, 1821)

folk harbor, Va., 1821–24, — Ft. Moultrie, S. C., 1824–27, — Ft. Inde-
(FIRST LIEUT., 3D ARTILLERY, AUG. 6, 1822)
pendence, Mas., 1827–28, — and Ft. Monroe, Va. (Artillery School for Practice), 1828 ; on Recruiting service, 1828 ; in garrison at Ft. Monroe, Va. (Artillery School for Practice), 1828–29, — Ft. Trumbull, Ct., 1829–31, — and Ft. Monroe, Va. (Artillery School for Practice), 1831–32 ; on "Black Hawk Expedition," as Acting Ordnance Officer, 1832, but not at the seat of war ; and in garrison at Ft. Constitution, N. H., 1832–33.

RESIGNED, JUNE 30, 1833.

Civil History. — Cotton Planter, near Columbus, Mis., 1833 to 1840.

DIED, 1840, NEAR COLUMBUS, MIS.

190..(Born Va.).....**JOHN J. JACKSON**.....(Ap'd Va.)..**11**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, May 17, 1815, to July 24, 1818, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

SECOND LIEUT., CORPS OF ARTILLERY, JULY 24, 1818.

Served : in garrison at Norfolk harbor, Va., 1818–19 ; on Recruiting
(SECOND LIEUT., 4TH INFANTRY, DEC. 1, 1819)
service, 1819–20 ; on Florida Frontier, 1820–21 ; as Adjutant, 4th Infantry, at Regimental headquarters, Montpelier, Ala., May, 1821, to Sep. 30, 1822 ; and on leave of absence, 1822–23.

RESIGNED, JAN. 1, 1823.

Civil History. — Counselor at Law, Parkersburg, Va., 1823–77. District Attorney of the Court of Oyer and Terminer for Wood County, Va., 1826–55 ; and of the Superior Court, 1830–52. District Attorney of the Superior Court of Ritchie County, Va., 1842–55. Member of the House of Delegates of the State of Virginia, 1825, 1830, 1838, 1839, 1842, and 1844. Brig.-General, Virginia Militia, 1842–61. President of the Second National Bank of Parkersburg, W. Va., 1864–77 ; of the Little Kanawha Navigation Company, 1870–77 ; and of the Commission to adjust the proportion of Virginia debt to be assumed by West Virginia, 1871.

DIED, JAN. 1, 1877, AT PARKERSBURG, W. VA.: AGED 77.

191..(Born Md.).....**EDWARD HARDING**.....(Ap'd Md.)..**12**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, Dec. 20, 1814, to July 24, 1818, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

SECOND LIEUT., CORPS OF ARTILLERY, JULY 24, 1818.

Served : in garrison at Ft. McHenry, Md., 1818–19, — Sackett's Harbor, N. Y., 1819, — Ft. Covington, N. Y., 1819–20, — Ft. Niagara, N. Y., 1820–22 (Battalion Quartermaster of Artillery, Jan. 4, to June 1, 1821),—
(SECOND LIEUT., 2D ARTILLERY, IN RE-ORGANIZATION OF ARMY, JUNE 1, 1821)
Pittsburg Arsenal, Pa., 1822–26, — and Ft. Monroe, Va. (Artillery School
(FIRST LIEUT., 2D ARTILLERY, MAY 10, 1826)
for Practice), 1826–28 ; on Ordnance duty, Mar. 6, 1828, to May 30, 1832 ; as Asst. Ordnance Officer at Allegheny Arsenal, Pa., 1832 ; and in com-
(CAPTAIN, ORDNANCE, MAY 30, 1832)
mand of Mount Vernon Arsenal, Ala., 1832–38, — of Augusta Arsenal, Ga., 1838–40, 1840–41, — of Allegheny Arsenal, Pa., 1841–47, — of Ft. Monroe Arsenal, Va., 1847–48, — of Allegheny Arsenal, Pa., 1848–51, —
(MAJOR, ORDNANCE, JULY 10, 1851)

of Watertown Arsenal, Mas., 1851–54, — and of St. Louis Arsenal, Mo., 1854–55.

DIED, FEB. 15, 1855, AT ST. LOUIS, MO.

192..(Born Del.)....**BENJAMIN C. VINING**.....(Ap'd Del.)..**13**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, June 21, 1815, to July 24, 1818, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

THIRD LIEUT., ORDNANCE, JULY 24, 1818.

SECOND LIEUT., ORDNANCE, AUG. 13, 1819.

SECOND LIEUT., 1ST ARTILLERY, IN RE-ORGANIZATION OF ARMY, JUNE 1, 1821.

Served on Ordnance duty, July 24, 1818, to Apr. 8, 1822.

DIED, APR. 8, 1822, AT BALTIMORE, MD.

193..(Born Mas.).....**HENRY H. LORING**.....(Ap'd Mas.)..**14**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, Aug. 10, 1813, to July 24, 1818, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

SECOND LIEUT., 6TH INFANTRY, JULY 24, 1818.

TRANSFERRED TO LIGHT ARTILLERY, AUG. 27, 1818.

TRANSFERRED TO 3D INFANTRY, OCT. 20, 1818.

Served : on Topographical duty, 1819–20 ; on frontier duty at Ft. How-

(FIRST LIEUT., 3D INFANTRY, OCT. 17, 1820)

ard, Wis., 1820–26 ; on Recruiting service, 1826–28 ; on frontier duty at Jefferson Barracks, Mo., 1829–30, — Ft. Snelling, Min., 1830, — Jeffer-

(BVT. CAPTAIN, OCT. 17, 1830, FOR FAITHFUL SERVICE TEN YEARS IN ONE GRADE)

son Barracks, Mo., 1830, — and in the Choctaw Nation, 1830–31 ; and in garrison at Ft. Jesup, La., 1831–34, 1835.

(CAPTAIN, 3D INFANTRY, JULY 15, 1831)

RESIGNED, OCT. 31, 1835.

Civil History. — Civil Engineer, from 1835 to 1840.

DIED, JULY 16, 1840, AT SABINE CITY, LA.

194.(Born Va.)...**JOSEPH F. DAINGERFIELD**...(Ap'd Va.).**15**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, Aug. 24, 1814, to July 24, 1818, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

SECOND LIEUT., CORPS OF ARTILLERY, JULY 24, 1818.

Served : in garrison at Baton Rouge, La., 1818–19, — Bay of St. Louis, Mis., 1819, — and Mobile harbor, Ala., 1819–20.

RESIGNED, DEC. 20, 1820.

Civil History. — Counselor at Law at Pocahontas, Va., 1826–29, and at Lewisburg, Va., 1829–40. Member of the House of Delegates of the State of Virginia, 1838 and 1839.

DIED, MAY 17, 1840, AT LEWISBURG, VA.: AGED 40.

195..(Born Pa.).....**JOSEPH STRONG**.....(Ap'd Pa.)..**16**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, Apr. 6, 1815, to July 24, 1818, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

SECOND LIEUT., CORPS OF ARTILLERY, JULY 24, 1818.

Served: in garrison at Ft. Columbus, N. Y., 1818–21; on Topographi-
(SECOND LIEUT., 2D ARTILLERY, IN RE-ORGANIZATION OF ARMY, JUNE 1, 1821)
(TRANSFERRED TO 4TH ARTILLERY, AUG. 16, 1821)
(FIRST LIEUT., 4TH ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1822)
(TRANSFERRED TO 2D ARTILLERY, DEC. 31, 1824)
cal duty, Nov. 19, 1821, to Dec. 11, 1824; and in garrison at Ft. Delaware, Del., 1825–26.

RESIGNED, MAY 31, 1826.

Civil History. — Teacher, 1826–37; Civil Engineer, Florida, 1837–40; Instructor of Mathematics, U. S. Navy, 1840–46; Principal of an Academy, Boston, Mas., 1846–48; Professor of Natural Science in an Academy at Baltimore, Md., 1848–49; Professor of Ancient and Modern Languages in the Maryland Military Academy, Oxford, Md., Oct. 1, 1849, to July 31, 1851; History since 1851 unknown.

196..(Born Mas.)....**JOHN B. F. RUSSELL***....(Ap'd Mas.)..**17**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, June 1, 1814, to July 24, 1818, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

SECOND LIEUT., LIGHT ARTILLERY, JULY 24, 1818.

Served: in garrison at New England Posts, 1818–21; on frontier duty
(SECOND LIEUT., 5TH INFANTRY, IN RE-ORGANIZATION OF ARMY, JUNE 1, 1821)
at St. Peter's, Min., 1821, — and Ft. St. Anthony, Min., 1821–22, — on
(FIRST LIEUT., 5TH INFANTRY, NOV. 1, 1821)
Commissary duty at Ft. Crawford, Wis., 1822–23; on Recruiting service, 1824; on Commissary duty at Ft. St. Anthony, Min., 1824–25, — and Ft. Snelling, Min., 1825–27; on Quartermaster duty at Hancock Barracks,
(ASST. QUARTERMASTER, MAR. 14, 1828, TO OCT. 13, 1830)
Me., 1828–30; on Recruiting service, 1830–31; on frontier duty at Ft.
(CAPTAIN, 5TH INFANTRY, APR. 23, 1830)
Brady, Mich., 1831–32; on the "Black Hawk Expedition," 1832, but not at seat of war; on frontier duty at Ft. Howard, Wis., 1832–33; and in the Commissary General's Office, Washington, D. C., Nov. 6, 1833, to Jan. 22, 1837.

RESIGNED, JUNE 22, 1837.

Civil History. — Land and Insurance Agent, and Notary Public, at Chicago, Ill., 1840–61. Appointed by the Governor of Illinois to organize and muster State Volunteers for the Mexican War, 1846; Colonel, Illinois Militia, 1847–61.

DIED, JAN. 3, 1861, AT CHICAGO, ILL.

* Was graduated as JOHN C. RUSSELL.

197..(Born Md.).....**GEORGE WEBB**.....(Ap'd Md.)..**18**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, Oct. 8, 1814, to July 24, 1818, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

SECOND LIEUT., CORPS OF ARTILLERY, JULY 24, 1818.

Served: in garrison at West Point, N. Y., 1818–19; as Battalion Adjutant of Artillery, at New York harbor, May 24, 1819, to June 1, 1821;
(SECOND LIEUT., 1ST ARTILLERY, IN RE-ORGANIZATION OF ARMY, JUNE 1, 1821)

and in garrison at New York harbor, 1821–24, — Ft. Monroe, Va. (Artillery School for Practice), 1824–26, — Ft. Wolcott, R. I., 1826–27, — and

(FIRST LIEUT., 1ST ARTILLERY, MAY 15, 1823)

Ft. Washington, Md., 1827–32.

DIED, APR. 20, 1832, AT FT. WASHINGTON, MD.

198. . (Born Pa.) . . . . . **HARTMAN BACHE** . . . . . (Ap'd Pa.) . . **19**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 22, 1814, to July 24, 1818, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. CAPTAIN, STAFF. — ASST. TOP. ENGINEER, JULY 24, 1818.

Served : on Surveys in Chesapeake Bay and its tributaries, for a Naval Depot, 1818, — for defenses of New York harbor, 1819, — for defenses of Portland harbor, Me., 1820, — for defenses of Georgetown and Charleston harbors, S. C., 1821–25, — for defenses of the Narrows of Penobscot River, Me., 1821, — for Naval Rendezvous and defenses at Mount Desert Island, Me., 1822, — for Canal from Conewago Falls, Pa., to Port Deposit, Md., 1823, — for Harbor Improvements at Marblehead, and Holmes' Holl, Martha's Vineyard, Mas., 1825, — for extension of Chesapeake and Ohio Canal from Georgetown, D. C., to Alexandria, Va., 1827, — for Internal Improvements in North Carolina, 1827–28, and South Carolina, Georgia, and Tennessee, 1828, — for Preservation of Tucker's Island, N. J.,

(BVT. MAJOR, JULY 24, 1828, FOR FAITHFUL SERVICE TEN YEARS IN ONE GRADE)

1828, — for Harbor Improvements on Long Island Sound, and Sandy Bay, Mas., 1829, — of Delaware and Raritan rivers, N. J., 1830, — for Railroad from Williamsport, Pa., to Elmira, N. Y., 1832, — for Harbors

(BVT. MAJOR, STAFF — TOP. ENGINEER, AUG. 1, 1832)

on Lake Champlain, N. Y., 1833, — for Road in the Valley of Kennebec River, Me., 1834, — for Brandywine Shoal Light-house, Del., 1834–35, — and for Roadstead at Cape May, N. J., 1835 ; as Superintending Top. Engineer of Light-house on Brandywine Shoal, Del., 1835–47, — of Har-

(MAJOR, CORPS OF TOP. ENGINEERS, JULY 7, 1838)

bor Improvements and Surveys in Delaware Bay, 1839–52, — of Surveys for defenses of Patapsco River, Md., 1841–42, — of Sandy Hook, N. J., 1842, — of Florida Reef, for defenses, 1845–47, — of the construction of Brandywine Screw-pile Light-house and Ice Harbor, Del., 1848–51, — and examination of site of Beacon off Nantucket, Mas., 1850–51 ; as Member of Board of Top. Engineers for Lake Harbors and Western Rivers, Sep. 16, 1852, to Nov. 20, 1855 ; as Light-house Engineer, for Delaware and Chesapeake bays, Oct. 9, 1852, to May, 1855 ; as Light-house Engineer for Pacific Coast, July 1, 1855, to Mar. 21, 1859, — and Inspector, Aug. 10, 1855, to Mar. 31, 1859 ; in charge of Military Roads on Pacific Coast, 1855–58 ; and as Light-house Engineer for 4th, 5th, and 7th Light-house Districts, June 16, 1859, to Apr. 11, 1861.

Served during the Rebellion of the Seceding States, 1861–66 : in charge of Bureau of Top. Engineers, Washington, D. C., Apr. 11 to Dec. 11,

(LIEUT.-COLONEL, CORPS OF TOP. ENGINEERS, AUG. 6, 1861)

1861, — and as Assistant in Top. Bureau, Dec. 11, 1861, to June 16, 1862 ; as Superintending Engineer of Fts. Mifflin and Delaware, and

(COLONEL, CORPS OF ENGINEERS, MAR. 3, 1863)

10-gun Battery opposite the latter, Nov. 5, 1864, to Nov. 11, 1865 ; En-

(BVT. BRIG.-GENERAL, U. S. ARMY, MAR. 13, 1865, FOR LONG, FAITHFUL, AND MERITORIOUS SERVICES)

gineer of Fourth Light-house District, Apr. 11, 1861, to Feb. 20, 1870; and as Member of Light-house Board, June 16, 1862, to Feb. 20, 1870, — and of Board on Block Island Breakwater, R. I., Mar., 1868.

RETIRED FROM ACTIVE SERVICE, MAR. 7, 1867, UNDER THE LAW OF JULY 17, 1862, "HAVING BEEN BORNE ON THE ARMY REGISTER MORE THAN 45 YEARS."

DIED, OCT. 8, 1872, AT PHILADELPHIA, PA.: AGED 74.

BIOGRAPHICAL SKETCH.

BVT. BRIGADIER-GENERAL HARTMAN BACHE was born Sep. 3, 1798, at Philadelphia, Pa., and died in his native city Oct. 8, 1872, at the age of seventy-four. His father was Benjamin Franklin Bache, the eldest grandson of the celebrated Dr. Franklin, by whom he was carefully educated in France, the accomplished pupil proving eminently worthy of his distinguished ancestor.

General Hartman Bache, after receiving a good English and classical education, entered the U. S. Military Academy when scarce sixteen, from which institution he was graduated July 24, 1818, and at once entered the Army as assistant topographical engineer, with the rank of Bvt. Captain in the General Staff. From this time till 1847 he was engaged chiefly on surveys for coast defenses, naval depots, harbor and river improvements, roads and canals, and for light-house sites; in the mean while, having been brevetted, July 24, 1828, a Major "for faithful service ten years in one grade," and promoted to be Bvt. Major of Staff (Topographical Engineer), Aug. 1, 1832, and Major in the Corps of Topographical Engineers upon its formation, July 7, 1838. In the execution of these numerous and varied surveys he was, says the Chief of Engineers, "the first to use, in this country, the refined methods of survey and mapping, and the results of his labors have served as models to the present day." Of his Charleston harbor survey and map, perhaps his *chef d'œuvre*, we can speak in the highest terms of commendation, having constantly used it for years while superintending the construction of the defenses, light-houses, and improvements of its harbor, never during that period having discovered the slightest inaccuracy in its admirable topography and hydrography.

In 1835 Bache had designed a masonry light-house for Brandywine Shoal in Delaware Bay, and had commenced its foundations; but in 1847 he decided to construct it with Mitchell's iron screw-piles, which had been so successfully used at the Maplin Sands, Wye Entrance, and for other lights on the stormy British coast. The Brandywine Shoal Light-house had its focal plane forty-six feet above the sea level, a convenient keeper's dwelling being arranged just below the lantern. For its protection against the heavy drift-ice of Delaware Bay, a strong, elongated, hexagonal ice-breaker was formed of thirty-seven iron screw-piles, thoroughly connected by iron braces, to diffuse the violent ice concussions over the whole structure. This screw-pile light and its ice-breaker, built at an expense of less than $65,000, have successfully encountered storm and flood for near a quarter of a century, and yet stand as enduring monuments of their constructor's engineering skill.

Bache, after the completion of these works, became a Member of the Board of Engineers for Lake Harbors and Western Rivers; and from 1855 to 1859 was on duty on the Pacific coast as Light-house Engineer and Inspector, and in charge of military roads. Returning to the Atlantic, June 16, 1859, he was till Apr. 11, 1861, the Light-house Engineer of the extended coast line comprising the Fourth, Fifth, and Seventh Light-house Districts. Upon these three classes of engineering — harbors, rivers, and light-houses — he had bestowed much patient study and close observation. As a noted instance of his attention to the first class may be cited

that, as early as 1822, while he was making surveys at Mount Desert Island in Maine, and a quarter of a century before the first breakwater at Dover, on the coast of England, was built, he discovered in one of Nature's harbors the advantages in deep water of a vertical exterior face for breakwaters, of which he was ever after the earnest advocate; of the second class may be adduced his successful plan for improving the navigation of the River Thames in Connecticut by a system of wing-dams and dredging; and of the last, his numerous light-house works attest his constructive skill.

During the Rebellion, from Apr. 11, 1861, to June 16, 1862, Bache was on duty in the Topographical Bureau at Washington city, first in charge, and then as an assistant; and subsequently, till the termination of his military career, Feb. 21, 1870, he was a very efficient member of the Light-house Board, being also, from Nov. 5, 1864, to Nov. 11, 1865, in charge of the defenses of the Delaware. In the mean while he had been promoted Lieut.-Colonel, Corps of Topographical Engineers, Aug. 6, 1861, and Colonel, Corps of Engineers, Mar. 3, 1863, when the former corps was merged in the latter; brevetted Brigadier-General U. S. Army, Mar. 13, 1865, "for long, faithful, and meritorious services;" and retired from active service Mar. 7, 1867, after half a century of faithful duty in the Army, and of conscientious devotion to his profession. With just pride, therefore, did he say, a few weeks before his death, "I have never in my long period of service asked to be relieved from an order, and never but *once* for leave of absence, which was to enable me to join my son (Colonel F. M. Bache), dying in 1867 in France from disease contracted while with the Army of the Potomac."

Though deprived, a week after his birth, of the fostering care of a father, Bache, by his careful self-culture, untiring industry, methodical habits, and mental discipline, proved a worthy descendant of an illustrious ancestry, and honored a name as noted in social circles as eminent for science. From his first entrance into the Military Academy, he exhibited striking characteristics. Though staid, he was courteous in manner, zealous and devoted to duty, firm and fearless in right, solid and stable in judgment, subordinate to superiors, and loving to comrades, and withal, possessing a fine figure lithe as a Gaul, soldierly bearing, and manly presence, was the pattern lad of his class, upon whom was bestowed its highest military honor, — the Colonel of the Corps of Cadets. The boy proved the father to the man, who, as an officer in every grade, performed all that was intrusted to him with steady persistency and exhaustive thoroughness; was ever at his post of duty, and neglected no responsibility imposed by the Government; though decidedly pertinacious in his professional opinions, was never dogmatic in their advocacy; and, while a strict disciplinarian, he so tempered his authority with justice and kindness that obedience was more the result of affection than of command. But, with all his soldierly qualities, he was yet more estimable in his domestic sphere. Simple and unostentatious in manner; modestly reserved, with dignified self-respect; deferential to equals and reverent to superiors; polished in speech and genial in intercourse; cheerful in spirit, and equable in temper; truthful to bluntness, conveying no false impression; neither the flatterer of power nor the detractor of merit; sensitive of his honor, and of spotless integrity; faithful in friendship, and sympathetic to misfortune; mild in his judgments, and nobly forgiving; denying to self, but lavish in charity; of masculine firmness, with the tenderness of woman; passionately fond of children, ever won by his caresses; and devoted to his family, of which he was the perpetual idol. His harmonious development of character strengthened with his years, leaving no wrinkles on the heart; his freshness of feeling was never hardened or perverted by the world; but he continued good without affectation, bountiful with-

out ostentation, full of generous impulses and manly excellence, and in the shadow of death could truthfully say that —

> "We live in deeds, not years; in thoughts, not breaths;
> In feelings, not in figures on a dial.
> We should count time by heart-throbs. He most lives
> Who thinks most, feels the noblest, acts the best."

199..(Born Va.)....**WILLIAM S. NEWTON**...(Ap'd D. C.)..**20**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 22, 1814, to July 24, 1818, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

SECOND LIEUT., LIGHT ARTILLERY, JULY 24, 1818.

Served: in garrison at New England Posts, 1818–21, — and Ft. Moul-

(SECOND LIEUT., 3D ARTILLERY, IN RE-ORGANIZATION OF ARMY, JUNE 1, 1821)

trie, S. C., 1821–22; on Topographical duty, Jan. 22 to Nov. 9, 1822; on Ordnance duty, Nov. 9, 1822, to Feb. 25, 1823; in garrison at Ft. Nor-

(FIRST LIEUT., 3D ARTILLERY, DEC. 31, 1822)

folk, Va., 1823–24, — and Ft. Monroe, Va. (Artillery School for Practice), 1824–26; on Ordnance duty, Mar. to Aug. 26, 1826; in garrison at Ft. Washington, Md., 1826–27, — Ft. Sullivan, Me., 1827–29, 1830, — Ft. Independence, Mas., 1830–31; on Recruiting service, 1831–32; in

(BVT. CAPTAIN, DEC. 1, 1832, FOR FAITHFUL SERVICE TEN YEARS IN ONE GRADE)

garrison at Ft. Trumbull, Ct., 1832; and on Ordnance duty, Jan. 1, 1834, to Mar. 16, 1837.

DIED, MAR. 16, 1837, AT BATON ROUGE, LA.

200..(Born Md.)...**LEONARD O. BROOKE**.....(Ap'd Md.)..**21**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy Sep. 20, 1814, to July 24, 1818, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

SECOND LIEUT., 4TH INFANTRY, JULY 24, 1818.

Served: on Florida frontier, 1818–20; on Recruiting service, 1820–21; and in garrison at Cantonment, Montpelier, Ala., 1821.

DISBANDED, JUNE 1, 1821.

DIED, 1821, IN MARYLAND.

201..(Born N. Y.).....**HENRY GILES**.....(Ap'd N. Y.)..**22**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, Dec. 23, 1814 to July 24, 1818, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

SECOND LIEUT., 5TH INFANTRY, JULY 24, 1818.

Served: in garrison at Detroit, Mich., 1818–19; as Adjutant, 5th Infantry, Jan. 4 to June 4, 1819; and in garrison at Ft. Armstrong, Ill., 1819.

RESIGNED, JAN. 1, 1820.

Civil History. — Teacher and Surveyor, Gratz, Ky., 1824–34. Farmer, 1834–77. Justice of the Peace, Owen County, Ky., 1841–52. Member of the House of Representatives of the State of Kentucky, 1855–57.

DIED, MAR. 27, 1877, AT PLEASANT HOME, KY.

202..(Born Ky.).....**JOHN T. PRATT.***.....(Ap'd Ky.)..**23**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, Oct. 1, 1814,

to July 24, 1818, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

SECOND LIEUT., FIRST INFANTRY, JULY 24, 1818.

On leave of absence, July 24, 1818, to June 1, 1819.

RESIGNED, JUNE 1, 1819.

Civil History. — Farmer, Scott County, Ky., 1819-83, — Captain Kentucky Militia, 1820-24, — Major, 1824, — Lieut.-Colonel, 1825-28, — Brig.-General, 1828-35, — and Major-General, 1835-46. Postmaster of Georgetown, Ky., 1828-38. Member of the House of Representatives of the State of Kentucky, 1834, 1835, 1836, and 1847, — and of the Senate, 1837 to 1841.

DIED, NOV. 29, 1883, AT GEORGETOWN, KY. : AGED 87.

* Served as a Private of Cavalry in Colonel R. M. Johnson's Kentucky Volunteers, at the Battle of the Thames, U. C., Oct. 5, 1813.

CLASS OF 1819.

203..(Born D. C.)..**WILLIAM A. ELIASON**....(Ap'd D. C.)..**1**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 15, 1815, to July 1, 1819, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

SECOND LIEUT., CORPS OF ENGINEERS, JULY 1, 1819.

Served: as Asst. Engineer in the construction of Ft. Washington, Md., 1819-22, — and of Ft. Monroe, Va., 1822-25; as Superintending

(FIRST LIEUT., CORPS OF ENGINEERS, JULY 28, 1823)

Engineer of the construction of Ft. Macon, N. C., 1825-30, — of the opening of Ocracoke Inlet, N. C., 1828-30, — of the preservation of Pea-Patch Island, Del., 1831-32, — of the improvement of Harbors in Delaware River, 1831-32, — of repairs of the defenses of Charleston harbor,

(CAPTAIN, CORPS OF ENGINEERS, MAR. 5, 1832)

S. C., 1832-34, — and of the construction of Fts. Monroe and Calhoun, Hampton Roads, Va., 1834-38.

DIED, JUNE 15, 1839, NEAR ALEXANDRIA, D. C.: AGED 39.

204.(Born N. Y.)..**FREDERICK A. UNDERHILL**..(Ap'd N. Y.).**2**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, Oct. 25, 1814, to July 1, 1819, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

SECOND LIEUT., CORPS OF ENGINEERS, JULY 1, 1819.

Served as Asst. Engineer, in the construction and repairs of the defenses on the Gulf of Mexico, 1819-23.

RESIGNED, NOV. 1, 1823.

Civil History. — Contractor for building fortifications on the Coast of the Gulf of Mexico, 1823-29.

DIED, JULY, 1829, AT NEW ORLEANS, LA. : AGED 29.

205..(Born N. J.)...**CORNELIUS A. OGDEN**....(Ap'd N. J.)..**3**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, Mar. 27, 1814, to July 1, 1819, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

SECOND LIEUT., CORPS OF ENGINEERS, JULY 1, 1819.

Served: as Asst. Engineer on the defenses of the Gulf of Mexico,

(FIRST LIEUT., CORPS OF ENGINEERS, JULY 1, 1824)

1819-25; as Superintending Engineer of the construction of Ft. Morgan,

Mobile harbor, Ala., 1825–34, — of improvement of Mobile harbor, Pass au

(BVT. CAPTAIN, JUNE 30, 1834, FOR FAITHFUL SERVICE TEN YEARS IN ONE GRADE)

Héron, and Pascagoula River, 1827–34, — of the construction of the Cumberland Road, in Indiana and Illinois, 1834–41, — of the building of Ft. Morgan, Ala., 1841–47, — and in general supervision of the defenses

(CAPTAIN, CORPS OF ENGINEERS, MAY 15, 1835)

(MAJOR, CORPS OF ENGINEERS, DEC. 7, 1838)

at the Eastern Passes to New Orleans, La., 1841–44; as Member of the Special Board of Engineers for examination of the Gulf Frontier of Mississippi and Texas, 1845; as Superintending Engineer of the construction of Ft. Carroll, Patapsco River, Md., 1847–48; as Member of a Joint Commission of Naval and Engineer Officers for the examination of Military and Naval sites to be occupied on the Pacific coast, Sep. 13, 1848, to June 17, 1851, — of a Special Board for the examination of Memphis Navy Yard, Ten., 1851, — of the Board of Engineers for the Pacific Coast Defenses, June 17, 1851, to Apr. 11, 1853, — of River and Harbor Improvement Board, Nov. 18, 1852, to Sep. 2, 1854, — and of the Board of Engineers for Atlantic Coast Defenses, Apr. 11, 1853, to Aug. 23, 1856; and as Superintending Engineer of the construction of Fts. Winthrop and Independence, Boston harbor, Mas., 1853–56, — of repairs of fortifications at Portland harbor, Me., and Portsmouth, N. H., 1853–56, — of Harbor and River Improvements east of Boston, 1853–56, — and of Light-houses in Massachusetts, Apr. 9, 1853, to Aug. 23, 1856.

DIED, AUG. 23, 1856, AT BRANDON, VT.: AGED 57.

206..(Born Ct.)..**EDWARD D. MANSFIELD***..(Ap'd N. Y.)..**4**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy Aug. 1, 1815, to July 1, 1819, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

SECOND LIEUT., CORPS OF ENGINEERS, JULY 1, 1819: DECLINED.

Civil History.—Counselor at Law in Connecticut, 1825, and in Ohio, 1826–36. Professor of Constitutional Law and History in Cincinnati College, O., 1836–37. Editor of the "Cincinnati Chronicle," 1836–48; of the "Chronicle and Atlas," 1849–52; and of the "Railroad Record," 1852–72. Commissioner of Statistics for the State of Ohio, 1858–68. Author of "Utility of Mathematics," 1834; of "Political Grammar," a Treatise on Constitutional Law, 1835; of "Legal Rights of Woman," 1845; of "Life of General Scott," 1846; of "History of the Mexican War," 1848; of "American Education," 1850; of "Memoirs of Daniel Drake, M. D.," 1855; and "Personal Memories: Social, Political, and Literary, with Sketches of many Noted People," 1803–43, 1879. Member of "La Société Française de Statique Universelle," 1846. Degree of A. M. conferred by College of New Jersey, at Princeton, 1835; and of LL. D. by Marietta College, Ohio, 1854.

DIED OCT. 27, 1880, AT MORROW, O.; AGED 79.

* Was the son of Lieut.-Colonel JARED MANSFIELD, the first Professor of Natural and Experimental Philosophy at the Military Academy.

207..(Born N. Y.)...**HENRY BREWERTON***....(Ap'd N. Y.)..**5**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 25, 1813, to July 1, 1819, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., CORPS OF ENGINEERS, JULY 1, 1819.

SECOND LIEUT., CORPS OF ENGINEERS, JULY 1, 1819.

Served: as Assistant in determining the 45° of North Latitude, at Rouse's Point, N. Y., 1819; at the Military Academy, 1819–21, as Asst. Professor of Engineering, Sep. 1, 1819, to Aug. 1, 1820, and as Principal Asst. Professor, Aug. 1, 1820, to June 30, 1821; as Asst. Engineer in the construction of Ft. Delaware, Del., 1821–22, — of repairs of Ft. Jackson, Savannah River, Ga., 1823, — to Board of Engineers, in repairing fortifications in New York harbor, 1822–24, — and in the construction of Ft. Jackson, Mississippi River, La., 1824–27, and of Ft. Adams, Newport

(FIRST LIEUT., CORPS OF ENGINEERS, JAN. 1, 1825)

harbor, R. I., 1827–28; as Superintending Engineer of the construction of the defenses of Charleston harbor, S. C., 1828–32, — of the Cumberland Road in Ohio, 1832–36, — of improvement of the Hudson River, N. Y., 1836–42, — and of the building of Ft. Montgomery, Rouse's Point, N.Y.,

(CAPTAIN, CORPS OF ENGINEERS, SEP. 21, 1836)

1841–45; as Member of a Special Board of Engineers for projecting Light-house at Flynn's Knoll, New York harbor, 1839, — of the Board of Visitors to the Military Academy, 1843, — of the Board of Engineers for Atlantic Coast Defenses, Dec. 8, 1842, to Sep. 8, 1845, — and of special Board of Engineers for examination of Florida Reef, for locating defensive works, 1845; as Superintendent of the U. S. Military Academy, Aug. 15, 1845, to Sep. 1, 1852; as Member of a Commission to digest a Code of Regulations for the U. S. Naval Academy, 1849; as Superintending Engineer of the construction of Ft. Carroll, Patapsco River, Md., 1852–64, —

(MAJOR, CORPS OF ENGINEERS, AUG. 23, 1856)

and of improvement of Baltimore harbor, and of Mouth of Susquehanna River, 1852–64; and Member of Board of Engineers for the Improvement of Rivers and Harbors, Apr. 11, 1853, to Nov. 20, 1853, — and of a Special Board for projecting Fortifications at Sandy Hook, N. J., 1858.

Served during the Rebellion of the Seceding States, 1861–66: as Su-

(LIEUT.-COLONEL, CORPS OF ENGINEERS, AUG. 6, 1861)

perintending Engineer of the Fortifications and Improvements of Baltimore harbor, Md., 1861, to Nov. 5, 1864, — of the defenses of Delaware

(COLONEL, CORPS OF ENGINEERS, APRIL 22, 1864)

River and Bay, Mar. 5, 1862, to Nov. 5, 1864, — of the erection of Field Works at Point Lookout, Md., Nov. 8, 1864, to May 4, 1865, — and of the construction of Fts. Monroe and Wool, for the defense of Hampton Roads, Va., Nov. 8, 1864, to Feb. 20, 1870.

Served: as Member of the Board of Engineers, June 20, 1865, to May 18, 1867, to carry out in detail the modification of the defenses in the vicinity of New York, as proposed by the Board of Jan. 27, 1864, —

(BVT. BRIG.-GENERAL, U. S. ARMY, MAR. 13, 1865, FOR LONG, FAITHFUL, AND MERITORIOUS SERVICES)

of Board for the Examination of Engineer Officers for Promotion, Nov. 28 to Dec. 16, 1865, — and of Board to conduct experiments on the use of Iron in Permanent Defenses, Sep. 11, 1866, to May 18, 1867.

RETIRED FROM ACTIVE SERVICE, MAR. 7, 1867, UNDER THE LAW OF JULY 17, 1862, "HAVING BEEN BORNE ON THE ARMY REGISTER MORE THAN 45 YEARS."

Civil History. — Degree of LL. D. conferred by Dickinson College, Carlisle, Pa., July 8, 1847.

DIED, APRIL 17, 1879, AT WILMINGTON, DEL.: AGED 77.

* Was examined and graduated with the Class of 1819, though at the time a member of, and at the head of, the succeeding Class.

BIOGRAPHICAL SKETCH.

BVT. BRIGADIER-GENERAL HENRY BREWERTON was born, Sep. 25, 1801, in the city of New York. Before he was twelve years old he was appointed a Cadet, through the influence of his guardian, Governor Tompkins. Upon graduating from the Military Academy, July 1, 1819, he was commissioned in the Corps of Engineers, and rose through every grade, except the highest. During a service of nearly half a century, he was employed in a great diversity of duties, enumerated in his foregoing Military History.

"To these duties he devoted," says General Tower, in an obituary notice, "all his skill and energy, with a patient application which neither fatigue, nor even indisposition, could arrest. What he could accomplish himself was never imposed on others, — a self-sacrificing habit that did not fail to bring over-work, resulting ultimately in physical ailment. By nature robust, temperate, and prudent in his habits, he attained a ripe old age in spite of the severe tests to which he had subjected his capacity for endurance. In fact, he was one of those men who scarcely thought he could do enough, and never too much, for the country that had generously educated him, and opened up to him an honorable profession. Influenced by sentiments so creditable, sound in physique, thoroughly educated, with great powers of continued mental application, he could not fail to leave the impress of an honorable and successful record upon the corps and army to which he belonged. The Corps of Engineers was in its infancy when he entered it. Its numbers were small, but its duties were co-extensive with the country. Such officers as Totten, Thayer, Bernard, and others — of a later date nearer his own age — were laboring with great zeal and assiduity to give to it character and reputation, and a representation among similar corps of the Old World, as well as practical usefulness at home, commensurate with the wants of the young republic, whose defenseless condition had as yet received from the art and science of the engineer little aid. The then recent war, while revealing the latent energies and courage of the people, had demonstrated the necessity for frontier and coastwise defense, and the engineers of the army, men of mark, some of whom had served with honorable distinction in the recent struggle, were working out and elaborating a system of fortifications for that end. Among the younger officers taking part in the important duties thus devolving upon the Corps, no one brought to their execution greater zeal or more intelligent application than Lieut. Brewerton. His vigorous health, however, could not withstand continuous exposure in the malarial regions of the Mississippi Delta, which seldom spares the unacclimated. After about three years' service there, prostrated by what was then known as the black plague, he was compelled to return to the more genial climate of the North for recuperation. After a short service at Newport, he passed from the sphere of the assistant to the full charge of the works under construction in Charleston harbor, S. C., a position to which his experience and his merits fully entitled him. The experience of three summers in this new field of duty again prostrated him, and he barely escaped with life an attack of the fever of the rice plantations, almost always fatal to strangers. Henceforth, in a more healthy portion of the country, assigned to the charge of various important constructions, he adapted himself to each with facility and a versatility that attested his preparation and his aptitude for his profession.

"In his seven years' service as Superintendent of the Military Academy, his *Alma Mater*, he could do little more than maintain its prestige as established by the 'Father' of the Institution. That he held it to a standard so high, demonstrated his fitness for the command, — well un-

derstood by graduates to exact qualifications of no ordinary character. Watchful over its every interest, whether pertaining to its scientific teachings, its military discipline, or the manly development of the Corps of Cadets ; never flagging in his important trust, he examined personally, with patient deliberation, every question that came up for solution, allowing no details of administration, however minute, to escape his attention. Though kind and considerate to the Cadets, upon whom he was obliged to enforce a rigid discipline, he won their affections and esteem by a strictly just and impartial treatment, rather than by leniency. Those who were educated at the Academy during his administration will recollect him, living, as a courtly gentleman of high tone and fine personal presence, — a type of the genial, refined soldier, worthy of imitation. Dead, they will recall his memory as a kind friend who watched over their youth with fatherly affection.

"General Brewerton was no exception to the rule, that the strongest physical constitution will yield when overtasked. Though he served faithfully and efficiently, filling important trusts for fifteen years after leaving West Point in 1852, it was evident that his health was much impaired, though not to prevent his performance of duty up to the date of his retirement in 1867, after forty-eight years of service.

"A representative officer of his day, whose sense of duty was ever foremost in thought and act, — one of the pioneers in the Corps of Engineers, — his life service illustrated and was a part of its history ; while personally he was esteemed and beloved as one of its most useful, able, and worthy members.

"During the years 1859 and 1860, General Brewerton visited various portions of the Old World, for the benefit of his health in part, but more as a release from care and work, from which there had been scarcely a respite since boyhood. It was an entire change of life to him, bringing freedom and mental rest."

Upon his return from abroad, Brewerton resumed his Engineer duties at Baltimore, Md. Though the fire and zeal of youth was still alive in him, age and broken health prevented his actively participating in the Civil War.

With the brevet of Brigadier-General for his "long, faithful, and meritorious services," he was retired, Mar. 7, 1867, to spend the twelve remaining years of his life in the quiet seclusion of his home.

208..(Born Mas.).....**JOHN R. BOWES**.....(Ap'd Mas.)..**6**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, Apr. 15, 1815, to July 1, 1819, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

THIRD LIEUT., ORDNANCE, JULY 1, 1819.

SECOND LIEUT., ORDNANCE, OCT. 10, 1819.

SECOND LIEUT., 2D ARTILLERY, IN RE-ORGANIZATION OF ARMY, JUNE 1, 1821.

TRANSFERRED TO 4TH ARTILLERY, AUG. 16, 1821.

Served : on Ordnance duty, 1819–21; and on Topographical duty, 1821–22.

RESIGNED, AUG. 1, 1822.

DIED, 18—.

209..(Born Md.)...**HENRY A. THOMPSON**.....(Ap'd Md.)..**7**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, June 16, 1815, to July 1, 1819, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

SECOND LIEUT., CORPS OF ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1819.

Served : on Topographical duty, July 1, 1819, to Sep. 10, 1822 ; as
(SECOND LIEUT., 4TH ARTILLERY, IN RE-ORGANIZATION OF ARMY, JUNE 1, 1821)
Adjutant of 4th Artillery, at Regimental headquarters, Oct. 1, 1822, to
(FIRST LIEUT., 4TH ARTILLERY, DEC. 31, 1822)
Aug. 31, 1836, — and of Artillery School for Practice, at Ft. Monroe,
(BVT. CAPTAIN, DEC. 31, 1832, FOR FAITHFUL SERVICE TEN YEARS IN ONE GRADE)
(CAPTAIN, 4TH ARTILLERY, AUG. 31, 1836)
Va., Mar. 1, 1825, to Sep. 2, 1826 ; and on Engineer duty, Oct. 1–15, 1836.

RESIGNED, OCT. 15, 1836.

Civil History. — Civil Engineer in the service of the United States, superintending repairs of Ft. McHenry, Md., Oct. 15, 1836, to Dec. 13, 1839. Superintendent of Chesapeake and Ohio Canal, 1839–43. Division Inspector, Maryland Militia, 1841–46, — Colonel, 1846–50, — and Brig.-General, 1850–61. Director of Philadelphia and Baltimore Railroad, 1853–54, — of Baltimore and Ohio Railroad (on the part of the State of Maryland), 1854–56, and (on the part of the stockholders), 1858–61, — and of Bank of Baltimore, 1854–63. Commission Merchant, Baltimore, Md., 1839–63. President of the Bank of Baltimore, Md., Oct. 1, 1863, to July 1, 1865, — and of the National Bank of Baltimore, July 1, 1865, to Mar. 12, 1880.

DIED, MAR. 12, 1880, AT BALTIMORE, MD. : AGED 80.

210..(Born N. Y.)...**ZEBINA J. D. KINSLEY**...(Ap'd N. Y.)..**8**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, May 22, 1814, to July 1, 1819, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

SECOND LIEUT., LIGHT ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1819.

Served : in garrison at New England Posts, 1819–20 ; at the Military Academy, 1820–35, as Asst. Instructor of Infantry Tactics, Dec. 3, 1820,
(SECOND LIEUT., 1ST ARTILLERY, IN RE-ORGANIZATION OF ARMY, JUNE 1, 1821)
(TRANSFERRED TO 3D ARTILLERY, AUG. 16, 1821)
(FIRST LIEUT., 3D ARTILLERY, AUG. 30, 1825)
to Dec. 18, 1823, — and Instructor of Artillery, Dec. 18, 1823, to Dec. 1, 1835.

RESIGNED, DEC. 1, 1835.

Civil History. — Principal of a "Classical and Mathematical School," near West Point, N. Y., 1838–49.

DIED, AUG. 24, 1849, NEAR WEST POINT, N. Y. : AGED 48.

211..(Born Md.).....**WILLIAM TURNBULL**.....(Ap'd Md.)..**9**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, Sep. 30, 1814, to July 1, 1819, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

SECOND LIEUT., CORPS OF ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1819.

Served : in garrison at Ft. Henry, Md., 1819–20 ; on Topographical duty, Jan., 1819, to Aug. 20, 1831 ; on Survey of Railroad Route in Mis-
(SECOND LIEUT., 4TH ARTILLERY, IN RE-ORGANIZATION OF ARMY, JUNE 1, 1821)
(FIRST LIEUT., 4TH ARTILLERY, JAN. 15, 1823)

(BVT. CAPTAIN, STAFF — ASST. TOPOGRAPHICAL ENGINEER, AUG. 20, 1831)

sissippi, 1831–32; as Superintending Top. Engineer of the construction of the Potomac Aqueduct at Georgetown, D. C., 1832–43, — and of Re-

(BVT. MAJOR, STAFF — TOPOGRAPHICAL ENGINEER, NOV. 23, 1837)

(MAJOR, CORPS OF TOP. ENGINEERS, JULY 7, 1838)

pairs of Potomac Bridge, 1841–43; on Inspection of Potomac Bridge, Washington, D. C., and Milwaukee and St. Joseph's harbors, Mich., 1844; in charge of Lake Ontario Harbor Improvement, 1844–46; as Member of Board of Top. Engineers, for extension of Buffalo harbor, N. Y., 1845–46; on Inspection of Harbor Improvements on Lakes Champlain, Ontario, and Erie, 1846; as Chief Topographical Engineer of the Army under command of Major-General Scott, in the Campaign of 1847–48, War with Mexico, being engaged in the Siege of Vera Cruz, Mar. 9–29, 1847, — Battle of Cerro Gordo, Apr. 17–18, 1847, — Pedregal, Aug. 19–20, 1847, — Battle of Churubusco, Aug. 20, 1847, — and Operations before,

(BVT. LIEUT.-COL., AUG. 20, 1847, FOR GALLANT AND MERITORIOUS CONDUCT IN THE BATTLES OF CONTRERAS AND CHURUBUSCO, MEX.)

and Capture of the City of Mexico, Sep. 13–14, 1847; as Superintending Top. Engineer of the construction of the New Orleans Custom House,

(BVT. COLONEL, SEP. 13, 1847, FOR GALLANT AND MERITORIOUS CONDUCT IN THE BATTLE OF CHAPULTEPEC, MEX.)

La., 1848–49, — of Survey of Whale's Back Rock, for Light-house site, 1850–51, — and in examining the practicability of Bridging the Susquehanna River, at Havre-de-Grace, Md., 1852; as Assistant in the Topographical Bureau at Washington, D. C., 1850–52, and 1853–54; as Member of Board of Top. Engineers to examine into the expediency of an additional Canal around the Falls of the Ohio, Sept. 22, 1852, to Feb. 16, 1853; as Light-house Engineer for Oswego harbor, N. Y., July 29, 1853, to July 30, 1855; and in charge of Harbor Improvements of Lakes Champlain, Ontario, and Eastern part of Erie, 1853–56, — and of Improvement of Cape Fear River, N. C., 1856–57.

DIED, DEC. 9, 1857, AT WILMINGTON, N. C.: AGED 57.

212...(Born Ky.).....**JOSHUA BAKER***.....(Ap'd La.)..**10**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, Sep. 18, 1817, to July 1, 1819, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

SECOND LIEUT., CORPS OF ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1819.

Served at the Military Academy, as Asst. Professor of Natural and Experimental Philosophy, Oct. 25, 1819, to June 30, 1820.

RESIGNED, OCT. 31, 1820.

Civil History. — Counselor at Law, Kentucky, 1822, — and in Louisiana, 1822–29, and 1832–38. Engineer of Plaquemine Navigation Company, La., 1827–29. Parish Judge, and (*ex officio*) Judge of Probate, La., 1829–32. Appointed U. S. Surveyor-General for Louisiana, Mar. 3, 1831: declined. Asst. Engineer of the State of Louisiana, 1833–38. Director of the Board of Public Works of the State of Louisiana, 1840–45. Colonel, Louisiana Militia, 1826–29, and Captain of Cavalry, 1846–51. Member of the Senate of the State of Louisiana, 1852. Member of the Board of Visitors to the Military Academy, 1853. Sugar Planter, Franklin, St. Mary's Parish, La., 1829–75.

DIED, APR. 15, 1885, AT LYME, CT.: AGED 86.

* Was examined and graduated with the class of 1819, though at the time a member of, and standing fourth in, the succeeding Class.

213..(Born Ct.).....**JUSTIN DIMICK**.....(Ap'd Vt.)..**11**

Military History.—Cadet at the Military Academy, Oct. 18, 1814, to July 1, 1819, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

SECOND LIEUT., LIGHT ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1819.

Served: in garrison at New England Posts, 1819–22; at the Military

(SECOND LIEUT., 1ST ARTILLERY, IN RE-ORGANIZATION OF ARMY, JUNE 1, 1821)

Academy, as Asst. Instructor of Infantry Tactics, Feb. 14 to Sep. 28, 1822: in garrison at Ft. Independence, Mas., 1822–23,—Ft. Constitution, N. H., 1823–27,—Ft. Johnston, N. C., 1827–28,—Ft. Monroe, Va.

(FIRST LIEUT., 1ST ARTILLERY, MAY 1, 1824)

(Artillery School for Practice), 1828,—Bellona Arsenal, Va., 1828–29,—and Ft. Johnston, N. C., 1829–33; on Ordnance duty, Jan. 1, 1834, to May 1, 1835; in garrison at Ft. Johnston, N. C., 1835,—and Ft. Wash-

(BVT. CAPTAIN, MAY 1, 1834, FOR FAITHFUL SERVICE TEN YEARS IN ONE GRADE)

ington, Md., 1835–36; in the Florida War, 1836, being engaged against

(CAPTAIN, 1ST ARTILLERY, APR. 6, 1835)

the Seminole Indians, in a Skirmish near Hernandez Plantation, May 8, 1836, killing two of them in personal encounter; on Recruiting service,

(BVT. MAJOR, MAY 8, 1836, FOR GALLANT AND MERITORIOUS CONDUCT IN THE WAR AGAINST THE FLORIDA INDIANS)

1837–38; in suppressing Canada Border disturbances, at Rouse's Point, N. Y., 1838–39; in garrison at Ft. Constitution, N. H., 1839,—and Ft. Columbus, N. Y., 1839–40; in conducting recruits to Florida, 1840; in garrison at Ft. Columbus, N. Y., 1840–41,—and Ft. Constitution, N. H., 1841–45; in Military Occupation of Texas, at Corpus Christi, 1845–46; as Lieut.-Colonel of Artillery Battalion of "Army of Occupation," Oct. 3, 1845, to Aug. 9, 1846; in the War with Mexico, 1846, being engaged in the Battle of Palo Alto, May 8, 1846,—and Battle of Resaca-de-la-Palma, May 9, 1846; on Recruiting service, 1846–47; in the War with Mexico, 1847–48, being engaged in the Skirmish of La Hoya, June 20, 1847,—Battle of Contreras, Aug. 19–20, 1847,—Battle of Churubusco, Aug. 20, 1847,—Storming of Chapultepec, Sep. 13, 1847, where he was wounded,

(BVT. LIEUT.-COLONEL, AUG. 20, 1847, FOR GALLANT AND MERITORIOUS CONDUCT IN THE BATTLES OF CONTRERAS AND CHURUBUSCO, MEX.)

—Assault and Capture of the City of Mexico, Sep. 13–14, 1847,—and

(BVT. COLONEL, SEP. 13, 1847, FOR GALLANT AND MERITORIOUS CONDUCT IN THE BATTLE OF CHAPULTEPEC, MEX.)

in command of Vera Cruz, 1847–48; in garrison at Ft. Lafayette, N. Y., 1848–49; in Florida Hostilities against the Seminole Indians, 1849–50; before a civil court in Vermont, 1851–53 to defend a suit, he having, in

(MAJOR, 1ST ARTILLERY, APR. 1, 1850)

the performance of his duty in 1838, seized a vessel at Rouse's Point, N. Y., laden with ammunition for the Canada Rebels; in garrison at Ft. Moultrie, S. C., 1853–54; before a civil court in Vermont, 1854; as Member of Board on Armament of Fortifications, Oct. 10, 1854, to Mar. 24, 1855; in garrison at Ft. Moultrie, S. C., 1855, 1856; in Florida Hostilities against the Seminole Indians, 1856–57; in garrison at Ft. Hamilton, N. Y., 1857–59; on frontier duty at Ft. Leavenworth, Kan.,

(LIEUT.-COLONEL, 2D ARTILLERY, OCT. 5, 1857)

1859; and in command of the Artillery School for Practice at Ft. Monroe, Va., Nov. 26, 1859, to Oct. 19, 1861.

Served during the Rebellion of the Seceding States, 1861–66, in com-

(COLONEL, 1ST ARTILLERY OCT. 26, 1861)

mand of the Depot of Rebel Prisoners of War at Ft. Warren, Mas., Oct. 26, 1861, to Jan. 1, 1864.

(RETIRED FROM ACTIVE SERVICE, AUG. 1, 1863, UNDER THE LAW OF JULY 17, 1862, HE BEING OVER "THE AGE OF 62 YEARS")

Served as Governor of the "Soldiers' Home," near Washington, D. C., Jan. 14, 1864, to Apr. 1, 1868.

BVT. BRIG.-GENERAL, U. S. ARMY, MAR. 13, 1865, FOR LONG, GALLANT, AND FAITHFUL SERVICES TO HIS COUNTRY.

DIED, OCT. 13, 1871, AT PHILADELPHIA, PA.: AGED 71.

BIOGRAPHICAL SKETCH.

BVT. BRIGADIER-GENERAL JUSTIN DIMICK was born, Aug. 5, 1800, in Hartford Co., Ct., and died, Oct. 13, 1871, at Philadelphia, Pa., at the age of 71 years, of which 57 had been passed in the military service.

Upon graduating, July 1, 1819, at the Military Academy, he was promoted to the Artillery, and rose through all the successive grades. His varied duties and conspicuous services are given in sufficient detail in his foregoing Military History, to which it is only necessary to add the eloquent eulogium paid to his memory by one who knew and loved him.

"Justice, patriotism, personal valor, moral courage, benevolence, gentleness of disposition, courtesy of deportment, an integrity so spotless as to be saintly, and unaffected simplicity," says General Vincent, "were his and have adorned his character.

"Attention to the wants of the soldier, and an affectionate regard for his welfare, will be recalled by the veterans of many battles; the vanquished, under trying circumstances committed to his care, will remember the humane and compassionate friend; that noble nature, incapable of disguise, will be treasured by the many who have known him through his venerable service. A man of the finest sympathies, to whom a charitable appeal was as sacred as his morning prayers, whose conscience could hardly ever have borne a remorse for an intentional unkind act, and whose family relations were of the most beautiful and affectionate impress, the most devoted of husbands and fathers, the humblest of Christians, he has passed away, leaving in the darkness of death the bright elements of life to shine resplendently. Happy was he at death, of which he was wont to converse so frequently and so calmly, his conscience assuring him that so good a life would be crowned with a Christian's immortality. Called, so full of honors, and after so many years, let the Cadet and Officer emulate his example."

214..(Born Ind.)..**GEORGE W. WHISTLER** *....(Ap'd Ky.)..**12**

Military History.—Cadet at the Military Academy, July 31, 1814, to July 1, 1819, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

SECOND LIEUT., CORPS OF ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1819.

Served: on Topographical duty, 1819; in garrison at Ft. Columbus, N. Y., 1819–20; on Topographical duty, 1820–21; at the Military Acad-

(SECOND LIEUT., 1ST ARTILLERY, IN RE-ORGANIZATION OF ARMY, JUNE 1, 1821)

(TRANSFERRED TO 2D ARTILLERY, AUG. 16, 1821)

emy, as Asst. Teacher of Drawing, Nov. 2, 1821, to Apr. 30, 1822; and
(FIRST LIEUT., 2D ARTILLERY, AUG. 16, 1829)
on Topographical duty, Apr. 30, 1822, to Dec. 31, 1833.
RESIGNED, DEC. 31, 1833.

Civil History. — Civil Engineer in the United States, from 1833 to 1842, — and in Russia, from 1842 to 1849. Associate Engineer, Baltimore and Ohio Railroad, 1828–29, — of Baltimore and Susquehanna Railroad, 1830, — of Paterson, N. J., and Hudson River Railroad, 1831–32, — and of Stonington, Ct., and Providence, R. I., Railroad, 1833, 1834, and 1837. Superintending Engineer of Locks and Canals Company, Lowell, Mas., 1835–36. Consulting Engineer, Western Railroad, from Worcester, Mas., to Albany, N. Y., 1837–40, — and Chief Engineer, 1840–42. Superintending Engineer of the St. Petersburg and Moscow Railroad, Russia, 1842–49.

DIED, APR. 7, 1849, AT ST. PETERSBURG, RUSSIA: AGED 49.

* Was the brother of Col. William Whistler, U. S. Army.

BIOGRAPHICAL SKETCH.

MAJOR GEORGE WASHINGTON WHISTLER was born, May 19, 1800, at Ft. Wayne, Indiana, then a part of the great Northwest Territory. He was the son of John Whistler, a British soldier under Burgoyne at Saratoga, who subsequently entered our service, was wounded in St. Clair's defeat on the Miami, Nov. 4, 1791, and rose to be a Captain of the U. S. First Infantry, with the brevet of Major, in which regiment he served throughout the War of 1812–15 with Great Britain.

Thus, on the Indian frontier, young Whistler was brought up with predilections for a soldier's life, which were soon gratified by his appointment from Kentucky, July 31, 1814, to be a Cadet of the U. S. Military Academy. Being then only fourteen years old, and of a joyous, mirthful disposition, it is not surprising that he was more devoted to boyish frolic and playing his flute than to dry, mathematical studies. The consequence of this exuberant love of fun was his being frequently an inmate of the guard-house, and often having to perform extra artillery drill, astride a cannon, before the quarters of the Acting Superintendent, then known as "Old Pewter's Salt-Box." Though "Pipes" (Whistler's sobriquet) was never studious at West Point, he quickly developed a decided talent for drawing, and such were his natural abilities that of his class, numbering over thirty members, he became the most proficient pupil in Descriptive Geometry, then just introduced by Professor Crozet, an élève of the celebrated Monge in the Polytechnic School of France. Notwithstanding this neglect of his studies, Whistler was graduated, July 1, 1819, twelfth in his class, and promoted in the Army to be a Second Lieutenant in the Corps of Artillery.

On graduation, Whistler, having shown such skill in drawing and the use of mathematical instruments, was detailed for topographical duty as assistant to Major Abert on surveys for military defenses. The first of these was Salem harbor, Mas., the shores being required to be represented by horizontal contour lines. None of the officers knew how to do it, and while all were pondering the problem, Whistler, seated on a hill, suddenly sprang up shouting "*Eureka!*" His discovery, the plan now generally used, was very simple, as was Columbus' egg standing on end after the failure of all the courtiers at the grand cardinal's feast to accomplish it.

In 1821, Whistler was ordered back to the Military Academy as the Assistant Teacher of Drawing. Leaving West Point, Apr. 30, 1822, he

was again detailed for topographical duty, upon which he remained till Dec. 31, 1833, when he resigned from the Army, he then being a First Lieutenant in the Second Regiment of Artillery. His first service, during this last detail, was in connection with the Northwest Boundary of the United States, beyond Lake Superior, he having charge of a surveying party. It being midwinter, with the thermometer frequently 50° below zero, and the ground covered with blinding snow, their sufferings were very severe. Add to these hardships that their food was mostly tallow and Indian pemmican, their daily marches made on snowshoes, and at night having to bivouac with no other covering than a buffalo robe to prevent their freezing. At the end of this severe ordeal, Whistler was transferred to more agreeable duties, — surveys for the Western Armory, Railroads, etc.

At this time, there being only a few instructed engineers in the United States, scientifically educated graduates of the Military Academy were wisely loaned by the government to assist private chartered companies in carrying out their various schemes of internal improvement. Among these pioneer enterprises was the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad, upon which Whistler was employed, in 1828–29, as an associate engineer. By this company he was sent to England with Jonathan Knight, Captain William Gibbs McNeill, of the U. S. Topographical Engineers, and Ross Winans, to examine and report upon the organization, construction, and equipment of the railroads of Great Britain. They were cordially received by the most eminent civil engineers in England, and after a careful study of numerous works returned, in 1829, laden with much valuable professional information.

Whistler had charge of the first mile of track laid on the Baltimore and Ohio Road, — the first track for passenger cars put down by any company in this country. Before it was quite finished, a rupture unfortunately took place between the directors of the company and the United States engineers. In 1830, McNeill and Whistler entered the service of the Baltimore and Susquehanna (now part of the Northern Central) Railroad, the latter remaining on the work till about twenty miles of main and branch track had been completed, when financial embarrassments put a stop to the company's operations. In 1831–32, Whistler was engaged upon the Paterson and Hudson (now southern terminus of Erie) Railroad; and in 1833–34, upon the Providence and Stonington Railroad. Though associated with Major McNeill in these and other works, it is well understood that, while his senior attended to the management of directors, Whistler was the real executive head upon whom devolved all professional duties, and the supervision of every detail.

Leaving the Stonington Road in 1834, Whistler was appointed Chief Engineer of the "Proprietors of Locks and Canals on the Merrimack River," a corporation owning a machine shop in Lowell, Mas., then the largest and best in New England. Here he furnished the most complete detailed drawings of locomotives, and introduced into their construction such a superior style of workmanship and taste that his engines enjoyed a higher reputation than any others in this country. He it was, though himself a fine musician, who invented that very useful but most unmusical locomotive whistle, now making day and night hideous with shrieking discord. While at Lowell, his wife, the sister of Major McNeill, bore him a son, — the now famous artist, James A. Whistler, — who has inherited his father's graphic talents, but not much of his sweet amiability of temper, judging from his controversy in England with Mr. Ruskin.

In 1837 Whistler, with Captain William H. Swift (his most devoted friend, and brother-in-law by his first marriage), was engaged on the Western Railroad of Massachusetts, now with the Worcester constituting the Boston and Albany Road. Till 1840, he was only the Consulting and

then, till 1842, the Chief Engineer of the road. During this latter period he built the fine railroad bridge across the Connecticut River at Springfield, Mas.

Though many important railroads had been constructed in England prior to 1842, and about 4,000 miles of track had been opened in the United States, Russia, at that time, had in operation only a short passenger road of eighteen miles, from St. Petersburg to Tsarskoe-Selo. The Emperor Nicholas, extremely desirous of extending the system, sent the Chevalier de Gerstner and two distinguished engineer officers of high rank to this country to select the best person to be found who would undertake the planning and building of the contemplated St. Petersburg and Moscow Railroad. After spending several months in the United States in visiting our public works and studying the skill of their construction and the efficiency of their management, they returned to Russia, reporting strongly in favor of Major Whistler's experience, attainments, and capacity as an engineer. Accordingly he was invited to accept a liberal salary and proceed at once to Russia to become the "Consulting Engineer of the St. Petersburg and Moscow Railroad," a work projected by the Czar himself, to be built by the Government. Whistler accepted the invitation, was warmly received by the Russian ambassador in London, and reached St. Petersburg late in the summer of 1842 to enter upon his *magnum opus* of uniting, with iron bands, the ancient with the modern capital of the Russian Empire, distant from each other about four hundred miles.

Whistler was at once associated with the Technical Commission of Engineers, a Board of nine officers of the highest rank, mostly generals. To this commission Whistler made an elaborate report, Sep. 9, 1842, recommending a five feet track, with I rails, 60 pounds to the yard, supported by cross-ties three feet apart, it being found, says he, "that, both in England and America, the narrow-gauge roads are the cheapest, safest, and best, the broad gauges having no equivalent advantages." Before this erudite Board, Whistler presented himself to propound and defend his conclusions, though he well knew that the greater part of that learned commission came prejudiced against him, as men in place and dignity are apt to be against a foreigner not of their own body, and viewed askance as a kind of adventurer. There is always a proneness to consider one under cross-examination as somewhat of a delinquent or impostor, whose faults and errors are to be detected and exposed, particularly when there is an appearance of innovation upon established doctrine. At this time, both in England and Russia, the opinions of engineers were setting very strongly in favor of wide-gauge railroads, and therefore, in view of all these circumstances, it is not surprising that the whole Technical Commission, with one exception, decided against Whistler in favor of the six-feet gauge. The dissenting member was Colonel Melnikoff, who had carefully examined most of the narrow-gauge roads in Great Britain and America. In an able rejoinder to the adverse decision of the Technical Commission, Whistler reinforced his original views with powerful arguments showing "that neither the result of experience nor probable future advantages calls for a greater width of track than five feet." Suffice it to say that Whistler finally triumphed, and when we recall the gauge controversy of those days, and know how much expense and trouble the wide gauge has since caused, the stand taken by our young American engineer then, against such influences and many officers of note, entitles him to very high professional eminence, and illustrates the foresight and comprehensiveness of his mind.

In the mean time Whistler, with some Russian engineers of whom he speaks most favorably, reconnoitred the whole line from St. Petersburg to Moscow, and found the country very advantageous for a railroad,

being nearly flat, but slightly marshy, and with only two broad river valleys to span and their streams to bridge. The difficulties of constructing such a road in America would not, even then, have been considered very great, but, in Russia, were formidable because of much official red-tape, the jealousy of most of the Technical Commission, and the lack of all railroad experience, mechanical skill, and organization of public works. Fortunately the Count Kleinmichel, Chief of the "Department of Ways and Communications," an officer with a clear head, possessing eminent executive ability, and without any jealousy of the distinguished American engineer, supported Whistler in nearly all of his projects and views; but his tower of strength was in the unwavering favor of the enlightened Czar himself.

Two lines, to connect the capitals, presented themselves: one along the Valley of the Volga, via Novgorod, and the other the direct line, about four hundred miles long. Whistler recommended the latter, which, being concurred in by the entire Technical Commission and approved by the Emperor, was at once adopted. As at this time only one short road, in all Russia, was in operation, therefore Whistler, for his contemplated great work, was forced to organize and plan everything himself, from a wheelbarrow to a steam excavator. As no skilled labor, machinery, nor equipment for railroad construction existed in the country, Whistler had to devise or send to the United States for engines, cars, pile-drivers, bridge models, spike machinery, and tools of almost every kind, with workmen experienced in their use. Capable superintendents of machine shops, bridge-builders, contractors, and heads of almost every department of construction had to be imported from America or England. As an illustration of the superiority of our American machinery, it may be mentioned that one of Whistler's steam pile-drivers with three laborers in an hour did the work which one of the Russian hand-drivers required sixteen men during two whole days to perform, or, in other words, did more than a hundred times the amount of service.

Whistler had to be constantly on the move, and personally to direct vast and varied operations, involving the construction of 200 locomotives, 6,000 cars, great bridges, numerous workshops, large depots, and numberless structures for various purposes; and housing, feeding, and directing sometimes 60,000 mechanics and laborers. Of course he was assisted by able Russian engineers, but they were timid about adopting bold American devices; consequently Whistler had to be the responsible and directing head of everything.

On New Year's Day of 1843, Whistler was, for the first time, presented at court. He, of course, appeared in the imperial presence with modesty, yet self-possession, neither dazzled nor daunted by the splendor of the court, or the awful majesty of the throne. Upon the Emperor's invitation, Whistler with much ease and earnestness unfolded his plans for carrying out his great work, to which his Majesty listened in the most complaisant manner. Whistler in one of his letters, now before me, writes: "The Emperor is a very fine-looking man, very much like General Scott, but the general never treated me with half the consideration that the Emperor did; . . . there is that about him which enabled me at once to enter upon a conversation, and tell him all I knew upon the points of his inquiries with as much ease as I could have talked to any private gentleman. I verily believe I never said 'Your Majesty' once. I described to him the whole route of the road, — its principal difficulties and how they might be overcome. He seemed much interested, often questioned me, and was pleased to say, shaking hands with me, as we parted, 'I am sure, sir, you will do it right,' to which I replied, 'You are very kind, sir, and, if you think it well done when it is done, I shall be proud of your approbation.'"

Shortly after this interview, Whistler received a communication stating that "His Imperial Majesty has been pleased to appoint you a member of the Technical Commission, established in the Department of Railroads," extending over the whole Empire. Such was the unbounded confidence of the Emperor in Whistler's skill, ability, and experience that he was constantly called to new duties, he at one time being a member of three permanent and many special commissions; besides being consulted upon military engineering, river and harbor improvements, the great Neva bridge, which was finally completed by Americans, and, upon the special invitation of the Emperor, who personally consulted him, upon the difficult foundations for some new fortifications and dockyards at Cronstadt, Whistler's views being approved by the Czar though opposed by the Russian engineers.

This partiality of the Emperor for Whistler and his professional views of course greatly irritated his imperial engineers, many of whom were nobles of high rank. Though compelled to look up to this young American officially, they were determined to look down upon him socially, which the Emperor learning, he resolved at once to stop the annoyance to Whistler, whose nobility was not birth but moral worth, eminent talents, and distinguished services. Accordingly, the Czar, taking advantage of a day when he knew many engineer officers would visit the Hermitage, — the celebrated Russian gallery of art, — entered it without noticing any one till he found Whistler, who had an enthusiastic love for pictures. On seeing him, Nicholas went directly towards the American engineer, took his arm, and walked slowly with him entirely around the gallery, pointing out each *chef-d'œuvre*. It is unnecessary to say that, henceforth, Mr. Whistler belonged to the very highest aristocracy.

For five years Whistler, day and night, toiled on in the performance of his arduous duties, patiently bearing with every vexation and disappointment at the slow progress of the railroad, which ere this he had hoped to complete and then return to his loved home. He was, however, consoled by a personal visit of the Emperor to the whole line of railway and to the numerous workshops, "where," says Whistler, "his Majesty was pleased to express his entire approbation and gratification in the most flattering manner to me and our countrymen, since which he has expressed his thanks in a ukase, and given me the Cross of the Order of St. Anne, and to Harrison, Winans, and Eastwick a diamond ring each."

Though kept very busy, — for Whistler always desired to make himself useful, professionally and otherwise, — his great work was constantly retarded from some cause, and, in 1848, the supplies of men and money were especially deficient. This was the year of the French Revolution, the forced abdication of Louis Philippe, and of Louis Napoleon becoming President of the Republic; in Austria, of the advance of the Hungarian Army on Vienna, of Ferdinand's abdication, and of Francis Joseph's succession; in Italy, of Charles Albert's calling out his army to repel the encroachments of Austria, of the revolt at Palermo, and of the Pope's flight from Rome in disguise; of disturbances in Prussia, Schleswig-Holstein, and Poland; and throughout Continental Europe there was a seething cauldron of commotion, which culminated the following year in the overthrow of the Grand Duke of Tuscany, the defeat of Charles Albert at Novara, and the march of Russia to aid Austria against Hungary.

Thus, between war, which absorbed the resources of Russia, and cholera, which carried off a million of the inhabitants of the Empire, there was little progress to the St. Petersburg and Moscow Railway. Whistler himself had been taken down with the cholera, and, on recovering, says, Jan. 2, 1849, in a letter to Captain William H. Swift: "Our work actually drags from causes that I cannot remedy; and, as if to keep up appearances, I am harassed with projects and estimates for things

never to be executed. . . . I should like very much to be here to see the completion of this road, because I should be proud of my share in it. It is indeed a noble work, and very much more economically constructed than any other in Europe of a similar character, although there has been much extravagance in some things for effect ; but I fear I shall not see the *opening through*." These last words were the prophecy of his own fate, for three months later, — Apr. 7, 1849, — stricken with heart disease, he breathed his last at St. Petersburg before he had attained the age of forty-nine. The "opening through" was made some years later by Whistler's accomplished successor, — Major Thompson S. Brown, — another American engineer, who had been graduated from the U. S. Military Academy six years after his distinguished predecessor.

At the beginning of the nineteenth century were born three of the most distinguished railroad engineers of the age, — George W. Whistler, Robert Stephenson, and Isambard K. Brunel, — the first an American, the second an Englishman, and the third of French descent, all of whom died in middle life from overwork. The latter two had the advantages of being sons of eminent engineers and inheritors of their experience and fame, while the former enjoyed the benefit of military training and education. Each partook of his nationality, Stephenson being sagacious, practical, and inventive ; Brunel imaginative, ingenious, and daring ; while Whistler had, in a marked degree, the good qualities of both. As a child, living on a wild frontier, he was exposed to many trials and dangers which taught him self-reliance ; as a boy, at the Military Academy, he acquired methodical habits, the practice of a strict discipline, and the rudiments of mathematics and drawing, — the priceless tools of his life's profession ; and in early manhood he was thoroughly exercised in the hard gymnastics of the unsolved mechanical problems of a new country. Besides, Whistler had rare natural abilities, a ready perception of principles, and was rich in expedients ; possessed great tact, a sound judgment, and an ardent temperament ; united steady perseverance to a prodigious capacity for work ; and utilized not only the riches of his own mind, but skillfully profited by the experience of others. Though not much of a student of books, he was quick to avail himself of the ripe scholarship of more learned scientists ; and with no theories of his own to combat, nor pride of opinion to sacrifice, he at once swept away all cobwebs of sophistry, was undaunted by ordinary difficulties, and hence promptly determined his course of action. But, though at times he modestly yielded to the adverse views of others, it was never from a lack of self-confidence, or capacity for originating and executing the boldest conceptions. His was always the leading mind among associates ; and his plans, broad and comprehensive, ever aimed at securing the maximum results with the minimum expenditure of time, labor, and money. Cautious, tentative, and practical, Whistler was pre-eminently a safe man, and never the projector of wild schemes ; yet, as the friend of progress, he early and urgently advocated that states should build railways, that the railways might build up the states. When he began his career of engineering, there were only a few miles of quarry and mining tracks laid in this country ; hence, unguided by experience, he was compelled to make the surveys, select the routes, devise the structures, secure adequate funds, economically build and put in operation railroads which, with reasonable certainty, would pay dividends to corporations. In the midst of this usefulness and success in his native land, he was called away to develop his higher faculties in the creation of the internal improvements of a vast empire.

Whistler, when he went to Russia, was in the prime of life ; brought up as a soldier, he was adapted to the usages of a military nation ; and his American experience on surveys, in machine shops, and with the construction of public works, admirably fitted him for his new vocation. But

no beginning could have been more unpromising than his on the St. Petersburg and Moscow Road, where nearly his whole resources were his own mental activity, trained inventive faculties, varied professional experience, and strong will to conquer difficulties. Few statistics and little railway knowledge were at hand; all plant, machinery, and tools were wanting, and no drilled *personnel* was to be found to administer the various and complicated departments of this great road. Whistler had to create everything from a spike machine to a locomotive engine, and to play executive officer everywhere and in everything. His was a mighty task, greater even than the construction of the largest of the Egyptian pyramids, the fourth wonder of the ancient world. According to Herodotus, one hundred thousand men were employed for ten years in preparing and transporting, and twenty years in building, the pyramid of Cheops. To rear this mountain of stone involved the lifting of 15,733,000,000 cubic feet one foot high; whereas Whistler, with about one third of the force in one sixth of the time, had a much more Herculean labor to perform. Though himself the Atlas whose shoulders upheld the mighty load, his personal energy imparted itself to his subordinates, quickening and influencing them as strong characters always do, flowing down into theirs, and bringing out their fullest powers. Moreover, the whole education of Whistler's life had inculcated a sympathy with his workmen, who respected his mastership as he did their manhood, thus enabling him to enforce the strictest discipline while securing their cheerful obedience and best exertions. Besides, his uniform kindness and good temper, his social disposition and familiar intercourse, and his readiness to converse intelligently upon almost every topic, brought him in easy contact with men, enabling him to select from among them the best agents to work out his own ideas. Hence, through his chosen assistants, he organized and directed vast bands of skilled mechanics and hordes of common laborers who were employed so many years in carrying his magnificent conceptions to their successful accomplishment. But his chief reliance was upon himself; everything bore the impress of his own patient thought; each detail was as carefully considered as if constituting the whole scheme, and nothing was neglected to attain the desired end. Materials were required to be the best of their kind; structures had to be built solidly and trustily, and the whole work was to be honest in construction and economical in cost. Of the millions expended by his order, though corruption sat in high places near him, his integrity withstood every trial and temptation. Frequently called upon to act as arbitrator between contractors and the government, such value was attached to Whistler's impartial opinions, great experience, and sound judgment that both parties promptly yielded to his upright awards. No mean jealousy nor petty expediency could swerve him from the path of rectitude, and, if ever a bias lingered in his breast, it was for the friendless workman.

Whistler was not simply an eminent engineer, but a man of broad culture and a profound thinker, and possessed a gifted and well-balanced mind. His hospitable mansion was the resort of persons learned in art, in literature, and in science; and his ready and intelligent discussions on these topics inspired his guests with admiration of his acquirements and deference to his opinions. His favorite resorts were picture galleries, music halls, and assemblages of magnetic men; for he had graphic skill and critical connoisseurship, delighted in harmony, and was a charming flutist, and his native humor and *esprit* imparted to his sparkling conversation both vigor and originality, making him the delightful companion of all ages, sexes, and conditions. In manners he was simple, modest, and unassuming, but always manly; though frank in expression and social in spirit, he never sacrificed his sense of self-respect; and, whether associated with subordinates, equals, or superiors, he maintained the quiet

ease and simple deportment of one of Nature's noblemen. His exquisite refinement, keen sympathy, and delicate sensibility shed a lovable atmosphere around, which imparted a genial warmth to all within its influence. Prosperity never closed his heart, nor stole away the generosity of his soul, for he had a hand as open as day for melting charity, and he would often be parsimonious to himself that he might provide for the necessities of those who had narrow claims upon his benevolence. It, therefore, is not surprising that this lord of unselfishness and king of industry was an idol among his friends, to whom he was ever kind and considerate; a great favorite with his professional brethren, whose merits, talents, and assistance he was the first to recognize; and that, when he breathed his last in a foreign land, his death was mourned in two continents where he had labored and been loved.

"Such men are not forgot as soon as cold;
Their fragrant memory will outlast their tomb,
Embalm'd forever in its own perfume."

215..(Born Vt.).....**BENJAMIN WALKER** *...(Ap'd N. H.)..**13**

Military History. — Cadet † at the Military Academy, June 20, 1817, to July 1, 1819, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

THIRD LIEUT., ORDNANCE, JULY 1, 1819.

SECOND LIEUT., ORDNANCE, DEC. 31, 1819.

Served: on Ordnance duty, July 1, 1819, to June 1, 1821; in garrison

(SECOND LIEUT., 1ST ARTILLERY, IN RE-ORGANIZATION OF ARMY, JUNE 1, 1821)

(TRANSFERRED TO 3D INFANTRY, OCT. 3, 1821)

at Ft. Sullivan, Me., 1821; on frontier duty at Ft. Howard, Wis., 1822–23; on Recruiting service, 1823; in garrison at Detroit, Mich., 1824–26;

(FIRST LIEUT., 3D INFANTRY, OCT. 13, 1823)

on Recruiting service, 1826–27; on Commissary duty at Cantonment Leavenworth, Kan., 1827–29; in garrison at Jefferson Barracks, Mo., 1829–30; on Recruiting service, 1830–32; on frontier duty at Ft. Jesup, La., 1832–36, — and Camp Sabine, La., 1836; as Acting Paymaster

(CAPTAIN, 3D INFANTRY, AUG. 31, 1833)

(under Law of July 4, 1836), Sep. 20, 1836, to Feb. 28, 1839; in garrison at Ft. Jesup, La., 1838–39; on Paymaster duty, Dec. 17, 1839, to May 28,

(PAYMASTER, U. S. ARMY, DEC. 17, 1839)

1838, being in the Florida War, 1840–42, — and in the War with Mexico, 1846–47, as Chief Paymaster of the forces under command of Brig.-General Kearny.

DIED, MAY 28, 1858, AT ST. LOUIS, MO.: AGED 61.

* Was examined and graduated with the Class of 1819, though at the time a member of, and standing seventh in, the succeeding Class.

† Before entering the Military Academy, at the age of 16, he was engaged in the repulse, at the Mouth of Otter Creek, May 14, 1814, of the British fleet attempting to sail past for the destruction of Commodore McDonough's fleet on Lake Champlain.

216..(Born Ct.).....**DANIEL TYLER**.....(Ap'd Ct.)..**14**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, Sep. 28, 1816, to July 1, 1819, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

SECOND LIEUT., LIGHT ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1819.

Served: in garrison at New England Posts, 1819–24, — and Ft. Mon-

(SECOND LIEUT., 5TH INFANTRY, IN RE-ORGANIZATION OF ARMY, JUNE 1, 1821)

(TRANSFERRED TO 1ST ARTILLERY, JUNE 12, 1821)

roe, Va. (Artillery School for Practice), 1824–26; on Ordnance duty,

(FIRST LIEUT., 1ST ARTILLERY, MAY 6, 1824)

Apr. 20 to Oct. 20, 1826; as Adjutant of the Artillery School for Practice at Ft. Monroe, Va., Oct. 29, 1826, to Dec. 27, 1827; on professional duty in France, and translating from the French, "Manœuvres of Artillery," Jan. 3, 1828, to Jan. 2, 1830; and on Ordnance duty, Jan. 14, 1830, to Dec. 31, 1833, as Superintendent of Contract Arms.

RESIGNED, MAY 31, 1834.

Civil History. — Civil Engineer, 1834–61. President of Norwich, Ct., and Worcester, Mas., Railroad Company, 1840–44, — of Morris Canal and Banking Company, N. J., 1844–46, — and of Macon and Western Railroad Company, Ga., 1846–48. Member of the Board of Visitors to the Military Academy, 1849. Superintending Engineer Cumberland Valley Railroad, Pa., from Harrisburg to Chambersburg, 1849–51. General Superintendent of Dauphin and Susquehanna Railroad and Coal Company Pa., 1852–60. Superintending Engineer of Auburn and Allentown Railroad, Pa., 1855–57, — and President, 1855–61. President and Engineer of Schuylkill and Susquehanna Railroad, Pa., 1858–61.

Military History. — Served during the Rebellion of the Seceding

(COLONEL, 1ST CONNECTICUT VOLUNTEERS, APR. 23, 1861)

States, 1861–64: in Defense of Washington, D. C., Mar.–July, 1861; in

(BRIG.-GENERAL, CONNECTICUT STATE VOLUNTEERS, MAY 10, 1861)

command of a division in the Manassas Campaign of July, 1861, being engaged in the Action of Blackburn's Ford, Va., July 18, 1861, — and Battle of Bull Run, Va., July 21, 1861; and in the Defenses of Washington, D. C., July–Aug., 1861.

MUSTERED OUT ON EXPIRATION OF SERVICE, AUG. 11, 1861.

Re-appointed in the United States Volunteer force, with the rank of

BRIG.-GENERAL, U. S. VOLUNTEERS, MAR. 13, 1862.

Served: in the Mississippi Campaign (Army of the Mississippi), Apr. 25 to June 27, 1862, being engaged in the Action of Farmington, Mis., May 23, 1862, — and Advance upon and Siege of Corinth, Mis., Apr. 29 to June 8, 1862; on sick leave of absence, June 27 to Aug. 13, 1862; in organizing Volunteer regiments in Connecticut, Aug. 13 to Sep. 15, 1862; in command of Camp Douglass, Ill., Sep. 17 to Nov. 23, 1862; on Military Commission investigating General Buell's Campaign in Kentucky and Tennessee, Nov. 24, 1862, to May 10, 1863; in guarding the Upper Potomac, June 8–26, 1863, being engaged in the Action at Martinsburg, Va., June 14, 1863, — and in command of Harper's Ferry and Maryland Heights, June 15–26, 1863, when the Rebel army had invaded Pennsylvania; and in command of troops at Baltimore, Md., June 27 to July 3, 1863, — and of the District of Delaware, July 3, 1863, to Apr. 6, 1864.

RESIGNED, APR. 6, 1864.

Civil History. — Proprietor of Woodstock Iron Company, Anniston, Ala., 1872–82. Agent of the Bondholders (to foreclose their mortgage) of Mobile and Montgomery, Ala., Railroad, 1873–74; and President of the Railroad, 1874–77.

DIED, NOV. 30, 1882, AT NEW YORK CITY: AGED 84.

BIOGRAPHICAL SKETCH.

BRIGADIER-GENERAL DANIEL TYLER was born, Jan. 7, 1799, in Brooklyn, Windham County, Connecticut; and died, Nov. 30, 1882, at New York city, at the advanced age of 84.

His descent on the side of both parents was distinguished; his father having been the Adjutant of Putnam's regiment at the Battle of Bunker Hill, and his mother the eldest grandchild of the celebrated President Jonathan Edwards, the noted American metaphysician and theologian, whom Dugald Stewart describes as "indisputably the ablest champion of the scheme of necessity since the time of Collins."

At the age of thirteen years, young Tyler, having received a good public school education, was sent to the Plainfield Academy to fit himself for Yale College; but his destination was changed to the Military Academy at West Point, which he entered Sep. 28, 1816. Here he made such rapid progress in his studies that he, availing himself of the privilege then allowed, was advanced to the third class on Jan. 1, 1817, and again to the second in June following; and, but for the advent of Colonel Thayer to the Superintendency of the Institution, would have made another leap in six months to the first class. Under the new régime, says he, "I had *to bone it* for the next two years to pass the annual examinations." He was graduated and promoted in the Army, July 1, 1819, to a Second Lieutenancy in the Light Artillery, being assigned to duty in Boston Harbor.

Under the re-organization of the Army in 1821, through an error, he was transferred to the Third Infantry; but, so soon as he complained of it, the Secretary of War put him back in the First Artillery, stationed at the Fort Monroe Artillery School for Practice, and May 6, 1824, he received his promotion to a First Lieutenancy. Here his efficiency so won the esteem of his commanding officer that he was made the Adjutant of the School; but was relieved Apr. 20, 1826, after a short incumbency, and placed upon Ordnance duty in the command of the Pikesville Arsenal, near Baltimore, Md., where he remained till Oct. 20, 1826.

While exercising this pleasant command, an incident occurred which largely shaped his future military career. In the winter of 1825–26, a Board of Officers, General Scott being its President, was appointed to prescribe a system of "Exercises and Instruction of Field Artillery, including Manœuvres of Horse Artillery, for the Militia of the United States." It devolved upon Colonel Eustis, the only Artillery officer on the Board, to prepare this system; but, finding "the water too deep for him to wade in," he wrote to Tyler to come to Washington, and bring with him a translation the Lieutenant had made of a French Artillery work. This was submitted to the Board exactly as it came from Tyler's pen; adopted by it, Dec. 7, 1826; approved by the Secretary of War, Mar. 2, 1829; and was then published for the use of the militia. This work proved so satisfactory to the General-in-Chief that Tyler, with Colonel Eustis, was ordered to prepare a more comprehensive work on Artillery for the Regular Army. To be with Eustis, Tyler was directed to proceed to the Artillery School for Practice, of which he became the Adjutant, Oct. 29, 1826.

After devoting a year of such leisure time as he could spare from his other duties to this Artillery work, he became satisfied that, to do it properly, he must go abroad to obtain the necessary data for his undertaking. Accordingly, Dec. 27, 1827, he was relieved from duty at Fort Monroe, and ordered by the Secretary of War to "proceed to France for the accomplishment and preparation of the contemplated project," and to collect whatever information he could for the improvement of our military service.

Tyler embarked for France about the middle of January, 1828, with the understanding that the new system of Artillery should be based upon that of the "Guibeauval," which had been in use by us since the Revolution, somewhat modified, though not improved, by the Army Board of 1818.

Early in April, 1829, Tyler was admitted into the French Artillery School of Practice, at Metz, which he found so vastly superior to our own at Fort Monroe that he concluded "we had everything to learn in Artillery without any means of learning." Hence he seriously felt the importance of his mission, and forthwith commenced a translation of the latest French system of "Manœuvres of Artillery," including Field and Heavy Artillery. At the end of a year this task was completed, and three hundred lithographed copies, in three volumes, were sent to our War Department. But, while carrying on his translation, he was fully satisfied that the new system of French *Matériel*, recently adopted from the English, would entirely supersede the Guibeauval. Accordingly, Tyler collected copies of every drawing and memoir connected with this French system of Field, Siege, Seacoast, and Mountain Artillery, which he brought back with him to Washington. The expense of copying these memoirs and drawings, about $2,000, Tyler had paid out of his own pocket, with no little inconvenience to himself; but generously offered them, free of charge, to the government, "provided a Board, consisting of three Artillery and two Ordnance officers, should pass upon their merits and adopt them as the *matériel* for the Artillery of the United States Army," to which proposition Colonel Bomford, then Chief of Ordnance, demurred, declaring that his department had the sole right to prescribe the system. At the same time he was willing that Tyler should go to the Watervliet Arsenal to construct one of these French batteries, he receiving "the whole credit of introducing the system." Upon the advice of some of his Artillery friends, Tyler declined Colonel Bomford's proposition. Some years later, after Tyler's resignation from the Army, Mr. Poinsett, then Secretary of War, invited him to return to the service; but, upon Tyler's declining the offer, the Secretary insisted upon paying him for his drawings and memoirs $1,600, that being the whole balance of his available "contingent fund." He asked Tyler if that sum would be satisfactory, to which he replied, "Perfectly, though he did not ask any repayment." Thus, says Tyler, "the drawings for the system of Artillery, which I had expected to make me a Captain of Ordnance, passed into the possession of the Government (which had neither the means nor the ability to create a system for itself) at a cost of less than two thousand dollars. This system, now and ever since that period, has constituted the Artillery system of the United States. It has aided in carrying the country successfully through two great wars, and the sole change made from the drawings, furnished at that time, is the doubtful one of substituting leather for rope traces in the harness."

While in Europe, Tyler examined the Cavalry camp at Lunéville; the Pontonnier School at Strasburg; the Armory of Klingenthal; the establishments and manœuvres of the French Army at Paris; and the Artillery School at Woolwich, England.

After returning home in 1829, Tyler was still kept on Ordnance duty to prepare a translation of the "School of the Driver," which in the French service is separate from the Artillery.

This duty completed, Tyler was sent, Jan. 6, 1830, to the Springfield Armory to report upon the system pursued there in the manufacture of small arms as compared with the methods he had seen at the French Armory at Klingenthal. He found that the systems were very different, much of the work done in France by hand being performed with us by machinery, which did not produce as good work, and the cost was not lessened, the profit of the machine labor going to the mechanics, who received from $150 to $200 per month. These discoveries so startled the Ordnance Department that a Board, of which Tyler was a member, was convened at Springfield to report upon the proper prices for "piece work done at the Armory."

The workmen, by the lavish use of money and the aid of political influence, secured a strong opposition in Congress to the bill to re-organize the National Armories with Ordnance instead of Civilian Superintendents. A long struggle ensued, one side trying to keep up excessive wages and the other to reduce them to a fair compensation. Honesty finally triumphed by substituting Ordnance for Civil control of the Armories, incalculably to the advantage of the Government. In the whole of this bitter contest Tyler took an active and efficient part.

Early in 1832, the Ordnance Department having had its attention called to the imperfection of the arms manufactured on contract at private armories, Tyler was made "Superintendent of the Inspectors of Contract Arms." At the first inspection he had to reject every musket,* none coming up to the requirements of the contracts. After this the contractors much improved the arms, their manufacture being too lucrative to them to abandon their agreements. Of course the fidelity of the Inspector brought a storm of indignation about Tyler's head, which was threatened with decapitation by the noisy political belligerents. Armed in honesty, and of sterner stuff than his antagonists, the Inspector triumphed, the contractors being notified "that they must either submit to the Inspectors or surrender their contracts." Prudence and profits soon dictated the acceptance of the former alternative.

Tyler, however, by his integrity, sacrificed his professional advancement. President Jackson, influenced by scheming politicians, refused to appoint him a Captain in the new Ordnance Corps, though strongly recommended by the Chief of Ordnance and every Democratic member of Congress from the State of New York.

Smarting under the injustice which he conceived to have been done to him, he tendered his resignation from the Army, which was accepted to take effect May 31, 1834.

During the incumbency of Mr. Poinsett in the War Department, he urged Tyler to return to the Army, in which he had been so useful; but he declined this overture, saying: "My Army life has been without any reward, and I have lost all ambition to be connected with the service where politics and prejudice ruled, and where the fact that a man was not born in the South was a bar to promotion." This last allusion had reference to the recent re-organization of the Ordnance Corps, in which "all the officers but five had been selected from the South, and that of the Captains appointed three were Second Lieutenants, of whom one had never seen a day's service since he graduated at West Point."

Tyler, now a civilian, became the President of an Iron and Coal Company in Lycoming County, Pennsylvania, and was sent to Great Britain to examine the methods there adopted for coal-mining, and operating furnaces and rolling-mills. Upon his return he commenced, in 1835, the erection of the *first coke, hot-blast furnace ever built in America*, and after a hard struggle of two years succeeded in making pig iron, using bituminous coal for the fuel; but the operations of the company were suspended, owing to the great fall in the price of the manufactured article.

Tyler, in 1840, became the President of the Norwich and Worcester Railroad, which then, through incompetent management and want of capital, was on the eve of bankruptcy. By great energy and financial skill he completed the road; opened a new route to New York; bonded the entire floating debt; increased the market value of the stock thirty per cent.; and established his reputation for railroad management.

The Morris Canal and Banking Company, in 1843, had become bankrupt; was sold under foreclosure of a mortgage; and had fallen into the

* These miserable weapons subsequently became famous in history as the "George Law muskets," more dangerous to the user than to the enemy.

hands of New York capitalists owning large stock interests in the Norwich and Worcester Railroad. As this latter corporation was then entirely out of its difficulties, Tyler was invited to become the President and Engineer of the former company. Upon examination of the canal, he found that it had been constructed originally to float twenty-five-ton boats, but that the old locks had been partially rebuilt to pass the Lehigh Canal Company's boats carrying seventy-five tons of coal. He saw at once that, if the latter carrying capacity could be given to the canal, it would constitute the only direct route from the Lehigh mines to the city of New York. The water supply was the great problem to be solved. By diminishing the consumption of water, enlarging the prism of the canal's waterway, and by an ingenious use of "Summit Planes" with railroad tracks upon which cars were moved by the power of turbine wheels, Tyler succeeded in solving the puzzle, and, despite the opinion of some able engineers, by July 10, 1844, the canal was ready for business, the first boat passing over demonstrating "that the prism in depth of water, etc., was well adapted to the boat's capacity, that the new planes answered their purpose fully, and that it required less time and less water to pass over a plane a thousand feet in length than to pass through a lock of eight feet lift." The extreme drought which soon followed this success, and various questions of water rights, in a measure nullified Tyler's great achievement. Consequently, says he, "after closing various legal matters connected with the rights of the Morris Canal Company, in the fall of 1844, and seeing that there was no disposition on the part of the company to go on and rebuild the additional nine planes required, and after making a final report, wherein I vainly urged the needed work, I offered my resignation, February, 1845. This was accepted, and I reluctantly gave up a public improvement which, if completed at that time at a cost not exceeding $386,000, would not only have given large pecuniary benefits to its stockholders, but would have added very substantially to my professional reputation;" besides, if finished upon his plans, as it was four years after, "could have floated into the city of New York at least a million of tons of coal per annum."

During the winter of 1844–45, Tyler was requested to take charge of the Macon and Atlanta Railroad, which was unfinished and in great pecuniary embarrassment. Seeing the importance of this connection between upper and lower Georgia, and that this railroad, which had cost $1,200,000, would be sold for about $150,000 under a decree of the Chancery Court, Tyler took it in hand as its President under the new name of the Macon and Western Railroad. With the aid of some of the old stockholders and a few New York capitalists, he reconstructed the road without the issue of a single bond; and, before the close of 1844, it was open to traffic. At once it was a success, paid eight per cent. annual dividends, and its stock is still considered one of the best and safest investments in the Southern States.

Tyler says: "I remained President of the Company until the summer of 1849, in perfect harmony with the Southern Board of Directors and the people of the South. During my four years' residence there I had been a careful observer of the political movements of the South, and after six months' stay was convinced that my residence would be temporary, and that the political changes going on from day to day would, in less than ten years, result in a disruption of the Union. My resignation took the Board by surprise, and, when asked my reasons, my answer was, as nearly as I can recollect after so many years, as follows: 'Gentlemen, you have never heard me say a word against slavery, and, although I am no abolitionist, I would not bring my boys here to educate them under your system if you would give me the Macon and Western Railroad. You are educating your young men to hate the Union and de-

spise the North ; and the result will be a conflict within ten years, and in that event I mean to be with my family north of Mason and Dixon's Line.' "

In this year of 1849 Tyler was a member of the Board of Visitors to the Military Academy, taking an active part in everything connected with his Alma Mater, to whose welfare he was devoted through a long life.

Upon his return to the North, Tyler found that a very important investment which he had made in the securities of the Cumberland Valley Railroad was in danger of being sacrificed. With his usual promptitude and energy he rebuilt and re-organized the road in 1850–51, since which time it has been one of the most successful roads in Pennsylvania, and now, under the management of the Pennsylvania Railroad Company, pays annual dividends of eight per cent., besides having a surplus of over a million of dollars.

Tyler, from 1852 to 1861, was engaged upon various public works, among them the road of the Dauphin and Susquehanna Coal Company, the extension of which was designed to connect with the Central New Jersey Railroad, the whole constituting a trunk coal road from the anthracite region to the city of New York. As the former road threatened to be a serious rival to the Reading Road, it was purchased by the Reading Company.

Under a contract Tyler also constructed the principal part of the Philadelphia and West Chester Railroad. He purchased for the bondholders the Maysville and Lexington Railroad in Kentucky ; and, in 1856, personally assumed the obligations of the Schuylkill and Susquehanna Road to construct nine miles of railroad from Pine Grove to Lorberry Creek, which he sold at a very large profit to the Reading Road.

Tyler's residence in the South had fully prepared him for the secession movement, in 1860–61, of the Cotton States, and he doubted not that the Rebellion would be a long contest. Though he had attained the age at which officers were retired from active service in the Army, Tyler, with the inherited fire which his father had displayed at Bunker Hill, at once resolved to again gird on his sword for the defense of the Union, and of that sacred flag under which he had been educated. No sooner had he heard of the attack upon Ft. Sumter than he repaired to Washington to tender his services in whatever capacity they would be most useful. General Scott wanted him for service in the field, and General Ripley — Chief of Ordnance — wished him at once to go to Europe to purchase arms for the Government. The very day it was to be decided to which duty he should be assigned, Governor Buckingham, of Connecticut, telegraphed for him to report at New Haven to take command of the first State regiment then being raised for the war. With great difficulty, owing to the destruction of the railroad bridges, he reached his destination. Immediately he encamped and drilled his command, and early in May was in Washington with a full regiment, completely armed and equipped, and provided with all needful transportation and camp equipage for active service. Soon after, the Second and Third Connecticut regiments arrived in the capital, when Colonel Tyler, May 10, 1861, was commissioned a Brigadier-General of State Volunteers, these three Connecticut and a Maine regiment constituting his brigade.

Soon following General Schenck's Vienna fiasco, Tyler established his command at the advanced position of Fall's Church, near the enemy, which he held till the movement of the Army to Bull Run. While at this post he captured a body of Virginia negroes, which " were the first slaves manumitted under martial law."

Unforeseen delays deferred, until July 16th, the march of McDowell's Army, composed of five divisions. The first and largest, commanded by

Tyler, was divided into four brigades, respectively under Keyes, Schenck, Sherman, and Richardson. On the 17th Centreville was occupied, and Tyler, finding his advance unopposed, made a reconnoissance the next day towards Blackburn's Ford, which ended in a sharp engagement. McDowell subsequently represented this affair as one of the causes of his defeat at Bull Run, where Tyler contends that this battle should have been fought on the day of Blackburn's Ford or on the next, before there was a possibility of Beauregard's Army being reinforced by Johnston's. This union of the Confederate forces Tyler had greatly feared from the beginning of the campaign, and says that his railroad experience proved to him conclusively that heavy trains with troops from the Shenandoah Valley had been arriving at Bull Run for two nights and a day preceding the battle, of which he apprised both the Secretary of War and General McDowell.

Early on Sunday morning, July 21st, the movement of our Army took place. Tyler's division was ordered to march by the Warrenton turnpike direct to the "Stone Bridge," while Hunter's and Heintzelman's divisions were to take a circuitous route and cross Bull Run higher up, thus to turn the enemy's left flank. The plan of battle was an admirable one, except that it involved a long and fatiguing night march. A little past midnight McDowell's Army was astir, and the three designated divisions sallied forth full of enthusiasm. Hunter and Heintzelman were unluckily delayed some two or three hours in reaching "Sudley's Ford." Tyler's division, except Richardson's brigade left with the reserve, moved cautiously, reaching the Stone Bridge at 3 A. M. Some hours later, when the battle was fully engaged on our right, Tyler was ordered to press the attack from our left. Accordingly, Sherman crossed Bull Run and Keyes followed, Schenck being left to take care of the Stone Bridge and prevent any flank movement from the enemy in that direction. The morning battle, in which Sherman's and Keyes' brigades actively participated, was a complete success.

In the afternoon a second battle was fought, when McDowell's forces were reduced by severe losses and much fatigued by twelve hours' marching and fighting, while the enemy's troops were comparatively fresh and constantly increasing. By a fatal error a Rebel regiment was mistaken for a support coming to our advanced batteries on Henry Hill, and was allowed to approach and almost annihilate them. Over these disabled batteries the contest surged back and forth. Brigade after brigade was brought forward, and three times the batteries were recovered and again lost. By half-past four, all of the Union reserves had been brought up, while the enemy's accession of fresh regiments from both of their armies continued to reach the battlefield, snatching the morning victory from our brave but undisciplined volunteers, faint with hunger, midsummer heat, and marching and fighting since midnight. When, therefore, two fresh Confederate brigades had repulsed the Union flank attack west of the Sudley road, and another brigade with its artillery burst through the woods further to the west, threatening our right flank and rear, the battle, as by the common consent of our exhausted troops, came to an end, and the retreat of our Army began, Tyler retiring in good order with Keyes' and Schenck's brigades upon Centreville. From this point the Army fell back to the defenses of Washington, most of it in a very demoralized condition.

After the completion of his report of the Battle of Bull Run, General Tyler, with his Connecticut regiments of three months' volunteers, Aug. 11, 1861, was mustered out of the State service. He now retired to his home, where, in accordance with the wishes of the General-in-Chief, he advised and assisted the Connecticut authorities in recruiting, equipping, and forwarding the State's new regiments of volunteers.

Upon the solicitation of General Scott, Tyler was appointed, Mar. 13, 1862, a Brigadier-General of U. S. Volunteers, which commission he accepted on condition that he should be assigned to active duty in the field. He was ordered at once to the Army of the Mississippi, headquarters Pittsburg Landing, and in Stanley's division was engaged in the advance upon and Siege of Corinth. In the action of Farmington, May 23, 1862, he commanded a brigade; upon the occupation of Corinth, May 30, a squad of his troops raised upon the place the first Union flag; and in the pursuit of the enemy he advanced as far as Baldwin.

Broken down by anxiety and the fatigues of this campaign under General Halleck, Tyler obtained, June 27th, a sick leave of absence; but, as soon as he was convalescent, he was again organizing and forwarding Connecticut volunteers to the field. From Sep. 17 to Nov. 23, 1862, he commanded Camp Douglass, Ill., when he was detailed as a member of the Military Commission to investigate the Campaign of General Buell in Kentucky and Tennessee. This duty occupied him till May 10, 1863, when he was ordered to Baltimore and assigned to the command of the troops and defenses of the city. While detached, June 8–26, to guard the Upper Potomac, he was engaged in the action of Martinsburg, June 14, 1863, and then took command of Harper's Ferry and Maryland Heights, — a most important trust, the enemy having invaded Pennsylvania from the Shenandoah Valley. General Schenck, commanding the Middle Department, fearing that Lee might make a movement upon Baltimore, ordered Tyler, June 26, to resume his command of that city, which he held till July 3, 1863, when all danger was removed by the retreat of the Confederate Army from Gettysburg. Tyler was then placed in command of the District of Delaware, where he remained till he resigned his commission, April 6, 1864, because of the death of his wife and his conviction that the backbone of the Rebellion was broken, and it could be ended by younger and more active men.

He continued, however, to follow the progress of the war with the liveliest interest; and it must have been a proud moment to him when Atlanta, Sep. 2, 1864, surrendered to General Sherman. Nearly two years before that great event he said to the members of the Buell investigating commission: "Atlanta, and not Richmond, should be the objective point, and there our hardest fighting is yet to be done. That is the belly of the Confederacy, and not only the most exposed, but the most vital part. There is where it lives. Back of that are their store-houses and supplies; and to cover these it will do its most desperate fighting; loss there means final defeat."

Tyler, after his resignation, passed his time in the various occupations of a country gentleman, and in traveling through the Southern States and Cuba; but, after enjoying this for a few years, his active mind required larger scope and more substantial food. Accordingly, he made an extended European tour, arriving in England at the outbreak of the Franco-Prussian War, in which, as a military man, he became deeply interested. Writing to his son respecting this struggle, he says: "You will see a progress in civilization that the most sanguine philanthropists have never dreamed of; and the motive power which will have caused it will have been the gun fired from Ft. Sumter. Beauregard little dreamed how that gun would shake the world."

In the spring of 1872, after his return home, he made a trip to Alabama to examine some iron properties there, which resulted in his founding large cotton and iron manufactories, and building the town of Anniston upon a cheerless old estate of twenty to thirty thousand acres. One of Tyler's associates in the Woodstock Iron Company says of him: "He was always planning and suggesting something for the benefit of Anniston and its people; plans and suggestions that to us at first seemed

impracticable and premature, we found, from his clear reasoning and hearty co-operation, not only could be carried out, but were needed. In acting on his suggestions and plans, we found how wise he was in forethought, and wondered why we had not thought of the plans ourselves. To his earnest exertions and liberality we are indebted for the waterworks, the cotton factory, and car-works, the promotion of emigration, the successful cultivation of the grasses, the introduction of blooded cattle and improved stock, large and more comfortable dwellings for the workingmen, the building of churches and schools for them, and facilities for the education of their children. He was a grand old man, one of the most generous and unselfish I ever knew, always interested in and planning for the welfare of others, and never so happy as when those he aided profited by his advice and assistance."

In the summer of 1873, Tyler again went to Europe. While in London, he was invited to look into the affairs of the Mobile and Montgomery Railroad, then in financial difficulties. Upon his return to this country, he arranged for its purchase and accepted the Presidency of the new company, which he held till Feb. 25, 1879, bringing to it his long experience and almost youthful energy. From a completely broken-down concern, he regenerated and made it a road in structure, equipments, and discipline equal to any in the Southern States.

While residing at Montgomery, Ala., directing this road, Tyler was requested to investigate the condition and prospects of the Galveston, Harrisburg, and San Antonio Railroad, which led to an investment in Texas lands, where he established the Capote Farm of twenty thousand acres. This was his winter residence till he died, which sad event occurred while he was on a visit to the North to see some of the members of his family. Till within two days of his death he was active and able to attend to his business, when pneumonia quickly terminated his long and useful life. His remains were, in accordance with his wishes, carried to Anniston, when the town was draped in black, and nearly two thousand mourners followed his body to the grave, made between two boulders that stand as Nature's sentinels on either side, a fit resting-place for this kind, generous, good, and noble old man.

To those of our Association of Graduates over whose annual reunions our elder brother so often and so admirably presided, it is perhaps unnecessary to say more of General Tyler; but as others may read this brief record of his life's work, we will add a few words by way of a summary of his character.

Tyler was above medium height, erect as a cadet even to the day of his death, graceful and easy in all his movements, and possessed a mien eminently striking and handsome. His intellectual forehead, his flashing gray eyes, his bold aquiline nose, and his firmly compressed lips marked him as a leader to command men, to stem opposition, and to penetrate to the marrow of intricacies. His quick perceptions clearly saw all that was before him, and his logic-mill soon winnowed the wheat from the chaff. Direct of purpose, his speech was outspoken and his reasoning never was lured aside by sophistry and shams. Whatever he undertook was with the integrity of his truthful spirit, the intensity of his excessive earnestness, and his sanguine anticipation of complete success. Having no toleration for plausible incompetency, and abhorring all paltering with right or wrong, he chose his many agents for their knowledge and honesty. Yet, stern as he was in all mental and moral requirements in the transaction of business, he was full of affection, abounded in genial humor, and had a woman's tenderness for those whom he esteemed. His friends all loved him because he was sincere, kind, unselfish, above any meanness, always considerate for others, and never arrogant, though proud of his many achievements. He was the soul of honor, contemned any indirect-

ness of speech or act, and justly bore "the grand old name of gentleman."

Tyler was a very distinguished civil and mining engineer — bold, enterprising, skillful, and eminently successful in whatever he undertook. It seemed to be his delight and pastime from dead carcasses to produce living, breathing realities. Broken-down railroads, moss-grown coal companies, collapsed iron-works, crumbling canals, and such like financial ruins, his wizard touch suddenly transformed into engines of power and profit. We have already recorded the skillful surgery of this master-healer of diseased corporations, and even in old age how he made a solitary desert in Alabama voluble with spindles, glowing with furnaces, and teeming with busy life.

As a soldier, Tyler, in his early manhood, was an accomplished artillerist; in his maturity, an ordnance officer to whom our army is much indebted for its present system of field batteries and the excellence of its small-arms; and, in his after life, a general most efficient in organization, collected and bold in battle, and clear-headed and sagacious in strategy. Age and rank debarred him from enlarged command; but he certainly possessed many of the most valuable attributes of a true soldier, — strength and activity of mind, indomitable will, unflinching courage, tenacity of purpose, restless energy, prompt decision, professional ambition, and appreciative recognition of juniors which always secured their zealous co-operation.

Governor Buckingham reposed unbounded confidence in Tyler's military capacity and executive energy; and the good organization, discipline, and soldierly tone of the Connecticut volunteers showed that his trust in his selected general was not misapplied. Though these troops were enlisted for only three months, their commander in this brief period imbued them with true military spirit, a realizing sense of their solemn duty, and a loyal rivalry to accomplish their utmost for their country's cause. Upon them he tried to impress his own gallant daring, his disdain of political machinery to secure preferment, a deep sense of the responsibility resting upon all to do or die for the preservation of the Union, and to make every sacrifice for the maintenance of the nationality of a great people. All feared yet loved him, for they well knew that quick punishment followed every dereliction of duty, while fidelity and assiduity never went unrewarded.

Tyler's name, says a distinguished senator, "will remain high in the illustrious roll of gallant soldiers and patriots that Connecticut has furnished, embracing every war to which she has been called, from her earliest years as a colony. And a multitude of personal friends will mourn him as a devoted friend, a cheery, brave, gallant, glorious old gentleman, soldier, and patriot."

217..(Born Ind.)...**JOHN F. HAMTRAMCK***...(Ap'd Ind.)..**15**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, Sep. 26, 1815, to July 1, 1819, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

SECOND LIEUT., CORPS OF ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1819.

SECOND LIEUT., 3D ARTILLERY, IN RE-ORGANIZATION OF ARMY, JUNE 1, 1821.

Served: in garrison at Ft. Mifflin, Pa., 1819–20; and on leave of absence, 1820–22.

RESIGNED, MAR. 1, 1822.

Civil History. — Planter, near St. Louis, Mo., 1822–26. U. S. Indian Agent for Osage Tribe, May 2, 1826, to July 4, 1831. Planter at

Shepherdstown, Jefferson Co., Va., 1832–46. Captain, Virginia Militia, 1835–46.

Military History. — Served in the War of 1846–48 with Mexico, in
(COLONEL, 1ST REG. VIRGINIA VOLUNTEERS, DEC. 31, 1846)
the Northern States, and was Governor of Saltillo, Mar. 8 to July 20, 1848.

DISBANDED, JUNE 20, 1848.

Civil History. — Planter, Shepherdstown, Va., 1848–58. Mayor of Shepherdstown, Va., 1850–54. Justice of the County Court of Jefferson Co., Va., 1853–58. Captain, Virginia Militia, 1848–58.

DIED, APR. 21, 1858, AT SHEPHERDSTOWN, VA.: AGED 60.

* Was a Sergeant in Major Z. Taylor's Expedition up the Mississippi River in 1814, and received his appointment as Cadet for his good conduct in an action, opposite the mouth of Rock River, Ill., July 19, 1814, with seven hundred Sac and Fox Indians, supported by British batteries. He was the son of Colonel John F. Hamtramck, distinguished in the Battle on the Miami in 1794.

218. . (Born N. Y.) . . . . **ETHAN C. SICKLES** . . . . . (Ap'd N. Y.) . . **16**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, May 22, 1814, to July 1, 1819, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

SECOND LIEUT., LIGHT ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1819.

Served: in garrison at New England Posts, 1819–21, — and at St.
(SECOND LIEUT., 4TH ARTILLERY, IN RE-ORGANIZATION OF ARMY, JUNE 1, 1821)
Augustine, Fla., 1821–23.

DIED, OCT. 12, 1823, AT HIBERNIA, ST. JOHN'S RIVER, FLA.: AGED 24.

219. . (Born N. Y.) . . . **JAMES S. HEPBURNE** . . . (Ap'd N. Y.) . . **17**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 31, 1814, to July 1, 1819, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

SECOND LIEUT., CORPS OF ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1819.

Served: in garrison at Charleston harbor, S. C., 1819, — Amelia Island, Fla., 1819, — Trader's Hill, Ga., 1819–20, — Amelia Island, Fla.,
(SECOND LIEUT., 4TH ARTILLERY, IN RE-ORGANIZATION OF ARMY, JUNE 1, 1821)
(TRANSFERRED TO 2D ARTILLERY, AUG. 16, 1821)
1820–21, — and Pittsburg Arsenal, Pa., 1822–24.

RESIGNED, OCT. 1, 1824.

Civil History. — Physician, at New Orleans, La., 1824–33.

DIED, MAY 2, 1833, AT NEW ORLEANS, LA.: AGED 33.

220. . (Born S. C.) . . . . . **JOHN L'ENGLE*** . . . . . (Ap'd S. C.) . . **18**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, Mar. 28, 1816, to July 1, 1819, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

SECOND LIEUT., CORPS OF ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1819.

Served: in garrison at Amelia Island, Fla., 1819–20, — Charleston
(SECOND LIEUT., 3D ARTILLERY, IN RE-ORGANIZATION OF ARMY, JUNE 1, 1821.
harbor, S. C., 1820–26, — Ft. Monroe, Va. (Artillery School for Practice),
(FIRST LIEUT., 3D ARTILLERY, DEC. 11, 1825)

1826, — Charleston harbor, S. C., 1826–27, — Ft. Constitution, N. H., 1827–28, — and Ft. Monroe, Va. (Artillery School for Practice), 1828–29; and on Quartermaster duty, at St. Augustine, Fla., 1829–32, — Superintending repairs of road in Florida, 1832–33, — at Charleston, S. C.,

(ASST. QUARTERMASTER, JUNE 29, 1829, TO JULY 7, 1838)

1833–35, — in the Florida War, 1835–36, — and at Charleston, S. C.,

(CAPT., STAFF — ASST. QUARTERMASTER, JULY 7, 1838 : DECLINED)

(CAPTAIN, 3D ARTILLERY, JULY 7, 1838)

1836–38.

RESIGNED, NOV. 30, 1838.

Civil History. — Planter, Jacksonville, Fla., 1838–64.

DIED, SEP. 19, 1864, AT LAKE CITY, FLA. : AGED 64.

* Was examined and graduated with the Class of 1819, though at the time a member of, and standing eleventh in, the succeeding Class.

221..(Born Va.).....**JOHN M. EDWARDS**.....(Ap'd Va.)..**19**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, Aug. 10, 1815, to July 1, 1819, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

SECOND LIEUT., LIGHT ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1819.

SECOND LIEUT., 3D ARTILLERY, IN RE-ORGANIZATION OF ARMY, JUNE 1, 1821.

TRANSFERRED TO 1ST ARTILLERY, AUG. 16, 1821.

Served in garrison at New England Posts, — and on the Atlantic Coast, 1819–24.

RESIGNED, NOV. 1, 1824.

Civil History. — Unknown.

DIED, FEB. 14, 1836, NEAR WASHINGTON, D. C. : AGED 37.

222..(Born Va.)..**AUSTIN BROCKENBROUGH**..(Ap'd Va.)..**20**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1814, to July 1, 1819, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

SECOND LIEUT., CORPS OF ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1819.

Served : in garrison at Norfolk harbor, Va., 1819 ; on Recruiting service, 1819–20 ; in garrison at Ft. Nelson, Va., 1820–23 ; on Topographical

(SECOND LIEUT., 3D ARTILLERY, IN RE-ORGANIZATION OF ARMY, JUNE 1, 1821)

(FIRST LIEUT., 3D ARTILLERY, OCT. 1, 1826)

duty, May 5, 1823, to Mar. 20, 1828 ; and in garrison at Ft. Constitution, N. H., 1828–33.

RESIGNED, JUNE 30, 1833.

Civil History. — Counselor at Law in Virginia, 1835–40.

DIED, SEP. 6, 1842, AT KEY WEST, FLA. : AGED 39.

223..(Born Mas.)....**WILLIAM MALCOLM**.....(Ap'd Mas.)..**21**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, Sep. 1, 1814, to July 1, 1819, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

SECOND LIEUT., 8TH INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1819.

Served : on Recruiting service, 1819–20 ; on construction of Military Road through Mississippi, 1820 ; and in garrison at the Bay of St. Louis,

(SECOND LIEUT., 1ST INFANTRY, IN RE-ORGANIZATION OF ARMY, JUNE 1, 1821)

(FIRST LIEUT., 1ST INFANTRY, JUNE 1, 1822)

Mis., 1820–21, — and Baton Rouge, La., 1821–23.

DIED, AUG. 7, 1823, AT BATON ROUGE, LA.: AGED 26.

224..(Born N. C.)....**JOHN MACKENZIE**.....(Ap'd N. C.)..**22**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, Aug. 25, 1813, to July 1, 1819, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

SECOND LIEUT., 8TH INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1819.

Served: on Recruiting service, 1819–20; in garrison at the Bay of St. Louis, Mis., 1820–21, — New Orleans, La., 1821, — Natchitoches, La.,

(SECOND LIEUT., 1ST INFANTRY, IN RE-ORGANIZATION OF ARMY, JUNE 1, 1821)

1821–22, — and Baton Rouge, La., 1822–25; in the Creek Nation,

(FIRST LIEUT., 1ST INFANTRY, NOV. 18, 1822)

1825–26; in garrison at Cantonment Clinch, Fla., 1826–27; on Expedition up the Wisconsin River, 1827; in garrison at Jefferson Barracks, Mo., 1827–28; and on frontier duty at Ft. Crawford, Wis., 1828.

KILLED, SEP. 26, 1828, BY A SERGEANT, AT FT. CRAWFORD, WIS.: AGED 30.

225..(Born Mas.).....**JOSEPH D. RUPP**.....(Ap'd Mas.)..**23**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, Sep. 2, 1814, to July 1, 1819, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

SECOND LIEUT., LIGHT ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1819.

Served: in garrison at New England Posts, 1819–21, — and at St. Augus-

(SECOND LIEUT., 4TH ARTILLERY, IN RE-ORGANIZATION OF ARMY, JUNE 1, 1821)

tine, Fla., 1821.

DIED, DEC. 17, 1821, AT ST. AUGUSTINE, FLA.: AGED 22.

226..(Born Md.) ....**JACOB A. DUMESTE**.....(Ap'd Md.)..**24**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, June 6, 1814, to July 1, 1819, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

SECOND LIEUT., CORPS OF ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1819.

Served: on Recruiting service, 1819–20; on the Military Road through Mississippi Territory, 1820; in garrison at Ft. Bowyer, Ala., 1820–21, —

(SECOND LIEUT., 2D ARTILLERY, IN RE-ORGANIZATION OF ARMY, JUNE 1, 1821)

and Ft. McHenry, Md., 1821–23; and on Topographical duty, May 5,

(FIRST LIEUT., 3D ARTILLERY, JAN. 13, 1831)

1823, to Aug. 29, 1831.

DIED, OCT. 10, 1831, AT BALTIMORE, MD.: AGED 33.

227..(Born Del.).....**JAMES R. BLANEY**.....(Ap'd Del.)..**25**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, Sep. 7, 1815, to July 1, 1819, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

SECOND LIEUT., CORPS OF ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1819.

Served: on Recruiting service, 1819–20; in garrison at Ft. Gadsden,

Fla., 1820–21, — Ft. St. Marks, Fla., 1821–22, — Pensacola harbor, Fla.,
(SECOND LIEUT., 4TH ARTILLERY, IN RE-ORGANIZATION OF ARMY, JUNE 1, 1821)
(FIRST LIEUT., 4TH ARTILLERY, AUG. 11, 1823)
1822–24, — and Ft. Monroe, Va. (Artillery School for Practice), 1824; suspended and absent from duty, 1824–26; and for repeated disobedience of orders and failure to appear for trial at Ft. Monroe, Va., was
DISMISSED, NOV. 27, 1826.

Civil History. — Unknown.

DIED, 1840, NEAR NATCHITOCHES, LA.: AGED 43.

228..(Born Vt.).....**ROSWELL CONANT**.....(Ap'd Vt.)..**26**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, Dec. 30, 1814, to July 1, 1819, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to
SECOND LIEUT., RIFLES, JULY 1, 1819.
Served on the Western Frontier, on the Missouri Border, 1820.
RESIGNED, SEP. 30, 1820.
DIED, 1821, AT ST. LOUIS, MO.: AGED 24.

229..(Born Vt.).....**JASPER STRONG**.....(Ap'd Vt.)..**27**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, Aug. 11, 1814, to July 1, 1819, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to
SECOND LIEUT., 8TH INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1819.
Served: on Recruiting service, 1819–20; in garrison at Petite Coquille
(SECOND LIEUT., 1ST INFANTRY, IN RE-ORGANIZATION OF ARMY, JUNE 1, 1821)
(Ft. Pike), La., 1820, — and Baton Rouge, La., 1820–23; and on Re-
(FIRST LIEUT., 1ST INFANTRY, JAN. 1, 1823)
cruiting service, 1823.
RESIGNED, DEC. 25, 1823.

Civil History. — Contractor for building fortifications on the Coast of the Gulf of Mexico, 1824. Planter, near Pensacola, Fla., 1824–61. Resided at Queechy, Vt., 1861–65.

DIED, NOV. 6, 1865, AT QUEECHY, VT.: AGED 68.

230..(Born N. Y.).....**HENRY GILBERT**.....(Ap'd N. Y.)..**28**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, Aug. 1, 1814, to July 1, 1819, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to
SECOND LIEUT., CORPS OF ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1819.
Served: in garrison at West Point, N. Y., 1819–20; at the Military Academy, as Asst. Instructor of Artillery, Feb. 1, 1820, to Dec. 23, 1824;
(SECOND LIEUT., 2D ARTILLERY, IN RE-ORGANIZATION OF ARMY, JUNE 1, 1821)
on Ordnance duty, Dec. 23, 1824, to Dec. 19, 1825; and in garrison at Ft. Monroe, Va. (Artillery School for Practice), 1825–27.
DIED, JUNE 26, 1827, AT FT. MONROE, VA.: AGED 26.

231..(Born Mas.)....**WILLIAM H. SWIFT***....(Ap'd Mas.)..**29**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, Aug. 18, 1813,

to July 1, 1819, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

SECOND LIEUT., CORPS OF ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1819.

SECOND LIEUT., 1ST ARTILLERY, IN RE-ORGANIZATION OF ARMY, JUNE 1, 1821.

Served: on Topographical duty, Sep. 12, 1821, to Aug. 1, 1832; as

(FIRST LIEUT., 1ST ARTILLERY, AUG. 5, 1824)

(BVT. CAPT., STAFF — ASST. TOPOGRAPHICAL ENGINEER, AUG. 1, 1832)

Assistant on the Geodetic Survey of the Atlantic Coast of the United States, 1833–43; on Survey of Norwich, Ct., and Worcester, Mas., Railroad, 1833–35, — of entrance to Connecticut River, 1836, — and of Saybrook harbor, Ct., 1837; in charge of Improvement of Rivers and Harbors on Long Island Sound, 1838–39, and on the New England Coast,

(CAPTAIN, CORPS OF TOP. ENGINEERS, JULY 7, 1838)

1839–44; of Chicago and Illinois Canal, 1843, — and of Black Rock Ledge Beacon, N. Y., 1843; as Member of the Board of Visitors to the Military Academy, 1843; as Assistant in the Topographical Bureau at Washington, D. C., 1844–49; in making examination of site for Pier at Cape Porpoise, Me., 1845; in charge of construction of Portsmouth Light-house, N. H., and of Fairweather Island Sea-wall, Ct., 1847; on Inspection of Minot's Ledge Light-house, Mas., 1847–48, and erecting its Lantern, 1849; and on Inspection of Fairweather Island Light-house, Ct., 1847, and of Sea-wall, 1849.

RESIGNED, JULY 31, 1849.

Civil History. — Resident Superintending Engineer, Western Railroad, from Worcester, Mas., to Albany, N. Y., 1836–40. President of the Board of Trustees of Illinois and Michigan Canal, 1845–71; and of Hannibal and St. Joseph's Railroad, Mo., 1856–77, — of Philadelphia, Pa., and Baltimore, Md., Railroad, 1849–51, — and of Western Railroad, from Worcester, Mas., to Albany, N. Y., 1851–54. Degree of A. M. conferred by Harvard University, Mas., 1853.

DIED, APR. 7, 1879, AT NEW YORK CITY: AGED 78.

* Was the son of Dr. FOSTER SWIFT, Asst. Surgeon, and brother of General JOSEPH G. SWIFT, Chief Engineer, U. S. Army.

William H. Swift was detached, Dec., 1818, while a Cadet, from the Military Academy, to accompany Major Long on his Expedition to the Rocky Mountains, from which he did not return till Feb., 1821, more than a year after his class had been graduated; hence he was attached to the end of its roll with the same date of commission, July 1, 1819, as given to his classmates upon their promotion to the Army, but without any rank among them, he not having been examined by the Academic Board at the end of his term.

BIOGRAPHICAL SKETCH.

CAPTAIN WILLIAM HENRY SWIFT was born, Nov. 6, 1800, at Taunton, Mas. On his father's side he was of Puritan descent, on his mother's Huguenot, and many of his ancestors were persons of note in New England. His father — Dr. Foster Swift — was a Surgeon in the United States Army; his mother was Deborah Delano, of Nantucket, Mass.; and his elder brother was General Joseph Gardner Swift, the first graduate of the U. S. Military Academy.

When very young, Swift was sent to a school of excellent repute, at Hanover, N. H., near the residence of his uncle, Captain Delano; and, Apr. 15, 1813, when but thirteen years old, was appointed a Cadet of the U. S. Military Academy, which he entered Aug. 13, 1813, there becoming more distinguished for his love of fun than for devotion to study. Upon the recommendation of Major Thayer, then Superintendent of the Military Academy, he was ordered by the Secretary of War, in December, 1818, to

accompany Major Long's Expedition to the Rocky Mountains, a service which tamed down his juvenile playfulness and developed the germ from which sprung the rich flower and fruitage of his after useful manhood. When not assisting the officers of the expedition, he, having a great fondness for adventure, would join in the chase for buffalo, deer, and other game, which often took him so far away from his friends that, on one of his hunting excursions, he was captured by a band of Pawnee Indians, whose chief wished to adopt him ; but Swift, though declining the honor of becoming a savage, was allowed to return to the expedition after a detention of some months, during which he was kindly treated and became familiar with the Indian habits of life.

When the expedition returned in February, 1821, Swift's class had been graduated, some twenty months before, from the Military Academy ; hence, not having been examined by the Academic Board, he was attached to the end of the class roll and given, as Second Lieutenant in the Corps of Artillery, the same date of promotion, July 1, 1819, as to his classmates already commissioned in the Army.

Swift, after the completion of the Map of Major Long's expedition in June, 1821, was engaged till 1826, under Colonel Abert of the Topographical Engineers, on surveys for military defenses, of rivers and harbors on the Atlantic coast, and of several routes for the contemplated Chesapeake and Ohio Canal. Swift, from 1826 to 1828, had charge of the various parties engaged in the surveys of the Florida Isthmus Canal, and of the Gulf Harbors from Suwanee River to Pensacola.

About this time, upon the recommendation of Colonel Abert, the War Department had yielded to the demands of the country, in which there were then few educated Civil Engineers, to detail officers from the Army to carry out numerous projected internal improvements, particularly of railways, which in half a century, from the feeble beginning of twenty-three miles in 1830, have multiplied so rapidly as to form a network of more than 100,000 miles over the whole land. Among the earliest pioneers in these enterprises were Major Long, Captain McNeill, Lieutenant Whistler, and Lieutenant Swift, the latter, in 1828–29, being engaged upon the surveys of the Ithaca and Oswego, and the Ithaca and Catskill railroads.

Swift was engaged in the U. S. Post-office Department at Washington city, from 1830 to 1832, in compiling and executing, almost entirely with his own hand, an elaborate Post-route Map of the United States, with books of distances, which were so complete that they have been the basis of all since used in the Department. During these two years, Swift also assisted Captain NcNeill and Lieutenant Whistler in the surveys of the Boston and Providence, Taunton and New Bedford, Norwich and Worcester, and Stonington and Providence railroads.

Swift, in the mean time, Aug. 5, 1824, had been promoted to be a First Lieutenant in the First Artillery, and, Aug. 1, 1832, was attached to the General Staff of the Army with the appointment of Brevet Captain of Topographical Engineers, becoming subsequently a full Captain when the Topographical Engineers, July 7, 1838, was organized into a Corps.

Captain Swift's attainments were considered so high that, at the request of Professor Hassler, Superintendent of the United States Coast Survey, he was detailed, in 1833, as one of the Principal Assistants on that great geodetic work, being placed in charge of the secondary triangulation of Fisher's Island Sound, and of the entire Eastern end of Long Island Sound from the mouth of Connecticut River to Montauk Point. At the same time he assisted in the measurement of a Base-Line on Fire Island ; and during his detail on the survey, from 1833 to 1843, was its disbursing officer. Besides these multiplied duties he, at various times, had charge of fifteen river and harbor improvements, breakwaters, etc., along the

Atlantic coast from Portland, Me., to Westport, Conn., and, from 1836 to 1840, was Resident and Superintending Engineer of the Massachusetts Western Railroad, from Worcester, Mas., to the New York State line. In 1840–41, Swift was in Europe procuring some valuable instruments for the prosecution of the Coast Survey, being also engaged in an examination of the great hydraulic works of Holland. After his return he, in 1843, was a member of the Board of Visitors to the United States Military Academy, in the success of which institution he took the deepest interest to the day of his death.

From 1843, when Swift was relieved from duty on the Coast Survey, till July 31, 1849, when he resigned from the Army, he was the Principal Assistant to Colonel Abert, the Chief of the Topographical Bureau, at Washington city, though, during these six years, he was often detailed upon other important duties.

The principal of these detached services was as a Commissioner upon the Illinois and Michigan Canal, designed to unite the waters which flow into the Gulf of St. Lawrence with those which empty into the Gulf of Mexico. This canal, ninety-six miles long, from Lake Michigan (near Chicago) to La Salle (head of navigation of the Illinois River), is sixty feet wide at the water line, thirty-four at bottom, and six feet deep, with seventeen locks to overcome the difference of level of one hundred and forty-five feet. Its vast importance was recognized by the citizens of Illinois soon after its formation as a State from the Northwest Territory. The right of way for this canal through the United States domain was granted by Congress, which also, at different times, donated 318,895 acres of public lands in aid of the enterprise. Several plans for a canal had been proposed by various commissioners, but not till 1836 were any efficient measures adopted for the prosecution of this great work. Then new commissioners and engineers commenced cutting the canal (estimated to cost $8,654,000), and prosecuted the work until 1841, when, for want of funds, labors were suspended. In 1843, the Governor of Illinois was empowered to negotiate, for its completion, a loan of $1,600,000, to be redeemed by the sale of lands and by tolls from the canal. At this time Captain Swift was appointed an Assistant Commissioner, with Governor John Davis, of Massachusetts, to examine the project of this canal, in order to determine the practicability of its completion within the amount of the proposed loan. The Secretary of War having authorized Swift's acceptance of the responsible trust for which he had been selected, the commissioners, within two years, reported favorably upon the completion of the canal for the amount of the loan, which was taken by the Barings of London and other bankers. The success of the negotiations to secure the loan was greatly due to the business tact, engineering experience, and upright character of Swift, who, in 1845, became President of the Board of Trustees, which was vested with full authority to complete the canal, to sell the lands and lots, and, after payment of all loans and bonds, to turn over any surplus to the State of Illinois. From June 26, 1845, to Aug. 16, 1871, during which period of twenty-six years Swift had continued in the Presidency of the Board of Trustees, it had honorably discharged every duty, completed the canal, faithfully accounted for $10,913,765 which had passed through its hands, and, after liquidating every claim, paid over the balance in hand of $97,007 to the State of Illinois. This great work, so wisely, judiciously, and economically administered without the loss of a dollar, will ever stand an enduring monument of Swift's sterling integrity, engineering skill, and fertility of resource amid every difficulty; for his was the organizing brain and directing hand of the Board from its inception, and he the steady pursuer of enlightened plans and the tower of strength which persistently resisted the blows of popular clamor and assaults of charlatanism. So highly

gratified were the English bankers with Captain Swift's able administration of this trust, that they not only communicated to him their "high appreciation of the services he had rendered and their personal regards," but asked his acceptance of an extra year's salary of $2,500. After Swift's death, all of his large and very valuable collection of reports, correspondence, accounts, maps, etc., pertaining to the canal, were given to the Chicago Historical Society.

Captain Swift, while in Europe, had been strongly impressed with Alexander Mitchell's invention for forcing iron piles, by means of mooring-screws, into muddy or sandy shoals. Seizing its advantages with the intuition of an able engineer, he made the first application, in this country, of the principle in the erection of an Iron Beacon, which is yet standing, at the entrance of Black Rock Harbor, Conn. Satisfied with the success of this experiment, Swift, in 1847, decided upon making a bolder test in the construction of a light-house on the Outer Minot Ledge, off the southern chop of Boston Bay, near Cohasset, Mas. These Cohasset rocks had ever been the terror of mariners, and were the cause of a greater number of wrecks than any other reef on the Atlantic coast. Swift, believing this position too exposed for any masonry structure which could be built for the limited appropriation made by Congress, projected a skeleton Iron Tower for this Minot Rock, the surface of which was only thirty feet in diameter at extreme low water. This tower was formed of eight wrought-iron piles, ten inches in diameter at bottom and eight at top, placed at the angles of an octagon of twenty-five feet in diameter, with an eight-inch pile in the centre, all of which were sunk five feet into the solid rock, and rose sixty feet above low water, being at top brought within the periphery of a circle of fourteen feet in diameter. All the piles were firmly connected together by horizontal and diagonal iron braces, the whole forming, as it were, an immense *lewis*. Upon this skeleton tower rested the keeper's dwelling and the lantern of the light-house.

In this very exposed situation the difficulties of construction were so great that two entire seasons were consumed in drilling the pile-holes in the rock. The erection of the tower being a much less troublesome operation, the whole work was completed by November, 1848. This boldly designed and well executed structure proved inadequate to meet all the casualties to which it was subsequently subjected. It was carried away, April 16, 1851, after a terrific gale of some days, increasing to a perfect hurricane. In the afternoon of that day it was last seen from Cohasset; about midnight the fog-bell was heard between the fearful pauses of the tempest, no light being visible; and at dawn of the next morning the broken fragments, scattered along the shore, proclaimed the fate of the ill-starred structure and of the two unfortunate light-keepers, nothing remaining on the rock except the stumps of the iron piles, which had been bent and snapped off a few feet above the surface by this tremendous tempest, untimely occurring when the tides were at their very highest. For this disaster no censure can be justly attached to the constructing engineer, for be it remembered that, at this early date, the newly-invented method of skeleton iron construction for light-houses was in its infancy.

The causes of the destruction of this light-house are best given in Captain Swift's own official report. He says: "Upon the horizontal braces, nearly forty feet above the rock, the keeper had improperly built a sort of deck or platform, upon which was placed a quantity of heavy articles, such as fuel, water-barrels, etc., all of which should have been in the store-room, the place designed for their reception. The deck, in addition to the weight placed upon it, was fastened together and secured to the piles and braces, thus offering a large surface to the sea to strike against.

In addition to this, the keeper had attached a five and a half inch hawser or guy to the lantern deck, sixty-three feet above the rock, and anchored the other end of this hawser to a granite block, weighing, according to his own account, seven tons, placed upon the bottom at a distance of some fifty fathoms from the base of the light. The object of this was to provide means for running a box or landing-chair up and down; but it was very clear that so much surface exposed to the moving sea had the same effect upon the light-house as would have been produced by a number of men pulling at a rope attached to the highest point of the structure with the *design* of pulling it down. . . . At four o'clock on Wednesday afternoon, the 16th, or ten hours before the light fell, the platform above mentioned came ashore at Cohasset. As this was forty-three feet above the line of low water, and twenty-eight feet above high water, spring tides, the sea had at that time reached within seven feet of the base of the store room of the light-house. Without undertaking to speculate upon the probable shock that the structure must have received from the effect of the sea upon a platform fastened to the piles forty feet above the rock, it is enough to know that the sea had reached within seven feet of the body or solid part of the structure. Still increasing, it required but a slight increase in the height of the wave, after having reached the deck, to bring it in contact with the main body of the structure. When this took place it is plain to perceive that such a sea, acting upon the surface of the building at the end of a lever fifty or sixty feet long, must be well-nigh irresistible, and I doubt not the light-house was thus destroyed."

We would add that the limited means, less than $40,000, at the disposal of the engineer, proved inadequate to build a light-house suitable to this very exposed position, which needed to have a base of at least forty and a height of one hundred feet, whereon to place the keeper's dwelling, store-rooms, and lantern, to insure safety from the reach of the highest storm-waves. The present granite light-house on this same Outer Minot, designed by General Totten and built by General B. S. Alexander of the Corps of Engineers, is one hundred feet to the lantern, the entire height being one hundred and twelve feet. Even with this great height, after a heavy storm the waves and spray not infrequently "bury" the Minot tower and lantern completely out of sight from the shore (one and a half miles distant), though a powerful telescope be used.

Swift had now become so connected with the civil works of the country that he deemed it due to himself, as well as to his brother officers, to tender the resignation of his commission in the Army, which, as before stated, was accepted July 31, 1849. Soon after, he was appointed President of the Philadelphia, Wilmington, and Baltimore Railroad, which position he held till Feb. 11, 1851, when his resignation was accepted "with deep and sincere regret." The multifarious concerns of the Company had been under Swift's almost exclusive control, and were so satisfactorily managed that the Directors, in one of their resolutions accepting his resignation, say of Swift that: "all the high expectations which were entertained have been amply fulfilled, and the business of the Company has been conducted under his auspices with that wisdom and energy which are well displayed by the improved and improving condition of the Company."

Upon resigning from the Philadelphia, Wilmington, and Baltimore Railroad, Swift accepted the Presidency of the Massachusetts Western Railroad (now Boston and Albany), with which, as engineer, he had been connected in former years. It is needless to add that, in the three years during which he held this responsible position, he acquitted himself of his great trust to the entire satisfaction of the Company, of which, after resigning the Presidency of the road, he continued its most active working Director. He had won such golden opinions among the people

of Massachusetts that Harvard University, in 1853, conferred upon him the degree of A. M. ; and, in 1854, the Governor of the State appointed him a Commissioner to divide the State lands from those of the city of Boston.

Swift, in 1855, made an able report to the Canada Board of Public Works on the proposed canal between the St. Lawrence River and Lake Champlain, in favor of the Caughnawaga route ; and, during the same year, he visited England to consult with the proprietors of the Grand Trunk Railroad upon its value and prospects.

In 1846 he became Chairman of the Board of Trustees of the Hannibal and St. Joseph Railroad, and held this position till 1877. In the twenty-one years of his Chairmanship, $4,000,000 had been received and accounted for by the Trustees ; and the bondholders, under the mortgage of Apr. 1, 1856, had been paid in full, principal and interest.

He was also a prominent Director in the St. Louis, Iron Mountain, and Southern Railroad from 1876 till he died. At the first meeting of the Board of Directors of the Company after Swift's death, a unanimous resolution was passed expressive of "its sense of his high character and attainments as well as its appreciation of his labors in behalf of, and his loyalty to, the best interests of the Company."

Swift, in 1874, on behalf of this Company, had visited England and made a favorable financial arrangement with the Messrs. Baring & Co., who held a large interest in the road and its properties. Swift, from his first acquaintance with these London bankers, possessed their entire confidence, and to the day of his death was their confidential adviser in all their American transactions relating to railroads.

Declining physical strength warned Swift that he had passed the Psalmist's measure of life ; yet, with a mind serene and bright, he continued his daily employments, read much of history and general literature, and delighted in the social intercourse of familiar friends. At last, when he had attained the green old age of nearly fourscore years, he passed from earth to heaven, Apr. 7, 1879, his long journey, to the very end, being attended by the beautiful accompaniments of "honor, love, and troops of friends."

It is difficult in fitting phrase to do justice to the beloved and revered memory of such a nobleman of nature as Captain Swift, and to portray his gentle, cheerful, and buoyant spirit ; his refined courtesy and vivacity of manner ; his sweet serenity of temper, abounding humor, and genial conversation ; his conscientious candor and ingenuous frankness ; his lofty honor, without soil or blemish ; his devotion to duty as to a shrine of worship ; his fulfillment of pledges and fidelity to every trust ; his judgment in meeting and energy in overcoming obstacles ; his patient and tireless industry in all pursuits ; his modesty in measuring his achievements ; his probity and justice under every temptation ; his cheerful confidence and tranquil courage amid difficulties ; his love of home, and affection for kindred and friends ; and, in fine, to render due honor to all the varied virtues harmoniously fused together to form this upright officer, who

> "bore, without abuse,
> The grand old name of gentleman."

In his official relations, one who had known Swift intimately for forty years says in a letter : "He carried into business the same qualities that distinguished him elsewhere, — the instinct of a thorough gentleman, and the training of a soldier ; sound sense, and a delicacy of feeling that made it impossible for him to look on the right or left of the path of duty and honor. I never thought of him as a trader, but always as a trustee ; and trustworthiness in every act, thought, or opinion is the word above all others to characterize him. He was naturally conservative, and added to

these qualities a sense of order, both natural and acquired, which maintained every piece of work at all times in as great completeness as it could be. He was tenacious of his opinions, and they became a part of himself; and if he once set a black mark against a man, it was not easy to induce him to erase it, but his instincts were so true that he rarely had occasion to change his judgments of men."

But Swift's daily contact with the outside crafty world never blunted his sensibilities nor dwarfed his intellect. Nature had imbued him with a simplicity of heart, a refined unconsciousness of excellence, which had not the slightest taint of vanity or tarnish of self-complacency. This gentle, childlike simplicity was one of the great charms of his character, and gave a placid repose to his entire life. He had a sensibility feelingly responsive to every fine impulse; a kindness, like golden threads, running through the tissue of his whole being; and a modesty which was reflected in all his acts, which colored all his surroundings, and heightened all his virtues. His modesty forbade his ever dwelling upon his own great achievements or daily acts of benevolence, though from others he keenly appreciated generous commendations that were deserved. His heart was always open, his counsel ever ready, and his sympathy warmly alive to all modest merit struggling with adversity. This tender compassion for the unfortunate was so strong that even his stern moral sense would soften to the evil-doer led astray by alluring temptation, his considerate reply to relentless Pharisees being always: "Put yourself in the poor fellow's place; that is the only way to judge a man." Though his melting charity of thought commiserated wrong, he never swerved a tittle from an open expression and earnest advocacy of right. His candor courted the light; rectitude was the pole-star of his intellectual, as of his moral, nature; and honor his sacred tie to humanity, "the noble mind's distinguishing perfection." His sense of justice was so strong and so unselfish that, even in matters involving his own interest, no one hesitated to abide by his decisions, for they were strictly impartial and based on truth. In his crystal conscience truth entered as a beam of pure white light, without the tinge of one deviated ray of duplicity, directing him in the path of duty. Thus duty was not the mere routine of business, but a great moral obligation, the mainspring of all his transactions. Whatever he did was well done, and done systematically, for to him order was "Heaven's first law" in conducting the smallest detail as in the greatest undertaking, and untiring industry was the prodigious lever of his success. Work, to attain a worthy and useful purpose, sweetened his every moment with profit, seasoned all hours with joy, and idle days were cankerworms of his happiness. In all his acts practical common sense was conspicuous, and his views were plainly presented without the slightest garniture of show, or veiled with any gossamer of conventional phraseology. Ever ready at the opportune moment, he struck while the iron was hot, never, however, disdaining through perseverance to make the iron hot by striking. He prudently looked well to the past and forward to the future, but his habitual caution, which weighed in nice balance truth against error, was not the "leaden servitor of dull delay." He rarely lost his admirable equipoise amid all the disturbing elements of a jarring world; and his sound judgment, though so promptly rendered as to appear an intuition, was always based on ascertained facts, sagacious arguments, and mature reflection. His capacity for affairs was incontestable, and such confidence was reposed in his skillful management and well-tried fidelity that, till a few years before he died, he held, besides his public, no less than twenty-eight private trusts; was the safe custodian of many secrets of sorrow, trial, and misfortune; and gave as careful and minute supervision to the interests of his family, relatives, and intimates as to his own. Yet, while accomplishing so much, he never seemed busy. His study, in which most of his work was done,

was at all hours open to his friends, and, no matter how troublesome or complicated his work in hand might be, he was always ready to turn from it to offer his hearty, genial welcome to a visitor, or to patiently listen to any domestic or business affair brought to him for advice or consideration. But, when his day's work was done, his task was over, and he enjoyed his quiet evenings, his friends and his books, when their turn came, without a trace of preoccupation. Books he read for recreation as well as for knowledge; but the chief joys of his life were his family and friends, particularly his army associates, for whom his heart ever yearned. He was especially fond of the Military Academy and its traditions, and toward its graduates he grew more and more kindly and sympathetic with every waning year of life. This affection was warmly reciprocated, for he had a magnetic influence over all his intimates, and even the casual acquaintance was won by his sincerity, fidelity, manly virtues, and capacity of brotherhood. He inspired love and confidence even in those, whatever their stations, transiently employed on the various works under his supervision, for their interests became his; their claims upon his sympathies or consideration met with a prompt response; and no worthy subordinate, however necessary to him, failed of his influence to be advanced to a more lucrative position. It is therefore not strange that Swift was beloved and honored by the whole community with which he associated. For every one he had a gentle and kind word, a hearty, cordial greeting, and put all at ease by that urbanity of manner, or high breeding, which comes from the heart, and is refined into an inexpressible charm by the constant mingling with polished society. With the world, both at home and abroad, he had had much intercourse, which gave him an affable yet dignified demeanor, not as a garment put on for court occasion, but which was the habitual, graceful drapery of life. They who knew him slightly, perhaps, thought him reserved, but no intimate could approach him without catching the merry twinkle of his speaking eyes. His mirth and cheerfulness were the fountain-springs, sparkling and bright, of his social life, which diffused refreshing dews of gladness upon all others, and to himself gave that happy temperament, rarely clouded by care, which, like the dial, marked only the hours that shine.

Swift was indeed the light and strength of his immediate circle, and at his own fireside was most truly appreciated, for he was the most devoted of husbands and the tenderest of parents; to the friends he had, and their adoption tried, his heart was faithful to the last hour of life. He was the incorruptible citizen whom neither power nor pay could swerve; the firm patriot whose whole country was holy ground; the efficient officer ever at his post of duty; the able agent punctiliously faithful in the administration of every trust; the soul of honor, with the courage to execute the commands of conscience; and in his manly bosom lofty sentiments were embellished by the softer refinements of a most noble nature, which

"like gold, the more 't is tried
The more shall its intrinsic worth proclaim."

CLASS OF 1820.

232..(Born N. J.).....**STEPHEN TUTTLE**.....(Ap'd N. J.)..**1**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, Sep. 7, 1817, to July 1, 1820, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., CORPS OF ENGINEERS, JULY 1, 1820.

SECOND LIEUT., CORPS OF ENGINEERS, AUG. 29, 1820.

Served: at the Military Academy, as Asst. Professor of Natural and Experimental Philosophy, July 1, 1820, to July 1, 1821; as Assistant to

the Board of Engineers, 1821–22; as Disbursing Agent, New York, 1822–23; as Asst. Engineer in the construction of the defenses of New Orleans, La., 1823–26, — of Ft. Caswell, mouth of Cape Fear River, N. C., 1826–27, — of Ft. Morgan, Ala., 1828–29, — and of Improvement

(FIRST LIEUT., CORPS OF ENGINEERS, MAY 24, 1828)

of Pass au Héron, Mobile harbor, Ala., 1828–29, — and as Superintending Engineer of repairs of fortifications in Delaware River, 1829–31, — of construction of the Cumberland Road in Ohio, 1831–32, — of the preservation of Pea-Patch Island, Del., and improvement of the Harbors in Delaware River, 1832–33, — and of the repairs of Ft. Marion, St. Augustine, Fla., 1833–35.

DIED, JAN. 21, 1835, AT ST. AUGUSTINE, FLA.: AGED 37.

233..(Born Ten.)..**ANDREW J. DONELSON**....(Ap'd Ten.)..**2**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, June 20, 1817, to July 1, 1820, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., CORPS OF ENGINEERS, JULY 1, 1820.

SECOND LIEUT., CORPS OF ENGINEERS, OCT. 1, 1820.

Served: as Aide-de-Camp to Major-General Jackson, 1820–21, while in command of the Southern Division, and as Governor of the Territory of Florida; and as Assistant to the Board of Engineers, 1821–22.

RESIGNED, FEB. 1, 1822.

Civil History. — Counselor at Law, Nashville, Ten., 1823. Farmer, near Nashville, Ten., 1823–29 and 1837–44, and at Memphis, Ten., 1852–56. Private Secretary to President Jackson, Mar. 4, 1829, to Mar. 4, 1837. Chargé d'Affaires of the United States of America to the Republic of Texas, Sep. 16, 1844, to Dec. 29, 1845. Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary of the United States of America to Prussia, Mar. 18, 1846, to June 9, 1849, — and to the Federal Government of Germany, Aug. 9, 1848, to Nov. 2, 1849. Editor of the "Washington, D. C., Union," 1851–52. Candidate for Vice-Presidency of the United States, 1852. Cotton Planter, Bolivar County, Mis., 1856–71.

DIED, JUNE 26, 1871, AT MEMPHIS, TEN.: AGED 71.

BIOGRAPHICAL SKETCH.

MAJOR ANDREW JACKSON DONELSON, who was born Aug. 25, 1800, near Nashville, Tenn., died June 26, 1871, at Memphis, Ten., being nearly seventy-one. He was the son of Samuel Donelson, who, dying when his child was but five years old, left him to the care and protection of his uncle, General Andrew Jackson, after whom he had been named.

Donelson, having completed his studies at Nashville College, was appointed before he was seventeen a Cadet at the U. S. Military Academy, from which he was graduated second in his Class and promoted in the Army, July 1, 1820, to be Brevet Second Lieutenant in the Corps of Engineers. Soon after, he became Aide-de-Camp to Major-General Jackson, then commanding the Southern Military Division of the United States. Though young he was sent in February, 1821, to procure information relative to the defensive condition of our then frontier, northwest of Louisiana, and to inspect the fortifications on our southern border. On our acquisition of Florida from Spain, he accompanied General Jackson when he took possession, July 18, 1821, of that territory, and remained with him while the old hero continued its governor.

Having resigned his Lieutenancy of Engineers, Feb. 1, 1822, he attended law lectures at Transylvania University, Lexington, Ky., and was

admitted to the bar in 1823; but he soon abandoned this profession to assist in the great popular movement (initiated by the Legislature of Tennessee) which had placed General Jackson in nomination for the Presidency. The election in 1824 of John Quincy Adams causing the failure of his first ardent endeavor, he resolved to make new efforts, and, with a view to be near his uncle, established himself on a plantation adjoining "The Hermitage." In the bitter canvass which ensued, he contributed much by his pen and counsels to the vindication of the General's character and fame. His reply to Jesse Benton's pamphlet was a masterly paper, and conclusively answered that vituperative document.

Donelson, in 1829, accompanied President Jackson to Washington as his confidential adviser and private secretary; his wife, "the lovely Emily," of rare personal charms and superior mind, being the mistress of the White House, over which for years she socially presided with such refined grace and courtly dignity. Donelson's duties as Secretary during the eight years of Jackson's administration were not those of a mere routine character, nor simply of doing the honors of the "East Room." Being a well-informed man and a fluent talker, he could cope in conversation with the cultivated intellects which frequented the Executive Mansion; and holding the able pen of a ready writer, he conducted much of the correspondence of the President, and materially aided in preparing official papers, messages, etc. Jackson's brief memoranda for his messages, some of them of a page or two, and others of a few words — perhaps jotted down on the margin of a newspaper — were, at the proper time, withdrawn from the magazine of his capacious white hat, and confided to his faithful and diligent private secretary, whose duty it was to write them out into orderly and graceful English. To the basis of a message thus formed, "the members of the Cabinet," says Parton, "added each his proportion."

Major Donelson, after the retirement of President Jackson, continued in private life till 1844, assisting him in his still onerous correspondence. The Texas question, then the great issue of the country in and out of Congress, brought Donelson again before the public to take an active part in the discussion. The treaty of annexation of that republic to the United States, of Apr. 12, 1844, having been rejected on the following 8th of June by the Senate, President Tyler sent a messenger to General Jackson, stating the difficulties which were likely to defeat the efforts of the friends of that measure, and urging him to induce Major Donelson to undertake new negotiations. He accepted the appointment, Sep. 16, 1844, as *chargé d'affaires* to the Republic of Texas, a mission which Mr. Calhoun, then Secretary of State, considered, in view of all its consequences, as one of the first magnitude, and of an importance at the time that raised it to the level of the highest in the gift of the Government. Donelson at once entered upon the discharge of the delicate and intricate duties devolving upon him, and with great diplomatic tact and signal ability accomplished the great object of his mission, which terminated Dec. 27, 1845, with the annexation of Texas to the Union.

On his return to the United States he found "The Hermitage" bereft of its tenant, and the nation in mourning for one of its noblest chiefs. General Jackson, his almost father, had died June 8, 1845, bequeathing "as a memento of his regard, affection, and esteem" for his "well-beloved nephew" and "a high-minded, honest, and honorable man," "the elegant sword presented to him by the State of Tennessee," with the injunction that it be used, "when necessary, in support and protection of our glorious Union, and for the protection of the constitutional rights of our beloved country, should they be assailed by foreign enemies or domestic traitors."

President Polk, in consideration of Major Donelson's peculiar fitness

and eminent services, appointed him, Mar. 18, 1846, Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary of the United States to Prussia, and Aug. 9, 1848, to the Federal Government of Germany. He held both missions till June 9, 1849, when Mr. Hannegan was appointed to Berlin, but Major Donelson retained that to the German Confederacy till Nov. 2, 1849, when it was abolished, he having made himself so thoroughly acquainted with German diplomacy that President Taylor, though of opposite politics, continued him in office.

Soon after his return from Europe he became enlisted in the effort to secure the settlement of the slavery agitation then growing out of the acquisition of territory from Mexico, which is here given in his own words from a letter of Mar. 6, 1860, to the writer of this notice: —

"I was appointed a delegate to the Southern Convention which met at Nashville. That convention was called before the passage of the compromise measures of 1850, and was supposed to have in view the adoption of a course of action that would quiet the apprehensions of the Southern States in regard to the slavery question. Under this impression I presided over a public meeting at Nashville, recommended the appointment of delegates, and made an address to the people deprecating disunion sentiments, and denouncing all the schemes which looked to remedies outside of the Constitution. This convention was again assembled after the passage of the compromise, and concluded its deliberations by a report and resolutions against which I entered my protest. The ground taken by the convention was that still occupied by many of the Southern statesmen, and did not differ materially from that taken by South Carolina in 1832. It asserts the right of a State to secede from the Union whenever, in her judgment, a sufficient cause exists. Against this claim of a State I used all the arguments that were employed by the Republican party when the celebrated Hartford Convention made an attempt to break up the Union.

"After these events I yielded to the entreaty of the leading members of the Democratic party, and became the editor of the Washington 'Union.' My object was to reconcile the public mind to the series of measures which had been passed by Congress in 1850. I believed that the Democratic party as it had been organized by General Jackson could be purged of the sectional heresies that had been interpolated into its creed. The columns of the 'Union' attest the character of my efforts in support of this object, and will also exhibit the circumstances which led me to characterize the party as untrue to the old doctrines of the early fathers of the Republic, and no longer worthy of the support of a patriotic people."

The tone, vigor, and statesmanlike grasp, which he brought to the columns of the "Union" in that crisis of public affairs, were then fully acknowledged, and to his fearless attitude in the fierce struggle before the country is in no small degree due the postponement of the great battle for the Union begun with Sumter and ended with Appomattox.

Leaving the editorial chair of the "Union" in 1852, and abandoning the Democrats entirely in 1853, after the accession of President Pierce, whose Cabinet appointments he opposed as having a proclivity unfavorable to the doctrines taught by Washington, Madison, and Jackson, Donelson joined the "Americans," or "Know-Nothings," as they were more commonly called. When the convention of that party met in Philadelphia, he was placed, February 22, 1856, in nomination (on the ticket with Mr. Fillmore) for the Vice-Presidency by a vote of 181 out of 205 cast on the first ballot.

After his defeat in this political campaign, he retired altogether from public life, and moved to Memphis, Tenn., to be nearer his planting interests in Bolivar County of the adjoining State, about 150 miles down the

Mississippi. Upon the breaking out of the Rebellion he, being then over sixty years of age, retired with a saddened heart to his plantation near Australia, Miss., where he lived most of his remaining years, loved and honored by all around him, though his antagonistic views on public affairs would often boldly break forth in bitter sarcasms.

Born of a Revolutionary sire, reared by a true Roman hero, educated under the flag of his country, associated with the great men of a great era, familiar with the history of the past, and for nearly half a century intimately connected with many of the stirring events which marked that long and stormy period, Donelson was no ordinary personage. As a *diplomatist*, his prudence, discretion, knowledge, and ability inspired our Government with confidence. As a *statesman*, his sagacity and skill are attested by his success in securing to the Union the vast and valuable territory of Texas, despite the machinations of prominent intriguers and the combined opposition of the British and French Ministers. As a *politician* he had not the arts and *finesse* of the modern school, but was of the Jeffersonian and Jacksonian type, believing that to be venal in public life was to commit official suicide, and to become a trusted leader of the people he must vigilantly guard against every inroad made upon constitutional liberty and free government. As an *editor*, blessed with a very retentive memory, well versed in passing events, and holding a vigorous pen, he was fully equal to the varied requirements of his responsible position at the head of a leading party journal, and fearlessly gave free utterance to his earnest convictions intensified by a sanguine and ardent temperament. And as a *man*, he was a sincere friend, a kind neighbor, a hospitable host, a most genial companion, of unimpeachable character, true in all the relations of life, respected as a citizen, and honored as a Christian.

234..(Born Md.).....**THOMAS E. SUDLER**.....(Ap'd Md.)..**3**

Military History.—Cadet at the Military Academy, Mar. 26, 1816, to July 1, 1820, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

THIRD LIEUT., ORDNANCE, JULY 1, 1820.

SECOND LIEUT., 3D ARTILLERY, IN RE-ORGANIZATION OF ARMY, JUNE 1, 1821, TO RANK FROM JULY 1, 1820.

Served at the Military Academy, as Asst. Professor of Mathematics, Sep. 3, 1820, to July 1, 1821.

TRANSFERRED TO 1ST ARTILLERY, AUG. 16, 1821.

RESIGNED, NOV. 16, 1821.

Civil History.—Appointed, July, 1824, by the Governor of Maryland, to trace the Boundary Line between the States of Virginia and Maryland. Member of the House of Representatives of the State of Maryland, 1825–26. Lieut.-Colonel, Military Department of Maryland, 1826–40. Professor of Mathematics, Civil Engineering, and Military Tactics, in St. John's College, Md., 1826–40,—and of Mathematics, Mechanics, and Astronomy in Dickinson College, Pa., 1840–51. President of the Wesleyan Female College, Wilmington, Del., 1851–52. Degree of A. M., conferred by Union College, N. Y., 1830,—and by Dickinson College, Pa., 1840.

DIED, DEC. 31, 1860, AT WILMINGTON, DEL.: AGED 59.

235..(Born N. C.).....**WILLIAM H. BELL**.....(Ap'd N. C.)..**4**

Military History.—Cadet at the Military Academy, Sep. 25, 1816, to July 1, 1820, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

THIRD LIEUT., ORDNANCE, JULY 1, 1820.

Served: at the Military Academy, as Asst. Professor of Mathematics, Aug. 18, 1820, to July 1, 1823; on Ordnance duty, Aug. 1, 1823, to

(SECOND LIEUT., 3D ARTILLERY, IN RE-ORGANIZATION OF ARMY, JUNE 1, 1821, TO RANK FROM JULY 1, 1820)

(TRANSFERRED TO 4TH ARTILLERY, AUG. 16, 1821)

(FIRST LIEUT., 4TH ARTILLERY, NOV. 1, 1823)

Nov. 1, 1830; on Quartermaster duty, Nov. 1, 1830, to July 31, 1831;

(ASST. QUARTERMASTER, NOV. 1, 1830, TO JULY 31, 1831)

on Ordnance duty, Aug. 1, 1831, to May 30, 1832; as Assistant in Ord-

(CAPTAIN, ORDNANCE, MAY 30, 1832)

nance Bureau at Washington, D. C., 1832–38; in command of Washington Arsenal, D. C., 1838–40, — of St. Louis Arsenal, Mo., 1840–48; in

(MAJOR, ORDNANCE, MAR. 25, 1848)

the War with Mexico, at Vera Cruz, 1848; in command of St. Louis Arsenal, Mo., 1848–51, — of Allegheny Arsenal, Pa., 1851–54, — of Harper's Ferry Armory, Va., 1854, — of Washington Arsenal, D. C., 1855–58, — and of St. Louis Arsenal, Mo., 1858–61; and as Member of Ordnance Board, Oct. 8–24, 1856.

RESIGNED, MAY 28, 1861.

Civil History. — Farmer, St. Charles County, Mo., 1861–65.

DIED, DEC. 20, 1865, AT ST. LOUIS, MO.: AGED 67.

236..(Born N. Y.)..**WILLIAM C. DE HART**....(Ap'd N. Y.)..**5**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, Sep. 30, 1814, to July 1, 1820, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

THIRD LIEUT., ORDNANCE, JULY 1, 1820.

SECOND LIEUT., 2D ARTILLERY, IN RE-ORGANIZATION OF ARMY, JUNE 1, 1821, TO RANK FROM JULY 1, 1820.

Served: on Ordnance duty, July 1, 1820, to Aug. 20, 1822; in garrison at Plattsburg, N. Y., 1822–24, — and New York harbor, 1824, 1825, 1826; on Recruiting service, 1826; in garrison at Ft. Columbus, N. Y., 1826–27, — Savannah, Ga., 1827–28, — Ft. Monroe, Va. (Artillery School for Practice), 1828, — and Ft. Johnston, N. C., 1828–29; on Courts Martial,

(BVT. FIRST LIEUT., JULY 1, 1830, FOR FAITHFUL SERVICE TEN YEARS IN ONE GRADE)

1830–31; as Aide-de-Camp to Major-General Scott, Jan. 3, 1831, to

(FIRST LIEUT., 2D ARTILLERY, OCT. 10, 1831)

Apr. 2, 1838; on Special duty on the Northern Frontier, 1838–39, during

(CAPTAIN, 2D ARTILLERY, APR. 3, 1838)

Canada Border Disturbances; as Acting Judge Advocate of the Army, Nov. 8, 1839, to Nov. 9, 1842; in garrison at Ft. Columbus, N. Y., 1842–45; on Special duty, preparing his "Observations on Military Law, and the Constitution and Practice of Courts Martial," Feb. 6, 1845, to Jan. 12, 1847; in the War with Mexico, 1847, being engaged in the Siege of Vera Cruz, Mar. 9–29, 1847, — Battle of Cerro Gordo, Apr. 17–18, 1847, — Skirmish of Amazoque, May 14, 1847, — and Defense of Puebla, Sep. 13–Oct. 12, 1847, of which he was Lieut.-Governor, Aug. 6 to Oct. 23, 1847; and on sick leave of absence, 1847–48.

DIED, APR. 21, 1848, AT ELIZABETHTOWN, N. J.: AGED 48.

237..(Born N. Y.)..**FRANCIS N. BARBARIN**...(Ap'd N. Y.)..**6**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, Mar. 1, 1815,

to July 1, 1820, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

THIRD LIEUT., ORDNANCE, JULY 1, 1820.

SECOND LIEUT., 3D ARTILLERY, IN RE-ORGANIZATION OF ARMY, JUNE 1, 1821, TO RANK FROM JULY 1, 1820.

Served : on Ordnance duty, July 1, 1820, to Aug. 20, 1822 ; in garrison at Ft. Moultrie, S. C., 1822–24, — and Ft. Monroe, Va. (Artillery School for Practice), 1824–26 ; at the Military Academy, as Asst. Instructor of Infantry Tactics, Jan. 19 to Apr. 20, 1826 ; on Ordnance duty, Apr. 20,

(FIRST LIEUT., 3D ARTILLERY, FEB. 28, 1827)

1826, to Nov. 2, 1827 ; in garrison at Ft. Wolcott, R. I., 1827–33 ; and on Ordnance duty, Jan. 1, 1834, to Sep. 16, 1836.

RESIGNED, SEP. 16, 1836.

Civil History. — Civil Engineer in Virginia and North Carolina, 1836–40. Chief Clerk of U. S. Engineer Department, 1845–71 ; and Clerk, 1871–83.

DIED, FEB. 28, 1883, AT GEORGETOWN, D. C., AGED 82.

238..(Born Va.).....**ROBERT S. BROOKE**.....(Ap'd Va.)..**7**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, Oct. 1, 1816, to July 1, 1820, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

THIRD LIEUT., ORDNANCE, JULY 1, 1820.

Served on Ordnance duty, July 1, 1820, to Dec. 1, 1820.

RESIGNED, DEC. 1, 1820.

Civil History. — Counselor at Law, Staunton, Va., 1824–40, — and Planter, 1831–40. Adjutant, Captain, and Brigade Inspector, Virginia Militia, 1824–32. Member of the House of Delegates of the State of Virginia, 1832, 1835, 1836, 1842, and 1843. Director of the Western Lunatic Asylum, Va., 1831–51.

DIED, MAY 14, 1851, AT STAUNTON, VA. : AGED 51.

239..(Born Md.)....**JAMES A. CHAMBERS**.....(Ap'd Md.)..**8**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, Aug. 5, 1814, to July 1, 1820, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

SECOND LIEUT., LIGHT ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1820.

TRANSFERRED TO CORPS OF ARTILLERY, AUG. 2, 1820.

Served : in garrison at Ft. Columbus, N. Y., 1820–21, — Ft. Mackinac,

(SECOND LIEUT., 2D ARTILLERY, IN RE-ORGANIZATION OF ARMY, JUNE 1, 1821)

Mich., 1821–23, — New York harbor, 1823, 1824, — Ft. Monroe, Va. (Artillery School for Practice), 1824–26, — and Ft. Columbus, N. Y., 1826 ; on Commissary and Quartermaster duty at Baltimore, Md., 1826 ; on Ordnance duty, Oct. 20, 1826, to Mar. 6, 1828 ; in garrison at Savannah, Ga., 1828–29, — Augusta Arsenal, Ga., 1829, — Savannah, Ga., 1829–30, — and Augusta Arsenal, Ga., 1830 ; in Cherokee Nation, 1830 ;

(BVT. FIRST LIEUT., JULY 1, 1830, FOR FAITHFUL SERVICE TEN YEARS IN ONE GRADE)

in garrison at Savannah, Ga., 1830–31, 1831–32, — and Ft. Pike, La.,

(FIRST LIEUT., 2D ARTILLERY, JAN. 28, 1832)

1833–35 ; on Ordnance duty, June 4, 1835, to Jan. 21, 1836 ; in the Florida War, 1836 ; in Operations in Creek Nation, as Chief Quarter-

(ASST. QUARTERMASTER, AUG. 25, 1836, TO JULY 7, 1838)

master and Commissary, 1836; in the Florida War, 1836–38; as Aide-
(CAPT., STAFF — ASST. QUARTERMASTER, JULY 7, 1838)
(CAPTAIN, 2D ARTILLERY, JULY 7, 1838)
de-Camp to Major-General Jesup, Aug. 28, 1836, to May 13, 1838 (Acting Asst. Adjutant-General of the Army of the South, 1837, 1837–38), being engaged against the Seminole Indians in the Skirmish of Hatcheeluskee Creek, June 27, 1837, — and Combat of Locha-Hatchee, Jan. 24, 1838; and on Quartermaster duty, at Baltimore, Md., 1838.

DIED, DEC. 10, 1838, AT BALTIMORE, MD.: AGED 38.

240..(Born Ten.)..**EDWARD G. W. BUTLER** *....(Ap'd Ten.)..**9**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, Sep. 14, 1816, to July 1, 1820, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

SECOND LIEUT., CORPS OF ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1820.

SECOND LIEUT., 4TH ARTILLERY, IN RE-ORGANIZATION OF ARMY, JUNE 1, 1821.

Served: on Topographical duty, Oct. 31, 1820, to Dec. 8, 1823; and
(FIRST LIEUT., 4TH ARTILLERY, NOV. 6, 1823)
as Aide-de-Camp to Bvt. Maj.-General Gaines, and Acting Asst. Adjutant-General of the Eastern and Western Departments, Dec. 8, 1823, to May 28, 1831.

RESIGNED, MAY 28, 1831.

Civil History. — President of the Plaquemine Branch of the Union Bank of Louisiana, 1842–47. Major-General, Louisiana Militia, 1846–47. Sugar Planter, Iberville Parish, La., 1831–47.

Military History. — Re-appointed in the Army with the rank of

COLONEL, 3D DRAGOONS, APR. 9, 1847.

Served in the War with Mexico, in command of the District of the Upper Rio Grande, Mex., Sep. 23, 1847, to June 30, 1848.

DISBANDED, JULY 31, 1848.

Joined in the Rebellion of 1861–66, against the United States.

Civil History. — Sugar Planter, Iberville Parish, La., 1848–78.

DIED, SEP. 6, 1888, AT ST. LOUIS, MO.: AGED 88.

* Was the son of Captain EDWARD BUTLER, Adjutant-General of Major-General Wayne's Army of the West.

241..(Born N. Y.)...**DANIEL D. TOMPKINS**...(Ap'd N. Y.)..**10**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, June 20, 1814, to July 1, 1820, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

THIRD LIEUT., ORDNANCE, JULY 1, 1820.

SECOND LIEUT., 2D ARTILLERY, IN RE-ORGANIZATION OF ARMY, JUNE 1, 1821, TO RANK FROM JULY 1, 1820.

TRANSFERRED TO 1ST ARTILLERY, AUG. 16, 1821.

Served: on Ordnance duty, July 1, 1820, to Aug. 1, 1823; in garrison at Ft. Independence, Mas., 1823–24; on Ordnance duty at Watervliet Arsenal, N. Y., Aug. 5, 1824, to Mar. 6, 1828; in garrison at Ft. Monroe,
(FIRST LIEUT., 1ST ARTILLERY, MAR. 1, 1825)
Va. (Artillery School for Practice), 1828–30, — and Wilmington, N. C., 1830–31; on Engineer duty, May 7, 1831, to Dec. 12, 1832; on Ordnance

duty, Jan. 1 to Dec. 31, 1833; in garrison at Ft. Trumbull, Ct., 1833–35,
(CAPTAIN, 1ST ARTILLERY, DEC. 31, 1835, TO APR. 21, 1846)
— and Ft. Severn, Md., 1835–36; in the Florida War against the Seminole Indians, 1836–38, being engaged in the Skirmish at San Velasco Hommock,* Sep. 18, 1836, — and Battle of Wahoo Swamp, Nov. 21,
(BVT. MAJOR, SEP. 11, 1836, FOR GALLANT AND MERITORIOUS CONDUCT IN THE WAR AGAINST THE FLORIDA INDIANS)
1836; on Quartermaster duty at Trader's Hill, Ga., 1838–39, — in the
(CAPT., STAFF — ASST. QUARTERMASTER, JULY 7, 1838)
Florida War, at Ft. White, 1839–40, — Boston, Mas., 1840, — Philadelphia, Pa., 1840–46, in charge of Office of Army Clothing and Supplies, —
(MAJOR, STAFF — QUARTERMASTER, JULY 22, 1842)
Cincinnati, O., 1846, forwarding supplies to Mexico, — Philadelphia, Pa., 1846–47, in charge of Office of Army Clothing and Supplies, — New Orleans, La., 1847–49, — Boston, Mas., 1849–51, — Chief Quartermaster
(BVT. LIEUT.-COLONEL, MAY 30, 1848, FOR MERITORIOUS CONDUCT, PARTICULARLY IN THE PERFORMANCE OF HIS DUTIES IN THE PROSECUTION OF THE WAR WITH MEXICO)
of the Department of Texas, 1851–53, and 1853–54, — New Orleans, La.,
(LIEUT.-COL., STAFF — DEP. QUARTERMASTER-GEN., SEP. 16, 1851)
(COL., STAFF — ASST. QUARTERMASTER-GEN., DEC. 22, 1856)
1854–58, — and New York city, 1859–61.

Served during the Rebellion of the Seceding States, 1861–63, as Depot Quartermaster at New York city for furnishing supplies to the Armies in the field, Apr. 12, 1861, to Feb. 26, 1863.

DIED, FEB. 26, 1863, AT BROOKLYN, N. Y.: AGED 63.

* By resolution of the Legislature of the Territory of Florida, of Feb. 8, 1838, he was recommended to the President to be brevetted a Major, "for the gallantry and good conduct displayed by him in the different actions in which he has been engaged during the Florida War, and particularly that of San Velasco, where he charged and beat the enemy with an inferior force."

242..(Born Md.).....**JOHN H. WINDER***.....(Ap'd Md.)..**11**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, Aug. 5, 1814, to July 1, 1820, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to
SECOND LIEUT., CORPS OF ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1820.
TRANSFERRED TO RIFLES, OCT. 23, 1820.

Served: in garrison at Ft. McHenry, Md., 1820; on the Florida Fron-
(SECOND LIEUT., 4TH ARTILLERY, IN RE-ORGANIZATION OF ARMY, JUNE 1, 1821)
(TRANSFERRED TO 3D ARTILLERY, AUG. 16, 1821)
tier, 1820–22; on Ordnance duty, Feb. to Aug. 20, 1822; and on leave of absence, 1822–23.

RESIGNED, AUG. 31, 1823.

Civil History. — Unknown.

Re-appointed in the United States Army with the rank of
SECOND LIEUT., 1ST ARTILLERY, APR. 2, 1827.

Served: in garrison at Ft. Trumbull, Ct., 1827; at the Military Academy, as Asst. Instructor of Infantry Tactics, Nov. 22, 1827, to Sep. 21, 1828; in garrison at Ft. Johnston, N. C., 1828–29; on Engineer duty (Cape Fear River Improvement), June 2, 1829, to Dec. 1, 1832; in gar-

rison at Ft. Johnston, N. C., 1832–33, 1834–35 ; on Engineer duty, May 30,

(FIRST LIEUT., 1ST ARTILLERY, NOV. 30, 1833)

1835, to Jan. 21, 1836 ; in the Florida War, 1836, 1836–38 ; as Adjutant, 1st Artillery, at Regimental headquarters, May 23, 1838, to Jan. 20, 1840 ; as Bearer of Despatches to Bvt. Brig.-General Arbuckle, 1840 ; on Maine Frontier, at Houlton, Me., 1840, pending "Disputed Territory" controversy ; in garrison at Ft. Preble, Me., 1840–41, 1841–42, — Ft. Sullivan, Me., 1842–43, — Hancock Barracks, Me., 1843–44, — Ft. Kent,

(CAPTAIN, 1ST ARTILLERY, OCT. 7, 1842)

Me., 1844–45, — Ft. Brooke, Fla., 1845–46, — and Ft. Pickens, Fla., 1846–47 ; in the War with Mexico, 1847–48, being engaged in the Skirmish of La Hoya, June 20, 1847, — Skirmish of Ocalaca, Aug. 16, 1847, — Battle of Contreras, Aug. 19–20, 1847, — Battle of Churubusco, Aug. 20,

(BVT. MAJOR, AUG. 20, 1847, FOR GALLANT AND MERITORIOUS CONDUCT IN THE BATTLES OF CONTRERAS AND CHURUBUSCO, MEX.)

1847, — Storming of Chapultepec, Sep. 13, 1847, — and Assault and Capture of the City of Mexico, Sep. 13–14, 1847 ; in garrison at Ft.

(BVT. LIEUT.-COL., SEP. 14, 1847, FOR GALLANT CONDUCT ON ENTERING THE CITY OF MEXICO)

Columbus, N. Y., 1849–50, — Ft. Myers, Fla., 1850–53, — Ft. Moultrie, S. C., 1853–56, — Key West Barracks, Fla., 1856–57, — Ft. Dallas, Fla., 1857–58, — and Barrancas Barracks, Fla., 1858–60 ; and on leave of

(MAJOR, 3D ARTILLERY, NOV. 22, 1860)

absence, 1860–61.

RESIGNED, APR. 27, 1861.

Joined the Rebellion of 1861–66 against the United States.

DIED, FEB. 7, 1865, AT COLUMBIA, S. C. : AGED 65.

* Was the son of General WILLIAM H. WINDER, who served in the War of 1812–15, and was defeated at Bladensburg in 1814.

243. . (Born Va.) . . . **WILLIAM P. BUCHANAN** . . . (Ap'd Va.) . . **12**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, Oct. 27, 1816, to July 1, 1820, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

THIRD LIEUT., ORDNANCE, JULY 1, 1820.

SECOND LIEUT., 2D ARTILLERY, IN RE-ORGANIZATION OF ARMY, JUNE 1, 1821, TO RANK FROM JULY 1, 1820.

Served on Ordnance duty, July 1, 1820, to Jan. 28, 1822.

RESIGNED, MAR. 31, 1822.

Re-appointed in the United States Army with the rank of

SECOND LIEUT., 6TH INFANTRY, JUNE 21, 1822,

and while on his way to join his regiment, was

DROWNED, SEP. 20, 1822, IN THE MISSISSIPPI RIVER : AGED 20.

244. (Born N. C.) . . **SAMUEL B. DUSENBERRY** . . (Ap'd N. C.) . **13**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, Mar. 13, 1816, to July 1, 1820, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

SECOND LIEUT., CORPS OF ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1820.

SECOND LIEUT., 4TH ARTILLERY, IN RE-ORGANIZATION OF ARMY, JUNE 1, 1821.

Served: in garrison at Ft. Gadsden, Fla., 1820–21, — Ft. St. Marks, Fla., 1821–23, — Ft. Monroe, Va. (Artillery School for Practice), 1824–25,

(FIRST LIEUT., 4TH ARTILLERY, MAR. 1, 1825)

— Augusta Arsenal, Ga., 1825–27, — Ft. McHenry, Md., 1827–28; on Commissary duty at Baltimore, Md., Sep. 25, 1828, to Oct. 1, 1829, and Feb. 1, 1830, to Nov. 17, 1832; on Quartermaster duty at Baltimore, Md., 1833, — Delaware Breakwater, 1833, — Ft. Mitchell, Ala., 1833–34,

(ASST. QUARTERMASTER, FEB. 15, 1833, TO JULY 7, 1838)

— Annapolis, Md., 1834–36, — Florida War, 1836, — purchasing supplies in Kentucky, 1836, — Florida War, 1836–37, — Ft. Monroe, Va., 1837, — St. Augustine, Fla., 1837–38, — Baltimore, Md., 1839–44, — St. Louis, Mo.,

(CAPT., STAFF — ASST. QUARTERMASTER, JULY 7, 1838)

(CAPTAIN, 4TH ARTILLERY, JULY 7, 1838, TO JUNE 18, 1846)

1844–45, — Baltimore, Md., 1845–48, — East Pascagoula, Mis., 1848, —

(MAJOR, STAFF — QUARTERMASTER, MAR. 3, 1847)

and Baltimore, Md., 1848–52; on leave of absence, 1852–53; and as Chief Quartermaster of the Department of New Mexico, Sep. 5, 1854, to Apr. 5, 1855.

DIED, APR. 5, 1855, AT SANTA FÉ, NEW MEXICO: AGED 57.

245..(Born Pa.).....**HENRY J. FELTUS**.....(Ap'd N. Y.)..**14**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, Sep. 29, 1814, to July 1, 1820, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

SECOND LIEUT., CORPS OF ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1820.

SECOND LIEUT., 1ST ARTILLERY, IN RE-ORGANIZATION OF ARMY, JUNE 1, 1821)

Served: in garrison at Norfolk harbor, Va., 1820–21, — Ft. Johnston, N. C., 1821, — Ft. Wolcott, R. I., 1821–26, — Ft. Independence, Mas.,

(FIRST LIEUT., 1ST ARTILLERY, SEP. 15, 1825)

1826, — and Ft. Monroe, Va. (Artillery School for Practice, doing Ordnance duty), 1826.

RESIGNED, MAR. 31, 1827.

Civil History. — Counselor at Law, New York city, 1830–37; Merchant, Philadelphia, Pa., 1837–42; Sugar Manufacturer, Philadelphia, Pa., 1845–69.

DIED, JULY 12, 1871, NEAR PHILADELPHIA, PA.: AGED 70.

246..(Born N. Y.)....**NICHOLAS CRUGER**....(Ap'd N. Y.)..**15**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 26, 1815, to July 1, 1820, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

SECOND LIEUT., 2D INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1820.

TRANSFERRED FROM 2D TO 7TH, JULY 15, AND FROM 7TH TO 6TH INFANTRY, JULY 25, 1820.

Served: in conducting recruits to Ft. Atkinson, Council Bluffs, Io., 1821; on frontier duty at Ft. Atkinson, Io., 1821–23; on the Arickaree

(FIRST LIEUT., 6TH INFANTRY, FEB. 28, 1823)

Expedition, 1823, serving as Volunteer Adjutant of Missouri Legion, and Commissary and Quartermaster of the command, and participating in the Attack on the Indian Towns, Aug. 9–11, 1823; on frontier duty at Ft. Atkinson, Io., 1823–24; on Recruiting service, 1825–26; in conducting

recruits to Ft. Gibson, I. T., 1826–27; and in garrison at Jefferson Bar-

(CAPTAIN, 6TH INFANTRY, FEB. 11, 1827)

racks, Mo., 1827.

RESIGNED, OCT. 31, 1827.

Civil History. — Member of the Board of Supervisors of Westchester County, N. Y., 1832–43. Member of the House of Representatives of the State of New York, 1838. Farmer, Crugers, Westchester County, N. Y., 1827–68.

DIED, JUNE 3, 1868, NEAR CRUGERS, N. Y.: AGED 67.

247..(Born Ct.).....**RAWLINS LOWNDES**....(Ap'd S. C.)..**16**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, Aug. 31, 1816, to July 1, 1820, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

SECOND LIEUT., CORPS OF ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1820.

Served: on Recruiting service, 1820; in garrison at Ft. Moultrie, S. C.,

(SECOND LIEUT., 3D ARTILLERY, IN RE-ORGANIZATION OF ARMY, JUNE 1, 1821)

1820–21; on Topographical duty, 1821; and as Aide-de-Camp to Bvt.

(TRANSFERRED TO 1ST INFANTRY, JUNE 12, 1823)

(FIRST LIEUT., 1ST INFANTRY, AUG. 7, 1823)

Maj.-General Gaines, July 14, 1821, to Dec. 31, 1830.

RESIGNED, DEC. 31, 1830.

Civil History. — Rice Planter on Santee River, near Georgetown, S. C., 1830–61. Farmer, Staatsburg, N. Y., 1861–77.

DIED, AUG. 10, 1877, AT STAATSBURG, N. Y.: AGED 76.

248..(Born N. Y.)....**LEWIS N. MORRIS**.....(Ap'd N. Y.)..**17**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, Oct. 15, 1815, to July 1, 1820, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

SECOND LIEUT., CORPS OF ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1820.

TRANSFERRED TO 3D INFANTRY, AUG. 24, 1820.

Served: on Recruiting service, 1821; in garrison at Chicago, Ill., 1821–22; on frontier duty at Ft. Howard, Wis., 1824–25; on Recruiting service, 1825–26; on frontier duty at Ft. Howard, Wis., 1826; on Com-

(FIRST LIEUT., 3D INFANTRY, DEC. 31, 1825)

missary duty at Jefferson Barracks, Mo., 1827–28, — Ft. Armstrong, Ill., 1828–30, — Des Moines Rapids, Io., 1830, — Ft. Armstrong, Ill., 1830–31, — and Ft. Jesup, La., 1831–33; on Recruiting service, 1833–37; in gar-

(CAPTAIN, 3D INFANTRY, OCT. 31, 1833)

rison at Ft. Towson, I. T., 1837–40; in the Florida War, 1840–42; in garrison at Ft. Stansbury, Fla., 1842–43, — and Jefferson Barracks, Mo., 1843–44; on frontier duty at Ft. Jesup (Camp Wilkins), La., 1844–45; in Military Occupation of Texas, 1845–46; and in the War with Mexico, 1846, being engaged in the Battle of Palo Alto, May 8, 1846, — Battle of Resaca-de-la-Palma, May 9, 1846, — and Battle of Monterey, Sep. 21,

(BVT. MAJOR, MAY 9, 1846, FOR GALLANT AND DISTINGUISHED CONDUCT IN THE BATTLES OF PALO ALTO AND RESACA-DE-LA-PALMA, TEX.)

1846, where, while gallantly leading his regiment in the assault of the enemy's works, he was

KILLED, SEP. 21, 1846: AGED 46.

249..(Born Md.).....**JOSHUA BARNEY**.....(Ap'd Md.)..**18**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, May 4, 1815, to July 1, 1820, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

SECOND LIEUT., CORPS OF ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1820.

Served: at Ft. Columbus, N. Y., 1820–21, — Ft. Mackinac, Mich., 1821–23, — New York harbor, 1823, — and Ft. McHenry, Md., 1823–26;

(SECOND LIEUT., 2D ARTILLERY, IN RE-ORGANIZATION OF ARMY, JUNE 1, 1821)

on Ordnance duty, Aug. 31, 1826, to June 11, 1827; on Topographical duty, June 11, 1827, to June 14, 1830; and on leave of absence, 1830–32.

RESIGNED, JULY 31, 1832.

Civil History. — Assistant Engineer, Boston and Providence Railroad, 1832–36. Engineer of the State of Maine, 1836; and of Andover and Wilmington, Mas., — Andover and Haverhill, Mas., — and Bangor and Old Town, Me., Railroads, 1836–37. Engineer of Surveys of Boston and Salem, Mas., — Lowell and Nashua, Mas., — Portsmouth and Newburyport, Mas., — and Portland and Gorham, Me., Railroads, — and Kennebec and Casco Bay Canal, 1835–37. Civil Engineer in the service of the United States, 1844–54, superintending improvements of Dubuque harbor, Io., — Military and other roads, in Iowa, — improvement of Rock Island Rapids, Io., — and exploration and survey of railroad route from St. Louis, Mo., to Fulton, Ark. Engineer of Little Rock and Ft. Smith Branch Railroad, Ark., 1853–54. Assistant in the Geodetic Survey of the Northern Lakes, 1859–67.

DIED, APR. 13, 1867, AT DETROIT, MICH.: AGED 67.

250..(Born Va.).....**GEORGE F. LINDSAY**....(Ap'd D. C.)..**19**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, Apr. 7, 1815, to July 1, 1820, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

SECOND LIEUT., 2D INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1820.

Served: in garrison at Plattsburg, N. Y., 1820–21, — and Sackett's Harbor, N. Y., 1821–22.

RESIGNED, JULY 1, 1822.

Naval History. — Re-appointed in the Naval Service with the rank of

SECOND LIEUT., MARINES, APR. 1, 1823.

Served: at the Marine Barracks, Washington, D. C., 1823, — New York, 1823–25, — Portsmouth Navy Yard, Me., 1825–26, — New York, 1826, — Cruise of the Sloop Hornet, 1826–27, — New York, 1827, — Norfolk, Va., 1827–28, — Pensacola Navy Yard, Fla., 1828–31, — in command of guard of the Sloop Erie, 1831, — Pensacola Navy Yard, Fla.,

(FIRST LIEUT., MARINES, SEP. 19, 1831)

1831–35, — Philadelphia Navy Yard, Pa., 1836, — as Quartermaster and Commissary of Marine Battalion in the Florida War against the Seminole Indians, 1836–37, — and at the Marine Barracks at Washington, D. C., 1837–38; and on Quartermaster duty at the Philadelphia Navy Yard,

(CAPT., STAFF — ASST. QUARTERMASTER, MAR. 12, 1838)

Pa., 1838–41, 1841–47, — New York, 1847–55, — and at the Marine head-

(MAJOR, STAFF — QUARTERMASTER, JULY 19, 1855)

quarters at Washington, D. C., 1855–57.

DIED, SEP. 27, 1857, AT WASHINGTON, D. C.: AGED 56.

251..(Born N. Y.).....**JOHN M. TUFTS**.....(Ap'd N. Y.)..20

Military History.—Cadet at the Military Academy, Oct. 15, 1814, to July 1, 1820, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

SECOND LIEUT., CORPS OF ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1820.

Served in garrison at Detroit, Mich., 1820,—Ft. Gratiot, Mich., 1820–21,

(SECOND LIEUT., 3D INFANTRY, IN RE-ORGANIZATION OF ARMY, JUNE 1, 1821)

(TRANSFERRED TO 3d ARTILLERY, JULY 25, 1821)

—and Ft. Johnston, N. C., 1821–22.

RESIGNED, NOV. 1, 1822.

Civil History.—Member of the House of Representatives of the State of New Jersey, 1834 and 1835; and of Board of Freeholders of Middlesex County, N. J., 1834 and 1835. School Inspector, Woodbridge District, N. J., 1830–40. Farmer, Woodbridge, N. J., 1823–64.

DIED, MAR. 25, 1888, AT RAHWAY, N. J.: AGED 87.

252..(Born Mas.)....**BENJAMIN GORHAM**....(Ap'd Mas.)..21

Military History.—Cadet at the Military Academy, July 17, 1814, to July 1, 1820, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

SECOND LIEUT., LIGHT ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1820.

SECOND LIEUT., 5TH INFANTRY, IN RE-ORGANIZATION OF ARMY, JUNE 1, 1821.

Served in garrison at New England Posts, 1820–21,—and Ft. Armstrong, Ill., 1821.

DIED, OCT. 15, 1821, AT FORT ARMSTRONG, ILL.: AGED 22.

253..(Born N. C.).....**SAMUEL McREE***.....(Ap'd N. C.)..22

Military History.—Cadet at the Military Academy, July 12, 1815, to July 1, 1820, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

SECOND LIEUT., 8TH INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1820.

Served: at the Military Academy, as Asst. Instructor of Infantry Tactics, Aug. 31 to Dec. 2, 1820; on Topographical duty, Dec. 2, 1820, to June 1,

(SECOND LIEUT., 1ST INFANTRY, IN RE-ORGANIZATION OF ARMY, JUNE 1, 1821)

1821; in garrison at Baton Rouge, La., 1821–22; on Topographical duty,

(FIRST LIEUT., 1ST INFANTRY, SEP. 30, 1823)

1822–23; in garrison at Baton Rouge, La., 1823,—and Bellefontaine, Mo., 1823–24; as Aide-de-Camp to Bvt. Brig.-General Atkinson, June 14, 1824, to Dec. 31, 1831; in the "Black Hawk" War, 1832, being engaged

(CAPTAIN, 1ST INFANTRY, DEC. 31, 1831, TO NOV. 8, 1839)

in the Battle of Bad Axe River, Aug. 2, 1832; in garrison at Ft. Crawford, Wis., 1832–33; on Recruiting service, 1834; in garrison at Ft. Crawford, Wis., 1834–37,—and Jefferson Barracks, Mo., 1837; in the Florida War against the Seminole Indians, 1837–38 and 1838–39, being engaged in the Battle of Okee-cho-bee, Dec. 25, 1837,—and on Quarter-

(CAPT., STAFF—ASST. QUARTERMASTER, JULY 7, 1838)

master duty, 1838–39; on Quartermaster duty at Ft. Leavenworth, Kan., 1839–40,—St. Louis, Mo., 1840–42,—New Orleans, La., 1842–45,—

(MAJOR, STAFF—QUARTERMASTER, NOV. 8, 1839)

Military Occupation of Texas, 1845–47,—Chief Quartermaster of Major-

General Scott's Army in the War with Mexico, Feb. 18 to Apr. 7, 1847, —
(BVT. LIEUT.-COLONEL, MAY 30, 1848, FOR MERITORIOUS CONDUCT WHILE SERVING IN THE ENEMY'S COUNTRY)
at Cincinnati, O., 1847, forwarding troops to Mexico, — and at St. Louis, Mo., 1847–49.

DIED, JULY 15, 1849, AT ST. LOUIS, MO.: AGED 48.

* Was the brother of Col. WM. MCREE, of the Engineers.

254..(Born Md.)..... **THOMAS NOEL** .....(Ap'd Md.)..23

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, Aug. 5, 1814, to July 1, 1820, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

SECOND LIEUT., 6TH INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1820.

Served: in conducting recruits to Ft. Atkinson, Council Bluffs, Io., 1820–21; on frontier duty at Ft. Atkinson, Io., 1821–23; in the Aricka-
(FIRST LIEUT., 6TH INFANTRY, APR. 16, 1823)
ree Expedition, 1823, acting as Adjutant of the command, and participating in the Attack on the Indian Towns, Aug. 9–11, 1823; on frontier duty at Ft. Atkinson, Io., 1823–24; in Missouri Expedition, 1825; as Adjutant, 6th Infantry, at Regimental headquarters, July 17, 1825, to July 14, 1827; in garrison at Jefferson Barracks, Mo., 1827–29, 1830–32;
(CAPTAIN, 6TH INFANTRY, MAY 1, 1827)
in the "Black Hawk" War against the Sac Indians, 1832, being engaged in the Battle of Bad Axe River, Aug. 2, 1832; on frontier duty at Jefferson Barracks, Mo., 1832–36, — Ft. Jesup, La., 1836, — and Camp Sabine, La., 1836; in the Florida War against the Seminole Indians, 1837, being engaged in the Battle of Okee-cho-bee, Dec. 25, 1837; on
(BVT. MAJOR, DEC. 25, 1837, FOR GALLANT CONDUCT IN THE BATTLE OF KISSIMMEE, FLA.)
Recruiting service, 1837–38; in the Florida War, 1838–39; and on sick
(MAJOR, 7TH INFANTRY, MAY 9, 1846)
leave of absence, 1839–48.

DIED, AUG. 14, 1848, NEAR BALTIMORE, MD.: AGED 47.

255..(Born O.)..... **THOMAS McARTHUR** *.....(Ap'd O.)..24

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, Apr. 5, 1816, to July 1, 1820, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

SECOND LIEUT., 6TH INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1820.

On authorized graduation leave of absence, July 1 to Oct. 24, 1820.

RESIGNED, OCT. 24, 1820.

Civil History. — Merchant, Springfield, O., 18— to 18—.

DIED, FEB. 21, 1833, AT CHILLICOTHE, O.: AGED 31.

* Was the son of Gen. DUNCAN MCARTHUR, who served in the War of 1812–15, and was subsequently Governor of Ohio.

256..(Born Va.).... **CHARLES GUERRANT**.....(Ap'd Va.)..25

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, Mar. 13, 1816, to July 1, 1820, when he was graduated and promoted in the ARMY to

SECOND LIEUT., 7TH INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1820.

On authorized graduation leave of absence from July 1 to Aug. 13, 1820.

RESIGNED, AUG. 13, 1820.

Civil History. — Farmer, Goochland County, Va., 1820–52. Captain, Virginia Militia, 18— to 18—, and Colonel, 18— to —. Member of the House of Delegates of the State of Virginia, 1847.

DIED, SEP. 5, 1852, AT BUFFALO GAP, VA.: AGED 52.

257..(Born Va.).....**GEORGE D. RAMSAY**....(Ap'd D. C.)..**26**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, Aug. 20, 1814, to July 1, 1820, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

SECOND LIEUT., LIGHT ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1820.

SECOND LIEUT., 1ST ARTILLERY, IN RE-ORGANIZATION OF ARMY, JUNE 1, 1821.

Served: in garrison at New England Posts, 1820–23; on Topograph-

(FIRST LIEUT., 1ST ARTILLERY, MAR. 1, 1826)

ical duty, Jan. 30, 1824, to Mar. 6, 1828; in garrison at Ft. Monroe, Va. (Artillery School for Practice), 1828; on Topographical duty, Dec. 2, 1828, to Dec. 31, 1833; as Adjutant, 1st Artillery, at Regimental headquarters, Dec. 1, 1833, to Feb. 25, 1835; as Assistant Ordnance Officer,

(CAPTAIN, ORDNANCE, FEB. 25, 1835)

at Washington Arsenal, D. C., 1835; on leave of absence in Europe, 1835–36; in selecting site for North Carolina Arsenal, 1836; in command of New York Ordnance Depot, 1836, — of Washington Arsenal, D. C., 1836–38, — of Frankford Arsenal, Pa., 1838–40, and as Ordnance Officer at Camp Washington, near Trenton, N. J., 1839, — of Augusta Arsenal, Ga., 1840, — and of Frankford Arsenal, Pa., 1840–45; in Military Occupation of Texas, as Ordnance Officer at Corpus Christi and Point Isabel, 1845–46; in the War with Mexico, 1846–48, being engaged in the Battle of Monterey, Sep. 21–23, 1846, — and as Chief of

(BVT. MAJOR, SEP. 23, 1846, FOR GALLANT AND MERITORIOUS CONDUCT IN THE SEVERAL CONFLICTS AT MONTEREY)

Ordnance of the Army commanded by Major-General Taylor, June 5, 1847, to May 11, 1848; in command of Frankford Arsenal, Pa., 1848–51, — of Ft. Monroe Arsenal, Va., 1851–55, — of St. Louis Arsenal, Mo., 1855–58, — and of Washington Arsenal, D. C., 1858–61; and as Member

(MAJOR, ORDNANCE, APR. 22, 1861)

of Ordnance Board, June 12 to Dec. 28, 1860.

Served during the Rebellion of the Seceding States, 1861–66: in

(LIEUT.-COLONEL, ORDNANCE, AUG. 3, 1861)

command of Washington Arsenal, D. C., 1861–63; as Chief of Ordnance

(COLONEL, ORDNANCE, JUNE 1, 1863)

of the U. S. Army, in charge of the Ordnance Bureau at Washington,

(BRIG.-GENERAL, AND CHIEF OF ORDNANCE OF THE U. S. ARMY, SEP. 15, 1863)

D. C., Sep. 14, 1863, to Sep. 12, 1864; and as Inspector of Arsenals, etc.,

(RETIRED FROM ACTIVE SERVICE, SEP. 12, 1864, UNDER THE LAW OF JULY 17, 1862, HE BEING OVER "THE AGE OF 62 YEARS")

Sep. 12, 1864, to June 8, 1866.

Served: in command of Washington Arsenal, D. C., June 8, 1866, to Feb. 21, 1870; and as Member of Board to examine Ordnance Officers for Promotion, Mar., 1867.

BVT. MAJOR-GENERAL, U. S. ARMY, MAR. 13, 1865, FOR LONG AND FAITHFUL SERVICES IN THE ARMY.

DIED, MAY 23, 1882, AT WASHINGTON, D. C.: AGED 80.

OBITUARY ORDER.

Upon the death of Bvt. Major-General Ramsay the following order was issued by the War Department: —

"It becomes the painful duty of the Secretary of War to announce to the Army the death of Brevet Major-General GEORGE D. RAMSAY, Brigadier-General, U. S. Army (retired), who died at his residence in this city on the 23d of May, 1882.

"General Ramsay graduated at the Military Academy in July, 1820, and was assigned to the Corps of Light Artillery as Second Lieutenant. In June, 1821, when the four regiments of artillery were organized, he was attached to the 1st Regiment. In March, 1826, he was promoted to the grade of First Lieutenant, and was made Regimental Adjutant in December, 1833, having served on topographical and ordnance duty prior to that date. In Feb., 1835, he was appointed Captain of Ordnance, and held that rank for over twenty-six years, serving in command of arsenals, in the military occupation of Texas, and in the field in Mexico. During the Mexican War he was engaged in the Battle of Monterey, in Sep., 1846, and received the brevet of Major 'for gallant and meritorious conduct in the several conflicts at Monterey, Sep. 23, 1846.' From June, 1847, to the close of the war in May, 1848, he served as Chief Ordnance Officer of the Army commanded by Major-General Taylor, in command of arsenals, and as a member of the Ordnance Board in 1860. He was promoted to be Major of Ordnance in April, 1861, and Lieutenant-Colonel in August, 1861, and Colonel in June, 1863. He was appointed Chief of Ordnance in Sep., 1863, with the rank of Brigadier-General, U. S. Army, and served in that position until Sep., 1864, when he was retired from active service under the act of July 17, 1862, being over the age of sixty-two years, but continued to serve, by assignment, in command of Washington Arsenal until June 8, 1866. Mar. 13, 1865, he was awarded the brevet of Major-General, U. S. Army, 'for long and faithful service in the Army.'"

General Ramsay died in the eighty-first year of his age, having enjoyed, almost to the very last, "a green old age," with but few serious infirmities, and leaving only very few survivors of those who preceded or accompanied him to the Military Academy in 1814. During his long military service he faithfully earned a high repute for official integrity and personal excellence, well meriting emulation.

258. . (Born N. Y.) . . . **EDGAR S. HAWKINS***. . . (Ap'd N. Y.) . . **27**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, Aug. 31, 1814, to July 1, 1820, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

SECOND LIEUT., 3D INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1820.

TRANSFERRED TO 7TH INFANTRY, JULY 24, 1820.

Served: on frontier duty at Ft. Smith, Ark., 1822–24, — Ft. Gibson,

(FIRST LIEUT., 7TH INFANTRY, JAN. 22, 1824)

I. T., 1824–28, — Jefferson Barracks, Mo., 1828, — Ft. Gibson, I. T.,

(CAPTAIN, 7TH INFANTRY, NOV. 10, 1829)

1828–29, 1829–30, — Military Road, I. T., 1830, — Ft. Gibson, I. T., 1830–31, — Osage Reserve, I. T., 1831, — and Ft. Gibson, I. T., 1831; on sick leave of absence, 1831–33; on Recruiting Service, 1833; on frontier duty at Ft. Gibson, I. T., 1833–34; on Recruiting Service, 1834–36; on frontier duty, 1836–39; in the Florida War, 1839–42; in garrison at Ft. Morgan, Ala., 1842–43, — Mount Vernon Arsenal, Ala., 1843, — Baton Rouge, La., 1844, — Pass Christian, Mis., 1844, — Baton

Rouge, La., 1844, — and Ft. Wood, La., 1844–45; in Military Occupation of Texas, 1845–46; in the War with Mexico, 1846, being engaged

(BVT. MAJOR, MAY 9, 1846, FOR GALLANT AND DISTINGUISHED SERVICES IN THE DEFENSE OF FORT BROWN, TEX.)

in the Defense of Ft. Brown, Tex., May 3–9, 1846; on Recruiting service, 1846–47; on sick leave of absence, 1847–61; and unemployed,

(MAJOR, 1ST INFANTRY, FEB. 16, 1847)

(TRANSFERRED TO 2D INFANTRY, JULY 3, 1856)

1861–65.

RETIRED FROM ACTIVE SERVICE, OCT. 26, 1861, FOR DISABILITY RESULTING FROM LONG AND FAITHFUL SERVICE, AND SICKNESS AND EXPOSURE IN THE LINE OF DUTY.

DIED, NOV. 5, 1865, AT FLUSHING, N. Y.: AGED 64.

* Was the son of Colonel SAMUEL HAWKINS, who served in the War of 1812–15.

259..(Born N. Y.)..**WILLIAM S. MAITLAND**...(Ap'd N. Y.)..**28**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, Nov. 5, 1814, to July 1, 1820, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

SECOND LIEUT., 3D INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1820.

TRANSFERRED TO CORPS OF ARTILLERY, AUG. 24, 1820.

SECOND LIEUT., 4TH ARTILLERY, IN RE-ORGANIZATION OF ARMY, JUNE 1, 1821.

Served: in garrison at Ft. Howard, Wis., 1820–21, — Ft. Wayne, I. T.

(TRANSFERRED TO 2D ARTILLERY, MAY 28, 1822, AND TO 3D ARTILLERY, JULY 22, 1826)

1821–22, — Detroit, Mich., 1822–23, — New York harbor, 1823–25, — and Ft. Monroe, Va. (Artillery School for Practice), 1825–26; on Ordnance duty, July 28, 1826, to Dec. 23, 1830; in garrison at Ft. Trumbull, Ct., 1831–33; on Topographical duty June 15 to Aug. 18, 1833; in

(FIRST LIEUT., 3D ARTILLERY, DEC. 31, 1828)

garrison at Ft. Trumbull, Ct., 1833, — and Ft. Monroe, Va., 1833–35; in the Florida War against the Seminole Indians, 1835–36, being engaged in the Combat of Withlacoochee, Dec. 31, 1835, — Defense of Convoy at

(BVT. CAPTAIN, DEC. 31, 1835, FOR GALLANT AND GOOD CONDUCT IN THE AFFAIR OF THE WITHLACOOCHEE, AND WELIKA, FLA.)

Welika Pond, July 19, 1836, — and Battle of Wahoo Swamp, Fla., Nov. 21, 1836, where he was severely wounded; and on sick leave of absence, 1836–37.

DROWNED, AUG. 19, 1837, NEAR CHARLESTON, S. C.: AGED 38.

260..(Born N. Y.)...**AARON B. SKINNER**....(Ap'd N. Y.)..**29**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, Mar. 27, 1815, to July 1, 1820, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

SECOND LIEUT., 5TH INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1820.

Served on Recruiting service, 1820–21.

DISBANDED, JUNE 1, 1821.

DIED, 18—.

261..(Born N. Y.)..**WILLIAM W. MORRIS**....(Ap'd N. Y.)..**30**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, Mar. 17, 1815, to July 1, 1820, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

SECOND LIEUT., 6TH INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1820.

Served: in conducting recruits to Ft. Atkinson, Council Bluffs, Io., 1820–21; on frontier duty at Ft. Atkinson, Io., 1821–23; on the Arickaree Expedition, 1823, being in command of the Artillery engaged in the

(FIRST LIEUT., 6TH INFANTRY, AUG. 11, 1823)

Attack on the Indian Towns, Aug. 9–11, 1823; on frontier duty at Ft. Atkinson, Io., 1823–24; in garrison at Ft. Monroe, Va. (Artillery School

(TRANSFERRED TO 4TH ARTILLERY, JULY 30, 1824)

for Practice), 1824–27; on Ordnance duty, July 2, 1827, to Mar. 6, 1828; in garrison at Ft. Columbus, N. Y., 1828–29, — Ft. Delaware, Del., 1829–30, 1830–31, — and New Castle, Del., 1831; on Recruiting service, 1831; in garrison at New Castle, Del., 1831–32, — Charleston harbor, S. C., 1832–33, during South Carolina's threatened nullification, — Ft. Monroe, Va., 1833, — Ft. Gratiot, Mich., 1833–34, — and Ft. Trumbull, Ct., 1834–36; in Operations in Creek Nation, 1836; in the

(CAPTAIN, 4TH ARTILLERY, DEC. 17, 1836)

Florida War against the Seminole Indians, 1836–37, and 1837–38, as Major, Reg. Mounted Creek Volunteers, Sep. 1, 1836, to June 13, 1837, being engaged in the Battle of Wahoo Swamp, Nov. 21, 1836, — and Skirmish of Hatcheeluskee Creek, June 27, 1837; in the Cherokee Na-

(BVT. MAJOR, JAN. 27, 1837, FOR GALLANT CONDUCT ON SEVERAL OCCASIONS, AND GENERAL EFFICIENCY IN THE WAR AGAINST THE FLORIDA INDIANS)

tion, 1838, while transferring the Indians to the West; in garrison at Ft. Columbus, N. Y., 1838; in the Florida War, 1838–39; on Recruiting service, 1839; on the Northern Frontier during Canada Border disturbances, at Detroit, Mich., 1839–41, — and Sackett's Harbor, N. Y., 1841–42; in garrison at Ft. Monroe, Va., 1842–44, 1844–45; in Military Occupation of Texas, 1845–46; in the War with Mexico, as Major of the Artillery Battalion of the "Army of Occupation," Apr. 6 to July 15, 1846, being engaged in the Battle of Palo Alto, May 8, 1846, — and Battle of Resaca-de-la-Palma, May 9, 1846; on Recruiting service, 1846; in the War with Mexico, 1846–48, as Prefect of Police and Alcalde of Tampico, Mex., Dec., 1846, to Nov., 1847, and of Puebla, Nov., 1847, to May, 1848; as U. S. Indian Agent for the Seminoles in Florida, Nov. 1, 1848, to Sep. 21, 1849; in garrison at Key West, Fla., 1850, — Ft. Hamilton, N. Y., 1850–52, — Ft. Wood, N. Y., 1852–53, — and Ft. Hamilton, N. Y., 1853–56; in Florida Hostilities against the Seminole

(MAJOR, 4TH ARTILLERY, NOV. 4, 1853)

Indians, 1856–57; and on frontier duty, at Ft. Leavenworth, quelling Kansas disturbances, 1857–58, — Ft. Kearny, Neb., 1858–59, — and Ft. Ridgely, Min., 1859–61.

Served during the Rebellion of the Seceding States, 1861–65: in com-

(LIEUT.-COLONEL, 4TH ARTILLERY, MAY 14, 1861)

mand of the Harbor Defenses of Baltimore, Md., May 1, 1861, to Feb. 1,

(COLONEL, 2D ARTILLERY, NOV. 1, 1861)

(BVT. BRIG.-GENERAL, U. S. ARMY, JUNE 9, 1862, FOR MERITORIOUS SERVICE)

1865, — and of Middle Department and 8th Army Corps, Feb. 1 to Dec. 11, 1865.

BVT. MAJOR-GENERAL, U. S. ARMY, DEC. 10, 1865, FOR FAITHFUL AND MERITORIOUS SERVICES DURING THE REBELLION.

DIED, DEC. 11, 1865, AT FT. MCHENRY, MD.: AGED 64.

CLASS OF 1821.

262..(Born Md.)..**EDWARD H. COURTENAY**..(Ap'd Md.)..**1**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, Sep. 2, 1818, to July 1, 1821, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., CORPS OF ENGINEERS, JULY 1, 1821.

SECOND LIEUT., CORPS OF ENGINEERS, JULY 1, 1821, TO FEB. 16, 1829.

Served: at the Military Academy, 1821–24, as Asst. Professor of Natural and Experimental Philosophy, July 23, 1821, to Sep. 1, 1822, — and Principal Asst. Professor of Engineering, Sep. 1, 1822, to Aug. 31, 1824; as Asst. Engineer in the construction of Ft. Adams, R. I., 1824–26, — and Assistant to the Chief Engineer, at Washington, D. C., 1826–28; and at the Military Academy, 1828–34, as Acting Professor of Natural and Experimental Philosophy, Sep. 1, 1828, to Feb. 16, 1829, and as Pro-

(PROFESSOR OF NATURAL AND EXPERIMENTAL PHILOSOPHY, MILITARY ACADEMY, FEB. 16, 1829)

fessor, Feb. 16, 1829, to Dec. 31, 1834.

RESIGNED, DEC. 31, 1834.

Civil History. — Professor of Mathematics, University of Pennsylvania, 1834–36. Division Engineer, New York and Erie Railroad, 1836–37. Civil Engineer in the service of the United States, employed in the construction of Ft. Independence, Boston harbor, 1837–41. Chief Engineer of Dry Dock, Brooklyn Navy Yard, N. Y., 1841–42. Professor of Mathematics, University of Virginia, 1842–53. Author of "Elementary Treatise on Mechanics, translated from the French of M. Boucharlat, with additions and emendations, designed to adapt it to the use of the Cadets of the U. S. Military Academy," 1833, — and of a "Treatise on the Differential and Integral Calculus, and the Calculus of Variations," published 1855, after his death. Degree of A. M., conferred by the University of Pennsylvania, 1834; and of LL. D., by Hampden Sidney College, Va., 1846.

DIED, DEC. 21, 1853, AT CHARLOTTESVILLE, VA.: AGED 50.

BIOGRAPHICAL SKETCH.

PROFESSOR EDWARD H. COURTENAY was born, Nov. 19, 1803, in the city of Baltimore, Md. His early education must have been excellent, for his initiatory examination at the Military Academy, which he entered Sep. 2, 1818, before he was fifteen years old, made so strong an impression upon the Academic Board that it was predicted he would take the first honor in his class. He fulfilled expectations in not only graduating at the head of his class in 1821, but mastered the whole course of studies in less than three years, the usual term being four.

He was promoted in the Army to be Bvt. Second Lieutenant in the Corps of Engineers, July 1, 1821; and, till Aug. 31, 1824, was on duty at the Military Academy in the Department of Natural and Experimental Philosophy, of which he subsequently became the distinguished head. From 1824 to 1826, he was an Assistant Engineer under Colonel Totten in the construction of Ft. Adams, Newport Harbor, R. I.; and from 1826 to 1828 was in the Engineer Bureau at Washington city, as Assistant to General Macomb, then Chief Engineer of the U. S. Army. He was detailed, Sep. 1, 1828, as Acting Professor, and Feb. 16, 1829, when he resigned his Second Lieutenancy of Engineers, became full Professor of Natural and Experimental Philosophy in the Military Academy, he then being only twenty-five years old.

It was the writer's good fortune, in 1831–32, to be daily under Professor Courtenay's admirable instruction, to profit by his great erudition in philosophy, to listen to his sweet voice making clear every abstruse point, to receive liberally of his hoarded stores of knowledge, and to share that tender consideration and fostering care which he bestowed on all his pupils. Francœur, our text-book on Mechanics, was esteemed the most attractive of scientific volumes, doubtless quite as much because of enthusiasm for our teacher as for the great truths therein taught. The lower sections of the class studied "Boucharlat's Traité de Mécanique," which Courtenay, in 1833, translated into English, and made additions and emendations to adapt it to the use of the Cadets of the Military Academy.

After our class had passed from under Courtenay's instruction, such was our reverence and affection for this gentle son of science, this skilled educator, this learned philosopher, and this Christian gentleman, that we asked him to sit for his portrait and accept it as a token of our respect and gratitude. His chaste, considerate, and thoughtful reply, declining the offer, can never be forgotten. In phraseology full of delicacy, nice appreciation of our motives, and evincing warm attachment for us all, he told us of the false position in which it would place him among his colleagues, as deserving as himself, and further that it was a breach of discipline for soldiers to reward superiors, for that would imply an equal right to censure them.

With a compensation having an inverse ratio to his talents and acquirements, Courtenay felt constrained, in order to provide for the wants of his increasing family, to tender, Dec. 31, 1834, the resignation of a professorship which he had held for over six years, with such credit to himself, such profit to his pupils, such strength to the Academic Board, and such honor to his Alma Mater. After leaving West Point he became Professor of Mathematics in the University of Pennsylvania for two years, when he was tempted to accept the lucrative position of Division Engineer on the New York and Erie Railroad. He continued in the profession of Civil Engineer for six years, being employed in the Service of the United States, 1837–41, on the construction of Ft. Independence, Boston Harbor, Mas., and, 1841–42, as the Chief Engineer of the Navy Yard Dry Dock, at Brooklyn, N. Y.

Courtenay, in 1842, was unexpectedly called to the Chair of Mathematics in the institution founded and cradled by the illustrious Jefferson, who, when he drew up the epitaph to be inscribed upon his tomb, added to the words "Author of the Declaration of Independence" those others, "Father of the University of Virginia." Here, at Charlottesville, following his congenial pursuits of study and imparting knowledge, and associated with ripe scholars and sympathizing friends, Courtenay passed the remainder of his days, alas, too brief! he having terminated his career of true excellence and varied usefulness, Dec. 21, 1853, at the early age of fifty years. The Faculty of the University met the next day to pass appropriate resolutions expressive of their great loss. From the minutes we make the following extracts: —

"Prof. Edward H. Courtenay, having been cut down in the prime of life by sudden and severe disease, the members of the Faculty, while humbly submitting to the decree of an all-wise and merciful Providence, think it due to their deceased colleague and to themselves to testify their respect for his memory, and to give expression to their grief on account of the calamity which has befallen them, as his neighbors and friends, and as members of the institution of which he was a distinguished ornament.

"The constant witnesses of the fidelity with which he discharged the duties of his official station, and knowing him long and intimately in the

relations of private life, they are enabled to testify with emphasis to his merits as an earnest and successful teacher, a courteous and amiable gentleman, and a truly good man.

"His high reputation, acquired during a service of several years as one of the Professors in the National Military Academy at West Point, induced the visitors of the University to offer him, eleven years ago, an unsolicited appointment to the Chair of Mathematics in this institution. It would be superfluous now to say that the manner in which he has discharged the responsible duties of that position has abundantly fulfilled the high expectations founded on his extensive reputation. One circumstance connected with his official relations with the University deserves to be specially noticed as characteristic of the man, and as serving to explain the fact that one so eminent for his talents and scientific attainments contributed so little, by the published result of his labors, to the progress of the Mathematical and Physical Sciences. Conceiving it to be his first duty to give thorough instruction to the youth confided to his care, and finding that the whole burden of instructing all the mathematical classes was to be borne by himself without, until recently, any assistance, he made it a point of conscience to devote all his time and energies to the laborious task. An overruling sense of duty thus constrained him to forego the more pleasant employment of aiding to extend the boundaries of human knowledge in his department of science, a work for which he was admirably fitted both by natural endowments and by long and assiduous culture.

"In the relations of private life, he was a pattern of all the manly virtues, a devoted husband and father, a warm friend, a kind neighbor, and a courteous gentleman, whose gentle and winning manners reflected the unaffected impulses of an amiable heart. But while these milder qualities of the heart gave a singular charm to his life, both public and private, the sterner virtues, equally marked, were joined with them in admirable harmony of proportion to form a character as remarkable for its strength as for its loveliness. His purposes being formed with deliberation were adhered to with a firmness that resisted the strongest temptations arising from the kindly impulse of his nature. To him, indeed, might well be applied the line of the ancient poet, —

"'Justum et tenacem propositi virum.'

"And he was yet more than all this: he was a sincere and unobtrusive Christian, resting his hopes for eternity not on his own virtues, but on the merits of a Divine Redeemer."

In addition to these evidences of touching sorrow, the Faculty has caused a monument to be erected over Courtenay's grave, and a portrait of the great professor, executed by John B. Martin, to be hung in the library of the University of Virginia.

Courtenay, in the closing years of his life, created for himself a monument more durable than marble in his able "Treatise on the Differential and Integral Calculus, and the Calculus of Variations," which was published after his death; and he has left an indelible portrait in the hearts of all who knew this most faithful, gifted, and thorough instructor; this kindest, purest, and truest of friends; this most gentle, modest, and meritorious of men; and this highly accomplished scholar and erudite scientist, whom both the University of Pennsylvania and Hampden Sidney College delighted to honor with the degree of LL. D.

Sensibly aware of the difficulty of doing justice to our learned and loved professor, and to such a perfect model of men, we prefer to give the summary of Courtenay's character written in 1855 by the polished pen of one who knew him most intimately, — the late Professor Charles Davies, — who says: —

"The intellectual faculties of Professor Courtenay were blended in such

just proportions that each seemed to aid and strengthen all the others. He examined the elements of knowledge with a microscopic power, and no distinction was so minute as to elude the vigilance of his search. He compared the elements of knowledge with a logic so scrutinizing that error found no place in his conclusions; and he possessed in an eminent degree that marked characteristic of a great mind, the power of a just and profound generalization.

"His mind was quick, clear, accurate, and discriminating in its apprehensions; rapid and certain in its reasoning processes, and far-reaching and profound in its general views. It was admirably adapted both to acquire and use knowledge. The intellectual faculties, however, are but the pedestal and shape of the column. The moral and social faculties are its entablature or crowning glory. It is these faculties which shed over the whole character a soft and attracting radiance, exhibiting in a favorable light the majesty of intellect and the divine attributes of truth, justice, and beneficence.

"It was the ardent desire and steady aim of Professor Courtenay, during his whole life, to be governed by these principles, and there are few cases in which the ideal and the actual have been brought more closely together. Modest and unassuming in his manner even to diffidence, he was bold, resolute, and firm in asserting and maintaining the right. Liberal in his judgments of others, he was exacting in regard to himself. He could discriminate, reason, and decide quickly even when his own interests were involved in the issue. His love of truth and justice was stronger than his love of self or of friends.

"His intercourse with others was marked by the gentlest courtesies. He was an attentive and eloquent listener. Differences of opinion appeared to excite regret rather than provoke argument, and his habitual respect for the feelings, opinions, and wishes of others imparted an indescribable charm to his manners.

"As a Professor he was a model. He was clear, concise, and luminous in his style and methods. Laborious in the preparation of his lectures, even to the minutest facts, he was at all times prepared to impart information. His manner as a teacher was highly attractive. He never, by look, word, or emphasis disparaged the efforts or undervalued the acquirements of his pupils. His pleasant smile and kind voice when he must say, 'Is that answer *perfectly* correct?' gave hope to many minds struggling with the difficulties of science, and have left the impression of affectionate recollection in many hearts.

"At the Military Academy, on the banks of the Hudson, where Mr. Courtenay was educated, and where he first labored to advance the interests of instruction and science, his name is recorded on the list of distinguished graduates, and honorably enrolled among the most eminent professors of that institution. There his labors and memory will live long together.

"At the University of Virginia he has left a name equally dear to that distinguished Faculty, of which he was an ornament, and to many pupils whom he there taught. When these, in later years, shall revisit their Alma Mater to revive early and cherished recollections, — to strengthen the bonds of early friendships and review their resolves to be good and great, — they will find that a wide space has been made vacant. They will realize in sorrow that a favorite professor has been transferred from the Halls of Instruction to the Grove of Pines which borders the town, and which contains the remains of the revered dead. Thither they will go in the twilight of the evening to visit the grave of the man of science, their able teacher and faithful friend. In reviewing his life and contemplating his character, they will exclaim: —

"'Mark the perfect man and behold the upright, for the end of that man is peace.'"

263..(Born Ga.).....**CLARK BURDINE**.....(Ap'd Ga.)..2

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, Sep. 7, 1817, to July 1, 1821, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 4TH ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1821.

SECOND LIEUT., 4TH ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1821.

Served: on Ordnance duty, Oct. 1, 1821, to Nov. 15, 1823; and in garrison at Ft. Monroe, Va. (Artillery School for Practice), 1824.

RESIGNED, JUNE 1, 1825.

Civil History. — Counselor at Law, 1827–36.

DIED, AUG. 10, 1836, AT CANTON, TWIGGS COUNTY, KY.: AGED 36.

264..(Born Mas.)...**JONATHAN PRESCOTT**.....(Ap'd Mas.)..3

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, Sep. 1, 1818, to July 1, 1821, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 2D ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1821.

SECOND LIEUT., 1ST ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1821.

Served: at the Military Academy, 1821–26, as Principal Asst. Professor of Engineering, July 23, 1821, to Jan. 29, 1822, — and Asst. Professor of Chemistry, Mineralogy, and Geology, Jan. 29, 1822, to Aug. 9, 1826; on Topographical duty, Aug. 9, 1826, to April 4, 1829; on Engi-

(FIRST LIEUT., 1ST ARTILLERY, MAR. 31, 1827)

neer duty, Apr. 4, 1829, to Dec. 1, 1832; and in garrison at Ft. McHenry, Md., 1832–33.

RESIGNED, SEP. 30, 1833.

Civil History. — Civil Engineer in the service of the United States, superintending improvement of Nantucket harbor, Mas., 18— to 18—.

DIED, AUG. 12, 1837, AT CHARLESTON, S. C.: AGED 37.

265..(Born Ind.)....**WILLIAM W. WELLS**.....(Ap'd Ind.)..4

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, Sep. 1, 1817, to July 1, 1821, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 3D ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1821.

SECOND LIEUT., 4TH ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1821.

Served: on Ordnance duty, Oct. 1, 1821, to Aug. 20, 1822; in garrison at Savannah harbor, Ga., 1822–24, and 1825-26, — Ft. Monroe, Va. (Artil-

(FIRST LIEUT., 4TH ARTILLERY, APR. 11, 1825)

lery School for Practice), 1826–28, — Ft. Columbus, N. Y., 1828, — West Point, N. Y., 1828–29, — and Ft. Columbus, N. Y., 1829–31.

RESIGNED, JULY 31, 1831.

DIED, SEP. 8, 1832, AT LOUISVILLE, KY.: AGED 32.

266..(Born Mas.)....**CHARLES DIMMOCK**.....(Ap'd Mas.)..5

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, Sep. 7, 1817, to July 1, 1821, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 1ST ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1821.

SECOND LIEUT., 1ST ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1821.

Served: at the Military Academy, as Asst. Professor of Engineering, July 23, 1821, to July 3, 1822; in garrison at Ft. Independence, Mas., 1822; on leave of absence in Europe, 1823–24; in garrison at Ft. Independence, Mas., 1824–25, — Ft. Monroe, Va. (Artillery School for Prac-

tice), 1825–26, — Ft. Trumbull, Ct., 1826–27, — Ft. Severn, Md., 1827–28,
(FIRST LIEUT., 1ST ARTILLERY, FEB. 20, 1828)
— and Ft. Monroe, Va. (Artillery School for Practice), 1828–29, 1829–31, being Adjutant of the School from Jan. 1 to Apr. 29, 1829; and on Quartermaster duty, superintending operations at the Delaware Break-
(ASST. QUARTERMASTER, AUG. 18, 1831, TO AUG. 20, 1836)
water, 1831–33, — at Ft. Monroe, Va., 1833–36, — Savannah, Ga., 1836, —
(CAPTAIN, 1ST ARTILLERY, AUG. 6, 1836)
Augusta, Ga., 1836, — and Ft. Monroe, Va., 1836.

RESIGNED, SEP. 30, 1836.

Civil History. — Civil Engineer, employed in the Survey of a route for a Railroad between Danville and Wytheville, Va., 1836; in the location of the Wilmington and Raleigh Railroad, N. C., 1837; and in the location of a U. S. Military Road from Ft. Leavenworth, Kan., to Ft. Smith, Ark., 1837–38. General Agent of Portsmouth and Roanoke Railroad, Va., 1839–43; and President, 1841–43. Director of James River and Kanawha Canal, 1843–47. Captain Virginia Militia, 1839–40, — and Lieut.-Colonel, 1841–42. Superintendent of the Virginia State Armory, and Captain commanding State Guard, 1843–61. Member of Richmond, Va., City Council, 1850, 1854, and 1858. Engineer of the section from Lynchburg to Salem, Va., of the Virginia and Tennessee Railroad, 1848, — and of the section from Crow's to Greenbriar River, Va., of the Covington and Ohio Railroad, 1853.

Joined in the Rebellion of 1861–66 against the United States.

DIED, OCT. 27, 1863, at RICHMOND, VA.: AGED 63.

267. . (Born S. C.) . . . . . **JOHN C. HOLLAND** . . . . . (Ap'd S. C.) . . **6**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, Sep. 7, 1817, to July 1, 1821, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 3D ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1821.

SECOND LIEUT., 4TH ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1821.

Served: on Ordnance duty, Oct. 1, 1821, to Aug. 20, 1822; and in garrison at Ft. Moultrie, S. C., 1822–24, — and Augusta Arsenal, Ga., 1824–25.

DIED, OCT. 10, 1825, AT AUGUSTA ARSENAL, GA.: AGED 24.

268. . (Born Pa.) . . . . . **EDWARD C. ROSS** . . . . . (Ap'd Pa.) . . **7**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, Sep. 7, 1817, to July 1, 1821, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 4TH ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1821.

SECOND LIEUT., 4TH ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1821.

Served: at the Military Academy, as Asst. Professor of Mathematics, July 23, 1821, to June 5, 1824; as Instructor of Mathematics at the Artillery School for Practice, Ft. Monroe, Va., June 5 to Oct. 6, 1824; at the Military Academy, 1824–33, as Asst. Professor of Mathematics, Oct. 6, 1824, to Oct. 4, 1825, — and as Principal Asst. Professor of Mathematics, Oct. 4, 1825, to Nov. 23, 1833; in garrison at Ft. Gratiot, Mich.,
(FIRST LIEUT., 4TH ARTILLERY, NOV. 27, 1826)
1834, — and Ft. Hamilton, N. Y., 1834–35; on Engineer duty, Oct. 3 to Dec. 9, 1835; in garrison at Ft. Hamilton, N. Y., 1835–36; in Operations in Creek Nation, 1836; in the Florida War against the Seminole Indians, 1836–38, being engaged in the Combat of Locha-Hatchee, Jan. 24,

1838; in Cherokee Nation, 1838, while transferring the Indians to the West; in garrison at Ft. Columbus, N. Y., 1838; and in the Florida War, 1838–39.

RESIGNED, JULY 31, 1839.

Civil History. — Professor of Mathematics, Kenyon College, Gambier, O., 1840 to 1848. Professor of Mathematics and Natural Philosophy, Free Academy, New York city, Nov. 1, 1848, to May 16, 1851. Translator, from the French, of Bourdon's Algebra, 1831. Degree of A. M., conferred by Geneva College, N. Y., 1842; and of LL. D., by Kenyon College, O., 1849.

DIED, MAY 16, 1851, AT NEW YORK CITY: AGED 50.

269. (Born Mas.). **WASHINGTON WHEELWRIGHT.** (Ap'd Mas.). **8**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, Sep. 7, 1817, to July 1, 1821, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 1ST ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1821.

SECOND LIEUT., 1ST ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1821.

Served: on Ordnance duty, 1821–22; in garrison at New York harbor, 1822–24, — Ft. Preble, Me., 1824, — Ft. Monroe, Va. (Artillery School for Practice), 1824–26, — and Ft. Wolcott, R. I., 1826; on Ordnance duty, July 28, 1826, to May 24, 1833; and in the "Black Hawk" War,

(FIRST LIEUT., 1ST ARTILLERY, APR. 20, 1832)

as Colonel, Staff (Chief of Ordnance) of Illinois Volunteers, May 9 to Oct. 11, 1832.

RESIGNED, MAY 31, 1833.

Civil History. — Merchant, New York city, 1833–44. Notary Public, New York city, 1849–70.

DIED, OCT. 31, 1871, AT NEW YORK CITY: AGED 70.

270. (Born O.) ..... **DAVID WALLACE** ..... (Ap'd O.) .. **9**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, Sep. 18, 1817, to July 1, 1821, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 2D ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1821.

SECOND LIEUT., 2D ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1821.

Served on Ordnance duty, July 1, 1821, to June 1, 1822.

RESIGNED, JUNE 1, 1822.

Civil History. — Counselor at Law, Brookville, Ind., 1824–31. Member of the House of Representatives of the State of Indiana, 1828–30. Lieut.-Governor of the State of Indiana, 1834–37, — and Governor, 1837–40. Member of the U. S. House of Representatives, 1841–43. Counselor at Law, Indianapolis, Ind., 1843–59. Member of the Convention for revising the Constitution of the State of Indiana, 1850. Judge of Common Pleas Court of Marion County, Ind., 1856–59.

DIED, SEP. 4, 1859, AT INDIANAPOLIS, IND.: AGED 60.

271. (Born S. C.) .. **ROBERT F. W. ALLSTON** .. (Ap'd S. C.) .. **10**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, Dec. 12, 1817, to July 1, 1821, when he was graduated, and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 3D ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1821.

Served on Topographical duty, Aug. 8, 1821, to Feb. 1, 1822.

RESIGNED, FEB. 1, 1822.

Civil History. — Civil Engineer and Land Surveyor, S. C., 1822–33. Surveyor-General of the State of South Carolina, 1823–27. Member of the House of Representatives of South Carolina, 1828–32; and of the Senate, 1832–56. Chairman of the Committee on Education, 1840–50; and Acting President of the Senate of South Carolina, 1847–50, — and President, Nov. 25, 1850, to Dec. 8, 1856. Dep. Adjutant-General of South Carolina, 1831–38. Trustee of South Carolina College, Columbia, S. C., 1841–64. Governor of the State of South Carolina, Dec. 10, 1856, to Dec. 13, 1858. President of the Waccamaw Indigo Society, 1858–61, and of the Waccamaw and All Saints Agricultural Society, 1859–61. Rice Planter, near Georgetown, S. C., 1827–64. Author of "Memoir on Rice," 1843, — "Report on Public Schools," 1847, — and "Essay on Seacoast Crops," 1854.

DIED, APR. 7, 1864, NEAR GEORGETOWN, S. C.: AGED 63.

272..(Born N. Y.).....**JOHN F. SCOTT**.....(Ap'd N. Y.)..**11**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, Sep. 7, 1817, to July 1, 1821, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 1ST ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1821.

SECOND LIEUT., 3D ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1821.

Served: on Ordnance duty, Oct. 1, 1821, to Aug. 20, 1822; and in garrison at Charleston harbor, S. C., 1822–23, — Ft. Johnston, N. C., 1823–25, — and Ft. Moultrie, S. C., 1825.

RESIGNED, OCT. 10, 1825.

Civil History. — Merchant, near Montgomery, Orange County, N. Y., 1825–30, — and at New York city, 1830–37.

DIED, AUG. 7, 1837, AT NEW YORK CITY: AGED 38.

273..(Born N. Y.).....**JAMES GRIER**.....(Ap'd N. Y.)..**12**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, Sep. 7, 1817, to July 1, 1821, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 2D ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1821.

SECOND LIEUT., 2D ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1821.

Served: on Ordnance duty, July 1, 1821, to Aug. 1, 1823; in garrison at Plattsburg, N. Y., 1823–24, — New York harbor, 1824, — and Ft. Monroe, Va. (Artillery School for Practice), 1824–25; at the Military

(TRANSFERRED TO 5TH INFANTRY, DEC. 30, 1825)

Academy, as Asst. Instructor of Infantry Tactics, Dec. 24, 1825, to July 17,

(FIRST LIEUT., 5TH INFANTRY, MAY 31, 1827)

1827; and on Recruiting service, 1827–28.

DIED, AUG. 22, 1828, AT JEFFERSON BARRACKS, MO.: AGED 30.

274..(Born Ct.).....**JOHN B. SCOTT**.....(Ap'd Ct.)..**13**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, Oct. 1, 1817, to July 1, 1821, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 4TH ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1821.

SECOND LIEUT., 4TH ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1821.

Served: on Ordnance duty, Oct. 1, 1821, to Aug. 20, 1822; in garrison at St. Augustine, Fla., 1823–24, — Ft. Monroe, Va., 1824–26 (Instructor of Mathematics, Artillery School for Practice, June 23, 1824, to Mar. 27,

1826), — Savannah, Ga., 1826–27, — Ft. Columbus, N. Y., 1827–28, —
(FIRST LIEUT., 4TH ARTILLERY, JULY 31, 1827)
and Ft. Severn, Md., 1828–32, 1832–34; on Commissary duty at Baltimore, Md., 1834; on Ordnance duty, June 4, 1835, to Sep. 26, 1838; in the Florida War, 1838–39; in garrison at Ft. Columbus, N. Y., 1839; at the Camp of Instruction, near Trenton, N. J., 1839; on the Northern Frontier, during Canada Border Disturbances, at Detroit, Mich., 1839–41, — and Buffalo, N. Y., 1841–42; in garrison at Ft. Monroe, Va., 1842–45;
(CAPTAIN, 4TH ARTILLERY, JUNE 25, 1841)
in Military Occupation of Texas, 1845–46; in the War with Mexico, 1846–48, being engaged in the Battle of Palo Alto, May 8, 1846, — Battle of Resaca-de-la-Palma, May 9, 1846, — Battle of Monterey, Sep. 21–23,
(BVT. MAJOR, MAY 9, 1846, FOR GALLANT CONDUCT IN THE BATTLES OF PALO ALTO AND RESACA-DE-LA-PALMA, TEX.)
1846, — and in command at the mouth of the Rio Grande, 1847–48; in garrison at Ft. Pickens, Fla., 1848–49, — Baton Rouge, La., 1849–50, — Ft. Washington, Md., 1850–53, — and Ft. Independence, Mas., 1853–56; in Florida Hostilities against the Seminole Indians, 1856–57; and on fron-
(MAJOR, 3D ARTILLERY, JUNE 10, 1857)
tier duty at Ft. Umpqua, Or., 1857–60.

DIED, NOV. 22, 1860, AT SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.: AGED 59.

275..(Born Pa.).....**JOSEPH PENTLAND**.....(Ap'd Pa.)..**14**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, Jan. 2, 1818, to July 1, 1821, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 6TH INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1821.

SECOND LIEUT., 6TH INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1821.

Served: on frontier duty at Ft. Atkinson, Council Bluffs, Io., 1821–23;
(FIRST LIEUT., 6TH INFANTRY, JUNE 1, 1823)
as Adjutant, 6th Infantry, at Regimental headquarters, Oct., 1823, to July 17, 1825; on Missouri Expedition, 1825; on frontier duty at Ft.
(CAPTAIN, 6TH INFANTRY, OCT. 31, 1827)
Atkinson, Io., 1825–27; in garrison at Jefferson Barracks, Mo., 1827–28, 1829; and on frontier duty at Ft. Leavenworth, Kan., 1829, — Chouteau Island, Arkansas River, 1829, — and Ft. Leavenworth, Kan., 1829–30.

DISMISSED, APR. 22, 1830.

DIED, 18—.

276.(Born N. Y.)..**ALEXANDER H. MORTON**..(Ap'd N. Y.)..**15**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 2, 1814, to July 1, 1821, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 7TH INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1821.

SECOND LIEUT., 7TH INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1821.

Served: in garrison at Sackett's Harbor, N. Y., 1822; on frontier duty at Ft. Jesup, La., 1823–24, — on Sulphur Fork of Red River, 1824,
(FIRST LIEUT., 7TH INFANTRY, JULY 31, 1824)
— and Ft. Jesup, La., 1824–25; on Commissary duty at Natchitoches, La., 1827–30; on frontier duty at Ft. Jesup, La., 1830–31; and on Commissary and Quartermaster duty, 1831–32.

RESIGNED, JULY 12, 1833.

Civil History. — Merchant, Manchester (now Yazoo City), Mis., 1833–37. Civil Engineer, 1837–53.

DIED, OCT. 24, 1853, AT YAZOO CITY, MIS.: AGED 53.

277..(Born S. C.)..**WILLIAM W. GAILLARD**..(Ap'd S. C.)..**16**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, Oct. 1, 1817, to July 1, 1821, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 4TH INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1821.

SECOND LIEUT., 6TH INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1821.

Served in garrison at Ft. Barrancas, Fla., 1822.

DIED, OCT. 11, 1822, AT PENSACOLA, FLA.: AGED 20.

278..(Born R. I.).....**SETH M. CAPRON**.....(Ap'd N. Y.)..**17**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, Oct. 1, 1817, to July 1, 1821, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 5TH INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1821.

SECOND LIEUT., 5TH INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1821.

Served: on frontier duty at Ft. Edwards, Ill., 1821–22, — Ft. Armstrong, Ill., 1821–22, — and Ft. St. Anthony, Min., 1822–23; on Recruiting service, 1823–24; at the Military Academy, as Asst. Instructor

(FIRST LIEUT, 5TH INFANTRY, OCT. 21, 1826)

of Infantry Tactics, May 31, 1824, to May 29, 1825; on Topographical duty, May 29, 1825, to Dec. 27, 1826; and on Commissary duty at Cincinnati, O., 1826–27.

RESIGNED, MAY 31, 1827.

Civil History. — Woolen Manufacturer at Walden, N. Y., 1827–78.

DIED, NOV. 30, 1878, AT WALDEN, N. Y.: AGED 78.

279..(Born France.)....**JEFFERSON VAIL**.....(Ap'd Md.)..**18**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, Oct. 1, 1817, to July 1, 1821, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 1ST INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1821.

SECOND LIEUT., 1ST INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1821.

Served: in garrison at Baton Rouge, La., 1821–23, — Bellefontaine, Mo., 1823, — and Baton Rouge, La., 1824–25; on Topographical duty,

(FIRST LIEUT., 1ST INFANTRY, MAY 14, 1825)

Mar. 16, 1825, to June 14, 1830; on frontier duty at Ft. Snelling, Min.,

(CAPTAIN, 1ST INFANTRY, JULY 11, 1833)

1830–31, 1831–33, 1833–34, — and Ft. Crawford, Wis., 1834; and on detached service, Mar. 9 to Oct. 25, 1835.

DIED, OCT. 25, 1835, AT BATON ROUGE, LA.: AGED 33.

280..(Born Va.).....**JAMES HENSHAW**.....(Ap'd Va.)..**19**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, Oct. 1, 1817, to July 1, 1821, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 7TH INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1821.

On authorized graduation leave of absence, July 1 to Dec. 1, 1821.

RESIGNED, DEC. 1, 1821.

Civil History. — Farmer, Oldham County, Ky., 1822.

DIED, 18—.

281..(Born N. H.).....**OTIS WHEELER**.....(Ap'd N. H.)..**20**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, Oct. 1, 1817, to July 1, 1821, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 3D INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1821.

SECOND LIEUT., 3D INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1821.

Served: on frontier duty at Ft. Howard, Wis., 1821–22, — Saginaw Bay, Mich., 1822–23, — and Ft. Howard, Wis., 1823–24; on Recruiting service, 1824–26; in garrison at Jefferson Barracks, Mo., 1827, — Ft.

(FIRST LIEUT., 3D INFANTRY, APR. 28, 1826)

Leavenworth, Kan., 1827–29, — Jefferson Barracks, Mo., 1829, — Ft. Crawford, Wis., 1830, — Jefferson Barracks, Mo., 1830–31, — Ft. Armstrong, Ill., 1831, — and Jefferson Barracks, Mo., 1831; on frontier duty at Ft. Jesup, La., 1831–33, 1834–38, — and Ft. Smith, Ark., 1838–40;

(CAPTAIN, 3D INFANTRY, OCT. 31, 1835)

in the Florida War, 1840–42; and in garrison at Ft. Stansbury, Fla., 1842–43, — and Jefferson Barracks, Mo., 1843.

RESIGNED, FEB. 29, 1844.

Civil History. — Appointed Adjutant-General of the State of Missouri, July 10, 1856: declined. Agent of the Quartermaster's Department, at Kansas City, Kan., Apr. 26 to July 16, 1858. Farmer, Troy, Lincoln County, Mo., 1844–72.

DIED, JUNE 1, 1872, AT TROY, MO.: AGED 75.

282..(Born N. Y.)...**HENRY BAINBRIDGE**....(Ap'd Mas.)..**21**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, Sep. 7, 1817, to July 1, 1821, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 3D INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1821.

SECOND LIEUT., 3D INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1821.

Served: on frontier duty at Ft. Howard, Wis., 1821–22, — Saginaw Bay, Mich., 1822–23, — and Detroit, Mich., 1824, 1825–26; on Recruit-

(FIRST LIEUT., 3D INFANTRY, JUNE 6, 1827)

ing service, 1826–28, 1828–29; in garrison at Jefferson Barracks, Mo., 1829–30; on frontier duty on Red River, near Natchitoches, La., 1830–31, — Ft. Towson, I. T., 1831–34, 1834–36, — Camp Harkins, I. T., 1836, —

(CAPTAIN, 3D INFANTRY, JUNE 15, 1836)

Ft. Towson, I. T., 1836, — Camp Sabine, La., 1836–37, — and Ft. Jesup, La., 1837–38; on Recruiting service, 1838–40; in the Florida War, 1840–42; in garrison at Ft. Stansbury, Fla., 1843, — and Jefferson Barracks, Mo., 1843–44; on frontier duty at Ft. Jesup (Camp Wilkins), La., 1844–45; in Military Occupation of Texas, 1845–46; in the War with Mexico, 1846–47, being engaged in the Battle of Palo Alto, May 8, 1846, — Battle of Resaca-de-la-Palma, May 9, 1846, — Battle of Monterey, Sep. 21–23, 1846, where he was wounded in storming the enemy's

(BVT. MAJOR, SEP. 23, 1846, FOR GALLANT AND MERITORIOUS CONDUCT IN THE SEVERAL CONFLICTS AT MONTEREY, MEX.)

works, — Siege of Vera Cruz, Mar. 9–29, 1847, — Battle of Cerro Gordo,

(MAJOR, 7TH INFANTRY, FEB. 16, 1847)

Apr. 17–18, 1847, — Skirmish of Ocalaca, Aug. 16, 1847, — Battle of Contreras, Aug. 19–20, 1847, — Battle of Churubusco, Aug. 20, 1847, — Battle of Molino-del-Rey, Sep. 8, 1847, — and Assault and Capture of

(BVT. LIEUT.-COL., AUG. 20, 1847, FOR GALLANT AND MERITORIOUS CONDUCT IN THE BATTLES OF CONTRERAS AND CHURUBUSCO, MEX.)

the City of Mexico, Sep. 13–14, 1847 ; on Recruiting service, 1847 ; in the War with Mexico, 1847–48 ; in garrison at Jefferson Barracks, Mo., 1848–49 ; in Florida Hostilities against the Seminole Indians, 1849–50 ; in garrison at Jefferson Barracks, Mo., 1850 ; on frontier duty at Ft. Leavenworth, Kan., 1850, — Ft. Gibson, I. T., 1851, — San Antonio, Tex.,

(LIEUT.-COLONEL, 1ST INFANTRY, JUNE 11, 1851)

1851, — March to the Rio Llano, Tex., 1851–52, — Ft. Terrett, Tex., 1852–53, — Ft. Duncan, Tex., 1853–54, — Ft. Clark, 1854, 1854–55, — Ft. Duncan, Tex., 1855, — and Ft. McKavett, Tex., 1855–56 ; and on Court-Martial duty, 1856–57.

PERISHED, MAY 31, 1857, IN THE BURNING OF THE STEAMER LOUISIANA, IN GALVESTON BAY, TEX. : AGED 54.

283..(Born N. Y.).....**JASON ROGERS**.....(Ap'd N. Y.)..**22**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, Mar. 30, 1815, to July 1, 1821, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 2D INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1821.

SECOND LIEUT., 6TH INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1821.

Served : in garrison at Sackett's Harbor, N. Y., 1821–22 ; on frontier duty at Ft. Atkinson, Council Bluffs, Io., 1823–25 ; in Missouri Expedi-

(FIRST LIEUT., 6TH INFANTRY, JULY 21, 1823)

tion, 1825 ; on frontier duty at Ft. Atkinson, Io., 1825–27 ; in garrison at Jefferson Barracks, Mo., 1827 ; as Adjutant, 6th Infantry, at Regimental headquarters, July 14, 1827, to Sep. 14, 1828 ; in garrison at Jef-

(CAPTAIN, 6TH INFANTRY, AUG. 30, 1828)

ferson Barracks, Mo., 1829–31, — Rock Island, Ill., 1831, — and Jefferson Barracks, Mo., 1831–32 ; in the "Black Hawk" War against the Sac Indians, 1832, being engaged in the Battle of Bad Axe River, Aug. 2, 1832 ; in garrison at Jefferson Barracks, Mo., 1832–34 ; on Recruiting service, 1834–36 ; and on frontier duty at Ft. Jesup, La., 1836, — and Camp Sabine, La., 1836.

RESIGNED, JULY 31, 1836.

Civil History. — Unknown.

Military History. — Served in the War with Mexico as

LIEUT.-COLONEL, 1ST REG. KENTUCKY VOLUNTEERS (LOUISVILLE LEGION), MAY 17, 1846,

until he was

DISBANDED, MAY 17, 1847.

DIED, 1848, AT LOUISVILLE, KY. : AGED 47.

284..(Born Ten.).....**DAVID M. PORTER**.....(Ap'd Ten.)..**23**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, Oct. 2, 1817, to July 1, 1821, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 4TH INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1821.

SECOND LIEUT., 6TH INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1821.

Served : in garrison at Pensacola, Fla., 1821–22 ; and on leave of absence, 1822–23.

RESIGNED, JULY 31, 1823.

Civil History. — Counselor at Law in Tennessee, 18— to 18—.

KILLED BY INDIANS, 1866, NEAR PINOS ALTOS, MEX. : AGED 51.

285..(Born N. Y.)...**JULIUS A. d'LAGNEL**.....(Ap'd N. Y.)..**24**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, Aug. 3, 1814, to July 1, 1821, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 5TH INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1821.

SECOND LIEUT., 5TH INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1821.

Served : on frontier duty at Ft. St. Anthony, Min., 1821–22, — and Ft.

(TRANSFERRED TO 2D ARTILLERY, DEC. 30, 1825)

Armstrong, Ill., 1823–25 ; on Ordnance duty, Sep. 21, 1825, to Dec. 13,

(BVT. FIRST LIEUT., JULY 1, 1831, FOR FAITHFUL SERVICE TEN YEARS IN ONE GRADE)

(FIRST LIEUT., 2D ARTILLERY, MAY 30, 1832)

1832 ; in garrison at Ft. Pike, La., 1833–34, — and Augusta Arsenal, Ga., 1834–35 ; on Ordnance duty, Nov. 7, 1835, to Nov. 1, 1836 ; in the

(CAPTAIN, ORDNANCE, NOV. 1, 1836)

Florida War, commanding Garey's Ferry Ordnance Depot, 1836–38 ; as Assistant in Ordnance Bureau, Washington, D. C., 1838–39 ; and as Assistant Ordnance Officer at New York Ordnance Depot, 1839–40.

DIED, MAY 21, 1840, AT NEW YORK CITY : AGED 41.

CLASS OF 1822.

286..(Born Ct.).....**GEORGE DUTTON**.....(Ap'd Ct.)..**1**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, Sep. 7, 1818, to July 1, 1822, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., CORPS OF ENGINEERS, JULY 1, 1822.

SECOND LIEUT., CORPS OF ENGINEERS, JULY 1, 1822.

Served : as Assistant to the Board of Engineers at New York city, and on a tour of exploration to the West and South, 1822–25 ; as Asst. Engineer in the construction of Ft. Monroe, Hampton Roads, Va., 1825–29 ; as Superintending Engineer of the Improvement of Ocracoke Inlet, N. C., 1829–35, — of the building of Ft. Macon, N. C., 1823–35, — of the Im-

(FIRST LIEUT., CORPS OF ENGINEERS, DEC. 22, 1830)

provement of the Ohio River above Louisville, Ky., 1835–36, — and of the construction of the Cumberland Road in Ohio, 1836–41 ; as Member

(CAPTAIN, CORPS OF ENGINEERS, JULY 7, 1838)

of Special Board of Engineers, for projecting Flynn's Knoll Light-house, New York harbor, 1839 ; as Superintending Engineer of the Repairs of Forts Macon, Caswell, and Johnston, N. C., 1841–43, — and of the Interior Defenses of New York harbor, 1843–45 ; as Member of Special Board of Engineers for examination of Florida Reef, for defensive works, 1844–45 ; as Superintending Engineer of the construction of Ft. Taylor, Key West, Fla., 1845–53, — of the improvement of the Harbors of Providence, R. I., New Haven, Ct., and Bridgeport, Ct., 1852, — and of

Survey of Port Jefferson harbor, N. Y., 1853; as Member of the Board of Engineers for Atlantic Coast Defenses, Apr. 11, 1853, to Jan. 5, 1857; as Superintending Engineer of the Repairs of Ft. Adams, R. I., and Goat Island Light-house, Newport harbor, R. I., 1853–55, — and of Surveys of Taunton River, Mas., and Providence and Newport harbors, R. I., 1853–56; in charge of the Engineer Agency at New York, for purchasing and shipping supplies for public works, 1854–56; as Light-house Engineer for the New York District, Apr. 11, 1853, to Aug. 25, 1856; as Superintending Engineer of the repairs of Fts. Hamilton and Lafayette, N. Y., 1854–56, — and of Harbor Improvements in New Jersey, 1854–56; in

(MAJOR, CORPS OF ENGINEERS, OCT. 31, 1856)

charge of Fortifications of New York harbor, and of Hudson River Improvement, 1855–56; and as Superintending Engineer of the construction of Ft. Delaware, and of Harbor Improvements in Delaware River, 1856–57.

DIED, JAN. 5, 1857, AT PHILADELPHIA, PA.: AGED 54.

287..(Born Ct.)..**JOSEPH K. F. MANSFIELD**.....(Ap'd Ct.)..**2**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, Oct. 1, 1817, to July 1, 1822, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., CORPS OF ENGINEERS, JULY 1, 1822.

SECOND LIEUT., CORPS OF ENGINEERS, JULY 1, 1822.

Served: as Assistant to the Board of Engineers at New York, 1822–25, — in the construction of Ft. Hamilton, N. Y., 1825–28, — and of the defenses of Hampton Roads, Va., 1828–30, being detached to survey Pasquotank River, N. C., and to take temporary charge of works in Charleston harbor, S. C., 1830; as Superintending Engineer of the construction of Ft. Pulaski, for the defense of Savannah River, Ga., 1830–46,

(FIRST LIEUT., CORPS OF ENGINEERS, MAR. 5, 1832)

— of repairs of Cumberland Road, Md., 1831–32, — of Savannah River Improvement, 1833–39, — of Inland Navigation between the St. Mary's and St. John's Rivers, Fla., 1835–39, — of Sullivan's Island Breakwater, S. C., 1837–38, — of repairs of St. Augustine Sea-wall, Fla., 1837–38, —

(CAPTAIN, CORPS OF ENGINEERS, JULY 7, 1838)

and of improvement of Brunswick harbor, Ga., 1838–39; as Member of the Board of Engineers for Atlantic Coast Defenses, May 8, 1842, to Sep. 8, 1845; as Chief Engineer of the Army under command of Major-General Taylor, in the Campaign of 1846–47, War with Mexico, being engaged in various reconnoissances in Texas, — Defense of Ft. Brown

(BVT. MAJOR, MAY 9, 1846, FOR GALLANT AND DISTINGUISHED SERVICES IN THE DEFENSE OF FT. BROWN)

(constructed by him), May 3–9, 1846, — Reconnoissance and Battle of Monterey, Sep. 21–23, 1846, where he was severely wounded, Sep. 21,

(BVT. LIEUT.-COL., SEP. 23, 1846, FOR GALLANT AND MERITORIOUS CONDUCT IN THE SEVERAL CONFLICTS AT MONTEREY, MEX.)

while directing the Storming of the Tannery Redoubt, — in fortifying Monterey and Saltillo, and reconnoitring the mountain passes, 1846–47, — and Battle of Buena Vista, Feb. 22–23, 1847; as Member of the

(BVT. COLONEL, FEB. 23, 1847, FOR GALLANT AND MERITORIOUS CONDUCT IN THE BATTLE OF BUENA VISTA, MEX.)

Board of Engineers for Atlantic Coast Defenses, Mar. 13, 1848, to Apr. 11, 1853, — and for Pacific Coast Defenses, Apr. 11 to May 28, 1853; as Superintending Engineer of the construction of Ft. Winthrop,

Boston harbor, Mas., 1848–53, — of improvement of the James and Appomattox Rivers, Va., — and survey of the Rappahannock, Va., 1852–53;

(COL., STAFF — INSPECTOR-GENERAL, MAY 28, 1853)

on inspection of the Department of New Mexico, 1853, — of the Department of California, 1854, — of the Department of Texas, 1856, — of Utah Army, 1857, — of the Departments of Oregon and California, 1858–59, — and of the Department of Texas, 1860–61.

Served during the Rebellion of the Seceding States, 1861–62: in Mustering Volunteers into service, at Columbus, Ohio, Apr. 19–27, 1861; in command of the Department of Washington, Apr. 27 to July 25, 1861,

(BVT. BRIG.-GENERAL, U. S. ARMY, MAY 6, 1861)

(BRIG.-GENERAL, U. S. ARMY, MAY 14, 1861)

— and of the city of Washington, D. C., July 25 to Oct. 2, 1861; in command of Camp Hamilton, near Ft. Monroe, Va., Oct. 13 to Nov. 24, 1861, — of Newport News, Va., Nov. 24, 1861, to June 12, 1862, being engaged in the Capture of Norfolk, Va., May 10, 1862, — and of Suffolk, Va., June 27 to Sep. 3, 1862; and in command of division, Army of the

(MAJOR-GENERAL, U. S. VOLUNTEERS, JULY 18, 1862)

Potomac, in the Maryland Campaign, Sep. 10–17, 1862, being engaged in the Battle of Antietam, Sep. 17, 1862, where, while "at the head of his troops, with sword waving over his head, cheering on his men to victory," he was mortally wounded, and

DIED OF WOUNDS, SEP. 18, 1862, AT ANTIETAM, MD.: AGED 59.

BIOGRAPHICAL SKETCH.

BRIGADIER-GENERAL JOSEPH K. F. MANSFIELD, born Dec. 22, 1803, at New Haven, Connecticut, was descended from one of the earliest settlers of that Colony. He was the nephew of Colonel Jared Mansfield, the first Professor of Natural and Experimental Philosophy at the U. S. Military Academy, from which institution he was graduated second in the class of 1822, his cousin, George Dutton, being at the head. His services in the Corps of Engineers, to which he was promoted, are given in his foregoing "Military History," his principal work having been the construction of Ft. Pulaski, at the mouth of Savannah River, Ga., to which he devoted most of his time for about sixteen years.

In the War against Mexico, Mansfield, then a Captain, was the Chief Engineer of the Army commanded by Major-General Taylor. In the Campaign of 1846–47, he directed the construction and aided in the defense of Ft. Brown, on the Rio Grande, May 3–9, 1846; led the assault against the Tannery Redoubt at the Battle of Monterey, Sep. 21–23, 1846, where he was severely wounded; and "planned the battle of Buena Vista," Feb. 22–23, 1847, the success of which was in no small degree due to his military acumen and prompt decisions at critical moments. For his gallant and distinguished services at Ft. Brown, he was brevetted a Major; for the Battle of Monterey, a Lieut.-Colonel; and for the Battle of Buena Vista, a Colonel.

After this war, till May 28, 1853, he was chiefly employed on the Board of Engineers for Atlantic and Pacific coast defenses. He then received the unsolicited appointment of Inspector-General, upon the recommendation of the Secretary of War, who had witnessed his great services in Mexico. His new duties carried him to every part of the country, and required an examination into every branch of the military service. His last tour of inspection was in Texas, just before the outbreak of the Rebellion. Fully appreciating the impending crisis of the nation, he hurried to Washington to communicate his observations to the authorities of the Government, not yet roused to the imminent danger.

Mansfield was at once appointed a Brigadier-General, U. S. Army, and placed in command of the Capital to organize its defense and prepare for the coming catastrophe. Cautious by nature, and knowing that with raw levies we were not ready for an active campaign, he counseled prudence and delay, which not suiting the "On to Richmond" politicians, he was soon shorn of part of his command, and another summoned to try the fortunes of the battlefield.

Chafing under his unjust treatment, Mansfield sought by every honorable means a command in the field, and was greatly rejoiced at the prospect of active service when summoned to Washington upon the return of the Army of the Potomac from the Peninsula. But he seems to have had a premonition of his fate, for on leaving the Capital he wrote to a friend on parting: "I am going into battle; if I fall, have my body sent to my friends in Middletown, Ct."

Reaching the headquarters of the Army of the Potomac, he was at once assigned to the command of the Twelfth Army Corps, which he led into action at Antietam, Sep. 17, 1862, on the extreme right of the line of battle, in support of Hooker's Corps, which was visibly melting away. Mansfield's division, mostly composed of raw troops, met a most galling fire from the defenders of Dunker Church. Seeing his men waver, he pressed forward where the battle was hottest, throwing the whole ardor of his soul into the conflict. His towering form and flowing white locks made him so conspicuous to the enemy that rider and horse soon fell, the former pierced by one and the latter by three minie balls. The General, mortally wounded, died the next morning, saying: "It is the Lord's will, and it is all right."

One who knew Mansfield most intimately, says of him: "He was ever active in the labors of a religious calling. His labors in the cause of education, too, were especially effective and noteworthy. At his home, during brief intervals of Army life, he made his influence felt, and impressed the nobleness of his character upon all around him; he loved the young, he loved to help them to education and accomplishment. He erected a building in Middletown for a young ladies' school, and supported it liberally. He was ever ready to help the needy, and often to the sacrifice of his own and his family's comfort. His sympathy was extended to all in affliction, and no needy one was ever turned away with an empty compliment; the name of citizen was dearer to him than that of soldier. His departure was ever watched with sadness, and his home-coming greeted with gladness.

"He took an active interest in all public questions, and was never bound by party affiliations; his judgment was clear, and his actions in all things were governed by his sense of right and duty. He gave himself entirely to the service of his country; whatever she required, that was law to him.

"The dangers of the frontier and of the battlefield were borne with a fearless Christian fortitude in the conscientious performance of this high sense of duty. It has been fitly said:—

"'None who knew him could otherwise than honor him. There was a daily beauty in his life, and power in his example for good. He feared God, ever walked humbly before Him, and from the shock of battle his spirit went to Him in whom he trusted. He lived a useful and stainless life, and, crowning it with an act of heroic devotion, died in his country's service.'"

288..(Born Ct.).....**CHARLES G. SMITH**..... (Ap'd Ct.)..**3**

Military History.—Cadet at the Military Academy, Sep. 30, 1818,

to July 1, 1822, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

SECOND LIEUT., 3D ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1822.

Served: on Ordnance duty, Aug. 20 to Nov. 9, 1822; in garrison at Ft. Moultrie, S. C., 1822–24, — and Ft. Monroe, Va. (Artillery School for Practice), 1824–25; at the Military Academy, as Asst. Instructor of Infantry Tactics, May 29 to Nov. 26, 1825; and in garrison at Ft. Moultrie, S. C., 1826–27.

DIED, SEP. 25, 1827, AT FT. MOULTRIE, S. C.: AGED 29.

289. . (Born N. Y.) . . . **THOMAS R. INGALLS** . . . . . (Ap'd N. Y.) . . **4**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, Sep. 21, 1818, to July 1, 1822, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

SECOND LIEUT., 2D ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1822.

Served: on Ordnance duty, Aug. 20, 1822, to Apr. 25, 1823; in garrison at Ft. Niagara, N. Y., 1823, — New York harbor, 1823–24, — Ft. Monroe, Va. (Artillery School for Practice), 1824–25, — Ft. Columbus, N. Y., 1825–26, — and Ft. Monroe, Va. (Artillery School for Practice), 1826; on Ordnance duty, Oct. 11, 1826, to Mar. 6, 1828; and in garrison at Ft. Wood, La., 1828, — Bay of St. Louis, Mis., 1828, — Ft. Wood, La., 1828–29, — and Bay of St. Louis, Mis., 1829.

RESIGNED, DEC. 31, 1829.

Civil History. — Professor of Chemistry and Natural history, University of Louisiana, Jackson, La., 1829–33. Physician, New Orleans, La., 1833–36. Professor of Chemistry, etc., in Medical College, New Orleans, La., Sep. 20, 1834, to Feb. 29, 1836. President of Jefferson College, La., Feb. 29, 1836, to June 1, 1841. Degree of M. D. conferred by Vermont Academy of Medicine, 1826.

DIED, JULY 26, 1864, AT GREENWICH, N. Y.: AGED 66.

290. . (Born N. H.) . . . . . **HORACE BLISS** . . . . . (Ap'd N. H.) . . **5**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, Oct. 1, 1817, to July 1, 1822, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

SECOND LIEUT., 4TH ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1822.

Served: on Ordnance duty, Sep. 13, 1822, to Nov. 15, 1823; in garrison at St. Augustine, Fla., 1824, — and Ft. Monroe, Va. (Artillery School for Practice), 1824–26; at the Military Academy, as Asst. Instructor of Infantry Tactics, Jan. 29 to June 22, 1826; in garrison at Savannah, Ga.,

(FIRST LIEUT., 4TH ARTILLERY, DEC. 31, 1827)

1826–27, — Ft. Columbus, N. Y., 1827–28, — and Ft. McHenry, Md., 1828–32; in the "Black Hawk Expedition," 1832, but not at the seat of war; on Ordnance duty, Jan. 1 to Mar. 18, 1833; and on Engineer duty, Mar. 18, 1833, to Aug. 6, 1835.

RESIGNED, JUNE 10, 1836.

Civil History. — Assistant Engineer, Baltimore and Susquehanna Railroad, 1836–37. Civil Engineer in the service of the United States, superintending improvement of the Navigation of Mississippi River at Des Moines Rapids, 1838–39; and of the Harbor of Presque Isle, Erie, Pa., 1843. Asst. Engineer, Ohio Railroad, 1845; and of Columbia and Greenville Railroad, S. C., 1847–51. Chief Engineer, Delaware Railroad, 1852. Engineer of the Government of Chili, South America, in charge of public works, 1853 to 1857.

DIED, NOV. 7, 1878, AT BALTIMORE, MD.: AGED 76.

291..(Born N. J.).....**WILLIAM COOK**.....(Ap'd N. J.)..**6**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, Sep. 7, 1818, to July 1, 1822, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

SECOND LIEUT., 4TH ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1822.

Served: on Ordnance duty, at Pittsburg, Pa., Dec. 12, 1822, to Sep. 13, 1823; on Topographical duty, Sep. 13, 1823, to June 21, 1830; and on

(FIRST LIEUT., 4TH ARTILLERY, MAY 15, 1829)

Internal Improvements in New Jersey, June 21, 1830, to Jan. 31, 1832.

RESIGNED, JAN. 31, 1832.

Civil History. — Chief Engineer of Camden and Amboy Railroad, N. J., 1831–65, — of Port Gibson and Grand Gulf Railroad, Mis., 1835, — and of Philadelphia and Trenton Railroad, Pa., 1836–65. Aide-de-Camp to the Governor of New Jersey, with the rank of Lieut.-Colonel, 1833, — and Brig.-General, New Jersey Militia, 1848–65 (Bvt. Major-General, 1859–65).* Member of the Board of Visitors to the Military Academy, 1840.

DIED, APR. 21, 1865, AT HOBOKEN, N. J.: AGED 64.

* On the call of the President for 75,000 Volunteers, at the beginning of the Rebellion of 1861–66 of the Seceding States, Gen. Cook offered his services for the field, but he was perhaps more usefully employed in organizing the New Jersey quota and examining its officers, as a member of the Board created for this special purpose by an act of the Legislature of his State.

292..(Born N. Y.).....**WILLIAM ROSE**.....(Ap'd N. Y)..**7**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, June 24, 1818, to July 1, 1822, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 2D ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1822.

SECOND LIEUT., 4TH ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1822.

Served: on Ordnance duty, Dec. 12, 1822, to Dec. 31, 1823; and in garrison at Petite Coquille (Ft. Pike), La., 1824–25.

DIED, NOV. 22, 1825, AT WASHINGTON, D. C.: AGED 24.

293..(Born Va.).....**WALTER GWYNN**.....(Ap'd Va.)..**8**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, Sep. 10, 1818, to July 1, 1822, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 3D ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1822.

SECOND LIEUT., 3D ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1822.

Served: on Ordnance duty, Aug. 20, 1822, to Nov. 15, 1823; in gar-

(TRANSFERRED TO 4TH ARTILLERY, FEB. 18, 1823)

rison at Ft. St. Philip, La., 1824, — and at Ft. Monroe, Va. (Artillery School for Practice), 1824–26; on Topographical duty, Aug. 7, 1826, to

(FIRST LIEUT., 4TH ARTILLERY, OCT. 19, 1829)

June 19, 1830; and in garrison at Ft. McHenry, Md., 1830.

RESIGNED, FEB. 2, 1832.

Civil History. — Principal Asst. Engineer, Petersburg and Weldon Railroad, Va., 1832–33. Postmaster, Jarrett's Station, Va., 1832–34. Chief Engineer, Portsmouth and Roanoke Railroad, Va., 1833–36; of Survey for Railroad and Canal from Norfolk, Va., to Edenton, N. C., — and of St. Andrew's Canal, Fla., 1835; of Roanoke, Danville, and Junction Railroad, Va., 1836–38; of Halifax and Weldon Railroad, N. C., 1835–38; of Wilmington and Weldon Railroad, N. C., 1836–40; of the State of North Carolina, 1839–42; and of Survey for Cape Fear and

Lumber River Canal, N. C., 1844. President, Portsmouth and Roanoke Railroad Company, Va., 1842–46; and of James River and Kanawha Canal Company, Va., 1846–47. Chief Engineer, James River and Kanawha Canal, Va., 1847–53; of Wilmington, N. C., and Manchester, S. C., Railroad (including the Great Pee Dee Bridge, supported by cast-iron cylinders, sunk by the pneumatic process), 1848–55; of North Carolina Railroad from Goldsborough to Charlotte, 1850–56; of Surveys for Railroads from Goldsborough to Beaufort, N. C., and from Salisbury, N. C., to the Tennessee line, 1853–55; of Oxford, Md., and Dover, Del., Railroad, 1855–57; and of Blue Ridge Railroad, from Andersonville, S. C., to Knoxville, Ten., 1856–61. Consulting Engineer of various public works in the United States, 1837–61. Aide-de-Camp, with the rank of Major, to Major-General McRae, N. C. Militia, 1836–41. Captain, Virginia Militia, 1842–49, and Colonel, 1851–53.

Joined the Rebellion of 1861–66 against the United States.

Civil History. — Unknown.

DIED, FEB. 6, 1882, AT BALTIMORE, MD.: AGED 80.

294..(Born Va.)....**CAMPBELL GRAHAM**.....(Ap'd Va.)..**9**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, Sep. 1, 1817, to July 1, 1822, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 3D ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1822.

SECOND LIEUT, 3D ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1822.

Served: on Ordnance duty, Aug. 20, 1822, to Aug. 1, 1823; in garrison at Ft. Washington, Md., 1823–25; on Topographical duty, Apr. 6, 1825,

(FIRST LIEUT., 3D ARTILLERY, SEP. 11, 1828)

to Apr. 9, 1831; in garrison at Ft. Independence, Mas., 1831, — and Ft. Monroe, Va. (Artillery School for Practice), 1831, 1832–33; in Creek Nation, 1834; in garrison at Ft. Morgan, Ala., 1834, — Ft. Brooke, Fla., 1834–35, — and Ft. King, Fla., 1835; in the Florida War, 1835–36, being

(BVT. CAPT., DEC. 31, 1835, FOR GALLANTRY AND GOOD CONDUCT IN THE AFFAIR ON THE WITHLACOOCHEE, FLA.)

engaged at the Combat of Withlacoochee, Dec. 31, 1835, where he was (twice) severely wounded; on Topographical duty, May 21 to Nov. 5, 1836; on Ordnance duty, Nov. 5, 1836, to Mar. 25, 1837; as Superintending Top. Engineer of Surveys and Improvements of Mobile harbor, Ala., 1839–40, — of Survey of Suwanee and Yellow Rivers, Fla., 1840–41,

(BVT. CAPT., STAFF — ASST. TOP. ENGINEER, NOV. 23, 1837)

(CAPTAIN, CORPS OF TOP. ENGINEERS, JULY 7, 1838)

— of Reconnoissance of left bank of Mississippi River, 1841–42, — and of Examination of Albemarle Sound, N. C., 1843; as Asst. Top. Engineer in Survey of Florida Reefs, 1845–46; as Superintending Top. Engineer of Survey of New Bedford harbor, Mas., 1846–47, — of Paving Pennsylvania Avenue, Washington, D. C., 1847 and 1849, — and of Survey of James Creek, Washington, D. C., 1851–52; in waiting orders, and on sick leave of absence, 1852–54; of Inspection of Pacific Coast Lighthouses, May 13, 1854, to Aug. 16, 1855; on Staff of Commanding Gen-

(MAJOR, CORPS OF TOP. ENGINEERS, DEC. 9, 1857)

(RETIRED FROM ACTIVE SERVICE, SEP. 9, 1861, FOR DISABILITY RESULTING FROM LONG AND FAITHFUL SERVICE, AND FROM WOUNDS RECEIVED IN BATTLE, AND DISEASE CONTRACTED IN THE LINE OF DUTY)

eral of the Department of the Pacific, 1855–56 ; on sick leave of absence, 1855–61 ; and unemployed, 1861–66.

DIED, NOV. 8, 1866, AT BALTIMORE, MD.: AGED 67.

295. (Born Mas.) . . **THOMPSON B. WHEELOCK** . . (Ap'd Mas.) . **10**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, Sep. 24, 1818, to July 1, 1822, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 4TH ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1822.

SECOND LIEUT., 4TH ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1822.

Served : on Ordnance duty, Aug. 21, 1822, to Aug. 1, 1823 ; in garrison

(TRANSFERRED TO 3D ARTILLERY, FEB. 18, 1823, AND TO 2D ARTILLERY, JULY 22, 1826)

at Ft. Nelson, Va., 1823–24, — Ft. Monroe, Va. (Artillery School for Practice), 1824–25, — Ft. Washington, Md., 1825–26, — West Point, N. Y., 1826–27, — Savannah, Ga., 1827–28, — and Ft. Moultrie, S. C., 1828–29.

RESIGNED, JUNE 30, 1829.

Civil History. — President of Woodward College, Cincinnati, O., 1830–33.

Military History. — Re-appointed in the Army with the rank of

FIRST LIEUT., 1ST DRAGOONS, SEP. 19, 1833.

Served : on Recruiting service, 1833–34 ; on frontier duty, on Pawnee Expedition, 1834, — at St. Louis, Mo., 1834, — and Ft. Leavenworth, Kan., 1834 ; on Recruiting service, 1835–36 ; and in the Florida War, 1836, being engaged against the Seminole Indians in the Skirmish near Micanopy, June 9, 1836.

DIED, JUNE 15, 1836, AT FT. MICANOPY, FLA. : AGED 35.

296. . (Born N. C.) . . . . . **JAMES H. COOKE** . . . . . (Ap'd N. C.) . . **11**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, Sep. 1, 1818, to July 1, 1822, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 1ST ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1822.

SECOND LIEUT., 1ST ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1822.

Served : on Ordnance duty, Aug. 21, 1822, to Aug. 1, 1823 ; in garrison at Ft. Wolcott, R. I., 1823–24, — and Ft. Monroe, Va. (Artillery School for Practice), 1824–26 ; on Ordnance duty, Apr. 20, 1826, to Mar. 12, 1832 ; and in garrison at Ft. Washington, Md., 1832, — and

(FIRST LIEUT., 1ST ARTILLERY, APR. 26, 1832)

Beaufort, N. C., 1832–33.

RESIGNED, JAN. 31, 1833.

Civil History. — Civil Engineer, 1833.

DIED, 1833 : AGED 39.

297. . (Born O.) . . . . . **WILLIAM C. YOUNG** . . . . (Ap'd N. Y.) . . **12**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, Sep. 21, 1818, to July 1, 1822, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 2D ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1822.

SECOND LIEUT., 3D ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1822.

Served : in garrison at Ft. Mifflin, Pa., 1822 ; on Ordnance duty,

Aug. 21, 1822, to Aug. 1, 1823; and in garrison at Ft. Norfolk, Va., 1823–24, — and Ft. Monroe, Va. (Artillery School for Practice), 1824–26.

RESIGNED, MAY 31, 1826.

Civil History. — Engineer of the State of New York, to survey West Stockbridge and Albany Railroad, N. Y., 1828. Inspector of Contract work, Baltimore and Ohio Railroad, 1830. Resident Engineer, Saratoga and Schenectady Railroad, N. Y., 1831–33. Chief Engineer and Superintendent of Utica and Schenectady Railroad, N. Y., 1833–49. Chief Engineer, Hudson River Railroad, Aug. 1, 1848, to Oct. 7, 1851, and President, Oct. 1, 1851, to Jan. 1, 1852. President of Panama Railroad, Sep. 24, 1852, to Oct. 31, 1853. Superintendent, Western Division N. Y. Central Railroad and Branches, 1855–57. Residence, Canaseraga, N. Y.

298..(Born N. J.)...**AUGUSTUS CANFIELD**....(Ap'd N. J.)..**13**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, Sep. 17, 1818, to July 1, 1822, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 1ST ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1822.

SECOND LIEUT., 1ST ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1822.

Served: on Ordnance duty, Aug. 21, 1822, to Nov. 15, 1823; on Re-

(TRANSFERRED TO 4TH ARTILLERY, FEB. 18, 1823)

cruiting service, 1824; in garrison at Ft. Marion, Fla., 1824–26; on Topographical duty, Apr. 4, 1826, to Mar. 6, 1828; in garrison at Ft. Monroe, Va. (Artillery School for Practice), 1828, — and Ft. McHenry, Md., 1828–29; on Commissary duty at Baltimore, Md., 1829–30; in garrison at Ft. McHenry, Md., 1830, — and Ft. Columbus, N. Y., 1830–31;

(FIRST LIEUT., 4TH ARTILLERY, MAR. 1, 1830)

on Recruiting service, 1831; in garrison at Ft. Monroe, Va. (Artillery School for Practice), 1831–32; on Topographical duty, Apr. 6, 1832, to Sep. 14, 1834; on Survey of Cumberland Road, in Ohio, 1835, — and of

(BVT. CAPT., STAFF — ASST. TOPOGRAPHICAL ENGINEER, SEP. 14, 1834)

sites for Defensive Works on Lake Champlain, N. Y., 1836; on inspection of public works on Lake Champlain, N. Y., 1836; on survey of Rivers and Harbors in the State of New York, 1837–39, — and of Sault St.

(CAPTAIN, CORPS OF TOP. ENGINEERS, JULY 7, 1838)

Marie, 1840–41; on leave of absence in Europe, 1841; in charge of Hudson River Improvement, N. Y., 1842, — of Harbors on Lake Ontario, N. Y., 1842, and at the west end of Lake Erie, 1843–49, — and of St. Joseph's Harbor, Mich., 1843–47; on survey of Light-house site on Waugoshanee Shoal, Lake Michigan, 1847–48; as Light-house Engineer, 1848–52; in charge of Channel Improvement across St. Clair's Flats, Mich., 1852–53; and as Superintending Top. Engineer of Sault St. Marie Canal, Mich., 1853–54.

DIED, APR. 18, 1854, AT DETROIT, MICH.: AGED 53.

299..(Born R. I.).....**DAVID H. VINTON**.....(Ap'd R. I.)..**14**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, Sep. 1, 1818, to July 1, 1822, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 1ST ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1822.

SECOND LIEUT., 4TH ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1822.

Served: on Ordnance duty, Aug. 21, 1822, to June 10, 1823; on Re-

(TRANSFERRED TO 6TH INFANTRY, MAR. 19, 1823)

cruiting service, 1823; in garrison at Ft. Atkinson, Io., 1823–25; on
(FIRST LIEUT., 6TH INFANTRY, APR. 7, 1825)

Ordnance duty, Sep. 28, 1825, to Apr. 27, 1826; in garrison at Ft. Mon-
(TRANSFERRED TO 3D ARTILLERY, MAR. 24, 1826)

roe, Va. (Artillery School for Practice), 1826–28, — and Ft. Independence, Mas., 1828–29, 1829–31; on Ordnance duty, Mar. 31, 1831, to Dec. 31, 1833; in garrison at Ft. Monroe, Va., 1834; on Engineer duty, Dec., 1834, to Aug., 1835; in garrison at Ft. Monroe, Va., 1835–36; in the Creek and Florida War, on Quartermaster duty, 1836–39, being Quartermaster-General of the Territory of Florida, Nov. 27, 1837, to July 2,
(ASST. QUARTERMASTER, OCT. 19, 1836, TO JULY 7, 1838)

1838; on Quartermaster duty on the Northern Frontier during Canada
(CAPT., STAFF — ASST. QUARTERMASTER, JULY 7, 1838)
(CAPTAIN, 3D ARTILLERY, JULY 7, 1838, TO JUNE 18, 1846)

Border Disturbances, at Brownsville, N. Y., 1839–40, — Sackett's Harbor, N. Y., 1840, — and Detroit, Mich., 1841–42; in settling accounts at Brownsville, N. Y., 1842–43; on Quartermaster duty at Ft. Johnston, N. C., 1843, — Sackett's Harbor, N. Y., 1843–46, — Buffalo, N. Y., 1846, — and New York city, making shipments to the army in Mexico, 1846–47;
(MAJOR, STAFF — QUARTERMASTER, MAR. 3, 1847)

as Chief Quartermaster on the Staff of Maj.-General Wool, in War with Mexico, 1848, — and of the Pacific Division, June 21, 1849, to Jan. 11, 1850; on Quartermaster duty at Boston, Mas., 1851–52; as Chief Quartermaster of the Department of the West, at St. Louis, Mo., 1852–56, — and of the Department of Texas, 1857–61, headquarters, San Antonio,
(LIEUT.-COL., STAFF — DEP. QUARTERMASTER-GEN., AUG. 3, 1861)

Tex., where he was taken prisoner by the Rebels, and put upon parole.
Served during the Rebellion of the Seceding States, 1861–66: as Chief
(BVT. COLONEL, AND BVT. BRIG.-GENERAL, U. S. ARMY, MAR. 13, 1865, FOR FAITHFUL AND MERITORIOUS SERVICES DURING THE REBELLION)

Quartermaster at New York city, in charge of depot for supplying the army with clothing and equipage, June 28, 1861, to Sep. 5, 1867, being
(COL., STAFF — ASST. QUARTERMASTER-GEN., JULY 29, 1866)

(*ex officio*) Colonel, U. S. Volunteers, Aug. 2, 1864, to July 29, 1866.
RETIRED FROM ACTIVE SERVICE, JULY 29, 1866, UNDER THE LAW OF JULY 17, 1862, HE BEING OVER "THE AGE OF 62 YEARS."

Served in settling his accounts, Sep. 5, 1867, to Feb. 21, 1870.
DIED, FEB. 21, 1873, AT STAMFORD, CT.: AGED 70.

300. . (Born Pa.) . . . . . **JOHN J. SCHULER** . . . . . (Ap'd Pa.) . . **15**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, Sep. 7, 1818, to July 1, 1822, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to
BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 2D ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1822.
SECOND LIEUT., 1ST ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1822.

Served: on Ordnance duty, Aug. 21, 1822, to Aug. 1, 1823; and in garrison at Ft. Columbus, N. Y., 1823–24, — Ft. Constitution, N. H., 1824–25, — Ft. Preble, Me., 1825, 1826, — and Ft. Independence, Mas., 1826–27.

RESIGNED, APR. 30, 1828.

Civil History. — Postmaster, Portsmouth, Pa., 1828 to 18—. Merchant, 18— to 1835. Teacher, Middletown, Pa., 1838 to 18—.

301..(Born Pa.).....**JOHN PICKELL**.....(Ap'd N. Y.)..**16**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, Sep. 2, 1818, to July 1, 1822, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 4TH ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1822.

SECOND LIEUT., 4TH ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1822.

Served: on Ordnance duty, Aug. 21, 1822, to Nov. 15, 1824; in garrison at Petite Coquille (Ft. Pike), La., 1825–27; on Topographical duty,

(FIRST LIEUT., 4TH ARTILLERY, MAY 28, 1831)

June 14, 1828, to June 18, 1832; on the "Black Hawk Expedition," 1832, but not at seat of war; in garrison at Ft. Monroe, Va. (Artillery School for Practice), 1832, — and Charleston harbor, S. C., 1832–33, during South Carolina's threatened nullification; on Engineer duty (Cumberland Road), Mar. 18, 1833, to Dec. 5, 1835; in garrison at Ft. Hamilton, N. Y., 1835–36; in the Florida War against the Seminole Indians, 1836–38, as Adjutant, 4th Artillery, Oct. 15, 1836, to Aug. 5, 1838, being engaged in the Action at Ft. Drane, Aug. 24, 1836, — and Action of Locha-Hatchee, Jan. 24, 1838; and in the Cherokee Nation, 1838, while transferring the Indians to the West.

RESIGNED, AUG. 5, 1838.

Civil History. — Civil Engineer in Maryland, 1839–41. Member of the House of Representatives of the State of Maryland, 1842–43. Captain, Maryland Militia, 1845–47, — and Colonel, 1847. Director of the Chesapeake and Ohio Canal, 1846–50. Coal Merchant, Baltimore, Md., 1844–49. President of the National Fire Insurance Company, Baltimore, Md., 1853, — and of the Pickell Coal and Iron Company, 1853–58. Editor of "Frostburg Gazette, and Miners' Record," 1859–61.

Military History. — Served during the Rebellion of the Seceding

(COLONEL, 13TH N. Y. VOLUNTEERS, AUG. 19, 1861)

States, 1861–62; in command of Regiment in the defenses of Washington, Aug. 19, 1861, to Mar. 4, 1862.

RESIGNED (SICK), MAR. 4, 1862.

DIED, JAN. 23, 1865, AT DANVILLE, N. Y.: AGED 63.

302..(Born Va.).....**ISAAC R. TRIMBLE**.....(Ap'd Ky.)..**17**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, Nov. 23, 1818, to July 1, 1822, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 3D ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1822.

SECOND LIEUT., 1ST ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1822.

Served: on Ordnance duty, Aug. 21, 1822, to Aug. 1, 1823; in garrison at Ft. Lafayette, N. Y., 1823–24; on Topographical duty, June 4, 1824, to June 14, 1830; and in garrison at Ft. Monroe, Va. (Artillery School for Practice), 1830–31.

RESIGNED, MAY 31, 1832.

Civil History. — Principal Asst. Engineer, Boston, Mas., and Providence, R. I., Railroad, 1832–35. Chief Engineer, Baltimore and Susquehanna Railroad, Md., 1835–38, — of York and Wrightsville Railroad, Pa., 1836–38, — of Philadelphia, Wilmington, and Baltimore Railroad, and General Superintendent, 1842–53, — of the Philadelphia and Baltimore

Central Railroad, 1854–59, — and of Baltimore and Potomac Railroad, 1859–61.

Joined in the Rebellion of 1861–66 against the United States.

Civil History. — Consulting Engineer of several Railroads, Waterworks, etc., 1866–88.

DIED, JAN. 2, 1888, AT BALTIMORE, MD.: AGED 85.

303..(Born N. Y.).....**HENRY H. GIRD**.....(Ap'd N. Y.)..**18**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, Nov. 14, 1818, to July 1, 1822, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 4TH ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1822.

SECOND LIEUT., 4TH ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1822.

Served: at the Military Academy, 1822–27, as Asst. Instructor of Infantry Tactics, Sep. 28, 1822, to June 9, 1824, — and as Adjutant, June 9,

(TRANSFERRED TO 2D ARTILLERY, SEP. 14, 1827)

1824, to Apr. 20, 1827; in garrison at Ft. Pike, La., 1828–29; and on Engineer duty, Apr. 1 to Nov. 30, 1829.

RESIGNED, NOV. 30, 1829.

Civil History. — Professor of Mathematics and Natural Philosophy, College of Louisiana, 1829–43; and President of same College, 1831–42. Farmer, Illinois, 1844. Employed in U. S. Branch Mint, at New Orleans, La., 1845.

DIED, JUNE 1, 1845, AT NEW ORLEANS, LA.: AGED 44.

304..(Born N. Y.)..**BENJAMIN H. WRIGHT**...(Ap'd N. Y.)..**19**

Military History. —Cadet at the Military Academy, Sep. 14, 1818, to July 1, 1822, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

SECOND LIEUT., 2D INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1822.

Served in garrison at Sackett's Harbor, N. Y., 1822–23.

RESIGNED, JUNE 1, 1823.

Civil History. — Captain, New York Militia, 1823–27. Civil Engineer, 1823–42. Prompted the first establishment of Railroads in the Island of Cuba, and executed the survey of the first Railroad from Havana to Guines, 1834. Associate Principal Engineer of Cuba, in the service of the Spanish Government, 1835–36. Engineer, Cardenas and Bemba Railroad, Cuba, 1836, — and of Nuevitas and Puerto Principe Railroad, Cuba, 1837–42.

DIED, MAY 13, 1881, AT ROME, N. Y.: AGED 80.

305..(Born Md.)....**WILLIAM M. BOYCE**.....(Ap'd Pa.)..**20**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, Sep. 7, 1818, to July 1, 1822, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

SECOND LIEUT., 1ST INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1822.

Served: on Topographical duty, July 8, 1822, to May 29, 1828; as

(FIRST LIEUT., 1ST INFANTRY, JUNE 30, 1825)

Aide-de-Camp to Major-General Macomb, May 29, 1828, to May 7, 1829; on Topographical duty, May 7, 1829, to May 9, 1833; on frontier duty

(CAPTAIN, 1ST INFANTRY, OCT. 25, 1835)

at Ft. Crawford, Wis., 1833–34; on Recruiting service, 1834–36; and in Creek Nation, 1836.

RESIGNED, NOV. 14, 1836.

Civil History. — Assistant in the Geodetic Survey of the Atlantic Coast of the United States, Apr. 19, 1837, to Aug. 29, 1855, when, in the Burlington catastrophe on the Camden and Amboy Railroad, N. J., he was

KILLED, AUG. 29, 1855 : AGED 54.

306..(Born Pa.).....**ST. CLAIR DENNY**.....(Ap'd Pa.)..**21**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, Sep. 10, 1818, to July 1, 1822, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

SECOND LIEUT., 5TH INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1822.

Served : on frontier duty at Ft. St. Anthony, Min., 1822–23, — on Major Long's Missouri expedition, 1823–24, — at Ft. St. Anthony, Min., 1824–25, — Ft. Snelling, Min., 1825–27, — Jefferson Barracks, Mo., 1828,

(FIRST LIEUT., 5TH INFANTRY, NOV. 30, 1827)

— Ft. Howard, Wis., 1828–36 (Quartermaster duty, 1830–34), — Ft. Dear-

(ASST. QUARTERMASTER, OCT. 15, 1830, TO JAN. 28, 1834)

born, Ill., 1836, — and Ft. Howard, Wis., 1836–37 ; on Recruiting ser-

(CAPTAIN, 5TH INFANTRY, APR. 1, 1836)

vice, 1837–38 ; and on the Northern Frontier during Canada Border Disturbances, at Buffalo, N. Y., 1838, — Madison Barracks, N. Y., 1838, —

(TRANSFERRED TO 8TH INFANTRY, JULY 7, 1838)

Recruiting, 1838, — and French Creek, N. Y., 1838–39.

RESIGNED, APR. 30, 1839.

Re-appointed in the United States Army with the rank of

MAJOR, STAFF — PAYMASTER, U. S. ARMY, OCT. 15, 1841,

and served on Paymaster duty in the Florida War against the Seminole Indians, 1841–42, — at New Orleans, La., 1842–48, — Cincinnati, O., 1848, — Detroit, Mich., 1849, — Washington, D. C., 1850–56, — and at St. Louis, Mo., 1856–58.

DIED, AUG. 18, 1858, AT PITTSBURG, PA. : AGED 58.

307..(Born Va.).....**WESTWOOD LACEY**.....(Ap'd Va.)..**22**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, Sep. 18, 1817, to July 1, 1822, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

SECOND LIEUT., 4TH INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1822.

Served : in garrison at Cantonment Clinch, Fla., 1822–24, — and Cantonment Brooke, Fla., 1824 ; in constructing Military Road to St. Augustine, Fla., 1824–25 ; in garrison at New Orleans, La., 1825 ; in Creek Nation, 1825–26 ; in scouting, near Tallahassee, Fla., 1827 ; in garrison

(FIRST LIEUT., 4TH INFANTRY, OCT. 31, 1826)

at Cantonment Clinch, Fla., 1827–28 ; in the Creek Nation, 1828–29 ; and in garrison at Cantonment Clinch, Fla., 1829.

DIED, NOV. 3, 1829, AT TALLAHASSEE, FLA. : AGED 26.

308..(Born N. Y.)....**EUSTACE TRENOR**.....(Ap'd Vt.)..**23**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, Oct. 1, 1817, to July 1, 1822, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

SECOND LIEUT., 4TH INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1822.

Served : in garrison at Cantonment Clinch, Fla., 1822–24, — and Ft. Barrancas, Fla., 1824 ; in constructing Military Road to St. Augustine,

Fla., 1824–25 ; in Creek Nation, 1825–26 ; on Recruiting service, 1826–
(FIRST LIEUT., 4TH INFANTRY, NOV. 29, 1826)
27, 1829–30 ; in garrison at Key West, Fla., 1831, 1832–33 ; on frontier
(CAPTAIN, 1ST DRAGOONS, MAR. 4, 1833)
duty in Pawnee Expedition, 1834, St. Louis, Mo., 1834, — Ft. Gibson, I. T., 1834, — Expedition to the Canadian River, 1835, — Ft. Gibson, I. T., 1835–36, — Nacogdoches, Tex., 1836, — Ft. Gibson, I. T., 1836–37, — Grand Prairie, 1837, — and Ft. Gibson, I. T., 1837–39 ; in garrison at Carlisle Barracks, Pa., 1839–40 ; on frontier duty at Ft. Leavenworth, Kan., 1840–41, 1842, — Ft. Gibson, I. T., 1842, — and Ft. Leavenworth,
(MAJOR, 1ST DRAGOONS, JUNE 30, 1846)
Kan., 1842, 1845–46 ; and on sick leave of absence, 1846–47.
DIED, FEB. 16, 1847, AT NEW YORK CITY : AGED 44.

309. . (Born Vt.) . . . . . **GEORGE WRIGHT** . . . . . (Ap'd Vt.) . . **24**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, Sep. 14, 1818, to July 1, 1822, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to
SECOND LIEUT., 3D INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1822.
Served : on frontier duty at Ft. Howard, Wis., 1822–24 ; on Recruiting service, 1824–26 ; on frontier duty at Ft. Howard, Wis., 1826 ; in garrison at Jefferson Barracks, Mo., 1826–28 ; on frontier duty at Ft. Leaven-
(FIRST LIEUT., 3D INFANTRY, SEP. 23, 1827)
worth, Kan., 1828–29, — Expedition to Council Bluffs, Io., 1829, — Ft. Leavenworth, Kan., 1829, — and Jefferson Barracks, Mo., 1829–31 ; as Adjutant, 3d Infantry, at Regimental headquarters, Feb. 1, 1831, to
(CAPTAIN, 3D INFANTRY, OCT. 30, 1836)
Oct. 30, 1836 ; on Recruiting service, 1837–38 ; on the Northern Frontier
(TRANSFERRED TO 8TH INFANTRY, JULY 7, 1838)
during Canada Border Disturbances, in Recruiting, 1838, — and at Sackett's Harbor, N. Y., 1838–40 ; in garrison at Jefferson Barracks, Mo., 1840 ; in the Florida War, 1840–41, 1841–42 ; in garrison at Ft. Brooke, Fla., 1843, — and Key West Fla., 1843–44 ; on Recruiting service, 1844–
(BVT. MAJOR, MAR. 15, 1842, FOR MERITORIOUS CONDUCT, IN ZEAL, ENERGY, AND PERSEVERANCE, IN THE WAR AGAINST THE FLORIDA INDIANS)
46 ; in the War with Mexico, 1846–48, being engaged in the Siege of Vera Cruz, Mar. 9–29, 1847, — Battle of Cerro Gordo, Apr. 17–18, 1847, — Capture of San Antonio, Aug. 20, 1847, — Battle of Churubusco,
(BVT. LIEUT.-COL., AUG. 20, 1847, FOR GALLANT AND MERITORIOUS CONDUCT IN THE BATTLES OF CONTRERAS AND CHURUBUSCO, MEX.)
Aug. 20, 1847, — and Battle of Molino del Rey, Sep. 8, 1847, where he
(BVT. COLONEL, SEP. 8, 1847, FOR GALLANT AND MERITORIOUS CONDUCT IN THE BATTLE OF MOLINO DEL REY, MEX.)
commanded the storming party and was wounded ; in Mustering troops out of service, 1848 ; in garrison at Ft. Ontario, N. Y., 1848–52, — Ft.
(MAJOR, 4TH INFANTRY, JAN. 1, 1848)
Columbus, N. Y., 1852, — and Benicia, Cal., 1852 ; in command of Northern District of California, Sep. 17, 1852, to May 19, 1855, head-
(LIEUT.-COLONEL, 4TH INFANTRY, FEB. 3, 1855)
(COLONEL, 9TH INFANTRY, MAR. 3, 1855)
quarters at Ft. Reading, Cal. ; in garrison at Ft. Monroe, Va., 1855 ; on

frontier duty at Ft. Vancouver, Wash., 1856 ; in command of the Northern District of the Department of the Pacific, Jan. 28, 1856, to July, 1857, — at the Cascades, Wash., 1856, which he defended against an attack of hostile Indians, Mar. 27–28, 1856, — on Yakima Expedition, 1856, — at Ft. Vancouver, Wash., 1856, — on march to Walla-Walla, Wash., 1856, — and at Ft. Dalles, Or., 1856–58 ; in command of Spokane Expedition, Wash., 1858, being engaged in the Combat at Four Lakes, Sep. 1, 1858, — Combat of Spokane Plains, Sep. 5, 1858, — and Skirmish on Spokane River, Sep. 8, 1858, — at Ft. Dalles, Wash., 1858–59 ; on frontier duty at Ft. Walla-Walla, Wash., 1859–60, — and at Ft. Vancouver, Wash., 1860–61 ; and in command of the Department of Oregon, July 5, 1860, to Sep. 13, 1861.

Served during the Rebellion of the Seceding States, 1861–65 : in com-
(BRIG.-GENERAL, U. S. VOLUNTEERS, SEP. 28, 1861)
mand of the Department of the Pacific, Oct. 20, 1861, to July 1, 1864, —
(BVT. BRIG.-GENERAL, U. S. ARMY, DEC. 19, 1864, FOR LONG, FAITHFUL, AND MERITORIOUS SERVICES)
and of the District of California, July 1, 1864, to July 27, 1865.

DROWNED, JULY 30, 1865 : AGED 62,

in the wreck of the steamer Brother Jonathan, while on his way to assume command of the Department of the Columbia, to which he had been assigned by the President.

BIOGRAPHICAL SKETCH.

BVT. BRIG.-GENERAL GEORGE WRIGHT was born Oct. 21, 1803, at Norwich, Vt., in the picturesque valley of Connecticut River. Here he received his early education at Partridge's Military School, which fitted him for West Point, where he was graduated, July 1, 1822, and promoted to the Third Infantry, in which he served on frontier duty and was its accomplished Adjutant for five years. Upon the creation of the Eighth Infantry he was transferred to it with advanced rank in consideration of his soldierly qualifications. After the failure of the Armistead campaign of 1840 against the Seminole Indians, Colonel Worth was assigned, with Wright as his selected Adjutant-General, to terminate this tedious and expensive war amid the pestilential swamps of Florida. The success of our arms was in no small degree due to Wright, whose efficiency won for him the esteem and confidence of the Army, and the brevet of Major from the Government for his "zeal, energy, and perseverance."

Wright accompanied Scott's Army in the invasion of Mexico, and was engaged in every conflict from the siege of Vera Cruz to the assault of Molino del Rey, where he intrepidly led the stormers, and was severely wounded. For his "gallant and meritorious services" in this war he received the brevets of Lieut.-Colonel and Colonel.

Upon the creation of new regiments in 1855, he was placed at the head of the Ninth Infantry, and the following year, upon the breaking out of Indian hostilities in Oregon and Washington Territories, was ordered with his regiment to Ft. Vancouver. Here, in command of this Northwestern District, he so severely punished the hostile tribes that, to this day, Wright's name is a terror in their habitation.

At the breaking out of the Rebellion, Wright was appointed a Brigadier-General, U. S. Volunteers, and assigned to the important command of the Department of the Pacific. Few, save prominent Californians, knew to what extent the machinations of the Secessionists had been carried in the Golden State, and how they were foiled by the prudence,

firmness, and conciliation of the commanding general. But the pen of history will record that it was the sleepless vigilance, unflagging energy, wise prudence, and uncompromising yet unpretending patriotism of General Wright and his coadjutors which saved this vast region from the horrors of civil war.

In 1865 Wright was ordered to the command of the newly created Department of Columbia, and while proceeding to his headquarters was drowned, July 30, in the wreck of the steamer Brother Jonathan off the coast of Southern Oregon. Thus perished in the stormy sea this fearless veteran, who so oft had braved the storm of bullets on many sanguinary fields of battle.

General Wright was a thorough soldier, and advanced the profession to which he devoted the aims and energies of his life. "None but a wise man, a brave man, a just man, an honest man, a man of noble impulses, of refined culture, of strong, generous affections, of untiring industry, of indomitable energy, of cool judgment, of sound common sense, of pure, lofty, heart-rooted patriotism, could have accomplished what he accomplished, — rising gradually to the highest ranks, amid the generous but intense rivalries of his profession ; and amid fierce political jealousies, and the seething and volcanic elements of revolution, securing so greatly the esteem and confidence of those under his command, the highest respect of the communities in which he lived, and the unbounded personal love of that refined social circle which shared more intimately his affections and his life."

"Rest, white-haired veteran, 'neath the murmuring waves:
No more the sounds of war disturb thy sleep;
Our land, all strewn with patriot-warriors' graves,
Gives one proud conquest to the mighty deep!"

310. . (Born D. C.) . . . . . **DAVID HUNTER** . . . . . (Ap'd D. C.) . . **25**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, Sep. 14, 1818, to July 1, 1822, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

SECOND LIEUT., 5TH INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1822.

Served : on frontier duty at Ft. St. Anthony, Min., 1823–25, — Ft. Snelling, Min., 1825–26, — Ft. Crawford, Wis., 1827, — Jefferson Barracks, Mo., 1828, — Ft. Dearborn, Ill., 1828–31, — Ft. Winnebago, Wis.,

(FIRST LIEUT., 5TH INFANTRY, JUNE 30, 1828)

1832, — Ft. Howard, Wis., 1832–33, — Jefferson Barracks, Mo., 1833, — Camp Jackson, I. T., 1833–34, — Pawnee Expedition, 1834, — Camp

(CAPTAIN, 1ST DRAGOONS, MAR. 4, 1833)

Jackson, I. T., 1834, — Ft. Leavenworth, Kan., 1834–35, — Expedition to Arkansas River, 1835, — and Ft. Leavenworth, Kan., 1835.

RESIGNED, JULY 4, 1836.

Re-appointed in the United States Army with the rank of

MAJOR, STAFF — PAYMASTER, U. S. ARMY, MAR. 14, 1842.

Served : on Paymaster duty, at Tallahassee, Fla., 1842, — Washington, D. C., 1842, — Ft. Smith, Ark., 1842–46, — in the War with Mexico, as Chief Paymaster of General Wool's column on his march through Chihuahua, 1846, and of the Army of Occupation, 1847–48, — at New Orleans, La., 1848–49, — Washington, D. C., 1849–50, — Detroit, Mich., 1850–51, — New York, 1852–56, — Ft. Leavenworth, Kan., 1856–58, — St. Louis, Mo., 1858–59, — and at Ft. Leavenworth, Kan., 1859–61.

Served during the Rebellion of the Seceding States, 1861–66 : in Defense

(COLONEL, 6TH CAVALRY, MAY 14, 1861)

of Washington, D. C., May–July, 1861; in command of division in the Manassas Campaign of July, 1861, being engaged in the Battle of Bull Run,

(BRIG.-GENERAL, U. S. VOLUNTEERS, MAY 17, 1861)

Va., July 21, 1861, where he was wounded; in the Defenses of Wash-

(MAJOR-GENERAL, U. S. VOLUNTEERS, AUG. 13, 1861)

ington, D. C., July–Nov., 1861; in command of the Western Department, Nov. 2–9, 1861, — of the Department of Kansas, Nov. 20, 1861, to Mar. 11, 1862, — and of the Department of the South, Mar. 31 to Sep. 3, 1862, being present at the Bombardment and Reduction of Ft. Pulaski, Ga., Apr. 10–11, 1862; on leave of absence, Sep. 3–23, 1862; on Military Commission, Sep. 23, 1862, to Jan. 21, 1863; in command of the Department of the South, Jan. 21 to June 3, 1863; on Courts of Inquiry, June 3, 1863, to May 19, 1864; in command of the Department of West Virginia, May 19 to Aug. 8, 1864, being engaged in the Combat of Piedmont, June 5, 1864, — and in several skirmishes on the march to Staunton, June, 1864, — Destruction of the Military Institute at Lexington, June 12, 1864, — Action of Diamond Hill, June 17, 1864, — and Combat of Lynchburg, June 18, 1864; on leave of absence and awaiting

(BVT. BRIG.-GENERAL U. S. ARMY, MAR. 13, 1865, FOR GALLANT AND MERITORIOUS SERVICES AT THE BATTLE OF PIEDMONT, AND DURING THE CAMPAIGN IN THE VALLEY OF VIRGINIA)

(BVT. MAJ.-GENERAL U. S. ARMY, MAR. 13, 1865, FOR GALLANT AND MERITORIOUS SERVICES DURING THE REBELLION)

orders, Aug. 8, 1864, to Feb. 1, 1865; on Court-martial duty, Feb. 1 to May 9, 1865; on Military Commission for the trial of the conspirators in the assassination of President Lincoln, May 9 to July 6, 1865, — in awaiting orders, July 6, 1865, to Aug. 6, 1866; as President of Special Claims

(MUSTERED OUT OF VOLUNTEER SERVICE, JAN. 15, 1866)

Commission, Aug. 6, 1866, to Dec. 31, 1867, — and of Board for the Examination of Officers promoted to the Cavalry arm of service, Aug. 16, 1866, to Jan. 16, 1868.

RETIRED FROM ACTIVE SERVICE, JULY 31, 1866, UNDER THE LAW OF JULY 17, 1862, HE BEING OVER "THE AGE OF 62 YEARS."

Civil History. — Member of the Board of Visitors to the U. S. Military Academy, 1869.

DIED, FEB. 2, 1886, AT WASHINGTON, D. C.: AGED 84.

BIOGRAPHICAL SKETCH.

BVT. MAJOR-GENERAL DAVID HUNTER, born in 1802, was the son of a Chaplain in the United States Army. Little is known of his early life before entering the Military Academy, from which he was graduated, July 1, 1822, and promoted to the Fifth Infantry, with which he served till appointed Captain, Mar. 4, 1833, in the First Dragoons, with which regiment he continued till his resignation from the Army, July 4, 1836. During his fourteen years of service, he was actively engaged, on the extreme Western frontier, in protecting settlements, fighting Indians, and enduring all the hardships and privations of border life.

After the next six years, spent in civil pursuits, the passion for his former vocation so revived that he entered the Pay Department of the Army, Mar. 14, 1842, with the rank of Major, in which position he proved himself a most energetic and efficient officer, particularly during the War with Mexico.

Before the outbreak of the Rebellion, Hunter, believing conspirators designed preventing the journey of the President-elect to Washington,

communicated his fears to Mr. Lincoln, and was one of his escort from Springfield, Ill., as far as Buffalo, N. Y., where, in the pressure of the crowd, he had his collar-bone dislocated. After Lincoln's inauguration, General Scott assigned Hunter to the charge and protection of the President's house and person, in which duty he was assisted by a body of gentlemen volunteers till the high-wrought excitement subsided.

When active hostilities became imminent, Hunter was appointed, May 14, 1861, Colonel of the newly created Sixth Cavalry, and soon after was placed in command of the right division of the Army of the Potomac, with which he was engaged in the Battle of Bull Run, where he was severely wounded and compelled to leave the field. His gallantry and energy here displayed led to his immediate promotion to be Brigadier-General, U. S. Volunteers, and soon after to be a Major-General.

As soon as he had sufficiently recovered from his wound, Hunter was assigned to duty under General Fremont in Missouri, and Nov. 2, 1861, succeeded him in the command of the Western Department, and on the accession of Halleck to be its chief, Hunter, Nov. 20, 1861, took charge of the Department of Kansas. Here, having no enemy to encounter, he promptly responded to the call for troops to assist General Grant. "To you," said General Halleck, "more than any other man in this Department, are we indebted for our success at Fort Donelson. In my strait for troops to reinforce General Grant, I appealed to you. You nobly and generously placed your forces at my disposition. This enabled us to win the victory. Receive my most heartfelt thanks."

In March, 1862, Hunter took command of the Department of the South, where he showed his determined hostility to slavery by declaring martial law in South Carolina, Georgia, and Florida, saying in his order, "Slavery and martial law in a free country are altogether incompatible. The persons in these three states heretofore held in slavery are therefore declared forever free." Though the President annulled this order, considering the time not yet ripe for such extreme measures, Hunter, nevertheless, organized a black regiment, the first in the National service. This exciting the ire of a Kentucky member of Congress, an explanation was demanded of Hunter. In the General's reply, he says, "No regiment of fugitive slaves has been or is being organized in this Department. There is, however, a fine regiment of persons whose late masters are fugitive rebels, men who everywhere fly before the appearance of the National flag, leaving their servants behind them to shift, as best they can, for themselves." When Hunter's response was communicated to Congress, it, instead of rebuking him, authorized the raising of 50,000 negro troops for the war. Of course the Confederate Government vented its wrath by declaring Hunter an outlaw, and decreeing that, if captured, he should be "held in close confinement for execution as a felon." Hunter, soon after, let the Confederates understand that he, as well as they, could play the same game.

From May 19 to Aug. 8, 1864, Hunter was in command of the Department of West Virginia, where he undertook a daring raid up the Shenandoah Valley "to the very walls of Lynchburg," during which he had many encounters with the enemy, and successfully destroyed much property, though it is questionable whether his fiery zeal did not push him beyond the strict lines of customary warfare. Of the severe criticisms made by our own people on this campaign, General Grant said: "I am sorry to see such a disposition to condemn a brave old soldier without a hearing. He is known to have advanced into the enemy's country toward their main army, inflicting a much greater damage upon them than they have inflicted upon us with double our force, and moving directly away from our main army. . . . I fail to see yet that General Hunter has not acted with great promptness and great success. Even the enemy give

him great credit for courage, and congratulate themselves that he will give them a chance of getting even with him."

This was the last field service of the old veteran, General Hunter being relieved of his command at his own request; but he was constantly employed upon important Courts-martial, Commissions, and Boards till retired from active duty, July 31, 1866. His long career of distinguished and meritorious services was rewarded by two brevets, of Brigadier and Major-General, U. S. Army.

General Halpine ("Miles O'Reilly"), who, on Hunter's staff, was on close and confidential relations with him, says of the General: "In my whole experience of human nature, and it has been exceedingly varied, the purest, gentlest, bravest, and most honest gentleman I have ever had the means of knowing thoroughly, is the officer in question. . . . David Hunter lives in my memory, and must while memory lasts, as a character free from any vice, so incapable of any baseness that I have often thought four years of life not wasted if only for making me by that experience to realize that such a manhood as his was yet possible in this soiled and dusty world."

311..(Born Pa.).....**GEORGE A. McCALL**.....(Ap'd Pa.)..**26**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, Sep. 1, 1818, to July 1, 1822, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

SECOND LIEUT., 1ST INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1822.
TRANSFERRED TO 4TH INFANTRY, DEC. 23, 1822.

Served: in garrison at Cantonment Clinch, Fla., 1823–24, — and Cantonment Brooke, Fla., 1824, 1825–26; on Recruiting service, 1826–28; in garrison at Cantonment Brooke, Fla., 1829, — and Baton Rouge, La., 1829–30; as Aide-de-Camp to Bvt. Major-General Gaines, Apr. 1, 1831,

(FIRST LIEUT., 4TH INFANTRY, JAN. 25, 1829)

to Sep. 30, 1836; in the Florida War against the Seminole Indians, 1836, being engaged in the Skirmishes at Camp Izard, Feb. 27, 28, 29, and Mar. 5, 1836; on Recruiting service, 1837–38; on the Northern Frontier,

(CAPTAIN, 4TH INFANTRY, SEP. 21, 1836)

1838, during Canada Border Disturbances; in command of Regiment on march from Tampa, Fla., to Ft. Gibson, I. T., 1838–39; on frontier duty at Ft. Gibson, I. T., 1839–41; in the Florida War against the Seminole Indians, 1841–42, being engaged in the Rout of Halleck Tustennuggee's Band in the Big Hammock of Pilaklikaha, Apr. 19, 1842; in garrison at Jefferson Barracks, Mo., 1842–43,— and Ft. Scott, Kan., 1843–44, 1844–45; in Military Occupation of Texas, 1845–46; in the War with Mexico, 1846, being engaged in the Battle of Palo Alto, May 8, 1846, — Battle of

(BVT. MAJOR, MAY 9, 1846, FOR GALLANT CONDUCT IN THE BATTLES OF PALO ALTO AND RESACA-DE-LA-PALMA, TEX.)

Resaca-de-la-Palma, May 9, 1846, — and in command of Light Infantry

(BVT. LIEUT.-COL., MAY 9, 1846, FOR GALLANT AND MERITORIOUS CONDUCT IN THE BATTLES OF PALO ALTO AND RESACA-DE-LA-PALMA, TEX.

Battalion, May 1–10, 1846; in mustering out of service Louisiana Volun-

(BVT. MAJOR, STAFF — ASST. ADJUTANT-GENERAL, JULY 7, 1846, TO DEC. 26, 1847)

teers at New Orleans, La., Sep. 1 to Oct. 5, 1846; in the War with Mexico, 1846–47; as Chief of Staff of Major-General Patterson's division, Oct. 10, 1846, to Apr. 5, 1847, being engaged in the Siege of Vera

Cruz, Mar. 9–29, 1847; on leave of absence in Europe, 1848–49; in com-
(MAJOR, 3D INFANTRY, DEC. 26, 1847, TO JUNE 10, 1850)
mand of Regiment at Santa Fé, N. M., 1860; on tour of inspection of
(COL., STAFF — INSPECTOR-GENERAL, JUNE 10, 1850)
the Department of New Mexico, Sep. 20 to Oct. 30, 1850; on duty in Washington, D. C., Dec. 1, 1850, to Apr. 1, 1851; in waiting orders in Philadelphia, 1850–51; and on tour of inspection in California and Oregon, Apr. 20 to Nov. 1, 1852.

RESIGNED, APR. 29, 1853.

Served during the Rebellion of the Seceding States, 1861–63: in command of "Pennsylvania Reserve Corps," with a State commission of

MAJOR-GENERAL, PENNSYLVANIA VOLUNTEERS, MAY 15, 1861,

which he subsequently commanded as a Division of the Army of the Potomac, forming its extreme right before Washington, D. C., July 23, 1861,
(BRIG.-GENERAL, U. S. VOLUNTEERS, MAY 17, 1861)
to June 9, 1862, a part of his command being engaged in the Action of Dranesville, Va., Dec. 20, 1861; in the Virginia Peninsular Campaign, June, 1862, being engaged in the Battle of Mechanicsville (commanding the engaged troops), June 26, 1862, — Battle of Gaines's Mill, June 27, 1862, — and Battle of New Market Cross Roads, June 30, 1862, where he was captured; as Prisoner of War, in Libby Prison, at Richmond, Va., June 30 to Aug. 16, 1862; and on sick leave of absence, Aug. 18, 1862, to Mar. 31, 1863.

RESIGNED, MAR. 31, 1863.

Civil History. — Farmer, Belair, near West Chester, Pa., 1863–68.

DIED, FEB. 25, 1868, AT WEST CHESTER, PA.: AGED 65.

312..(Born Ct.).....**ALBERT LINCOLN**.....(Ap'd Ct.)..**27**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, Sep. 28, 1818, to July 1, 1822, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

SECOND LIEUT., 5TH INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1822.

On authorized graduation leave of absence, July 1 to Sep. 30, 1822.

DIED, OCT. 13, 1822, AT ST. LOUIS, MO.: AGED 20.

313..(Born Pa.).....**FRANCIS LEE**.....(Ap'd Pa.)..**28**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, Sep. 2, 1818, to July 1, 1822, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

SECOND LIEUT., 7TH INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1822.

Served: on frontier duty at Ft. Jesup, La., 1823–26; on Quartermas-
(FIRST LIEUT., 7TH INFANTRY, SEP. 24, 1824)
ter duty at Ft. Jesup, La., 1826–28, — Ft. Leavenworth, Kan., 1828–30, —
(ASST. QUARTERMASTER, MAY 22, 1826, TO MAY 31, 1834)
and Ft. Jesup, La., 1831–34; on frontier duty at Ft. Gibson, I. T., 1834–36,
(CAPTAIN, 7TH INFANTRY, MAY 31, 1834)
— Camp Desire, near Ft. Towson, I. T., 1836, — Camp Nacogdoches, Tex., 1836, — and Ft. Gibson, I. T., 1836–38; on Recruiting service, 1838–40; in the Florida War, 1840–42; in garrison at Ft. Pike, La., 1842–45; in Military Occupation of Texas, 1845–46; in the War with Mexico, 1846–47, being engaged in the Defense of Ft. Brown, May 3–9,
(MAJOR, 4TH INFANTRY, FEB. 16, 1847)

1846; on Recruiting service, 1847; in the War with Mexico, 1847–48, being engaged in the Capture of San Antonio, Aug. 20, 1847, — Battle of

(BVT. LIEUT.-COL., AUG. 20, 1847, FOR GALLANT AND MERITORIOUS CONDUCT IN THE BATTLES OF CONTRERAS AND CHURUBUSCO, MEX.)

Churubusco, Aug. 20, 1847, — Battle of Molino del Rey, Sep. 8, 1847,

(BVT. COLONEL, SEP. 8, 1847, FOR GALLANT AND MERITORIOUS CONDUCT IN THE BATTLE OF MOLINO DEL REY, MEX.)

where he was wounded, — and Assault and Capture of the City of Mexico, Sep. 13–14, 1847; on frontier duty at Sackett's Harbor, N. Y., 1849, — Ft. Howard, Wis., 1849–51, — Ft. Snelling, Min., 1851–53, 1853–54, —

(LIEUT.-COLONEL, 6TH INFANTRY, MAR. 9, 1851)

and Ft. Ridgely, Min., 1854; in garrison at Jefferson Barracks, Mo., 1854–55; on frontier duty on Sioux Expedition, 1855–56, — Ft. Pierre,

(COLONEL, 2D INFANTRY, OCT. 18, 1855)

Dak., 1856, — and Ft. Randall, Dak., 1856–57; in command of the Department of the West, May 24 to Oct. 2, 1858, headquarters at St. Louis, Mo.; and on sick leave of absence, 1858–59.

DIED, JAN. 19, 1859, AT ST. LOUIS, MO.: AGED 55.

314..(Born Va.)...**JAMES R. STEPHENSON**....(Ap'd Va.)..**29**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, Sep. 10, 1818, to July 1, 1822, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

SECOND LIEUT., 7TH INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1822.

Served: on frontier duty at Ft. Jesup, La., 1823–24, — Ft. Towson, I. T., 1824–26, — and Ft. Gibson, I. T., 1826–27; on Commissary duty

(FIRST LIEUT., 7TH INFANTRY, OCT. 4, 1825)

at Ft. Towson, I. T., 1827–29; on frontier duty at Ft. Jesup, La., 1829–30, — Calcasieu, 1830, — and Ft. Gibson, I. T., 1830; on Commissary duty,

(CAPTAIN, 7TH INFANTRY, DEC. 31, 1834)

subsisting Indians, Dec. 28, 1830, to July 5, 1839; in the Florida War, 1840; and on sick leave of absence, 1840–41.

DIED, NOV. 26, 1841, AT PILATKA, FLA.: AGED 40.

315..(Born Vt.).....**JOHN D. HOPSON**.....(Ap'd Vt.)..**30**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, Sep. 24, 1818, to July 1, 1822, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

SECOND LIEUT., 3D INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1822.

Served: in garrison at Ft. Dearborn, Ill., 1822–23; on frontier duty at Ft. Howard, Wis., 1823–26; in garrison at Jefferson Barracks, Mo.,

(FIRST LIEUT., 3D INFANTRY, SEP. 23, 1827)

1826–28; and on Recruiting service, 1828–29.

DIED, FEB. 17, 1829, AT LOUISVILLE, KY.: AGED 31.

316..(Born O.).....**THOMPSON MORRIS**.....(Ap'd O.)..**31**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, Sep. 1, 1817, to July 1, 1822, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

SECOND LIEUT., 2D INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1822.

Served: in garrison at Sackett's Harbor, N. Y., 1822–23, — and Ft. Niagara, N. Y., 1823–25; on Recruiting service, 1826–28; in garrison at

Ft. Niagara, N. Y., 1829–30; on Recruiting service, 1830; in garrison
(FIRST LIEUT., 2D INFANTRY, MAY 26, 1830)
at Hancock Barracks, Me., 1830–32, 1833–36; on Recruiting service,
(CAPTAIN, 2D INFANTRY, NOV. 6, 1836)
1836–37; in the Florida War, 1837–40; on Recruiting service, 1840–42; in garrison at Ft. Niagara, N. Y., 1842–46, — and Ft. Columbus, N. Y., 1846; in the War with Mexico, 1846–48, being engaged in the Siege of Vera Cruz, Mar. 9–29, 1847, — Battle of Cerro Gordo, Apr. 17–18, 1847,
(BVT. MAJOR, APR. 18, 1847, FOR GALLANT AND MERITORIOUS CONDUCT IN THE BATTLE OF CERRO GORDO, MEX.)
— Skirmish of Ocalaca, Aug. 16, 1847, — Battle of Contreras, Aug. 19–20, 1847, — Battle of Churubusco, Aug. 20, 1847, — Battle of Molino del
(BVT. LIEUT.-COL., AUG. 20, 1847, FOR GALLANT AND MERITORIOUS CONDUCT IN THE BATTLES OF CONTRERAS AND CHURUBUSCO, MEX.)
Rey, Sep. 8, 1847, — and Assault and Capture of the City of Mexico, Sep. 13–14, 1847; on frontier duty at Ft. Brown, Tex., 1849–50, — Ft.
(MAJOR, 1ST INFANTRY, JAN. 12, 1848)
Duncan, Tex., 1850–51, 1851–55, — and Ft. Vancouver, Wash., 1856–60;
(LIEUT.-COLONEL, 4TH INFANTRY, MAR. 3, 1855)
on leave of absence, 1860–61.

RETIRED FROM ACTIVE SERVICE, SEP. 9, 1861, FOR DISABILITY RESULTING FROM LONG AND FAITHFUL SERVICE, AND SICKNESS AND EXPOSURE IN THE LINE OF DUTY.

DIED, FEB. 13, 1870, AT CINCINNATI, O.: AGED 70.

317..(Born Vt.).....**JOHN R. WILCOX**.....(Ap'd O.)..**32**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, Oct. 31, 1818, to July 1, 1822, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to
SECOND LIEUT., 5TH INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1822.

Served: on frontier duty at Ft. Crawford, Wis., 1823; and on Commissary duty at Ft. Edwards, Ill., 1823–24.

RESIGNED, JULY 31, 1824.

Civil History. — Agent of North American Fur Company, 1824–26. Sutler at Ft. Edwards (now Warsaw), Ill., 1826–29. Merchant, Warsaw, Ill., 1829–39.

DIED, OCT. 3, 1839, AT WARSAW, ILL.: AGED 39.

318..(Born Pa.).....**THOMAS JOHNSTON**.....(Ap'd Pa.)..**33**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, Sep. 30, 1818, to July 1, 1822, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to
SECOND LIEUT., 7TH INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1822.

Served: on frontier duty at Ft. Smith, Ark., 1823–24, — Ft. Gibson,
(FIRST LIEUT., 7TH INFANTRY, DEC. 16, 1825)
I. T., 1824, — Ft. Smith, Ark., 1824–25, — Ft. Gibson, I. T., 1825, 1826–28, — Ft. Jesup, La., 1829–31, — Ft. Gibson, I. T., 1831–34, — and
(ASST. QUARTERMASTER, JULY 17 TO DEC. 4, 1834)
New Orleans, La., 1834.

DROPPED, DEC. 4, 1834.

DIED, FEB. 2, 1835, AT LITTLE ROCK, ARK.: AGED 33.

319..(Born Mas.)....**GEORGE W. FOLGER**.....(Ap'd Mas.)..**34**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, Sep. 30, 1818, to July 1, 1822, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 2D INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1822.

SECOND LIEUT., 2D INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1822.

Served: in garrison at Sault St. Marie, Mich., 1822–23; and on fron-

(TRANSFERRED TO 6TH INFANTRY, JUNE 5, 1823)

(FIRST LIEUT., 6TH INFANTRY, AUG. 1, 1825)

tier duty at Ft. Atkinson, Council Bluffs, Io., 1823–26.

RESIGNED, DEC. 20, 1826.

Civil History. — Unknown.

DIED, 1845, AT RALEIGH, N. C.: AGED 46.

320..(Born Va.)....**THOMAS McNAMARA**.....(Ap'd Va.)..**35**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, Sep. 26, 1818, to July 1, 1822, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 7TH INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1822.

SECOND LIEUT, 7TH INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1822.

Served on frontier duty at Ft. Smith, Ark., 1822–24, — Ft. Gibson, I. T., 1824–26, 1827–28, — Jefferson Barracks, Mo., 1828, — and Ft. Gib-

(FIRST LIEUT., 7TH INFANTRY, MAY 26, 1826)

son, I. T., 1828–29, 1829–30.

RESIGNED, JUNE 30, 1830.

DIED, 18—.

321..(Born N. H.)...**AARON M. WRIGHT**.....(Ap'd N. H.)..**36**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, Sep. 30, 1818, to July 1, 1822, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 3D INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1822.

SECOND LIEUT., 3D INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1822.

Served: on frontier duty at Ft. Howard, Wis., 1822–23; and on Commissary duty at Ft. Mackinac, Mich., 1823–26.

DISMISSED, MAR. 31, 1826, UNDER SEC. 3 OF LAW OF JAN. 31, 1823.

322..(Born Ten.)...**JOHN J. ABERCROMBIE**...(Ap'd Ten.)..**37**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, Sep. 7, 1817, to July 1, 1822, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 1ST INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1822.

SECOND LIEUT., 1ST INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1822.

Served: in garrison at Baton Rouge, La., 1822–23; on Recruiting service, 1823; in garrison at Baton Rouge, La., 1824–25; as Adjutant, 1st Infantry, at Regimental headquarters, Aug. 1, 1825, to Mar. 1, 1833; in

(FIRST LIEUT., 1ST INFANTRY, SEP. 26, 1828)

the "Black Hawk" War against the Sac Indians, 1832; in garrison at Ft. Crawford, Wis., 1832–33, — and Ft. Armstrong, Ill., 1833; on detached service, Nov. 27, 1833, to Aug. 5, 1834; in garrison at Ft. Armstrong, Ill., 1834–35; on Recruiting service, 1835–36; in garrison at Ft.

(CAPTAIN, 1ST INFANTRY, SEP. 4, 1836)

Crawford, Wis., 1836–37, — and Jefferson Barracks, Mo., 1837; in the

Florida War against the Seminole Indians, 1837–40, being engaged in the Battle of Okee-cho-bee, Dec. 25, 1837; on Recruiting service, 1840–42;

(BVT. MAJOR, DEC. 25, 1837, FOR GALLANT AND MERITORIOUS SERVICES IN FLORIDA)

on frontier duty at Ft. Atkinson, Io., 1842–44, — Ft. Crawford, Wis., 1844–45, — and Jefferson Barracks, Mo., 1845–46; in the War with Mexico, 1846–48, being engaged in the Battle of Monterey, Sep. 21–23, 1846, where he was wounded, — Siege of Vera Cruz, Mar. 9–29, 1847, —

(BVT. LIEUT.-COL., SEP. 23, 1846, FOR GALLANT AND MERITORIOUS CONDUCT IN THE SEVERAL CONFLICTS AT MONTEREY, MEX.)

Battle of Cerro Gordo, Apr. 17–18, 1847, — and as Aide-de-Camp to Major-General Patterson, Nov. 14, 1846, to Dec. 31, 1847; on frontier

(MAJOR, 5TH INFANTRY, SEP. 8, 1847)

duty at Ft. Towson, I. T., 1849–50, — San Antonio, Tex., 1850, — Corpus Christi, Tex., 1850–51, — march to Phantom Hill, Tex., 1851, — and at Clear Fork of the Brazos, Tex., 1851–52; as Superintendent of General

(LIEUT.-COLONEL, 2D INFANTRY, MAY 1, 1852)

Recruiting Service, July 1, 1853, to July 1, 1855, at New York; and on frontier duty at Ft. Ridgely, Min., 1855–56, — march to Ft. Pierre, Dak., 1856, — Ft. Ridgely, Min., 1857–58, — Ft. Abercrombie, Min., 1858, — Ft. Ridgely, Min., 1858–59, — and Ft. Ripley, Min., 1859–61.

Served during the Rebellion of the Seceding States, 1861–66: in the

(COLONEL, 7TH INFANTRY, FEB. 25, 1861)

Shenandoah Campaign, 1861–62, being engaged (in command) in the Action of Falling Waters, Va., July 2, 1861, — and several skirmishes on

(BRIG.-GENERAL, U. S. VOLUNTEERS, AUG. 31, 1861)

the Upper Potomac and Rappahannock, 1861–62; in the Virginia Peninsular Campaign (Army of the Potomac), July–Aug., 1862, being engaged in the Battle of Fair Oaks, May 31–June 1, 1862, where he was wounded, — Battle of Malvern Hill, July 1, 1862, — and several skirmishes on the retreat to Harrison's Landing; in the Defense of Washington, D. C., in command of works about Chain Bridge, Sep., 1862–Apr., 1863, and of division at Centreville, Va., Apr.–Aug., 1863; on Military Commissions, Courts, etc., at Washington, D. C., Aug., 1863–Apr., 1864; in command of depots about Fredericksburg, Va., for distribution of troops, prisoners, sick, etc., May, 1864, — and at the White House, Va., June, 1864, being engaged in its Defense against Hampton's Legion, June, 1864; on leave

(MUSTERED OUT OF VOLUNTEER SERVICE, JUNE 24, 1864)

of absence and awaiting orders, June 24, 1864, to Mar. 8, 1865.

(BVT. BRIG.-GENERAL, U. S. ARMY, MAR. 13, 1865, FOR LONG AND FAITHFUL SERVICES IN THE ARMY.)

Served: in command of Ft. Schuyler, N. Y., Mar. 27, 1865, to Aug. 3,

(RETIRED FROM ACTIVE SERVICE, ON HIS OWN APPLICATION, JUNE 12, 1865)

1866; and on Court-martial duty, Aug. 3, 1866, to June, 1869.

DIED, JAN. 3, 1877, AT ROSLYN, N. Y.: AGED 79.

323..(Born S. C.)..... **SAMUEL WRAGG**.....(Ap'd S. C)..**38**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, Sep. 1, 1818, to July 1, 1822, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 4TH INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1822.

SECOND LIEUT., 1ST INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1822.

Served : in garrison at Baton Rouge, La., 1823 ; on Recruiting service, 1823 ; as Adjutant, 1st Infantry, at Regimental headquarters, Sep. 17, 1823, to Aug. 1, 1825 ; and on Topographical duty, Apr. 28, 1826, to Nov. 27, 1828.

DIED, NOV. 27, 1828, AT FRANKLIN, TEN. : AGED 25.

324..(Born Ala.)..... **DAVID MONIAC** *.....(Ap'd Ala.)..39

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, Sep. 18, 1817, to July 1, 1822, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 6TH INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1822.

On authorized graduation leave of absence, July 1 to Dec. 31, 1822.

RESIGNED, DEC. 31, 1822.

Civil History. — Cotton Planter, Baldwin County, Ala., 1822–36.

Military History. — Served in the Florida War, 1836, as

CAPTAIN, REG. MOUNTED CREEK VOLUNTEERS, AUG. 17, 1836.

MAJOR, REG. MOUNTED CREEK VOLUNTEERS, NOV. 15, 1836,

being engaged against the Seminole Indians in the Battle of Wahoo Swamp, Nov. 21, 1836, where, while crossing a difficult morass in face of the fire of the enemy posted on the opposite bank, he was

KILLED, NOV. 21, 1836 : AGED 34.

* Was a Creek Indian.

325..(Born Ct.)..... **HENRY CLARK**.....(Ap'd Ct.)..40

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, Sep. 1, 1818, to July 1, 1822, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 5TH INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1822.

SECOND LIEUT., 5TH INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1822.

Served : on frontier duty at Ft. St. Anthony, Min., 1823–25, — Ft. Crawford, Wis., 1825–26, — Ft. Snelling, Min., 1826–27, — Jefferson Barracks, Mo., 1828, — Ft. Howard, Wis., 1828–29, — and Ft. Brady, Mich.,

(FIRST LIEUT., 5TH INFANTRY, AUG. 16, 1828)

1829–30 ; and on Recruiting service, 1830.

DIED, OCT. 14, 1830, AT ROCHESTER, N. Y. : AGED 30.

CLASS OF 1823.

326..(Born N. C.)....**ALFRED MORDECAI**.....(Ap'd N. C.)..1

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, June 24, 1819, to July 1, 1823, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., CORPS OF ENGINEERS, JULY 1, 1823.

SECOND LIEUT., CORPS OF ENGINEERS, JULY 1, 1823.

Served : at the Military Academy, 1823–25, as Asst. Professor of Natural and Experimental Philosophy, July 1, 1823, to Sep. 1, 1824, — and Principal Asst. Professor of Engineering, Sep. 1, 1824, to July 12, 1825 ; as Asst. Engineer in the construction of Fts. Monroe and Calhoun, for the defense of Hampton Roads, Va., 1825–28 ; as Assistant to the Chief Engineer at Washington, D. C., 1828–32 ; on Special duty with the Secretary of War, 1832 ; as Asst. Ordnance Officer at Washington Arsenal,

(CAPTAIN, ORDNANCE, MAY 30, 1832)

D. C., 1832–33, and in command, 1833; on leave of absence in Europe, 1833–34; in command of Frankford Arsenal, Pa., 1835–38; as Assistant to the Chief of Ordnance, Washington, D. C., 1838–42; as Member of the Ordnance Board, May 28, 1839, to Dec. 28, 1860; as Asst. Inspector of Arsenals, 1842; in constructing Ballistic Pendulums and on Foundry duty, 1842–44; as Member of the Board of Visitors to the Military Academy, 1843; in command of Washington Arsenal, D. C., 1844–47; in preparing descriptions and drawings of the Artillery, for the United States Land Service, 1847–48; in command of Washington Arsenal, D. C., 1848–55; as Member of a "Military Commission to the Crimea and

(BVT. MAJOR, MAY 30, 1848, FOR MERITORIOUS CONDUCT, PARTICULARLY IN THE PERFORMANCE OF HIS DUTIES IN THE PROSECUTION OF THE WAR WITH MEXICO)

(MAJOR, ORDNANCE, DEC. 31, 1854)

theatre of war in Europe," 1855–57, his observations, particularly on Military Organization and Ordnance, having been published by order of Congress in 1860; in command of Watervliet Arsenal, N. Y., 1857–61; and Member of the Board "to Revise the Programme of Instruction at the Military Academy," Jan. 12 to Apr. 24, 1860.

RESIGNED, MAY 5, 1861.

Civil History.—Author of "A Digest of Military Laws," 1833; of "Reports of Experiments on Gunpowder," 1845 and 1849; of "Artillery for the United States Land Service, as devised and arranged by the Ordnance Board, with Plates," 1849; and of the "Ordnance Manual, for the use of the Officers of the United States Army," 1841, and Second Edition, 1850. Asst. Engineer of the Mexico and Pacific Railroad, from Vera Cruz, through the city of Mexico, to the Pacific Ocean, 1863–66. Treasurer and Secretary of Canal and Coal Companies controlled by the Pennsylvania Railroad Company, 1867–87.

DIED, OCT. 23, 1887, AT PHILADELPHIA, PA.: AGED 85.

BIOGRAPHICAL SKETCH.

MAJOR ALFRED MORDECAI was born, Jan. 3, 1804, at Warrenton, N. C. With an excellent preliminary education, he entered the Military Academy, June 24, 1819, and was graduated therefrom, at the head of his class, July 1, 1823, and promoted to the Corps of Engineers. After graduation he was retained at the Academy for two years, as an Assistant Professor of Natural and Experimental Philosophy and of Engineering; from 1825 to 1828 was engaged in the construction of the defenses of Hampton Roads, Va.; then, for four years, was the Assistant to the Chief Engineer at Washington, D. C.; and May 30, 1832, was promoted to be a Captain in the newly organized Ordnance Corps.

Upon entering his new field of usefulness he was stationed at Washington Arsenal, D. C., at the same time being placed in the Secretary of War's office to prepare "A Digest of Military Laws," which was published in 1833. He then visited Europe, and upon his return was placed in command of Frankford Arsenal, Pa., till 1838, when he became Assistant to the Chief of Ordnance, and soon after a member of the Ordnance Board. In the latter capacity he went to Europe to study foreign systems of artillery. An elaborate report of the Board's proceedings was made to the Secretary of War, Mar. 2, 1841, and in 1849 was issued, as the result of its labors, the great work entitled "Artillery for the United States Land Service," chiefly the work of Mordecai. While engaged in this great labor, he was charged with other important and responsible duties: as Assistant Inspector of Arsenals, 1842; in constructing Ballistic Pendulums, experimenting on gunpowder and gun-cotton, and on foundry

duties, 1842–45; as member of the Board of Visitors to the Military Academy, 1843; and, at such intervals as his other duties permitted, was assiduously engaged in the preparation of the Ordnance Manual, published in 1841, and second edition in 1850. For these and other valuable services connected with the Mexican War, he was brevetted Major, May 30, 1848.

In 1853 Mordecai was directed by the Secretary of War to visit Mexico and investigate the "Gardiner Claim," which he found to be fraudulent.

This important duty being completed, his talents and efficiency were again called into requisition as a member of a "Military Commission to the Crimea and Theatre of War in Europe," 1855–57, and his observations, particularly on military organization and ordnance, were published, in a quarto volume, by order of Congress, in 1860.

Upon Mordecai's return from Europe, he took command of Watervliet Arsenal, N. Y.; and was detailed in 1860 as a member of the Board "to Revise the Programme of Instruction at the Military Academy."

In the Civil War Mordecai, being of Southern birth, felt that he could not draw his sword against the companions of his boyhood, nor would honor and duty permit rebellion against the flag of his country, under which he had been educated and had passed his manhood; he consequently resigned his commission, May 5, 1861, and retired to his home in Philadelphia, Pa., to support his family by teaching mathematics to a few pupils. Subsequently he became an Assistant Engineer on the Mexico and Pacific Railroad, 1863–66; and Treasurer and Secretary of the Canal and Coal Companies controlled by the Pennsylvania Railroad, from 1867 till his death, Oct. 23, 1887.

His intimate friend and fellow-cadet, John H. B. Latrobe, gives the following summary of his character: "An accomplished scholar before he was a soldier, he brought to the performance of the duties of the latter the refinement that classical education often gives, whether manifested in mathematical investigation, in the routine of professional occupation, in acute observation, or in the narration of personal experience. He was endowed, too, with a memory that was equaled only by its accuracy, and with an industry which was exhibited in everything to which a broad intelligence addressed itself.

"Of a kindly nature, he had the faculty of making friends of all with whom he came in contact, and none were more attached to him than the soldiers who served under him, and the poor and needy whom he sought to assist. To do right was of the essence of his existence; and it was this, to use the language of another, that 'made his life as pure as crystal.'

"Of the graduates of the Military Academy, while there were others whom circumstances and opportunity placed in more prominent positions and gave a wider fame, there has not been one who has done more honor to West Point than this noble gentleman, of whom it may be truly said that he never lost a friend or made an enemy."

327. . (Born R. I.) . . . . . **GEORGE S. GREENE** . . . . . (Ap'd R. I.) . . **2**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, June 24, 1819, to July 1, 1823, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 1ST ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1823.

SECOND LIEUT., 3D ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1823.

Served: at the Military Academy, as Asst. Professor of Mathematics, Sep. 21, 1823, to June 16, 1824; at Ft. Monroe, Va., as Asst. Instructor of Mathematics in the Artillery School for Practice, June 16 to Oct. 6, 1824; at the Military Academy, 1824–27, as Asst. Professor of Mathematics, Oct. 6, 1824, to Aug. 29, 1826, — and as Principal Asst. Pro-

fessor of Engineering, Aug. 29, 1826, to Apr. 20, 1827; on Ordnance duty, Apr. 20 to Nov., 1827; in garrison at Ft. Wolcott, R. I., 1827–28,

(FIRST LIEUT., 3D ARTILLERY, MAY 31, 1829)

— Ft. Sullivan, Me., 1828–29, — and Ft. Independence, Mas., 1829–30; on Recruiting service, 1830; in garrison at Ft. Sullivan, Me., 1831–35; on Ordnance duty, June 4 to Sep. 9, 1835; and on leave of absence, 1835–36.

RESIGNED, JUNE 30, 1836.

Civil History. — Civil Engineer, employed on various works in Massachusetts, North Carolina, Tennessee, Kentucky, and Maryland, 1836–47. Chief Engineer, Portland and Kennebec Railroad, Me., 1847–49, 1850–52. Engineer of location of Albany and Susquehanna Railroad, N. Y., 1852. Chief Engineer, Providence and Bristol Railroad, R. I., 1852–56. Engineer in charge of Croton Water Works Extension, and of the Croton Reservoir in Central Park, New York city, 1860–62.

Military History. — Served during the Rebellion of the Seceding States, 1862–66: in guarding communications between Baltimore, Md., and Washington, D. C., Jan. 27 to May 18, 1862; in Operations in the

(COLONEL, 60TH N. Y. VOLUNTEERS, JAN. 18, 1862)

Shenandoah Valley, May 18 to June 25, 1862, being engaged in several

(BRIG.-GENERAL, U. S. VOLUNTEERS, APR. 28, 1862)

skirmishes, — and the Action of Winchester, May 24, 1862; in the Northern Virginia Campaign, July–Aug., 1862, being engaged in the Battle of Cedar Mountain, Aug. 9, 1862, — and Skirmish near White Sulphur Spring, Aug. 24, 1862; in the Maryland Campaign, Sep.–Oct., 1862, being engaged in the Battle of Antietam, Sep. 17, 1862, — and Defense of Harper's Ferry, Sep. 18 to Oct. 10, 1862; on sick leave of absence, Oct. 10–30, 1862; in operations in Shenandoah Valley, and near the Potomac between Harper's Ferry and Acquia Creek, Nov. 1, 1862, to Apr. 26, 1863; in the Rappahannock Campaign (Army of the Potomac), Apr.–May, 1863, being engaged in the Battle of Chancellorsville, May 2–4, 1863; in the Pennsylvania Campaign (Army of the Potomac), June–July, 1863, being engaged in the Battle of Gettysburg, July 2–3, 1863, — and Pursuit of the enemy to Warrenton, Va., July, 1863; in guarding the Line of the Rappahannock, Aug.–Sep., 1863; in the movement of the 12th Army Corps to join the Army of the Cumberland, being in command of Murfreesborough, Oct. 7–23, 1863, — March to Lookout Valley, Oct., 1863, — and Combat of Wauhatchie, Oct. 28, 1863, where he was severely wounded; on sick leave and in hospital, Oct. 29 to Dec. 9, 1863; on Court-martial duty, Dec. 9, 1863, to Jan. 25, 1865; in Operations in North Carolina, being engaged in the Action of Kinston, Mar. 10, 1865, — and March to Goldsborough, Mar. 18–25, 1865; and in movement of

(BVT. MAJ.-GENERAL, U. S. VOLUNTEERS, MAR. 13, 1865, FOR GALLANT AND MERITORIOUS SERVICES DURING THE REBELLION)

Major-General Sherman's Army from Goldsborough, N. C., to Washington, D. C., Apr. 9 to May 19, 1865; in garrison in the defenses of Washington, D. C., May 20 to June 23, 1865; and on Court-martial duty, June 24, 1865, to Apr. 24, 1866.

MUSTERED OUT OF VOLUNTEER SERVICE, APR. 30, 1866.

Civil History. — Engineer in charge of the Croton Water Works Extension, and of the construction of the Reserve Reservoir in Putnam County, N. Y., May 1, 1866, to May 11, 1868. Chief Engineer and Commissioner of the Croton Aqueduct Board of the City of New York, May 11, 1868, to Apr. 30, 1870. Asst. Engineer, Department of Public Works of

the City of New York, May 1, 1870, to Jan. 11, 1871. Engineer engaged in making surveys, plans, and estimates for Central Underground Railway, New York city, 1871–72. Chief Engineer of Public Works of Washington, D. C., to devise the Sewerage System for that city, Aug. 24, 1871, to June 24, 1872. Consulting Engineer of the Department of Public Parks, New York city, for communications across Harlem River, and other constructions, October, 1872, to September, 1873. Engineer for approving plans for construction of Elevated Railway in New York city, 1873. Engineer for examining surveys and estimating cost of Ship Canal from Lake Champlain to the St. Lawrence River, 1873. Member of Engineer Commission for testing working and construction of Water Meters for the City of New York, 1873; and for examining projects for extending and improving the Water Works of Detroit, Mich. Topographical Engineer of the Department of Public Parks, for surveying and laying out streets, etc., in the 23d and 24th Wards, New York city, June 1, 1874, to Nov. 5, 1875; and for plans and constructions of communications across Harlem River, Nov. 5, 1875, to Oct. 3, 1877. Consulting Engineer on the construction of Water Works for Yonkers, N. Y., 1874–75. Member of Engineer Commission to examine projects for the Sewerage of Providence, R. I., 1875–76; and for enlarging the Water Works of Troy, N. Y., 1877. Member of the Board of Visitors to the U. S. Military Academy, 1881.

328..(Born N. Y.)..**GEORGE C. RICHARDS**.....(Ap'd N. Y.)..**3**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, June 24, 1819, to July 1, 1823, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 2D ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1823.

SECOND LIEUT., 4TH ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1823.

Served on Ordnance duty, Aug. 1, 1823, to Sep., 1825.

DIED, NOV. 22, 1825, AT PARIS, FRANCE: AGED 22.

329..(Born Ct.).....**REUBEN HOLMES**.....(Ap'd Ct.)..**4**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, June 24, 1819, to July 1, 1823, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

SECOND LIEUT., 6TH INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1823.

Served: on frontier duty at Ft. Atkinson, Council Bluffs, Io., 1823–25, — on Missouri Expedition, 1825, — and Ft. Atkinson, Io., 1825–27; on

(FIRST LIEUT., 6TH INFANTRY, FEB. 15, 1826)

Commissary duty at St. Louis, Mo., 1827–32; as Col., Staff (Chief of Quartermaster Department), of Illinois Volunteers, May 9 to Oct. 11, 1832, in the Campaign against the Sac Indians under "Black Hawk," being engaged in the Skirmish on the Mississippi River, near the mouth of the Bad Axe, Aug. 1, 1832; on Commissary duty at St. Louis, Mo.,

(CAPTAIN, 1ST DRAGOONS, MAR. 4, 1833)

1832–33; and in garrison at Jefferson Barracks, Mo., 1833.

DIED, NOV. 4, 1833, AT JEFFERSON BARRACKS, MO.: AGED 33.

330..(Born N. C.).**SAMUEL M. SOUTHERLAND**.(Ap'd N. C.)..**5**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, June 24, 1819, to July 1, 1823, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 4TH ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1823.

Served on Ordnance duty, Aug. 1, 1823, to July 15, 1824.

RESIGNED, JULY 15, 1824.

Civil History. — Physician and Planter in Alabama, 1826–36.
DIED, 1836 : AGED 34.

331. . (Born Vt.) . . . . . **LUCIEN B. WEBSTER** . . . . . (Ap'd Vt.) . . **6**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, Aug. 28, 1819, to July 1, 1823, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 3D ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1823.

SECOND LIEUT., 1ST ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1823.

Served : on Ordnance duty, Aug. 1, 1823, to May, 1824 ; in garrison at Ft. Sullivan, Me., 1824–25, — Ft. Constitution, N. H., 1825–27, — Bellona Arsenal, Va., 1827–28, — and Ft. Monroe, Va. (Artillery School for Practice), 1828 ; at the Military Academy, 1828–34, as Asst. Professor of Mathematics, Aug. 31, 1828, to Aug. 31, 1830, — and Quartermaster, Oct. 24, 1830, to June 26, 1834 ; in garrison at Charleston harbor, S. C.,

(FIRST LIEUT., 1ST ARTILLERY, MAY 30, 1832)

1834–36 ; in the Florida War, 1836–38, being on Quartermaster duty, 1836–37 ; in the Cherokee Nation, 1838, while transferring the Indians to

(CAPTAIN, 1ST ARTILLERY, SEP. 30, 1836)

the West ; on Maine Frontier, at Houlton, Me., 1838–40, 1841–45, pending the "Disputed Territory" controversy ; in garrison at Pensacola harbor, Fla., 1845–46 ; in Military Occupation of Texas, at Ft. Brown, 1846 ; in the War with Mexico, 1846–48, being engaged in the Battle of Monterey, Sep. 21–23, 1846, — and Battle of Buena Vista, Feb. 22–23,

(BVT. MAJOR, SEP. 23, 1846, FOR GALLANT AND MERITORIOUS CONDUCT IN THE SEVERAL CONFLICTS AT MONTEREY, MEX.)

1847 ; on Recruiting service, 1848 ; and in garrison at Ft. Mifflin, Pa.,

(BVT. LIEUT.-COL., FEB. 23, 1847, FOR GALLANT AND MERITORIOUS CONDUCT IN THE BATTLE OF BUENA VISTA, MEX.)

1848–50, — Baton Rouge, La., 1850–51, — and New Orleans Barracks,

(MAJOR, 4TH ARTILLERY, AUG. 3, 1852)

La., 1851–52.

DIED, NOV. 4, 1853, AT FORT BROWN, TEX. : AGED 52.

332. . (Born Mis.) . . . . **FREDERICK L. GUION** . . . . . (Ap'd Mis.) . . **7**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, Aug. 28, 1819, to July 1, 1823, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 4TH ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1823.

SECOND LIEUT., 4TH ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1823.

Served on Ordnance duty, Aug. 1, 1823, to Apr., 1824.

DIED, APR., 1824 : AGED 23.

333. . (Born Pa.) . . . . . **GEORGE NAUMAN** . . . . . (Ap'd Pa.) . . **8**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, June 24, 1819, to July 1, 1823, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 2D ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1823.

SECOND LIEUT., 1ST ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1823.

Served : on Ordnance duty, Aug. 1, 1823, to Aug., 1824 ; in garrison at Ft. Sullivan, Me., 1824–25, — Ft. Independence, Mas., 1825–26, — Ft. Monroe, Va. (Artillery School for Practice), 1826–28, — and Ft. John-

ston, N. C., 1828 ; at the Military Academy, as Asst. Teacher of French, Sep. 14, 1828, to Aug. 31, 1829 ; in garrison at Ft. Monroe, Va. (Artillery School for Practice), 1829–31, — Newberne, N. C., 1831, — Bellona Arsenal, Va., 1831–32, — and Newberne, N. C., 1832 ; on Ordnance duty,

(FIRST LIEUT., 1ST ARTILLERY, MAY 30, 1832)

July 17, 1832, to July 14, 1835 ; in garrison at Ft. Macon, N. C., 1835–36; in the Florida War against the Seminole Indians, 1836–38, being engaged in the Skirmish of Okihumphy Swamp, Mar. 30, 1836,— and Battle of Wahoo Swamp, Nov. 21, 1836 ; on Maine Frontier, at Houlton, Me.,

(CAPTAIN, 1ST ARTILLERY, FEB. 4, 1837)

1838–43, pending "Disputed Territory" controversy ; in garrison at Ft. Adams, R. I., 1843–45, — Ft. Pickens, Fla., 1845, — and Ft. Wood, La., 1845–46 ; in Military Occupation of Texas, at Ft. Brown, 1846 ; in the War with Mexico, 1846–48, being engaged in the Siege of Vera Cruz, Mar. 9–29, 1847, — Battle of Cerro Gordo, Apr. 17–18, 1847, — Skirmish

(BVT. MAJOR, APR. 18, 1847, FOR GALLANT AND MERITORIOUS CONDUCT IN THE BATTLE OF CERRO GORDO, MEX.)

of La Hoya, June 20, 1847, — Skirmish of Ocalaca, Aug. 16, 1847, — Battle of Contreras, Aug. 19–20, 1847, — Battle of Churubusco, Aug. 20,

(BVT. LIEUT.-COLONEL, AUG. 20, 1847, FOR GALLANT AND MERITORIOUS CONDUCT IN THE BATTLES OF CONTRERAS AND CHURUBUSCO, MEX.)

1847, — Storming of Chapultepec, Sep. 13, 1847, — Assault and Capture of the City of Mexico, Sep. 13–14, 1847, where he was wounded, — and as Commissioner of Prizes at Vera Cruz, 1848 ; in garrison at Ft. McHenry, Md., 1848–50, — Ft. Washington, Md., 1850, — New Orleans Barracks, La., 1850–51 ; Pascagoula, Mis., 1851, — and New Orleans Barracks, La., 1851 ; on frontier duty at Ft. Brown, Tex., 1851–52 ; in garrison at Pascagoula, Mis., 1852, — New Orleans Barracks, La., 1852–53, — Pascagoula, Mis., 1853, — and New Orleans Barracks, La.,

(MAJOR, 3D ARTILLERY, DEC. 24, 1853)

1853 ; on frontier duty at Ft. McIntosh, Tex., 1853–54 ; in garrison at Ft. Columbus, N. Y., 1854 ; on frontier duty at Benicia, Cal., 1854–55, — Ft. Yuma, Cal., 1855, — Benicia, Cal., 1855–57, — Ft. Yuma, Cal., 1858–59, — Inspector of Artillery of the Department of Oregon, 1859–60, — Ft. Vancouver, Wash., 1860, — San Francisco, Cal., 1860, — Inspector of Artillery in the Department of Oregon and California, 1860, — and at San Francisco, Cal., 1860 ; and on leave of absence, 1860–61.

Served during the Rebellion of the Seceding States, 1861–63 : in com-

(LIEUT.-COLONEL, 1ST ARTILLERY, JULY 23, 1861)

mand of the Artillery at Newport News, Va., Nov., 1861, to July, 1862 ; on sick leave of absence, and awaiting orders, July to Nov., 1862 ; and in garrison at Ft. Warren, Mas., Nov. 14, 1862, to Aug. 1, 1863.

DIED, AUG. 11, 1863, AT PHILADELPHIA, PA. : AGED 60.

334..(Born D. C.).....**ALFRED BECKLEY**.....(Ap'd Ky.)..**9**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, Sep. 25, 1819, to July 1, 1823, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 3D ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1823.

SECOND LIEUT., 4TH ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1823.

Served : on Ordnance duty, Oct. 1, 1823, to Apr. 5, 1824 ; in garrison at Ft. Monroe, Va. (Artillery School for Practice), 1824, — Ft. Marion, Fla., 1824–26, — and Ft. Monroe, Va. (Artillery School for Practice),

1826–27, 1827–28 ; on Ordnance duty, Mar. 6, 1828, to Dec. 31, 1833 ;

(FIRST LIEUT., 4TH ARTILLERY, JULY 31, 1831)

in garrison at Ft. Hamilton, N. Y., 1834–35 ; and on Ordnance duty, Feb. 25 to Oct. 24, 1836.

RESIGNED, OCT. 24, 1836.

Civil History. — School Commissioner, 1837–50 ; Deputy Clerk of Superior and County Courts, 1838–50 ; Commissioner of Forfeited and Delinquent Lands, 1839–50 ; and Master Commissioner in Chancery, 1840–50 for Fayette County, Va. Clerk of Circuit Court of Law and Chancery, 1850–52, — and Superintendent of Common Schools, 1850–73, for Raleigh County, Va. Director and Superintendent of construction of Giles, Fayette, and Kanawha Turnpike, 1840–49. State Director, 1851–60, and President, 1854–60, of Logan, Raleigh, and Monroe Turnpike, Va. Brig.-General, Virginia Militia, 1849–61. School Treasurer of Raleigh County, W. Va., 1850–68. Delegate at Large, from the State of West Virginia to the National Democratic Convention at St. Louis, Mo., 1866 ; and to the Legislature of West Virginia in the Biennial Session of 1877.

DIED, MAY 26, 1888, NEAR RALEIGH C. H., W. VA. : AGED 86.

335..(Born Eng.).....**FREDERIC SEARLE**.....(Ap'd Mas.)..**10**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, Sep. 14, 1818, to July 1, 1823, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT, 1ST ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1823.

SECOND LIEUT., 4TH ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1823.

Served : on Topographical duty, Sep. 5, 1823, to Feb. 24, 1824, and June 11, 1824, to Mar. 6, 1825 ; in garrison at Ft. Monroe, Va. (Artillery School for Practice), 1828, — and Ft. Columbus, N. Y., 1828–30 ; on Topographical duty, Oct. 9, 1830, to June 18, 1832 ; on the "Black

(FIRST LIEUT., 4TH ARTILLERY, AUG. 20, 1831, TO JUNE 18, 1846)

Hawk Expedition," 1832, but not at the seat of war ; in garrison at Ft. Columbus, N. Y., 1832–33, — Ft. Gratiot, Mich., 1833–34, — and Ft. Columbus, N. Y., 1834, 1835–36 ; in Operations in Creek Nation, 1836 ; in Florida War against the Seminole Indians, 1836–39, as Captain Reg. Mounted Creek Volunteers, Sep. 1 to Dec. 1, 1836, — and Chief of Commissariat, 1836–38, being engaged in the Battle of Wahoo Swamp, Nov. 21, 1836, — Skirmish of Hatcheeluskee, Jan. 27, 1837, — Combat of Locha-Hatchee, Jan. 24, 1838, — and severely wounded, Nov. 25, 1839,

(CAPT., STAFF — ASST. QUARTERMASTER, JULY 7, 1838)

(BVT. MAJOR, NOV. 25, 1839, FOR GALLANTRY AND GOOD CONDUCT ON SEVERAL OCCASIONS IN THE WAR AGAINST THE FLORIDA INDIANS)

from an Ambush on the road between St. Augustine and Picolata, — and on sick leave of absence, 1839–53, being disabled by his wound.

DIED, JULY 19, 1853, AT SULPHUR SPRINGS, VA. : AGED 50.

336..(Born S. C.)..**RICHARD DE TREVILLE**...(Ap'd S. C.)..**11**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1819, to July 1, 1823, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 3D ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1823.

SECOND LIEUT., 2D ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1823.

Served on Ordnance duty, Aug. 1, 1823, to Dec. 23, 1824.

RESIGNED, APR. 30, 1825.

Civil History. — Counselor at Law, Beaufort, S. C., 1825–54, and 1854–74, at Charleston, S. C. Member of the House of Representatives of the State of South Carolina, 1830–32; and of the Senate, 1834–54. Presidential Elector of the State of South Carolina, 1844. Member of the Board of Visitors to the Military Academy, 1854. Lieut.-Governor of the State of South Carolina, Dec. 11, 1854, to Dec. 10, 1856. Major, South Carolina Militia, 1828, — Lieut.-Colonel, 1828–33, — and Colonel, 1833–36.

DIED, NOV. 25, 1874, AT SUMMERVILLE, S. C.: AGED 73.

337..(Born Pa.).....**ANDREW KINNARD**.....(Ap'd Pa.)..**12**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, June 24, 1819, to July 1, 1823, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 1ST ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1823.

SECOND LIEUT., 1ST ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1823.

Served: at the Military Academy, as Asst. Professor of Chemistry, Mineralogy, and Geology, Aug. 22 to Oct. 10, 1823; on Ordnance duty, Oct. 15, 1823, to Apr., 1824; and in garrison at Ft. Constitution, N. H., 1824–25, — Ft. Independence, Mas., 1825–26, — Ft. Monroe, Va. (Artillery School for Practice), 1826–28, — Ft. Johnston, N. C., 1828, — Ft. Moultrie, S. C., 1828, — and Ft. Monroe, Va. (Artillery School for Practice), 1829–30.

RESIGNED, OCT. 31, 1830.

DIED, 1831, IN ALABAMA: AGED 28.

338..(Born Mas.)...**GEORGE W. WATERS**.....(Ap'd Mas.)..**13**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, June 24, 1819, to July 1, 1823, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

SECOND LIEUT., 6TH INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1823.

Served: on frontier duty at Ft. Atkinson, Council Bluffs, Io., 1823–25, — on Missouri Expedition, 1825, — Ft. Atkinson, Io., 1825–27; in garri-

(FIRST LIEUT., 6TH INFANTRY, FEB. 15, 1826)

son at Jefferson Barracks, Mo., 1827–29; and on frontier duty at Ft. Leavenworth, Kan., 1829, — on Expedition to Upper Arkansas River, 1829, — Ft. Leavenworth, Kan., 1829–34, — Jefferson Barracks, Mo.,

(CAPTAIN, 6TH INFANTRY, MAR. 4, 1833)

1834–36, — Ft. Jesup, La., 1836, — and Camp Sabine, La., 1836; and on leave of absence, 1836–37.

RESIGNED, APR. 30, 1837.

Civil History. — Farmer, near St. Louis, Mo., 1837–46.

DIED, MAR. 14, 1846, NEAR ST. LOUIS, MO.: AGED 46.

339..(Born Mas.).....**JOHN FARLEY**.....(Ap'd Mich.)..**14**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, June 24, 1819, to July 1, 1823, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 2D ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1823.

SECOND LIEUT., 1ST ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1823.

Served: on Topographical duty, Aug. 21, 1823, to May 21, 1828; on leave of absence in Europe, 1828–29; on Ordnance duty, May 1, to Aug. 6,

1829; on Engineer duty, Aug. 6, 1829, to Dec. 1, 1832; in garrison
(FIRST LIEUT., 1ST ARTILLERY, AUG. 1, 1832)
at Charleston harbor, S. C., 1832–34, during South Carolina's threatened nullification, — and at Ft. Monroe, Va., 1834–35; and in Florida, 1835.

RESIGNED, FEB. 29, 1836.

Civil History. — Assistant in the Geodetic Survey of the Atlantic Coast of the United States, Apr. 1, 1837, to July 31, 1874.

DIED, JULY 31, 1874, AT NARRAGANSETT PIER, R. I.: AGED 71.

340..(Born N. H.).....**LEVI M. NUTE**.....(Ap'd N. H.)..**15**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 16, 1819, to July 1, 1823, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

SECOND LIEUT., 6TH INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1823.

Served: on frontier duty at Ft. Atkinson, Council Bluffs, Io., 1824–25, — on Missouri Expedition, 1825, — and at Ft. Atkinson, Io., 1825–26;
(FIRST LIEUT., 6TH INFANTRY, JULY 7, 1826)
on Recruiting service, 1826–29; in garrison at Jefferson Barracks, Mo., 1829–30, — Ft. Leavenworth, Kan., 1830–32, — Jefferson Barracks, Mo.,
(CAPTAIN, 6TH INFANTRY, JULY 31, 1836)
1833–35, — Ft. Jesup, La., 1836, — and Camp Sabine, La., 1836; and on Recruiting service, 1836–37.

RESIGNED, JAN. 31, 1838.

Civil History. — On Kendall's Santa Fé Expedition, 1843.

DIED, JULY, 1846, AT POINT ISABEL, TEX.: AGED 46.

341..(Born Pa.).....**MARK W. BATMAN**.....(Ap'd Pa.)..**16**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, June 24, 1819, to July 1, 1823, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

SECOND LIEUT., 6TH INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1823.

Served: on frontier duty at Ft. Atkinson, Council Bluffs, Io., 1823–25, — on Missouri Expedition, 1825, — and Ft. Atkinson, Io., 1825–26; on
(FIRST LIEUT., 6TH INFANTRY, DEC. 20, 1826)
Recruiting service, 1826–28; in garrison at Jefferson Barracks, Mo., 1828–31; on Recruiting service, 1831–33; in garrison at Jefferson Barracks, Mo., 1833–34; on Indian service, Oct. 1, 1834, to May 13, 1836;
(CAPTAIN, 6TH INFANTRY, NOV. 16, 1836)
on Quartermaster duty in Creek Nation, 1836; on frontier duty at Camp Sabine, La., 1837; and in transferring Indians, May 31 to July 31, 1837.

DIED, JULY 31, 1837, AT MOUNT VERNON ARSENAL, ALA.: AGED 38.

342..(Born Del.).....**LORENZO THOMAS**.....(Ap'd Del.)..**17**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, Sep. 1, 1819, to July 1, 1823, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

SECOND LIEUT., 4TH INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1823.

Served: in garrison at Cantonment Clinch, Fla., 1824, — and at Ft. St. Marks, Fla., 1824; in constructing Military Road to St. Augustine, Fla., 1824–25; in garrison at Cantonment Clinch, Fla., 1825; in Creek Nation, Ga., 1825–26; in garrison at Cantonment Clinch, Fla., 1826, 1827–28; as Adjutant, 4th Infantry, at Regimental headquarters, Mar. 1,

1828, to Feb. 15, 1831; on Recruiting service, 1831–33; in Adjutant-
(FIRST LIEUT., 4TH INFANTRY, MAR. 17, 1829)
General's Office at Washington, D. C., June 5, 1833, to Sep. 3, 1836; in the Florida War, 1836–37, doing Quartermaster duty; in the Quarter-
(CAPTAIN, 4TH INFANTRY, SEP. 23, 1836)
master-General's Office at Washington, D. C., Oct. 16, 1837, to July 7,
(ASST. QUARTERMASTER, SEP. 3, 1836, TO JULY 7, 1838)
1838; as Chief of Staff of the Army in Florida, Dec. 2, 1839, to May 10,
(BVT. MAJOR, STAFF — ASST. ADJUTANT-GEN., JULY 7, 1838)
1840; as Asst. Adjutant-General, at Washington, D. C., 1840–46; as Member of the Board of Visitors to the Military Academy, 1844; in the War with Mexico, as Chief of Staff of Major-General Butler, commanding Volunteer Division, Aug. 25, 1846, to Feb. 19, 1848, and the Army of Mexico, Feb. 19 to June 21, 1848, being engaged in the Battle of Mon-
(BVT. LIEUT.-COL., SEP. 23, 1846, FOR GALLANT AND MERITORIOUS CONDUCT IN THE SEVERAL CONFLICTS AT MONTEREY, MEX.)
terey, Sep. 21–23, 1846; as Asst. Adjutant-General at the Headquarters
(MAJOR, 4TH INFANTRY, JAN. 1, 1848: VACATED, JAN. 1, 1848)
of the Army, Washington, D. C., July 10, 1848, to Mar. 15, 1853; and
(LIEUT.-COL., STAFF — ASST. ADJUTANT-GEN., JULY 18, 1852)
as Chief of Staff of Lieut.-General Scott (General-in-Chief), Mar. 15, 1853, to Mar. 7, 1861.

Served during the Rebellion of the Seceding States, 1861–66: in charge of the Adjutant-General's Office, Washington, D. C., Mar. 7, 1861, to
(COL., STAFF — ASST. ADJUTANT-GENERAL, MAR. 7, 1861)
(BVT. BRIG.-GENERAL, U. S. ARMY, MAY 7, 1861)
(BRIG.-GEN., STAFF — ADJUTANT-GENERAL OF THE U. S. ARMY, AUG. 3, 1861)
Mar. 23, 1863; in organizing Colored Troops, Mar. 23, 1863, to Aug. 18, 1865; on Military Commission at Washington, D. C., Aug. 18 to Nov. 6,
(BVT. MAJ.-GENERAL, U. S. ARMY, MAR. 13, 1865, FOR FAITHFUL AND MERITORIOUS SERVICES DURING THE REBELLION)
1865; and in waiting orders, Nov. 6, 1865, to Sep. 3, 1866.

Served: on tour of inspection of the business relating to the Provost Marshal General's Office, Sep. 3 to Nov. 19, 1866; in waiting orders, Nov. 19, 1866, to May 6, 1867; on tour of inspection of the National Cemeteries, May 6, 1867, to Feb. 22, 1869.

RETIRED FROM ACTIVE SERVICE, FEB. 22, 1869, UNDER THE LAW OF JULY 17, 1862, "HAVING BEEN BORNE ON THE ARMY REGISTER MORE THAN 45 YEARS."

DIED, MAR. 2, 1875, AT WASHINGTON, D. C.: AGED 70.

OBITUARY ORDER.

Upon the death of General Thomas, the War Department issued the following order: —

"The Secretary of War with regret announces to the Army the death of BRIG.-GEN. LORENZO THOMAS, Brevet Major-General, U. S. Army, on the retired list, and late Adjutant-General. He died at his residence in this city the 2d instant.

"But few officers have served so actively and continuously through so long a period as General Thomas. Energetic of character and vigorous

of constitution, he was enabled to be in the field throughout much of both the Florida and Mexican wars. His training as Adjutant of the 4th Infantry developed his fitness for duties in the Staff, which he performed zealously and efficiently, first in the Quartermaster's and then in the Adjutant-General's Department. In the latter Department, at its first organization, he was commissioned Major and Assistant Adjutant-General, July 7, 1838. In the War with Mexico he was Adjutant-General and Chief of Staff to Major-General Butler, both while commander of a Division of Volunteers and commander of the Army. His experience and systematic administrative powers were conspicuous in the final movements and the withdrawal of the Army in Mexico.

"Early in the War of the Rebellion he became Adjutant-General of the Army by succession, and was afterwards specially assigned to the duty of organizing Volunteer troops, particularly the colored regiments. He was brevetted Major-General, 13th March, 1865. Having passed beyond the age of sixty-two years, he was placed on the retired list of the Army in February, 1869.

"General Thomas was a man of generous and kindly disposition, who in his day has done much good in the communities where he lived.

"In respect to his memory the officers of the Adjutant-General's Department will wear the usual badge of mourning for thirty days."

343..(Born Ct.)...**JULIUS J. B. KINGSBURY**....(Ap'd Ct.)..**18**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, June 24, 1819, to July 1, 1823, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

SECOND LIEUT., 2D INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1823.

Served : in garrison at Ft. Brady, Mich., 1823–28 ; on Recruiting service, 1828–30 ; in garrison at Ft. Gratiot, Mich., 1830–31, — and Ft. Niagara, N. Y., 1831–32 ; on the "Black Hawk Expedition," 1832, but

(FIRST LIEUT., 2D INFANTRY, SEP. 13, 1831)

not at the seat of war ; in garrison at Ft. Dearborn, Ill., 1832–33, — Ft. Brady, Mich., 1833, — Sault St. Marie, Mich., 1833, — and Ft. Mackinac, Mich., 1833–35 ; on Indian service, May 27, 1836, to Apr. 1, 1837 ; in garrison at Hancock Barracks, Me., 1837–38 ; in the Florida War, 1838–40,

(CAPTAIN, 2D INFANTRY, FEB. 13, 1837)

1841–42 ; in garrison at Sackett's Harbor, N. Y., 1842–45, — Ft. Brady, Mich., 1845–46 ; in the War with Mexico, 1846–47, being engaged in the Siege of Vera Cruz, Mar. 9–29, 1847, — Battle of Cerro Gordo, Apr. 17–18, 1847, — Skirmish of Ocalaca, Aug. 16, 1847, — Battle of Contreras, Aug. 19–20, 1847, — Battle of Churubusco, Aug. 20, 1847, — Battle of

(BVT. MAJOR, AUG. 20, 1847, FOR GALLANT AND MERITORIOUS CONDUCT IN THE BATTLES OF CONTRERAS AND CHURUBUSCO, MEX.)

Molino del Rey, Sep. 8, 1847, — and Assault and Capture of the City of Mexico, Sep. 13–14, 1847 ; on detached service, 1847–48 ; in garrison at Ft. Hamilton, N. Y., 1848 ; on voyage to California, 1848–49 ; on frontier

(MAJOR, 6TH INFANTRY, MAY 7, 1849)

duty at San Diego, Cal., 1849 ; and absent from duty, 1849–53.

DISMISSED, JAN. 27, 1853, FOR ABSENCE FROM DUTY WITHOUT AUTHORITY.

DIED, JUNE 26, 1856, AT WASHINGTON, D. C. : AGED 55.

344..(Born D. C.).....**GEORGE ANDREWS**....(Ap'd D. C.)..**19**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, June 24, 1819,

to July 1, 1823, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

SECOND LIEUT., 6TH INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1823.

Served: on frontier duty at Ft. Atkinson, Council Bluffs, Io., 1823–25, — and on Missouri Expedition, 1825; on Recruiting service, 1825–26; on Topographical duty, May 16, 1826, to Mar. 1, 1827; in garrison at Jef-

(FIRST LIEUT., 6TH INFANTRY, FEB. 11, 1827)

ferson Barracks, Mo., 1827–31; on Recruiting service, 1831–33; in garrison at Jefferson Barracks, Mo., 1833–35; on Recruiting service, 1835–37;

(CAPTAIN, 6TH INFANTRY, DEC. 31, 1836)

in the Florida War against the Seminole Indians, 1837–38, being engaged in the Battle of Okee-cho-bee, Dec. 25, 1837, where he was severely

(BVT. MAJOR, DEC. 25, 1837, FOR GALLANTRY AND GOOD CONDUCT IN THE WAR AGAINST THE FLORIDA INDIANS)

wounded; on Recruiting service, 1838–40; on Commissary duty, 1840; in the Florida War, 1840–42; on frontier duty at Ft. Towson, I. T., 1842–43, 1843–45, — and Ft. Washita, I. T., 1845–48; in garrison at Jefferson Barracks, Mo., 1848–49; in Florida Hostilities, 1849–50; in

(MAJOR, 7TH INFANTRY, AUG. 14, 1848)

garrison at Jefferson Barracks, Mo., 1850–51; on frontier duty at Ft. Gibson, I. T., 1851–52, — Ft. Smith, Ark., 1852–53, — Ft. Arbuckle, I. T., 1854–55, — and on Sioux Expedition, 1855–56; in garrison at Jefferson

(LIEUT.-COLONEL, 6TH INFANTRY, OCT. 18, 1855)

Barracks, Mo., 1856; in quelling Kansas Disturbances, 1856–58; on Utah Expedition, 1858; in garrison at San Francisco, Cal., 1858–59; on detached service at Louisville, Ky., 1859–60; in garrison at Benicia, Cal., 1860–61; on frontier duty at Ft. Churchill, Nev., 1861; in garrison at Benicia, Cal., 1861; on frontier duty at Ft. Yuma, Cal., 1861.

RETIRED FROM ACTIVE SERVICE, FEB. 15, 1862, FOR DISABILITY RESULTING FROM LONG AND FAITHFUL SERVICE, AND WOUND RECEIVED IN THE LINE OF DUTY.

DIED, NOV. 13, 1873, AT BALTIMORE, MD.: AGED 70.

345..(Born N. Y.)..**RICHARD D. C. COLLINS**..(Ap'd N. Y.)..**20**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, Sep. 14, 1818, to July 1, 1823, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

SECOND LIEUT., 4TH INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1823.

Served: in garrison at Cantonment Clinch, Fla., 1823–24, — Cantonment Brooke, Fla., 1824–28, — St. Augustine, Fla., 1828, — and Cantonment Brooke, Fla., 1828–30; in Cherokee Nation, 1830; on Quarter-

(FIRST LIEUT., 4TH INFANTRY, NOV. 3, 1829)

master duty, 1830–36, — at Ft. Mitchell, Ala., 1830–31, — New Orleans,

(ASST. QUARTERMASTER, OCT. 15, 1830, TO NOV. 21, 1836)

La., 1831, — constructing Road from Washington to Jackson, Ark., 1831–33, — Little Rock, Ark., 1833, — Ft. Gibson, I. T., 1833–34, — Little Rock, Ark., 1834–36, — and Ft. Gibson, I. T., 1836; and in transferring

(CAPTAIN, 4TH INFANTRY, NOV. 2, 1836)

Indians, Feb. 9, 1837, to July 5, 1839.

DISMISSED, FEB. 24, 1841, UNDER SEC. 3 OF LAW OF JAN. 31, 1823.

DIED, JULY 1, 1841, AT LITTLE ROCK, ARK.: AGED 46.

346..(Born Del.)....**WILLIAM REYNOLDS**....(Ap'd Del.)..**21**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1819,

to July 1, 1823, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

SECOND LIEUT., 1ST INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1823.

Served: on Recruiting service, 1824; as Acting Assistant Adjutant-General of Western Department, 1824–25; in garrison at Cantonment Clinch, Fla., 1826–27, — and New Orleans, La., 1827–28; and on frontier

(FIRST LIEUT., 1ST INFANTRY, MAY 1, 1829)

duty at Ft. Crawford, Wis., 1828, — and Ft. Snelling, Min., 1829–30.

RESIGNED, AUG. 1, 1830.

DIED, AUG. 30, 1830, AT RIPLEY, O.: AGED 25.

347..(Born N. Y.).... **JOSEPH R. SMITH**.....(Ap'd N. Y.)..**22**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, June 24, 1819, to July 1, 1823, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

SECOND LIEUT., 2D INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1823.

Served: in garrison at the Sault St. Marie, Mich., 1823–25; on Recruiting service, 1825–26; on Topographical duty, Apr. 4, 1826, to June 25, 1828; in garrison at Hancock Barracks, Me., 1828–29, — and Sackett's Harbor, N. Y., 1829–31, 1831–32; on "Black Hawk Expedition," 1832,

(FIRST LIEUT., 2D INFANTRY, MAR. 22, 1832)

but not at the seat of war; in garrison at Ft. Mackinac, Mich., 1832–33, — and Ft. Brady, Mich., 1833–35; as Adjutant, 2d Infantry, at Regimental headquarters, Sep. 17, 1835, to May 8, 1838; in the Florida War, 1837–38; on Recruiting service, 1838–39; in the Florida War against

(CAPTAIN, 2D INFANTRY, APR. 26, 1838)

the Seminole Indians, 1839–42, being engaged in the Attack of Hawe Creek Camp, Jan. 25, 1842; in garrison at Sackett's Harbor, N. Y., 1842–46, — and Ft. Columbus, N. Y., 1846; in the War with Mexico, 1846–47, being engaged in the Siege of Vera Cruz, Mar. 9–29, 1847, — Battle of Cerro Gordo, Apr. 17–18, 1847, — Skirmish of Ocalaca, Aug. 16,

(BVT. MAJOR, APR. 18, 1847, FOR GALLANT AND MERITORIOUS CONDUCT IN THE BATTLE OF CERRO GORDO, MEX.)

1847, — Battle of Contreras, Aug. 19–20, 1847, — and Battle of Churu-

(BVT. LIEUT.-COL., AUG. 20, 1847, FOR GALLANT AND MERITORIOUS CONDUCT IN THE BATTLES OF CONTRERAS AND CHURUBUSCO, MEX.)

busco, Aug. 20, 1847, where he was severely (twice) wounded; in garrison at Sackett's Harbor, N. Y., 1848–50; on Recruiting service, 1850–51;

(MAJOR, 7TH INFANTRY, JUNE 11, 1851)

and on sick leave of absence, 1851–62.

RETIRED FROM ACTIVE SERVICE, SEP. 25, 1861, FOR DISABILITY RESULTING FROM WOUNDS RECEIVED IN BATTLE.

Served during the Rebellion of the Seceding States, 1862–66: as Mustering and Disbursing Officer for the State of Michigan, Jan. 3, 1862, to June 11, 1864; as Military Commander of the District of Michigan, Oct., 1862, to June 11, 1864; as Asst. Commissary of Musters of North-

(BVT. COLONEL, APR. 9, 1865, FOR MERITORIOUS SERVICES DURING THE REBELLION)

(BVT. BRIG.-GENERAL, U. S. ARMY, APR. 9, 1865, FOR LONG AND FAITHFUL SERVICES)

ern Department, June 11, 1864, to June 27, 1865, — and of the Department of the Ohio, June 27 to Nov. 25, 1865.

Served as Commissary of Musters, Department of the Ohio, Nov. 25.

1865, to Aug. 6, 1866, — and of the Department of the Lakes, Aug. 6, 1866, to Sep. 3, 1868.

DIED, Sep. 3, 1868, AT MONROE, MICH.: AGED 67.

348..(Born Vt.).....**HANNIBAL DAY** *.....(Ap'd Vt.)..**23**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, Sep. 1, 1819, to July 1, 1823, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

SECOND LIEUT., 2D INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1823.

Served: in garrison at Ft. Brady, Mich., 1823–28; on Topographical duty, June 14, 1828, to Dec. 7, 1831; in garrison at Ft. Niagara, N. Y.,

(FIRST LIEUT., 2D INFANTRY, APR. 4, 1832)

1832, — and Ft. Dearborn, Ill., 1832; in the "Black Hawk Expedition," 1832, but not at the seat of war; in garrison at Ft. Dearborn, Ill., 1832–33, — Hancock Barracks, Me., 1833–36, — and Ft. Independence, Mas., 1836; on Recruiting service, 1836–38; in the Florida War, 1838–39;

(CAPTAIN, 2D INFANTRY, JULY 7, 1838)

on sick leave of absence, 1839–41; in the Florida War, 1841–42; in garrison at Buffalo, N. Y., 1842–44, 1844–45, — and Detroit, Mich., 1845–46; in the War with Mexico, 1846–47, at Tampico; on Recruiting service, 1847–48; in garrison at Ft. Hamilton, N. Y., 1848; on voyage to California, 1848–49; on frontier duty at Sutersville, Cal., 1849, — Bear

(MAJOR, 2D INFANTRY, FEB. 23, 1852)

Creek, Cal., 1849, — Camp Far West, Cal., 1850–51, — and Benicia, Cal., 1852–53; in garrison at Jefferson Barracks, Mo., 1854; and on frontier duty at Ft. Ridgely, Min., 1854–55, — Ft. Ripley, Min., 1855–56, — Ft. Randall, Dak., 1856–58, — Ft. Laramie, Dak., 1859–60, — and Ft. Abercrombie, Dak., 1860–61.

(LIEUT.-COLONEL, 2D INFANTRY, FEB. 25, 1861)

Served during the Rebellion of the Seceding States, 1861–66: in command of 2d Infantry, at Georgetown, D. C., Aug. 10 to Dec. 16, 1861; on Recruiting service, Dec. 16, 1861, to June 28, 1863; in command of

(COLONEL, 6TH INFANTRY, JAN. 7, 1862)

brigade, 5th Corps (Army of the Potomac), in the Pennsylvania Campaign, June 28 to July, 1863, being engaged in the Battle of Gettysburg, July 2–3, 1863, — and march to Warrenton, Va., July, 1863; in command

(RETIRED FROM ACTIVE SERVICE, AUG. 1, 1863, "ON HIS OWN APPLICATION, AFTER FORTY CONSECUTIVE YEARS OF SERVICE")

of Ft. Hamilton, N. Y., Aug. 1, 1863, to June 8, 1864; and on Military Commissions and Courts Martial, July 25, 1864, to June 15, 1869.

BVT. BRIG.-GENERAL, U. S. ARMY, MAR. 13, 1865, FOR LONG AND FAITHFUL SERVICES IN THE ARMY.

* Was the son of DR. SYLVESTER DAY, Asst. Surgeon, U. S. Army.

349..(Born Md.)....**HENRY R. STEWART**....(Ap'd D. C.)..**24**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, Sep. 28, 1818, to July 1, 1823, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

SECOND LIEUT., 1ST INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1823.

Served: in garrison at Bellefontaine, Mo., 1824, — Ft. Atkinson, Io., 1824–26, — and Jefferson Barracks, Mo., 1826–28.

RESIGNED, JULY 14, 1828.

Civil History. — Unknown.

350..(Born N. J.).....**ELIAS PHILLIPS**.....(Ap'd N. J.)..**25**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1819, to July 1, 1823, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

SECOND LIEUT., 4TH INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1823.

Served : in garrison at Cantonment Clinch, Fla., 1824 ; in constructing Military Road to St. Augustine, Fla., 1824–25 ; in Creek Nation, Ga., 1825–26 ; in garrison at Cantonment Clinch, Fla., 1826–27 ; in opening Military Road from Georgia Line to Smyrna, Fla., 1827–28 ; on Recruit-

(FIRST LIEUT., 4TH INFANTRY, MAR. 30, 1831)

ing service, 1828–31 ; in garrison at Ft. Mitchell, Ala., 1831–33, — and Augusta Arsenal, Ga., 1833 ; and in operations in Cherokee Nation, 1833–35.

RESIGNED, JAN. 31, 1836.

Civil History. — Manufacturer, near Pittsburg, Pa., 1836–52.

DIED, SEP. 11, 1856, NEAR PITTSBURG, PA. : AGED 57.

351..(Born N. J.)....**JOSEPH A. PHILLIPS**....(Ap'd N. J.)..**26**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, Sep. 30, 1818, to July 1, 1823, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

SECOND LIEUT., 7TH INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1823.

Served : on frontier duty at Ft. Gibson, I. T., 1824–25 ; as Adjutant, 7th Infantry, at Regimental headquarters, May 16, 1825, to May, 1830 ;

(FIRST LIEUT., 7TH INFANTRY, JUNE 30, 1828)

on frontier duty at Ft. Gibson, I. T., 1830 ; on Recruiting service, 1830–32 ; on Commissary duty, subsisting Indians, Aug. 30, 1832, to July 28, 1834 ; at the Military Academy, 1834–35, as Asst. Instructor of Infantry Tactics, Feb. 13 to June 26, 1834, — and Quartermaster,

(CAPTAIN, 7TH INFANTRY, MAY 4, 1835)

June 26, 1834, to May 25, 1835 ; on frontier duty at Ft. Gibson, I. T., 1835–36, — Camp Desire, near Ft. Towson, I. T., 1836 ; in transferring Indians, Oct. 11, 1836, to Sep. 6, 1838 ; on Northern Frontier during

(TRANSFERRED TO 8TH INFANTRY, JULY 7, 1838)

Canada Border Disturbances, at Watertown, N. Y., 1838–39, — and Sackett's Harbor, N. Y., 1839 ; on Recruiting service, 1839 ; and in garrison at Jefferson Barracks, Mo., 1840.

RESIGNED, SEP. 30, 1840.

DIED, JANUARY 4, 1846, AT QUINCY, ILL. : AGED 41.

352..(Born Vt.).....**ASA RICHARDSON**.....(Ap'd Vt.)..**27**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, June 24, 1819, to July 1, 1823, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

SECOND LIEUT., 6TH INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1823.

Served : on frontier duty at Ft. Atkinson, Council Bluffs, Io., 1823–27 ;

(FIRST LIEUT., 6TH INFANTRY, MAY 1, 1827)

in garrison at Jefferson Barracks, Mo., 1827–30 ; on Recruiting service, 1830–31 ; in garrison at Jefferson Barracks, Mo., 1831–32 ; in the "Black Hawk" War against the Sac Indians, 1832, being engaged in the Battle of Bad Axe River, Aug. 2, 1832 ; and on frontier duty at Jefferson Barracks, Mo., 1832–33, — Ft. Leavenworth, Kan., 1833–34, — and Jefferson Barracks, Mo., 1834–35.

DIED, APR. 18, 1835, AT JEFFERSON BARRACKS, MO. : AGED 35.

353..(Born N. C.).....**JOHN E. NEWELL**.....(Ap'd N. C.)..**28**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, Sep. 1, 1818, to July 1, 1823, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 1ST INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1823.

SECOND LIEUT., 7TH INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1823.

Served: on frontier duty at Ft. Gibson, I. T., 1824–26, — and Ft. Jesup, La., 1826–27; on Commissary duty at Natchitoches, La., 1827; on frontier duty at Ft. Jesup, La., 1827–28, — Ft. Towson, I. T., 1828–29,

(FIRST LIEUT., 7TH INFANTRY, NOV. 10, 1829)

— Ft. Jesup, La., 1829–30, — Calcasieu, 1830, — Cantonment Atkinson, Neb., 1830–31, — Little Rock, Ark., 1831, — and Ft. Gibson, I. T., 1831–32; and on Recruiting service, 1832–34.

DIED, MAR. 26, 1835, AT CARLISLE, PA.: AGED 35.

354..(Born Ct.).....**JOHN NICHOLLS**.....(Ap'd Ct.)..**29**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, Sep. 1, 1818, to July 1, 1823, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 4TH INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1823.

SECOND LIEUT., 6TH INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1823.

Served: in garrison at Cantonment Clinch, Fla., 1823–24; on frontier duty at Ft. Atkinson, Council Bluffs, Io., 1824–27; in garrison at Jeffer-

(FIRST LIEUT., 6TH INFANTRY, OCT. 31, 1827)

son Barracks, Mo., 1827–30, — and Ft. Leavenworth, Kan., 1830–32; in the "Black Hawk" War, 1832; and in garrison at Jefferson Barracks, Mo., 1832–34.

DISMISSED, MAY 6, 1835, FOR UNOFFICER-LIKE CONDUCT.

Civil History. — Merchant, Illinois, 18— to 18—.

DIED, 18—.

355..(Born Mas.)...**GEORGE H. CROSMAN**....(Ap'd Mas.)..**30**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, Sep. 1, 1819, to July 1, 1823, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 3D INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1823.

SECOND LIEUT., 6TH INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1823.

Served: on frontier duty at Ft. Mackinac, Mich., 1823, — Ft. Howard, Wis., 1823–24, — Ft. Atkinson, Council Bluffs, Io., 1824–25, — on Yellow Stone Expedition, 1825, — and at Ft. Atkinson, Io., 1825–26; in garrison at Jefferson Barracks, Mo., 1826–27; on Commissary duty, 1827–30; on

(FIRST LIEUT., 6TH INFANTRY, AUG. 30, 1828)

(ASST. QUARTERMASTER, OCT. 15, 1830, TO JULY 7, 1838)

Quartermaster duty in Choctaw Nation, Mis., 1830–31, — Vicksburg, Mis., 1831–32, — Jefferson Barracks, Mo., 1832, — "Black Hawk" War, 1832, — Jefferson Barracks, Mo., 1832–34, — Ft. Des Moines, Io., 1834, — Ft. Leavenworth, Kan., and paying annuities to various Indian tribes, 1835, — Jefferson Barracks, Mo., 1835–36, — Ft. Jesup, La., 1836, — Camp Sabine, La., 1836, — New Orleans, La., 1836, — Creek Nation, 1836, — Florida War, as Chief Quartermaster, 1836–37, — Cincinnati, O.,

(CAPTAIN, 6TH INFANTRY, APR. 30, 1837, TO JUNE 18, 1846)

(CAPT., STAFF — ASST. QUARTERMASTER, JULY 7, 1838)

1837–39, — Boston, Mas., 1839–40, — settling military claims in Florida,

1840–41, — Boston, Mas., 1841–45, — in Military Occupation of Texas, as Chief Quartermaster, 1845–46, — in the War with Mexico, 1846–47, being engaged in the Battle of Palo Alto, May 8, 1846, — Philadelphia, Pa.,

(BVT. MAJOR, MAY 8, 1846, FOR GALLANT AND MERITORIOUS CONDUCT IN THE BATTLE OF PALO ALTO, TEX.)

(MAJOR, STAFF — QUARTERMASTER, MAR. 3, 1847)

1847–56, being in charge of the Quartermaster Depot and Office of Army Clothing and Equipage, at Schuylkill Arsenal, — St. Louis, Mo., 1856–58, as Chief Quartermaster, — and Quartermaster of the Department of

(LIEUT.-COL., STAFF — DEP. QUARTERMASTER-GEN., DEC. 22, 1856)

Utah, May 27, 1858, to Sep. 18, 1860.

Served during the Rebellion of the Seceding States, 1861–66 : as Chief Quartermaster of the Department of Pennsylvania and the Shenandoah, Apr. 29 to Aug. 24, 1861 ; in charge of the Quartermaster's Department at Philadelphia, Pa., and Depot of Clothing and Equipage, Schuylkill Arsenal, Sep. 27, 1861, to Aug. 27, 1864 ; in the preparation for publica-

(COL., STAFF — ASST. QUARTERMASTER-GEN., FEB. 26, 1863)

tion of a "Manual for the Quartermaster's Department," Sep. 20, 1864, to Mar. 10, 1866.

(BVT. BRIG.-GENERAL, AND BVT. MAJ.-GENERAL, U. S. ARMY, MAR. 13, 1865, FOR FAITHFUL AND MERITORIOUS SERVICES DURING THE REBELLION.)

Served : as Depot Quartermaster at Philadelphia, Pa., Mar. 10, 1866, to July 1, 1868, — and as Chief Quartermaster, Department of the East, Aug. 27, 1866, to July 1, 1868 ; and in settling his accounts, July 1,

(RETIRED FROM ACTIVE SERVICE, JULY 29, 1866, UNDER THE LAW OF JULY 17, 1862, HE BEING OVER "THE AGE OF 62 YEARS")

1868, to Feb. 21, 1870.

DIED, MAY 28, 1882, AT PHILADELPHIA, PA. : AGED 84.

356. . (Born N. Y.) . . . . . **CHARLES HOLT** . . . . . (Ap'd N. Y.) . . **31**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, Sep. 1, 1819, to July 1, 1823, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 2D INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1823.

SECOND LIEUT., 1ST INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1823.

Served in garrison at Sackett's Harbor, N. Y., 1823–24, — and at Ft. St. Philip, La., 1824.

DIED, SEP. 14, 1824, AT FT. ST. PHILIP, LA. : AGED 23.

357. . (Born Mas.) . . . . . **JOHN W. COTTON** . . . . . (Ap'd Mas.) . . **32**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, June 24, 1819, to July 1, 1823, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 5TH INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1823.

SECOND LIEUT., 3D INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1823.

Served : on frontier duty at Ft. St. Anthony, Min., 1823–24, — and Ft. Howard, Wis., 1824–25 ; on Recruiting service, 1825–26 ; on frontier duty at Jefferson Barracks, Mo., 1826–28, — Ft. Leavenworth, Kan., 1828–29,

(FIRST LIEUT., 3D INFANTRY, OCT. 4, 1827)

— Jefferson Barracks, Mo., 1829–30, — Choctaw Nation, 1830–31, — and Ft. Jesup, La., 1831–35 ; on sick leave of absence, 1835–37; on frontier

(CAPTAIN, 3D INFANTRY, NOV. 15, 1836)

duty at Ft. Towson, I. T., 1837–39; on Recruiting service, 1839–42; in garrison at Ft. Stansbury, Fla., 1842–43, — and Jefferson Barracks, Mo., 1843–44; and on frontier duty at Ft. Jesup (Camp Wilkins), La., 1844–45.

RESIGNED, NOV. 3, 1845.

Civil History. — Sutler to 3d Infantry, 1845–47. Superintendent of Schools, Bellevue, Wis., 1855 to 18—. President of Brown County, Wis., Agricultural Society, 1858 to 18—. Farmer, Green Bay, Wis., 1848–78.

DIED, SEP. 10, 1878, AT GREEN BAY, WIS.: AGED 79.

358..(Born Va.).. **EDMUND B. ALEXANDER**...(Ap'd Ky.)...**33**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, Oct. 6, 1818, to July 1, 1823, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 6TH INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1823.

SECOND LIEUT., 3D INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1823.

Served: on frontier duty at Ft. Atkinson, Council Bluffs, Io., 1824; in garrison at Detroit, Mich., 1824–25, — Green Bay, Wis., 1825–26, — Jefferson Barracks, Mo., 1826–27, — and Ft. Armstrong, Ill., 1828–29; on

(FIRST LIEUT., 3D INFANTRY, DEC. 29, 1827)

Recruiting service, 1829–30; on frontier duty at Jefferson Barracks, Mo., 1830, — Natchitoches, La., 1830–31, — and Ft. Towson, I. T., 1831–35; on Quartermaster duty at Ft. Towson, I. T., 1833–34, — Ft. Jesup, La.,

(ASST. QUARTERMASTER, DEC. 6, 1833, TO JULY 7, 1838)

1834–35, — Ft. Towson, I. T., 1835, — Ft. Jesup, La., 1835–38, — Ft.

(CAPT., STAFF — ASST. QUARTERMASTER, JULY 7, 1838, TO JUNE 18, 1846)

(CAPTAIN, 3D INFANTRY, JULY 7, 1838)

Smith, Ark., 1839, — Ft. Towson, I. T., 1840, — Ft. Jesup, La., 1840, — Ft. Towson, I. T., 1840, — Ft. Smith, Ark., 1840–43, — Washington, D. C., 1844, — and Ft. Smith, Ark., 1844–46; in the War with Mexico, 1846–48, being engaged in the Siege of Vera Cruz, Mar. 9–29, 1847, — Battle of Cerro Gordo, Apr. 17–18, 1847, — Skirmish of Ocalaca, Aug. 16, 1847,

(BVT. MAJOR, APR. 18, 1847, FOR GALLANT AND MERITORIOUS CONDUCT IN THE BATTLE OF CERRO GORDO, MEX.)

— Battle of Contreras, Aug. 19–20, 1847, — Battle of Churubusco, Aug. 20, 1847, — Storming of Chapultepec, Sep. 13, 1847, — and Assault

(BVT. LIEUT.-COLONEL, AUG. 20, 1847, FOR GALLANT AND MERITORIOUS CONDUCT IN THE BATTLES OF CONTRERAS AND CHURUBUSCO, MEX.)

and Capture of the City of Mexico, Sep. 13–14, 1847; in garrison at Jefferson Barracks, Mo., 1848–49; on frontier duty, on march to New Mexico, 1849, — Santa Fé, N. M., 1849–50, — Las Vegas, N. M., 1850–51,

(MAJOR, 8TH INFANTRY, NOV. 10, 1851)

— Ft. Union, N. M., 1851–52, — Ft. M'Kavett, Tex., 1853, — March to El Paso, 1853, — and Ft. Bliss, Tex., 1854–55; in garrison at Carlisle Barracks, Pa., 1855; on frontier duty at Ft. Snelling, Min., 1855–56, —

(COLONEL, 10TH INFANTRY, MAR. 3, 1855)

Ft. Ridgely, Min., 1856–57, — and Utah Expedition, 1857–58; on leave of absence, 1858–60; and on frontier duty at Ft. Laramie, Dak., 1860–62, — and Ft. Kearny, Neb., 1862–63.

Served during the Rebellion of the Seceding States, 1863–66: as Acting Asst. Provost Marshal General, Superintendent of Volunteer Recruiting Service, and Chief Mustering and Disbursing Officer for the State

of Missouri, headquarters, St. Louis, Mo., May 1, 1863, to Apr. 25, 1866;
(BVT. BRIG.-GENERAL, U. S. ARMY, OCT. 18, 1865, FOR MERITORIOUS SERVICES IN THE RECRUITMENT OF THE ARMIES OF THE UNITED STATES)
in command of 10th Infantry at Ft. Snelling, Min., May, 1866, to Feb. 22, 1868.

RETIRED FROM ACTIVE SERVICE, FEB. 22, 1868, UNDER THE LAW OF JULY 17, 1862, HE BEING OVER "THE AGE OF 62 YEARS."

DIED, JAN. 3, 1888, AT WASHINGTON, D. C.: AGED 85.

359..(Born Ten.).....**ALBERT S. MILLER**.....(Ap'd Ten.)..**34**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, Nov. 6, 1818, to July 1, 1823, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 7TH INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1823.

SECOND LIEUT., 1ST INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1823.

Served: in garrison at Ft. Smith, Ark., 1823–24, — and Baton Rouge, La., 1824–25; on Missouri River, 1825–26; on Recruiting service, 1826–29;
(FIRST LIEUT., 1ST INFANTRY, MAY 31, 1829)
on frontier duty at Ft. Winnebago, Wis., 1829, 1830–31, — and Ft. St. Anthony, Min., 1831–32; in the "Black Hawk" War against the Sac Indians, 1832, being engaged in the Battle of Bad Axe River, Aug. 2, 1832; as Aide-de-Camp to Bvt. Maj.-General Gaines, Mar. 4, 1833, to Sep. 13, 1835; in garrison at Ft. Crawford, Wis., 1835–37, — and Jeffer-
(CAPTAIN, 1ST INFANTRY, NOV. 14, 1836)
son Barracks, Mo., 1837; in the Florida War against the Seminole Indians, 1837–38, being engaged in the Battle of Okee-cho-bee, Dec. 25, 1837; in the Cherokee Nation, 1838, while transferring the Indians to the West; in the Florida War, 1839–40, 1840–41; on frontier duty at Ft. Crawford, Wis., 1841–42, — on Recruiting service, 1842; on frontier duty at Ft. Crawford, Wis., 1842–44, — Ft. Atkinson, Io., 1844–45, — and Jefferson Barracks, Mo., 1845–46; in the War with Mexico, 1846–48, being engaged in the Battle of Monterey, Sep. 21–23, 1846, — Siege of Vera
(BVT. MAJOR, SEP. 23, 1846, FOR GALLANT AND MERITORIOUS CONDUCT IN THE SEVERAL CONFLICTS AT MONTEREY, MEX.)
Cruz, Mar. 9–29, 1847, — and in garrison at Vera Cruz, 1847–48, and at
(MAJOR, 2D INFANTRY, MAR. 15, 1848)
the City of Mexico, 1848; in garrison at East Pascagoula, Mis., 1848, — and Ft. Hamilton, N. Y., 1848–49; and on frontier duty at Monterey, Cal., 1849, — Expedition to the Sierra Nevada, 1850, — and Benicia, Cal., 1850–52.

DIED, DEC. 7, 1852, AT BENICIA, CAL.: AGED 49.

360..(Born N. Y.)..**EGBERT B. BIRDSALL**...(Ap'd N. Y.)..**35**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, Sep. 10, 1818, to July 1, 1823, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 3D INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1823.

SECOND LIEUT., 3D INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1823.

Served: in garrison at Ft. Mifflin, Pa., 1824–25; on frontier duty at Ft. Howard, Wis., 1825–26, — and Jefferson Barracks, Mo., 1826–27; on detached service, 1827–28; on frontier duty at Jefferson Barracks, Mo., 1828, — and Ft. Leavenworth, Kan., 1828–29; on Commissary duty at Jefferson Barracks, Mo., 1829–30, 1831, — Ft. Jesup, La., 1831–32, —

(FIRST LIEUT., 3D INFANTRY, FEB. 17, 1829)

March to Ft. Towson, I. T., 1832, — and Ft. Jesup, La., 1832; on Recruiting service, 1833; on frontier duty at Ft. Jesup, La., 1833–35; on Recruiting service, 1835–36; on frontier duty at Ft. Towson, I. T.,

(CAPTAIN, 8TH INFANTRY, JULY 7, 1835)

1836–38; on Northern Frontier during Canada Border Disturbances, at Sackett's Harbor, N. Y., 1838, — Recruiting, 1838–39, — Sackett's Harbor, N. Y., 1839, — Recruiting, 1839, — Sackett's Harbor, N. Y., 1840, — and Recruiting, 1840–41; in the Florida War, 1841; and on sick leave of absence, 1841–45.

DIED, MAR. 4, 1845, AT ST. AUGUSTINE, FLA.: AGED 45.

CLASS OF 1824.

361..(Born N. Y.)...**DENNIS H. MAHAN**.....(Ap'd Va.)..**1**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, Sep. 1, 1820, to July 1, 1824, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., CORPS OF ENGINEERS, JULY 1, 1824.

SECOND LIEUT., CORPS OF ENGINEERS, JULY 1, 1824, TO JAN. 1, 1832.

Served: at the Military Academy, 1824–26, as Asst. Professor of Mathematics, Aug. 29, 1824, to Aug. 31, 1825, — and as Principal Asst. Professor of Engineering, Aug. 31, 1825, to Aug. 1, 1826; in Europe, on professional duty, by order of the War Department, Aug. 1, 1826, to June 15, 1830, being attached, by authority of the French Minister of War, as pupil to the Military School of Engineers and Artillerists at Metz, France, Jan. 1, 1829, to Mar. 10, 1830; and at the Military Academy, as Acting Professor of Engineering, Sep. 1, 1830, to Jan. 1, 1832, — and as

(PROFESSOR OF ENGINEERING, U. S. MILITARY ACADEMY, JAN. 1, 1832)

Professor of Engineering, Jan. 1, 1832, to Sep. 16, 1871.

Civil History. — Appointed, June 17, 1850, by the Governor of Virginia, Member of a Board of Engineers to decide the controversy between the City of Wheeling and the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad Company as to the true and proper route of the railroad to the city of Wheeling. Author of a "Treatise on Field Fortifications," 1836; of "Elementary Course of Civil Engineering," for the use of the Cadets of the U. S. Military Academy, 1837; of "Elementary Treatise on Advanced Guard, Outpost, Detachment Service of Troops, and Strategy," 1847–64; "Elementary Treatise on Industrial Drawing," 1853; Additions to "Moseley's Mechanical Principles of Engineering and Architecture," of which he edited an American Edition, 1856; "Treatise on Fortification Drawing and Stereotomy," 1865; and "Elements of Permanent Fortification," 1867. Member of the Geographical Society of Paris, 1828; and of many scientific associations in the United States. Corporator of the National Academy of Sciences, Mar. 3, 1863, to Sep. 16, 1871. Degree of A. M. conferred by Brown University, R. I., — and by Princeton College, N. J., 1837; and of LL. D., by William and Mary College, Va., 1852, — by Brown University, R. I., 1852, — and by Dartmouth College, N. H., 1867.

DROWNED IN THE HUDSON RIVER, NEAR STONY POINT, N. Y., SEP. 16, 1871: AGED 69.

BIOGRAPHICAL SKETCH.

PROFESSOR DENNIS HART MAHAN, whose distressful death, in his seventieth year, took place by drowning in the Hudson River, near Stony

Point, Sep. 16, 1871, was born Apr. 2, 1802, in the city of New York. While yet an infant he was taken to Norfolk, Va., where he passed most of his boyhood. Destined for the profession of medicine, while studying with Dr. Archer in Richmond, Va., he learned by accident that drawing, for which he had a decided talent, was taught at West Point. Incited by a desire to acquire a knowledge of the graphic art, he, at the age of eighteen, secured a Cadet's appointment at the Military Academy through his influential and appreciative patron, the Hon. Thomas Newton, long the venerated Nestor of the U. S. House of Representatives. From his entrance into the Academy, his native talent, strong character, and persevering industry marked him as the foremost youth of his class. After the first year of his Cadetship he received, while only a third-classman, the unusual honor of being appointed an Acting Assistant Professor of Mathematics, which imposed upon him double study, and often robbed him of his time for rest. Rarely did he get over six hours for sleep, but by this steady application he laid the sure foundation of his future eminence.

On July 1, 1824, he was graduated at the head of his class and promoted into the Corps of Engineers of the Army, in which he continued a Second Lieutenant till Jan. 1, 1832. After two years' service at the Academy as Assistant Professor of Mathematics till Aug. 3, 1825, and then as Principal Asst. Professor of Engineering till Aug. 1, 1826, he, by order of the War Department, was sent to Europe on professional duty, where he remained four years examining public works and military institutions, being attached from Jan. 1, 1829, to Mar. 10, 1830, by authority of the French Minister of War, as a pupil in the celebrated Military School of Application for Engineers and Artillerists at Metz, where distinguished officers like Poncelet were his professors, and many since known to fame were his fellow-students.

At Metz, a magnificent city even in the times of the Roman Emperors, and the grandest bulwark of France, fearlessly bidding defiance to every foe from Charles V. till wrenched from Gallic sway by the greater hosts of another Charles of Germany, Mahan was the daily observer of its imposing architecture, its immense library rich in the works and manuscripts of the great masters of the art of war, its vast arsenal of trophies and arms, and its wondrous lines of fortification created by the genius of Vauban and Cormontaigne. Continually surrounded with such sites, breathing the air of the birthplace of so many whose swords and pens have rendered their names celebrated in military annals, on the very theatre where nations had so often contended for empire, instructed by teachers who had been educated in the campaigns of the great Napoleon, and constantly contending for the prize of engineering fame with the most brilliant pupils of a renowned school, it is not surprising that Mahan returned to his Alma Mater full of the lore and professional *esprit* fitted to make him worthy of the responsible trust to which he was at once called.

On Sep. 1, 1832, he took charge of the Department of Civil and Military Engineering at West Point, and continued at its head till removed by death, a period of over forty-one years. Though able men like Professors Crozet and Douglass had preceded him, such were the advancing requirements of the engineering art that it may be said Mahan had to almost recreate his entire course of instruction. As suitable textbooks did not exist, he, with great industry and research, at once endeavored to supply their place by lectures and lithographic notes. These became the groundwork of his subsequent publications on engineering and the art of war, which are of such priceless profit to our own Military Academy, are the adopted authorities for other schools in our country, and have even extended their influence to foreign lands.

These text-books, which were the life-long labor of this accomplished scholar, profound thinker, and most diligent student, and which have performed such an important part in the education of nearly our entire Army then living, and of many eminent engineers, can only briefly be commented upon in this limited notice. To do full justice to their varied merits would require a very extended review.

Mahan's "Treatise on Field Fortification" made its first appearance in 1836, having since passed through six or seven editions, — in all over 10,000 copies. In 1865 it was greatly enlarged and improved, and now, with Military Mining and Siege Operations, constitutes Part I. of "An Elementary Course of Military Engineering." This small volume contains in a very condensed and well-digested form a vast amount of valuable military information. It is unquestionably the best work on the subject in our language, has been fairly tested in our late civil war by both regular and volunteer officers, with many of whom it was a constant manual, and has received the highest commendations of experienced engineers at home and abroad.

Mahan's "Permanent Fortifications" constitutes Part II. of the same "Elementary Course of Military Engineering." This work, which had to be adapted to the limited time allowed for the study of this branch of engineering at the Military Academy, is necessarily very concise, and touches only the general principles of permanent defenses, embracing a brief sketch of their component elements; an outline description and analysis of the various bastioned, tenailled, polygonal, and recent German systems; the influence of irregularities of sites on the character of works; the accessory means of defense; the defensive organization of frontiers; and the progress and changes of fortification from the earliest period to the present times. This admirably arranged work is a clear embodiment of the elements of the fortification art, and was the result of years of close study and unwearied research.

Mahan's "Advanced Guard, Outpost, and Detachment Service of Troops," published in 1847, was so enlarged in 1862 that it may now be more properly called an "Elementary Treatise on the Art of War." The demand for this work, amounting to over 8,000 copies, has been very great, it having been adopted in many State military schools, by the National Guard of New York, and by most volunteer and regular officers during the late Rebellion. Both this and the work on field fortifications were considered so indispensable in the Seceding States that they were reprinted there, the publisher having patriotically refused to sell them any copies.

Mahan's "Treatise on Fortification Drawing and Stereotomy," published in 1865, is an application of descriptive geometry to many problems of military constructions and stone-cutting, which subject had been taught orally for many years by the Professor to the Cadets of the Military Academy.

Mahan's "Course of Civil Engineering," first published in 1837, was continually enlarged and improved with the progress of engineering, till 1868, when he recast and rewrote the greater portion of the book. He was diligently employed till within a month of his death in entirely remodelling the work for a new edition, to meet the advancing requirements of engineering constructions. The value and immense popularity of this volume are best attested by its sale of over 15,000 copies. It is to be found in the hands of all our civil engineers, is the adopted text-book on engineering in many of our academies and colleges, has been reproduced in quarto form in England, being used in one of the government schools in India, and has been translated in whole or in part into several foreign languages. Nowhere in the same space can a like amount

of engineering information be found as in this tersely written, compact work.

Mahan's American edition of "Moseley's Mechanical Principles of Engineering and Architecture," first published in 1856, reached a second edition in 1869. The clearness and elegance of Moseley's methods of treating the subjects of his work had already established its authority with the profession when Mahan undertook its revision, the correction of its many mathematical errors, and the addition of an invaluable appendix, thereby making the American edition an established classic on the mechanics of engineering and architecture.

Mahan's "Industrial Drawing," first published in 1853, has since gone through numerous editions. It was specially designed for academies and common schools, where it is now extensively used for teaching such as had no time to acquire a complete scientific education, but, as mechanics, would be in constant need of the elements of geometrical and sometimes even of topographical drawing to render their ideas clear and intelligible to others. The practical mind of Mahan was drawn to the importance of this kind of knowledge by his frequent intercourse with the workmen of the West Point foundry, to whom he gave a gratuitous course of instruction on the subject, which was productive of the most excellent results.

Though best known as an author of works on engineering and the art of war, Mahan was a *littérateur* of no common order. His pen was ever in its rest ready to do vigorous battle for the advancement of truth, whether in professional matters, scientific subjects, or the current topics of the day; but his favorite themes were the Military Academy, the Army, and his Country.

Connected as Mahan had been for half a century with the Military Academy, for over forty years at the head of one of its most prominent departments of instruction, and dean of its Faculty, no one had been more identified with the high mission and fair fame of this noble institution; and hence did he feel it particularly incumbent on him to brush away with his powerful pen the slightest blot attempted to be placed upon its bright escutcheon, to fearlessly assert its priceless worth to the nation, and to promptly repel the insidious assaults of designing demagogues working its injury or downfall.

As the senior graduate who had not been retired, and the educator of all then in active service, Mahan naturally felt that the Army was in no small measure his own creation, and he somewhat the foster-father of a numerous progeny of which he was justly proud; hence he was quick to shield worthy officers from unmerited reproach, or sound the praises of such men as Grant, Sherman, Thomas, and a host of his distinguished children well known to fame.

In defense of his country's reputation, whether at home or abroad, Mahan, with his incisive pen, ever stood forth a champion knight; and in our civil strife, though reared in a seceding State, no utterance escaped his lips but of loving loyalty to that flag he so revered for threescore years and ten.

Such were the productions of his prolific pen, which have given him a world-wide reputation, and placed him in the foremost ranks of erudite engineers and eminent savants. Appreciating his attainments and honoring themselves, institutions of learning bestowed upon him their highest distinctions. Both Brown and Princeton conferred the honorary degree of A.M., in 1837; and William and Mary, Brown, and Dartmouth each gave that of LL.D. In 1828 he was elected a Member of the Geographical Society of Paris, and since of many scientific associations in the United States, particularly of the National Academy of Sciences, of which he was one of the original fifty corporators.

Besides these academic recognitions of his worthiness, his professional opinions were often sought. In 1850 the Governor of Virginia appointed him to decide the vexed controversy between the litigants regarding the location of the great railroad bridge at Wheeling, Va.

But it is on his professorial capacity that his fame chiefly rests, especially with the graduates of the Military Academy, all of whom, living when he died, save about 130, were educated by him in civil engineering, architecture, stereotomy, military engineering, and the science of war. As a professor he had a threefold relation: first, to his pupils; second, to his assistants, who were detailed to assist him in the instruction of Cadets; and lastly, as a member of the Faculty of the Military Academy.

To his pupils he was not simply the learned teacher, but the disciplinary officer and high-toned gentleman. When he entered the recitation room of Cadets, they involuntarily straightened up and sharpened all their faculties, sensible that they were to undergo the precise movements of a mental drill. Never for a moment were the relations of the inferior to his superior allowed to be forgotten, nor the most rigid requirements of military subordination to be relaxed. All points of etiquette and every exaction demanded by regulations were strictly enforced, not only to impress his pupils with the necessity of wholesome discipline, but to cultivate in them the manners and habits which should ever characterize officers, — gentlemanly deportment, strict integrity, devotion to duty, chivalric honor, and genuine loyalty. These essentials of a trustworthy soldier he assiduously instilled in the minds of Cadets, as many graduates can testify when they revert to some vital precept inculcated by that excellent officer and noble man. Great, however, as he was in moulding the actions and characters of his pupils, he was greater in instructing them. He had an almost intuitive perception of the exact amount of information possessed by each on the subject-matter of the lesson in hand, and by a few dexterous questions would quickly winnow the kernel of knowledge from the chaff of pretension. All shams were mercilessly exposed by his keen and telling criticisms, and few brains escaped his piercing probe. Sometimes, perhaps, he was a little captious and irritable, but it must be recollected that with broken health the mind becomes sensitive to trivial offenses, and is apt to magnify them into real affronts. But however sarcastic he might appear, his severity was not designed to wound his pupils nor do them any injustice. If the difficulties of the lesson were too great to be overcome, the Professor was ever ready to explain all its intricacies, and with his skillful analysis give it a new portraiture clearly photographing it to the comprehension of the student. In this power of analysis, sharpened by critical study and laborious research, he was an accomplished master. Especially did he possess it in the consideration of a siege, a battle, or a campaign, which in his hands, from what appeared to be a complex jumble of chance events, became a striking illustration of the true principles of tactics and strategy. With what pleasure and profit can graduates, particularly those of later years, recall his graphic pictures of the battle of Leuctra, where Epaminondas won such unfading laurels; of Scipio's destruction of the Carthaginian power on the fatal field of Zama; of Cæsar securing the empire of the Roman world at Pharsalia; of Frederic's masterly success at Leuthen; of Napoleon's wondrous campaigns in Italy, Germany, and France; and of our own mighty contests at Gettysburg, Vicksburg, Nashville, along the death-strewn march to Atlanta, and in the giant struggle from the Rapidan to our crowning triumph at Appomattox!

But it was especially the privilege of the young officers of engineers who were detailed as assistants to this learned professor and eminent educator to profit by his treasured stores of knowledge, to learn his skilled methods of educating youth, to discover that the goal of success is only

reached by patient toil, to feel the influence of his example, which by faithful service had built up an enviable reputation, and to enjoy the friendship of one who rarely engrafted his affections except upon true merit.

As a member of the Faculty at West Point, his whole aim was to advance the prosperity of the Military Academy, to keep it up to the highest standard as an educational institution, to preserve its reputation as the first scientific school in the land, to render it worthy of the nation of whose military glory it was the custodian, and to graduate honorable men, accomplished scholars, and finished soldiers. For these ends he was ready to make any sacrifice, to suffer even in health, and to labor without limit. Those who have been associated with him on the Academic Board well know his bold advocacy of vital principles, his manly opposition to all external influences, his inflexibility of character in maintaining the right, and his singleness of purpose in supporting the best interests of the institution. Any assault upon the Academy he felt as keenly as a thrust at his own reputation, which he quickly resented with all his mental might; and his noblest pride was awakened and his joy unbounded at every evidence on the part of its graduates that they had profited by the teachings of the institution and won laurels for their Alma Mater.

Such was this model professor, who for forty academic years had patiently implanted the principles of engineering and the art of war in the minds of about two thousand pupils, who had devoted nearly all his hours not in recitation to the study of his profession, and who denied himself even healthful recreation that he might have more time to endow his department with the wealth of his intellectual riches. Rarely did he take a day's leisure from his duties, or even hours from close application, except on Saturday evenings, when his constant practice was to relax his routine of labor at Cold Spring, in the hospitable mansion of Mr. Gouverneur Kemble, or "old Uncle Gouv," as he is more fondly called by all the graduates of the Military Academy, to whom he has ever been the genial, generous friend, and of their Alma Mater a steadfast supporter for more than half a century. During the summer encampment of Cadets, though on leave of absence for recruiting tired nature, Mahan would often spend his entire vacation in examining fortifications, harbor and river improvements, and other public works, that he might profit by the experience of educated engineers to enrich the West Point curriculum. In these summer tours he rarely omitted a visit to General Thayer, the venerated "Father of the Military Academy," to pay his personal homage of affectionate regard, and confer with him upon all pertaining to the welfare of the institution of which he had planted the precious germ that has brought forth such golden fruit. None more than Mahan appreciated the inestimable value of the services to the whole military profession of this great Superintendent of the Academy, under whom he had been educated, and none more worthily wore his mantle than he who had so long been his eldest child at that institution which has been the guard and glory — *præsidium et decus* — of our arms.

Mahan bore unusually well the fatiguing ordeal of the last June examination of Cadets, and at its close was anticipating the repose of his summer relaxation when it was disturbed by rumors that the Board of Visitors had recommended his retirement and disconnection with the Academy. It is true that he had passed the age when Army officers are usually withdrawn from active service, but the President, who had been his pupil, and well knew that his intellectual vigor was unimpaired, had exercised a wise discretion allowed him by law in continuing this trusted professor in a position he had so long and so ably filled. Though he had nearly reached the Psalmist's span of life, he was yet mentally young, — younger than Nesselrode when at the head of the Russian ministry, or

Gortchakoff, late in that responsible position; than Thiers, when he was the ruler of France; than Metternich when he held his iron rule over Austria; than Palmerston or Russell when controlling England's destinies; than Wellington and Radetsky when exercising supreme military command; or than Blücher or Moltke when conducting colossal campaigns.

These reports as to his retirement, over which he continually brooded, soon settled into positive knowledge by the publication to the world of the report of the Board of Visitors. The effect upon him, who had been so long identified with the prosperity and success of the Military Academy, and whose attainments and devotion had so greatly contributed to its proud pre-eminence, was most melancholy. Of delicate frame and with a highly nervous organization, he was peculiarly susceptible to the power of such an unexpected blow. At his age the physical constitution cannot well contend with acute mental distress, as was evident with him when in the beginning of September he entered upon the instruction of his forty-second class in engineering. It was painfully manifest that the fatal shaft had entered his brain, as in occasional paroxysms he gave unmistakable signs of mental aberration.

By the advice of his wife and friends, he reluctantly and with feelings of deep dejection left West Point by the steamer Mary Powell, in company with a faithful inmate of his family, for the purpose of consulting Dr. Gray, of New York, who had long been his trusted physician. Some time after leaving the wharf, while he was promenading the steamboat's deck for exercise, his companion urged him to put on his overcoat, as the morning was chilly. Cheerfully he complied, and was easily induced soon after to go into the forward saloon. While seated here he complained of being too warm, and removed his rubbers and overcoat. Shortly he was noticed to rest his head in both hands as if in great agony, and his legs to twitch convulsively. While thus suffering, probably from one of his acute paroxysms, by which he was bereft of reason, he suddenly rose, passed through the saloon door, which was quite near, and in his frenzy going to the side of the boat, just in front of the port wheel-house, he was suddenly in the jaws of death, — his body to the watery deep, and his soul to the heaven above.

Thus terminated the tragedy of life of this world-renowned man; the erudite engineer, whose study was to emulate the great masters of his profession; the accomplished scholar, the sweet food of whose mind was gathered in the richest fields of science; the skillful educator, whose glory was to rear soldiers worthy of the Republic; the conscientious officer, who resolutely labored to secure the ends for which he was appointed; the pure patriot, who best served his country in her darkest hour; the upright Christian, whose tone of sentiment was lofty and sincere; the courteous gentleman, whose suavity was the rival of his modesty; the trustworthy friend, whose affection, though not of hasty growth, was lasting when worthily bestowed; the fond father, devoted to his children's welfare; and the loving husband of the congenial partner of all his joys and sorrows.

Like the great actor who had well played his part and won the plaudits of all, it was not his to choose in what part of the drama of life he had to make his final exit. He now sleeps in the shadow of his own academic groves, yet lives one of those

> "Who leave a deathless name behind —
> Friends of the world, and fathers of mankind."

362..(Born Me.).....**JOHN W. A. SMITH**.....(Ap'd Me.)..**2**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1820,

to July 1, 1824, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 2D ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1824.

SECOND LIEUT., 1ST ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1824.

Served: at the Military Academy, 1824–26, — as Asst. Professor of Mathematics, Aug. 29 to Nov. 4, 1824, — and Asst. Professor of Chemistry, Mineralogy, and Geology, Nov. 4, 1824, to Mar. 26, 1826; in garrison at Ft. Independence, Mas., 1826–27; and on Commissary duty, 1827.

DISMISSED, FEB. 12, 1828, FOR UNGENTLEMANLY CONDUCT.

Civil History. — Surveyor and Teacher, near Milford, N. H., 1828–32. Counselor at Law, Milford, N. H., 1832–35.

ACCIDENTALLY KILLED, JUNE 29, 1835, AT MILFORD, N. H.: AGED 34.

363..(Born N. H.)....**ROBERT P. PARROTT**....(Ap'd N. H.)..**3**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1820, to July 1, 1824, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 1ST ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1824.

SECOND LIEUT., 3D ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1824.

Served: at the Military Academy, 1824–29, as Asst. Professor of Natural and Experimental Philosophy, Aug. 29, 1824, to Sep. 8, 1826, — as Asst. Professor of Mathematics, Sep. 8, 1826, to Sep. 14, 1828, — and as Principal Asst. Professor of Natural and Experimental Philosophy, Sep. 14, 1828, to Sep. 2, 1829; in garrison at Ft. Constitution, N. H., 1829–31, — Ft. Independence, Mas., 1831–34; on Ordnance duty, Jan. 27,

(FIRST LIEUT., 3D ARTILLERY, AUG. 27, 1831)

1834, to Nov. 30, 1835; on Staff duty, in military operations in Creek Nation, 1836; and as Assistant in the Ordnance Bureau at Washington,

(CAPTAIN, ORDNANCE, JAN. 13, 1836)

D. C., 1836.

RESIGNED, OCT. 31, 1836.

Civil History. — First Judge of the Court of Common Pleas, Putnam County, N. Y., 1843–47. Superintendent of Schools, Phillipstown, Putnam County, N. Y., 1848–56. Superintendent of "West Point Iron and Cannon Foundry" at Cold Spring, N. Y., 1836–67. Inventor of the Parrott guns and projectiles.*

DIED, DEC. 24, 1877, AT COLD SPRING, N. Y.: AGED 73.

* This system of Rifled Ordnance was first introduced into actual service at the Battle of Bull Run, Va., July 21, 1861. Throughout the Rebellion of 1861-66 of the Seceding States, these guns were most extensively and successfully used by both Army and Navy, and were conspicuously serviceable in almost the closing operations of the war, before Mobile. The calibres of these guns are now made from 10 to 300 pounds. In General Gillmore's operations against Fort Sumter and Charleston, S. C., in 1863–64, one of these guns, a 30-pounder, was fired from Cumming's Point 4,606 times before bursting, and generally at 40° elevation, with charges of 3¾ pounds. Of these rounds, 4,253 reached the city of Charleston, a distance not less than four miles. This is, perhaps, the most noted instance of endurance on record.

364..(Born S. C.)....**R. EDWARD HAZZARD**....(Ap'd S. C.)..**4**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1820, to July 1, 1824, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 4TH ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1824.

SECOND LIEUT., 2D ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1824.

Served on Topographical duty, July 14, 1824, to Mar. 28, 1829.

RESIGNED, SEP. 30, 1829.

Civil History. — Civil Engineer in Louisiana, 1829–31.

DIED, 1831, IN ST. BERNARD PARISH, LA. : AGED 27.

365..(Born Pa.).....**JOHN KING FINDLAY**.....(Ap'd Pa.)..**5**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1820, to July 1, 1824, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 3D ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1824.

SECOND LIEUT., 1ST ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1824.

Served : at the Military Academy, 1824–25, as Asst. Professor of Chemistry, Mineralogy, and Geology, Aug. 29 to Nov. 4, 1824, — and Asst. Professor of Geography, History, and Ethics, Nov. 4, 1824, to Apr. 17, 1825 ; and on Topographical duty, Aug. 6, 1825, to May 13, 1828.

RESIGNED, MAY 13, 1828.

Civil History. — Counselor at Law, Pennsylvania, 1831–45. Captain, Pennsylvania Militia, 1840–45, and 1852–56. Recorder of the City of Lancaster, 1841–45. Judge of the District Court for the City and County of Philadelphia, Apr. 1 to Dec. 1, 1851 ; and President of the Third Judicial District of Pennsylvania, Dec. 1, 1857, to 1862. Police Magistrate of Philadelphia, Pa., 1880. Counselor at Law, Philadelphia, Pa., 1862–85.

DIED, SEP. 13, 1885, AT SPRING LAKE, N. J. : AGED 82.

366..(Born Del.)....**NAPOLEON B. BENNETT**....(Ap'd Pa.)..**6**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1820, to July 1, 1824, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 3D ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1824.

SECOND LIEUT., 3D ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1824.

Served : on Topographical duty, July 14, 1824, to Mar. 6, 1828 ; in garrison at Ft. Monroe, Va. (Artillery School for Practice), 1828 ; on Topographical duty, Nov. 25, 1828, to Aug. 5, 1829 ; on Regimental Staff duty, 1829–30 ; in garrison at Ft. Independence, Mas., 1830–32, — Ft. Monroe, Va. (Artillery School for Practice), 1832 ; and on the "Black Hawk Expedition," 1832, but not at the seat of war.

DIED, NOV. 2, 1832, AT STAUNTON, VA. : AGED 26.

367..(Born Mis.)...**JOHN N. DILLAHUNTY**....(Ap'd Mis.)..**7**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, Sep. 1, 1820, to July 1, 1824, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 4TH ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1824.

SECOND LIEUT., 1ST ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1824.

Served on Topographical duty, July 1, 1824, to Jan. 31, 1832.

RESIGNED, APR. 14, 1832.

Civil History. — Engineer of Woodville, Mis., and St. Francisville, La., Railroad, 1832–44. Planter, St. Francisville, La., 1834–44.

DIED, 1844, AT WOODVILLE, MIS. : AGED 44.

368..(Born N. C.)....**FRANCIS L. JONES**.....(Ap'd Ten.)..**8**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July. 1, 1820, to July 1, 1824, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 4TH ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1824.

SECOND LIEUT., 2D ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1824.

Served : in garrison at Ft. Monroe, Va. (Artillery School for Practice), 1825–26, — and Ft. Columbus, N. Y., 1826–27, 1827–29, 1830–31 ; on

(TRANSFERRED TO 4TH ARTILLERY, SEP. 14, 1827)

Ordnance duty, Mar. 31, 1831, to Dec. 31, 1833 ; in garrison at Ft. Mon-

(FIRST LIEUT., 4TH ARTILLERY, JAN. 31, 1832.

roe, Va., 1834–35 ; in transferring Indians, Dec. 9, 1835, to June 28, 1836 ; on Ordnance duty, July 14 to Dec. 24, 1836 ; in the Florida War, 1836–39 ; and on sick leave of absence, 1839–42.

RESIGNED, JUNE 10, 1842.

Civil History. — Farmer, Missouri, 1842 to 18—.

DIED, 18—.

369..(Born N. H.)....**GEORGE W. LONG**.....(Ap'd N. H.)..**9**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1820, to July 1, 1824, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 1ST ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1824.

SECOND LIEUT., 4TH ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1824.

Served : on Topographical duty, July 14, 1824, to Mar. 17, 1825 ; in garrison at Ft. Monroe, Va. (Artillery School for Practice), 1825–27, being the Instructor of Mathematics, Dec. 22, 1825, to Nov. 13, 1826, — Ft. St. Philip, La., 1827, — Bay of St. Louis, Mis., 1827, — Ft. Columbus, N. Y., 1827, — and West Point, N. Y., 1827–28 ; at the Military Academy, as Asst. Professor of Natural and Experimental Philosophy, Aug. 31,

(FIRST LIEUT., 4TH ARTILLERY, FEB. 2, 1832)

1828, to Feb. 1, 1829 ; and on Engineer duty, Nov. 21, 1829, to Feb. 21, 1835.

RESIGNED, DEC. 31, 1835.

Civil History — Chief Engineer of Louisiana, 1835–38, — and of Alton and Mount Carmel Railroad, Ill., 1839–41. Superintendent, in the service of the United States, of the construction of Marine Hospitals, at Natchez, Mis., and Paducah, Ky., 1849–51, — and of improvement of Illinois River, 1852–56. Farmer (Fruit and Vineyard Culture) near Alton, Ill., 1838–80.

DIED, JULY 7, 1880, NEAR ALTON, ILL. : AGED 80.

370..(Born R. I.)....**JOHN M. FESSENDEN**....(Ap'd Mas.)..**10**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1820, to July 1, 1824, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 1ST ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1824.

SECOND LIEUT., 4TH ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1824.

Served : on Topographical duty, July 1, 1824, to Mar. 5, 1828, on Chesapeake and Ohio Canal, 1824–26, — Kanawha, James, and Roanoke Rivers, 1827, — and Baltimore and Ohio Railroad, 1827–28 ; on leave of absence in Europe, for professional improvement, 1828–29 ; and in garrison at West Point, N. Y., 1829, — and Ft. Columbus, N. Y., 1829–30, 1830–31.

RESIGNED, NOV. 30, 1831.

Civil History. — Chief Engineer, Boston and Worcester Railroad, Mas., 1831–36 ; of Survey of Worcester and Springfield Railroad, Mas., 1835–36 ; of Boston and Newburyport Railroad, Mas., 1836–42 ; and of Salisbury and Portsmouth Railroad, N. H., 1839–43. Railroad Commis-

sioner of the State of Massachusetts, 1845–47. Lieut.-Colonel, Massachusetts Militia, 1832–36. Degree of A. M., conferred by Harvard University, Mas., 1846. U. S. Consul at Dresden, Saxony, 1850–51. State Commissioner for establishment of a Military Academy in Massachusetts, 1863–64. Member of Board of Visitors to the Military Academy, 1865.

DIED, FEB. 8, 1883, AT WASHINGTON, D. C.: AGED 81.

371..(Born Ky.)..**WILLIAM P. BAINBRIDGE**..(Ap'd Ky.)..**11**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1820, to July 1, 1824, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 3D ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1824.

SECOND LIEUT., 4TH ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1824.

Served: in garrison, at Ft. Monroe, Va. (Artillery School for Practice), 1824–26, — Ft. Marion, Fla., 1826–27, — Ft. Delaware, Del., 1827–31, — New Castle, Del., 1831–32, — Charleston Harbor, S. C., 1832–33, during

(FIRST LIEUT., 4TH ARTILLERY, MAY 30, 1832)

South Carolina's threatened nullification, — Ft. Hamilton, N. Y., 1833–36, — and Ft. Lafayette, N. Y., 1836; in Operations in Creek Nation, 1836; in the Florida War, 1836–38; in the Cherokee Nation, 1838, while transferring the Indians to the West; in garrison at Ft. Columbus, N. Y., 1838; on Recruiting service, 1838; in the Florida War, 1838–39; in garrison at Ft. Columbus, N. Y., 1839; at the Camp of Instruction, near Trenton, N. J., 1839; on the Northern Frontier during Canada Border Disturbances, at Ft. Gratiot, Mich., 1839–41, — and Sackett's Harbor, N. Y., 1841–42; in garrison, at Ft. Monroe, Va., 1842–46; in the War

(CAPTAIN, 4TH ARTILLERY, MAR. 19, 1842)

with Mexico, 1846–47, in garrison at Ft. Polk, Tex., 1846–47, — and engaged in the Siege of Vera Cruz, Mar. 9–29, 1847, and Battle of Cerro

(BVT. MAJOR, APR. 18, 1847, FOR GALLANT AND MERITORIOUS CONDUCT IN THE BATTLE OF CERRO GORDO, MEX.)

Gordo, Apr. 17–18, 1847; on sick leave of absence at Ft. Monroe, Va., 1847–48; in the War with Mexico, 1848, at the City of Mexico; in garrison at Ft. Monroe, Va., 1848, — and Ft. Pike, La., 1848–49; in Florida Hostilities against the Seminole Indians, 1849–50; and on sick leave of absence, 1850.

DIED, SEP. 16, 1850, AT WEST POINT, N. Y.: AGED 47.

372..(Born N. J.).....**JOHN M. W. PICTON***..(Ap'd N. Y.)..**12**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, Sep. 1, 1819, to July 1, 1824, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 2D ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1824.

SECOND LIEUT., 2D ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1824.

Served: in garrison at Ft. Monroe, Va. (Artillery School for Practice), 1825–26, — Ft. Columbus, N. Y., 1826–27, — Ft. St. Philip, La., 1827–28, Ft. Wood, La., 1828, — Bay of St. Louis, Mis., 1828, — Ft. Wood, La., 1828–29, — Bay of St. Louis, Mis., 1829, — and Ft. Wood, La., 1829–30; and on Recruiting service, 1831.

RESIGNED, MAR. 1, 1832.

Civil History. — Physician, New Orleans, La., 1832–59. Professor of Obstetrics, etc., New Orleans School of Medicine, La., 18— to —.

DIED, OCT. 28, 1859, AT NEW ORLEANS, LA.: AGED 55.

* Was the son of the Rev. THOMAS PICTON, Chaplain, and Professor of Geography, History, and Ethics, at the Military Academy, 1818–25.

373..(Born N. Y.)..**HORATIO A. WILSON**....(Ap'd N. Y.)..**13**

Military History.—Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1820, to July 1, 1824, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 2D ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1824.

SECOND LIEUT., 4TH ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1824.

Served: on Topographical duty, July 14, 1824, to Mar. 6, 1828; in garrison at Ft. Monroe, Va. (Artillery School for Practice), 1828,—and Ft. Columbus, N. Y., 1828–31; on Ordnance duty, Mar. 31 to Sep. 26, 1831; in garrison at Ft. Monroe, Va. (Artillery School for Practice), 1831–32;

(FIRST LIEUT., 4TH ARTILLERY, MAY 30, 1832)

on "Black Hawk Expedition," 1832; in garrison at Ft. Gratiot, Mich., 1832–33,—and Ft. Hamilton, N. Y., 1833; on Recruiting service, 1834; and in garrison at Ft. Hamilton, N. Y., 1834–35.

RESIGNED, JAN. 31, 1835.

Civil History.—Chief Engineer, Havana and Guines Railroad, Cuba, W. I., 1835–38. Counselor at Law, Troy, N. Y., 1841–50.

DIED, JAN. 17, 1850, AT TROY, N. Y.: AGED 46.

374..(Born Mas.)..**NICHOLAS TILLINGHAST**..(Ap'd Mas.)..**14**

Military History.—Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1820, to July 1, 1824, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

SECOND LIEUT., 7TH INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1824.

Served: on frontier duty at Ft. Gibson, I. T., 1825–27; at the Military Academy, 1827–34, as Asst. Professor of Chemistry, Mineralogy,

(FIRST LIEUT., 7TH INFANTRY, JUNE 30, 1830)

and Geology, Aug. 8, 1827, to Apr. 1, 1829, and Aug. 31 to Nov. 30, 1830,—and as Asst. Professor of Geography, History, and Ethics, Nov. 30,

(CAPTAIN, 7TH INFANTRY, JUNE 1, 1835)

1830, to Oct. 14, 1834; and on frontier duty at Ft. Gibson, I. T., 1835–36.

RESIGNED, JULY 31, 1836.

Civil History.—Principal of Normal School, Bridgewater, Mas. (established for the education of Teachers, by the State of Massachusetts), 1840–53. Elected Professor of Chemistry, Mineralogy, and Natural History, College of Louisiana, 18—; declined.

DIED, APR. 9, 1856, AT BRIDGEWATER, MAS.: AGED 51.

375..(Born S. C.)...**WILLIAM G. WILLIAMS**..(Ap'd S. C.)..**15**

Military History.—Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1820, to July 1, 1824, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

SECOND LIEUT., 7TH INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1824.

Served: on Topographical duty, July 24, 1824, to Jan. 28, 1834; on Sur-

(FIRST LIEUT., 7TH INFANTRY, APR. 30, 1833)

vey of site for Fort on Pea Patch Island, Delaware River, 1834,—of Ship

(BVT. CAPTAIN, STAFF—TOP. ENGINEERS, JAN. 28, 1834)

Canal around the Falls of Niagara, N. Y., 1835–36,—on Lake Champlain, N. Y., 1835,—and of Charleston, S. C., and Cincinnati, O., projected Railroad, 1836–37; on Military Reconnoissance of Cherokee Country, 1837–38; in charge of construction of harbor works on Lake Erie,

(CAPTAIN, CORPS OF TOP. ENGINEERS, JULY 7, 1838)

1838–43; as Superintendent of Survey of Northwestern Lakes, 1841–46, — and of Boundary between Michigan and Wisconsin, 1845–46; and as Chief Top. Engineer of the Army commanded by Major-General Taylor, in the War with Mexico, July 6 to Sep. 21, 1846, being engaged in the Battle of Monterey, Sep. 21, 1846, where he was Mortally Wounded.

DIED OF WOUNDS, SEP. 21, 1846, AT MONTEREY: AGED 45.

376..(Born Md.).....**ANTHONY DRANE**.....(Ap'd Md.)..**16**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1820, to July 1, 1824, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 7TH INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1824.

SECOND LIEUT., 5TH INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1824.

Served: on Topographical duty, Aug. 27, 1824, to June 20, 1825; on Commissary duty at Ft. Crawford, Wis., 1825–26, — Ft. Armstrong, Ill., 1826–27, — Ft. Crawford, Wis., 1827–28, — and Jefferson Barracks, Mo.,

(FIRST LIEUT., 5TH INFANTRY, AUG. 20, 1828)

1828; on Quartermaster duty in Quartermaster General's Office, Washington, D. C., 1829, — Natchitoches, La., 1829–30, — Ft. Jesup, La.,

(ASST. QUARTERMASTER, APR. 18, 1829, TO NOV. 25, 1835)

1830–31, — Cantonment, Leavenworth, Kan., 1831–32, — settling claims in Washington, D. C., 1832–33, — and New Orleans, La., 1833–35.

RESIGNED, NOV. 25, 1835.

Reinstated in the United States Army, Mar. 17, 1842, as

CAPTAIN, 5TH INFANTRY, TO RANK FROM OCT. 31, 1836.

Served; in garrison at Detroit, Mich., 1842–43; in arrest and suspended, 1843–45; and in Military Occupation of Texas, 1845–46.

CASHIERED, JULY 10, 1846, FOR "DRUNKENNESS ON DUTY."

Civil History. — Counselor at Law, New Orleans, La., 1847.

DIED, APR. 5, 1850, IN INSANE HOSPITAL, LOUISVILLE, KY.: AGED 50.

377..(Born Va.).....**LOUIS T. JAMISON**.....(Ap'd La.)..**17**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1820, to July 1, 1824, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 5TH INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1824.

SECOND LIEUT., 5TH INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1824.

Served: on frontier duty at Ft. Armstrong, Ill., 1825–26, — and Ft.

(RESIGNED, APR. 30, 1825)

(RE-APPOINTED SECOND LIEUT., 5TH INFANTRY, MAY 1, 1825)

Snelling, Min., 1826–28; on Commissary duty at Ft. Armstrong, Ill., 1828, — Ft. Crawford, Wis., 1828–29, — Ft. Dearborn, Ill., 1829–30, — Ft. Brady, Mich., 1830–33, — and Ft. Dearborn, Ill., 1833–37; and on Re-

(FIRST LIEUT., 5TH INFANTRY, APR. 23, 1830)

(CAPTAIN, 5TH INFANTRY, OCT. 31, 1836)

cruiting service, 1837–38.

DISMISSED, DEC. 31, 1838, UNDER SEC. 3 OF LAW OF JAN. 31, 1823.

Civil History. — Sutler at Ft. Mackinac, Mich., 1840–46. Storekeeper of Clothing, Camargo depot, Mex., 1846–48. Sutler at Camp

Ringgold, Tex., 1848–56. Justice of the Peace, Starr County, Tex., 1853–56.

DIED, JUNE 23, 1858, AT RIO GRANDE CITY : AGED 52.

378..(Born Ky.).....**WILLIAM BICKLEY**.....(Ap'd Ky.)..**18**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1820, to July 1, 1824, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 6TH INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1824.

SECOND LIEUT., 7TH INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1824.

On leave of absence, July 1, 1824, to Jan. 15, 1825.

RESIGNED, JAN. 15, 1825.

Civil History. — Farmer, Washington, Mason County, Ky., 1825–52. Major, Kentucky Militia, 18— to 18—. Member of the House of Representatives of the State of Kentucky, 1848 and 1849. Hotel proprietor, Washington, Ky., 1852–77.

DIED, JULY 21, 1877, AT WASHINGTON, KY. : AGED 75.

379..(Born Mas.).....**EPHRAIM W. LOW**.....(Ap'd Mas.)..**19**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, Sep. 1, 1820, to July 1, 1824, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 3D INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1824.

SECOND LIEUT., 1ST INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1824.

Served on frontier duty at Ft. Howard, Wis., 1824–25.

DROWNED, JULY 8, 1825, NEAR THE MOUTH OF FOX RIVER, WIS. : AGED 25.

380..(Born N. Y.).....**JOSEPH CADLE**.....(Ap'd N. Y.)..**20**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1820, to July 1, 1824, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 7TH INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1824.

SECOND LIEUT., 7TH INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1824.

Served : on frontier duty at Ft. Gibson, I. T., 1825, — and Ft. Towson, I. T., 1826–28 ; on Recruiting service, 1828–29 ; and on frontier duty at Ft. Jesup, La., 1829.

DISMISSED, APR. 7, 1830, FOR NEGLECT OF DUTY AND INSUBORDINATION.

Civil History. — Civil Engineer, 1830–35.

DIED, MAR. 16, 1835, AT GALVESTON, TEX. : AGED 29.

381..(Born Pa.)...**ALEXANDER JOHNSTON**...(Ap'd Pa.)..**21**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1820, to July 1, 1824, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 5TH INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1824.

SECOND LIEUT., 5TH INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1824.

Served : on frontier duty at Ft. Snelling, Min., 1825–27, — and Ft. Crawford, Wis., 1827–28 ; on Recruiting Service, 1828–29 ; on frontier

(FIRST LIEUT., 5TH INFANTRY, AUG. 22, 1828)

duty at Ft. Howard, Wis., 1829–30, — and Ft. Winnebago, Wis., 1831–32 ; in the "Black Hawk" War against the Sac Indians, 1832, being engaged

in the Battle of Bad Axe River, Aug. 2, 1832; on frontier duty at Ft. Winnebago, Wis., 1832–35; on Recruiting service, 1835–38; on Northern Frontier, at Ft. Brady, Mich., 1838–41, during Canada Border Disturb-

(CAPTAIN, 5TH INFANTRY, OCT. 31, 1836)

ances; in garrison at Ft. Crawford, Wis., 1841, — and Jefferson Barracks, Mo., 1841; and on Northern Frontier, at Ft. Mackinac, Mich, 1841–42, 1842–43, — and Ft. Brady, Mich., 1843–45.

DIED, JUNE 8, 1845, AT PITTSBURG, PA.: AGED 39.

382..(Born Va.).....**WILLIAM L. HARRIS**.....(Ap'd Va.)..**22**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1819, to July 1, 1824, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 4TH INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1824.

SECOND LIEUT., 1ST INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1824.

Served: on the Missouri River, 1825–26; in garrison at Bellefontaine, Mo., 1826, — and Jefferson Barracks, Mo., 1826–28; on frontier duty at Ft. Crawford, Wis., 1828, — and Ft. Snelling, Io., 1828; on Recruiting service, 1828–30; on frontier duty at Ft. Crawford, Wis., 1831–32; in

(FIRST LIEUT., 1ST INFANTRY, DEC. 31, 1830)

the "Black Hawk" War against the Sac Indians, 1832, being engaged in the Battle of Bad Axe River, Aug. 2, 1832; and on frontier duty at Ft. Crawford, Wis., 1832–35.

DISMISSED, OCT. 29, 1836, FOR "CONDUCT UNBECOMING AN OFFICER."

DIED, FEB. 20, 1837, IN ILLINOIS: AGED 36.

383..(Born N. Y.)..**WILLIAM BLOODGOOD**...(Ap'd N. Y.)..**23**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, June 24, 1819, to July 1, 1824, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 1ST INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1824.

SECOND LIEUT., 2D INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1824.

Served: in garrison at Sackett's Harbor, N. Y., 1825–26; on frontier duty at Ft. Howard, Wis., 1826–28; in garrison at Bangor, Me., 1828, —

(FIRST LIEUT., 2D INFANTRY, DEC. 28, 1832)

Hancock Barracks, Me., 1828–33 — and Ft. Niagara, N. Y., 1833–34; and on Recruiting service, 1834–36.

RESIGNED, DEC. 31, 1836.

Civil History. — Major, New York Militia, 1838–54. Farmer, near Albany, N. Y., 1837–54, and at Nashetah Mission, Wis., 1859–74.

DIED, AUG. 1, 1874, AT NASHETAH MISSION, WIS.: AGED 73.

384..(Born Mas.)...**WILLIAM W. EATON***...(Ap'd Mas.)..**24**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1820, to July 1, 1824, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 6TH INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1824.

SECOND LIEUT., 6TH INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1824.

Served: on frontier duty at Ft. Atkinson, Council Bluffs, Io., 1825–27; and in garrison at Jefferson Barracks, Mo., 1827.

DIED, MAY 10, 1828, AT WATERBURY, CT.: AGED 23.

* Was the son of Captain WILLIAM EATON, U. S. Consul at Tunis, who led a successful expedition against Derne, and compelled a treaty with the reigning Bashaw.

385..(Born N. H.).....**TIMOTHY PAIGE**.....(Ap'd N. H.)..25

Military History — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1820, to July 1, 1824, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 3D INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1824.

SECOND LIEUT., 1ST INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1824.

Served: in garrison at Ft. Howard, Wis., 1825, — New Orleans, La., 1825–26, — Cantonment Clinch, Fla., 1826–27, — Baton Rouge, La., 1827,

(TRANSFERRED TO 4TH INFANTRY, SEP. 29, 1827)

— Cantonment Brooke, Fla., 1827–28, — New Orleans, La., 1828, — and Baton Rouge, La., 1828–29; on Recruiting service, 1830–31; in garrison at Ft. St. Philip, La., 1831, — Baton Rouge, La., 1831, — and New Orleans, La., 1831; on Recruiting service, 1831–33; in garrison at the Bay

(FIRST LIEUT., 4TH INFANTRY, MAR. 4, 1833)

of St. Louis, Mis., 1833–35; and in the Florida War against the Seminole Indians, 1836, being engaged in the Skirmishes at Camp Izard, Feb. 27, 28, 29, and Mar. 5, 1836.

RESIGNED, MAR. 16, 1836.

Civil History. — Counselor at Law, 1836 to 18 —. Commissioner of Deeds, and Clerk in Post Office, San Francisco, Cal., 1849–55. Banking and Mining in Spanish America, 1857 to 18—

DIED, JUNE 14, 1867, AT ST. LOUIS, MO.: AGED 62.

386..(Born Mas.)..**FRANCIS D. NEWCOMB**...(Ap'd Mas.)..26

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1820, to July 1, 1824, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 2D INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1824.

SECOND LIEUT., 4TH INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1827.

Served: in garrison at Sackett's Harbor, N. Y., 1824–25, — at Cantonment Clinch, Fla., 1825–26, — Cantonment Brooke, Fla., 1826–27, — Ft. King, Fla., 1827–28, — St. Augustine, Fla., 1828, — Ft. King, Fla.,

(ASST. QUARTERMASTER, OCT. 7, 1830, TO SEP. 30, 1836)

1828–29, — Cantonment Brooke, Fla., 1829–30, — and Ft. Mitchell, Ala., 1830; and on Quartermaster duty, 1831–36, — at Key West, Fla.,

(FIRST LIEUT., 4TH INFANTRY, APR. 4, 1832)

1831–33, — Baton Rouge, La., 1833–36, — Ft. Brooke, Fla., 1836, — and on tour of inspection, 1836.

RESIGNED, SEP. 30, 1836.

Civil History. — Surveyor-General of the State of Louisiana, 1840–44. Clerk, Havana, Cuba, 1845–47. Special Correspondent, at Havana, Cuba, of the New York Journal of Commerce, 1847–72.

DIED, NOV. 28, 1872, AT HAVANA, CUBA: AGED 71.

387..(Born Md.).....**DIXON S. MILES**.....(Ap'd Md.)..27

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, June 24, 1819, to July 1, 1824, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 4TH INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1824.

SECOND LIEUT., 7TH INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1824.

Served: in garrison at Cantonment Clinch, Fla., 1825; on frontier duty at Ft. Gibson, I. T., 1825–28, — Jefferson Barracks, Mo., 1828, — and Ft. Gibson, I. T., 1828–30, — and as Adjutant, 7th Infantry, at Regi-

(FIRST LIEUT., 7TH INFANTRY, APR. 30, 1833)

mental headquarters, May, 1830, to Feb. 10, 1836; on Recruiting service, 1836–39; on Quartermaster duty, 1839–45, in Florida War, 1839–42,

(CAPTAIN, 7TH INFANTRY, JUNE 8, 1836)

— and in Pensacola harbor, Fla., 1843–45; in Military Occupation of

(CAPT., STAFF — ASST. QUARTERMASTER, JAN. 16, 1839, TO SEP. 30, 1845)

Texas, 1845–46; in the War with Mexico, 1846–47, 1848, being engaged in the Defense of Ft. Brown, May 3–9, 1846, — Battle of Monterey,

(BVT. MAJOR, MAY 9, 1846, FOR GALLANT AND DISTINGUISHED CONDUCT IN THE DEFENSE OF FT. BROWN, TEX.)

Sep. 21–23, 1846, — Siege of Vera Cruz, May 9–29, 1847, — and in com-

(BVT. LIEUT.-COL., SEP. 23, 1846, FOR GALLANT AND MERITORIOUS CONDUCT IN THE SEVERAL CONFLICTS AT MONTEREY, MEX.)

mand of the City of Vera Cruz, Aug. 11 to Dec. 23, 1847; in garrison at

(MAJOR, 5TH INFANTRY, FEB. 16, 1847)

East Pascagoula, Mis., 1848; on frontier duty at Ft. Gibson, I. T., 1848, — Ft. Washita, I. T., 1849–51, — Ft. Fillmore, N. M., 1851–53, — Albu-

(LIEUT.-COLONEL, 3D INFANTRY, APR. 15, 1851)

querque, N. M., 1853, — conducting recruits to New Mexico, 1854, — Ft. Fillmore, N. M., 1854–56, — Ft. Thorn, N. M., 1856–57, — in command of Southern column of Gila Expedition, May 1 to July 26, 1857, being engaged in the Combat of June 27, 1857, on Gila River, north of Mount Turnbull, N. M., — Ft. Fillmore, N. M., 1857–58, — in command of Navajo Expedition, N. M., Sept.–Dec., 1858, — and Albuquerque, N. M., 1858–59; in garrison at St. Louis, Mo., 1859–60, — and Jefferson Bar-

(COLONEL, 2D INFANTRY, JAN. 19, 1859)

racks, Mo., 1860; and on frontier duty at Ft. Kearny, Neb., 1860–61, — and Ft. Leavenworth, Kan., 1861.

Served during the Rebellion of the Seceding States, 1861–62: in the defenses of Washington, D. C., July, 1861; in the Manassas Campaign of July, 1861, being in command of the Reserve at the Battle of Bull Run, July 21, 1861; on leave of absence and awaiting orders, July 26, 1861, to Mar. 8, 1862; in command of Brigade guarding Baltimore and Ohio Railroad, and in Defense of Harper's Ferry, Va., Mar. 8 to Sep. 16, 1862, when he was Mortally Wounded.

DIED OF WOUNDS, SEP. 16, 1862, AT HARPER'S FERRY, VA.: AGED 58.

388..(Born N. Y.)...**ELECTUS BACKUS** *....(Ap'd N. Y.)..**28**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1820, to July 1, 1824, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 2D INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1824.

SECOND LIEUT., 1ST INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1824.

Served: in garrison at Sackett's Harbor, N. Y., 1824–25; in Creek Nation, 1825–26; in garrison at Cantonment Clinch, Fla., 1826, — and Jefferson Barracks, Mo., 1827–28; as Aide-de-Camp to Bvt. Brig.-Gen-

(FIRST LIEUT., 1ST INFANTRY, JULY 28, 1831)

eral Brady, July 16, 1828, to Oct. 17, 1837; in the Florida War, 1838–39,

(CAPTAIN, 1ST INFANTRY, OCT. 17, 1837)

1839–40, being engaged in the Capture of forty Seminole Indians, near Lake Okee-cho-bee, Mar. 14, 1838; in garrison at Ft. Mitchell, Ala., 1840, — and Ft. Columbus, N. Y., 1841; on frontier duty at Ft. Snelling, Min., 1841–44, 1844–45, — and Jefferson Barracks, Mo., 1845–46; in the War with Mexico, 1846–48, being engaged in the Battle of Monterey,

Sep. 21–23, 1846, — Siege of Vera Cruz, Mar. 9–29, 1847, — in command
(BVT. MAJOR, SEP. 23, 1846, FOR GALLANT AND MERITORIOUS CONDUCT IN THE SEVERAL CONFLICTS AT MONTEREY, MEX.)
of the Castle of San Juan de Ulloa, 1847, — and in garrison at the city of Mexico, 1848 ; on Recruiting service, 1849–50 ; on frontier duty in Na-
(MAJOR, 3D INFANTRY, JUNE 10, 1850)
vajo Country, N. M., 1851, — Ft. Defiance, N. M., 1851–52, — and Ft. Fillmore, N. M., 1853–54 ; on Recruiting service, 1854–55 ; as Superintendent of General Recruiting Service, July 1, 1855, to July 1, 1857, at Ft. Columbus, N. Y. ; and on frontier duty at Albuquerque, N. M., 1858, — Navajo Expedition, 1858, being engaged in several skirmishes, — Ft. Defiance, N. M., 1858–59, — Albuquerque, N. M., 1859, — and Ringgold
(LIEUT.-COLONEL, 3D INFANTRY, JAN. 19, 1859)
Barracks, Tex., 1860–61.

Served during the Rebellion of the Seceding States, 1861–62 : as Mustering and Disbursing Officer, at Detroit, Mich., 1861 ; on sick leave of absence, Mar. 8 to Sep. 24, 1861 ; as Mustering and Disbursing Officer, at Detroit, Mich., Sep. 24, 1861, to Mar. 6, 1862 ; and on sick leave of
(COLONEL, 6TH INFANTRY, FEB. 20, 1862)
absence, Mar. 6 to June 7, 1862.

DIED, JUNE 7, 1862, AT DETROIT, MICH.: AGED 58.

* Was the son of Lieut.-Colonel ELECTUS BACKUS, mortally wounded at the head of his regiment, in Defense of Sackett's Harbor, May 29, 1813.

389..(Born Pa.).....**JULIUS CATLIN**.....(Ap'd Pa.)..**29**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1820, to July 1, 1824, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 7TH INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1824.

SECOND LIEUT., 1ST INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1824.

Served in garrison at Cantonment Clinch, Fla., 1825–26.

RESIGNED, SEP. 8, 1826.

Civil History. — Artist, 1826–27.

DROWNED, 1827, IN GENESEE RIVER, NEAR ROCHESTER, N. Y. : AGED 23.

390.(Born Md.).**JOSEPH VAN SWEARINGEN**..(Ap'd Md.).**30**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 16, 1819, to July 1, 1824, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 1ST INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1824.

SECOND LIEUT., 6TH INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1824.

Served : on frontier duty at Ft. Atkinson, Council Bluffs, Io., 1826–27 ; in garrison at Jefferson Barracks, Mo., 1828–29 ; on frontier duty at Ft.
(FIRST LIEUT., 6TH INFANTRY, MAY 12, 1829)
Leavenworth, Kan., 1829, — and on Expedition to the Upper Arkansas, 1829 ; in garrison at Jefferson Barracks, Mo., 1829–32 ; in "Black Hawk" War, against the Sac Indians, 1832 ; on frontier duty at Jefferson Barracks, Mo., 1833–36, — Ft. Jesup, La., 1836, — and Camp Sabine, La., 1836 ; and in the Florida War, being engaged against the Seminole
(CAPTAIN, 6TH INFANTRY, JULY 31, 1837)
Indians in the Battle of Okee-cho-bee, where he was

KILLED,* DEC. 25, 1837 : Aged 38.

* Capt. Van Swearingen was shot by the enemy's concentrated deadly fire upon five companies of his regiment, while pressing forward to the attack, like a "moving battery," till

nearly cut up, and few were left uninjured. In the language of the official despatch of the battle, "Capt. Van Swearingen, Lieutenant Brooke, and Adjutant Center, who fell on that day, had no superior of their years in the service, and in point of chivalry ranked among the first in the army or nation."

391. (Born N. Y.). **W. BEVERHOUT THOMPSON**. (Ap'd N. Y.). **31**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, June 24, 1819, to July 1, 1824, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 5TH INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1824.

SECOND LIEUT., 5TH INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1824.

Served: on Topographical duty, Mar. 16, 1825, to June 25, 1830; and

(FIRST LIEUT., 5TH INFANTRY, SEP. 30, 1828)

on leave of absence, 1830.

RESIGNED, DEC. 31, 1830.

Civil History. — Assistant Engineer, Charleston and Hamburg Railroad, S. C., 1829–33. Principal Asst. Engineer, Norfolk and Portsmouth Railroad, Va., 1833–36; and of the Board of Public Works of Virginia, 1836–40. Contractor for the completion of Chesapeake and Ohio Canal, Md., 1844–48. Chief Engineer of the Cape Fear and Deep River Navigation, N. C., 1849–52; of the Neuse and Tar River Improvements, N. C., 1852–54; of Goldsborough and Beaufort Railroad, N. C., 1854–58; and of Abingdon and Cumberland Gap Railroad, Va., 1857–61.

DIED, , 1867, AT GEORGETOWN, D. C.: AGED 62.

CLASS OF 1825.

392. (Born Pa.). . . . **ALEXANDER D. BACHE** . . . . (Ap'd Pa.) . **1**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1821, to July 1, 1825, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., CORPS OF ENGINEERS, JULY 1, 1825.

SECOND LIEUT., CORPS OF ENGINEERS, JULY 1, 1825.

Served: at the Military Academy, as Asst. Professor of Engineering, Aug. 31, 1825, to July 31, 1826; and as Asst. Engineer in the construction of Ft. Adams, Newport harbor, R. I., 1826–29.

RESIGNED, JUNE 1, 1829.

Civil History. — Professor of Natural Philosophy and Chemistry, University of Pennsylvania, 1828–36, and 1842–43. President of Girard College, Philadelphia, Pa., 1836–41. Principal of High School (reorganized by him in 1839), Philadelphia, Pa., 1841–42. Superintendent of Public Schools, Philadelphia, Pa., 1841–42. Member of the Board of Assay Commissioners at the Philadelphia Mint, Pa., 1839. Superintendent of the Geodetic and Hydrographic Survey of the Coasts of the United States, and of the Office of Weights and Measures, Dec. 12, 1843, to Feb. 17, 1867. Regent of the Smithsonian Institution, Washington, D. C., from its establishment, Aug. 10, 1846, to Feb. 17, 1867. Member of the Light-house Board, 1851–52, and of it, as permanently established, Oct. 9, 1852, to Feb. 17, 1867. Member of Commission for devising projects for the improvement of Charleston harbor, S. C., 1852; of Savannah River, Ga., 1852; of the James and Appomattox Rivers, Va., 1853–54; of Cape Fear River, N. C., 1853 and 1858; of Portland harbor, Me., 1854–55; of New York harbor and adjacent waters, 1855–57; of Boston harbor, Mas., 1860–66; and of Mobile Bay and harbor, 1860. Degree of A. M., conferred by Yale College, Ct., 1830; and of LL. D., by Univer-

sity of the City of New York, 1836, — by University of Pennsylvania, 1837, — and by Harvard University, Mas., 1851. Author of a Report on "European Systems of Instruction," 1839, and of numerous papers on scientific subjects, 1829–66. Member of Prussian Industrial Union of Berlin, Dec. 28, 1837, — of Academy of Science, Institute of Bologna, Italy, May 20, 1838, — and of Bohemian Industrial Society, Prague, Jan. 31, 1839. Foreign Member of Statistical Society of London, Mar. 15, 1839. Corresponding member of Royal Academy of Turin, Italy, Apr. 7, 1839. Honorary Member of Mathematical Society of Hamburg, Jan. 7, 1840. Foreign Correspondent of Academy of Sciences and Belles Lettres, Brussels, May 10, 1842. Foreign Member of Geographical Society of Berlin, June 30, 1849. Associate of Royal Astronomical Society, London, June 14, 1850. Foreign Correspondent of "Société de Géographie," Paris, Apr. 4, 1851. Member of the Institute of France, Aug. 12, 1861. Diploma, "Industry of all Nations," London, Oct. 15, 1851. Honorary Member of Royal Irish Academy, Dublin, June 28, 1855, — and of Royal and Imperial Geographical Society of Vienna, Oct. 14, 1857. Honorary Fellow of Royal Society of Edinburgh, Mar. 15, 1858. Foreign Member of the Royal Society of London, May, 1860. Recipient of Victoria Gold Medal, from the Royal Geographical Society of Great Britain, May 24, 1858, for "Successful Labors in carrying out the great Coast Survey of the United States," — of Gold Medal from the King of Sardinia, Jan. 14, 1859, for "Scientific Merit as exemplified in the publications of the Coast Survey," — of Gold Medal from the King of Sweden, Feb. 27, 1855, as a "Mark of high satisfaction afforded by the Coast Survey Charts," — and of the Danish Cross of Dannebrog, Nov. 11, 1856, for "Services in the General Field of Science." President of the American Association for the Advancement of Science, 1850 and 1851. Member of various scientific associations in the United States, 1828–67. Member of the United States Sanitary Commission, June 13, 1861, to Feb. 17, 1867. Corporator and President of the American Academy of Sciences, Mar. 3, 1863, to Feb. 17, 1867. Chief Engineer for devising and constructing the defenses of Philadelphia, Pa., when threatened by the Rebel Invasion of Pennsylvania, June to Dec., 1863.

DIED, FEB. 17, 1867, AT NEWPORT, R. I. : AGED 60.

BIOGRAPHICAL SKETCH.

PROFESSOR ALEXANDER DALLAS BACHE was born, July 19, 1806, at Philadelphia, Pa. He was the nephew of George M. Dallas, former Vice-President of the United States, and great-grandson of Dr. Benjamin Franklin, in whose path, as an eminent scientist, he was destined to follow to the end of a busy life of threescore years.

Bache received his early education in his native city, where he was an apt and studious scholar. His after education was given at the U. S. Military Academy, from which he was graduated, July 1, 1825, at the head of a distinguished class. He was thence promoted to the Corps of Engineers, from which he resigned, June 1, 1829, after a service of one year as Assistant Professor of Engineering at the Military Academy, and three as Assistant Engineer in the Construction of Ft. Adams, Newport harbor, R. I.

Before leaving the Army, Bache was called to the chair of Natural Philosophy and Chemistry in the University of Pennsylvania, which position he filled with marked success for eight years. During that time he was also engaged upon scientific researches in chemistry and physics; and, as a member of the Franklin Institute, actively participated in its work, particularly in experimenting on steam-boiler explosions, a line of investigation often as dangerous as difficult.

Bache, in 1836, organized the college, for the building of which the rich banker, Stephen Girard, had bequeathed $2,000,000; became its first President, and went to Europe to study the methods of instruction and discipline there adopted; and, upon his return, in 1838, made an elaborate report on European systems of scientific and literary education, which subsequently proved so useful in improving our own methods of instruction. Girard College being unfinished on Bache's return from abroad, he gratuitously undertook the organization of the school system of Philadelphia, which has since been adopted in other cities. Then, for a year, he resumed his old chair in the University of Pennsylvania, besides devoting much time to magnetic and meteorological observations for the American Philosophical Society, which materially contributed to a more extended knowledge of these subjects.

On the death of Professor Hassler, Bache was appointed, on the recommendation of the principal scientific and literary institutions of the country, Dec. 12, 1843, Superintendent of the Geodetic and Hydrographic Survey of the Coasts of the United States, and of the Office of Weights and Measures. This great National work of the Coast Survey, recommended by President Jefferson in 1807, had not been commenced till 1817, and small progress was made before Bache assumed its control. To the day of his death, he devoted his untiring energies and pre-eminent talents to accomplish its great purpose of producing accurate charts of the whole coast; of making detailed surveys of reefs, shoals, harbors, and navigable waters; of determining the character of the Gulf Stream and littoral ocean currents; of developing the laws of the tides and winds; of ascertaining the depth, character of bottom, and animal life along our seashores; and of determining, astronomically, triangulation points for any subsequent survey of the interior country. For conducting the great operations necessary to carry out these varied operations, Bache was admirably suited, for to his scientific abilities he added high administrative talents, admirable tact in the management of his many subordinates, a genial and earnest manner which won the confidence of superiors upon whom depended the means for successfully conducting his great work, and a readiness to assume any amount of collateral labor for the advancement of science, not only in the interest of the Government, but for the benefit of the whole world.

Though so devoted to the prosecution of the Coast Survey, Bache found time for many other duties: the construction of standard Weights and Measures for the United States; as Regent of the Smithsonian Institution from its establishment, Aug. 10, 1846; as member of the Lighthouse Board from its inception in 1851; and as Commissioner for various harbor and river improvements. Even beyond these constant taxes upon his time, his industrious pen wrote many elaborate papers on a great variety of scientific subjects.

During the Rebellion Bache made himself useful in many ways, and was an active and very efficient Vice-President of the U. S. Sanitary Commission. He was in succession President of the American Philosophical Society; of the American Association for the Advancement of Science; and of the National Academy of Sciences, of which he was the founder and one of the original Corporators. Degrees were conferred upon him by many colleges at home; and foreign societies showered upon him honorable memberships and golden medals for scientific merit and researches in many fields of learning.

Bache, as a *student*, was distinguished by his untiring application to acquiring knowledge. From early boyhood he was impressed with a sense of responsibility which attached to his lineage. He therefore resolved to devote the utmost energies of his vigorous mind, and to suppress all tendency to self-indulgence, in order that he might fit himself

for a reputable career. As an *educator*, he was not satisfied with imparting the piled-up learning of others, but added much from his own resources. With him the drudgery of drilling youth in the rudiments of education did not dwarf his expansive mind, which soared above the pedagogue's chair to grasp the most perfect methods of teaching of the experienced schoolmen and philosophers of the Old World. His researches and reflections were published in a report upon "European Systems of Instruction," which almost revolutionized the theory and practice of the school systems of our country. As a *scientist*, he had few equals and no superiors in his day, as fully attested by more than an hundred papers exhibiting his skill in original investigations and familiarity with the laws of the universe. Not to a single branch did he devote himself, but with his many-sided faculties embraced the whole field of natural philosophy and chemistry. His scientific ability was also conspicuous in the organization of our Light-house System, in establishing the policy of the Smithsonian Institution upon a sound and durable basis, and in largely shaping the measures for the development of the many scientific societies of which he was one of the most prominent members. As an *executive*, his management and successful prosecution of the Coast Survey is a perfect illustration of his administrative ability, which was only excelled by his skillful application of the most approved scientific expedients in carrying out its various requirements. He assumed its charge when in a languishing condition, and left it at his death one of the highest achievements of the diversified labors of our people. As a *patriot*, he quickly applied, when our country was involved in civil war, the many resources of his office to securing the success of the Union cause; efficiently used his engineering apprenticeship in fortifying his native city; and as a valued member of the U. S. Sanitary Commission was active in ameliorating the condition of our soldiers in the field and hospital. And as a *man*, he added, to his continually ascending series of scientific and utilitarian triumphs, a high moral nature evinced by a nice perception of right with a determination to enforce its mandates. His familiar intercourse with distinguished people, his own practical wisdom and purity of purpose, and his genial disposition and self-possession of manner, always made him a welcome guest. The learned scientist and profound scholar never overshadowed his merry humor and playful fancy among intimates, all of whom devotedly loved him.

"God, when heav'n and earth he did create,
Form'd man, who should of both participate."

* At a meeting of the Assistants of the Coast Survey, Feb. 18, 1867, the following Resolution was adopted, "as a tribute to the memory of their respected and honored Chief, and beloved and valued friend:" —

"That, in the death of Professor ALEXANDER DALLAS BACHE, Superintendent of the United States Coast Survey, the country has lost an eminent and faithful public servant, science its highest representative in America, and the Coast Survey its wise, prudent, and energetic Chief, under whose careful administration and guardianship it has attained and maintained its present vigorous existence."

The Secretary of the Treasury announced his death in the following order, of Feb. 19, 1867: —

"TREASURY DEPARTMENT, Feb. 19, 1867.

"In the death of the Superintendent of the Coast Survey, PROFESSOR BACHE, the Department mourns the loss of one of its most valuable and most highly cherished officers. His decease occurred at Newport, R. I., on the 17th inst., in his sixty-first year.

"No man within the present generation was more widely known in the walks of practical science; none has been so closely identified with collateral service in the various public departments.

"Alexander Dallas Bache was born at Philadelphia, in April, 1806. He was graduated at the Military Academy in 1825, and there remained a year as Assistant Professor. Subsequently, having resigned from the Corps of Engineers, he filled, at intervals, until the year 1843, an important chair in the University of Pennsylvania.

"Within the same period he was, during five years, President of Girard College, and matured the system of education adopted for the Philadelphia High School, yielding to that object time for examining the principles of systematic education in Europe.

"His devotion to practical science and his abilities as an administrative officer being well

known, Professor Bache was appointed, in December, 1843, to the vacant post of Superintendent of the Coast Survey. Under his direction, that great national work has been eminent, no less for its abundant results than for its high scientific character, which has won the approbation of the leading learned bodies of the world, among whom his name has long been held in honor. He possessed by nature the qualities most conducive to success in the management of widely extended public interests. Invariably mild and forbearing towards those serving under his direction, his unremitting energies and his untiring patience were as invariably given to the accomplishment of the service in view.

"His sympathy with the efforts of others, and readiness to give credit for their exertions, secured a cordial spirit of co-operation. Sagacity, perfect freedom from bias, and constant activity within the sphere of his public duties, strongly marked his relations with this Department.

"He was a member of the Light-house Board, and participated in its organization; a Regent of the Smithsonian Institution; and ever the valued associate of leading men to whom are committed questions in regard to matters of public utility. His advice was eagerly sought in the determination of many local and general facilities to further the interests of commerce and navigation.

"That the deceased Superintendent had become illustrious in America and in Europe is due to the steady devotion of his great talents to the service of the people.

"His genial disposition attracted the love of associates and of subordinates; his wisdom commanded their respect. He leaves us a name of unsullied purity, and a memory that adds lustre to the many public records upon which it is borne.

"As a tribute to his memory, the Coast Survey Office will be draped in black, and will be closed on the day of the funeral.

"HUGH MCCULLOCH, *Secretary of the Treasury.*"

393..(Born N. Y.)....**PETER McMARTIN**.....(Ap'd N. Y.)..**2**

Military History.—Cadet at the Military Academy, Sep. 1, 1821, to July 1, 1825, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., CORPS OF ENGINEERS, JULY 1, 1825.

Served: at the Military Academy, as Asst. Professor of Chemistry, Mineralogy, and Geology, Aug. 31 to Dec. 2, 1825; and as Asst. Engineer in the construction of the defenses of the Chef Menteur Pass to New Orleans, La., 1825–26.

RESIGNED, SEP. 30, 1826.

Civil History.—Counselor at Law, Albany, N. Y., 1826–30.

DIED, MAR. 18, 1830, AT NEW YORK CITY; AGED 27.

394..(Born Pa.)..**ALEXANDER H. BOWMAN**..(Ap'd Pa.)..**3**

Military History.—Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1821, to July 1, 1825, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BYT. SECOND LIEUT., CORPS OF ENGINEERS, JULY 1, 1825.

SECOND LIEUT., CORPS OF ENGINEERS, JULY 1, 1825.

Served: at the Military Academy, as Asst. Professor of Geography, History, and Ethics, Aug. 31, 1825, to June 15, 1826; as Asst. Engineer in the construction of the Defenses, and of the Improvement of Harbors and Rivers on the Gulf of Mexico, 1826–34; as Superintending Engineer of Military Road from Memphis, Ten., to the St. Francis River, Ark.,

(FIRST LIEUT., CORPS OF ENGINEERS, JAN. 21, 1835)

1834–39,—of the Improvement of Cumberland and Tennessee Rivers, 1834–38,—of the construction of Ft. Sumter, and repairs of the Fortifications for the defense of Charleston harbor, S. C., and preservation of their sites by Jetties, etc., 1838–51, 1852–53; as Member of Special Board

(CAPTAIN, CORPS OF ENGINEERS, JULY 7, 1838)

of Engineers for devising the means for protecting the site of Ft. M'Ree, Pensacola harbor, Fla., 1847; as Instructor of Practical Military Engineering at the Military Academy, and Commandant of Sappers, Miners, and Pontoniers, at West Point, N. Y., May 19, 1851, to June 1, 1852; as Superintending Engineer of the Improvement of Charleston harbor, S. C., and in charge of Survey of Georgetown harbor, S. C., 1852–53; as Mem-

ber of Commission for devising a project for the Improvement of Savannah River, Ga., 1852 ; as Chief Engineer of the Construction Bureau of the U. S. Treasury Department, and Superintending Engineer of Treasury

(MAJOR, CORPS OF ENGINEERS, JAN. 5, 1857)

Building Extension, 1853–61 ; and as Member of the Light-house Board, 1857–59.

Served during the Rebellion of the Seceding States, 1861–65 : as Superintendent of the U. S. Military Academy (Colonel *ex officio*), Mar. 1, 1861, to July 8, 1864 ; as Member of Naval and Engineer Commission

(LIEUT.-COLONEL, CORPS OF ENGINEERS, MAR. 3, 1863)

for selecting site for Naval Establishment on the Western Rivers, Aug. 5, 1864, to Feb. 11, 1865 ; and as Member of the Board of Engineers, June 20 to Nov. 11, 1865, to carry out in detail the modifications of the defenses in the vicinity of Boston, Mas., as proposed by the Board of Jan. 27, 1864.

DIED, NOV. 11, 1865, AT WILKESBARRE, PA.: AGED 62.

395..(Born N. Y.)..**THOMPSON S. BROWN***.. (Ap'd N. Y.)..**4**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1821, to July 1, 1825, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., CORPS OF ENGINEERS, JULY 1, 1825.

SECOND LIEUT., CORPS OF ENGINEERS, JULY 1, 1825.

Served : at the Military Academy, as Asst. Professor of Mathematics, Aug. 31 to Dec. 2, 1825 ; as Asst. Engineer in the construction of Ft. Adams, R. I., 1825–26 ; as Aide-de-Camp to Major-General Brown, General-in-Chief, Dec. 1, 1826, to Feb. 24, 1828 ; as Asst. Engineer in the construction of Ft. Adams, Newport harbor, R. I., 1828–33 ; as Superintending Engineer of the Improvement of Arkansas River, 1833, — of the Cumberland Road in Illinois, 1833–34, — of the construction and repairs of the fortifications for the defense of Charleston harbor, S. C., and preservation of their sites, 1834–35, — and of the Improvement of Lake

(FIRST LIEUT., CORPS OF ENGINEERS, MAY 15, 1835)

Erie Harbors and Light-houses, 1835–36.

RESIGNED, OCT. 31, 1836.

Civil History. — Civil Engineer in the United States, 1836–49 ; and in Russia, 1849–54. Chief Engineer, Buffalo, N. Y., and Erie, Pa., Railroad, 1836–38. Civil Engineer in the service of the United States, superintending Harbor Improvements on Lake Erie, 1836–38. Chief Engineer of Western Division of New York and Erie Railroad, 1838–42, — and of the entire road, 1842–49. Consulting Engineer, in the service of the Czar of Russia, of the St. Petersburg and Moscow Railroad, Russia, 1849–54.

DIED, JUNE 30, 1855, AT NAPLES, ITALY : AGED 48.

* Was the son of Major SAMUEL BROWN, and nephew of General JACOB BROWN, General-in-Chief of the U. S. Army.

396..(Born Ten.)....**DANIEL S. DONELSON**....(Ap'd Ten.)..**5**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1821, to July 1, 1825, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

SECOND LIEUT., 3D ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1825.

On leave of absence, July 1, 1825, to Jan. 22, 1826.

RESIGNED, JAN. 22, 1826.

Civil History. — Brigade Major, Tennessee Militia, 1827–29, — and

Brig.-General, 1829–34. Member of the House of Representatives of the State of Tennessee, 1841–43, and 1855–61 ; and Speaker of the House of Representatives, 1859–61. Planter, Sumner County, Ten., 1826–34,— in Florida Territory, 1834–36, — and Sumner County, Ten., 1836–61.

Joined in the Rebellion of 1861–66 against the United States.

DIED, APR. 17, 1863, AT NAPOLEON, ARK. : AGED 61.

397..(Born Ct.)....**STEPHEN V. R. RYAN**....(Ap'd N. Y.)..**6**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1821, to July 1, 1825, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 1ST ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1825.

SECOND LIEUT., 1ST ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1825.

Served : in garrison at Ft. Monroe, Va. (Artillery School for Practice), 1825–29 ; in conducting recruits to Ft. Gibson, I. T., 1829–30 ; in garrison at Ft. Monroe, Va. (Artillery School for Practice), 1830 ; on Ordnance duty, Oct. 29, 1830, to June 18, 1831 ; on Commissary duty at Little Rock, Ark., 1831–32 ; and on leave of absence, 1832–33.

RESIGNED, MAR. 31, 1833.

Civil History. — Brig.-General, Arkansas Militia, 1835 to 18—. Merchant, Napoleon, Ark., 1835 to 18—. Agent for Transportation, in the service of the U. S. Quartermaster Department, 18— to 18—.

DIED, 1840, AT NAPOLEON, ARK. : AGED 37.

398..(Born N. H.)....**RAPHAEL C. SMEAD**....(Ap'd N. Y.)..**7**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1821, to July 1, 1825, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 4TH ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1825.

SECOND LIEUT., 4TH ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1825.

Served : at the Military Academy, as Asst. Professor of Mathematics, Aug. 31, 1825, to Apr. 20, 1826 ; in garrison at Ft. Monroe, Va. (Artillery School for Practice), 1826–28 ; on Ordnance duty, Mar. 6, 1828, to June 20, 1832 ; in garrison at Ft. Columbus, New York, 1832, — and Ft. Hamilton, N. Y., 1832–33 ; on Engineer duty, Mar. 27, 1833, to

(FIRST LIEUT., 4TH ARTILLERY, SEP. 30, 1832)

June 28, 1836 ; in the Florida War, 1836–37 ; on Engineer duty, Apr. 26, 1837, to Sep. 27, 1838 ; in the Florida War, 1838–39 ; in garrison at Ft. Columbus, N. Y., 1839 ; at the Camp of Instruction near Trenton, N. J., 1839 ; on the Northern Frontier during Canada Border Disturbances, at Detroit, Mich., 1839–41, — and Sackett's Harbor, N. Y., 1841–42 ; in garrison at Ft. Monroe, Va., 1842–45 ; in Military Occupation of Texas,

(CAPTAIN, 4TH ARTILLERY, OCT. 13, 1845)

1845–46 ; in the War with Mexico, 1846–47, being engaged in the Battle of Palo Alto, May 8, 1846, — Battle of Resaca-de-la-Palma, May 9, 1846, — Battle of Monterey, Sep. 21–23, 1846, — and Siege of Vera Cruz, Mar. 9–29, 1847 ; on Recruiting service, 1847 ; and in the War with Mexico, 1847–48, at Toluca, Mex.

DIED, AUG. 20, 1848, AT FT. MONROE, VA. : AGED 46.

399..(Born S. C.).....**BENJAMIN HUGER** *.....(Ap'd S. C.)..**8**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1821, to July 1, 1825, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 3D ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1825.

SECOND LIEUT., 3D ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1825.

Served on Topographical duty, July 22 to Jan. 1, 1828; on leave of absence in Europe, 1828–30; on Recruiting service, 1830; in garrison at Ft. Trumbull, Ct., 1830; on Ordnance duty, Mar. 31, 1831, to May 30,

(CAPTAIN, ORDNANCE, MAY 30, 1832)

1832; in command of Ft. Monroe Arsenal, Va., 1832–39; as Member of the Ordnance Board, Apr. 16, 1839, to Oct. 8, 1846, — and of a Military Commission, on professional duty in Europe, 1840–41; in command of Ft. Monroe Arsenal, Va., 1841–46; as Chief of Ordnance of the Army, under command of Major-General Scott, in the War with Mexico, 1847–48, having charge of the Siege Train in the Siege of Vera Cruz, Mar. 9–29, 1847, — Battle of Cerro Gordo, Apr. 17–18, 1847, — Battle of Molino

(BVT. MAJOR, MAR. 29, 1847, FOR GALLANT AND MERITORIOUS CONDUCT AT THE SIEGE OF VERA CRUZ, MEX.)

del Rey, Sep. 8, 1847, — and Operations before and Capture of the City

(BVT. LIEUT.-COL., SEP. 8, 1847, FOR GALLANT AND MERITORIOUS CONDUCT IN THE BATTLE OF MOLINO DEL REY, MEX.)

of Mexico, Sep. 13–14, 1847; † in command of Ft. Monroe Arsenal, Va.,

(BVT. COLONEL, SEP. 13, 1847, FOR GALLANT AND MERITORIOUS CONDUCT IN THE BATTLE OF CHAPULTEPEC, MEX.)

1848–51; as Member of a Board, 1849–51, to devise "A Complete System of Instruction for Siege, Garrison, Seacoast, and Mountain Artillery," adopted May 10, 1851, for the service of the United States; in command of Harper's Ferry Armory, Va., 1851–54, — of Pikesville Arsenal, Md., 1854–60, — of Charleston Arsenal, S. C., 1860, — and of

(MAJOR, ORDNANCE, FEB. 15, 1855)

Pikesville Arsenal, Md., 1860–61.

RESIGNED, APR. 22, 1861.

Joined in the Rebellion of 1861–66 against the United States.

Civil History. — Farmer, Fauquier County, Va., 1866–77.

DIED, DEC. 7, 1877, AT CHARLESTON, S. C.: AGED 72.

* Was the son of Colonel FRANCIS K. HUGER, Aide-de-Camp to General Wilkinson, 1800, and Adjutant-General, 1813.

† For his "Meritorious Conduct and Gallantry" in the War with Mexico, he was presented, in 1852, by his native State, South Carolina, with a Sword of Honor.

400. . (Born Va.) . . . . . **FRANCIS TAYLOR**. . . . . (Ap'd Va.) . . 9

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, Sep. 1, 1821, to July 1, 1825, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 4TH ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1825.

SECOND LIEUT., 1ST ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1825.

Served: in garrison at Ft. Monroe, Va. (Artillery School for Practice), 1826–28, — Ft. Severn, Md., 1828, — Bellona Arsenal, Va., 1828, — Ft. Severn, Md., 1828, — Ft. Monroe, Va. (Artillery School for Practice), 1828–32, — and Charleston harbor, S. C., 1832–33, during South Carolina's threatened nullification; in Creek Nation, 1833–34; in garrison at

(FIRST LIEUT., 1ST ARTILLERY, JAN. 31, 1833)

Ft. Severn, Md., 1834–36; in the Florida War against the Seminole Indians, 1836–37, being engaged in the Battle of Wahoo Swamp, Nov. 21, 1836; on Commissary and Quartermaster duty, 1837–38; in garrison at

(CAPTAIN, 1ST ARTILLERY, JULY 7, 1838)

Plattsburg, N. Y., 1838–39, — during Canada Border Disturbances; at Camp of Instruction near Trenton, N. J., 1839; in garrison at Plattsburg, N. Y., 1839–40, 1840–42, — and Ft. Adams, R. I., 1842–44; in superintending publication of Artillery Tactics at Washington, D. C., 1844–45; in garrison at Ft. Adams, R. I., 1845, — and Pensacola harbor, Fla., 1845–46; in the War with Mexico, 1846–48, being engaged in the Siege of Vera Cruz, Mar. 9–29, 1847, — Battle of Cerro Gordo, Apr. 17–18, 1847, — Skirmish of La Hoya, June 20, 1847, — Skirmish of Oca-

(BVT. MAJOR, APR. 18, 1847, FOR GALLANT AND MERITORIOUS CONDUCT IN THE BATTLE OF CERRO GORDO, MEX.)

laca, Aug. 16, 1847, — Battle of Contreras, Aug. 19–20, 1847, — Battle of Churubusco, Aug. 20, 1847, — and Assault and Capture of the City

(BVT. LIEUT.-COL., AUG. 20, 1847, FOR GALLANT AND MERITORIOUS CONDUCT IN THE BATTLE OF CHURUBUSCO, MEX.)

of Mexico, Sep. 13–14, 1847; in garrison at New York harbor, 1848–50; as Member of a Board of Officers, 1849–51, to devise "A Complete System of Instruction for Siege, Garrison, Sea coast, and Mountain Artillery," which was adopted May 10, 1851, for the service of the United States; in garrison at Ft. McHenry, Md., 1850–55, — Ft. Monroe, Va.,

(MAJOR, 1ST ARTILLERY, MAR. 3, 1855)

1855–56, — and Ft. McHenry, Md., 1856; and on frontier duty at Ft. Brown, Tex., 1856–58.

DIED, OCT. 12, 1858, AT FORT BROWN, TEX.: AGED 53.

401..(Born S. C.)..**ABBOTT H. BRISBANE**....(Ap'd S. C.)..**10**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1821, to July 1, 1825, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 3D ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1825.

SECOND LIEUT., 3D ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1825.

Served on Topographical duty, Dec. 5, 1825, to Jan. 1, 1828.

RESIGNED, JAN. 1, 1828.

Served in the Florida War against the Seminole Indians, 1835–36, as

COLONEL, S. C. VOLUNTEERS, FEB. 7, 1836,

being engaged in the Skirmish of Tomoka, Mar. 10, 1836.

DISBANDED, MAY 7, 1836.

Civil History. — Asst. Engineer of projected Railroad from Charleston, S. C., to Cincinnati, O., 1836. Brig.-General, South Carolina Militia, 1836–37. Chief Engineer of the State of Georgia, for examination of mountain passes for location of Western and Atlantic Railroad, Ga., 1836. Constructing Engineer, Western and Atlantic Railroad, Ga., 1836–40. Chief Engineer, Ocmulgee and Flint Railroad, Ga., 1840–44. Superintending Engineer of an Artesian Well for the supply of Water to the City of Charleston, S. C., 1847–48. Professor of Belles Lettres and Ethics, South Carolina Military Academy, 1848–53. Planter, near Charleston, S. C., 1853–61. Author of "Ralphton; or, the Young Carolinian of 1776," a political romance.

DIED, SEP. 28, 1861, AT SUMMERVILLE, S. C.: AGED 56.

402..(Born Ct.)..**WILLIAM PENN HOPKINS**..(Ap'd Ct.)..**11**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1821, to July 1, 1825, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 2D ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1825.

SECOND LIEUT., 4TH ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1825.

Served: at the Military Academy, 1825–35, as Asst. Professor of Chemistry, Mineralogy, and Geology, Oct. 1, 1826, to June 15, 1827, —

(FIRST LIEUT., 4TH ARTILLERY, SEP. 14, 1834)

and Acting Professor of Chemistry, Mineralogy, and Geology, June 15, 1827, to Aug. 31, 1835; and on leave of absence, 1835–36.

RESIGNED, JUNE 30, 1836.

Civil History. — Merchant, 1836–43. Elected Asst. Professor of Mathematics, Jefferson College, La., 1837 (declined). Principal of Norfolk Academy, Va., 1843–46. Adjunct Superintendent, and Professor of Natural Sciences, with the rank of Lieut.-Colonel, of Western Military Institute, Georgetown, Ky., 1846–49. President and Professor of Mathematics of Masonic University of Tennessee, at Clarksville, Ten., 1849. Professor of Chemistry and Natural Philosophy, William and Mary College, Williamsburg, Va., 1849–50. Professor of Natural and Experimental Philosophy in the U. S. Naval Academy, at Annapolis, Md., Sep. 1, 1850, to Mar. 1, 1859. U. S. Consul at Jamaica, W. I., Mar. 1 to July 13, 1859. Degree of A. M. conferred by Yale College, Ct., 1833; and of LL.D., by Trinity College, Geneva, N. Y., 1853.

DIED, JULY 13, 1859, AT THE ISLAND OF JAMAICA, W. I.: AGED 57.

403. . (Born N. Y.) . . **WILLIAM A. THORNTON** . . (Ap'd N. Y.) . . **12**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1820, to July 1, 1825, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 1ST ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1825.

SECOND LIEUT., 4TH ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1825.

Served: in garrison at Ft. Monroe, Va. (Artillery School for Practice), 1825–26; on survey of Dismal Swamp Canal, 1826; at the Military Academy, as Asst. Instructor of Infantry Tactics, Sep. 21, 1826, to July 16, 1829; on Ordnance duty at Watertown Arsenal, Mas., July 16, 1829, to Sep. 26, 1831; in garrison at Ft. Monroe, Va. (Artillery School for Practice), 1831–32; on the "Black Hawk Expedition," 1832, but not at the seat of war; in garrison at Charleston harbor, S. C., 1832–33, during South Carolina's threatened nullification; on Ordnance duty at Watervliet Arsenal, N. Y., Mar. 27, 1833, to Oct. 15, 1836; in the

(FIRST LIEUT., 4TH ARTILLERY, JAN. 31, 1835)

Florida War, on Quartermaster duty, 1836–37; on Ordnance duty at Watervliet Arsenal, N. Y., May 15, 1837, to July 7, 1838; as Asst. Ordnance Officer on Niagara Frontier, July 7 to Oct. 27, 1838; in com-

(CAPTAIN, ORDNANCE, JULY 7, 1838)

mand of Mt. Vernon Arsenal, Ala., and putting in order the armament of the Gulf Defenses, 1838–40, — and of New York Ordnance Depot, 1840–48; as Inspector of Contract Arms, 1840–54; in command of Watertown Arsenal, Mas., 1842 (during the Dorr Outbreak in Rhode

(BVT. MAJOR, MAY 30, 1848, FOR MERITORIOUS CONDUCT)

Island), and 1848–51, — and of New York Ordnance Depot, 1851–54; as Member of Ordnance Board for the trial of Small Arms, Jan. 13 to Feb. 19, 1855; in command of St. Louis Arsenal, Mo., 1855; as Chief of Ordnance of the Department of New Mexico, Aug. 31, 1855, to Oct. 1, 1857; as Member of Ordnance Board for testing the strength of heavy guns and gun carriages, Jan. 6–19, 1858; in preparing building materials, at Watervliet, N. Y., for an Arsenal in California, 1858; in command of

(MAJOR, ORDNANCE, MAY 28, 1861)

New York Ordnance Depot, and as Inspector of Contract Arms, 1858–61;

and as Member of Board to test the merits of James and Schencle's Rifled Cannon, 1859.

Served during the Rebellion of the Seceding States, 1861–66 : in command of Watervliet Arsenal, N. Y., May 14, 1861, to Dec. 17, 1863 ; as

(LIEUT.-COLONEL, ORDNANCE, MAR. 3, 1863)

(COLONEL, ORDNANCE, SEP. 15, 1863)

Inspector of Contract Arms and Ordnance, Dec. 17, 1863, to Apr. 6,

(BVT. BRIG.-GENERAL, U. S. ARMY, MAR. 13, 1865, FOR FAITHFUL AND MERITORIOUS SERVICES IN THE ORDNANCE DEPARTMENT)

1866 ; and in command of New York Arsenal, June 19, 1865, to Apr. 6, 1866.

DIED, APR. 6, 1866, AT GOVERNOR'S ISLAND, N. Y. : AGED 63.

404..(Born N. H.)...**JOSEPH W. HARRIS**....(Ap'd N. H.)..**13**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1821, to July 1, 1825, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 4TH ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1825.

SECOND LIEUT., 3D ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1825.

Served : in garrison at Ft. Monroe, Va. (Artillery School for Practice), 1826, — Charleston harbor, S. C., 1826–27, — St. Augustine, Fla., 1827, — Ft. Preble, Me., 1827–32, — Ft. Brooke, Fla., 1832–33, — and Ft. Monroe, Va., 1833; and on Commissary duty (subsisting and transferring Indians),

(FIRST LIEUT., 3D ARTILLERY, JUNE 30, 1833)

Aug. 12, 1833, to Apr. 21, 1837.

DIED, MAY 18, 1837, AT PORTSMOUTH, N. H. : AGED 32.

405..(Born Ga.)..**MATTHEW J. WILLIAMS***...(Ap'd Ga.)..**14**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1821, to July 1, 1825, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 1ST ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1825.

SECOND LIEUT., 4TH ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1825.

Served : in garrison at Ft. Monroe, Va. (Artillery School for Practice),

(TRANSFERRED TO 3D INFANTRY, APR. 19, 1826)

1826, — Ft. Howard, Wis., 1826, — and Jefferson Barracks, Mo., 1827.

RESIGNED, OCT. 31, 1827.

Civil History. — Counselor at Law, Lawrenceville, Ga., 1829–35. Teacher of High School, Cokesbury, S. C., 1835–40 ; and Principal of same School, 1840–46. Major of Georgia Militia, 18— to 18—. Member of the Convention for Remodelling the Constitution of Georgia, 1833. Professor of Mathematics, Natural Philosophy, and Astronomy, South Carolina College, Columbia, S. C., 1846–54. President of the Board of Visitors to the U. S. Military Academy, 1850.

DIED, JUNE 23, 1873, AT MARIETTA, GA. : AGED 68.

* Named MATTHEW R. T. HARRISON when he was graduated.

406..(Born Ky.).....**ROBERT ANDERSON**.....(Ap'd Ky.)..**15**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1821, to July 1, 1825, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 2D ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1825.

SECOND LIEUT., 3D ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1825.

Served: as Private Secretary to the U. S. Minister Plenipotentiary and Envoy Extraordinary to the Republic of Colombia, Oct., 1825, to July, 1826; in garrison at Ft. Monroe, Va. (Artillery School for Practice), 1826–28; on Ordnance duty, Mar. 6, 1828, to May 9, 1832; as Col., Staff (Asst. Inspector-General) of Illinois Volunteers, May 9 to Oct. 11, 1832, in the Campaign against the Sac Indians, under "Black Hawk," being engaged in the Battle of Bad Axe, Aug. 2, 1832; on Ordnance duty, Oct. 11, 1832, to Dec. 31, 1833; in garrison at Ft. Constitution, N. H.,

(FIRST LIEUT., 3D ARTILLERY, JUNE 30, 1833)

1834; on Ordnance duty, Dec. 6, 1834, to May 5, 1835; in garrison at Ft. Constitution, N. H., 1835; at the Military Academy, 1835–37, as Asst. Instructor of Artillery, Sep. 10 to Dec. 1, 1835, — and Instructor of Artillery, Dec. 1, 1835, to Nov. 6, 1837; in the Florida War against the Seminole Indians, 1837–38, — being engaged in the Action of Locha-Hatchee, Jan. 24, 1838, — Capture of forty-five Indians near Ft. Lauder-

(BVT. CAPTAIN, APR. 2, 1838, FOR GALLANTRY AND SUCCESSFUL CONDUCT IN THE WAR AGAINST THE FLORIDA INDIANS)

dale (in command), Apr. 2, 1838, — and Skirmish in the Everglades, Apr. 24, 1838; in the Cherokee Nation, as Aide-de-Camp to Major-General Scott, May 9 to July 7, 1838, while transferring the Indians to

(BVT. CAPT., STAFF — ASST. ADJUTANT-GENERAL, JULY 7, 1838, TO NOV. 30, 1841)

the West; as Asst. Adjutant-General of Eastern Department, July 7, 1838, to July, 1841; on Board of officers to examine his translation of "Instruction for Field Artillery," 1841–43 and 1844; in garrison at Ft.

(CAPTAIN, 3D ARTILLERY, OCT. 23, 1841)

Moultrie, S. C., 1845–46, — Ft. Marion, Fla., 1846, — and at Ft. Brooke, Fla., 1846–47; in the War with Mexico, 1847, being engaged in the Siege of Vera Cruz, Mar. 9–29, 1847, — Battle of Cerro Gordo, Apr. 17–18, 1847, — Skirmish of Amazoque, May 14, 1847, — and Battle of Molino del Rey, Sep. 8, 1847, where he was severely wounded in the Assault of the

(BVT. MAJOR, SEP. 8, 1847, FOR GALLANT AND MERITORIOUS CONDUCT IN THE BATTLE OF MOLINO DEL REY, MEX.)

enemy's works; on sick leave of absence, disabled by wound, 1847–48; in garrison at Ft. Preble, Me., 1848–49; as Member of Board of Officers, 1849–51, to devise "A Complete System of Instruction for Siege, Garrison, Seacoast, and Mountain Artillery," which was adopted May 10, 1851, for the service of the United States; in garrison at Ft. Preble, Me., 1850–53; as Governor of Harrodsburg Branch Military Asylum, Ky., June 11, 1853, to Nov. 1, 1854; as Member of Board for the Armament of Fortifications, 1854–55; as Inspector of Iron-work manufactured at Trenton, N. J., for public buildings constructed under the Treasury Department, July 20, 1855, to Nov. 15, 1859; as Member of a Board to

(MAJOR, 1ST ARTILLERY, OCT. 5, 1857)

arrange the programme of Instruction at the Artillery School for Practice at Ft. Monroe, Va., 1859–60, — and of the Commission created by Act of June 21, 1860, to examine into the Organization, System of Discipline, and Course of Instruction at the U. S. Military Academy, July 18 to Dec. 13, 1860; and in command of the defenses of Charleston harbor, S. C., 1860–61.

Served: during the Rebellion of the Seceding States, 1861–66: in Defense of Ft. Sumter, S. C. (to which he had transferred the garrison of Ft. Moultrie), Dec. 26, 1860, to Apr. 13, 1861, sustaining a heavy Bombardment of the work, Apr. 12–13, 1861; in command of the De-

(BRIG.-GENERAL, U. S. ARMY, MAY 15, 1861)

partment of Kentucky, May 28 to Aug. 15, 1861, — and of the Department of the Cumberland, Aug. 15 to Oct. 8, 1861; in waiting orders, 1861–63; in command of Ft. Adams, R. I., Aug. 19 to Oct. 27, 1863; and at New York city, on the Staff of the General commanding the East-

(RETIRED FROM ACTIVE SERVICE, OCT. 27, 1863, FOR DISABILITY RESULTING FROM LONG AND FAITHFUL SERVICE, AND WOUNDS AND DISEASE CONTRACTED IN THE LINE OF DUTY)

ern Department, Oct. 27, 1863, to Jan. 22, 1869.

BVT. MAJ.-GENERAL, U. S. ARMY, FEB. 3, 1865, FOR GALLANT AND MERITORIOUS SERVICE IN THE HARBOR OF CHARLESTON, S. C., IN THE DEFENSE OF FORT SUMTER.

Civil History. — Translator, from the French, of "Instructions for Field Artillery — Horse and Foot," for the service of the United States, 1840; and of "Evolutions of Field Batteries," 1860.

DIED, OCT. 26, 1871, AT NICE, FRANCE: AGED 66.

BIOGRAPHICAL SKETCH.

BREVET MAJOR-GENERAL ROBERT ANDERSON, whose death occurred Oct. 26, 1871, at Nice, France, was born, June 14, 1805, at "Soldiers' Retreat," near Louisville, Ky. His father was a Colonel in the Revolutionary Army, and his mother a cousin of Chief Justice Marshall.

At the age of sixteen he entered the United States Military Academy, from which he was graduated July 1, 1825, in the same class with the eminent scientist, Professor A. D. Bache, the able engineer, Major T. S. Brown, the knightly soldier, General C. F. Smith, and others since known to fame. A few months after his promotion to the Third Artillery he accompanied a relative as private secretary to our Minister to the Republic of Colombia. On his return in 1826, he was ordered to the Artillery School for Practice at Ft. Monroe, Va., where he remained till 1828, being then placed on Ordnance duty, upon which he continued till 1832. Though only a Second Lieutenant in the Regular Army, he received, May 9, 1832, the honorary appointment of Assistant Inspector-General, with the rank of Colonel of Illinois Volunteers, in the "Black Hawk War," and as such was engaged in the Battle of "Bad Axe" under General Atkinson. The war against the Sac Indians having terminated, he passed the following three years in the performance of garrison and ordnance duties, and the succeeding two at the Military Academy in giving instruction in the Department of Artillery. In 1837–38, he served in the Florida War, was engaged in several sharp actions with the Seminoles, and for his "gallantry and successful conduct" during these hostilities was brevetted Captain, Apr. 2, 1838, the date of his capture of forty-five Indians, near Ft. Lauderdale. From May 9 to July 7, 1838, he was Aide-de-Camp to Major-General Scott during the emigration of the Cherokees to the west of the Mississippi, and at the latter date, on the re-organization of the staff of the Army, was made Assistant Adjutant-General, continuing on duty with General Scott at New York, the headquarters of the Eastern Department, till July, 1841, when he became a member of a board of officers to examine his own translation from the French of "Instruction for Field Artillery — Horse and Foot," which he had prepared for the service of the United States, and published in 1840. This work he supplemented in 1860 with a translation of "Evolutions of Field Batteries." He was promoted, Oct. 23, 1841, to a Captaincy of Artillery, preferring which he accepted his line, and relinquished his staff, appointment. Till 1847, he was engaged on board and garrison duties,

and then joined his old commander in his great campaign in Mexico, continuing with him from the Siege of Vera Cruz till disabled by a severe wound received Sep. 8, 1847, in assaulting the enemy's works at Molino del Rey, where, for his "gallant and meritorious conduct," he was brevetted a Major. After recovering from his wound he was placed on garrison and artillery board duty till July 11, 1853, when he became Governor of the Branch Military Asylum at Harrodsburg, in his native State, an institution of which he was the founder. After holding this appointment till Nov. 1, 1854, he was put on various board and inspection duties till the autumn of 1860, in the mean time, Oct. 5, 1857, being promoted Major of the First Artillery. As Major Anderson, he will be best known to posterity, for with this title he was ordered to Charleston harbor in November, 1860, and here began his brief and conspicuous career of near five months, which was the crowning glory of his life.

The day after receiving orders for his new post, he sought an interview in New York with the writer of this notice, who was familiar with all the defenses of Charleston harbor, who had carefully reconnoitred every approach to it by land and by water, and who understood the spirit and temper of South Carolina, — ever ready to dare all hazards to attain her cherished wishes, as she felt herself to be the brain of the South since the departed days of Virginia's mental might. This ambitious State, the writer was convinced, would lead the van of secession, and he believed that the focus of the movement would be her chief city, of whose defense Fort Sumter was the golden key. Thus persuaded, he advised Anderson to ask for ample garrisons for all his works, — one company for Castle Pinckney, four for Fort Sumter, and enough recruits to fill up the two then at Fort Moultrie. With these and proper armaments, peace in that quarter would be compelled, as it had been in 1832 by General Scott when nullification was threatened. Such an application was made to and rejected by the traitor Floyd, — the war minister of the vacillating and timorous Buchanan. This decision — the fit sequence of the same secession policy which had stripped our seaboard of troops, had sent batteries of light artillery to fight Indians on the frontier, had transferred arms from the North to equip its enemies, and had designedly placed most of the Regular Army under Southern commanders — the writer anticipated from Floyd's antecedents, and consequently advised Anderson not to hesitate a moment, if not reinforced, to abandon Fort Moultrie to a corporal's guard and occupy Fort Sumter with the remainder of his troops; he, as commanding officer of the whole harbor, having the right to distribute his force among the works as he might believe would best contribute to its defense.

Anderson, who, as ordered, had established his headquarters at Fort Moultrie, Nov. 20, 1860, two weeks after the meeting of the Legislature of South Carolina, called together in anticipation of Lincoln's election to the Presidency, wisely made his memorable move to Fort Sumter on the night of December 26, 1860, after all hope had vanished of any favorable response to his repeated entreaties for succor. During the intervening month of his occupation of Fort Moultrie, while his engineers were energetically employed in greatly strengthening this feeble work, events were fast culminating to a crisis. Congress had met, and the nerveless Buchanan, seized with political paralysis, had communicated his irresolute message that the Constitution delegated no power of coercing a State; the Catilines in the Capitol openly meditated the ruin of their country; the veteran Cass had thrown up his portfolio of Secretary of State, because overruled by the traitors kept in the Cabinet. South Carolina had passed her ordinance of secession, and the fatal step had been celebrated with demonstrations of frantic joy; terrorism was established throughout the South; Unionism had no abiding-place within the Cotton States; and

amid all this wild tumult the ghost of brave old John Brown was marching on to the obsequies of human bondage.

The news of the occupation of Fort Sumter was received at the North with unbounded enthusiasm, and the praises of Anderson were on every loyal lip; while at the South it produced a paroxysm of anger, was the signal of an explosion of treason in the Cabinet at Washington, and the precursor of direful civil war. State after state soon committed the suicide of secession; the Southern conspirators, after uttering the most defiant threats, withdrew from Congress; forts and arsenals, left without garrisons, were seized; Southern commissioners dared to propose to the head of the nation the surrender of public property; the Montgomery usurpation was quickly enacted, with slavery as its corner-stone; much of the Regular Army and many frontier posts were basely put in the enemy's power by the treachery of the apostate Twiggs; the Navy was dispersed in distant seas, and revenue vessels in Southern waters transferred to rebel commanders; Buchanan's administration was fast setting in total eclipse; the noble Lincoln had become the Moses to lead his people through the wilderness of trial; and ere long even the national flag, borne by the Star of the West, was sacrilegiously fired upon by those who should have been its worshipers.

But amid all this momentous march of history, and the convulsive throes of the nation's agony, Anderson was in his sea-girt castle, cut off from all human aid, and abandoned to his fate. Weary days of active preparation for defense and nightly vigils against surprise had nearly exhausted his brave band of but eighty officers and men; every promontory and coigne of vantage bristled with hostile batteries, encircling him with destruction; and finally, his three and a half months of painful suspense terminated in the bombardment of Fort Sumter and the temporary triumph of the secession conspiracy. In his despatch to the Secretary of War, Anderson says: —

"Having defended Fort Sumter for thirty-four hours, until the quarters were entirely burned, the main gate destroyed by fire, the gorge-wall seriously injured, the magazine surrounded by flame, and its door closed from the effect of the heat, four barrels and three cartridges of powder only being available, and no provisions but pork remaining, I accepted the terms of evacuation offered by General Beauregard, being the same offered by him on the 11th inst., prior to the commencement of hostilities, and marched out of Fort Sumter Sunday afternoon, the 14th inst., with colors flying and drums beating, bringing away company and private property, and saluting my flag with fifty guns."

Anderson has been severely criticised, even by military men, for his apparent indecision, and for so quickly surrendering his post; but is it just to charge him with all the consequences of the irresolution of the Government, which practically did nothing to extricate him from the snare of the fowler, and made his the Brennus sword to turn the trembling balance upon which hung the scales of peace or war? How different probably would have been the result if, instead of a trimming placeman anxious to avoid the responsibilities of his high office, there had been seated in the Presidential chair in 1860 that brave old Roman who proclaimed in 1832 that "disunion by armed force was *treason*," and upon the instigators of the act would be the dreadful consequences, on their heads the dishonor, and on them the punishment meet for the commission of the most monstrous of human wrongs! How changed would have been the award of history if, instead of allowing a State to intimidate the nation, the wavering politician had boldly upheld the honor of his position, had refused all compromises with secession, had spurned any sacrifice of great principles to faction, and had replied to all disunion threats

as did the noble Webster, that "the time had come to test the strength of the Constitution and the Government!"

The day after leaving Fort Sumter, Anderson with his little, tried band of seventy men sailed for New York, where he was most enthusiastically received, the city authorities marking their approbation of his services by conferring upon him the freedom of the city. Then followed the firing of the Southern heart, and the uprising of the entire North in national majesty. Four years of grim-visaged war ensued, and the Southern heart which had beat so wildly was stilled amid stupendous desolation. Anderson from the conquering North then came again to rear Fort Sumter's insulted flag upon its battered walls; to gaze upon Charleston, — a Tadmor in ruins, — over which the iron wings of the "Swamp Angel" had ceased to hover; and to hear the whole South weeping like Rachel for her children, who sent back from their graves no responsive cry.

President Lincoln, in recognition of Anderson's services, appointed him, May 15, 1861, a Brigadier-General in the Regular Army, and placed him in command of the Department of Kentucky, and subsequently of that of the Cumberland, which his shattered health compelled him to relinquish in the following October. From this time till his retirement from active service, Oct. 27, 1863, he performed no duty except for a short period in command of Fort Adams, Newport harbor, Rhode Island. However, to entitle him to full pay, the Government generously gave him a nominal position on the staff of the General commanding the Eastern Department, which continued until terminated by Army regulations and law. On Feb. 3, 1865, he was brevetted a Major-General "for gallant and meritorious service in the harbor of Charleston, S. C., in the defense of Fort Sumter."

In 1870 he went abroad, first to Dresden, then to Tours, and finally to Nice, hoping for relief in the mild, congenial climate of Southern France; but his health was so broken by his long service and severe wound in the Army, and his constitution so shattered by the hardships and anxiety he had endured at Fort Sumter, that death in his sixty-seventh year at last came to end his sufferings.

Anderson, though possessing professional judgment and fair intelligence, had more of the elements of moral than mental greatness. He was conscientious and zealous in the discharge of every duty; sterling integrity and high honor characterized his every action; and scrupulous truth and unswerving fidelity marked his whole intercourse. He was ever a reliable and loyal soldier, a kind and just commander, a courteous and genial gentleman, a pure and devout Christian, a warm and generous friend, a tender and faithful husband, and the gentle and loving parent. He was always a popular and respected officer in the Army; a general favorite among men, who admired his frank and manly manner; and by women especially esteemed for his sincerity of heart, and the religious tone of all his utterances.

> "Generous as brave,
> Affection, kindness, the sweet offices
> Of love and duty, were to him as needful
> As his daily bread."

407. . (Born N. Y.) . **ALEXANDER D. MACKAY** . (Ap'd N. Y.) . . **16**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, Sep. 1, 1821, to July 1, 1825, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 3D ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1825.

SECOND LIEUT., 1ST ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1825.

Served: at the Military Academy, as Asst. Teacher of Drawing, Aug. 31, 1825, to Aug. 30, 1826; on Topographical duty, Aug. 30, 1826, to Mar. 6,

1828; in garrison at Ft. Monroe, Va. (Artillery School for Practice), 1828; on Topographical duty, Oct. 24, 1828, to Dec. 31, 1833; in garrison at Ft. Washington, Md., 1833–35; and on Coast Survey, Apr. 22,

(FIRST LIEUT., 1ST ARTILLERY, FEB. 4, 1833)

1835, to Dec. 17, 1836, when, while attempting to swim from the steamer Dolphin, which had burst her boiler off St. John's Bar, Fla., he was

DROWNED, DEC. 17, 1836: AGED 32.

408..(Born Pa.).....**JAMES R. IRWIN**.....(Ap'd Pa.)..**17**

Military History.—Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1821, to July 1, 1825, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 2D ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1825.

SECOND LIEUT., 1ST ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1825.

Served: in garrison at Ft. Monroe, Va. (Artillery School for Practice), 1826–28; on Ordnance duty, Mar. 6, 1828, to Jan. 21, 1829; on Topographical duty, Jan. 21, 1829, to Jan. 19, 1833; on Engineer duty, Jan. 19,

(FIRST LIEUT., 1ST ARTILLERY, MAY 31, 1833)

1833, to June 2, 1834; in garrison at Ft. Macon, N. C., 1834–35,—and at Castle Pinckney, S. C., 1835; on Engineer duty, Oct. 3, 1835, to Jan. 6, 1836; in the Florida War against the Seminole Indians, 1836, 1837–38, being engaged in the Skirmish of Okihumphy Swamp, Mar. 30, 1836,—

(BVT. CAPT., AUG. 21, 1836, FOR GALLANTRY AND GOOD CONDUCT IN THE WAR AGAINST THE FLORIDA INDIANS)

and Combat at Ft. Drane, Aug. 21, 1836; as Adjutant, 1st Artillery, at Regimental headquarters, Oct. 10, 1836, to May 23, 1838; on Quartermaster duty at Philadelphia, Pa., 1838–40,—Ft. Monroe, Va., 1841–43,—

(CAPT., STAFF — ASST. QUARTERMASTER, JULY 7, 1838)

Jefferson Barracks, Mo., 1843–44,—Newport, Ky., 1844–46,—Military

(CAPTAIN, 1ST ARTILLERY, MAY 16, 1842, TO JUNE 18, 1846)

Occupation of Texas, at La Vaca, 1846,—and as Chief Quartermaster of the Army commanded by Major-General Scott, in the War with Mexico, Apr. 7, 1847, to Jan. 10, 1848, being present at the Battle of Cerro Gordo, Apr. 17–18, 1847,—Battle of Churubusco, Aug. 20, 1847,—Battle of Molino del Rey, Sep. 8, 1847,—Storming of Chapultepec, Sep. 13, 1847,—Assault and Capture of the City of Mexico, Sep. 13–14, 1847,—and throughout the entire campaign served with the greatest zeal and efficiency, till he

DIED, JAN. 10, 1848, IN THE CITY OF MEXICO: AGED 47.

409..(Born N. Y.).....**HORACE SMITH**.....(Ap'd N. Y.)..**18**

Military History.—Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1821, to July 1, 1825, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 1ST ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1825.

SECOND LIEUT., 2D ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1825.

Served: on Topographical duty, July 22, 1825, to Aug. 29, 1826; and in garrison at Ft. Monroe, Va. (Artillery School for Practice), 1826–28.

DIED, JAN. 8, 1828, AT ST. AUGUSTINE, FLA.: AGED 24.

410..(Born Pa.).....**CHARLES F. SMITH***.....(Ap'd Pa.)..**19**

Military History.—Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1820, to

July 1, 1825, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 2D ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1825.

SECOND LIEUT., 2D ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1825.

Served: in garrison at Ft. Delaware, Del., 1825–27, — and Augusta Arsenal, Ga., 1827–29; at the Military Academy, 1829–42, as Asst. Instructor of Infantry Tactics, June 25, 1829, to Sep. 1, 1831, — as Adjutant, Sep. 1, 1831, to Apr. 1, 1838, — and as Commandant of Cadets and

(FIRST LIEUT., 2D ARTILLERY, MAY 30, 1832)

Instructor of Infantry Tactics, Apr. 1, 1838, to Sep. 1, 1842; in garrison

(CAPTAIN, 2D ARTILLERY, JULY 7, 1838)

at Ft. Columbus, N. Y., 1843–44, — and Frankford Arsenal, Pa., 1844–45; in Military Occupation of Texas, 1845–46; in the War with Mexico, 1846–48, being engaged in the Battle of Palo Alto, May 8, 1846, — Battle

(BVT. MAJOR, MAY 9, 1846, FOR GALLANT AND DISTINGUISHED CONDUCT IN THE BATTLES OF PALO ALTO AND RESACA-DE-LA-PALMA, TEX.)

of Resaca-de-la-Palma, May 9, 1846, — Battle of Monterey, Sep. 21–23,

(BVT. LIEUT.-COLONEL, SEP. 23, 1846, FOR GALLANT CONDUCT IN THE SEVERAL CONFLICTS AT MONTEREY, MEX.)

1847, in command of the storming party which carried Federation Hill, — Siege of Vera Cruz, Mar. 9–29, 1847, — Battle of Cerro Gordo, Apr. 17–18, 1847, — Skirmish of Amazoque, May 14, 1847, — Capture of San Antonio, Aug. 20, 1847, — Battle of Churubusco, Aug. 20, 1847, — Storming

(BVT. COLONEL, AUG. 20, 1847, FOR GALLANT AND MERITORIOUS CONDUCT IN THE BATTLES OF CONTRERAS AND CHURUBUSCO, MEX.)

of Chapultepec, Sep. 13, 1847, — Assault and Capture of the City of Mexico, Sep. 13–14, 1847, — and in command of Light Infantry Battalion, May 1 to Nov. 3, 1847, and of the Police Guard of the City of Mexico, Sep., 1847, to June 4, 1848; in garrison at Ft. Marion, Fla., 1849; as Member of a Board of Officers, 1849–51, to devise "A Complete System of Instruction for Siege, Garrison, Seacoast, and Mountain Artillery," which was adopted, May 10, 1851, for the service of the United States; as President of Board of Claims for supplies, etc., furnished by Colonel Fremont, in 1846, to California Volunteers, Sep. 7, 1852, to Apr. 3, 1855;

(MAJOR, 1ST ARTILLERY, NOV. 25, 1854)

(LIEUT.-COLONEL, 10TH INFANTRY, MAR. 3, 1855)

in garrison at Carlisle Barracks, Pa., 1855; on frontier duty at Ft. Snelling, Min., 1855, — Ft. Crawford, Wis., 1855–56, — Ft. Snelling, Min., 1856, in command of Expedition to the Red River of the North, 1856, — Ft. Snelling, Min., 1856–57, — and Utah Expedition, 1857–61, being in command of the Department of Utah, Feb. 29, 1860, to Feb. 28, 1861.

Served during the Rebellion of the Seceding States, 1861–62: in command of the Department of Washington, Apr. 10–28, 1861; as Superintendent of General Recruiting Service at Ft. Columbus, N. Y., Apr. 28 to Aug. 19, 1861; in command of District of Western Kentucky, head-

(BRIG.-GENERAL, U. S. VOLUNTEERS, AUG. 31, 1861)

quarters at Paducah, Ky., Sep. 8, 1861, to Jan. 31, 1862; and in the Ten-

(COLONEL, 3D INFANTRY, SEP. 9, 1861)

nessee Campaign of 1862, being engaged in the operations about Ft. Henry, Feb. 4–6, 1862, — Assault and Capture of Ft. Donelson, Feb. 13–16, 1862, — and in command of the advance upon Shiloh, Mar., 1862, but was

(MAJOR-GENERAL, U. S. VOLUNTEERS, MAR. 21, 1862)

taken sick, after receiving a severe injury, before the battle, and
DIED, APR. 25, 1862, AT SAVANNAH, TEN.: AGED 56.

* Was the son of Dr. SAMUEL B. SMITH, Asst. Surgeon, U. S. Army.

BIOGRAPHICAL SKETCH.

MAJOR-GENERAL CHARLES F. SMITH was born, April 24, 1807, in Philadelphia, Pa. He was a grandson of a Colonel of the Continental Army, and son of Asst. Surgeon Samuel B. Smith, of the U. S. Army. Upon his graduation from the Military Academy in a distinguished class, of which the great scientist, Alexander D. Bache, was the head, Smith was promoted to the Artillery. After four years doing garrison duty, he was detailed, June 25, 1829, as an Asst. Instructor of Infantry Tactics at the Military Academy. After the lapse of over threescore years, how vividly can I recall the tall, graceful, and handsome Lieutenant drilling our company of Cadets in marches and the manual of arms, and two years later as the soldierly Adjutant of the great Superintendent, Colonel Thayer! This latter position of exacting details Smith efficiently filled for nearly seven years, when he became the Commandant of Cadets. After thirteen years of service at the Academy, where he won the golden opinions of all over and under him, he, having been promoted to be Captain, took command of his company.

Difficulties with Mexico, in 1845, took Smith to the field. In command of a Battalion of Artillery, he led the advance across the Colorado; won his brevet of Major by his gallantry at Palo Alto and Resaca-de-la-Palma; for the brilliant storming of Federation Hill, at Monterey, was brevetted a Lieut.-Colonel; and, transferred to General Scott's army, took a conspicuous part in the varied operations of that daring invasion from Vera Cruz to the enemy's capital. In the Valley of Mexico he commanded the Light Infantry Battalion, with signal ability and characteristic intrepidity, at the Capture of San Antonio, Battle of Churubusco, Storming of Chapultepec, and Assault of the City of Mexico, receiving his third brevet, — that of Colonel, — as his well-merited reward in this short war. The citizens of his native city, who appreciated the value of disciplined courage, military instruction, and skilled leadership, at the close of this war presented him with a Sword of Honor.

Soon after the termination of hostilities, Smith was placed upon the Board to devise a "Complete System of Instruction for Siege, Garrison, Seacoast, and Mountain Artillery." Promoted, Nov. 25, 1854, Major 1st Artillery, and, Mar. 3, 1855, appointed Lieut.-Colonel of the new 10th Infantry, he took command, in 1856, of an expedition to the Red River of the North, and the following year against the Mormons in Utah, remaining in charge, till 1861, of the Department of Utah.

When the Rebellion began, Smith was called by his old Chief, General Scott, who appreciated his merits, to the command of the Department of Washington, embracing Maryland and the District of Columbia, in which was the defenseless capital of the Nation. In Sep., 1861, as Brigadier-General of Volunteers, he took charge of the District of Western Kentucky, headquarters Paducah, at the mouth of the Tennessee River, a post of great importance, which soon became the base of operations against the Confederate first line of defense. At once he put the place in a good condition of defense against any attack in front or flank. Engaged day and night preparing to resist the foe without, he was suddenly assailed by a secret and unscrupulous enemy within, who, aided by some scurrilous newspapers, was untiringly trying to supplant Smith in his command. Fortunately a gentleman and a soldier was at the head of the Department of the Missouri, who, knowing Smith's worth, and the falsity of the accusations against him through Halleck's Chief of Staff, who

had just visited Paducah, supported the General against his demagogic adversary, and thus retained in command a hero soon to show his brilliant leadership against a nobler and more open foe.

After various expeditions to deceive, and prevent the concentration of, the Confederate forces, General Smith moved his command up the Tennessee, and captured Fort Heiman, at the same time that Ft. Henry surrendered. Marching next across the narrow strip between the Tennessee and Cumberland rivers, Fort Donelson, with its numerous batteries, strong intrenchments, and large garrison confronted the Union forces. We cannot go into a full description of this well-known battle. Suffice it to say that the assault of the enemy's lines on our right having failed, General Smith was ordered to storm those on our left. Instantly mounting his superb steed, the General, the impersonation of another Mars, rode along the front of his brigades, and, with brow knit in stern resolve, told the men to be ready ; then, placing himself before the centre as for review, with McPherson at his side, cool and self-possessed, commanded to charge at double quick with fixed bayonets. Onward his volunteers advanced with the utmost intrepidity through the tempest of iron and leaden hail, opening wide gaps in the serried ranks, soon filled by other brave men. Forward they sped to the thick abatis, which seemed impassable under the deadly fire. Their knightly leader, turning in his saddle and brandishing his sword, cried out in a loud voice : " No flinching now, my lads ! Here, — this is the way ! Come on, my brave boys ! " Threading his path through the felled timber, his noble example inspired his followers, who swarmed in after him as best they could. Then, reforming their ranks, they rushed after their gallant chief into the very jaws of death. Upward, through the smoke of battle, they climbed till the perilous goal was reached ; a lodgment was made in the enemy's works, the defenders fled, the day was won, and the battle ended with " unconditional and immediate surrender." The hero of the fight, though such a conspicuous target to the sharpshooters, fortunately escaped with only a contusion below the stomach.

Grant generously acknowledged to Smith " that he owed his success at Donelson emphatically to him." Halleck, the Commander of the Department, at once telegraphed to McClellan : " Brig.-General Charles F. Smith, by his coolness and bravery at Fort Donelson when the battle was against us, turned the tide and carried the enemy's outworks ; make him a Major-General. You can't get a better one. Honor him for this victory, and the country will applaud." The appointment was at once made, and unanimously confirmed by the Senate ; and the municipal authorities of Philadelphia voted Smith a Sword of Honor.

Shortly after the capture of Donelson, our troops were in possession of Clarksville and Nashville. Smith, March 7, 1862, was assigned to the command of the expedition then moving up the Tennessee River, of which he says : " This whole force is utterly demoralized by victory. There seems to be neither head nor tail. The utter want of discipline seems to me to be something marvelous, and yet I have to go far into the bowels of the earth with these men ; " but he adds, " You shall hear a good account of me or of my death."

When the expedition had arrived at Savannah, Ten., Smith, in jumping from his steamer into a yawl, missed his foothold and badly injured the bone of the lower part of his right leg, which greatly distressed him, not so much for the pain he had to endure, but because, as he writes, " he could not take the field soon, not being able to sit a horse, or in fact walk," which would compel him " to ride to the battlefield in an ambulance." Notwithstanding the agony he suffered, he made a reconnoissance of the river up to Chickasaw Bluff. Before the end of March the General had to take to his bed, where he was obliged to submit to a severe

surgical operation. This, with his debility caused by a cold taken at Donelson, continued harassing exertion, bad climate, supervening erysipelas, and poisonous drugs, completely sapped his vital energy. To the last moment he hoped to be well enough "to be carried about the expected battlefield in a hand litter." This was denied him, and like a caged lion he chafed, hearing the tumult of Shiloh a few miles distant. "Imagine," says he, "if it be possible, my feelings, — but no, that is impossible — lying here bedridden with my injured leg, and excessive bodily weakness, listening for two days to the sounds of battle, the roar of artillery, the rattle of musketry, without being able to take my proper part in it." Ten days later I saw him on his death-bed. Though resigned to the inevitable, his soldier soul was all aglow with the anticipated success of the Union cause, in which his loyal heart was so much bound up.

On the 25th of April, 1862, this brave and noble paladin, who was as intrepid as Ney, as chivalric as Murat, and as rock-fast as Macdonald, breathed his last. The Army could boast of no better general. His stately and commanding presence inspired his soldiers with respect and almost fear. In his rigid discipline, though severe, he was always just, requiring no greater subordination from inferiors than he was ready to yield to superiors. The call of duty was to him a magic sound for which he was always ready to make every sacrifice and endure any fatigue. He was the very model of a soldier, calm, prudent, and self-poised, yet, in the hour of danger, bold almost to rashness. Had he lived he would have held a high niche in the Temple of Fame, whose doors were already opened to him. Sherman said that, "had C. F. Smith lived, Grant would have disappeared to history after Donelson."

We cannot better terminate this brief sketch of this knightly soldier than in the words of General Halleck's Obituary Order, issued from his headquarters at Pittsburg Landing on the day of Smith's death: "He had been in the service of his country for more than forty years, and had passed through all the military grades from Cadet to Major-General. He had fought with distinction in nearly all the battles of Mexico, and by his gallantry and skill had gained imperishable laurels at the Siege of Ft. Donelson. He combined the qualities of a faithful officer, an excellent disciplinarian, an able commander, and a modest, courteous gentleman. In his death the army has lost one of its brightest ornaments, and the country a general whose place it will be difficult to supply."

General Smith's remains were borne to Laurel Hill Cemetery, in his native city, with the highest military and civic honors. Peace to his sacred dust!

411..(Born Va.)..**WASHINGTON SEAWELL**...(Ap'd Va.)..20

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1821, to July 1, 1825, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 7TH INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1825.

SECOND LIEUT., 7TH INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1825.

Served: on frontier duty at Ft. Jesup, La., 1826–29; on Engineer duty, Aug. 6, 1829, to Nov. 20, 1831; as Disbursing Indian Agent, June 28, 1832, to Aug. 20, 1834; on frontier duty at Ft. Gibson, I. T., 1834; as Aide-

(FIRST LIEUT., 1ST DRAGOONS, MAR. 4, 1833: DECLINED)

(FIRST LIEUT., 7TH INFANTRY, JULY 12, 1833)

de-Camp to Bvt. Brig.-General Arbuckle, Nov. 5, 1834, to May 5, 1836, being Secretary to the Board of Indian Commissioners West, 1835–36;

(CAPTAIN, 7TH INFANTRY, JULY 31, 1836)

on frontier duty at Ft. Gibson, I. T., 1836–38, — Jefferson Barracks, Mo., 1836, — and Ft. Gibson, I. T., 1838–39; in the Florida War, 1839;

on sick leave of absence, 1839–41; in the Florida War, 1841; in transferring Indians, 1841–42; in the Florida War, 1842, in charge of Indian

(BVT. MAJOR, JULY 18, 1841, FOR MERITORIOUS AND SUCCESSFUL SERVICES IN THE WAR AGAINST THE FLORIDA INDIANS)

Affairs; in garrison at Ft. Brooke, Fla., 1842–43; on Special duty, 1843 and 1844; in garrison at Baton Rouge, La., 1844, — Pass Christian, Mis., 1844, — and Baton Rouge, 1844–45; in Military Occupation of Texas, 1845–46; in the War with Mexico, 1846, being engaged in the Defense of Ft. Brown, Tex., May 3–9, 1846; on Recruiting service, 1846–47; on Commissary duty, 1847; in garrison at Jefferson Barracks, Mo., 1848,

(MAJOR, 2D INFANTRY, MAR. 3, 1847)

— Ft. Hamilton, N. Y., 1848, — and Benicia, Cal., 1849–52; and on frontier duty at Ft. Chadbourne, Tex., 1853, — Ringgold Barracks, Tex.,

(LIEUT.-COLONEL, 8TH INFANTRY, FEB. 23, 1852)

1853–54, — Ft. Davis, Tex., 1854–59, — in command of the Department of Texas, Dec. 10, 1859, to Oct. 17, 1860 (headquarters at San Antonio,

(COLONEL, 6TH INFANTRY, OCT. 17, 1860)

Tex., 1859–60, — and Ft. Davis, Tex., 1860), — and at Benicia, Cal., 1861.

RETIRED FROM ACTICE SERVICE, FEB. 20, 1862, FOR DISABILITY RESULTING FROM EXPOSURE IN THE LINE OF DUTY.

Served during the Rebellion of the Seceding States, 1862–66: as Chief Mustering and Disbursing Officer for the State of Kentucky, Mar., 1862, to Sep., 1863; as Chief Mustering and Disbursing Officer for the Department of the Pacific, Oct. 15, 1863, to Jan. 12, 1864, and Nov., 1865, to Feb., 1869; as Commissary of Musters and Superintendent of Recruit-

(BVT. BRIG.-GENERAL, U. S. ARMY, MAR. 13, 1865, FOR LONG AND FAITHFUL SERVICES IN THE ARMY)

ing Service of the Department of the Pacific, Oct. 15, 1863, to July 27, 1865, — and of the Department of California, July 27, 1865, to Mar., 1869, — and Acting Asst. Provost Marshal General at San Francisco, Cal., Nov., 1865, to June, 1866.

DIED, JAN. 8, 1888, AT SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.: AGED 86.

412..(Born Va.)....**LAWRENCE F. CARTER**....(Ap'd Va.)..**21**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1820, to July 1, 1825, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 4TH INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1825.

SECOND LIEUT., 7TH INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1825.

Served: on frontier duty at Ft. Towson, I. T., 1826–27, — and at Ft.

(FIRST LIEUT., 7TH INFANTRY, DEC. 15, 1833)

Gibson, I. T., 1827–37.

DIED, JAN. 19, 1837, AT FT. GIBSON, I. T.: AGED 33.

413..(Born N. C.)...**FREDERICK NORCOM**....(Ap'd N. C.)..**22**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1821, to July 1, 1825, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 4TH INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1825.

SECOND LIEUT., 3D INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1825.

Served in garrison at Ft. Monroe, Va. (Artillery School for Practice),

(TRANSFERRED TO 4TH ARTILLERY, APR. 19, 1826)

1826–28, — and Ft. Columbus, N. Y., 1828–30, 1831–32.

RESIGNED, AUG. 31, 1832.

Civil History. — Counselor at Law, North Carolina, 1832–35; and Mississippi, 1836–43. Member of the House of Commons of the State of North Carolina, 1833–34. Counselor at Law, St. Louis, Mo., 1843–48.

DIED, DEC. 9, 1865, AT NEW YORK CITY: AGED 62.

414..(Born N. C.)..**NATHANIEL H. STREET**..(Ap'd N. C.)..**23**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1821, to July 1, 1825, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 4TH INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1825.

SECOND LIEUT., 6TH INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1825.

Served in garrison at New Orleans, La., 1826.

RESIGNED, SEP. 1, 1826.

Civil History. — Planter, on Neuse River, near Newberne, N. C., 1826–76. Superintendent of Common Schools, Newberne, N. C., 1838–60. Member of the House of Commons of the State of North Carolina, 1842; and of the Senate, 1846, 1859, and 1860.

Joined in the Rebellion of 1861–66 against the United States.

DIED, JULY 6, 1876, NEAR NEWBERNE, N. C.: AGED 72.

415..(Born Mas.).....**JOSEPH S. WORTH**.....(Ap'd N. Y.)..**24**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1821, to July 1, 1825, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 3D INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1825.

SECOND LIEUT., 6TH INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1825.

Served: on Topographical duty, July 5, 1826, to Mar. 31, 1829; in

(FIRST LIEUT., 6TH INFANTRY, APR. 22, 1830)

garrison at Jefferson Barracks, Mo., 1829–31; on Recruiting service, 1831–34; in garrison at Jefferson Barracks, Mo., 1835–36; on frontier duty at Ft. Jesup, La., 1836, — Camp Sabine, La., 1836, — Caddo Coun-

(CAPTAIN, 6TH INFANTRY, JULY 31, 1837)

try, 1836, — and Camp Sabine, La., 1836–38; in the Florida War, 1838;

(TRANSFERRED TO 8TH INFANTRY, JULY 7, 1838)

on the Northern Frontier during Canada Border Disturbances, at Sackett's Harbor, N. Y., 1839, — and Oswego, N. Y., 1839–40; in garrison at Jefferson Barracks, Mo., 1840; in the Florida War, 1840–41, 1842; in garrison at Ft. Shannon, Fla., 1842–43, — and Ft. Marion, Fla., 1843–45; and in Military Occupation of Texas, 1845.

DIED, JULY 21, 1846, AT ST. AUGUSTINE, FLA.: AGED 39.

416..(Born N. J.).....**N. SAYRE HARRIS**.....(Ap'd N. J.)..**25**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, Sep. 1, 1821, to July 1, 1825, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 5TH INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1825.

SECOND LIEUT., 3D INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1825.

Served: on frontier duty at Ft. Snelling, Min., 1825–26; in garrison at Jefferson Barracks, Mo., 1826–28; as Adjutant, 3d Infantry, at Regimental headquarters, Feb. 19, 1827, to Oct. 19, 1830; at the Military

(FIRST LIEUT., 3D INFANTRY, SEP. 11, 1829)

Academy, as Asst. Instructor of Infantry Tactics, Jan. 21, 1831, to Jan. 1, 1834; and on Recruiting service, 1834–35.

RESIGNED, MAY 31, 1835.

Civil History. — Clergyman, Protestant Episcopal Church, 1837–86. Appointed Chaplain, U. S. Army, 1838: declined. Chaplain, Hudson Brigade, New Jersey Militia, 1859–69.

DIED, APR. 22, 1886, AT PHILADELPHIA, PA.: AGED 80.

417..(Born Md.).....**OSBORNE CROSS**.....(Ap'd Md.)..**26**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1820, to July 1, 1825, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 1ST INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1825.

SECOND LIEUT., 4TH INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1825.

Served: in garrison at New Orleans, La., 1825–28; on frontier duty

(TRANSFERRED TO 1ST INFANTRY, SEP. 29, 1827)

at Ft. Snelling, Min., 1828–30, 1831–32; on Commissary duty, 1832–33;

(FIRST LIEUT., 1ST INFANTRY, DEC. 31, 1831)

on Recruiting service, 1833–34; on Engineer duty, May 27, 1834, to Nov. 19, 1835; on Quartermaster duty at New Orleans, La., 1836–38, —

(ASST. QUARTERMASTER, JAN. 1, 1836, TO JULY 7, 1838)

(CAPT., STAFF — ASST. QUARTERMASTER, JULY 7, 1838)

(CAPTAIN, 1ST INFANTRY, JULY 7, 1838, TO JUNE 18, 1846)

Baton Rouge, La., 1839–40, — Tampa Bay, Fla., 1840, — New Orleans, La., 1840–41, — with the 2d Dragoons, moving from Florida to the West of the Mississippi, 1841–42, — Ft. Towson, I. T., 1842, — New Orleans, La., 1842–43, — Baton Rouge, La., 1843–44, — Natchitoches, La., 1844–45, — Ft. Jesup, La., 1845, — Military Occupation of Texas, 1845, — New Orleans, La., 1845–46, — Military Occupation of Texas, 1846, — War with Mexico, as Chief Quartermaster of Brig.-General Wool's Division, 1846–47, — at Natchez, Mis., 1847, fitting out Volunteers for Mexico, —

(MAJOR, STAFF — QUARTERMASTER, JULY 24, 1847)

New Orleans, La., 1847–48, — Chief Quartermaster of the Army of Mexico, 1848, — Route to Oregon, 1849–50, — New York city, 1851–52, — and as Chief Quartermaster of Pacific Division, May 14, 1852, to Mar. 4, 1857; and awaiting trial, and suspended, 1858–62.

Served during the Rebellion of the Seceding States, 1862–66: as Chief Quartermaster of the Army of the Mississippi, at Pittsburg Landing, Ten., Apr. 13 to June 13, 1862, — and of the Camp of Instruction near Baltimore, Md., 1862; on Inspection duty in North and South Carolina, and Department of the Gulf, Oct. 14, 1862, to Mar. 5, 1863; and as

(LIEUT.-COLONEL, STAFF — DEP. QUARTERMASTER-GEN., FEB. 26, 1863)

Chief Quartermaster, Pittsburg Depot, Pa., Mar. 5, 1863, to Dec. 21, 1865; on leave of absence, Dec. 21, 1865, to Mar., 1866; as Depot

(COL., STAFF — ASST. QUARTERMASTER-GEN., JULY 29, 1866)

Quartermaster, Pittsburg, Pa., Mar. 8 to Aug. 15, 1866.

RETIRED FROM ACTIVE SERVICE, JULY 29, 1866, UNDER THE LAW OF JULY 17, 1862, HE BEING OVER "THE AGE OF 62 YEARS."

DIED, JULY 15, 1876, AT NEW YORK CITY: AGED 73.

418..(Born Pa.).....**JOSEPH BONNELL**.....(Ap'd Pa.)..**27**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1821, to July 1, 1825, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 5TH INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1825.

SECOND LIEUT., 3D INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1825.

Served: on Recruiting service, 1825–26; in garrison at Jefferson Bar-

racks, Mo., 1826–27 ; on frontier duty at Ft. Leavenworth, Kan., 1827–28 ; on Recruiting service, 1828–29 ; on frontier duty at Jefferson Barracks, Mo., 1829–30, — Des Moines Rapids, Io., 1830, — Jefferson Barracks,

(FIRST LIEUT., 3D INFANTRY, JULY 15, 1831)

Mo., 1830–31, — Ft. Jesup, La., 1831–36, — Camp Sabine, La., 1836, —

(CAPTAIN, 8TH INFANTRY, JULY 7, 1838)

and Ft. Jesup, La., 1836–38 ; on Northern Frontier during Canada Border Disturbances, at Sackett's Harbor, N. Y., 1838–39, — Morristown, N. Y., 1839, — Sackett's Harbor, N. Y., 1839, — and Ogdensburg, N. Y., 1839–40 ; and on Recruiting service, 1840.

DIED, SEP. 27, 1840, AT PHILADELPHIA, PA. : AGED 37.

419. (Born N. J.) **WILLIAM R. MONTGOMERY**. (Ap'd N. J.) **28**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, Sep. 1, 1821, to July 1, 1825, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 3D INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1825.

SECOND LIEUT., 3D INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1825.

Served : in garrison at Ft. Howard, Wis., 1826, — and Jefferson Barracks, Mo., 1826–27 ; on frontier duty at Ft. Leavenworth, Kan., 1827–28, — Jefferson Barracks, Mo., 1829–30, — Choctaw Nation, 1830–31, — and Ft. Jesup, La., 1831–32 ; on Recruiting service, 1832 ; on Commissary duty (subsisting Indians), 1832–33 ; on frontier duty at Ft. Jesup,

(FIRST LIEUT., 3D INFANTRY, AUG. 31, 1833)

La., 1833–35 ; on Recruiting service, 1835–37 ; on frontier duty at Ft. Jesup, La., 1837–38 ; on Recruiting service, 1838 ; on Northern Frontier during Canada Border Disturbances, at Swanton, Vt., 1838, — Sackett's Harbor, N. Y., 1838, — Ft. Covington, N. Y., 1838–39, — Ogdensburg,

(CAPTAIN, 8TH INFANTRY, JULY 7, 1838)

N. Y., 1839, — and Recruiting, 1839–40 ; in garrison at Sackett's Harbor, N. Y., 1840, — and Jefferson Barracks, Mo., 1849 ; in the Florida War, 1840–42 ; in garrison at Ft. Brooke, Fla., 1843–45 ; in Military Occupation of Texas, 1845–46 ; in the War with Mexico, 1846, being engaged in the Battle of Palo Alto, May 8, 1846, — and Battle of Resaca-de-la-Palma, May 9, 1846, where he was wounded ; on Recruiting service, 1846–47 ; in

(BVT. MAJOR, MAY 9, 1846, FOR GALLANT CONDUCT IN THE BATTLES OF PALO ALTO AND RESACA-DE-LA-PALMA, TEX.)

the War with Mexico, 1847–48, being engaged in the Battle of Cerro Gordo, Apr. 17–18, 1847, — Capture of San Antonio, Aug. 20, 1847, — Battle of Churubusco, Aug. 20, 1847, — Battle of Molino del Rey, Sep. 8, 1847, where he was wounded in the Assault of the enemy's works, —

(BVT. LIEUT.-COL., SEP. 8, 1847, FOR GALLANT AND MERITORIOUS CONDUCT IN THE BATTLE OF MOLINO DEL REY, MEX.)

Storming of Chapultepec, Sep. 13, 1847, — and Assault and Capture of the City of Mexico, Sep. 13–14, 1847 ; in garrison at Jefferson Barracks, Mo., 1848–49 ; on frontier duty at Austin, Tex., 1849, — and Ft. Gates, Tex., 1849–50 ; on Recruiting service, 1850–53 ; on frontier duty at Ft.

(MAJOR, 2D INFANTRY, DEC. 7, 1852)

Chadbourne, Tex., 1853 ; on Recruiting service, 1853–54 ; in garrison at Jefferson Barracks, Mo., 1854 ; and on frontier duty at Ft. Riley, Kan., 1854–55, — Ft. Leavenworth, Kan., 1855, — Ft. Pierre, Dak., 1855, — and Ft. Leavenworth, Kan., 1855.

DISMISSED, DEC. 8, 1855,

for "appropriating a portion of the Military Reserve at Ft. Riley, Kan., to the uses of the Pawnee Association for a town site, he being interested in that Association."

Served during the Rebellion of the Seceding States, 1861–64: in the

(COLONEL, 1ST N. J. VOLUNTEERS, MAY 17, 1861)

(BRIG.-GENERAL, U. S. VOLUNTEERS, MAY 17, 1861)

defenses of Washington, D. C., and as Military Governor of Alexandria, Va., Sep.-Dec., 1861; in command of Annapolis, Md., Jan. to Mar. 17, 1862, — and at Philadelphia, Pa., Apr. 4, 1862, to Mar. 2, 1863; in waiting orders at Cairo, Ill., Mar. to Oct., 1863; on Military Commission at Memphis, Ten., Oct. 16, 1863, to Mar. 15, 1864; and on leave of absence, Mar. 15 to Apr. 4, 1864.

RESIGNED, APR. 4, 1864.

DIED, MAY 31, 1871, AT BRISTOL, PA.: AGED 70.

420..(Born Md.)..**H. ST. JAMES LINDEN** *....(Ap'd Md.)..**29**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1821, to July 1, 1825, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 2D INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1825.

SECOND LIEUT., 6TH INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1825.

Served: on Regimental Staff duty, 1826; on leave of absence, 1826–29; on Special duty in Eastern Department, 1829; in garrison at Jefferson Barracks, Mo., 1829–31; on Recruiting service, 1831–33; and on sick

(FIRST LIEUT., 6TH INFANTRY, MAR. 4, 1833)

leave of absence, 1833–36.

Civil History. — Author of "Military Manual," 1830.

DIED, AUG. 10, 1836, AT BALTIMORE, MD.: AGED 34.

* Named JAMES S. THOMPSON when he was graduated.

421..(Born Ky.).....**JAMES J. ANDERSON**....(Ap'd Ky.)..**30**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1821, to July 1, 1825, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 6TH INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1825.

SECOND LIEUT., 4TH INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1825.

Served: on frontier duty at Ft. Atkinson, Council Bluffs, Io., 1826; in garrison at Cantonment Clinch, Fla., 1827; in opening Military Road from Georgia Line to Smyrna, Fla., 1827–28; in garrison at Ft. Clinch, Fla., 1829; and on leave of absence, 1829–30.

RESIGNED, JULY 1, 1830.

Civil History. — Counselor at Law, Mason County, Ky., 1837–45.

DIED, OCT. 1, 1845, IN MASON CO., KY.: AGED 40.

422..(Born N. Y.)...**JAMES D. BURNHAM**...(Ap'd N. Y.)..**31**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1820, to July 1, 1825, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

SECOND LIEUT., MARINES, JULY 1, 1825.

Served: in the Marine Corps, 1825–26; and in garrison at Ft. Monroe,

(TRANSFERRED TO 3D ARTILLERY, JUNE 28, 1826, TO RANK AS SECOND LIEUT., FROM JULY 1, 1825)

Va. (Artillery School for Practice), 1826–28.

DIED, MAR. 6, 1828, AT OLD POINT COMFORT, VA.: AGED 27.

423..(Born Mas.).....**GUSTAVUS DORR**.....(Ap'd Mas.)..32

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, Sep. 1, 1821, to July 1, 1825, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 2D INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1825.

SECOND LIEUT., 6TH INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1825.

Served: in garrison at Sackett's Harbor, N. Y., 1825–26, Ft. Howard, Wis., 1826–27, — Jefferson Barracks, Mo., 1827–29, — Ft. Leavenworth, Kan., 1829, — Choteau Island, Arkansas River, 1829, — and Ft. Leavenworth, Kan., 1829–32; in the "Black Hawk" War against the Sac Indians, 1832, being engaged in the Battle of Bad Axe River, Aug. 2, 1832; on frontier duty at Ft. Leavenworth, Kan., 1832–33; on Recruiting service,

(FIRST LIEUT., 6TH INFANTRY, MAR. 4, 1833)

1833–34; on frontier duty at Jefferson Barracks, Mo., 1834–35, 1835–36, — Ft. Jesup, La., 1836, — Camp Sabine, La., 1836, — and Ft. Jesup, La.,

(CAPTAIN, 6TH INFANTRY, SEP. 26, 1837)

1836; in the Florida War against the Seminole Indians, 1837–40, 1841–42, being engaged in the Battle of Okee-cho-bee, Dec. 25, 1837; and on frontier duty at Ft. Towson, I. T., 1842.

DROPPED, NOV. 22, 1843,

for "having failed to attend to any duty since the expiration of the suspension to which he was sentenced," and "having utterly disregarded the repeated orders of the Commanding General;" but it having been proved that insanity had caused his neglect of duty, he was by the law of Aug. 12, 1848, placed upon the list of invalid pensioners.

DIED, JAN. 16, 1855, IN MACLEAN INSANE ASYLUM, SOMERVILLE, MAS.: AGED 47.

424..(Born Vt.).....**FREDERICK THOMAS**.....(Ap'd Vt.)..33

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1820, to July 1, 1825, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

SECOND LIEUT., MARINES, JULY 1, 1825.

Served: at the Marine Barracks, Washington, D. C., 1825–26; and

(TRANSFERRED TO 7TH INFANTRY, JULY 10, 1826, TO RANK AS SECOND LIEUT., FROM JULY 2, 1825)

on frontier duty at Ft. Gibson, I. T., 1826–28, — Ft. Jesup, La., 1828–30, — and Ft. Gibson, I. T., 1830–31.

DROWNED, MAY 27, 1831, IN ARKANSAS RIVER, NEAR FT. GIBSON, I. T.: AGED 26.

425..(Born Md.)....**GEORGE W. GAREY**.....(Ap'd Md.)..34

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1820, to July 1, 1825, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 7TH INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1825.

SECOND LIEUT., 1ST INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1825.

Served: in garrison at Ft. Gibson, I. T., 1826–27, — and New Orleans, La., 1827–28; on frontier duty at Ft. Crawford, Wis., 1828–30, 1831–32;

(FIRST LIEUT., 1ST INFANTRY, OCT. 26, 1832)

in the "Black Hawk" War against the Sac Indians, 1832, being engaged in the Battle of Bad Axe River, Aug. 2, 1832; on Special duty near Ft. Crawford, Wis., 1832–33; and on frontier duty at Ft. Snelling, Min., 1833.

DIED, DEC. 10, 1834, IN TALBOT COUNTY, MD.: AGED 32.

426..(Born N. J.).....**JAMES ENGLE**.....(Ap'd N. J.)..**35**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, June 24, 1819, to July 1, 1825, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 7TH INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1825.

SECOND LIEUT., 4TH INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1825.

Served: on frontier duty at Ft. Towson, I. T., 1826–27, — Ft. Craw-

(TRANSFERRED TO 5TH INFANTRY, JAN. 25, 1827)

ford, Wis., 1827–28, — Ft. Dearborn, Ill., 1828–31, — and Ft. Howard,

(FIRST LIEUT., 5TH INFANTRY, OCT. 14, 1830)

Wis., 1831–32, 1833; and on Recruiting service, 1833–34.

RESIGNED, DEC. 31, 1834.

DIED, 18—.

427..(Born Ga.).....**JOSEPH CLAY**.....(Ap'd Ga.)..**36**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1821, to July 1, 1825, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 6TH INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1825.

SECOND LIEUT., 4TH INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1825.

Served: on frontier duty at Ft. Atkinson, Council Bluffs, Io., 1826; in garrison at Cantonment Clinch, Fla., 1827; in opening road from the Georgia State Line to Smyrna, Fla., 1827–28; in garrison at Cantonment Brooke, Fla., 1828–29, 1829–30; in opening road from Cantonment Brooke to the Seminole Agency, Fla., 1830; in the Cherokee Nation, 1830; and in garrison at Ft. Mitchell, Ala., 1830–32.

DIED, JULY 8, 1832, AT FT. GRATIOT, MICH.: AGED 25.

428..(Born R. I.)...**SAMUEL R. ALLSTON**....(Ap'd Mas.)..**37**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1820, to July 1, 1825, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 6TH INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1825.

SECOND LIEUT., 4TH INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1825.

Served: on frontier duty at Ft. Atkinson, Council Bluffs, Io., 1826–27; in garrison at Jefferson Barracks, Mo., 1827, — Cantonment Clinch, Fla., 1827–28, — New Orleans, La., 1828, — Baton Rouge, La., 1828, — and Cantonment Clinch, Fla., 1828–29; in the Creek Nation, 1829–30; in the Choctaw Nation, 1830; in garrison at Ft. Mitchell, Ala., 1830, 1831–32, — Augusta Arsenal, Ga., 1832–33, — and Ft. Mitchell, Ala., 1833–34; in the Cherokee Nation, 1834–35; and in garrison at Ft.

(FIRST LIEUT., 4TH INFANTRY, NOV. 28, 1835)

Mitchell, Ala., 1835–36.

RESIGNED, JAN. 31, 1836.

DIED, FEB. 14, 1836, AT NEW YORK CITY: AGED 30.

CLASS OF 1826.

429..(Born Pa.)..**WILLIAM H. C. BARTLETT**...(Ap'd Mo.)..**1**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1822, to July 1, 1826, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., CORPS OF ENGINEERS, JULY 1, 1826.

SECOND LIEUT., CORPS OF ENGINEERS, JULY 1, 1826, TO APR. 20, 1836.

Served: at the Military Academy, 1827–29, as Asst. Professor of Engineering, Aug. 30, 1826, to Apr. 21, 1827, — and as Principal Asst. Professor of Engineering, Apr. 21, 1827, to Aug. 30, 1829; as Asst. Engineer in the construction of Ft. Monroe, Va., 1828, — and of Ft. Adams, Newport harbor, R. I., 1829–32; as Assistant to the Chief Engineer at Washington, D. C., 1832–34; and at the Military Academy, as Acting Professor of Natural and Experimental Philosophy, Nov. 22,

(PROFESSOR OF NATURAL AND EXPERIMENTAL PHILOSOPHY, MILITARY ACADEMY, APR. 20, 1836)

1834, to Apr. 20, 1836, and Professor, Apr. 20, 1836, to Feb. 14, 1871.

RETIRED FROM ACTIVE SERVICE, FEB. 14, 1871, ON HIS OWN APPLICATION, AFTER FORTY YEARS OF CONTINUOUS SERVICE.

Civil History. — Degree of A. M., conferred by New Jersey College, Princeton, N. J., 1837; and of LL. D., by Geneva College, N. Y., 1847. Author of a "Treatise on Optics," 1839; of "Synthetical Mechanics," 1850–58; of "Acoustics and Optics," 1852–59; of "Analytical Mechanics," 1853–59; and of "Spherical Astronomy," 1855–58, — all designed for the use of the Cadets of the U. S. Military Academy. Member of several scientific associations, 1840–65; and Corporator of the National Academy of Sciences since Mar. 3, 1863. Actuary of the Mutual Life Insurance Company of New York, 1871–89; and Author of "Mortuary Experience of the Mutual Life Insurance Company of New York, from 1843 to 1874."

430..(Born N. Y.)....**THOMAS S. TWISS**.....(Ap'd Vt.)..**2**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1822, to July 21, 1826, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., CORPS OF ENGINEERS, JULY 1, 1826.

Served: at the Military Academy, as Asst. Professor of Natural and Experimental Philosophy, Sep. 8, 1826, to May 12, 1828; and as Asst. Engineer in the construction of Ft. Adams, Newport, R. I., 1826–29.

RESIGNED, JUNE 30, 1829.

Civil History. — Professor of Mathematics, Natural Philosophy, and Astronomy, South Carolina College, 1829–47. Superintendent of Nesbitt Manufacturing Company's Iron Works, Spartanburg, S. C., 1847–50. Resident and Consulting Engineer, Buffalo and New York Railroad, 1850–55. U. S. Indian Agent of the Upper Platte District, for the Wild Tribes of the Prairies and the Mountains, Mar. 3, 1855, to

431..(Born Va.).....**WILLIAM BRYANT**.....(Ap'd Va.)..**3**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1822, to July 1, 1826, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 1ST ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1826.

SECOND LIEUT., 3D ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1826.

Served: at the Military Academy, 1826–29, as Asst. Professor of Chemistry, Mineralogy, and Geology, Aug. 30, 1826, to Aug. 31, 1828, — and as Asst. Professor of Engineering, Aug. 31, 1828, to Aug. 31, 1829; and in garrison at Ft. Preble, Me., 1830–31, — Ft. Moultrie, S. C., 1831–32, — Ft. Monroe, Va., 1832–34, — Ft. Mitchell, Ala., 1834, — and Ft. Brooke, Fla., 1834–35.

RESIGNED, AUG. 31, 1835.

Civil History. — Clergyman of the Protestant Episcopal Church, 1839–46. Principal of Botetourt Academy, Va., 1845–46.

DIED, AUG. 15, 1846, AT BOTETOURT, VA.: AGED 42.

432. (Born N. H.) **THOMAS JEFFERSON CRAM.** (Ap'd N. H.) **4**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1822, to July 1, 1826, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 2D ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1826.

SECOND LIEUT., 4TH ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1826.

Served at the Military Academy, 1826–36, as Asst. Professor of Mathematics, Aug. 30, 1826, to Sep. 2, 1829, — and as Principal Asst. Professor

(FIRST LIEUT., 4TH ARTILLERY, APR. 10, 1835)

of Natural and Experimental Philosophy, Sep. 2, 1829, to June 25, 1836.

RESIGNED, SEP. 16, 1836.

Civil History. — Asst. Engineer on Railroads in Maryland and Pennsylvania, 1836–38.

Military History. — Re-appointed in the U. S. Army with the rank of

CAPTAIN, CORPS OF TOPOGRAPHICAL ENGINEERS, JULY 7, 1838.

Served: as Superintending Top. Engineer of Roads in Wisconsin, Illinois, Indiana, and Michigan, — of Harbors on Lake Michigan, — of River Improvements in Wisconsin, — of Survey of Boundary between Michigan and Wisconsin Territory, — and of Survey of Northwestern Lakes, 1839–43; as Asst. Top. Engineer in Improvement of Navigation of Falls of the Ohio River, at Louisville, Ky., 1843–44; on Survey, etc., of "Grand Chain," Mississippi River, near Cape Girardeau, Mo., 1844, — and of St. Louis harbor, Mo., 1844; in making Military Reconnoissances in Texas, 1845–46; as Assistant in the Geodetic Survey of the Coast of New England, 1847–55; as Chief Top. Engineer in the Department of the Pacific, 1855–58; and as Assistant in the Geodetic Survey of the Coast of North Carolina, 1858–61.

Served during the Rebellion of the Seceding States, 1861–66: as Aide-

(MAJOR, CORPS OF TOPOGRAPHICAL ENGINEERS, AUG. 6, 1861)

(LIEUT.-COLONEL, TOP. ENGINEERS, SEP. 9, 1861: CORPS OF ENGINEERS, MAR. 3, 1863)

(COL., STAFF — ADDITIONAL AIDE-DE-CAMP, SEP. 25, 1861)

de-Camp to Major-General Wool, while in command of the Department of Virginia, headquarters at Ft. Monroe, Va., — of Middle Department, headquarters at Baltimore, Md., — and of Department of the East, headquarters at Troy, N. Y., 1861–63, being engaged, as Acting Inspector-General, in the Capture of Norfolk, Va., May 10, 1862.

Served as Superintending Engineer of the construction of Ft. Wayne, Mich., 1863–69, — and of the improvement of the Harbors on Lake

(COLONEL, CORPS OF ENGINEERS, NOV. 23, 1865)

Michigan, 1864–65, on the Western end of Lake Erie, 1864–69, on Lake

(BVT. BRIG.-GENERAL, AND BVT. MAJ.-GENERAL, U. S. ARMY, JAN. 13, 1866, FOR FAITHFUL AND MERITORIOUS SERVICES DURING THE REBELLION)

Huron, 1866–70, — and of St. Clair Flats, and of St. Mary's River, 1869–71; and as Member of Board of Engineers for Improvement of Buffalo harbor, N. Y., and New Buffalo, Mich., 1867–68.

RETIRED FROM ACTIVE SERVICE FEB. 22, 1869, UNDER THE LAW OF JULY 17, 1862, HE BEING OVER THE AGE OF 62 YEARS.

DIED, DEC. 20, 1883, AT PHILADELPHIA, PA.: AGED 80.

433..(Born Del.)....**CHARLES G. RIDGELY**.....(Ap'd Del.)..5

Military History.—Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1822, to July 1, 1826, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 1ST INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1826.

Served at the Military Academy, as Asst. Teacher of French, Aug. 30, 1826, to Feb. 22, 1827.

RESIGNED, FEB. 22, 1827.

Civil History.—Counselor at Law, at Dover, Del., and Georgetown, D. C., 1835–44.

DIED, JUNE 15, 1844, AT GEORGETOWN, D. C.: AGED 40.

434..(Born Pa.).....**JOHN McCLELLAN**.....(Ap'd Pa.)..6

Military History.—Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1822, to July 1, 1826, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 3D ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1826.

SECOND LIEUT., 1ST ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1826.

Served: in garrison at Ft. Monroe, Va. (Artillery School for Practice), 1826–28; on Topographical duty, July 9, 1828, to Oct. 18, 1831; as Adjutant, 1st Artillery, at Regimental headquarters, 1831–33; as Adjutant

(FIRST LIEUT., 1ST ARTILLERY, SEP. 30, 1833)

of Artillery School for Practice, at Ft. Monroe, Va., Dec. 1, 1833, to July, 1834; in garrison at Ft. Monroe, Va., 1834–36; and in Creek Nation, 1836.

RESIGNED, NOV. 19, 1836.

Civil History.—Civil Engineer, 1836–38.

Military History.—Re-appointed in the Army, with the rank of

CAPTAIN, CORPS OF TOPOGRAPHICAL ENGINEERS, JULY 7, 1838.

Served: in charge of Harbor and River Improvements on the Coast of North Carolina, 1839, 1840–41; in Topographical Bureau at Washington, D. C., 1841; in the Florida War, 1839–40, 1841–42; on Survey of Boundary between Michigan and Wisconsin, 1843–45,—and in charge of Lake Michigan Harbor Improvements, 1843–46; in the War with Mexico, 1846–47, being engaged in the Siege of Vera Cruz, Mar. 9–29, 1847,—Battle of Cerro Gordo, Apr. 17–18, 1847,—Battle of Churubusco, Aug. 20,

(BVT. MAJOR, AUG. 20, 1847, FOR GALLANT AND MERITORIOUS CONDUCT IN THE BATTLES OF CONTRERAS AND CHURUBUSCO, MEX.)

1847,—and Operations before the City of Mexico, Sep. 12–13, 1847; in

(BVT. LIEUT.-COL., SEP. 13, 1847, FOR GALLANT AND MERITORIOUS CONDUCT IN THE MILITARY OPERATIONS BEFORE THE CITY OF MEXICO)

Topographical Bureau at Washington, D. C., 1848–49; on Survey of Boundary between the United States and Mexico, 1849–51; and in charge of Tennessee River Improvements, 1853–54.

DIED, SEP. 1, 1854, AT KNOXVILLE, TEN.: AGED 49.

435..(Born Ten.)..**BENNETT H. HENDERSON**..(Ap'd N. C.)..7

Military History.—Cadet at the Military Academy, Sep. 1, 1822, to July 1, 1826, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 4TH ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1826.

SECOND LIEUT., 3D ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1826.

Served: at the Military Academy, as Asst. Professor of Geography, History, and Ethics, Aug. 30, 1826, to Dec. 19, 1829; as Judge Advocate of the Western Department, Jan. 7, 1830, to Sep. 26, 1831; and on leave of absence, 1831–32.

RESIGNED, JUNE 30, 1832.

Civil History. — Counselor at Law, St. Louis, Mo., 1832.

KILLED BY BEING ACCIDENTALLY THROWN FROM A CARRIAGE, JULY 8, 1832, AT ST. LOUIS, MO.: AGED 27.

436..(Born Ky.).....**ALBERT S. JOHNSTON**.... (Ap'd La.)..**8**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1822, to July 1, 1826, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 2D INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1826.

SECOND LIEUT., 6TH INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1826.

Served: in garrison at Sackett's Harbor, N. Y., 1827, — Jefferson Barracks, Mo., 1827–28; as Adjutant, 6th Infantry, at Regimental headquarters, Sep. 14, 1828, to Sep. 7, 1832; in the "Black Hawk" War against the Sac Indians, as Col., Staff (Asst. Adjutant-General) of Illinois Volunteers, May 9 to Oct. 11, 1832, being engaged in the Battle of Bad Axe River, Aug. 2, 1832; as Aide-de-Camp to Bvt. Brig.-General Atkinson, May 8, 1832, to Oct. 31, 1833; and on leave of absence, 1833–34.

RESIGNED, MAY 31, 1834.

Civil History. — Adjutant-General of the Army of the Republic of Texas, 1836, — Senior Brig.-General, 1836–38, — and Secretary of War, 1838–40.

Military History. — Served in the War with Mexico, of 1846–48, as

COLONEL, 1ST TEXAS VOLUNTEERS (RIFLES), JULY 8 TO AUG. 24, 1846,

and, on the discharge of his regiment, was engaged in the Battle of Monterey, Sep. 21–23, 1846, as Inspector-General on the Staff of Major-General W. O. Butler.

Civil History. — Farmer, Brazos River, Tex., 1846–49.

Military History. — Re-appointed in the U. S. Army with the rank of

MAJOR, STAFF — PAYMASTER, OCT. 31, 1849.

Served on Paymaster duty, 1849–55, when he was appointed

COLONEL, 2D CAVALRY, MAR. 3, 1855.

Served: on frontier duty at Ft. Mason, Tex., 1855–56, — in command of the Department of Texas, headquarters at San Antonio, Apr. 1, 1856, to May, 1857; in command of Expedition to, and of the Department of, Utah, Aug. 29, 1857, to Mar. 12, 1860, — and in command of the Depart-

(BVT. BRIG.-GENERAL, NOV. 18, 1857, FOR MERITORIOUS CONDUCT IN THE ABILITY, ZEAL, ENERGY, AND PRUDENCE DISPLAYED BY HIM IN COMMAND OF THE ARMY IN UTAH)

ment of the Pacific, Jan. 15 to Apr. 25, 1861.

RESIGNED, MAY 3, 1861.

Joined in the Rebellion of 1861–66 against the United States, and was

KILLED, APR. 6, 1862, IN THE BATTLE OF SHILOH, TEN.: AGED 59.

437..(Born S. C.)....**EDWARD B. WHITE**.....(Ap'd S. C.)..**9**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1822, to July 1, 1826, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 1ST ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1826.

SECOND LIEUT., 3D ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1826.

Served: on Engineer duty, Aug. 31, 1826, to July 17, 1827; in garrison at Ft. Moultrie, S. C., 1827, — Ft. Independence, Mas., 1827–28, — Ft. Monroe, Va. (Artillery School for Practice), 1828–29, — Ft. Trumbull, Ct., 1829–31, — and Ft. Monroe, Va. (Adjutant of the Artillery School for Practice, July to Oct., 1832), 1831–32; on "Black Hawk Expedition," 1832, but not at the seat of war; and on Topographical

(FIRST LIEUT., 3D ARTILLERY, DEC. 1, 1835)

duty, Dec. 18, 1832, to June 28, 1836.

RESIGNED, AUG. 13, 1836.

Civil History. — Adjunct Engineer, for the Survey of Rabun Pass and its approaches, to cross the Blue Ridge by railroad, in Georgia, 1836. Resident Engineer, Charleston, S. C., Louisville, Ky., and Cincinnati, O., projected Railroad, 1836–37. Civil Engineer and Architect, Charleston, S. C., 1837–61. Reconnoitring Engineer of Cheraw and Waccamaw Railroad, S. C., 1837, — and of Charleston, S. C., and Wilmington, N. C., Seaboard Railroad, 1839. Lieut.-Colonel of Artillery, South Carolina Militia, 1844–49. Superintendent and Architect of U. S. Custom House at Charleston, S. C., 1850–61.

Joined in the Rebellion of 1861–66 against the United States.

Civil History. — Manager of various Trusts, New York city, 1866–82.

DIED, MAY 10, 1882, AT NEW YORK CITY: AGED 76.

438. . (Born N. C.) . . . . **FRANCIS L. DANCY** . . . . . (Ap'd N. C.) . . **10**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1821, to July 1, 1826, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 2D ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1826.

SECOND LIEUT., 2D ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1826.

Served: in garrison at Ft. Monroe, Va. (Artillery School for Practice), 1826–28; on Engineer duty, Oct. 28, 1828, to Aug. 6, 1829; on Topographical duty, Aug. 6, 1829, to Mar. 31, 1831; on Ordnance duty, Mar. 31 to July 11, 1831; on Topographical duty, July 11, 1831, to Dec. 6, 1832;

(FIRST LIEUT., 2D ARTILLERY, NOV. 3, 1832)

in garrison at Ft. Moultrie, S. C., 1833, — Ft. Marion, Fla., 1833–34, — Ft. King, Fla., 1834–35, — and Ft. Marion, Fla., 1835, — in repairing Military Road in Florida, 1835; in the Florida War against the Seminole Indians, 1835–36, as Quartermaster and Commissary, and was engaged in the Combat of Oloklikaha, Mar. 31, 1836; and on Engineer duty, July 14 to Sep. 11, 1836.

RESIGNED, SEP. 11, 1836.

Civil History. — Civil Engineer in the service of the United States, superintending repairs at Ft. Marion, and building Sea-wall at St. Augustine, Fla., 1836–38. Mayor of St. Augustine, Fla., 1838 and 1839.

Military History. — Served in the Florida War against the Seminole Indians as

LIEUT.-COLONEL, REG. FLORIDA VOLUNTEERS, JUNE 9, 1840.

COLONEL, REG. FLORIDA VOLUNTEERS, NOV. 24, 1840,

till his regiment was

DISBANDED, MAR. 29, 1841.

Civil History. — Member of the House of Representatives of the State of Florida, 1841. Planter, Buena Vista, St. John's County, Fla., 1842–61 and since 1866. State Engineer and Geologist of Florida, Jan. 10, 1853, to Jan. 1, 1857. Surveyor-General of the United States, for the State of Florida, 1858–61.

Joined in the Rebellion of 1861–66 against the United States.

439..(Born Md.)....**JOSEPH D. SEARIGHT**.....(Ap'd Pa.)..**11**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1822, to July 1, 1826, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 4TH INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1826.

SECOND LIEUT., 6TH INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1826.

Served: in garrison at Camp King, Fla., 1826–27, — and Jefferson Barracks, Mo., 1827–29; on frontier duty at Ft. Leavenworth, Kan., 1829, — on Expedition, as Ordnance Officer, to the Upper Arkansas, 1829, — Ft. Leavenworth, Kan., 1829–31, — and Jefferson Barracks, Mo., 1831–32; in the "Black Hawk" War against the Sac Indians, 1832, being engaged in the Battle of Bad Axe River, Aug. 2, 1832; on frontier duty at Jefferson Barracks, Mo., 1832–33; on Recruiting service, 1833–34; on frontier duty at Jefferson Barracks, Mo., 1834–35; on Commissary

(FIRST LIEUT., 6TH INFANTRY, APR. 18, 1835)

duty in the Florida War, 1836; in transferring Indians, 1836–38; in the

(CAPTAIN, 6TH INFANTRY, DEC. 25, 1837)

Commissary-General's Office at Washington, D. C., Nov. 1, 1838, to 1841; in the Florida War, 1841–42; and on frontier duty at Ft. Towson, I. T., Aug. 4, 1842, — and Ft. Smith, Ark., 1842–45.

RESIGNED, NOV. 7, 1845.

Civil History. — Employed in the Commissary-General's Office at Washington, D. C., 1846–49.

DIED, JAN. 22, 1885, AT CUMBERLAND, MD.: AGED 83.

440..(Born N. H.)....**JOEL C. TOWNSEND**....(Ap'd N. H.)..**12**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1822, to July 1, 1826, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 3D ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1826.

On authorized graduation leave of absence, July 1, 1826, to Oct. 1, 1826.

DIED, OCT. 1, 1826, AT : AGED 20.

441..(Born Va.).....**DANIEL S. HERRING**.....(Ap'd Va.)..**13**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1822, to July 1, 1826, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 4TH ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1826.

SECOND LIEUT., 3D ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1826.

Served: in garrison at Ft. Monroe, Va. (Artillery School for Practice), 1826–27; on Ordnance duty, Apr. 10, 1827, to Nov., 1827; in garrison at Ft. Wolcott, R. I., 1827–28, 1829–31; on Recruiting service, 1831; in garrison at Ft. Wolcott, R. I., 1831–32; on Recruiting service, 1832; on Ordnance duty, Jan. 1, 1833, to Apr. 25, 1834; in garrison at Ft. Wolcott, R. I., 1834–35; on Recruiting service, 1835; in garrison at Ft. Wolcott,

(FIRST LIEUT., 3D ARTILLERY, DEC. 28, 1835)

R. I., 1835–36; and in the Florida War, 1836.

DIED, JUNE 22, 1836, AT ST. AUGUSTINE, FLA.: AGED 28.

442..(Born Mas.)...**GEORGE WOODBRIDGE**....(Ap'd Mas.)..**14**

Military History.— Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1822, to

July 1, 1826, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 1ST ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1826.

SECOND LIEUT., 3D ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1826.

Served in garrison at Ft. Monroe, Va. (Artillery School for Practice), 1826–28, — and Ft. Independence, Mas., 1828–29.

RESIGNED, JUNE 30, 1829.

Civil History. — Clergyman of the Protestant Episcopal Church, Richmond, Va., 1833–78. Degree of D. D., conferred by William and Mary's College, Va., 1857.

DIED, FEB. 14, 1878, AT RICHMOND, VA. : AGED 74.

443..(Born Va.).....**MICHAEL M. CLARK**.....(Ap'd Va.)..**15**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1821, to July 1, 1826, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 2D ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1826.

SECOND LIEUT., 2D ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1826.

Served : in garrison at Ft. Monroe, Va. (Artillery School for Practice), 1826–28, — Savannah, Ga., 1828–29, — Augusta Arsenal, Ga., 1829, — Ft. Mitchell, Ala., 1829–30, — and Ft. Jackson, La., 1831–32 ; and on

(ASST. QUARTERMASTER, APR. 4, 1832, TO JULY 7, 1838)

Quartermaster duty at Augusta Arsenal, Ga., 1833, — Savannah, Ga.,

(FIRST LIEUT., 2D ARTILLERY, DEC. 31, 1833)

1833–35, — in the Florida War, 1835–38, — St. Louis, Mo., 1839–40, —

(CAPT., STAFF — ASST. QUARTERMASTER, JULY 7, 1838)

Savannah, Ga., 1840–42, — Ft. Adams, R. I., 1842–43, — Ft. Hamilton,

(CAPTAIN, 2D ARTILLERY, SEP. 16, 1838, TO JUNE 18, 1846)

N. Y., 1843, — Ft. Monroe, Va., 1843–46, — Quartermaster-General's Office, Washington, D. C., 1846–55, — Ft. Vancouver, Wash., 1855, — sick in Washington, D. C., 1856–57, — Carlisle, Pa., 1858, — and Balti-

(MAJOR, STAFF — QUARTERMASTER, AUG. 1, 1856)

more, Md., 1859–61.

DIED, MAY 10, 1861, AT BALTIMORE, MD. : AGED 58.

444..(Born Pa.).....**MASKELL C. EWING**.....(Ap'd Pa.)..**16**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1822, to July 1, 1826, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 3D ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1826.

SECOND LIEUT., 4TH ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1826.

Served : in garrison at Ft. Monroe, Va. (Artillery School for Practice), 1826–27 ; on Topographical duty, June 14, 1828, to Mar. 30, 1831 ; on leave of absence in Europe, 1831–32 ; in garrison at Ft. Severn, Md.,

(FIRST LIEUT., 4TH ARTILLERY, DEC. 31, 1835)

1832 ; on Topographical duty, Sep. 12, 1832, to May 14, 1836 ; and in the Florida War, 1836.

RESIGNED, AUG. 15, 1836.

Civil History. — Chief Engineer, Georgetown, D. C., and Alexandria, Va., Canal, 1837–46. Surveyor of the City of Alexandria, 1838 to 1846.

DIED, NOV. 20, 1849, AT WILLOW GROVE, PA. : AGED 42.

445..(Born Pa.)..**SAMUEL P. HEINTZELMAN**...(Ap'd Pa.)..17

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1822, to July 1, 1826, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 3D INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1826.

SECOND LIEUT., 2D INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1826.

Served: in garrison at Jefferson Barracks, Mo., 1826–27, — Ft. Mackinac, Mich., 1827–28, — and Ft. Gratiot, Mich., 1828–31; on Topographical duty, Apr. 6, 1832, to May 1, 1834; in garrison at Ft. Brady, Wis.,

(FIRST LIEUT., 2D INFANTRY, MAR. 4, 1833)

1834–35; on Quartermaster duty in the Florida War, 1835–37, — at Columbus, Ga., 1837–38, — in the Florida War, 1838–41, — investigating

(CAPT., STAFF — ASST. QUARTERMASTER, JULY 7, 1838, TO JUNE 18, 1846)

(CAPTAIN, 2D INFANTRY, NOV. 4, 1838)

Florida Militia Claims, 1841–42, — Buffalo, N. Y., 1843–45, — Detroit, Mich., 1845–46, — and Louisville, Ky., 1846–47; on Recruiting service, 1847; in the War with Mexico, 1847–48, being engaged in the Defense of Convoy from Vera Cruz., at Paso de las Ovejas, Sep. 12, 1847, — Combat of Huamantla, Oct. 9, 1847, — and Action of Atlixco, Oct. 19, 1847;

(BVT. MAJOR, OCT. 9, 1847, FOR GALLANT AND MERITORIOUS CONDUCT IN THE BATTLE OF HUAMANTLA, MEX.)

in garrison at Jefferson Barracks, Mo., and Ft. Hamilton, N. Y., 1848; on voyage to California, 1848–49; on frontier duty at San Diego, Cal., 1849–50, — Ft. Yuma, Cal., 1850–51, — San Diego, Cal., 1851, — Scouting, 1851, being engaged in the Skirmish of Coyote Cañon, Dec. 21, 1851, —

(BVT. LIEUT.-COL., DEC. 19, 1851)

Ft. Yuma, Cal., 1851–52, — Expedition against the Yuma Indians, which terminated hostilities, 1852, — Ft. Yuma, Cal., 1852–53, — and in command of the Southern District of California, 1853–54; on Recruiting service, 1854–55; in garrison at Jefferson Barracks, Mo., 1855; as

(MAJOR, 1ST INFANTRY, MAR. 3, 1855)

Superintendent of Western Recruiting Service, July 1, 1855, to July 1, 1857; on leave of absence, 1857–59; on frontier duty at Ft. Duncan, Tex., 1859, — Camp Verde, Tex., 1859, — in command of operations on the Rio Grande against Cortinas' Mexican Marauders, Nov. 12, 1859, to Apr. 30, 1860, being engaged in the Combats near Ft. Brown, of Dec. 14 and 21, 1859, — Ft. Brown, Tex., 1860, — and Camp Verde, Tex., 1860; on leave of absence, 1860–61; and as Superintendent of General Recruiting Service, Eastern Department, at Ft. Columbus, N. Y., Apr. 8 to May 8, 1861.

Served during the Rebellion of the Seceding States, 1861–66: as Acting

(COLONEL, 17TH INFANTRY, MAY 14, 1861)

Inspector-General of the Department of Washington, May 8–28, 1861,

(BRIG.-GENERAL, U. S. VOLUNTEERS, MAY 17, 1861)

being in command of the forces which captured Alexandria, Va., and Arlington Heights, May 24, 1861; in the defenses of Washington, D. C. (commanding at Alexandria, Va.), May–July, 1861; in the Manassas Campaign of July, 1861, being engaged in the Skirmish at Fairfax C. H., July 17, 1861, — and Battle of Bull Run, July 21, 1861, where he was wounded; in the defenses of Washington, D. C., Aug. 2, 1861, to Mar. 16, 1862; in the Virginia Peninsular Campaign, in command of 3d Corps (Army of the Potomac), Mar.–Aug., 1862, being engaged in the Siege of

Yorktown, Apr. 5–May 4, 1862, — Battle of Williamsburg, May 5, 1862,

(MAJOR-GENERAL, U. S. VOLUNTEERS, MAY 5, 1862)

— Battle of Fair Oaks, May 31–June 1, 1862 (commanding 3d and 4th Army Corps), — Battle of Savage Station, June 29, 1862, — Battle of Glendale, June 30, 1862, where he was contused, — and Battle of Malvern

(BVT. BRIG.-GENERAL, U. S. ARMY, MAY 31, 1862, FOR GALLANT AND MERITORIOUS CONDUCT AT THE BATTLE OF FAIR OAKS, VA.)

Hill, July 1, 1862; in Northern Virginia Campaign, Aug.–Sep., 1862, being engaged in the Battle of Manassas, Aug. 29–30, 1862, — and present at the Battle of Chantilly, Sep. 1, 1862; in command of the defenses of Washington, D. C., South of the Potomac, Sep. 9, 1862, to Feb. 2, 1863, — of the Department of Washington, and 22d Army Corps, Feb. 2 to Oct. 13, 1863, — and of the Northern Department, headquarters, Columbus, O., Jan. 12 to Oct. 1, 1864; in waiting orders at Wheeling, W. Va., Oct. 1 to Dec. 27, 1864; on Court-martial duty and awaiting

(BVT. MAJ.-GENERAL, U. S. ARMY, MAR. 13, 1865, FOR GALLANT AND MERITORIOUS SERVICES AT THE BATTLE OF WILLIAMSBURG, VA.)

orders, Dec. 27, 1864, to Aug. 24, 1865.

MUSTERED OUT OF VOLUNTEER SERVICE, AUG. 24, 1865.

Served: in command of 17th Infantry, at Hart Island, N. Y., Sep. 29, 1865–Apr., 1866, — at San Antonio, Tex., Apr.–May, 1866, — of Central District of Texas, headquarters at San Antonio, Tex., May 9 to Oct. 9, 1866, — of District of Texas, Oct. 9 to Nov. 20, 1866, — and of regiment and of the post of Galveston, Tex., Dec. 1, 1866, to May 19, 1867; on delay, May 19 to July 31, 1867; as Member of Examining Board, New York city, July 31 to Dec. 31, 1867, — and of Retiring Board, Jan. 3 to Nov. 9, 1868; and on leave of absence, Nov. 9, 1868, to Feb. 22, 1869.

RETIRED FROM ACTIVE SERVICE, FEB. 22, 1869, WITH THE RANK OF MAJOR-GENERAL, HE BEING OVER THE AGE OF 62 YEARS.

Civil History. — President of Sonora Exploring and Mining Company, 1856–59; of Defiance Mining Company, New York, 1869; of Mutual Guarantee Life Insurance Company, New York, 1870–71; and of Emigration Company, Washington, D. C., 1873.

DIED, MAY 1, 1880, AT WASHINGTON, D. C.: AGED 74.

OBITUARY ORDER.

Upon the death of General Heintzelman, the General-in-Chief of the Army issued the following order: —

"The General announces to the Army and the country the death of Major-General SAMUEL P. HEINTZELMAN (retired), at his residence in this city, at one o'clock this morning, at the age of 75 years.

"Thus parts another link in that golden chain of memory which binds us to the past, and nought now remains of this noble soldier and gentleman except his example and the record of deeds which have contributed largely to the development and glory of his country in the last half century.

"SAMUEL P. HEINTZELMAN was born at Manheim, Lancaster County, Pennsylvania, Sep. 30, 1805; entered the Military Academy at West Point, July 1, 1822; graduated in 1826; commissioned as Brevet 2d Lieutenant, 3d Infantry, and 2d Lieutenant, 2d Infantry, July 1, 1826. In this capacity he served on the Northern Frontier at Forts Gratiot, Mackinac, and Brady, when, on the 4th of March, 1833, he was appointed 1st Lieutenant, and served on Quartermaster's duty in Florida and the Creek country.

"On the 7th of July, 1838, he was commissioned as Captain of the Staff in the Quartermaster's Department, remaining in Florida till the close of that war in 1842, and in 1847 joined General Scott's army in Mexico, taking an active part in several engagements, for which he was brevetted Major, Oct. 9, 1847.

"In 1848–49 he accompanied his regiment around Cape Horn to California, and for several years was very busily employed in what is now the Territory of Arizona, receiving the brevet of Lieutenant-Colonel for his conduct in the campaign against the Yuma Indians, which terminated hostilities in that quarter.

"Mar. 3, 1855, he was promoted to Major of the 1st Infantry, and served with that regiment on the Texas frontier, rendering most valuable service against the organized marauders under Cortinas, and contributing largely to the safety of that newly acquired region of our country.

"The Civil War of 1861 found him at Ft. Columbus, New York harbor, superintending the General Recruiting Service, and with the ardor of his nature, and with his whole soul and might, he embarked in that terrible conflict; first appointed Colonel of the now 17th Infantry, he was rapidly advanced to Brigadier and Major General, holding high and important commands throughout the entire war, attaining the rank of Major-General of Volunteers and Brevet Major-General of the Regular Army. A record of these services would pass the limits of this obituary notice, but when the war closed no name on our Register bore a more honorable record.

"On the 22d of February, 1869, having attained the age of sixty-five, and having served continuously in the Army forty-five years, he voluntarily retired, as Major-General, and has since spent most of his time here in Washington till this bright day of May, 1880.

"General HEINTZELMAN was a man of an intense nature, of vehement action, guided by sound judgment and a cultivated taste. Universally respected and beloved, at a ripe old age he leaves us, universally regretted. 'Well done, thou good and faithful servant!' May our end be as peaceful and as much deplored as his!

"The funeral will take place from his residence, No. 1123 Fourteenth Street, at 9 A. M. on Monday, May 3d, instant, and will be escorted to the Sixth Street Depot by a battalion of the Marine Corps and a battalion of the 2d Artillery. The commanding officer of the Artillery troops at the Washington Arsenal will detail an officer, a non-commissioned officer, and three men to accompany the remains to Buffalo, for final interment.

"The officers of the Army in this city are requested to attend the funeral ceremonies on Monday."

446..(Born Ct.)...**THEOPHILUS B. BROWN**..(Ap'd N. Y.)..**18**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1822, to July 1, 1826, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 4TH ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1826.

SECOND LIEUT., 3D ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1826.

Served: at the Military Academy, as Asst. Teacher of Drawing, Dec. 15, 1826, to Aug. 1, 1832; and on leave of absence, 1832–34.

DIED, SEP. 14, 1834, AT UTICA, N. Y.: AGED 32.

447..(Born N. Y.).....**DANFORTH H. TUFTS**....(Ap'd Vt.)..**19**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1822, to July 1, 1826, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 1ST ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1826.

SECOND LIEUT., 4TH ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1826.

Served : in garrison at Ft. Monroe, Va. (Artillery School for Practice), 1826–27, — Ft. Columbus, N. Y., 1827–28, — Ft. McHenry, Md., 1828–29, 1829–31, — and Ft. Columbus, N. Y., 1832, in the "Black Hawk Expedition," 1832, but not at the seat of war ; in garrison at Ft. Gratiot, Mich., 1832–33 ; on Ordnance duty, June 1, 1834, to Oct. 15, 1836 ; in

(FIRST LIEUT., 4TH ARTILLERY, JUNE 10, 1836)

the Florida War, 1836–38 ; on Commissary duty at Ft. Columbus, N. Y., 1838 ; in the Florida War, 1838–39 ; on Commissary duty, 1839 ; and on the Northern Frontier, at Detroit, Mich., 1839–40, during Canada Border Disturbances.

DIED, OCT. 4, 1840, AT DETROIT, MICH. : AGED 35.

448. (Born D. C.)..**AUGUSTUS J. PLEASANTON**. (Ap'd D. C.). **20**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1822, to July 1, 1826, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 6TH INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1826.

SECOND LIEUT., 3D ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1826.

TRANSFERRED TO 1ST ARTILLERY, OCT. 24, 1826.

Served : in garrison at Ft. Monroe, Va. (Artillery School for Practice), 1826–27 ; and on Topographical duty, June 16, 1827, to Jan. 17, 1828, and June 14, 1828, to June 30, 1830.

RESIGNED, JUNE 30, 1830.

Civil History. — Counselor at Law, Philadelphia, Pa., since 1832. Brigade Major, Pennsylvania Militia, 1833–35, — and Colonel, 1835–45, being severely wounded, July 7, 1844, with a musket ball, while commanding his regiment, in a desperate conflict with a formidable body of armed rioters, in Southwark, Philadelphia County, Pa. Asst. Adjutant-General and Paymaster-General of the State of Pennsylvania, Dec. 11, 1838, to Oct. 11, 1839, during political disturbances at Harrisburg, Pa. President of Harrisburg, Portsmouth, Mountjoy, and Lancaster Railroad Company, Pa., 1839–40.

Military History — Served during the Rebellion of the Seceding States, 1861–66 : as Brig.-General, Pennsylvania Militia, May 16, 1861, to organize and command a Home Guard of 10,000 men of the several arms of cavalry, artillery, and infantry, for the defense of the city of Philadelphia, Pa.

Civil History. — Author of Scientific Papers : "On the Influence of the Blue Color of the Sky in Developing Animal and Vegetable Life," 1861–78. Residence, Philadelphia, Pa.

449. . (Born N. C.) . . . . . **MARTIN P. PARKS** . . . . . (Ap'd N. C.) . . **21**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1822, to July 1, 1826, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 2D ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1826.

Served : in garrison at Ft. Monroe, Va. (Artillery School for Practice), 1826–28.

RESIGNED, APR. 5, 1828.

Civil History. — Clergyman of the Methodist Episcopal Church, 1830–36, — and of the Protestant Episcopal Church, 1836–53. Professor of Mathematics, Randolph-Macon College, Va., 1832–36.

Military History. — Re-appointed in the U. S. Army, and served at

the Military Academy, 1840–46, as Chaplain, and Professor of Geography, History, and Ethics, Dec. 5, 1840, to Dec. 31, 1846.

CHAPLAIN, AND PROFESSOR OF GEOGRAPHY, HISTORY, AND ETHICS, DEC. 5, 1840.

RESIGNED, JULY 31, 1846.

Civil History. — Elected Bishop of the Diocese of Alabama, 1841: declined. Degree of A. M., conferred by Augusta College, Ky., 18— ; and of D. D., by Columbia College, New York city, 1851.

DIED, JULY 21, 1853, AT SEA, NEAR NEW YORK CITY: AGED 49.

450..(Born Ky.).....**JOHN B. GRAYSON**.....(Ap'd Ky.)..**22**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1821, to July 1, 1826, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 3D ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1826.

SECOND LIEUT., 2D ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1826.

Served: in garrison at Ft. Monroe, Va. (Artillery School for Practice), 1826–28; on Topographical duty, June 4, 1828, to Mar. 29, 1832; in garrison at Augusta Arsenal, Ga., 1833, — Ft. Mitchell, Ala., 1833–34, —

(FIRST LIEUT., 2D ARTILLERY, APR. 30, 1834)

Ft. Wood, La., 1834, — Bay of St. Louis, Mis., 1834, — and Ft. Wood, La., 1834–35; in the Florida War against the Seminole Indians, 1835–36, being engaged in the Skirmishes at Camp Izard, Feb. 27, 28, 29, and Mar. 5, 1836, — and Action of Oloklikaha, Mar. 31, 1836; on Commissary duty at New Orleans, La., 1836–47; in the War with Mexico,

(CAPT., STAFF — COMMISSARY OF SUBSISTENCE, JULY 7, 1838)

(CAPTAIN, 2D ARTILLERY, DEC. 11, 1838, TO JUNE 18, 1846)

1847–48, as Chief of Commissariat of the Army under the command of Major-General Scott, and was present at the Siege of Vera Cruz, Mar. 9–29, 1847, — Battle of Cerro Gordo, Apr. 17–18, 1847, — Battle of

(BVT. MAJOR, AUG. 20, 1847, FOR GALLANT AND MERITORIOUS CONDUCT IN THE BATTLES OF CONTRERAS AND CHURUBUSCO, MEX.)

Churubusco, Aug. 20, 1847, — Battle of Molino del Rey, Sep. 8, 1847, — Battle of Chapultepec, Sep. 13, 1847, — and Assault and Capture of the

(BVT. LIEUT.-COLONEL, SEP. 13, 1847, FOR GALLANT AND MERITORIOUS CONDUCT IN THE BATTLE OF CHAPULTEPEC, MEX.)

City of Mexico, Sep. 13–14, 1847; on Commissary duty at Detroit, Mich., 1848–55, — and as Chief of Commissariat of the Department of New

*(MAJOR, STAFF — COMMISSARY OF SUBSISTENCE, OCT. 21, 1852)

Mexico, Aug. 27, 1855, to July 1, 1861.

RESIGNED, JULY 1, 1861.

DIED, OCT. 21, 1861, AT FERNANDINA, FLA.: AGED 55.

451..(Born N. J.)....**JOHN WILLIAMSON**....(Ap'd N. J.)..**23**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, Sep. 1, 1821, to July 1, 1826, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 4TH ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1826.

SECOND LIEUT., 1ST ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1826.

Served: in garrison at Ft. Monroe, Va. (Artillery School for Practice), 1826–28, — Bellona Arsenal, Va., 1828–29, — Ft. Monroe, Va. (Artillery

School for Practice), 1829, — Bellona Arsenal, Va., 1829–31, — Ft. Monroe, Va. (Artillery School for Practice), 1831–32, — Charleston harbor, S. C., during South Carolina's threatened nullification, 1832–33, — Ft.

(FIRST LIEUT., 1ST ARTILLERY, SEP. 30, 1833)

McHenry, Md., 1833–34, — and Charleston harbor, S. C., 1834–35 ; on Ordnance duty, Oct. 26, 1835, to July 9, 1838 ; as Asst. Ordnance Officer,

(FIRST LIEUT., ORDNANCE, JULY 9, 1838)

at Appalachicola Arsenal, Fla., 1838–41 ; in command of Charleston Arse-

(CAPTAIN, ORDNANCE, MAY 22, 1840)

nal, S. C., 1841–42, — of Augusta Arsenal, Ga., 1842, — and of Charleston Arsenal, S. C., 1842–47; in the War with Mexico, as Ordnance Officer at Vera Cruz, 1847–48 ; and in command of Charleston Arsenal, S. C., 1848–49.

DIED, DEC. 23, 1849, AT CHARLESTON ARSENAL, S. C. : AGED 43.

452..(Born Va.).....**HENRY J. GRIFFIN**.....(Ap'd Va.)..**24**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1822, to July 1, 1826, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 5TH INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1826.

SECOND LIEUT., 5TH INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1826.

Served on frontier duty at Ft. Armstrong, Ill., 1826–27, — Ft. Snelling, Min., 1827, — Ft. Crawford, Wis., 1827, — and Ft. Armstrong, Ill., 1827–28.

DROWNED, FEB. 20, 1828, NEAR FT. ARMSTRONG, ILL. : AGED 24.

453..(Born Md.).....**JOHN ARCHER**.....(Ap'd Md.)..**25**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1822, to July 1, 1826, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 7TH INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1826.

SECOND LIEUT., 3D INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1826.

Served on frontier duty at Ft. Gibson, I. T., 1826–27, — in opening Military Road to Little Rock, Ark., 1827, — at Jefferson Barracks, Mo., 1827–28, — Ft. Leavenworth, Kan., 1828–29, — Jefferson Barracks, Mo.,

(FIRST LIEUT., 3D INFANTRY, OCT. 31, 1833)

1830, — Red River, above Natchitoches, La., 1830–31, — and Ft. Towson, I. T., 1831–33.

RESIGNED, MAR. 31, 1834.

Civil History. — Lumber Merchant, Havre-de-Grace, Md., 1833–47. Planter, San Patricio, Tex., 1847–61.

Joined in the Rebellion of 1861–66 against the United States.

454..(Born Md.)....**SAMUEL H. RIDGELY**....(Ap'd Md.)..**26**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1822, to July 1, 1826, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 1ST INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1826.

Served in garrison at Cantonment Clinch, Fla., 1827, — and at New Orleans, La., 1827.

DIED, APR. 3, 1827, AT NEW ORLEANS, LA. : AGED 20.

455..(Born N. J.).....**JOHN M. BERRIEN**.....(Ap'd Pa.)..27

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1822, to July 1, 1826, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 2D INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1826.

SECOND LIEUT., 5TH INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1826.

Served: at the Military Academy, 1826–28, as Asst. Teacher of Drawing, Aug. 30 to Dec. 15, 1826, — and Asst. Instructor of Infantry Tactics,

(FIRST LIEUT., 5TH INFANTRY, DEC. 31, 1830)

Dec. 15, 1826, to June 14, 1828; and on Topographical duty, June 14, 1828, to Oct. 15, 1836.

RESIGNED, DEC. 31, 1836.

Civil History. — Civil Engineer, principally on Michigan Railroads, 1836–76.

DIED, OCT. 12, 1876, AT DETROIT, MICH.: AGED 73.

456..(Born Ct.).....**EDWIN B. BABBITT**.....(Ap'd Ind.)..28

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1822, to July 1, 1826, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 3D INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1826.

SECOND LIEUT., 3D INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1826.

Served: in garrison at Jefferson Barracks, Mo., 1827; on frontier duty at Ft. Leavenworth, Kan., 1827–28, — Expedition to Council Bluffs, Io., and against Pawnee Indians, 1829, — Jefferson Barracks, Mo., 1829–30, — Dubuque Mines, Io., 1830–31, — Ft. Armstrong, Ill., 1831, — Jefferson Barracks, Mo., 1831, — Ft. Jesup, La., 1831–35, — and Ft. Towson,

(FIRST LIEUT., 3D INFANTRY, MAR. 31, 1834)

I. T., 1835–36; and on Quartermaster duty at Ft. Towson, I. T., 1836–37,

(ASST. QUARTERMASTER, MAR. 10, 1836, TO JULY 7, 1838)

— in the Florida War, 1837–38, — Houlton, Me., 1839–40, pending "Dis-

(CAPT., STAFF — ASST. QUARTERMASTER, JULY 7, 1838)

puted Territory" controversy, — settling claims in Florida and Georgia,

(CAPTAIN, 3D INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1839, TO JUNE 18, 1846)

1840–42, — Palatka, Fla., 1842, — Houlton, Me., 1842–44, — Ft. Towson, I. T., 1845–46, — New Orleans, La., 1846, — War with Mexico, 1847–48,

(BVT. MAJOR, MAY 30, 1848, FOR MERITORIOUS CONDUCT WHILE SERVING IN THE ENEMY'S COUNTRY)

— Department of Texas, 1849–52, 1852–54, — Baltimore, Md., 1854–56, — Philadelphia Clothing Depot, Pa., 1856–57, — Baltimore, Md., 1857–58, — Ft. Laramie, Dak., 1858–59, — and as Chief Quartermaster of the De-

(MAJOR, STAFF — QUARTERMASTER, MAY 10, 1861)

partment of Oregon, Nov. 14, 1860, to Sep. 13, 1861.

Served during the Rebellion of the Seceding States, 1861–66: as Chief

(LIEUT.-COLONEL, STAFF — DEP. QUARTERMASTER-GEN., AUG. 3, 1861)

Quartermaster of the Department of the Pacific, Sep. 13, 1861, to Sep. 5, 1865 (Colonel, *ex officio*, Aug. 2, 1864, to July 29, 1866), — of the Depart-

(BVT. COLONEL, MAR. 13, 1865, FOR FAITHFUL AND MERITORIOUS SERVICES DURING THE REBELLION)

(BVT. BRIG.-GENERAL, U. S. ARMY, MAR. 13, 1865, FOR FAITHFUL AND MERITORIOUS SERVICES IN THE QUARTERMASTER'S DEPARTMENT DURING THE REBELLION)

ment of Columbia, and as Senior and Supervising Quartermaster of the

(COL., STAFF — ASST. QUARTERMASTER-GEN., JULY 29, 1866)

Military Division of the Pacific, Sep. 5, 1865, to Dec. 14, 1866.

RETIRED FROM ACTIVE SERVICE, JULY 29, 1866, UNDER THE LAW OF JULY 17, 1862, HE BEING OVER "THE AGE OF 62 YEARS."

Served: as Supervising Quartermaster of the Department of the Columbia, Dec. 14, 1866, to Oct. 14, 1867; and in charge of Clothing Depot of the Division of the Pacific, Nov. 30, 1866, to May 31, 1869.

DIED, DEC. 10, 1881, AT FT. MONROE, VA.: AGED 78.

457..(Born S. C.)...**RICHARD W. COLCOCK**...(Ap'd S. C.)..**29**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, Sep. 1, 1822, to July 1, 1826, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 4TH INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1826.

SECOND LIEUT., 3D INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1826.

Served: in garrison at Ft. Duval, Suwanee River, Fla., 1827, — Ft. King, Fla., 1827, — and Cantonment Clinch, Fla., 1827–28; on frontier duty at Jefferson Barracks, Mo., 1828, — Ft. Leavenworth, Kan., 1828–29, — Missouri River, 1829, — Jefferson Barracks, Mo., 1830, — Natchitoches, La., 1830, — Jefferson Barracks, Mo., 1830–31, — Choctaw Nation, 1831, — Jefferson Barracks, Mo., 1831, — and Ft. Atkinson, Io., 1831–32; on Quartermaster duty at Ft. Towson, I. T., 1832; on frontier duty at Ft. Jesup, La., 1832–33; on Engineer duty, Oct. 15, 1833, to Jan. 28, 1834; at the Military Academy, as Asst. Instructor of Infantry Tactics, Feb. 25, to Mar. 18, 1834; on Engineer duty, Mar. 18, 1834, to Dec. 1, 1835; and

(FIRST LIEUT., 3D INFANTRY, MAY 31, 1835)

on leave of absence, 1835–36.

RESIGNED, APR. 1, 1836.

Civil History. — Resident Engineer of Charleston, S. C., Louisville, Ky., and Cincinnati, O., projected Railroad, 1836–39. Superintendent of the Public Works of the State of South Carolina, 1839–42. Counselor at Law, South Carolina, 1842–44. Superintendent of South Carolina Military Academy, at Charleston, S. C., with the rank of Major, 1844–52. Asst. Engineer, Northeastern Railroad (Charleston to Florence), S. C., 1852–55. Weigher, U. S. Custom House, Charleston, S. C., 1855–56.

DIED, JAN. 9, 1856, AT CHARLESTON, S. C.: AGED 49.

458..(Born Va.)....**CHARLES L. C. MINOR**....(Ap'd Va.)..**30**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1822, to July 1, 1826, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 5TH INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1826.

SECOND LIEUT., 3D INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1826.

Served: on frontier duty at Ft. Snelling, Min., 1827, — Ft. Crawford, Wis., 1827–28, — Jefferson Barracks, Mo., 1828, — and Ft. St. Anthony, Min., 1828–30; and on Quartermaster duty at Jefferson Barracks, Mo.,

(ASST. QUARTERMASTER, OCT. 15, 1830, TO OCT. 31, 1833)

1830–31, — and at Ft. Towson, I. T., 1832–33.

DIED, OCT. 31, 1833, AT FT. TOWSON, I. T.: AGED 28.

459..(Born Ga.).....**WILLIAM H. SIMS**.....(Ap'd Ga.)..**31**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, Sep. 1, 1821, to

July 1, 1826, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 6TH INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1826.

On leave of absence, July 1, 1826, to Mar. 28, 1827.

RESIGNED, MAR. 28, 1827.

Civil History. — Counselor at Law, Georgia, 18— to 18—. Iron Founder, Vicksburg, Mis., 18— to 18—.

DIED, SEP., 1847, AT NEW ORLEANS, LA.: AGED 44.

460..(Born Va.).....**FRANCIS J. BROOKE**.....(Ap'd Va.)..**32**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1822, to July 1, 1826, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 7TH INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1826.

SECOND LIEUT., 6TH INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1826.

Served: on frontier duty at Ft. Jesup, La., 1827, — Ft. Towson, I. T., 1827, — Ft. Jesup, La., 1827, — and in opening Military Road to Ft. Towson, I. T., 1827–28; in garrison at Jefferson Barracks, Mo., 1828–29; on expedition to Upper Arkansas, 1829; in garrison at Jefferson Barracks, Mo., 1829–31; in the "Black Hawk" War against the Sac Indians, 1832, being engaged in the Battle of Bad Axe River, Aug. 2, 1832; in garrison at Jefferson Barracks, Mo., 1832–33; as Adjutant, 6th Infantry, at Regimental headquarters, Apr. 1, 1833, to Aug. 1, 1836; on frontier duty at

(FIRST LIEUT., 6TH INFANTRY, MAY 6, 1835)

Camp Sabine, La., 1836, — and Ft. Jesup, La., 1836; and in the Florida War against the Seminole Indians, 1837, being engaged in the Battle of Okee-cho-bee, where he was

KILLED,* DEC. 25, 1837: AGED 35.

* Lieut. BROOKE was killed by the enemy's concentrated deadly fire upon five companies of his regiment, while pressing forward to the attack, like a "moving battery," till nearly cut up, and few were left uninjured. In the language of the official despatch of the battle, "Capt. Van Swearingen, Lieutenant Brooke, and Adjutant Center, who fell on that day, had no superior of their years in the service, and in point of chivalry ranked among the first in the Army or nation."

461..(Born Va.)..**NATHANIEL C. MACRAE**....(Ap'd Va.)..**33**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1822, to July 1, 1826, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 1ST INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1826.

SECOND LIEUT., 3D INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1826.

Served: in garrison at Cantonment Clinch, Fla., 1826–27, — and New Orleans and Baton Rouge, La., 1827–28; on frontier duty at Jefferson Barracks, Mo., 1828, — Ft. Armstrong, Ill., 1828–31, — Upper Mississippi, against Sioux Indians, 1831, — Ft. Jesup, La., 1831–33, 1834–40,

(FIRST LIEUT., 3D INFANTRY, OCT. 31, 1835)

(CAPTAIN, 3D INFANTRY, DEC. 18, 1839)

being Acting Chief of Commissariat of the forces on the Mexican Border, 1836–37, — and Ft. Smith, Ark., 1840, having accidentally broken and subsequently lost his left leg, while conducting a detachment to this post; on Recruiting service, 1840; in the Commissary-General's Office at Washington, D. C., 1840–41; in command of Recruiting Depot at Newport, Ky., 1841–52; on frontier duty at Ft. Union, N. M., 1853–55, — Ft. Massachusetts, N. M., 1855, — and Cantonment Burgwin, N. M., 1855–57;

(MAJOR, 3D INFANTRY, MAY 31, 1857)

on Special duty at Cincinnati, O., and Ft. Snelling, Min., 1858–59; and in command of Jefferson Barracks, Mo., 1859–61.

RETIRED FROM ACTIVE SERVICE, SEP. 25, 1861, FOR DISABILITY RESULTING FROM LONG AND FAITHFUL SERVICE, AND FROM INJURY RECEIVED IN THE LINE OF DUTY.

Served during the Rebellion of the Seceding States, 1861–66: as Superintendent of Volunteer Recruiting Service of the State of Ohio, 1862; in command of regiment of Cincinnati Volunteers against General E. K. Smith, in Kentucky, Sep., 1863; under the orders of the Commanding General of the Department of Ohio, July, 1863, to July, 1864; in waiting orders at Cincinnati, O., July to Nov., 1864; and on Military Commission, Dec., 1864, to Apr., 1865.

(BVT. LIEUT.-COL., AND BVT. COLONEL, MAR. 13, 1865, FOR LONG AND FAITHFUL SERVICES)

Served: on Mustering duty at Cincinnati, O., May 10, 1865, to Sep. 12, 1867; and on Court-martial duty in the Department of the Lakes, Sep. 12, 1867, to June 19, 1868.

DIED, FEB. 5, 1878, AT CINCINNATI, O.: AGED 74.

462..(Born Ten.).....**JAMES G. ALLEN**.....(Ap'd Ten.)..**34**

Military History.—Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1822, to July 1, 1826, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 2D INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1826.

SECOND LIEUT., 5TH INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1826.

Served: in garrison at Detroit, Mich., 1826–27,—and Ft. Mackinac, Mich., 1827; and on leave of absence, 1827–28.

RESIGNED, MAY 20, 1828.

Civil History.—Counselor at Law, Donaldsonville, La., 1829–38. Member of the Senate of the State of Louisiana, 1843–47. Sugar Planter, Parish of Lafourche Interior, La., 1835–55.

DIED, APR. 21, 1855, AT LAFOURCHE INTERIOR, LA.: AGED 49.

463..(Born Va.)..**ALEXANDER G. BALDWIN**..(Ap'd Va.)..**35**

Military History.—Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1822, to July 1, 1826, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 3D INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1826.

SECOND LIEUT, 3D INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1826.

Served: in garrison at Jefferson Barracks, Mo., 1826–28; and on frontier duty at Ft. Leavenworth, Kan., 1828–29,—Jefferson Barracks, Mo., 1829–30,—Natchitoches, La., 1830–31,—Camp Phœnix, La., 1831,—and Ft. Towson, I. T., 1831–32, 1833–34, and 1835.

DIED, JULY 25, 1835, AT FT. TOWSON, I. T.: AGED 31.

464..(Born N. Y.).....**AMOS B. EATON**.....(Ap'd N. Y.)..**36**

Military History.—Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1822, to July 1, 1826, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 4TH INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1826.

SECOND LIEUT., 2D INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1826.

Served: in garrison at Cantonment Clinch, Fla., 1827,—Ft. King, Fla., 1827–28,—and Hancock Barracks, Me., 1828–29; on Recruiting service,

1830 ; in garrison at Hancock Barracks, Me., 1830–31, — and Ft. Niagara, N. Y., 1831–32 ; on Recruiting service, 1832–33 ; in garrison at Ft.

(FIRST LIEUT., 2D INFANTRY, JULY 21, 1834)

Niagara, N. Y., 1833–34, — and Ft. Gratiot, Mich., 1834–35, 1835–36 ; on Commissary duty, 1836 ; in garrison at Ft. Gratiot, Mich., 1836–37, — and Ft. Howard, Wis., 1837 ; in the Florida War, 1837–41, on Commis-

(CAPT., STAFF — COMMISSARY OF SUBSISTENCE, JULY 7, 1838)

sary and other Staff duties ; on Commissary duty on the Northern Fron-

(CAPTAIN, 2D INFANTRY, MAR. 1, 1839, TO JUNE 18, 1846)

tier, during Canada Border Disturbances, at the Camp of Instruction near Trenton, N. J., and in New York city, 1841–46, — as Chief Commissary of Subsistence of the Army commanded by Major-General Taylor, in the War with Mexico, 1847–48, being engaged in the Battle of Buena Vista, Feb. 22–23, 1847, — at St. Louis, Mo., 1849–50, — as Chief

(BVT. MAJOR, FEB. 23, 1847, FOR GALLANT AND MERITORIOUS CONDUCT IN THE BATTLE OF BUENA VISTA, MEX.)

of Commissariat of the Department of the Pacific, headquarters at San Francisco, Cal., Mar. 10, 1851, to June 18, 1855, — at New York city, as Purchasing and Depot Commissary of Subsistence, 1855–61.

Served during the Rebellion of the Seceding States, 1861–66 : as Depot Commissary at New York city, and Purchasing Commissary for the

(MAJOR, STAFF — COMMISSARY OF SUBSISTENCE, MAY 9, 1861)

(LIEUT.-COL., STAFF — ASST. COM.-GEN. OF SUBSISTENCE, SEP. 29, 1861)

Armies in the field, 1861–64 ; and on Special Inspection of the Depart-

(COL., STAFF — ASST. COM.-GEN. OF SUBSISTENCE, FEB. 9, 1863)

ment of the South, May–June, 1864.

BRIG.-GEN., STAFF — COM.-GEN. OF SUBSISTENCE OF THE U. S. ARMY, JUNE 29, 1864.

Served : as Commissary-General, in charge of Bureau at Washington, D. C., June 29, 1864, to May 1, 1874.

BVT. MAJ.-GENERAL, U. S. ARMY, MAR. 13, 1865, FOR FAITHFUL, MERITORIOUS, AND DISTINGUISHED SERVICES IN THE SUBSISTENCE DEPARTMENT DURING THE REBELLION.

RETIRED FROM ACTIVE SERVICE, MAY 1, 1874, UNDER THE LAW OF JULY 17, 1862, HAVING SERVED FAITHFULLY MORE THAN 45 YEARS.

DIED, FEB. 21, 1877, AT NEW HAVEN, CT. : AGED 71.

465. . (Born Me.) . . . . . **MOSES E. MERRILL** . . . . . (Ap'd Me.) . . **37**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1822, to July 1, 1826, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 5TH INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1826.

SECOND LIEUT., 5TH INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1826.

Served : on frontier duty at Ft. Armstrong, Ill., 1826–27, — Ft. Snelling, Min., 1827–28, — Jefferson Barracks, Mo., 1828, — Ft. Brady, Mich., 1828–29, — Ft. Mackinac, Mich., 1829, — Ft. Brady, Mich., 1829–30, — and Ft. Mackinac, Mich., 1830 ; on Recruiting service, 1830–31 ; on frontier duty at Ft. Mackinac, Mich., 1831–32, — Ft. Howard, Wis.,

(FIRST LIEUT., 5TH INFANTRY, MAR. 4, 1833)

1832–41, — Ft. Crawford, Wis., 1841, — Jefferson Barracks, Mo., 1841, —

(CAPTAIN, 5TH INFANTRY, JUNE 22, 1837)

and Ft. Brady, Mich., 1842 ; on Recruiting service, 1842 ; on frontier

duty at Ft. Brady, Mich., 1842–43, — and Ft. Mackinac, Mich., 1843–45; in Military Occupation of Texas, 1845–46; and in the War with Mexico, 1846–47, being engaged in the Battle of Palo Alto, May 8, 1846, — Battle of Resaca-de-la-Palma, May 9, 1846, — Battle of Monterey, Sep. 21–23, 1846, — Siege of Vera Cruz, Mar. 9–29, 1847, — Capture of San Antonio, Aug. 20, 1847, — Battle of Churubusco, Aug. 20, 1847, — and Battle of Molino del Rey, Sep. 8, 1847, where, while leading the assaulting column under his command to the attack of the enemy's works, he was

KILLED, SEP. 8, 1847: AGED 43.

466..(Born Pa.).....**CHARLES COLERICK**.....(Ap'd Pa.)..38

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1822, to July 1, 1826, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 6TH INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1826.

Served in garrison at Jefferson Barracks, Mo., 1827–28.

DIED, JAN. 9, 1828, AT JEFFERSON BARRACKS, MO.: AGED 22.

467..(Born R. I.).....**SILAS CASEY**.....(Ap'd R. I.)..39

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1822, to July 1, 1826, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 7TH INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1826.

SECOND LIEUT., 2D INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1826.

Served: on frontier duty at Ft. Towson, I. T., 1826–29, being engaged in a Skirmish with hostile Indians, Sep. 2, 1828; in garrison at Sackett's Harbor, N. Y., 1829–30, 1830–32; on Recruiting service, 1832–33; in garrison at Ft. Niagara, N. Y., 1833–34, — and Ft. Gratiot, Mich.,

(FIRST LIEUT., 2D INFANTRY, JUNE 28, 1836)

1834–36; in Creek Nation, 1836; in the Florida War against the Seminole Indians, 1837–41, 1841–42, being engaged leading the advance in the

(CAPTAIN, 2D INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1839)

Rout of Halleck Tustennuggee's band in the Big Hammock of Pilaklikaha, Apr. 19, 1842; in garrison at Buffalo, N. Y., 1842–45, — and Ft. Mackinac, Mich., 1845–47; in the War with Mexico, 1847–48, being engaged in the Skirmish of Ocalaca, Aug. 16, 1847, — Battle of Contreras, Aug. 19–20, 1847, — Battle of Churubusco, Aug. 20, 1847, — Battle of

(BVT. MAJOR, AUG. 20, 1847, FOR GALLANT AND MERITORIOUS CONDUCT IN THE BATTLES OF CONTRERAS AND CHURUBUSCO, MEX.)

Molino del Rey, Sep. 8, 1847, — and in the Storming of Chapultepec, Sep. 13, 1847, where he was severely wounded while leading the assault-

(BVT. LIEUT.-COL., SEP. 13, 1847, FOR GALLANT AND MERITORIOUS CONDUCT IN THE BATTLE OF CHAPULTEPEC, MEX.)

ing column under his command; * in garrison at Ft. Hamilton, N. Y., 1848; on voyage to California, 1848–49; on frontier duty at Benicia, Cal., 1849, — in escorting Capt. Warner's Topographical party, 1849, — Benicia, Cal., 1849–51, — Expedition to Port Orford and Coquille River, Or., 1851–52, — and at Benicia, Cal., 1852; on Recruiting service, 1852–54; as Member of a Board of Officers, 1854–55, to revise the

(LIEUT.-COLONEL, 9TH INFANTRY, MAR. 3, 1855)

"Rifle and Light Infantry Tactics," adopted Mar. 29, 1855, for the service of the United States, — of Board for Dragoon Manual for Colt's Revolver, 1854, — and of Board for the examination of Breech-loading

Arms, 1854–55; and on frontier duty, in command of Puget Sound District, Wash., Jan. 17, 1856, to Feb. 19, 1857, being engaged in Operations against the hostile Indians, Mar.–June, 1856, — Ft. Steilacoom, Wash., 1856–57, 1857–59, — San Juan Island, Wash., 1859, — and Ft. Steilacoom, Wash., 1859–61.

Served during the Rebellion of the Seceding States, 1861–66: in

(BRIG.-GENERAL, U. S. VOLUNTEERS, AUG. 31, 1861)

organizing, disciplining, and instructing Volunteers at Washington, D. C.,

(COLONEL, 4TH INFANTRY, OCT. 9, 1861)

Sep. 12, 1861, to Mar. 28, 1862; in the Virginia Peninsular Campaign (Army of the Potomac), Mar.–July, 1862, being engaged in the Battle of Fair Oaks, May 31, 1862, — and in command at the White House, Va.,

(BVT. BRIG.-GENERAL, U. S. ARMY, MAY 31, 1862, FOR GALLANT AND MERITORIOUS CONDUCT AT THE BATTLE OF FAIR OAKS, VA.)

June, 1862; in command of Provisional Brigade, at Washington, D. C.,

(MAJOR-GENERAL, U. S. VOLUNTEERS, MAY 31, 1862)

Aug. 11, 1862, to Feb., 1863; as President of the Board for the Examination of Candidates for Officers of Colored Troops, May 22, 1863, to

(BVT. MAJ.-GENERAL, U. S. ARMY, MAR. 13, 1865, FOR GALLANT AND MERITORIOUS SERVICES DURING THE REBELLION)

July 5, 1865; and on leave of absence, July 5 to Oct. 2, 1865.

MUSTERED OUT OF VOLUNTEER SERVICE, AUG. 24, 1865.

Served: in command of regiment and troops at Ft. Wayne and Detroit, Mich., Oct. 2, 1865, to Apr. 5, 1867; and as Commissioner to examine the War Claims of Ohio, Apr. 17 to Dec. 31, 1867; on Court of Inquiry, 1868; awaiting orders, Mar.–Oct., 1868; and as Member of Retiring Board, New York city, Oct. 28, 1868, to Apr. 26, 1869.

RETIRED FROM ACTIVE SERVICE, JULY 8, 1868, ON HIS OWN APPLICATION, AFTER 40 CONSECUTIVE YEARS OF SERVICE.

Civil History. — Compiled and edited a system of "Infantry Tactics" (based upon the French "Ordonnances" of 1831 and 1845), which was adopted for the service of the United States, Aug. 11, 1862; and of "Infantry Tactics for Colored Troops," adopted, Mar. 9, 1863.

DIED, JAN. 22, 1882, AT BROOKLYN, N. Y.: AGED 75.

* Received the thanks of the Legislature of his native State, Rhode Island, for his meritorious services in the War with Mexico; and, in 1867, for his services during the Rebellion, especially for "his bravery, skill, and energy at the Battle of Fair Oaks, Va."

BIOGRAPHICAL SKETCH.

BVT. MAJOR-GENERAL SILAS CASEY was born, July 12, 1807, at East Greenwich, R. I., and died, January 22, 1882, at Brooklyn, N. Y. At the age of fifteen he entered the Military Academy, from which he was graduated July 1, 1826, and thence promoted to the Infantry, with which he served ten years on frontier duty, in garrison and on recruiting service. In 1836 he was ordered to Florida, where he was engaged against the Seminole Indians till the termination of the war in 1842. After three years of service on the Northern frontier, he joined General Scott in Mexico, where he was engaged in the battles fought in the Valley, and was particularly distinguished in the assault of Chapultepec, where he was severely wounded in leading the storming column. For his "gallant and meritorious conduct" in this war he received the brevets of Major and Lieut.-Colonel, and the thanks of the Legislature of his native State.

Soon after Casey's return from Mexico he embarked for California, via Cape Horn. For three years, while on the Pacific Coast, he was most of the time campaigning against hostile Indians; and for the three following years was on Recruiting service and on Tactical Boards in New York city. Upon the creation of two new regiments, he was promoted from a Captain in the Second to be Lieut.-Colonel of the Ninth Infantry. With his new regiment he again went to the Pacific Coast, where he was engaged against Oregon Indians, and in guarding the U. S. Northwest Boundary during threatened troubles with Great Britain. Though these active duties were onerous, he found time to perfect a system of Infantry Tactics, which was adopted in 1862, and used by both the Union and Confederate armies.

Casey, Aug. 31, 1861, was appointed Brigadier-General U. S. Volunteers, and assigned to the command of a Provisional Brigade, at Washington, till he took charge of a division of the Army of the Potomac in the Virginia Peninsular Campaign, with which he was severely engaged, May 31, 1862, in the Battle of Fair Oaks. For his "gallant and meritorious conduct" here, he received the brevet of Brig.-General, U. S. Army, was commissioned Major-General, U. S. Volunteers, and was voted the thanks of the Rhode Island Legislature. He resumed, Aug. 11, 1862, the command of the Provisional Brigade at Washington, and from May 22, 1861, to July 5, 1865, was President of the Board for the examination of Candidates for Officers of Colored Troops.

Aug. 24, 1865, Casey, after receiving the brevet of Major-General, U. S. Army, was mustered out of the Volunteer Service, and, July 8, 1868, was retired upon his own application after forty consecutive years of service.

Casey was a reserved, unassuming gentleman, a gallant soldier, a skilled tactician, and a proficient scholar in the higher mathematics, particularly the application of calculus and quaternions.

468..(Born Pa.).....**THOMAS H. PEARCE**.....(Ap'd Pa.)..**40**

Military History.—Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1822, to July 1, 1826, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 1ST INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1826.

SECOND LIEUT., 6TH INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1826.

Served: in garrison at Jefferson Barracks, Mo., 1826–27; and on leave of absence, 1827–29.

RESIGNED, MAR. 31, 1829.

Civil History.—Merchant, Chester County, Pa., 1830–34. Major, Pennsylvania Militia, 1832. Clerk in Collector's Office, Columbia and Philadelphia Railroad, Pa., 1835–46; and Asst. Superintendent of same Road, 1847–49. Agent, in New York city, for Western Transportation Lines, 1849–52. Collector on Harrisburg and Lancaster Railroad, Pa., 1854–60.

DIED, NOV. 21, 1862, AT YORK, PA.: AGED 57.

469..(Born Ct.).....**E. KIRBY SMITH**.....(Ap'd Fla.)..**41**

Military History.—Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1822, to July 1, 1826, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 2D INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1826.

SECOND LIEUT., 5TH INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1826.

Served: in garrison at Sackett's Harbor, N. Y., 1827; on frontier duty at Ft. Howard, Wis., 1827–28, 1828–29,—and Ft. Mackinac, Mich., 1829–30.

DISMISSED, OCT. 6, 1830, FOR INFLICTING CORPORAL PUNISHMENT ON MUTINOUS SOLDIERS, AND REINSTATED, APR. 26, 1832.

Served : on frontier duty at Ft. Howard, Wis., 1832–33, — and Ft.

(FIRST LIEUT., 5TH INFANTRY, MAR. 4, 1833)

Dearborn, Ill., 1833 ; on Recruiting service, 1833–36 ; on frontier duty at Ft. Dearborn, Ill., 1836, — Ft. Howard, Wis., 1836–37, — Ft. Snelling, Min., 1837–38, — Ft. Winnebago, Wis., 1838, 1839–41, — and Detroit,

(CAPTAIN, 5TH INFANTRY, JULY 7, 1838)

Mich., 1841–45 ; in Military Occupation of Texas, 1845–46 ; in the War with Mexico, 1846, 1846–47, being engaged in the Battle of Palo Alto, May 8, 1846, — Battle of Resaca-de-la-Palma, May 9, 1846, — Siege of Vera Cruz, Mar. 9–29, 1847, — on Expedition to Alvarado to procure provisions and draught animals, Apr., 1847, — Capture of San Antonio, Aug. 20, 1847, — Battle of Churubusco, Aug. 20, 1847, — and Battle of Molino del Rey, Sep. 8, 1847, where he was Mortally Wounded in leading the Light Infantry Battalion under his command to the assault of a battery of the enemy.

DIED OF WOUNDS, SEP. 11, 1847, NEAR THE CITY OF MEXICO : AGED 40.

CLASS OF 1827.

470..(Born O.).....**EBENEZER S. SIBLEY**....(Ap'd Mich.)..**1**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1823, to July 1, 1827, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT. OF ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1827.

SECOND LIEUT., 1ST ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1827.

Served : in garrison at Ft. Monroe, Va. (Artillery School for Practice), 1827–29, — Ft. Independence, Mas., 1828, — Ft. Moultrie, S. C., 1828, — and Ft. Monroe, Va. (Artillery School for Practice), 1828–29 ; on Engineer duty, Apr. 4, 1829, to Jan. 25, 1836 ; in the Florida War, 1836 ;

(FIRST LIEUT., 1ST ARTILLERY, MAR. 6, 1834)

on Engineer duty, Sep. 7, 1836, to Nov. 20, 1836 ; on Indian duty, May 3, 1837, to Apr. 20, 1838 ; as Aide-de-Camp to Bvt. Brig.-General Brady, Jan. to July 7, 1838 ; on Quartermaster duty at Savannah, Ga., 1838–40,

(CAPT., STAFF — ASST.-QUARTERMASTER, JULY 7, 1838)

— in the Florida War, 1840–42, — at Savannah, Ga., 1842–44, — Houlton, Me., 1844–45, — Boston harbor, Mas., 1845, — Military Occupation of

(CAPTAIN, FIRST ARTILLERY, AUG. 31, 1844, TO JUNE 18, 1846)

Texas, 1845–46, — in the War with Mexico, 1846–48, being engaged in the Battle of Buena Vista, Feb. 22–23, 1847, and in collecting Internal

(BVT. MAJOR, FEB. 23, 1847, FOR GALLANT AND MERITORIOUS CONDUCT IN THE BATTLE OF BUENA VISTA, MEX.)

Customs, 1847–48, — at Detroit, Mich., 1848–51, — as Chief Quartermaster of the Department of New Mexico, 1851–53, — Ft. Leavenworth, Kan., 1854–57, — and as Asst. in the Quartermaster-General's Office at

(MAJOR, STAFF — QUARTERMASTER, DEC. 22, 1856)

Washington, D. C., 1857–61.

Served during the Rebellion of the Seceding States, 1861–64 : as Prin-

(BVT. LIEUT.-COL., MAY 6, 1861)

(BVT. COLONEL, JUNE 12, 1861)

cipal Assistant to the Quartermaster-General at Washington, D. C.,
(LIEUT.-COL., STAFF — DEP. QUARTERMASTER-GEN., AUG. 3, 1861)
Apr. 12, 1861, to Apr. 15, 1864.

RESIGNED, APR. 15, 1864.

Civil History. — Vice-President, at New York, of Grand Portage Copper Company, 1864–84; and of Lake Superior Silver-Lead Company, 1864–84.

DIED, AUG. 14, 1884, AT DETROIT, MICH.: AGED 79.

471..(Born Mas.).....**JOHN CHILDE**.....(Ap'd Mas.)..**2**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1823, to July 1, 1827, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT. OF ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1827.

SECOND LIEUT., 3D ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1827.

Served: in garrison at Ft. Monroe, Va. (Artillery School for Practice), 1827–28; on Ordnance duty, Dec. 30, 1828, to Feb. 28, 1834; in garrison at Ft. Wolcott, R. I., 1834–35; and on Engineer duty, Mar. 27 to Sep. 2, 1835.

RESIGNED, DEC. 31, 1835.

Civil History. — Civil Engineer, 1835–58. Asst. Engineer of York and Wrightsville Railroad, Pa., 1835–36; and of Western Railroad, Mas., from Worcester to West Stockbridge, 1836–40. Resident Superintending Engineer of West Stockbridge and Albany Railroad, N. Y., 1840–44. Chief Engineer of Troy and Albany Railroad, N. Y., 1844–45; and of Connecticut Valley Railroad, Mas., 1844–47. Consulting Engineer of Baltimore and Ohio Railroad, 1848; of improvement of St. Lawrence River, Canada (particularly deepening Lake St. Peter), 1850; of Edgefield and Kentucky Railroad, 1855; of Railroad Bridge at Nashville, Ten., over Cumberland River, 1855; and of other public works in the United States and Canada, 1847–58. Chief Engineer of Columbus and Cleveland Railroad, O., 1845–51; of Mobile and Ohio Railroad (from Mobile, Ala., to Cairo, Ill.), 1848–56; of Tennessee and Alabama Railroad (from Nashville, Ten., to Alabama State Line), 1852–57; of the Nashville, Ten., and Cincinnati, O., Railroad, 1853–56; of New Orleans and Ohio Railroad (from Paducah, Ky., to junction with Mobile and Ohio Railroad on Tennessee line), 1853–56; and of projected enlargement and improvement of Montreal harbor, Canada, 1857–58.

DIED, FEB. 2, 1858, AT SPRINGFIELD, MAS.: AGED 55.

472..(Born Md.)...**WILLIAM MAYNADIER**....(Ap'd D. C.)..**3**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1823, to July 1, 1827, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT. OF ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1827.

SECOND LIEUT., 1ST ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1827.

Served: in garrison at Ft. Monroe, Va. (Artillery School for Practice), 1827–28; on Ordnance duty at Ft. Monroe, Va., Oct. 11, 1828, to Sep. 26, 1831; as Adjutant of the Artillery School for Practice, at Ft. Monroe, Va., Sep. 26, 1831, to June 23, 1832; as Aide-de-Camp to Major-General Scott, July 29 to Oct. 1, 1832, on the "Black Hawk Expedition;" on Ordnance duty at Ft. Monroe, Va., Dec. 13, 1832, to Apr. 27, 1833; as Adjutant of the Artillery School for Practice, at Ft. Monroe, Va., Apr. 27 to Nov. 9, 1833; on Ordnance duty at Pikesville Arsenal, Md., Nov. 9, 1833, to
(FIRST LIEUT., 1ST ARTILLERY, MAY 31, 1834)

Sep. 15, 1836; as Aide-de-Camp to Major-General Macomb, General-in-Chief, Nov. 15, 1836, to Mar. 20, 1837; on Ordnance duty at Pikesville Arsenal, Md., Mar. 20, 1837, to July 7, 1838; in command of Pikesville

(CAPTAIN, ORDNANCE, JULY 7, 1838)

Arsenal, Md., 1838–42; as Asst. Inspector of Ordnance, 1838–42; as Principal Assistant in the Ordnance Bureau at Washington, D. C., 1842–61; as Secretary of a Commission to investigate and report on the relative merits of the Civil and Military Systems of the Superintendence of the National Armories, 1853; as Member of a Board for testing Breech-loading Small Arms, 1858, — and for the trial of Rifle Cannon and Projectiles, 1860; and in command of Frankford Arsenal, Pa., 1861.

Served during the Rebellion of the Seceding States, 1861–66: as Executive Assistant in the Ordnance Bureau at Washington, D. C., Apr. 27,

(MAJOR, ORDNANCE, MAY 5, 1861)

(LIEUT.-COLONEL, ORDNANCE, AUG. 3, 1861)

1861, to Sep. 17, 1863; as Inspector of Armories, Arsenals, and Ord-

(COLONEL, ORDNANCE, JUNE 1, 1863)

nance Depots, Sep. 17, 1863, to Aug. 25, 1864, during which time he examined most of the Ordnance establishments of the country; and as Executive Assistant in the Ordnance Bureau at Washington, D. C., Sep. 22, 1864, to Jan., 1867.

BVT. BRIG.-GENERAL, U. S. ARMY, MAR. 13, 1865, FOR FAITHFUL AND MERITORIOUS SERVICES DURING THE REBELLION.

Served: as Inspector of Arsenals and Armories, Jan., 1867, to July 3, 1871; and as Member of Board to determine the kind and character of Rifled Guns for Seacoast Armament, Jan. 18 to Feb. 6, 1867, — and of Examination Board of Ordnance Officers for Promotion, May, 1867.

DIED, JULY 3, 1871, AT WASHINGTON, D. C.: AGED 65.

OBITUARY ORDER.

Upon the death of General Maynadier, the Chief of Ordnance issued the following order: —

"The sad duty of announcing to the Department the death of the lamented Rodman has scarcely been performed, when the Chief of Ordnance is called upon to announce the death of the oldest officer of the Corps, — one of its ablest members, — Brevet Brigadier-General William Maynadier, the Senior Colonel of the Corps, Inspector of Armories and Arsenals, who died in this city on the 3d instant, in the sixty-fifth year of his age.

"General Maynadier graduated at the Military Academy with the class of 1827, and was appointed Brevet Second Lieutenant of Artillery, and attached to the first regiment of that arm.

"His first duty was at the School of Practice at Fort Monroe, and subsequently he was made its Adjutant. While in the artillery, he was several times assigned to ordnance duty; was selected by Generals Scott and Macomb as one of their aides-de-camp, — by the former during the Black Hawk war, and by the latter during the early part of the Florida War.

"On the increase of the Ordnance Corps in 1838, he was appointed Captain of Ordnance, dating July 7th of that year; was assigned to command of Pikesville Arsenal, and appointed Assistant Inspector of Ordnance. These duties he continued to perform until Feb. 1, 1842, when he was selected by the Chief of Ordnance as his assistant. Since that time he has been almost uninterruptedly on duty in, or in close official

connection with, the Ordnance Office; having been associated with the successive chiefs of ordnance, and other officers, in nearly every important subject which has engrossed the attention of the Department during that time.

"His eminent administrative abilities, sound judgment, and experience have been of high importance to the Department, and were invaluable during the early years of the war.

"General Maynadier was an officer possessed of a rare sense of honor, and he performed all duties committed to him with a strict regard to justice. His death will be regretted by all who appreciated his worth.

"The officers of the Department will wear the usual badge of mourning for thirty days."

473..(Born Ten.)...**JAMES A. J. BRADFORD**.....(Ap'd Ky.)..**4**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1823, to July 1, 1827, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT. OF ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1827.

SECOND LIEUT., 3D ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1827.

Served: in garrison at Ft. Monroe, Va. (Artillery School for Practice), 1828–29; on Engineer duty, Apr. 4, 1829, to May 30, 1832; in garrison at Ft. Independence, Mas., 1831, — and Ft. Monroe, Va. (Artillery School for Practice), 1831–32; in command of Mount Vernon Arsenal, Ala., 1832; as Asst. Ordnance Officer at Allegheny Arsenal, Pa., 1833, — and

(CAPTAIN, ORDNANCE, MAY 30, 1832)

at Ft. Monroe Arsenal, Va., 1833; in superintending the Armament of Fortifications on the Gulf of Mexico, 1833–34; as Asst. Inspector of Contract Arms, 1833–35; in command of New York Ordnance Depot, 1835–36, — of North Carolina Arsenal, 1836–41, — of Pilatka Ordnance Depot, Fla., 1841–42, — of North Carolina Arsenal, 1842–47, 1848–51, — of Charleston Arsenal, S. C., 1851–53, — and of North Carolina Arsenal, 1853–54; as Chief of Ordnance of the Department of Texas, 1854–57; and in command of North Carolina Arsenal, 1858–61.

RESIGNED, MAY 1, 1861.

Joined in the Rebellion of 1861–66 against the United States.

DIED, SEP. 6, 1863, AT FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.: AGED 59.

474..(Born Ky.).....**LUCIEN J. BIBB**.....(Ap'd Ky.)..**5**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1823, to July 1, 1827, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT. OF ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1827.

SECOND LIEUT., 1ST ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1827.

Served: in garrison at Ft. Monroe, Va. (Artillery School for Practice), 1828–29; at the Military Academy, as Asst. Instructor of Infantry Tactics, Jan. 7 to June 24, 1830; and on Ordnance duty at Bellona Arsenal, Va., July 19, 1830, to Sep. 7, 1831.

DIED, SEP. 7, 1831, AT BELLONA ARSENAL, VA.: AGED 24.

475..(Born Ky.)...**NAPOLEON B. BUFORD**.....(Ap'd Ky.)..**6**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1823, to July 1, 1827, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT. OF ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1827.

SECOND LIEUT., 3D ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1827.

Served : in garrison at Ft. Monroe, Va. (Artillery School for Practice), 1827–28 ; on Topographical duty, June 14, 1828, to Nov. 26, 1829 ; in garrison at Ft. Sullivan, Me., 1830–31, 1832–34 ; and at the Military Academy, as Asst. Professor of Natural and Experimental Philosophy, Feb. 28, 1834, to Aug. 30, 1835.

RESIGNED, DEC. 31, 1835.

Civil History. — Resident Engineer, in the service of the State of Kentucky, of Licking River Improvement, Ky., 1835–42. Merchant and Iron Founder, Rock Island, Ill., 1843–61. Member and Secretary of the Board of Visitors to the Military Academy, 1850. President of the Rock Island and Peoria Railroad, Ill., 1857–61. President of the Bank of the Federal Union, at Rock Island, Ill., 1858–61.

Military History. — Served during the Rebellion of the Seceding States, 1861–65 : in command of Cairo, Ill., 1861–62, and was engaged

(COLONEL, 27TH ILLINOIS VOLUNTEERS, AUG. 10, 1861)

in the Expedition to, and Battle of Belmont, Mo., Nov. 7, 1861, and Demonstration on Columbus, Ky., Feb. 23, 1862 ; in command of Columbus, Ky. (evacuated by the Rebels), Mar. 4–14, 1862 ; in the Attack on Island No. 10, Mississippi River, Mar. 14 to Apr. 7, 1862, and after its capitulation commanded its garrison, having, during these operations, made a forced march upon, and captured by surprise, Union City, Ky., Mar. 31, 1862 ; on Expedition to Ft. Pillow, Ten., Apr. 10–20, 1862 ; in the Mississippi Campaigns of 1862 and 1863, being engaged

(BRIG.-GENERAL, U. S. VOLUNTEERS, APR. 15, 1862)

in the Siege of Corinth, Apr. 25 to May 30, 1862, — in command of Division at Jacinto, June–Sep., 1862, — Battle of Corinth, Oct. 3–4, 1862, — and Siege of Vicksburg, Feb., 1863 ; in command of Cairo, Ill., Mar.–Sep., 1863, — and at Helena, Ark., Sep. 12, 1863, to Mar. 9, 1865 ;

(BVT. MAJ.-GENERAL, U. S. VOLUNTEERS, MAR. 13, 1865, FOR GALLANT AND MERITORIOUS SERVICES DURING THE REBELLION)

and on leave of absence, Mar. 9 to Aug. 24, 1865.

MUSTERED OUT OF VOLUNTEER SERVICE, AUG. 24, 1865.

Civil History. — Superintendent of the Federal Union Mining Company of Colorado, June 1 to Dec. 1, 1866. Special U. S. Commissioner of Indian Affairs, Feb. 7, 1867, to Sep. 1, 1867 ; and for Inspecting the Union Pacific Railroad, Sep. 1, 1867, to Mar. 10, 1869 (when the road was completed). President of the Philosophical Society of Chicago, Ill., 1877–78.

DIED, MAR. 28, 1883, AT CHICAGO, ILL. : AGED 76.

476..(Born N. Y.).....**EDWIN SCHENCK**.....(Ap'd N. Y.)..**7**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1823, to July 1, 1827, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT. OF ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1827.

Served : in garrison at Ft. Monroe, Va. (Artillery School for Practice), 1827–28.

RESIGNED, SEP. 30, 1828.

Civil History. — Civil Engineer, 1828–43. Principal of a Female Seminary at Columbus, O., 1843–48.

DIED, JULY 2, 1848, AT COLUMBUS, O. : AGED 41.

477..(Born N. C.).....**LEONIDAS POLK**.....(Ap'd N. C.)..8

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1823, to July 1, 1827, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT. OF ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1827.

On leave of absence, July 1 to Dec. 1, 1827.

RESIGNED, DEC. 1, 1827.

Civil History. — Clergyman, Protestant Episcopal Church, 1831–38. Missionary Bishop of Arkansas, and the Indian Territory south of 36° 30′, with provisional charge of the Diocese of Alabama, Mississippi, and Louisiana, and the Missions in the Republic of Texas, 1838–41. Bishop of the Diocese of Louisiana, 1841–61.

Joined in the Rebellion of 1861–66 against the United States.

KILLED, ON PINE MOUNTAIN, NEAR MARIETTA, GA., JUNE 14, 1864: AGED 58.

478..(Born Md.).....**ESSEX STERRETT**.....(Ap'd Md.)..9

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1823, to July 1, 1827, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT. OF ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1827.

Served: at the Military Academy, as Asst. Instructor of Infantry Tactics, Sep. 23 to Oct. 15, 1827; and in garrison at Ft. Monroe, Va. (Artillery School for Practice), 1827–28.

RESIGNED, JUNE 21, 1828.

Civil History. — School Teacher, Little Rock, Ark., 1828–35.

DIED, JULY 6, 1835, AT LITTLE ROCK, ARK.: AGED 32.

479..(Born Pa.).....**GEORGE FETTERMAN**.....(Ap'd Pa.)..10

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1823, to July 1, 1827, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT. OF ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1827.

SECOND LIEUT., 3D ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1827.

Served: in garrison at Ft. Johnston, N. C., 1828, — and at Ft. Trumbull, Ct., 1828–29; on Recruiting service, 1829; in garrison at Ft. Trumbull, Ct., 1829–33, — and at Ft. Monroe, Va., 1833–34; and on Topographical duty, July 17, 1834, to Oct. 27, 1835.

RESIGNED, MAY 31, 1836.

Civil History. — Civil Engineer, Pennsylvania, 1836–38. Captain, Pennsylvania Militia, 1842–44.

DIED, JUNE 27, 1844, AT PITTSBURG, PA.: AGED 37.

480..(Born Md.)...**WILLIAM E. AISQUITH**....(Ap'd Va.)..11

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1823, to July 1, 1827, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT. OF ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1827.

SECOND LIEUT., 2D ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1827.

Served in garrison at Ft. Monroe, Va. (Artillery School for Practice), 1827–28, — and at Ft. Moultrie, S. C., 1828–31.

DISMISSED, MAY 24, 1832, FOR ABSENCE WITHOUT LEAVE, DISOBEDIENCE OF ORDERS, AND NEGLECT OF DUTY.

Civil History. — Unknown, from 1832 to 1837.

Military History. — Re-appointed in the U. S. Army, with the rank of

SECOND LIEUT., 1ST ARTILLERY, MAR. 8, 1837.

Served : in the Florida War, 1837–38 ; in Cherokee Nation, 1838, while

(FIRST LIEUT., 2D ARTILLERY, JULY 7, 1838)

transferring Indians to the West ; in garrison at Carlisle Barracks, Pa., 1838–39 ; on the Northern Frontier, at Plattsburg, N. Y., 1839, during Canada Border Disturbances ; on Recruiting service, 1839 ; on the Northern Frontier, at Plattsburg, N. Y., 1839–40, during Canada Border Disturbances ; on the Maine Frontier, at Houlton, Me., 1840–41, pending "Disputed Territory" controversy ; on the Northern Frontier, at Plattsburg, N. Y., 1841–42, during Canada Border Disturbances ; and in garrison at Ft. Adams, R. I., 1842–43, — Ft. Sullivan, Me., 1843, — Houlton, Me., 1843–44, — and Ft. Kent, Me., 1844.

CASHIERED, FEB. 24, 1845, FOR "DRUNKENNESS ON DUTY," AND "UNOFFICER-LIKE CONDUCT."

Served : in the War with Mexico, 1846–47, with Battalion of Maryland Volunteers, as Orderly Sergeant, June 8 to Sep., 1846, and as Lieut., Sep., 1846, to May 30, 1847, — and as a soldier in U. S. 1st Artillery, at Vera Cruz, Mex., 1847–48.

Re-appointed in the United States Army with the rank of

CAPTAIN, 1ST ARTILLERY, NOV. 20, 1847,

but not being confirmed by the Senate, was

DROPPED, JAN. 12, 1848.

Civil History. — Sergeant of Marines, — and Clerk at Washington, D. C., 1848–56.

DIED, JUNE 29, 1856, AT WASHINGTON, D. C. : AGED 48.

481..(Born O.)....**THOMAS WORTHINGTON**....(Ap'd O.)..**12**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1823, to July 1, 1827, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT. OF ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1827.

Served : in garrison at Ft. Monroe, Va. (Artillery School for Practice), 1827–28.

RESIGNED, NOV. 8, 1828.

Civil History. — Sergeant-Major, Ohio Militia, 1829–31, — Major, 1831–37, — Lieut.-Colonel, 1837–39, — Colonel, 1839, — and Brig.-General, 1839–46. Flour Manufacturer and Farmer, Hocking Falls, O., 1834–46.

Military History. — Served in the War with Mexico, as

ADJUTANT, 2D REG. OHIO VOLUNTEERS, JUNE 23 TO OCT. 31, 1846.

Civil History. — Flour Manufacturer and Farmer, Hocking Falls, O., 1846–49. Horticulturist, Morrow, O., 1858–61.

Military History. — Served during the Rebellion of the Seceding States, 1861–63 : in recruiting a company of Ohio Volunteers, Apr., 1861, — and a regiment, July 27, 1861, to Jan. 30, 1862 ; in the Tennessee and

(LIEUT.-COLONEL, 46TH OHIO VOLUNTEERS, OCT. 23, 1861)

(COLONEL, 46TH OHIO VOLUNTEERS, JAN. 30, 1862)

Mississippi Campaign, Mar. 6 to Sep. 17, 1862, being engaged in the movement to Pittsburg Landing, Ten., Mar. 6–8, 1862, — Battle of Shiloh,

Ten., Apr. 6–7, 1862, — Advance upon and Siege of Corinth, Mis., Apr. 10 to May 30, 1862, — March to Memphis, Ten., June–July, 1862, — and Occupation of Memphis, Ten., July 20 to Sep. 16, 1862.

RESIGNED, NOV. 21, 1862.

After his resignation, July 11–20, 1863, he joined the Indiana and Ohio Volunteers raised to repel General John Morgan's Rebel Raiders.

Civil History. — Compiler of "Volunteer Manual," 1861. Vine Grower, near Morrow, O., 1862–84.

DIED, FEB. 23, 1884, AT WASHINGTON, D. C.: AGED 80.

482..(Born N. C.)....**GABRIEL J. RAINS**.....(Ap'd N. C.)..**13**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1823, to July 1, 1827, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT. OF INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1827.

SECOND LIEUT., 7TH INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1827.

Served: in garrison at Jefferson Barracks, Mo., 1828, — and Ft. Gibson, I. T., 1828–31; on Commissary duty, subsisting Indians, 1831–34;

(FIRST LIEUT., 7TH INFANTRY, JAN. 28, 1834)

on frontier duty at Ft. Gibson, I. T., 1834–35, — and Little Rock, Ark., 1835; on Recruiting service, 1835–37; on frontier duty at Ft. Gibson,

(CAPTAIN, 7TH INFANTRY, DEC. 25, 1837)

I. T., 1837–39; in the Florida War against the Seminole Indians, 1839–40, 1841–42, being engaged in the Skirmish near Ft. King, Apr. 28, 1840,

(BVT. MAJOR, APR. 28, 1840, FOR GALLANT AND MERITORIOUS CONDUCT IN THE ACTION WITH THE SEMINOLE INDIANS, NEAR FORT KING, FLA.)

where he was severely wounded; in garrison at Ft. Wood, La., 1842–44, — Baton Rouge, La., 1844–45, — and Ft. McRee, Fla., 1845; in Military Occupation of Texas, 1845–46; in the War with Mexico, 1846, being engaged in the Defense of Ft. Brown, May 3–9, 1846; on Recruiting service, 1846–48; in garrison at Jefferson Barracks, Mo., 1848–49; in Florida Hostilities against the Seminole Indians, 1849–50; in garrison at Jefferson Barracks, Mo., 1850, — Ft. Leavenworth, Kan., 1850, — Jefferson Barracks, Mo., 1850–51, — Ft. Gratiot, Mich., 1851–52, — and Ft.

(MAJOR, 4TH INFANTRY, MAR. 9, 1851)

Columbus, N. Y., 1852; on voyage to California, 1852–53; on frontier duty at Ft. Vancouver, Wash., 1853, — Ft. Dalles, Or., 1853–55, — Expedition against the Yakima Indians, 1855, — Ft. Vancouver, Wash., 1855–56, — Ft. Humboldt, Cal., 1856–60, — and Ft. Vancouver, Wash.,

(LIEUT.-COLONEL, 5TH INFANTRY, JUNE 5, 1860)

1860; and on leave of absence, 1860–61.

RESIGNED, JULY 31, 1861.

Joined in the Rebellion of 1861–66 against the United States.

Civil History. — Clerk of Quartermaster, U. S. Army, at Charleston, S. C., 1877–80.

DIED, AUG. 6, 1881, AT AIKEN, S. C.: AGED 78.

483...(Born S. C.)....**JOHN G. FURMAN**.....(Ap'd S. C.)..**14**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1822, to July 1, 1827, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT. OF INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1827.
SECOND LIEUT., 5TH INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1827.

Served: on frontier duty at Jefferson Barracks, Mo., 1828, — and Ft. Dearborn, Ill., 1828–30.

DIED, AUG. 29, 1830, AT CHICAGO, ILL.: AGED 24.

484..(Born Va.)..**WILLIAM B. MAGRUDER**....(Ap'd Va.)..**15**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1822, to July 1, 1827, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT. OF INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1827.

On authorized graduation leave of absence, July 1, 1827, to Oct. 25, 1827.

RESIGNED, OCT. 25, 1827.

Civil History. — Sheriff of Jefferson County, Va., 1827–30. Merchant, Chambersburg, Pa., 1832–33. Captain and Adjutant, Virginia Militia, 1827–39. Farmer, near Shelbyville, Mo., 1839–50. Colonel, Missouri Militia, 1841–50. Asst. Engineer, Louisville, Ky., and Shelbyville, Mo., Railroad, 1850–52. Principal of Bourbon, Ky., Female Institute, 1852–57; and of Winchester, Ky., Female Collegiate Institute, 1857–60. Farmer, Shelby County, Mo., 1866–77.

DIED, AUG. 4, 1877, IN SHELBY CO., MO.: AGED 69.

485.(Born N. Y.).**THOMAS B. W. STOCKTON**..(Ap'd N. Y.).**16**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1823, to July 1, 1827, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT. OF INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1827.
SECOND LIEUT., 1ST INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1827.

Served: in garrison at Jefferson Barracks, Mo., 1827–28; on frontier duty at Ft. Snelling, Min., 1828–31; in Quartermaster-General's Office at Washington, D. C., 1832; on Quartermaster duty at Ft. Crawford,

(ASST. QUARTERMASTER, JULY 11, 1832, TO DEC. 31, 1835)
(FIRST LIEUT., 1ST INFANTRY, MAR. 4, 1833)

Wis., 1832–33, 1834–35; on Engineer duty, Nov. 5, 1835, to June 28, 1836; and on Topographical duty, July 18 to Nov. 30, 1836.

RESIGNED, NOV. 30, 1836.

Civil History. — Civil Engineer in the service of the United States, superintending Harbor Improvements on the Lakes, in Indiana, Ohio, and Michigan, 1836–46. Mayor of Michigan City, 1838.

Military History. — Served in the War with Mexico, 1847–48, in

(COLONEL, 1ST REG. MICHIGAN VOLUNTEERS, DEC. 9, 1847)

command at Cordova, Mex., as Civil and Military Governor of the place.

DISBANDED, JULY 9, 1848.

Civil History. — Mining; and constructing Telegraph Lines in California, 1852–58. Member of a Board to Organize the "Volunteer Systems" of the State of Michigan, 1858. Captain, Michigan Militia, 1858–60, — and Major, 1860–61.

Military History. — Served during the Rebellion of the Seceding States, 1861–63: in the defenses of Washington, D. C., Sep. 20, 1861,

(COLONEL, 16TH MICHIGAN VOLUNTEERS, SEP. 8, 1861)

to Mar. 10, 1862; in the Virginia Peninsular Campaign (Army of the Potomac), Mar.–June, 1862, being engaged in the Siege of Yorktown, Apr. 5–May 4, 1862, — Capture of Hanover C. H., May 27, 1862, — Battle of Mechanicsville, June 26, 1862, — and Battle of Gaines' Mill, June 27, 1862, where he was captured; as Prisoner of War in Libby Prison, June 27 to Aug. 12, 1862; on sick leave of absence, Aug. 12 to Sep. 7, 1862; in command of brigade in the Maryland Campaign (Army of the Potomac), Sep.–Nov., 1862, being engaged in the Battle of Antietam, Sep. 17, 1862, — Skirmish at Shepardstown, Va., Sep. 19, 1862, — and on the march to Falmouth, Va., Oct.–Nov., 1862; in command of brigade in the Rappahannock Campaign (Army of the Potomac), Dec., 1862, to May, 1863, being engaged in the Battle of Fredericksburg, Dec. 13, 1862, — and Battle of Chancellorsville, May 2–4, 1863.

RESIGNED, MAY 18, 1863,

to raise a brigade for service in East Tennessee, but the authority to do so was subsequently revoked, no volunteers "outside of Tennessee" being allowed to be raised for this service.

Civil History. — Forwarding and Commission Merchant, Flint, Genesee County, Mich., 1863–67.

486..(Born Va.).... **ALEXANDER S. HOOE**.....(Ap'd Va.)..**17**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1823, to July 1, 1827, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT. OF INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1827.

SECOND LIEUT., 5TH INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1827.

Served: on frontier duty at Jefferson Barracks, Mo., 1828, — Ft. Winnebago, Wis., 1828, — Ft. Howard, Wis., 1828–31, — Ft. Winnebago, Wis., 1831, 1832–37, — Ft. Crawford, Wis., 1838, — Ft. Snelling, Min.,

(FIRST LIEUT., 5TH INFANTRY, OCT. 1, 1833)

1838–39, — Ft. Crawford, Wis., 1839–41, — Jefferson Barracks, Mo., 1841,

(CAPTAIN, 5TH INFANTRY, JULY 7, 1838)

— and Detroit Barracks, Mich., 1841–42, 1843–45; in Military Occupation of Texas, 1845–46; in the War with Mexico, 1846, being engaged in the Battle of Palo Alto, May 8, 1846, — and Battle of Resaca-de-la-

(BVT. MAJOR, MAY 9, 1846, FOR GALLANT AND DISTINGUISHED CONDUCT IN THE BATTLES OF PALO ALTO AND RESACA-DE-LA-PALMA, TEX.)

Palma, May 9, 1846, where he lost an arm; and in garrison at Ft. Crawford, Wis., 1846–47.

DIED, DEC. 9, 1847, AT BATON ROUGE, LA.: AGED 41.

487..(Born Ky.).... **WILLIAM FLANAGAN**.....(Ap'd Ky.)..**18**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1823, to July 1, 1827, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT. OF INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1827.

Served in garrison at Jefferson Barracks, Mo., 1827–28.

RESIGNED, MAY 20, 1828.

Civil History. — Surveyor of Clarke County, Ky., 1829–42. Counselor at Law, Winchester, Ky., 1829–51. Commissioner of Accounts of Fiduciaries, Clarke County, Ky., 1836–51. Postmaster, Winchester, Ky., 1842–48, and 1849–51.

DIED, SEP. 1, 1851, AT WINCHESTER, KY.: AGED 46.

488..(Born Vt.).....**GEORGE H. PRENTISS**.....(Ap'd Vt.)..**19**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1822, to July 1, 1827, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT. OF INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1827.

On leave of absence, July 1, 1827, to Jan. 29, 1828.

RESIGNED, JAN. 29, 1828.

Civil History. — Civil Engineer, 1828–31. Counselor at Law, Vermont, 1831–33.

DIED, SEP. 3, 1833, AT MONTPELIER, VT.: AGED 28.

489..(Born Pa.).....**DAVID PERKINS**.....(Ap'd Pa.)..**20**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1823, to July 1, 1827, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT. OF INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1827.

SECOND LIEUT., 5TH INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1827.

Served: on frontier duty at Jefferson Barracks, Mo., 1827–28, — Ft. Snelling, Min., 1828–29, — Ft. Howard, Wis., 1829–30, 1830–31, — and Ft. Winnebago, Wis., 1831–32; on Recruiting service, 1832–33; in gar-

(FIRST LIEUT., 1ST DRAGOONS, MAR. 4, 1833)

rison at Jefferson Barracks, Mo., 1833; on frontier duty at Ft. Gibson,

(CAPTAIN, 1ST DRAGOONS, NOV. 4, 1833)

I. T., and on Expedition to Tow-e-ash Villages, 1834, — Ft. Gibson, I. T., 1834–35, — Expedition to the Canadian River, 1835, — Ft. Gibson, I. T., 1835–36, — and Nacogdoches, Tex., 1836; on Recruiting service, 1837; on Paymaster duty, 1837; and on Recruiting service, 1837–38.

RESIGNED, FEB. 2, 1839.

Civil History. — Merchant at, and Captain of Citizens' Guard, Tampico, Mex., 1846–47.

DIED, DEC. 19, 1848, AT NEW ORLEANS, LA.: AGED 43.

490..(Born Vt.)....**SAMUEL HITCHCOCK***....(Ap'd Ala.)..**21**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1822, to July 1, 1827, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT. OF INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1827.

On leave of absence, July 1 to Dec. 19, 1827.

RESIGNED, DEC. 19, 1827.

Civil History. — Counselor at Law, Alabama, 18— to 18—. Civil Engineer, Michigan, 18— to 18—.

DIED, AUG. 1, 1851, AT SEA, RETURNING FROM EUROPE: AGED 43.

*. Was the grandson of General ETHAN ALLEN, the hero of Ticonderoga and Crown Point.

491..(Born N. Y.)..**ALEXANDER J. CENTER**..(Ap'd N. Y.)..**22**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1823, to July 1, 1827, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT. OF INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1827.

SECOND LIEUT., 5TH INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1827.

Served: on frontier duty at Jefferson Barracks, Mo., 1828, — Ft. Mackinac, Mich., 1828–29, — Ft. Howard, Wis., 1829–31, — and Ft. Win-

nebago, Wis., 1831–32; in the "Black Hawk" War, 1832; and on Topo-

(FIRST LIEUT., 5TH INFANTRY, DEC. 31, 1834)

graphical duty, May 18, 1832, to Oct. 15, 1836.

RESIGNED, DEC. 31, 1836.

Civil History. — Civil Engineer, employed on railroads in Michigan, and on the Erie Canal enlargement, N. Y., 1836–44. Woolen Manufacturer, Litchfield County, Ct., 1844–51. Vice-President of Panama Railroad, Central America, 1852–54, — and Superintendent, 1854–61. Superintendent of the "Overland Route," under a contract with the Post Office Department for the transportation of the U. S. Mails, etc., between the Missouri River and California, 1861–64. President of the "Consolidation Coal Company of Maryland," — and of the Cumberland and Pennsylvania Railroad, 1864–66. Express and Banking House of Wells, Fargo & Co., New York city, 1866–70. Superintendent of Panama Railroad, Central America, 1870–74.

DIED, NOV. 2, 1879, AT TARRYTOWN, N. Y.: AGED 71.

492..(Born Va.)..**PHILIP ST. GEORGE COOKE**..(Ap'd Va.)..**23**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1823, to July 1, 1827, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT. OF INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1827.

SECOND LIEUT., 6TH INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1827.

Served: in garrison at Jefferson Barracks, Mo., 1827–28, — Ft. Snelling, Min., 1828, — and Jefferson Barracks, Mo., 1829; on frontier duty, on Expedition to the Upper Arkansas, 1829, being engaged in Skirmishes with Comanche Indians, Aug. 3 and 11, 1829, — and Ft. Leavenworth, Kan., 1830–32; in the "Black Hawk" War against the Sac Indians, 1832, being engaged in the Battle of Bad Axe River, Aug. 2, 1832; as Adjutant, 6th Infantry at Regimental headquarters, Sep. 7, 1832, to Mar. 4, 1833; in garrison at Jefferson Barracks, Mo., 1833; on frontier duty

(FIRST LIEUT., 1ST DRAGOONS, MAR. 4, 1833)

at Ft. Gibson, I. T., — and on Expedition to Tow-e-ash Villages, 1834; on Recruiting service, 1835–36; on frontier duty at Ft. Gibson, I. T.,

(CAPTAIN, 1ST DRAGOONS, MAY 31, 1835)

1836, — Nacogdoches, Tex., 1836, — and Ft. Gibson, I. T., 1837–38; in garrison at Carlisle Barracks, Pa., 1839; on frontier duty at Ft. Wayne, I. T., 1839–40, — Ft. Leavenworth, Kan., 1840, — Pottawatomie Country, 1840, — Ft. Leavenworth, Kan., 1841–42, — Ft. Gibson, I. T., 1842, — escorting Santa Fé traders to Arkansas River, 1843, capturing a Texan Military Expedition, June 30, 1843, — Ft. Leavenworth, Kan., 1844, — Expedition to Pawnee Villages, 1844, — Ft. Leavenworth, Kan., 1844–45, — Expedition through South Pass of Rocky Mountains, 1845, — and at Ft. Crawford, Wis., 1846; in the War with Mexico, 1846–48, with the

(MAJOR, 2D DRAGOONS, FEB. 16, 1847)

Army of the West, as Lieut.-Colonel in command of Battalion of Missouri Volunteers in California, Oct. 16, 1846, to July 16, 1847, — and in command of Regiment in the City of Mexico, 1848; as Superintendent

(BVT. LIEUT.-COL., FEB. 20, 1847, FOR MERITORIOUS CONDUCT IN CALIFORNIA)

of Cavalry Recruiting Service, at Carlisle Barracks, Pa., Oct. 15, 1848, to Oct. 1, 1852; on frontier duty in Texas, 1852, — in command of Lipan

Expedition, 1852, — Ft. Mason, Tex., 1853, — in New Mexico, 1853–54, —
(LIEUT.-COLONEL, 2D DRAGOONS, JULY 15, 1853)

Scouting, 1854, being engaged against Apache Indians, in a Skirmish at Agua Caliente, N. M., Apr. 8, 1854, — Ft. Leavenworth, Kan., 1854–55, — Sioux Expedition, 1855, being engaged in command of the Cavalry in the Action of Blue Water, Sep. 3, 1855, — Ft. Riley, Kan., 1855–56, — quelling Kansas Disturbances, 1856–57, — and on Utah Expedition, in command of the Cavalry, 1857–58; in preparing a new system of Cav-
(COLONEL, 2D DRAGOONS, JUNE 14, 1858)

alry Tactics, 1859, which was adopted for the service, Nov., 1861; on leave of absence in Europe, 1859–60; and in command of the Department of Utah, Aug. 20, 1860, to Aug. 8, 1861.

Served during the Rebellion of the Seceding States, 1861–66: in com-
(BRIG.-GENERAL, U. S. ARMY, NOV. 12, 1861)

mand of the brigade of Regular Cavalry, in Defense of Washington, D. C., Nov. 28, 1861, to Mar. 10, 1862, — of Cavalry division (Army of the Potomac), in the Virginia Peninsular Campaign, Mar. 24 to July 5, 1862, being engaged in the Siege of Yorktown, Va., Apr. 5–May 4, 1862, — Skirmish near Williamsburg, May 4, 1862, — Battle of Williamsburg, Va., May 5, 1862, — Battle of Gaines' Mill, June 27, 1862, — and Battle of Glendale, June 30, 1862; on Courts Martial, July, 1862, to Aug., 1863; in command of Baton Rouge District, Department of the Gulf, Oct. 13, 1863, to May 2, 1864; and as General Superintendent of Recruiting Service of the Army, May 24, 1864, to Mar. 19, 1866.

BVT. MAJ.-GENERAL, U. S. ARMY, MAR. 13, 1865, FOR GALLANT AND MERITORIOUS SERVICES DURING THE REBELLION.

Served: as Member of Board for Retiring Disabled Officers, Dec. 30, 1865, to Aug. 30, 1866; in command of the Department of the Platte, Apr. 1, 1866, to Jan. 9, 1867; in waiting orders, Jan. 9 to Sep., 1867; as Member of Examining Board for promotion of Volunteer Officers to the Regular Infantry, Apr.–July, 1867, — and of Retiring Board, Sep., 1867, — and of Cavalry Tactics Board, Sep.–Nov., 1868; awaiting orders to May 15, 1869; and in command of the Department of the Cumberland, May 15, 1869, to May 4, 1870, — and of Department of the Lakes, May 6, 1870, to Oct. 29, 1873.

RETIRED FROM ACTIVE SERVICE, OCT. 29, 1873, UNDER THE LAW OF JULY 17, 1862, HE BEING OVER THE AGE OF 62 YEARS.

Civil History. — Author of "Scenes and Adventures in the Army; or, Romance of Military Life," 1856; of "The Conquest of New Mexico and California, — an Historical and Personal Narrative," 1878; and of "New Cavalry Tactics," 1884.

493..(Born Vt.).....**THOMAS S. TRASK**.....(Ap'd Vt.)..**24**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1822, to July 1, 1827, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT. OF INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1827.

SECOND LIEUT., 2D INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1827.

Served in garrison at Jefferson Barracks, Mo., 1827–28.

DIED, AUG. 1, 1828, AT MEMPHIS, TEN.: AGED 24.

494..(Born Pa.).....**ABNER R. HETZEL**.....(Ap'd Pa.)..**25**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1823,

to July 1, 1827, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT. OF INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1827.

SECOND LIEUT., 2D INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1827.

Served: on Topographical duty, Dec. 24, 1827, to May 11, 1829; in garrison at Ft. Mackinac, Mich., 1829, — and Hancock Barracks, Me., 1829–33; on Recruiting service, 1833–34; on Engineer duty, June 11, 1834, to Mar. 24, 1835; and on Quartermaster duty at Washington, D. C.,

(ASST. QUARTERMASTER, MAR. 24, 1835, TO JULY 7, 1838)

1835, — as Assistant in the construction of the Delaware Breakwater,

(FIRST LIEUT., 2D INFANTRY, JUNE 28, 1836)

1835–36, — at Athens, Ga., and Ft. Cass, Ten., 1836–38, during Oper-

(CAPT., STAFF — ASST. QUARTERMASTER, JULY 7, 1838)

ations in the Cherokee Country, — in the Quartermaster-General's Office

(CAPTAIN, 2D INFANTRY, NOV. 27, 1839, TO JUNE 18, 1846)

at Washington, D. C., 1839–46, — and at New Orleans, La., 1846–47, in forwarding supplies for the War with Mexico.

DIED, JULY 20, 1847, AT LOUISVILLE, KY.: AGED 42.

495..(Born N. C.)..**JOSEPH H. LA MOTTE**....(Ap'd N. C.)..**26**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1823, to July 1, 1827, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT. OF INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1827.

SECOND LIEUT., 1ST INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1827.

Served: in garrison at Jefferson Barracks, Mo., 1827–28; on frontier duty at Ft. Crawford, Wis., 1828–32; on Recruiting service, 1832–34; on

(FIRST LIEUT., 1ST INFANTRY, JULY 11, 1833)

frontier duty at Ft. Crawford, Wis., 1834–35, 1836–37, — and Jefferson Barracks, Mo., 1837; in the Florida War against the Seminole Indians, 1837–38, being engaged in the Battle of Okee-cho-bee, Dec. 25, 1837, — and as Aide-de-Camp to Bvt. Brig.-General Taylor, June 24 to Oct. 31,

(CAPTAIN, 1ST INFANTRY, JULY 7, 1838)

1838; in the Cherokee Nation, 1838–39, while transferring the Indians to the West; in the Florida War, 1839–40, and 1841; in garrison at Jefferson Barracks, Mo., 1841–42, — Ft. Leavenworth, Kan., 1842–43, — Ft. Crawford, Wis., 1843–45, — and Jefferson Barracks, Mo., 1845–46; in the War with Mexico, 1846, being engaged in the Battle of Monterey, Sep. 21–23, 1846, where he was severely wounded; on Recruiting service,

(BVT. MAJOR, SEP. 23, 1846, FOR GALLANT CONDUCT IN THE SEVERAL CONFLICTS AT MONTEREY, MEX.)

1846–48; in the War with Mexico, 1848, as Acting Inspector-General of Brig.-General Kearny's Division, at the City of Mexico; in garrison at East Pascagoula, Mis., 1848; and on frontier duty at Ringgold Barracks, Tex., 1848–50, 1851–52, — Ft. Clark, Tex., 1852, — Ft. Belknap, Tex.,

(MAJOR, 5TH INFANTRY, MAY 1, 1852)

1853–54, — Ft. McIntosh, Tex., 1854, — and Ringgold Barracks, Tex., 1854–56.

RESIGNED, OCT. 31, 1856.

Civil History. — Farmer, near St. Louis, Mo., 1856–88.

DIED, NOV. 15, 1888, AT FERGUSON, MO.: AGED 81.

496..(Born N. Y.)....**EDGAR M. LACEY**.....(Ap'd N. Y.)..**27**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1822, to July 1, 1827, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT. OF INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1827.

SECOND LIEUT., 5TH INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1827.

Served : on frontier duty at Jefferson Barracks, Mo., 1828, — Ft. How-

(FIRST LIEUT., 5TH INFANTRY, NOV 25, 1835).

(CAPTAIN, 5TH INFANTRY, NOV. 1, 1838)

ard, Wis., 1828–29, 1830–31, — Ft. Winnebago, Wis., 1831–38, — and Ft. Crawford, Wis., 1838–39.

DIED, APR. 2, 1839, AT FT. CRAWFORD, WIS. : AGED 32.

497..(Born Md.).....**LEVIN GALE**.....(Ap'd Md.)..**28**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1823, to July 1, 1827, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT. OF INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1827.

SECOND LIEUT., 1ST INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1827.

Served : in garrison at Jefferson Barracks, Mo., 1827–28 ; on frontier duty at Ft. Crawford, Wis., 1828–32 ; and in the "Black Hawk" War against the Sac Indians, 1832.

DIED, SEP. 1, 1832, NEAR FT. ARMSTRONG, ILL. : AGED 26.

498..(Born O.).....**ISAAC P. SIMONTON**.....(Ap'd O.)..**29**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1823, to July 1, 1827, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT. OF INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1827.

SECOND LIEUT., 2D INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1827.

Served : in garrison at Jefferson Barracks, Mo., 1827–28, — Ft. Brady, Mich., 1828–30, — and Hancock Barracks, Me., 1830–31 ; on Recruiting service, 1832 ; on Commissary duty, subsisting Indians, 1832–36 ; in the

(FIRST LIEUT., 1ST DRAGOONS, MAR. 4, 1833)

Florida War, 1836 ; on Commissary duty, subsisting Indians, 1836–39 ;

(CAPTAIN, 1ST DRAGOONS, JULY 4, 1836)

on Recruiting service, 1839 ; and on frontier duty, in Expedition to Grand River, 1839–40, — Ft. Gibson, I. T., 1840, — and Ft. Wayne, I. T., 1840–42.

DIED, FEB. 21, 1842, AT FT. WAYNE, CHEROKEE NATION : AGED 35.

499..(Born Pa.)...**JEFFERSON VAN HORNE**....(Ap'd O.)..**30**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1823, to July 1, 1827, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT. OF INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1827.

SECOND LIEUT., 3D INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1827.

Served : on frontier duty at Jefferson Barracks, Mo., 1827–29, — Ft. Leavenworth, Kan., 1829, — Jefferson Barracks, Mo., 1829–30, — on Red River, about Natchitoches, La., 1830–31, — and Ft. Towson, I. T., 1831–32 ; on Commissary duty, transferring and subsisting Indians, Sep. 10,

(FIRST LIEUT., 3D INFANTRY, APR. 1, 1836)

1832, to July 5, 1839 ; in the Florida War, 1840–41, 1841–42 ; in garri-

(CAPTAIN, 3D INFANTRY, DEC. 1, 1840)

son at Ft. Stansbury, Fla., 1842–43, — and Jefferson Barracks, Mo., 1843; on sick leave of absence, 1843–44; on frontier duty at Ft. Jesup (Camp Wilkins), La., 1844–45; in Military Occupation of Texas, 1845–46; on Recruiting service, 1846–47; in the War with Mexico, 1847–48, being engaged in the Skirmish of Tolome, June, 1847, — Skirmish of Paso de Ovejas, June, 1847, — Skirmish of Ocalaca, Aug. 16, 1847, — Battle of Contreras, Aug. 19–20, 1847, — Battle of Churubusco, Aug. 20, 1847, —

(BVT. MAJOR, AUG. 20, 1847, FOR GALLANT AND MERITORIOUS CONDUCT IN THE BATTLES OF CONTRERAS AND CHURUBUSCO, MEX.)

Storming of Chapultepec, Sep. 13, 1847, — and Assault and Capture of the City of Mexico, Sep. 13–14, 1847; in garrison at East Pascagoula, Mis., 1848; on frontier duty at San Antonio, Tex., 1848–49, — March to El Paso, 1849, — Ft. Bliss, Tex., 1849–51, — San Elizario, Tex., 1851, — and Ft. Fillmore, N. M., 1851–52; on Recruiting service, 1852–54; and on frontier duty at Ft. Stanton, N. M., 1855–56, — and Albuquerque, N. M., 1856–57.

DIED, SEP. 28, 1857, AT ALBUQUERQUE, N. M.: AGED 55.

500..(Born Pa.)....**WASHINGTON HOOD**.....(Ap'd Pa.)..**31**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1823, to July 1, 1827, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT. OF INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1827.

SECOND LIEUT., 4TH INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1827.

Served: in garrison at Jefferson Barracks, Mo., 1827–29; on Engineer duty, Apr. 29, 1829, to Nov. 23, 1831; in garrison at Cantonment Brooke,

(FIRST LIEUT., 4TH INFANTRY, DEC. 28, 1835)

Fla., 1831; and on Topographical duty, Nov. 25, 1831, to Aug. 7, 1836.

RESIGNED, AUG. 7, 1836.

Civil History. — Civil Engineer in Cuba, W. I., 1837.

Military History. — Re-appointed in the U. S. Army with the rank of

CAPTAIN, CORPS OF TOPOGRAPHICAL ENGINEERS, JULY 7, 1838.

Served: in the Topographical Bureau at Washington, D. C., 1839; and in Surveying and Marking the Boundaries between the Indian tribes west of the Mississippi, 1839.

DIED, JULY 17, 1840, AT BEDFORD, PA.: AGED 32.

501..(Born Vt.).....**ISAAC LYNDE**.....(Ap'd Vt.)..**32**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1823, to July 1, 1827, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT. OF INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1827.

SECOND LIEUT., 5TH INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1827.

Served: in garrison at Jefferson Barracks, Mo., 1827–29, — Ft. Leavenworth, Kan., 1829, — Ft. Mackinac, Mich., 1829–32, — Ft. Howard, Wis., 1832–37, — Ft. Winnebago, Wis., 1837–39, — Ft. Snelling, Min., 1839–40,

(FIRST LIEUT., 5TH INFANTRY, FEB. 18, 1836)

(CAPTAIN, 5TH INFANTRY, JAN. 1, 1839)

— Ft. Crawford, Wis., 1840, — and Ft. Gratiot, Mich., 1841–45; in Military Occupation of Texas, 1845; in the War with Mexico, 1846; on Recruiting service, 1847–49; and on frontier duty at Ft. Gibson, I. T.,

1849–50, — Ft. Towson, I. T., 1850–51, — Preston Depot, Tex., 1851, — Convoying trains to Fulton, Ark., 1851, — Ft. Belknap, Tex., 1852–53, — Ft. McIntosh, Tex., 1853–55, — Ft. Smith, Ark., 1856, — Ft. Gibson,

(MAJOR, 7TH INFANTRY, OCT. 18, 1855)

I. T., 1856–57, — Ft. Washita, I. T., 1857, — Ft. Laramie, Dak., 1857–58, — Utah Expedition, 1858–59, 1860, — March to New Mexico, 1860, — Ft. Webster, N. M., 1860, — Ft. Crittenden, Utah, 1860–61, — Ft. McLane, N. M., 1861, — and Ft. Fillmore, N. M., 1861, which he abandoned, July 27, 1861, and "subsequently surrendered his command to an inferior force of insurgents." . . .

MAJOR, 18TH INFANTRY, JULY 28, 1866.

RETIRED FROM ACTIVE SERVICE, JULY 28, 1866, UNDER THE LAW OF JULY 17, 1862, HE BEING OVER "THE AGE OF 62 YEARS."

Served on Court-martial duty, Mar. 7, 1867.

DIED, APR. 10, 1886, AT PICOLATA, FLA.: AGED 82.

502. . (Born Mas.). . **NATHANIEL J. EATON***. . . . (Ap'd Mas.). . **33**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, Sep. 1, 1822, to July 1, 1827, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT. OF INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1827.

SECOND LIEUT., 6TH INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1827.

Served: in garrison at Jefferson Barracks, Mo., 1827–28, 1829–32; in the "Black Hawk" War, as Colonel, Staff (Chief of Commissariat) of Illinois Volunteers, May 9 to Oct. 11, 1832; in garrison at Jefferson Barracks, Mo., 1832–35; in the Bureau of Indian Emigration, Dec. 23,

(FIRST LIEUT., 6TH INFANTRY, JULY 31, 1836)

1835, to July 11, 1836; and on Engineer duty, July 11, 1836, to Oct. 15, 1836.

DROPPED, APR. 18, 1837, UNDER SEC. 3 OF LAW OF JAN. 31, 1823.

Civil History. — Farmer, Illinois, 1836–37. Master of various steamboats on the Western Rivers, 1837–49. Agent of the U. S. Post-office Department at St. Louis, Mo., 1849–50; and of the St. Louis, Mo., Board of Marine Underwriters, June 1, 1850, to May 1, 1865; and Secretary, May 1, 1865, to Jan. 1, 1877. Port Warden of the Harbor of St. Louis, Mo., Jan. 1, 1850, to Jan. 1, 1877. Notary Public, and Adjuster of Averages, St. Louis, Mo., May 1, 1865, to Jan. 1, 1877.

DIED, MAR. 29, 1883, AT ALTON, ILL.: AGED 76.

* Was the son of Captain WILLIAM EATON, U. S. Consul at Tunis, Africa, who led a successful expedition against Derne, and compelled a treaty with the reigning Bashaw.

503. . (Born S. C.). . **STEPHEN M. WESTMORE***. (Ap'd S. C.). . **34**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1823, to July 1, 1827, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT. OF INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1827.

SECOND LIEUT., 7TH INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1827.

Served: in garrison at Jefferson Barracks, Mo., 1827–28, — Ft. Brady, Mich., 1828–29, — Ft. Gibson, I. T., 1829, — Ft. Jesup, La., 1829–31, — Post of Arkansas, 1831, — and Ft. Gibson, I. T., 1831–34; on Commissary

(FIRST LIEUT., 1ST DRAGOONS, MAR. 4, 1833: DECLINED)

(FIRST LIEUT., 7TH INFANTRY, MAY 31, 1834)

duty, subsisting Indians, 1834–35; on frontier duty at Ft. Gibson, I. T., 1834–36; as Adjutant, 7th Infantry, at Regimental headquarters, Feb. 10, 1836, to July 7, 1838; on frontier duty at Ft. Gibson, I. T., 1838–39; in

(CAPTAIN, 7TH INFANTRY, JULY 7, 1838)

the Florida War, 1839–40, on Ordnance duty; on Recruiting service, 1840–42; in garrison at New Orleans Barracks, La., 1842–43, — Pass Christian, Mis., 1843, — New Orleans Barracks, La., 1843–44, — Pass Christian, Mis., 1844, — New Orleans Barracks, La., 1844–45, — and Pass Christian, Mis., 1845; and in Military Occupation of Texas, 1845.

RESIGNED, APR. 19, 1846.

Civil History. — Adjutant and Inspector-General of the State of Louisiana, Apr. 21, 1853, to Mar. 1, 1855. Register of Conveyances for the city of New Orleans, 1855–59. Residence, New Orleans, La.

* Named STEPHEN W. MOORE when he was graduated.

504. . (Born Me.) . **JONATHAN K. GREENOUGH** . (Ap'd Mas.) . . **35**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1823, to July 1, 1827, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT. OF INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1827.

SECOND LIEUT., 1ST INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1827.

Served: in garrison at Jefferson Barracks, Mo., 1827–28; on frontier duty at Ft. Crawford, Wis., 1828–29, — and Ft. Snelling, Min., 1829–34;

(FIRST LIEUT., 1ST INFANTRY, DEC. 10, 1834)

and on Engineer duty, Sep. 11, 1834, to Dec. 17, 1836.

RESIGNED, DEC. 17, 1836.

Civil History. — Asst. Superintendent of Cumberland Road, in Illinois, 1836–40. Farmer, 1840–43, — and Merchant, 1843–58, at Marshall, Ill.

DIED, AUG. 22, 1858, AT MARSHALL, ILL.: AGED 49.

505. . (Born N. Y.) . . **WILLIAM S. STILWELL** . . . (Ap'd Mas.) . . **36**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1823, to July 1, 1827, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT. OF INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1827.

SECOND LIEUT., 3D INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1827.

Served on frontier duty at Jefferson Barracks, Mo., 1827–30, — in the Cherokee Nation, 1830–31, — and at Ft. Jesup, La., 1831–32, 1832.

RESIGNED, MAR. 31, 1833.

After his resignation he became a Lieut. of Artillery in the Army of Texas, in her struggle for Independence, 1835–36, being engaged in the Battle of San Jacinto, Tex., Apr. 21, 1836.

DIED, 1837, IN TEXAS: AGED 30.

506. . (Born N. Y.) . **ABRAHAM VAN BUREN*** . (Ap'd N. Y.) . . **37**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1823, to July 1, 1827, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT. OF INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1827.

SECOND LIEUT., 2D INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1827.

Served: in garrison at Jefferson Barracks, Mo., 1827–28, — and Ft.

Dearborn, Ill., 1829 ; as Aide-de-Camp to Major-General Macomb, Gen-
(FIRST LIEUT., 1ST DRAGOONS, MAR. 4, 1833)
eral-in-Chief, May 4, 1829, to July 4, 1836, being engaged in the Florida
(CAPTAIN, 1ST DRAGOONS, JULY 4, 1836)
War, Feb. 22 to May 21, 1836 ; and on leave of absence, 1836–37.
RESIGNED, MAR. 3, 1837.

Civil History. — Private Secretary to President Van Buren, Mar. 4, 1837, to Mar. 4, 1841.

Military History. — Re-appointed in the U. S. Army with the rank of
MAJOR, STAFF — PAYMASTER, JUNE 26, 1846.

Served : in the War with Mexico, 1846–48, being engaged as Acting Aide-de-Camp to Major-General Taylor in the Battle of Monterey, Sep. 21–23, 1846, — Siege of Vera Cruz, Mar. 9–29, 1847, — Battle of Cerro Gordo, Apr. 18, 1847, — Battle of Churubusco, Aug. 20, 1847, —
(BVT. LIEUT.-COL., AUG. 20, 1847, FOR GALLANT AND MERITORIOUS CONDUCT IN THE BATTLES OF CONTRERAS AND CHURUBUSCO, MEX.)
and as Acting Aide-de-Camp to Major-General Scott, 1847 ; and on Paymaster duty, in the City of New York, 1848–54.
RESIGNED, JUNE 1, 1854.

Civil History. — Planter, near Columbia, S. C., 1854–59.

DIED, MAR. 15, 1873, AT NEW YORK CITY : AGED 65.

* Son of MARTIN VAN BUREN, President of the United States.

507..(Born Vt.).....**NELSON N. CLARK**.....(Ap'd N. Y.)..**38**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1823, to July 1, 1827, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to
BVT. SECOND LIEUT. OF INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1827.
SECOND LIEUT., 4TH INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1827.

Served: in garrison at Jefferson Barracks, Mo., 1827–29, — Cantonment Leavenworth, Kan., 1829, — Baton Rouge, La., 1829–30, 1831, — and at New Orleans, La., 1831–32.

DIED, JULY 11, 1832, AT NEW ORLEANS, LA. : AGED 25.

CLASS OF 1828.

508..(Born Ct.).....**ALBERT E. CHURCH**.....(Ap'd Ct.)..**1**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1824, to July 1, 1828, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to
BVT. SECOND LIEUT. OF ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1828.
SECOND LIEUT., 3D ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1828.

Served : at the Military Academy, as Asst. Professor of Mathematics, Aug. 31, 1828, to Aug. 28, 1831 ; in garrison at Ft. Wolcott, R. I., 1822, — and Ft. Independence, Mas., 1832–33 ; at the Military Academy, 1833–78, as Asst. Professor of Mathematics, Oct. 28, to November 24,
(FIRST LIEUT., 3D ARTILLERY, JAN. 13, 1836, TO MAR. 13, 1838)
1833, — as Principal Asst. Professor of Mathematics, Nov. 24, 1833, to June 1, 1837, — and as Professor of Mathematics, June 1, 1837, to
(PROFESSOR OF MATHEMATICS, MILITARY ACADEMY, JUNE 1, 1837)

Mar. 30, 1878; and as a Member (*ex officio*) of the Army Board constituted by the Law of Aug. 4, 1854, "for the Examination of Non-commissioned Officers for Promotion," 1859–78.

Civil History. — Degree of A. M., conferred by Washington College, Ct., 1837, — and by College of New Jersey, Princeton, N. J., 1837; and of LL. D., by Yale College, Ct., 1852. Author of "Elements of Differential and Integral Calculus," 1842, and of an "Improved Edition containing the Elements of the Calculus of Variations," 1851; of "Elements of Analytical Geometry," 1851; of "Elements of Analytical Trigonometry," 1857; and of "Elements of Descriptive Geometry, with its Applications to Spherical Projections, Shades and Shadows, Perspective, and Isometric Projections," 1865. Member of several scientific associations, 1835–67.

DIED, MAR. 30, 1878, AT WEST POINT, N. Y.: AGED 70.

BIOGRAPHICAL SKETCH.

PROFESSOR ALBERT E. CHURCH was born, Dec. 16, 1807, at Salisbury, Ct. His father was a distinguished Chief Justice of the Supreme Court of Connecticut. The son was also destined for the legal profession, and, with his clear and logical mind, would doubtless have become one of its shining lights. But while preparing to enter Yale College, he unexpectedly received a Cadet appointment from the Secretary of War, John C. Calhoun, who had been his father's College classmate. This changed young Church's whole course of life to another sphere of usefulness, for which his talents and temperament even better fitted him.

Before reaching his majority, Church was graduated from the Military Academy, July 1, 1828, at the head of his class, and, with the exception of about two years on garrison duty as an artillery officer, his whole after life, of half a century, was devoted to the instruction of Cadets in Mathematics.

Upon the resignation of Professor Davies, June 1, 1837, Church was appointed to fill the vacated chair, and no more fortunate choice could have been made, for he was a natural-born teacher, and a thorough master of all the intricacies and difficulties of mathematical science.

Punctual to the minute, the Professor was always in his seat to hear the recitations of his pupils. To those who had mastered the lesson he was all smiles, but woe betided the unprepared, for whom there was no plenary indulgence. If, however, the failure was due to the complexity of the subject, the Professor, with the utmost amiability and patient painstaking, would eliminate every knotty point by a few sagacious suggestions, and, even for the dullest, simplified them by some familiar illustration, so that none except the utterly deficient failed to be taught. Besides the mathematical instruction thus implanted, he required great precision of language in the demonstration of the subject under discussion, thereby making the mental drill in the recitation room as exact as the parade drill in the field. But this martinet training was accompanied with so little harshness, that all revered their professor, and felt its necessity for methodical learning and securing true scholarship.

Church, as a member of the Academic Board, was invaluable, not only because of his sagacious opinions, but on any doubtful question his accurate memory could always furnish a precedent in point. He never played the wrangling attorney, but was ever the conservative, upright judge, and, when the balance was nearly even, he did not fail to throw his whole weight into the proper scale. With strict fidelity and conscientious impartiality, he merged all personal interests in the welfare of the Academy.

Though not a hard-working student, Church was well-informed on current topics, besides being a thorough proficient in the whole curriculum of the Military Academy. Neither did he write much beyond the preparation of several valuable mathematical text-books. While himself a Cadet he had studied his mathematical course chiefly from French works, and knew their vast superiority for thinking minds to those elementary text-books substituted by his predecessor, which were more suitable for common schools than for the higher scientific education of the Military Academy. To correct the latter evil, and at the same time preserve the essentials of the French in English garb, Church wrote in his clear, lucid style the several works of which the titles are given in his preceding Civil History.

In social life Church was always a cheerful companion, and his merry laugh magnetized all around him. His kindly nature won friends, his temperate habits insured health, and his punctual performance of every duty made him a most valuable officer. He has left a strong impress upon the Military Academy, which will not soon be effaced.

509..(Born Md.)....**RICHARD C. TILGHMAN**....(Ap'd Md.)..**2**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1824, to July 1, 1828, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT. OF ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1828.

SECOND LIEUT., 1ST ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1828.

Served: on Staff duty at the Headquarters of the Eastern Department, Sep. 1, 1828, to Nov. 5, 1829; in garrison at Ft. Monroe, Va. (Artillery School for Practice), 1830–31, — Wilmington, N. C., 1831, — Ft. Monroe, Va. (Artillery School for Practice), 1831–32, — and Ft. Washington, Md., 1832–33; on Engineer duty, Apr. 29, 1833, to May 13, 1835;

(FIRST LIEUT., 1ST ARTILLERY, OCT. 23, 1834)

and as Adjutant, 1st Artillery, at Regimental headquarters, June 1 to Nov. 3, 1835.

RESIGNED, MAR. 31, 1836.

Civil History. — Civil Engineer in the service of Maryland, 1836–37; and in the service of the United States, 1837–46, surveying sites for Fortifications on Lake Champlain, — locating and constructing roads in Indian Reservation in Iowa Territory, — making Military Reconnoissances of the approaches to the city of New Orleans, La., — and superintending Harbor Improvements on Lakes Erie and Michigan. Farmer, Centreville, Md., 1846–79; Lieut.-Colonel, Maryland Militia, 1857–67, — and Brig.-Gen., Staff (Quartermaster-General of the State of Maryland), Apr. 17, 1867: declined. Chief Justice of the Orphan's Court of Queen Anne's County, Md., Nov. 17, 1871, to Mar. 14, 1879.

DIED, MAR. 14, 1879, AT CENTREVILLE, MD.: AGED 72.

510..(Born Va.).....**HUGH W. MERCER***.....(Ap'd Va.)..**3**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1824, to July 1, 1828, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT. OF ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1828.

SECOND LIEUT., 2D ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1828.

Served: in garrison at Ft. Monroe, Va. (Artillery School for Practice), 1828–29, — Savannah, Ga., 1829, — Augusta Arsenal, Ga., 1829, — Ft. Mitchell, Ala., 1829–30, — and Savannah, Ga., 1830–31, 1831–32; as

Aide-de-Camp to Bvt. Maj.-General Scott, Dec. 3, 1832, to Jan. 27, 1834,
(FIRST LIEUT., 2D ARTILLERY, OCT. 10, 1834)
at Charleston harbor, S. C., during South Carolina's threatened nullification, 1832–33, and Ft. Oglethorpe, Ga., 1833–34; and on Quartermaster duty at Savannah, Ga., 1834–35.

RESIGNED, APR. 30, 1835.

Civil History. — First Lieut., Chatham Artillery, Georgia Militia, 1835–45. Cashier of Planters' Bank, Savannah, Ga., 1841–61.

Joined in the Rebellion of 1861–66 against the United States.

Civil History. — Banker, Savannah, Ga., 1866–69, Commission Merchant, Baltimore, Md., 1869–72. In Europe, 1872–77.

DIED, JUNE 9, 1877, AT BADEN BADEN, GER.: AGED 69.

* Was the grandson of General HUGH MERCER, of the Revolutionary Army.

511..(Born Vt.).....**ROBERT E. TEMPLE**.....(Ap'd Vt.)..**4**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1824, to July 1, 1828, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT. OF ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1828.

SECOND LIEUT., 3D ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1828.

Served: at the Military Academy, 1828–30, as Asst. Professor of Mathematics, Oct. 19, 1828, to Sep. 2, 1829, — and Asst. Professor of Natural and Experimental Philosophy, Sep. 2, 1829, to Feb. 1, 1830; on Recruiting service, 1830; in garrison, at Ft. Sullivan, Me., 1830–31, — Ft. Independence, Mas., 1831, — and Ft. Monroe, Va. (Artillery School for Practice), 1831–32; on Staff duty at headquarters of the Eastern Department, 1832–36, being Aide-de-Camp to Bvt. Major-General Scott, June 20, 1832, to May 4, 1833; in the Florida War against the Seminole Indians, 1836, being engaged in the Defense of Convoy at Wilika Pond, July 19,
(FIRST LIEUT., 3D ARTILLERY, JUNE 22, 1836)
1836; on Ordnance duty, Nov. 5, 1836, to July 9, 1838; as Asst. Ordnance Officer at Watervliet Arsenal, N. Y., 1838; in command of Baton
(FIRST LIEUT., ORDNANCE, JULY 9, 1838)
Rouge Arsenal, La., 1838–39; and as Ordnance Officer of Camp Washington, near Trenton, N. J., 1839.

RESIGNED, NOV. 15, 1839.

Civil History. — Counselor at Law, Albany, N. Y., 1839–47. Adjutant-General of the State of New York, Feb. 4, 1846, to Jan. 1, 1847.

Military History. — Re-appointed in the U. S. Army with the rank of
COLONEL, 10TH INFANTRY, APR. 9, 1847.

Served in the War with Mexico, 1846–48, on the Rio Grande Frontier.

DISBANDED, AUG. 26, 1848.

Civil History. — Commissioner to supply the city of Albany, N. Y., with fresh water, 1851–54. Counselor at Law, Albany, N. Y., 1853–54.

DIED, JULY 20, 1854, AT ALBANY, N. Y.: AGED 45.

512..(Born N. Y.)...**CHARLES O. COLLINS**....(Ap'd N. Y.)..**5**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1824, to July 1, 1828, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT. OF ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1828.

SECOND LIEUT., 4TH ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1828.

Served: in garrison at Ft. Monroe, Va. (Artillery School for Practice), 1828, — and Ft. Columbus, N. Y., 1829; on Recruiting service, 1829–30; in garrison at Ft. Columbus, N. Y., 1830–32, — and Ft. Monroe, Va. (Artillery School for Practice), 1832; on the "Black Hawk Expedition," 1832, but not at the seat of war; in garrison at Charleston harbor, S. C., 1832–33, during South Carolina's threatened nullification, — Ft. Hamilton, N. Y., 1833–36, — and Savannah, Ga., 1836; in the Florida War,

(FIRST LIEUT., 4TH ARTILLERY, JUNE 11, 1836)

1836–38, on Quartermaster and Commissary duty; and on Quartermaster

(ASST. QUARTERMASTER, DEC. 6, 1836, TO JULY 7, 1838)

duty at the Camp of Instruction near Trenton, N. J., 1839, — in the Quar-

(CAPTAIN, STAFF — ASST. QUARTERMASTER, JULY 7, 1838)

termaster-General's Office at Washington, D. C., 1840, — at Bangor, Me., 1840, — Houlton, Me., 1840–42, — Ft. Towson, I. T., 1843–45, — and Ft.

(CAPTAIN, 4TH ARTILLERY, JUNE 18, 1846: VACATED, JUNE 18, 1846)

Gibson, I. T., erecting barracks for troops, 1845–46.

DIED, AUG. 17, 1846, AT FT. GIBSON, I. T.: AGED 40.

513..(Born Mas.).....**IVERS J. AUSTIN***.....(Ap'd Mas.)..**6**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1823, to July 1, 1828, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT. OF ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1828.

On authorized graduation leave of absence, July 1, 1828, to Nov. 8, 1828.

RESIGNED, NOV. 8, 1828.

Civil History. — Counselor at Law, Boston, Mas., 1831–71. Adjutant, Massachusetts Militia, 1830–31, — Major, 1831–32, — Lieut.-Colonel, 1832–34, — Major, Staff (Division Judge Advocate), 1834–39, — and Captain, 1844–45. Member of the House of Representatives of the State of Massachusetts, 1838; and of the Board of Visitors to the Military Academy, 1842. Degree of A. M. conferred by Harvard University, Mas., 1852. Author of a "Memoir of Prof. Wm. W. Mather," 1883.

DIED, JUNE 11, 1889, AT NEWPORT, R. I.: AGED 81.

* Named JAMES I. AUSTIN when he was graduated.

514..(Born Ct.).....**EDMUND FRENCH**.....(Ap'd Ct.)..**7**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1824, to July 1, 1828, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT. OF ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1828.

SECOND LIEUT., 1ST ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1828.

Served: in garrison at Ft. Monroe, Va. (Artillery School for Practice), 1828–29; on Topographical duty, June 4, 1829, to Apr. 15, 1833; in garrison at Ft. Monroe, Va. (Artillery School for Practice), 1833; in Creek Nation, 1833–34; and in garrison at Ft. Monroe, Va., 1834–35, — Ft. King, Fla., 1835, — and Ft. Monroe, Va., 1835.

FIRST LIEUT., 1ST ARTILLERY, FEB. 25, 1835.

RESIGNED, MAY 3, 1836.

Civil History. — Asst. Engineer of Croton Aqueduct, 1836–38. Superintending Engineer of Croton Dam and Upper Section of Croton Aqueduct, to supply New York city with water, 1838–47. Resident Engineer of Hudson River Railroad, N. Y., 1847–51, — General Superintendent, 1852 and 1853–57, — and Superintendent of Machinery and Mechanical

Engineer, 1852. General Superintendent of Troy and Albany Railroad, 1851–57. Chief Engineer of Newburg, N. Y., Water Works, 1852–57; and of Troy Union Railroad, 1852–57. Asst. Superintendent of Treasury Building Extension, Washington, D. C., 1857–59.

DIED, JULY 7, 1860, AT GEORGETOWN, D. C.: AGED 53.

515..(Born Me.).....**JOSEPH L. LOCKE**.....(Ap'd Me.)..**8**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1824, to July 1, 1828, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT. OF ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1828.

SECOND LIEUT., 2D ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1828.

Served: in garrison at Ft. Monroe, Va. (Artillery School for Practice), 1828–29; at the Military Academy, as Asst. Instructor of Infantry Tactics, Sep. 8, 1829, to Sep. 1, 1831; on Ordnance duty, Sep. 1, 1831, to Dec. 31, 1833; in garrison at Ft. Wood, La., 1834, — Ft. Clinch, Fla.,

(FIRST LIEUT., 2D ARTILLERY, NOV. 17, 1834)

1834, — Ft. Brooke, Fla., 1834–35, — and Savannah, Ga., 1835–36; and in the Florida War, 1836.

RESIGNED, AUG. 16, 1836.

Civil History. — Chief Engineer of the Brunswick and Altamaha Canal Company, 1837–40. Editor of the "Savannah Republican," Savannah, Ga., 1840–53. Resided mostly in Europe, 1853–62.

Joined in the Rebellion of 1861–66 against the United States.

DIED, OCT. 5, 1864, AT SAVANNAH, GA.: AGED 56.

516..(Born Mas.).....**GEORGE E. CHASE**.....(Ap'd Mas.)..**9**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, Sep. 1, 1824, to July 1, 1828, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT. OF ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1828.

SECOND LIEUT., 3D ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1828.

Served: on Engineer duty, Apr. 11 to May 14, 1829; on Topographical duty, June 2, 1829, to Mar. 17, 1831; on Engineer duty, Apr. 27, 1831, to May 31, 1832; and in garrison at Ft. Independence, Mas., 1832–33, — and Ft. Wood, La., 1833.

RESIGNED, AUG. 31, 1833.

Civil History. — Civil Engineer in the service of the United States, 1839–44.

DIED, MAR. 27, 1844, AT CHASEFIELD, PENSACOLA HARBOR, FLA.: AGED 39.

517..(Born Ky.).....**JOHN F. LANE**.....(Ap'd Ind.)..**10**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1824, to July 1, 1828, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT. OF ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1828.

SECOND LIEUT., 4TH ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1828.

Served: at the Military Academy, 1828–29, as Asst. Professor of Mathematics, Aug. 31, 1828, to Feb. 1, 1829, — and as Asst. Professor of Natural and Experimental Philosophy, Feb. 1 to Aug. 31, 1829; in garrison at Ft. McHenry, Md., 1829–31, 1831–32; in transferring Indians, July 10, 1832, to June 28, 1834; on Quartermaster duty, in the Quartermaster-General's Office at Washington, D. C., 1834, — and in constructing Dela-

(ASST. QUARTERMASTER, JUNE 28, 1834, TO MAY 17, 1835)

ware Breakwater, Del., 1834–35 ; in garrison at Ft. Monroe, Va., 1835 ; on Quartermaster duty, Aug. 27, 1835, to June 8, 1836 ; and in the Florida

(CAPTAIN, 2D DRAGOONS, JUNE 8, 1836)

War, 1836, as Aide-de-Camp to Major-General Jesup, June 10 to July 24, 1836, and as Colonel, Reg. Mounted Creek Volunteers, Sep. 1 to Oct. 19, 1836, being in command against the Seminole Indians in the Skirmish near Tampa Bay, Sep. 30, 1836.

DIED, OCT. 19, 1836, AT FORT DRANE, FLA. : AGED 26.

518. . (Born Pa.) . . . . . **WILLIAM PALMER** . . . . . (Ap'd Ind.) . . **11**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1824, to July 1, 1828, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT. OF ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1828.

SECOND LIEUT., 1ST ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1828.

Served : at the Military Academy, as Asst. Instructor of Infantry Tactics, Sep. 1, 1828, to Sep. 8, 1829 ; in garrison at Ft. Monroe, Va. (Artillery School for Practice), 1830–31, — Newberne, N. C., 1831, — and Bellona Arsenal, Va., 1831–32 ; on sick leave of absence, May 28 to Oct. 22, 1833 ; in garrison at Pikesville Arsenal, Md., 1833–34 ; on Ordnance

(FIRST LIEUT., 1ST ARTILLERY, APR. 6, 1835)

duty, Jan. 1, 1834, to May 25, 1835 ; and in garrison at Ft. Johnston, N. C., 1835.

DIED, JULY 23, 1835, AT FT. JOHNSTON, N. C. : AGED 30.

519. . (Born Mas.) . . . . . **THOMAS B. ADAMS** . . . . (Ap'd Mas.) . . **12**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1824, to July 1, 1828, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT. OF ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1828.

SECOND LIEUT., 2D ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1828.

Served : in garrison at Ft. Monroe, Va. (Artillery School for Practice), 1828–29, — and Ft. Moultrie, S. C., 1829, 1829–30 ; in Cherokee Nation, 1830 ; in garrison at Charleston harbor, S. C., 1830–31, 1831–32 ; in Cherokee Nation, 1832 ; on Ordnance duty, Dec. 13, 1832, to Jan. 17,

(FIRST LIEUT., 2D ARTILLERY, DEC. 1, 1834)

1836 ; and in the Florida War against the Seminole Indians, 1836–37, being engaged in the Skirmishes at Camp Izard, Feb. 27, 28, 29, and Mar. 5, 1836, — and Action of Oloklikaha, Mar. 31, 1836.

DIED, DEC. 14, 1837, AT FT. DADE, FLA. : AGED 28.

520. . (Born Mas.) . . . . . **ROBERT E. CLARY** . . . . (Ap'd Mas.) . . **13**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1823, to July 1, 1828, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT. OF INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1828.

SECOND LIEUT., 5TH INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1828.

Served : on frontier duty at Jefferson Barracks, Mo., 1829, — Ft. Brady, Mich., 1829–31, — Exploration of Indian Territory in Wisconsin, 1831, — Ft. Brady, Mich., 1831–32, — "Black Hawk Expedition," 1832, but not at the seat of war ; and Ft. Howard, Wis., 1833–38 ; and on Quartermaster

(FIRST LIEUT., 5TH INFANTRY, APR. 1, 1836)

(CAPT., STAFF — ASST. QUARTERMASTER, JULY 7, 1838)

duty at Detroit, Mich., 1838, — New York city, 1838–39, — Charleston, S. C., 1839–40, — Florida War, 1840–41, — Plattsburg, N. Y., construct-

(CAPTAIN, 5TH INFANTRY, APR. 3, 1839, TO JUNE 18, 1846)

ing barracks, 1841–42, — Detroit, Mich., 1842–44, — Ft. Wilkins, Mich., constructing barracks, 1844–45, — Buffalo, N. Y., 1845–46, — Ft. Leavenworth, Kan., 1846–47, — New Orleans, La., 1847–49, 1849–50, 1850–51, — Benicia Depot, Cal., 1851–56, — Texas, 1857, — St. Louis, Mo., 1857–60, — and as Chief Quartermaster of the Department of Utah, Sep. 18, 1860,

(MAJOR, STAFF — QUARTERMASTER, MAY 17, 1861)

to Aug. 4, 1861.

Served during the Rebellion of the Seceding States, 1861–66 : as Chief Quartermaster of the Department of West Virginia, Nov., 1861, to July, 1862, — of the Army of Virginia, July to Oct., 1862, — and of the De-

(COLONEL, STAFF — ADDITIONAL AIDE-DE-CAMP, JULY 5, 1862, TO MAY 3, 1866)

partment of the Northwest, Oct., 1862, to Mar. 20, 1863 ; as Assistant in the Quartermaster-General's Office at Washington, D. C., Mar. 20, 1863,

(LIEUT.-COL., STAFF — DEP. QUARTERMASTER-GEN., APR. 15, 1864)

to Aug. 24, 1864 ; and in charge of the Memphis Depot, Ten., Sep., 1864, to July 14, 1866.

BVT. COLONEL, AND BVT. BRIG.-GENERAL, U. S. ARMY, MAR. 13, 1865, FOR FAITHFUL AND MERITORIOUS SERVICES DURING THE REBELLION.

Served : as Chief Quartermaster, Department of the Tennessee, Mar. 27 to July 14, 1866 ; on leave of absence, July 14, 1866, to Mar. 1, 1867 ;

(COLONEL, STAFF — ASST. QUARTERMASTER-GEN., JULY 29, 1866)

and as Depot Quartermaster at Boston, Mas., Mar. 1, 1867, to Apr. 30, 1869.

RETIRED FROM ACTIVE SERVICE, FEB. 22, 1869, UNDER THE LAW OF JULY 17, 1862, HE BEING OVER THE AGE OF 62 YEARS.

DIED, JAN. 19, 1890, AT WASHINGTON, D. C. : AGED 85.

521..(Born Ten.).....**ROBERT SEVIER**.....(Ap'd Ten.)..**14**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1824, to July 1, 1828, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT. OF INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1828.

SECOND LIEUT., 6TH INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1828.

Served : in garrison at Jefferson Barracks, Mo., 1828–29 ; on frontier duty at Ft. Leavenworth, Kan., 1829, — on Expedition to the Upper Arkansas, 1829, — and Ft. Leavenworth, Kan., 1829–32 ; in the "Black Hawk" War against the Sac Indians, 1832 ; on frontier duty at Ft. Leavenworth, Kan., 1832–34, — Jefferson Barracks, Mo., 1834–36, — Ft. Jesup, La., 1836, — and Camp Sabine, La., 1836 ; as Adjutant, 6th In-

(FIRST LIEUT., 6TH INFANTRY, AUG. 10, 1836)

fantry, at Regimental headquarters, Aug. 1, 1836, to Oct. 31, 1837 ; and in the Florida War, 1837.

RESIGNED, OCT. 31, 1837.

Civil History. — Farmer, Ray County, Mo., 1837–79. Merchant, Richmond, Mo., 1840–45. Clerk of the Circuit Court, Ray County, Mo., 1845–65.

DIED, MAY 16, 1879, AT RICHMOND, MO. : AGED 72.

522..(Born Ct.)....**WILLIAM W. MATHER**.....(Ap'd Ct)..15

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1823, to July 1, 1828, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT. OF INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1828.

SECOND LIEUT., 7TH INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1828.

Served: on frontier duty at Ft. Jesup, La., 1829; at the Military Academy, as Asst. Professor of Chemistry, Mineralogy, and Geology, June 29, 1829, to June 20, 1835; on a Geological Exploration of the

(FIRST LIEUT., 7TH INFANTRY, DEC. 4, 1834)

Northwest, June 24 to Dec. 23, 1835; and on frontier duty at Ft. Gibson, I. T., 1835–36, — and Camp Desire, near Ft. Towson, I. T., 1836.

RESIGNED, AUG. 31, 1836.

Civil History. — Professor of Chemistry, etc., University of Louisiana, 1836. Geologist of the State of New York (S. E. Quarter), 1836–44, — of Ohio, 1837–40, — and of Kentucky, 1838–39. Professor of Natural Science, University of Ohio, 1842–45, and 1847–50 (being Vice-President and Acting President, 1845); and of Geology, Chemistry, and Mineralogy, Marietta College, O., 1846. Geological Surveyor and Mining Engineer in the service of Mining Companies on Lake Superior, 1845–47. Agricultural Chemist and Corresponding Secretary of the Ohio State Board of Agriculture, 1850–54. Editor of "Western Agriculturist," 1851–52. Geological Engineer to ascertain the available mineral resources on the line of the Lexington and Big Sandy Railroad, Ky., 1853; and along the Pittsburg, Marysville, and Cincinnati Railroad, 1855. Erecting furnaces for manufacture of Iron in Lawrence County, O., 1855–59. Member of the Board of Visitors to the Military Academy, 1855. Author of "Elements of Geology, for the use of Schools," 1833–38; of various voluminous and elaborate Reports on the Agriculture, Geology, and Mineral Resources of Massachusetts, Connecticut, New York, Pennsylvania, Ohio, Kentucky, Michigan, and Western Territories, 1836–59; and of numerous scientific papers on Agriculture, Mining, Metallurgy, Meteorology, Chemistry, Geology, Mineralogy, etc., 1828–59. Degree of A. M. conferred by Wesleyan University, Ct., 1833; and of LL.D., by Brown University, R. I., 1856. Member of numerous scientific, historical, and literary associations, 1833–59.

DIED, FEB. 27, 1859, AT COLUMBUS, O.: AGED 54.

BIOGRAPHICAL SKETCH.

PROFESSOR WILLIAM W. MATHER was born, May 24, 1804, in Brooklyn, Conn. He was a lineal descendant of the distinguished divine, Richard Mather, who emigrated to this country in 1635; whose son, Increase, was President of Harvard College from 1688 to 1701; and whose grandson was the celebrated Cotton Mather.

Little is known of young Mather till he received a Cadet's appointment through strong but not political influence, aided by the fact that three of his near relatives had done good service in the Revolutionary War.

In 1828 Mather was graduated from the Military Academy, fifteenth in a class whose head was Albert E. Church, the able Professor of Mathematics in that institution, and whose twenty-third member was Jefferson Davis, the ephemeral President of the Southern Confederacy. While yet a student at West Point, Mather, despite many able rivals, took the lead in Chemistry, Mineralogy, and Geology, for which branches of science he had a natural predilection.

Upon graduation Mather was promoted to the Infantry, and, after a

year's service on the frontier, was sent back to the Academy as Assistant Professor of Chemistry, Mineralogy, and Geology. Here he served for six years as a very efficient instructor, and devoted all of his leisure hours to study and to writing upon these branches for scientific journals or text-books.

Upon leaving West Point, in 1835, he was detailed as Assistant Geologist for the examination of the region from Green Bay, Mich., to Coteau des Prairies, Dak., particularly the valley of the St. Peter's River, of which he made a topographical map. At the close of 1835 he rejoined his regiment, and, after a short service on the southwestern frontier, he resigned from the Army, Aug. 31, 1836, to devote the remainder of his life to his favorite pursuits.

His subsequent Professorships ; his services as Geologist in the States of New York, Ohio, and Kentucky ; his employment as Mining Engineer in the Lake Superior region, and in New Jersey, Virginia, and Massachusetts ; his occupation for years as an Agricultural Chemist ; and his labors as an Author upon various subjects of general science, — we have fully detailed in the record of his services.

His reputation as a scientist brought him the degree of A. M. from Wesleyan University, Conn., in 1833 ; and of LL. D. from Brown University, R. I., in 1836. He was also a member of various scientific, historical, and literary associations.

At the early age of fifty-four, Mather, in the midst of a life of usefulness, died, Feb. 27, 1859, at Columbus, Ohio. His classmate and friend, Ivers J. Austin, thus sums up his character : —

"Not possessing the genius which dazzles, he had the intellect which, continually improved by exercise, achieved valuable results by patient and conscientious industry. What duty demanded, that he performed regardless of consequences, either to himself or others. Not indifferent to fame, he never sought it by doubtful or devious courses. His object was not to enhance his reputation, but faithfully to do the work before him. Through the whole of his active and laborious life of thirty years in the cause of science, in all the various and important public positions which he occupied, no breath of censure assailed his integrity, 'which was a law of nature with him, rather than a choice or a principle.' . . . Equable in his disposition and gentle in his manners, considerate of others and just in his judgment of them, modest, but manly and self-reliant, thoroughly versed in the branches of science to which he devoted himself, he had neither dogmatism nor ostentation. . . . Never elated by success nor depressed by occasional failure, a genial companion, a firm friend, and a zealous Christian, he pursued the even tenor of his way till death, too soon for science and his country, removed him from the earth."

523..(Born Ct.).....**ENOS G. MITCHELL**.....(Ap'd Ct.)..**16**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1823, to July 1, 1828, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT. OF INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1828.

SECOND LIEUT., 1ST INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1828.

Served : in garrison at Jefferson Barracks, Mo., 1828–29 ; on frontier duty at Ft. Snelling, Min., 1829, — Ft. Winnebago, Wis., 1829–30, — and Ft. Armstrong, Ill., 1831–32 ; in the "Black Hawk" War against the Sac Indians, 1832, being engaged in the Battle of Bad Axe River, Aug. 2, 1832 ; on Commissary duty at Ft. Armstrong, Ill., 1832–33 ; on Recruiting service, 1833–35 ; on frontier duty at Ft. Armstrong, Ill., 1835, — Ft. Snelling, Min., 1835–36, — Ft. Crawford, Wis., 1836, — and Ft.

(FIRST LIEUT., 1ST INFANTRY, OCT. 25, 1835)

(CAPTAIN, 1ST INFANTRY, JULY 7, 1838)

Snelling, Min., 1836–37; on Recruiting service, 1838; and in the Florida War, 1838–39.

DIED, JUNE 10, 1839, AT FT. ROGER JONES, FLA.: AGED 32.

524..(Born Pa.).....**JAMES F. IZARD***.....(Ap'd Pa.)..**17**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1824, to July 1, 1828, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT. OF INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1828.

SECOND LIEUT., 2D INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1828.

Served: in garrison at Jefferson Barracks, Mo., 1828–30, — and Ft. Niagara, N. Y., 1830–31; on Topographical duty, Nov. 25, 1831, to June 18, 1832; in the "Black Hawk" War against the Sac Indians, 1832; on Topographical duty, Dec. 10, 1832, to Mar. 4, 1833; on frontier duty at Ft. Gibson, I. T., and on Expedition to Tow-e-ash Villages, 1834,

(FIRST LIEUT., 1ST DRAGOONS, MAR. 4, 1833)

— and Ft. Gibson, I. T., 1834–35; and in the Florida War against the Seminole Indians, 1835–36, being engaged in the Skirmish at Camp Izard, Feb. 28, 1836, where he was Mortally Wounded, while commanding the advance guard, and directing his men "to keep their positions and lie close."

DIED OF WOUNDS, MAR. 5, 1836, AT CAMP IZARD, ON THE WITHLACOOCHEE RIVER, FLA.: AGED 26.

* Was the son of Major-General GEORGE IZARD, who served in the war of 1812–15, and was Governor of Arkansas Territory, 1825–28.

525..(Born D. C.).....**THOMAS CUTTS**.....(Ap'd Me.)..**18**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1824, to July 1, 1828, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT. OF INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1828.

SECOND LIEUT., 3D INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1828.

Served: on frontier duty at Jefferson Barracks, Mo., 1828, — Ft. Leavenworth, Kan., 1829, — Jefferson Barracks, Mo., 1829–30, — on Red River, about Natchitoches, La., 1830–31, — Ft. Towson, I. T., 1831–32, — and Ft. Jesup, La., 1832–35; on Recruiting service, 1835–36; as Adjutant, 3d Infantry, at Regimental headquarters, Nov. 28, 1836, to

(FIRST LIEUT., 3D INFANTRY, JUNE 15, 1836)

May 31, 1838; and on frontier duty at Ft. Jesup, La., 1836–38.

DIED, SEP. 2, 1838, AT FT. JESUP, LA.: AGED 31.

526..(Born Mich.)...**WILLIAM H. BAKER**.....(Ap'd Vt.)..**19**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1823, to July 1, 1828, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT. OF INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1828.

SECOND LIEUT., 4TH INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1828.

Served: in garrison at Jefferson Barracks, Mo., 1828–29; on Engineer duty, Apr. 29, 1829, to Jan., 1830; and in garrison at Cantonment Brooke, Fla., 1830.

RESIGNED, MAY 20, 1831.

DIED, 1835, AT DETROIT, MICH.: AGED 26.

527..(Born Ten.)....**JAMES L. THOMPSON**....(Ap'd Ten.)..20

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1824, to July 1, 1828, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT. OF INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1828.

SECOND LIEUT., 5TH INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1828.

Served: on frontier duty at Jefferson Barracks, Mo., 1828, — Ft. Leavenworth, Kan., 1828–29, — Ft. Howard, Wis., 1829–32, — Ft. Winnebago, Wis., 1832, — Ft. Brady, Mich., 1832–33, — Ft. Dearborn, Ill.,

(FIRST LIEUT., 5TH INFANTRY, OCT. 31, 1836)

1833–36, — Ft. Winnebago, Wis., 1836–37, — Ft. Snelling, Min., 1837–40,

(CAPTAIN, 5TH INFANTRY, MAR. 1, 1840)

— Ft. Winnebago, Wis., 1840–41, — and Ft. Gratiot, Mich., 1841–42, 1842–44, 1844–45; and in Military Occupation of Texas, 1845–46.

RESIGNED, MAY 18, 1846.

Civil History. — Farmer, near Detroit, Mich., 1846–51.

DROWNED, JUNE 21, 1851, IN DETROIT RIVER, MICH.: AGED 46.

528..(Born La.)...**GUSTAVE S. ROUSSEAU**....(Ap'd La.)..21

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1824, to July 1, 1828, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT. OF INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1828.

SECOND LIEUT., 6TH INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1828.

Served: in garrison at Jefferson Barracks, Mo., 1828–29; on frontier duty at Ft. Leavenworth, Kan., 1829–30, — Jefferson Barracks, Mo., 1830–31, — and Ft. Leavenworth, Kan., 1831–32; and on leave of absence, 1832–33.

RESIGNED, APR. 30, 1833.

Civil History. — Cashier of Branch Bank of Louisiana, Plaquemine, La., 1834–42. Sheriff of Iberville Parish, La., 1842–47. Brig.-General of Louisiana Militia, 1841–46.

Military History. — Served in the War with Mexico of 1846–48, as

CAPTAIN, 2D REG. LOUISIANA VOLUNTEERS, MAY 12, 1846,

till his regiment was

DISBANDED, AUG. 8, 1846.

Civil History. — Brig.-General, Louisiana Militia, 1846–55. Planter, Plaquemine, Iberville Parish, La., 1847–53. Recorder of Mortgages, and Notary Public, Iberville Parish, La., 1853–57. Counselor at Law, Plaquemine, La., 1858–79.

DIED, JAN. 29, 1879, IN THE PARISH OF ASCENSION, LA.: AGED 73.

529..(Born Me.)..**BENJAMIN W. KINSMAN**...(Ap'd Me.)..22

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1824, to July 1, 1828, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT. OF INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1828.

SECOND LIEUT., 7TH INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1828.

Served: on frontier duty at Jefferson Barracks, Mo., 1828–30, — Ft. Jesup, La., 1829–31, — Arkansas River, 1831–35, — and Ft. Gibson, I. T., 1832.

DIED, MAY 14, 1832, AT FT. GIBSON, I. T.: AGED 26.

530..(Born Ky.).....**JEFFERSON DAVIS**.....(Ap'd Mis.)..**23**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, Sep. 1, 1824, to July 1, 1828, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT. OF INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1828.

SECOND LIEUT., 1ST INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1828.

Served: on frontier duty at Ft. Crawford, Wis., 1829, — Ft. Winnebago, Wis., 1829–31, — Yellow River (superintending Sawmill), 1831, — Ft. Crawford, Wis., 1831, — Dubuque Mines, Io., 1831–32, — Rock Island, Ill., 1832, — Jefferson Barracks, Mo., 1832, — and Ft. Crawford, Wis., 1832–33; as Adjutant, 1st Dragoons, at Regimental headquarters,

(FIRST LIEUT., 1ST DRAGOONS, MAR. 4, 1833)

Aug. 30, 1833, to Feb. 5, 1834; on frontier duty at Ft. Gibson, I. T., 1834, — Expedition to Tow-e-ash Villages, 1834, — and Ft. Gibson, I. T., 1834; and on leave of absence, 1834–35.

RESIGNED, JUNE 30, 1835.

Civil History. — Presidential Elector of the State of Mississippi, 1844. Member of the U. S. House of Representatives from Mississippi, 1845–46. Planter, Warren County, Mis., 1835–46.

Military History. — Served in the War with Mexico, 1846–47, as COLONEL, 1ST REG. MISSISSIPPI VOLUNTEERS (RIFLES), JULY 18, 1846, being engaged in the Battle of Monterey, Sep. 21–23, 1846, and as Member of Commission for arranging the terms of capitulation of the place, — and Battle of Buena Vista, Feb. 22–23, 1847, where he was severely wounded.

DISBANDED, JULY 12, 1847.

Re-appointed in the United States Army with the rank of

BRIG.-GENERAL, U. S. ARMY, MAY 17, 1847: DECLINED.

Civil History. — Member of the U. S. Senate from Mississippi, 1847–51, and Chairman of the Senate Committee on Military Affairs, 1849–51. Secretary of War of the United States, Mar. 8, 1853, to Mar. 4, 1857. Member of the U. S. Senate from Mississippi, and Chairman of the Senate Committee on Military Affairs, Mar. 4, 1857, to Jan. 14, 1861. President of the Commission created by Act of June 1, 1860, to examine into the Organization, System of Discipline, and Course of Instruction at the U. S. Military Academy, July 18 to Dec. 13, 1860.

Joined in the Rebellion of 1861–66 against the United States.

Civil History. — President of Life Insurance Company, Memphis, Ten., 1878. Farmer, Beauvoir, Mis., 1879–89. Author of "Rise and Fall of the Confederate Government," 1881.

DIED, DEC. 6, 1889, AT NEW ORLEANS, LA.: AGED 82.

531..(Born Mo.)..**WILLIAM L. E. MORRISON**..(Ap'd Ill.)..**24**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, Sep. 1, 1824, to July 1, 1828, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT. OF INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1828.

Served: in garrison at Jefferson Barracks, Mo., 1828–29, — and at Hancock Barracks, Houlton, Me., 1829–30.

RESIGNED, OCT. 16, 1830.

Civil History. — Civil Engineer, 1830–35.

DIED, 1835, AT VANDALIA, ILL.: AGED 25.

532..(Born S. C.).....**SAMUEL K. COBB**.....(Ap'd Ala.)..**25**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1824,

to July 1, 1828, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT. OF INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1828.

SECOND LIEUT., 3D INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1828.

Served: on frontier duty at Jefferson Barracks, Mo., 1828–29, — Ft. Towson, I. T., 1829, — Jefferson Barracks, Mo., 1829–30, — on Red River, about Natchitoches, La., 1830–31, — and Ft. Towson, I. T., 1831–33.

DIED, JAN. 11, 1834, AT NEW ORLEANS, LA.: AGED 28.

533..(Born Pa.).....**SAMUEL TORRENCE**.....(Ap'd O.)..**26**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1823, to July 1, 1828, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT. OF INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1828.

SECOND LIEUT., 4TH INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1828.

Served: in garrison at Jefferson Barracks, Mo., 1829; on frontier duty at Ft. Towson, I. T., 1829, — Ft. Gibson, I. T., 1829, — Ft. Towson, I. T., 1829–30, — Baton Rouge, La., 1830–31, — Ft. Mitchell, Ala., 1831, — Baton Rouge, La., 1831–32, — and Ft. Crawford, Wis., 1832; and in "Black Hawk" War against the Sac Indians, 1832.

DIED, SEP. 1, 1832, AT FORT ARMSTRONG, ILL.: AGED 26.

534..(Born N. H.).....**AMOS FOSTER**.....(Ap'd N. H.)..**27**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1824, to July 1, 1828, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT. OF INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1828.

SECOND LIEUT., 5TH INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1828.

Served: on frontier duty at Jefferson Barracks, Mo., 1828–29, — Ft. Dearborn, Ill., 1829–31, — and Ft. Howard, Wis., 1831–32.

KILLED, FEB. 7, 1832, BY A SOLDIER, AT FT. HOWARD, MICH.: AGED 27.

535..(Born S. C.)..**THOMAS F. DRAYTON***....(Ap'd S. C.)..**28**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1823, to July 1, 1828, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT. OF INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1828.

SECOND LIEUT., 6TH INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1828.

Served: in garrison at Jefferson Barracks, Mo., 1828–30, — and Newport, Ky., 1831–32; and on Topographical duty, June 26, 1832, to Aug. 15, 1836.

RESIGNED, AUG. 15, 1836.

Civil History. — Resident Engineer, Charleston, S. C., Louisville, Ky., and Cincinnati, O., projected Railroad, 1836–38. Captain, South Carolina Militia, 1842–47. Planter, St. Luke's Parish, S. C., 1838–61. Member of the Board of Ordnance of the State of South Carolina, 1851–52. Member of the Senate of the State of South Carolina, 1853–56. President of Charleston, S. C., and Savannah, Ga., Railroad, 1853–61, — and Chief Engineer of the same Road, 1854–57.

Joined in the Rebellion of 1861–66 against the United States.

Civil History. — Farmer, Dooly County, Ga., 1866–72. Agent of Life and Fire Insurance Companies, 1872–78. President of the South Carolina Immigration Association (operating also in North Carolina), since 1878. Residence, Charlotte, N. C.

* Named THOMAS DRAYTON when he was graduated. Was the son of Col. WILLIAM DRAYTON, a distinguished Member of Congress, 1825–33.

536..(Born Ct.)....**THOMAS C. BROCKWAY**....(Ap'd Ct.)..**29**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1824, to July 1, 1828, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT. OF INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1828.

SECOND LIEUT., 7TH INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1828.

Served: on frontier duty at Ft. Gibson, I. T., 1829–30, — Military Road, I. T., 1830–31, — and Ft. Gibson, I. T., 1831.

DIED, SEP. 28, 1831, AT FT. GIBSON, I. T.: AGED 26.

537..(Born N. Y.)..**JOHN R. B. GARDENIER**...(Ap'd N.Y.)..**30**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1823, to July 1, 1828, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT. OF INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1828.

SECOND LIEUT., 1ST INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1828.

Served: on frontier duty at Ft. Crawford, Wis., 1829–32, — Dubuque Mines, Io., 1832, — Galena Mines, Ill., 1832, — "Black Hawk" War against the Sac Indians, 1832, — Ft. Crawford, Wis., 1832–33, — and Ft. Snelling, Min., 1833–35; on Recruiting service, 1835–38; in the Florida War, 1839, 1840, and 1841; on frontier duty at Ft. Crawford, Wis.,

(FIRST LIEUT., 1ST INFANTRY, SEP. 4, 1836)

(CAPTAIN, 1ST INFANTRY, JUNE 11, 1839)

1841–43, — and Ft. Des Moines, Io., 1843–44; on sick leave of absence, 1844–46; in garrison at Jefferson Barracks, Mo., 1846–47; in the War with Mexico, 1847–48, at Vera Cruz, 1847–48, — and Cuernavaca, 1848; and on sick leave of absence, 1848–50.

DIED, JUNE 26, 1850, AT DARDANELLE SPRINGS, ARK.: AGED 42.

538..(Born N. Y.)....**CRAFTS J. WRIGHT**.....(Ap'd O.) **31**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, Sep. 1, 1823, to July 1, 1828, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT. OF INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1828.

On authorized graduation leave of absence from July 1, 1828, to Nov. 8, 1828.

RESIGNED, NOV. 8, 1828.

Civil History. — Counselor at Law, Ohio, 1830–47, and 1853–54. Editor of "Cincinnati Gazette," Ohio, 1847–53.

Military History. — Served during the Rebellion of the Seceding States, 1861–62: in Missouri, 1861–62; in the Tennessee Campaign of

(COLONEL, 13TH MISSOURI VOLUNTEERS, AUG. 13, 1861:
22D OHIO VOLUNTEERS, JUNE 17, 1862)

1862, being engaged on Reconnoissance around Ft. Henry, Feb. 4–6, 1862, — Battle of Ft. Donelson, Feb. 13–16, 1862, — March to Nashville and return to Clarksville, Feb., 1862, — in command of Clarksville, Mar., 1862, — and Battle of Shiloh, Apr. 6–7, 1862; and in the Mississippi Campaign of 1862, being engaged in the Advance upon and Siege of Corinth, Mis., Apr. 10–May 30, 1862, where he remained in camp till he

RESIGNED (SICK), SEP. 16, 1862.

Civil History. — Farmer, near Glendale, O., 1862–75. Superintendent and Steward of the U. S. Marine Hospital, Chicago, Ill., 1875–83.

DIED, JULY 23, 1883, AT CHICAGO, ILL.: AGED 75.

539..(Born Mo.).....**JAMES W. PENROSE**.....(Ap'd Mo.)..32

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1824, to July 1, 1828, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT. OF INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1828.

SECOND LIEUT., 2D INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1828.

Served: in garrison at Jefferson Barracks, Mo., 1829, — Sackett's Harbor, N. Y., 1829–32, — and Ft. Dearborn, Ill., 1832; in the "Black Hawk" War against the Sac Indians, 1832; in garrison at Ft. Dearborn, Ill., 1832–33, — Ft. Brady, Mich., 1833, — Ft. Mackinac, Mich., 1833–36,

(FIRST LIEUT., 2D INFANTRY, JULY 3, 1836)

— and Hancock Barracks, Me., 1836–38; in the Florida War against the Seminole Indians, 1838–40, 1841–42, being engaged in the Attack of Hawe Creek Camp, Jan. 25, 1842; in garrison at Plattsburg, N. Y., 1842–46,

(CAPTAIN, 2D INFANTRY, JUNE 18, 1846)

— and Ft. Columbus, N. Y., 1846; in the War with Mexico, 1846, 1847, being engaged in the Siege of Vera Cruz, Mar. 9–29, 1847, — Battle of Cerro Gordo, Apr. 17–18, 1847, — Skirmish of Ocalaca, Aug. 16, 1847,

(BVT. MAJOR, APR. 18, 1847, FOR GALLANT AND MERITORIOUS CONDUCT IN THE BATTLE OF CERRO GORDO, MEX.)

— Battle of Contreras, Aug. 19-20, 1847, — Battle of Churubusco, Aug. 20, 1847, — Battle of Molino del Rey, Sep. 8, 1847, — and Assault and Capture of the City of Mexico, Sep. 13–14, 1847; on Recruiting service, 1847–48; and in garrison at Plattsburg, N. Y., 1848–49.

DIED, JAN. 1, 1849, AT PLATTSBURG, N. Y.: AGED 41.

540..(Born N. J.)..**PHILIP R. VAN WYCK**...(Ap'd N. J.)..33

Civil History. — Not being commissioned in the Army, on account of extreme deafness, was appointed and served as U. S. Asst. Civil Engineer, July 1, 1828, to June, 1832.

DROWNED, JUNE, 1832, IN TENNESSEE RIVER, BELOW CHATTANOOGA, TEN.: AGED 25.

CLASS OF 1829.

541...(Born N. Y.)....**CHARLES MASON**.....(Ap'd N. Y.)..1

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1825, to July 1, 1829, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., CORPS OF ENGINEERS, JULY 1, 1829.

Served: at the Military Academy, as Principal Asst. Professor of Engineering, Aug. 30, 1829, to Aug. 31, 1831.

RESIGNED, DEC. 31, 1831.

Civil History. — Counselor at Law, Newburg, N. Y., 1832–34, and at New York city, 1834–36. Acting Editor of the New York "Evening Post," 1835–36. District Attorney, Des Moines County, Wis., 1837–38. Aide-de-Camp to the Governor of Wisconsin Territory, 1837–38. Chief Justice of the Supreme Court of Iowa, July 4, 1838, to May 16, 1847. Attorney of the State of Iowa for the adjustment of its Southern Boundary, 1847–50. Appointed by the Legislature of Iowa, Jan., 1848, one of three Commissioners to draft an entire code of laws for the State, which was adopted in 1851. Judge of Des Moines County Court, Wis., Aug., 1851, to June, 1852. President of Burlington and Missouri River

Railroad, Iowa, 1852–53; and of Peoria and Oquawka Railroad, Ill., 1852–53. Counselor at Law, Burlington, Io., 1847–53. U. S. Commissioner of Patents, Mar. 24, 1853, to Aug. 5, 1857. Commissioner to adjust the extent of the Des Moines River Land Grant, 1858–59. Member of the Board of Education of the State of Iowa, 1858–59. Counselor at Law, Burlington, Io., 1858–59. Counselor at Law, Washington, D. C., 1860–61. Appointed a Commissioner by the Legislature of Iowa, 1861, to control a State War Fund of $800,000 for the suppression of the Rebellion. Democratic Candidate for Governor of the State of Iowa, but not elected, 1867. Delegate to the Democratic National Convention from Iowa, 1868 and 1872; and to several State Conventions, 1867–81. Author of various papers on Financial Subjects, 1867–82. President of Burlington, Iowa, Water Company, 1875–82; of German-American Savings Bank, 1874–82; of Burlington Board of Trade, 1879–82; of Burlington and Northwestern Railroad Company, 1877–82; and of Burlington Street Railway Company, 1870–82. Vice-President of Burlington, Keosauqua, and Western Railroad, 1878–82. Treasurer of Burlington School Board, 1879–82. Patent Law Attorney, 1861–82.

DIED, FEB. 27, 1882, AT BURLINGTON, IOWA: AGED 77.

542..(Born Va.)..... **ROBERT E. LEE***.....(Ap'd Va.)..**2**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1825, to July 1, 1829, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., CORPS OF ENGINEERS, JULY 1, 1829.

SECOND LIEUT., CORPS OF ENGINEERS, JULY 1, 1829.

Served: as Asst. Engineer in the construction of Fts. Monroe and Calhoun, for the Defense of Hampton Roads, Va., 1829–34; as Assistant to the Chief Engineer, at Washington, D. C., 1834–37; as Asst. Astronomer

(FIRST LIEUT., CORPS OF ENGINEERS, SEP. 21, 1836)

for establishing the Boundary between the States of Ohio and Michigan, 1835; as Superintending Engineer of the improvement of St. Louis harbor, Mo., and of the Missouri and Upper Mississippi Rivers, 1837–41,

(CAPTAIN, CORPS OF ENGINEERS, JULY 7, 1838)

having general charge of the improvement of the Lower Mississippi, and of the Ohio River, below Louisville, Ky., 1840–41, — and of the construction and repairs of the defenses at the Narrows entrance to New York harbor, 1841–44, 1844–46; as Member of the Board of Visitors to the Military Academy, 1844; as Assistant to the Chief Engineer, at Washington, D. C., 1844; as Member of the Board of Engineers for Atlantic Coast Defenses, Sep. 8, 1845, to Mar. 13, 1848; in the War with Mexico, 1846–48, being engaged on the march towards Chihuahua, as Chief Engineer of the column commanded by Brig.-General Wool, 1846, — Siege of Vera Cruz, Mar. 9–29, 1847, — Reconnoissance, Apr. 15–17, and Battle

(BVT. MAJOR, APR. 18, 1847, FOR GALLANT AND MERITORIOUS CONDUCT IN THE BATTLE OF CERRO GORDO, MEX.)

of Cerro Gordo, Apr. 17–18, 1847, — Reconnoissance through the Pedregal, Aug. 18–19, 1847, — Battle of Contreras, Aug. 19–20, 1847, — Reconnoissance of Coyoacan, Aug. 20, 1847, — Battle of Churubusco, Aug. 20,

(BVT. LIEUT.-COL., AUG. 20, 1847, FOR GALLANT AND MERITORIOUS CONDUCT IN THE BATTLES OF CONTRERAS AND CHURUBUSCO, MEX.)

1847, — Battle of Molino del Rey, Sep. 8, 1847, — Reconnoissance of the approaches to the City of Mexico, Sep. 9–13, 1847, — Storming of Chapultepec, Sep. 13, 1847, where he was wounded, — and Assault and Cap-

ture of the City of Mexico, Sep. 13–14, 1847; on Special duty in the

(BVT. COLONEL, SEP. 13, 1847, FOR GALLANT AND MERITORIOUS CONDUCT IN THE BATTLE OF CHAPULTEPEC, MEX.)

Engineer Bureau at Washington, D. C., 1848; as Superintending Engineer of the construction of Ft. Carroll, Patapsco River, Md., 1848–52; as Member of the Board of Engineers for Atlantic Coast Defenses, July 21, 1848, to Apr. 11, 1853; as Superintendent of the U. S. Military Academy, Sep. 1, 1852, to Mar. 31, 1855; in command at Jefferson Barracks,

(LIEUT.-COLONEL, 2D CAVALRY, MAR. 3, 1855)

Mo., 1855; on frontier duty at Camp Cooper, Tex., 1856, — Expedition against Comanche Indians, 1856, — Camp Cooper, Tex., 1856–57, — San Antonio, Tex. (commanding regiment), 1857; on leave of absence, 1857–59; in command of the forces at Harper's Ferry, for suppressing John Brown's Raid, Oct. 17–25, 1859; in command of the Department of Texas, Feb. 6 to Dec. 12, 1860; and on leave of absence, 1860–61.

(COLONEL, 1ST CAVALRY, MAR. 16, 1861)

RESIGNED, APR. 25, 1861.

Joined in the Rebellion of 1861–66 against the United States.

Civil History. — President of Washington College, Lexington, Va., Sep. 28, 1865, to Oct. 12, 1870.

DIED, OCT. 12, 1870, AT LEXINGTON, VA.: AGED 64.

* Was the son of Colonel HENRY LEE, of the Revolutionary Army, and in 1791 Governor of Virginia.

543..(Born Ga.)....**WILLIAM H. HARFORD**.....(Ap'd Ga.)..**3**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1825, to July 1, 1829, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 4TH INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1829.

SECOND LIEUT., 4TH INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1829.

Served: on Topographical duty, Aug. 12, 1829, to June 18, 1832; and in garrison at New Orleans, La., 1832–33.

RESIGNED, SEP. 15, 1833.

Civil History. — Chief Engineer, New Orleans and Lake Pontchartrain Canal, 1835–36.

DIED, JAN. 19, 1836, AT NEW ORLEANS, LA.: AGED 29.

544..(Born Pa.)...**J. ALLEN SMITH IZARD***.....(Ap'd Pa.)..**4**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1825, to July 1, 1829, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 3D ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1829.

SECOND LIEUT., 3D ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1829.

Served: at the Military Academy, as Asst. Professor of Geography,

(FIRST LIEUT., 3D ARTILLERY, JUNE 30, 1836)

History, and Ethics, Aug. 30, 1829, to June 27, 1835; and in the Florida War, 1836–37.

RESIGNED, APR. 30, 1837.

Civil History. — Planter, Back River, S. C., near Savannah, Ga., 1838–79.

DIED, JULY 26, 1879, AT RICHFIELD SPRINGS, N. Y.: AGED 69.

* Named J. ALLEN SMITH when he was graduated.

BIOGRAPHICAL SKETCH.

J. ALLEN SMITH IZARD was born, Feb. 17, 1810, in Philadelphia, Penn., and died, July 26, 1879, at Richfield Springs, N. Y., in the seventieth year of his age.

His ancestors were Landgraves, Governors, and other noted men of South Carolina while a Colony of Great Britain. His father was an accomplished and distinguished gentleman, who had seen much of the world, and who highly appreciated the advantages of liberal education.

Hence he early placed his son under a private French tutor, and subsequently sent him to Dr. Allen's celebrated school at Hyde Park, on the Hudson River, where he was well grounded in English and classical studies.

At the early age of fifteen, Izard entered the Military Academy, and it is not surprising that, possessed of an excellent and disciplined mind, he should have taken, upon graduation, the fourth honor in a very superior class, among whose members were such men, since so eminent, as Judge Charles Mason; Generals Robert E. Lee, James Barnes, C. P. Buckingham, Joseph E. Johnston, William Hoffman, and Benjamin W. Brice; Professors Charles W. Hackley, Ormsby M'Knight Mitchell, and James Clark, besides many others of mark, — lawyers, engineers, soldiers, etc. Upon graduation he was commissioned, July 1, 1829, Brevet Second Lieutenant in the Third Regiment of Artillery; and Aug. 30, 1829, was ordered back to West Point as an Assistant Professor of Geography, History, and Ethics, continuing at the Academy until June 27, 1835.

The writer of this, then a Cadet, vividly recalls the fine soldierly form and dignified demeanor of the handsome Lieutenant in his well-fitting uniform, and his quick intelligence and scholarly attainments in the recitation room. After leaving West Point, he was promoted, June 30, 1836, to be a First Lieutenant, and ordered to Florida, where he served under General Jesup against the Seminole Indians until his resignation from the Army, Apr. 30, 1837.

Upon Izard's leaving the service of the United States, he became the proprietor of a large plantation in South Carolina, nearly opposite Savannah, Ga., which he managed with scientific skill, and administered its working with all the precision and discipline acquired in his military training. He at once adopted every modern improvement in rice culture which experience could suggest, and all meliorating methods to insure economy and thorough system, which quickly resulted in bringing order out of chaos, producing large crops, and making his reputation as a model planter in the South.

With his high-born and accomplished wife, he spent most of his time upon his plantation looking after his agricultural interests; or at Charleston, enjoying books, which were his passion, and society, which he adorned. Several times he visited Europe, and usually spent his summers at the North, where he had many friends, who appreciated his great worth, large intelligence, and genial intercourse. Lovely Newport was his favorite seaside resort, but in his latter years he sought the benefits of the mineral springs in Central New York. Wherever he went, he was universally welcomed and honored, for he was a man of the highest purity, elevated moral tone, and spotless honor; possessed rare mental gifts enhanced by study and foreign travel; was a charming classical and beautiful belles-lettres scholar; and, in fine, was one who had looked deep into nature and art, and had been refreshed at the fountains of philosophy, history, science, and literature.

Though so richly endowed, he had never devoted himself to authorship; but he was eminently the "full man" of reading, and the "ready

man" of conversation. His eloquent tongue had a magnetic influence, there being few subjects on which he could not discourse and give delight and instruction, for he had traversed much of the vast range of ancient and modern thought, and was never a holiday trifler in the gardens of learning. With manners polished, engaging, and courtly; with a countenance expressive of benevolence, sympathy, and idealism; with a voice soft, tender, and musical; with tastes refined and perceptions delicate; and with a mind fertile, vigorous, and capacious, — it is not surprising that Izard was a great favorite with all classes, whether ripe and rare scholars, or simply beneficiaries of his many-sided intellect and versatile accomplishments. A friend, in a letter, says of Izard: "He was, take him all in all, and considering his noble personal presence added to his cultivation and accomplishments, his exquisite polished manners, and more than all — far more — his unquestionable high and pure tone of character — the completest gentleman that it has ever been my good fortune to have intercourse and confidential relations with. One felt safety and security in talking to him and dealing with him."

545...(Born Mas.).....**JAMES BARNES**.....(Ap'd Mas.)..**5**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1825, to July 1, 1829, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 4TH ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1829.

SECOND LIEUT., 4TH ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1829.

Served: at the Military Academy as Asst. Teacher of French, Aug. 30, 1829, to Aug. 19, 1830; in garrison at Ft. McHenry, Md., 1830–32; in the "Black Hawk Expedition," 1832, but not at the seat of war; in garrison at Charleston harbor, S. C., 1832–33, during South Carolina's threatened nullification, — and Ft. Monroe, Va., 1833; and at the Mili-

(FIRST LIEUT., 4TH ARTILLERY, JUNE 30, 1836)

tary Academy as Asst. Instructor of Infantry Tactics, Nov. 4, 1833, to July 31, 1836.

RESIGNED, JULY 31, 1836.

Civil History. — Asst. Engineer of Western Railroad, from Worcester, Mas., to Albany, N. Y., 1836–42, — and its Chief Engineer and Superintendent, 1842–48. Chief Engineer of Seaboard and Roanoke Railroad, from Norfolk, Va., to Weldon, N. C., 1848–52. Constructed the Watertown and Rome Railroad, N. Y., 1848–52, — Sackett's Harbor and Ellisburg Railroad, N. Y., 1852–54, — Buffalo, Corning, and New York Railroad, N. Y. (in part), 1852–54, — Terre Haute, Ind., Alton, Ill., and St. Louis, Mo., Railroad, 1852–56, — and Potsdam and Watertown Railroad, N. Y., 1853–57.

Military History. — Served during the Rebellion of the Seceding

(COLONEL, 18TH MASSACHUSETTS VOLUNTEERS, JULY 26, 1861)

States, 1861–66: in the defenses of Washington, D. C., Aug., 1861–Mar., 1862; in the Virginia Peninsular Campaign (Army of the Potomac), Mar. to July, 1862; in the Northern Virginia Campaign, July–Aug., 1862; in the Maryland Campaign (Army of the Potomac), Sep.–Nov.,

(BRIG.-GENERAL, U. S. VOLUNTEERS, NOV. 29, 1862)

1862, being engaged in the Battle of Antietam, Sep. 17, 1862, — Skirmish at Shepardstown, Va., Sep. 19, 1862, — and March to Falmouth, Va., Oct.–Nov., 1862; in the Rappahannock Campaign (Army of the Potomac), Dec., 1862–May, 1863, being engaged in the Battle of Fredericksburg, Dec. 13, 1862, — and Battle of Chancellorsville, Va., May 2–4, 1863; in the Pennsylvania Campaign (Army of the Potomac), June–July, 1863,

being engaged in the Skirmishes of Aldie and Upperville, Va., June 21, 1863, — and Battle of Gettysburg, Pa. (commanding division), July 1–3, 1863, where he was wounded ; on sick leave of absence and on Court Martial duty, July to Sep., 1863 ; in command of the defenses of Norfolk and Portsmouth, Va., Sep., 1863, to Jan., 1864 ; on Court Martial duty, Mar. to July, 1864 ; in command of St. Mary's District, July 2, 1864, to Apr. 26, 1865, — and the Camp for Rebel Prisoners, at Point Lookout, Md., July 2, 1864, to July 13, 1865 ; and in waiting orders,

(BVT. MAJ.-GENERAL, U. S. VOLUNTEERS, MAR. 13, 1865, FOR MERITORIOUS SERVICES DURING THE REBELLION.)

July 13, 1865, to Jan. 15, 1866.

MUSTERED OUT OF VOLUNTEER SERVICE, JAN. 15, 1866.

Civil History. — Member of a Special U. S. Commission to examine and report on the Road and Telegraph Line of the Union Pacific R. R. Co., 1868.

DIED, FEB. 12, 1869, AT SPRINGFIELD, MAS.: AGED 63.

546. (Born O.) . . **CATHARINUS P. BUCKINGHAM** . . (Ap'd O.) . **6**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1825, to July 1, 1829, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 3D ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1829.

SECOND LIEUT., 3D ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1829.

Served : on Topographical duty, Aug. 12, 1829, to Aug. 19, 1830 ; and at the Military Academy, as Asst. Professor of Natural and Experimental Philosophy, Oct. 4, 1830, to Aug. 28, 1831.

RESIGNED, SEP. 30, 1831.

Civil History. — Civil Engineer, 1831–33, and 1845 ; Professor of Mathematics and Natural Philosophy, Kenyon College, Gambier, O., 1833–36. Principal of a Private School, Gambier, O., 1836–38. Merchant, 1836–43, 1846–49. Manufacturer and Proprietor of Kokosing Iron Works, Mt. Vernon, Knox County, O., 1849–61.

Military History. — Served during the Rebellion of the Seceding States, 1861–63 : as Asst. Adjutant-General of the State of Ohio, May 3–8, 1861, — Commissary-General, May 8 to July 1, 1861, — and Adjutant-General, with the rank of Brig.-General, July 1, 1861, to April 2, 1862.

Re-appointed in the United States Volunteer force as

BRIG.-GENERAL, U. S. VOLUNTEERS, JULY 16, 1862,

and served on Special duty in the War Department, Washington, D. C., July 16, 1862, till he

RESIGNED, FEB. 11, 1863.

Civil History. — Merchant, New York city, 1863–68. Building Illinois Central Grain Elevators, 1858, and Re-building them, after being destroyed by the Chicago fire, 1868–73. President of Chicago, Ill., Steel Works, 1873–88. Member of the Board of Visitors to the U. S. Military Academy, 1879. Author of "Principles of Arithmetic," 1871 ; and of "Elements of the Differential or Infinitesimal Calculus," 1875, and Second Edition, 1880.

DIED, AUG. 30, 1888, AT CHICAGO, ILL. : AGED 80.

547. . (Born D. C.) . . **JOSEPH SMITH BRYCE*** . . (Ap'd D. C.) . . **7**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1825,

to July 1, 1829, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 4TH ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1829.

SECOND LIEUT., 4TH ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1829.

Served at the Military Academy, as Asst. Professor of Mathematics, Aug. 30, 1829, to Aug. 28, 1831.

RESIGNED, MAY 31, 1832.

Civil History. — Counselor at Law, New York city, 1833–61.

Military History. — Served during the Rebellion of the Seceding States, 1861–66: at Washington, D. C., as Asst. Adjutant-General to

(CAPT., STAFF — ASST. ADJUTANT-GENERAL, U. S. VOLUNTEERS, AUG. 3, 1861)

Brig.-General Wadsworth (Army of the Potomac), Aug. 28, 1861, to Aug. 20, 1862, — and in the Office of the Chief Engineer of the Defenses of Washington, D. C., Aug. 20, 1862, to Aug., 1865; and in waiting

(BVT. MAJOR, U. S. VOLUNTEERS, MAR. 13, 1865, FOR GALLANT AND MERITORIOUS SERVICES DURING THE REBELLION)

orders, Aug. to Nov. 11, 1865.

MUSTERED OUT OF VOLUNTEER SERVICE, NOV. 11, 1865.

Civil History. — Residence, Newport, R. I., in summer, and New York, in Winter.

* Named JOSEPH BRICE SMITH when he was graduated.

548..(Born Ga.).....**JOHN MACKAY**.....(Ap'd Ga.)..**8**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1825, to July 1, 1829, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 2D ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1829.

SECOND LIEUT., 2D ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1829.

Served: in garrison at Savannah, Ga., 1829–30, — Ft. Mitchell, Ala., 1830–31, — Ft. Jackson, La., 1831, — and Ft. Wood, La., 1831; on Topographical duty, Nov. 25, 1831, to Dec. 31, 1833; in garrison at Augusta Arsenal, Ga., 1834, — and Savannah, Ga., 1834–35; on Engineer

(FIRST LIEUT., 2D ARTILLERY, DEC. 31, 1834)

duty, Mar. 14, 1835, to Mar. 14, 1836; on Topographical duty, Aug. 28 to Dec. 31, 1836; in the Florida War, 1837–39; as Superintending Top. Engineer of the Construction of Harbors in Georgia, and of Roads in

(CAPTAIN, TOP. ENGINEERS, JULY 7, 1838)

Florida, 1839–43, — of Survey of Cumberland Sound, Ga., 1843, — and of survey of Choctawhatchie and Holmes Rivers, Fla., Ossabaw Inlet, Ga., and of Lavaca and Matagorda Bays, Tex., 1846; as Member of the Board of Visitors to the U. S. Military Academy, 1844; and on sick leave of absence, 1846–48.

DIED, MAY 31, 1848, AT SAVANNAH, GA.: AGED 42.

549..(Born N. Y.)..**CHARLES W. HACKLEY**...(Ap'd N. Y.)..**9**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1825, to July 1, 1829, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 3D ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1829.

SECOND LIEUT., 3D ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1829.

Served at the Military Academy, as Asst. Professor of Mathematics, Aug. 30, 1829, to Aug. 28, 1831, and Jan. 8, 1832, to Sep. 30, 1833.

RESIGNED, SEP. 30, 1833.

Civil History. — Clergyman, Protestant Episcopal Church, 1834–61. Professor of Mathematics, University of the City of New York, 1833–39. President of Jefferson College, Washington, Mis., 1839. Professor of Mathematics in Columbia College, New York city, 1843–57, — and Professor of Astronomy, 1857–61. Author of a "Treatise on Algebra," 1846, — of an "Elementary Course of Geometry," 1847, — and of "Elements of Trigonometry, with their practical application to Navigation and Nautical Astronomy," 1850.

DIED, JAN. 10, 1861, AT NEW YORK CITY : AGED 53.

550..(Born Ct.).....**MINER KNOWLTON**.....(Ap'd Ct.)..**10**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1825, to July 1, 1829, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 1ST ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1829.

SECOND LIEUT., 1ST ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1829.

Served : at the Military Academy as Asst. Professor of Mathematics, Aug. 31, 1830, to Aug. 28, 1831; in garrison at Ft. Monroe, Va. (Artillery School for Practice), 1832,— and Ft. Moultrie, S. C., 1832 ; at the Military Academy, 1832–44,— as Asst. Professor of Mathematics, Sep. 14, 1832, to Jan. 29, 1833, — as Asst. Teacher of French, Jan. 27, 1833, to Aug. 30, 1837, — as Asst. Instructor of Artillery and Cavalry, Aug. 30

(FIRST LIEUT., 1ST ARTILLERY, JULY 23, 1835)

to Nov. 9, 1837, — and as Instructor of Artillery and Cavalry, Nov. 9, 1837, to July 1, 1844 ; as Member of Artillery Board for the compilation of "Instruction for Field Artillery — Horse and Foot," adopted Mar. 6, 1845, for the service of the United States ; as Aide-de-Camp to Marshal Bugeaud, of the French Army, in Algeria, Africa, 1845 ; in Military Occupation of Texas, at Corpus Christi, 1845–46 ; in the War with Mex-

(CAPTAIN, 1ST ARTILLERY, APR. 21, 1846)

ico, being engaged on the Rio Grande, and mustering Volunteers into service, 1846 ; on Recruiting service, 1846–48 ; on Engineer duty, Dec. 15, 1848, to Sep. 1, 1849 ; on sick leave of absence, 1849–61.

RETIRED FROM ACTIVE SERVICE, OCT. 26, 1861, FOR DISABILITY, RESULTING FROM LONG AND FAITHFUL SERVICE, AND FROM DISEASE AND EXPOSURE IN THE LINE OF DUTY.

Civil History. — Author of "Notes on Gunpowder, Cannon, and Projectiles," 1840. President of the Common Council of the City of Burlington, N. J., 1857. Compiler of "Instructions and Regulations for the Militia and Volunteers of the United States," 1861.

DIED, DEC. 24, 1870, AT BURLINGTON, N. J. : AGED 66.

551..(Born England).....**JOHN C. CASEY**.....(Ap'd N. J.)..**11**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1825, to July 1, 1829, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 2D ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1829.

SECOND LIEUT., 2D ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1829.

Served : in garrison at Ft. Pike, La., 1829–30 ; at the Military Academy, as Asst. Professor of Chemistry, Mineralogy, and Geology, Jan. 21,

1831, to Dec. 19, 1833 ; in garrison at Ft. Pike, La., 1834–35 ; on Ordnance
(FIRST LIEUT., 2D ARTILLERY, APR. 30, 1835)

duty, Mar. 24 to Oct. 13, 1835 ; in the Florida War against the Seminole Indians, 1835–39, being engaged in the Skirmishes at Camp Izard,
(CAPTAIN, STAFF — COMMISSARY OF SUBSISTENCE, JULY 7, 1838)

Feb. 27, 28, 29, and Mar. 5, 1836, — Action of Oloklikaha, Mar. 31, 1836, — and in the performance of various Staff duties, and transferring Indians beyond the Mississippi, 1836–39 ; as Purchasing Commissary at New York city, 1839–41 ; as Assistant to the Commissary-General, at Washington,
(CAPTAIN, 2D ARTILLERY, JAN. 4, 1842)

D. C., 1841–47 ; as Member of the Board of Visitors to the Military Academy, 1843 ; in the War with Mexico, as Chief of Commissariat of
(TRANSFERRED TO 3D INFANTRY, MAY 15, 1844)
(VACATED REGIMENTAL COMMISSION, JUNE 18, 1846)

the Army commanded by Major-General Taylor, Aug. 15, 1847, to May 13, 1848 ; on Commissary duty at Tampa Bay, Fla., 1848–49 ; and as Commissioner for the removal of the Seminole Indians from Florida, Sep. 1, 1849, to Dec. 25, 1856.

DIED, DEC. 25, 1856, AT FT. BROOKE, FLA. : AGED 47.

552..(Born Ky.).....**WILLIAM R. McKEE**.....(Ap'd Ky.)..**12**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1825, to July 1, 1829, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 3D ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1829.
SECOND LIEUT., 3D ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1829.

Served : in garrison at Ft. Preble, Me., 1829-33 ; on Engineer duty,
(FIRST LIEUT., 3D ARTILLERY, AUG. 13, 1836)

Mar. 18, 1833, to June 28, 1836 ; and in Operations in the Creek Nation, 1836.

RESIGNED, SEP. 15, 1836.

Civil History. — Asst. Engineer of Charleston, S. C., Louisville, Ky., and Cincinnati, O., projected Railroad, 1836–38. Counselor at Law, Lexington, Ky., 1838–44. Chief Engineer of Frankfort and Lexington Railroad, Ky., 1844–46.

Military History. — Served in the War with Mexico, 1846–47, as
COLONEL, 2D REGIMENT KENTUCKY VOLUNTEERS, JUNE 9, 1846,

being engaged in the Battle of Buena Vista, where, while gallantly leading a charge of his regiment, he was

KILLED, FEB. 23, 1847 : AGED 39.

553..(Born Va.).....**JOSEPH E. JOHNSTON**....(Ap'd Va.)..**13**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1825, to July 1, 1829, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 4TH ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1829.
SECOND LIEUT., 4TH ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1829.

Served : in garrison at Ft. Columbus, N. Y., 1830–31, — and Ft. Monroe, Va. (Artillery School for Practice), 1831–32 ; in the "Black Hawk Expedition," 1832, but not at the seat of war ; in garrison at Charleston harbor, S. C., 1832–33, during South Carolina's threatened nullification,

— and Ft. Monroe, Va., 1833 ; in Creek Nation, 1833–34 ; in garrison at Ft. Macon, N. C., 1834, — and Ft. Monroe, Va., 1834 ; on Topographical duty, July 17, 1834, to June 28, 1836 ; in the Florida War against the

(FIRST LIEUT., 4TH ARTILLERY, JULY 31, 1836)

Seminole Indians, 1836–38 (Aide-de-Camp to Major-General Scott, Feb. 22 to May 21, 1836), being engaged in the Skirmish near the mouth of Jupiter Inlet, Jan. 15, 1838.

RESIGNED, MAY 31, 1837.

Civil History. — Civil Engineer, 1837–38.

Military History. — Re-appointed in the U. S. Army with the rank of FIRST LIEUT., CORPS OF TOPOGRAPHICAL ENGINEERS, JULY 7, 1838.

BVT. CAPTAIN, JULY 7, 1838, FOR GALLANTRY ON SEVERAL OCCASIONS IN THE WAR AGAINST THE FLORIDA INDIANS.

Served : in charge of Black River Improvement, N. Y., 1838–39 ; as Asst. Top. Engineer on the Survey of Sault St. Marie, 1840, and of Boundary between Texas and the United States, 1841, — on the improvement of Harbors on Lake Erie, 1841, — and in the Topographical Bureau at Washington, D. C., 1841–42 ; in the Florida War, 1842–43, as Acting Asst. Adjutant-General, Oct. 31, 1842, to Apr. 13, 1843 ; on Survey of the Boundary between the United States and the British Provinces, 1843–44 ; on Coast Survey, 1844–46 ; in the War with Mexico, 1847,

(CAPTAIN, CORPS OF TOPOGRAPHICAL ENGINEERS, SEP. 21, 1846)

being engaged in the Siege of Vera Cruz, Mar. 8–29, 1847, — Reconnoissance of Cerro Gordo, Apr. 12, 1847, where he was severely wounded

(BVT. MAJOR, APR. 12, 1847, FOR GALLANT AND MERITORIOUS CONDUCT AT CERRO GORDO, MEX., WHILST ON RECONNOITRING DUTY)

(LIEUT.-COLONEL, VOLTIGEURS, APR. 9, 1847)

(BVT. COLONEL, APR. 12, 1847, FOR GALLANT AND MERITORIOUS CONDUCT AT CERRO GORDO, MEX., WHILST ON RECONNOITRING DUTY)

(twice shot), — Battle of Contreras, Aug. 19–20, 1847, — Battle of Churubusco, Aug. 20, 1847, — Battle of Molino del Rey, Sep. 8, 1847, — Storming of Chapultepec, Sep. 13, 1847, — and Assault of the City of Mexico, Sep. 13, 1847, where he was wounded.

DISBANDED AS LIEUT.-COLONEL, VOLTIGEURS, AUG. 28, 1848.

Reinstated by Act of Congress, July 19, 1848, with his original rank as CAPTAIN, TOPOGRAPHICAL ENGINEERS, TO DATE FROM SEP. 21, 1846.

Served : as Chief Top. Engineer of the Department of Texas, 1848–53 ;

(BVT. LIEUT.-COL., SEP. 13, 1847, FOR GALLANT AND MERITORIOUS CONDUCT IN THE BATTLE OF CHAPULTEPEC, MEX.)

in charge of Western River Improvements, 1853–55 ; in garrison at Jef-

(LIEUT.-COLONEL, 1ST CAVALRY, MAR. 3, 1855, TO JUNE 28, 1860)

ferson Barracks, Mo., 1855 ; on Recruiting service, 1855 ; on frontier duty at Ft. Leavenworth, Kan., 1855–56, — and in quelling Kansas Disturbances, 1856 ; in garrison at Jefferson Barracks, Mo., 1856–57 ; in running the Southern Boundary of Kansas, Apr. 4 to Nov. 15, 1857 ; on Special duty at Washington, D. C., 1857–58 ; as Acting Inspector-General on Utah Expedition, May 3 to Aug. 26, 1858 ; on frontier duty at Ft. Riley, Kan., 1858 ; on detached service at Washington, D. C., Sep. 9, 1858, to June 28, 1860 ; and as Quartermaster-General, in charge of the

(BRIG.-GEN., STAFF — QUARTERMASTER-GENERAL OF THE U. S. ARMY, JUNE 28, 1860)

Quartermaster Department at Washington, D. C., June 28, 1860, to Apr. 22, 1861.

RESIGNED, APR. 22, 1861.

Joined in the Rebellion of 1861–66 against the United States.

Civil History. — President of an Insurance Company, 18— to 18—. Author of "Narrative of Military Operations," 1874. Declined Presidency of Arkansas Industrial University, 1875. Member of the U. S. House of Representatives, from the State of Virginia, Mar. 4, 1879, to Mar. 4, 1881. U. S. Commissioner of Railroads, Apr. 2, 1885, to July 10, 1889.

554..(Born Md.).....**JOHN F. KENNEDY**.....(Ap'd Md.)..**14**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1825, to July 1, 1829, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 1ST ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1829.

SECOND LIEUT., 1ST ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1829.

Served: at the Military Academy, as Asst. Instructor of Infantry Tactics, Nov. 1, 1829, to Jan. 16, 1830; on Staff duty at Headquarters of the Eastern Department, 1830–31; in garrison at Ft. Monroe, Va. (Artillery School for Practice), 1831–32, — and at Ft. Washington, Md., 1832–33; on Engineer duty (Cumberland Road), Mar. 18, 1833, to June 11, 1834; in garrison at Charleston harbor, S. C., 1834–35; and in

(FIRST LIEUT., 1ST ARTILLERY, OCT. 1, 1835)

the Florida War, on Ordnance and Commissary duty, 1836–37.

DIED, MAY 19, 1837, AT CHARLESTON, S. C.: AGED 30.

555..(Born Ky.)....**O. McKNIGHT MITCHEL**....(Ap'd Ky.)..**15**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1825, to July 1, 1829, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 2D ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1829.

SECOND LIEUT., 2D ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1829.

Served: at the Military Academy, as Asst. Professor of Mathematics, Aug. 30, 1829, to Aug. 28, 1831; and in garrison at Ft. Marion, Fla., 1832.

RESIGNED, SEP. 30, 1832.

Civil History. — Counselor at Law, Cincinnati, O., 1832–34. Chief Engineer of Little Miami Railroad, 1836–37. Professor of Mathematics, Philosophy, and Astronomy, Cincinnati College, O., 1834–44. Member of the Board of Visitors to the Military Academy, 1841. Lecturer on Astronomy, throughout the principal cities of the United States, 1842–48. Founder and Director of the Mitchel Observatory at Cincinnati, O., 1845–59. Editor and Publisher of the "Sidereal Messenger," an Astronomical Journal, 1846–48. Adjutant-General of the State of Ohio, 1847–48. Chief Engineer, Ohio and Mississippi Railroad, 1848–49, and 1852–53. Director of the Dudley Observatory, Albany, N. Y., 1859–61. Author of "Popular Astronomy," 1860, — of "Planetary and Stellar Worlds," 1860, — and of "Astronomy of the Bible," published 1863, after his death. Degree of A. M., conferred by Harvard University, Mas., 1848, — of F. R. A. S., by Royal Astronomical Society of London, Eng., — and of LL.D., by Washington College, Pa. Member of various scientific associations, 1834–61. Inventor of Declinometer, and other ingenious astronomical apparatus.

Military History. — Served during the Rebellion of the Seceding

(BRIG.-GENERAL, U. S. VOLUNTEERS, AUG. 9, 1861)

States, 1861–62 : in command of the Department of the Ohio, Sep. 19 to Nov. 15, 1861 ; in the Tennessee and North Alabama Campaign (Army of the Ohio), Nov., 1861–July, 1862, being engaged in organizing volunteers at Louisville, Ky., Nov.–Dec., 1861, — Occupation of Bowling Green, Ky. (abandoned by the Rebels), Feb. 9, 1862, and Nashville, Ten., Feb. 23, 1862, — March to Huntsville, Ala., Feb.–Apr., 1862, — Action near Bridgeport, Ala., Apr. 30, 1862, — and taking possession of the railroad from Decatur to Stevenson, by which the control of Northern

(MAJOR-GENERAL, U. S. VOLUNTEERS, APR. 11, 1862)

Alabama was secured ; and in command of the Department of the South, and 10th Army Corps, Sep. 17 to Oct. 30, 1862.

DIED, OCT. 30, 1862, AT BEAUFORT, S. C. : AGED 52.

BIOGRAPHICAL SKETCH.

PROFESSOR MITCHEL was born, Aug. 28, 1810, in Union County, Kentucky. Immediately after the death of his father his family removed to Ohio, where he acquired the elements of a classical and mathematical education ; at the age of twelve became a clerk in a store in the town of Miami ; and three years later entered the Military Academy, from which he was graduated, in 1829, fifteenth in a very notable class. Promoted to the Artillery, after his graduation leave of absence, he was detailed as an Asst. Professor of Mathematics in the Military Academy, remaining there two years, when he joined his company at Fort Marion, Fla. He resigned from the Army, Sep. 30, 1832, well knowing there was no prospect of achieving usefulness or fame except through persevering labor and an ardent ambition for distinction.

Immediately after his resignation he opened an office as Counselor at Law in Cincinnati, in which position he continued until the establishment of the Cincinnati College, in 1834, of which he was elected the Professor of Mathematics, Philosophy, and Astronomy, holding this position till 1844, when the college buildings were destroyed by fire. During his professorship, to add to his means, he became, in 1836–37, the Chief Engineer of the Little Miami Railway.

Mitchel, in 1842, to ascertain whether any interest could be excited in the public mind in favor of astronomy, delivered a course of lectures upon the subject in Cincinnati College. Encouraged by their success, he matured a plan for the building of an observatory, but found that besides money there were required a good model for the structure, a practical knowledge of astronomy, and suitable instruments for observations. These were not to be obtained in this new country ; therefore he resolved to go at once to Europe, for which he embarked, June 16, 1842, in a sailing vessel, not having money enough to go in a steamer. Failing to find what he wanted in England or France, he proceeded to Fraunhofer's famous optical institute in Munich, where he procured a twelve-inch object-glass for his equatorial telescope. Returning to England he entered the Greenwich Observatory as a student, and after a few months of diligent practice came back to America.

Nicholas Longworth having given four acres on a hilltop near Cincinnati for a site for the observatory, preparations were made to commence its erection. On Nov. 9, 1853, the corner-stone of the pier, upon which was to be placed the great Refracting Telescope, was laid with appropriate ceremonies, John Quincy Adams, "the old man eloquent," there making his last notable oration. In two years the observatory was completed ; but Mitchel had consumed all of his private funds, and was now without income, his professorship having ended with the burning of the College. But what seemed his misfortune was a blessing in disguise,

for, when once thrown upon his own creative energies, his "sleepless soul" knew no rest.

"My ordinary means of support," says he, "were thus destroyed at a single blow. I had engaged to conduct the Observatory without compensation from the society for ten years, in the hope that my college salary would be sufficient for my wants. It was impossible to abandon the Observatory. The College could not be rebuilt, at least for several years, and in this emergency I found it necessary to seek some means of support least inconsistent with my duties in the Observatory. My public lectures at home had been comparatively well received, and after much hesitation it was resolved to make an experiment elsewhere."

With his characteristic boldness, immense energy, and unbounded enthusiasm, he entered the field as a professional lecturer, in which he continued with brilliant success for fifteen years, making the tour of almost every city in the United States. In these lectures he never attempted to amuse his audience, but in flights of eloquence soared to the realms above, and thither carried his entranced hearers. He never forgot the dignity and sublimity of his lofty theme, but by his earnestness and magnetism won the sympathy of his listeners, and held them captive to the end.

Besides lecturing, he became the editor of an astronomical journal, was the Adjutant-General of Ohio for a year, and became the Chief Engineer of the Ohio and Mississippi Railway for some years.

In the mean time Mitchel did not forget his obligations to the Observatory, from which he made many valuable discoveries in the stellar world, and greatly improved astronomical instruments and methods. His pioneer Mitchel Observatory was succeeded in 1859 by the Dudley Observatory, in Albany, he being its director. To Mitchel, more than to any other person, is due the great interest in our country in astronomical science, which has been since so greatly developed.

When the Rebellion began, he put away his telescopes and girded on his sword for the defense of that flag whose stars he reverenced as those he had continually watched in the highest heavens. He was at once made a Brigadier-General of Volunteers, and placed in command of the Department of the Ohio, with his headquarters at Cincinnati. While there he carefully surveyed the approaches to the city, built redoubts and projected intrenchments at the prominent points, which served a good purpose when Cincinnati was subsequently threatened by a large rebel force.

When the Departments of the Ohio and Cumberland were merged, Mitchel was engaged in organizing volunteers at Louisville, then occupied Bowling Green and Nashville, and in March, 1862, moved on Huntsville, Ala. Here, seizing the rolling stock of the Charleston Railroad, he took command of one expedition to Stevenson, and sent another to Decatur, thus securing one hundred and twenty miles of railway, and the possession of Northern Alabama. For these brilliant achievements he was promoted to be a Major-General of Volunteers, and Sep. 17, 1862, took command of the Tenth Army Corps and Department of the South. Here, in the midst of his usefulness and rapidly maturing plans for future successes, he was attacked by the yellow fever, and died at Beaufort, S. C., Oct. 30, 1862, at the early age of fifty-two.

Professor Mitchel was eminent as a man of science, ingenious as a mechanical inventor, brilliant as a lecturer, brave and energetic as a soldier, faithful and whole-hearted as a patriot, and most devout as a Christian. He filled creditably many spheres in civil and military life, was honored by several institutions of learning, and died deeply lamented that his career of goodness and usefulness was so quickly ended.

556..(Born Va.).....**GUSTAVUS BROWN**.....(Ap'd Ky.)..**16**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1825, to July 1, 1829, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 3D ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1829.

SECOND LIEUT., 3D ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1829.

Served: in garrison at Ft. Independence, Mas., 1829–31, — and Ft. Monroe, Va. (Artillery School for Practice), 1831–32; and on "Black Hawk Expedition," 1832, but not at the seat of war.

DIED, JULY 12, 1832, AT FT. DEARBORN, ILL.: AGED 23.

557..(Born Mas.)....**SIDNEY BURBANK***.....(Ap'd Mas.)..**17**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1825, to July 1, 1829, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 1ST INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1829.

SECOND LIEUT., 1ST INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1829.

Served: on frontier duty at Ft. Winnebago, Wis., 1830–31, — Dubuque Mines, Io., 1831, — and Ft. Armstrong, Ill., 1831–32; in the "Black Hawk" War against the Sac Indians, 1832; on Recruiting service, 1833–35; on frontier duty at Ft. Crawford, Wis., 1835–36; at the Mili-

(FIRST LIEUT., 1ST INFANTRY, OCT. 29, 1836)

tary Academy, as Asst. Instructor of Infantry Tactics, Apr. 4, 1836, to Dec. 9, 1839; in the Florida War against the Seminole Indians, 1840–41,

(CAPTAIN, 1ST INFANTRY, NOV. 8, 1839)

being engaged in a Skirmish near Suwanee Old Town, Jan. 21, 1841; on frontier duty at Ft. Crawford, Wis., 1841–43, 1843–45, — Ft. Leavenworth, Kan., 1845, — Ft. Scott, Kan., 1845–48, — March through Texas to Ft. Duncan, Tex., 1848–49, — and at Ft. McIntosh, Tex., 1850–52; on Recruiting service, 1852–54; on frontier duty at Ft. Duncan, Tex., 1854–55, 1856–59; and as Superintendent of Western Recruiting Service,

(MAJOR, 2D INFANTRY, DEC. 8, 1855)

(TRANSFERRED TO 1ST INFANTRY, JULY 3, 1856)

at Newport Barracks, Ky., July 16, 1859, to July 1, 1861.

LIEUT.-COLONEL, 13TH INFANTRY, MAY 14, 1861.

Served during the Rebellion of the Seceding States, 1861–66: in recruiting his regiment, 1861–63; in the Rappahannock Campaign, com-

(COLONEL, 2D INFANTRY, SEP. 16, 1862)

manding brigade of Regulars (Army of the Potomac), Apr.-May, 1863, being engaged in the Battle of Chancellorsville, Va., May 2–4, 1863; in the Pennsylvania Campaign (Army of the Potomac), June–July, 1863, being engaged in the Battle of Gettysburg, Pa., in command of Regular

(BVT. BRIG.-GENERAL, U. S. ARMY, MAR. 13, 1865, FOR GALLANT AND MERITORIOUS SERVICES AT THE BATTLE OF GETTYSBURG, PA.

brigade, July 2, 1863, — and pursuit of the enemy to Manassas Gap; in command of 1st Brigade of Regulars (Army of the Potomac) in the field, Sep., 1863, to Jan., 1864, — of Draft Rendezvous at Columbus, O., Jan. 18 to June 26, 1864, — and of 2d Infantry, headquarters at Newport Barracks, Ky., June 26, 1864, to Jan., 1866, and at Louisville, Ky., Jan. to Oct., 1866.

Served: as President of Examining Board of Candidates for Army Appointments, Oct. 1, 1866, to May 31, 1867; in command of regiment at Louisville, Ky., Dec., 1866, to Feb. 19, 1867, and Feb. 28 to Apr. 3,

1867; as Assistant Commissioner of the Bureau of Refugees, Freedmen, and Abandoned Lands, Jan., 1867, to Feb., 1869; in command of the District of Kentucky, Feb. 19, 1867, to Feb. 28, 1869; and as Superintendent

(UNASSIGNED, MAR. 15, 1869, TO MAY 1, 1870)

of General Recruiting Service, Apr. 26, 1869, to May 1, 1870.

RETIRED FROM ACTIVE SERVICE, MAY 1, 1870, ON HIS OWN APPLICATION, AFTER 40 CONSECUTIVE YEARS OF SERVICE.

DIED, DEC. 7, 1882, AT NEWPORT, KY., AGED 75.

* Was the son of Lieut.-Colonel SULLIVAN BURBANK, who served in the War of 1812-15, and was severely wounded at the Battle of Niagara.

558..(Born N. Y.)..**WILLIAM HOFFMAN***....(Ap'd N. Y.)..**18**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1825, to July 1, 1829, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 6TH INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1829.

SECOND LIEUT., 6TH INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1829.

Served: in garrison at Jefferson Barracks, Mo., 1829; on frontier duty at Ft. Leavenworth, Kan., 1829-31, — in "Black Hawk" War against the Sac Indians, 1832, — and at Ft. Leavenworth, Kan., 1833; on Recruiting service, 1833-35; in garrison at Jefferson Barracks, Mo., 1835-36; on

(FIRST LIEUT., 6TH INFANTRY, NOV. 16, 1836)

frontier duty at Ft. Jesup, La., 1836, — and Camp Sabine, La., 1836; in the Florida War, 1837-40, 1840-42; on Recruiting service, 1842; on

(CAPTAIN, 6TH INFANTRY, FEB. 1, 1838)

frontier duty at Ft. Smith, Ark., 1843-45, 1845-46; in Mustering Volunteers into service, 1846; in the War with Mexico, 1846-48, being engaged on the march through Chihuahua, 1846, — Siege of Vera Cruz, Mar. 9-29, 1847, — Battle of Cerro Gordo, Apr. 17-18, 1847, — Skirmish of Amazoque, May 14, 1847, — Capture of San Antonio, Aug. 20, 1847, — Battle of Churubusco, Aug. 20, 1847, — Battle of Molino del Rey, Sep. 8,

(BVT. MAJOR, AUG. 20, 1847, FOR GALLANT AND MERITORIOUS CONDUCT IN THE BATTLES OF CONTRERAS AND CHURUBUSCO, MEX.)

1847, — Storming of Chapultepec, Sep. 13, 1847, — and Assault and Cap-

(BVT. LIEUT.-COL., SEP. 8, 1847, FOR GALLANT AND MERITORIOUS CONDUCT IN THE BATTLE OF MOLINO DEL REY, MEX.)

ture of the City of Mexico, Sep. 13-14, 1847; on Recruiting service, 1848-49; on frontier duty at Ft. Leavenworth, Kan., 1849-50, — and at the Crossing of the Arkansas, Kan., 1851; on leave of absence, 1851-52;

(MAJOR, 5TH INFANTRY, APR. 15, 1851)

in garrison at Jefferson Barracks, Mo., 1852, — and Newport Barracks,

(TRANSFERRED TO 6TH INFANTRY, FEB. 20, 1852)

Ky., 1852-54; on frontier duty at Ft. Laramie, Dak., 1854-55, — Sioux Expedition, 1855, — Ft. Laramie, Dak., 1855-57, — Utah Expedition, 1858, — March to California, 1858, — Mojave Country, 1858-59, — and Benicia, Cal., 1859-60; on leave of absence, 1860-61; and on frontier

(LIEUT.-COLONEL, 8TH INFANTRY, OCT. 17, 1860)

duty at San Antonio, Tex., where he was made a prisoner of war by the Texas Rebels, and not exchanged till Aug. 27, 1862.

Served during the Rebellion of the Seceding States, 1862-66: as Com-

(COLONEL, 3D INFANTRY, APR. 25, 1862)

(BVT. BRIG.-GENERAL, U. S. ARMY, OCT. 7, 1864, FOR FAITHFUL AND MERITORIOUS SERVICES DURING THE REBELLION)

missary-General of Prisoners at Washington, D. C., Oct. 23, 1861, to

(BRIG. MAJ.-GENERAL, U. S. ARMY, MAR. 13, 1865, FOR FAITHFUL, MERITORIOUS, AND DISTINGUISHED SERVICES AS COMMISSARY-GENERAL OF PRISONERS DURING THE REBELLION)

Nov. 3, 1865; in command of regiment at St. Louis, Mo., Dec. 16, 1865, to Apr. 18, 1866.

Served: in command of regiment at Ft. Leavenworth, Kan., Apr. 18, 1866, to Mar. 6, 1868; on leave of absence and awaiting orders, Mar. 6, 1868, to Apr. 26, 1869; and as Superintendent of General Recruiting Ser-

(UNASSIGNED, MAR. 15, 1869)

vice to May 1, 1870.

RETIRED FROM ACTIVE SERVICE, MAY 1, 1870, ON HIS OWN APPLICATION, AFTER 40 CONSECUTIVE YEARS OF SERVICE.

DIED, AUG. 12, 1884, AT ROCK ISLAND, ILL.: AGED 76.

* Was the son of Lieut.-Colonel WILLIAM HOFFMAN, who served in the War of 1812-15.

559..(Born S. C.).....**CHARLES PETIGRU**.....(Ap'd S. C.)..**19**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1825, to July 1, 1829, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 4TH ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1829.

SECOND LIEUT., 4TH ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1829.

Served: in garrison at Ft. McHenry, Md., 1829-31; on Recruiting service, 1831; in garrison at New Castle, Del., 1831-32, — Ft. Columbus, N. Y., 1832, — and Ft. Hamilton, N. Y., 1832; and on Ordnance duty, Jan. 1, 1833, to Oct. 6, 1835.

DIED, OCT. 6, 1835, AT APPALACHICOLA, FLA.: AGED 29.

560..(Born N. J.).....**FRANKLIN E. HUNT**....(Ap'd N. J.)..**20**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1824, to July 1, 1829, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 4TH ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1829.

SECOND LIEUT., 4TH ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1829.

Served: in garrison at Ft. Columbus, N. Y., 1830-31, — and Ft. Hamilton, N. Y., 1831-32; on the "Black Hawk Expedition," 1832, but not at the seat of war; in garrison at Ft. Columbus, N. Y., 1832-33, — and Ft. Monroe, Va., 1833; in Creek Nation, 1833-34; in garrison at Ft. Monroe, Va., 1834; on Engineer duty, Sep. 11, 1834, to June 28, 1836; in Operations in Creek Nation, 1836; in the Florida War, 1836-38; in

(FIRST LIEUT., 4TH ARTILLERY, AUG. 15, 1836)

Cherokee Nation, 1838, while transferring the Indians to the West; in garrison at Ft. Columbus, N. Y., 1838; in the Florida War, 1838-39; in garrison at Ft. Columbus, N. Y., 1839; at the Camp of Instruction near Trenton, N. J., 1839; on the Northern Frontier during Canada Border Disturbances, at Dearbornville, Mich., 1839-41, — Detroit, Mich., 1841, — and Buffalo, N. Y., 1841-42; in garrison at Ft. McHenry, Md., 1842-44, — Carlisle Barracks, Pa., 1844-45, — Ft. McHenry, Md., 1845-46, — and Ft. Monroe, Va., 1846; in the War with Mexico, 1846-48, at Camargo;

(CAPTAIN, 4TH ARTILLERY, JUNE 18, 1846, TO MAR. 2, 1855)

on frontier duty at Ft. Polk, Tex., 1848-50, — Ft. Brown, Tex., 1850, —

and Ft. Leavenworth, Kan., 1850–55; and on Paymaster duty, at Ft.
(MAJOR, STAFF — PAYMASTER, MAR. 2, 1855)
Leavenworth, Kan., 1855, — Ft. Snelling, Min., 1855–57, — Ft. Leavenworth, Kan., 1857, — and on Utah Expedition, and in the Department of Utah, 1857–61.

Served during the Rebellion of the Seceding States, 1861–66: as Chief of the Pay District embracing Kansas, Nebraska, Colorado, and Indian Territories, 1861–67, being Volunteer Aide-de-Camp to Major-General Curtis, in charge of the Artillery and the defenses of Ft. Leavenworth, Kan., during the Rebel Raid under General Price, in 1864.

BVT. LIEUT.-COL., MAR. 13, 1865, FOR FAITHFUL AND MERITORIOUS SERVICES DURING THE REBELLION.

Served: as Chief Paymaster, District of Leavenworth, Kan., May 10, 1867, to Apr. 15, 1869, — of the Department of the Missouri, Apr. 15, 1869, to Feb. 24, 1871, and Mar. 2, 1872, to June 7, 1879; and Paymaster at Ft. Leavenworth, Kan., Feb. 24, 1871, to Mar. 3, 1877.

LIEUT.-COL., STAFF — DEP. PAYMASTER-GEN., MAR. 3, 1877.

RETIRED, JUNE 7, 1879, HE BEING OVER THE AGE OF 62 YEARS.

DIED, FEB. 2, 1881, AT FT. LEAVENWORTH, KAN.: AGED 72.

561..(Born N. Y.)..**LANCASTER P. LUPTON**..(Ap'd N. Y.)..**21**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1825, to July 1, 1829, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 3D INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1829.

Served: on frontier duty at Jefferson Barracks, Mo., 1829–30, — on Red River, about Natchitoches, La., 1830–31, — Ft. Towson, I. T., 1831–33, —
(SECOND LIEUT., 1ST DRAGOONS, MAR. 4, 1833)
(FIRST LIEUT., 1ST DRAGOONS, MAR. 4, 1833)
Ft. Gibson, I. T., 1834, — Santa Fé Trace, 1834, — Ft. Gibson, I. T., 1834, — Ft. Leavenworth, Kan., 1834–35, — Expedition to Rocky Mountains, 1835, — and Ft. Leavenworth, Kan., 1835; and on leave of absence, 1835–36.

RESIGNED, MAR. 31, 1836.

Civil History. — Fur Trader among the Rocky Mountains, 1836–45. Farmer, near Pueblo City, N. M., 1846-49. Merchant in California, 1849–52. Mining, near Coloma, Cal., 1852–59, and near Greenwood, Cal., 1859–62. Farmer in San Joaquin County, Cal., 1862–68, and in Humboldt County, Cal., 1874–85.

DIED, AUG. 2, 1885, NEAR ARCATA, CAL.: AGED 78.

562..(Born Me.).....**SETH EASTMAN**.....(Ap'd Me.)..**22**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1824, to July 1, 1829, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 1ST INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1829.

SECOND LIEUT., 1ST INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1829.

Served: on frontier duty at Ft. Crawford, Wis., 1829–30, — and Ft. Snelling, Min., 1830–31; on Topographical duty, Nov. 25, 1831, to Jan. 9, 1833; at the Military Academy, as Asst. Teacher of Drawing, Jan. 22,
(FIRST LIEUT., 1ST INFANTRY, NOV. 14, 1836)
1833, to Jan. 22, 1840; in the Florida War, 1840–41; on frontier duty
(CAPTAIN, 1ST INFANTRY, NOV. 12, 1839)

at Ft. Snelling, Min., 1841–46; on Recruiting service, 1846; on frontier duty at Ft. Snelling, Min., 1846–48, — and on march through Texas to San Antonio, Fredericksburg, and the Nueces River, 1848–49; in the Bureau of the Commissioner of Indian Affairs, Feb. 27, 1850, to May 10, 1855, illustrating the national work on the "History, Condition, and Future Prospects of the Indian Tribes of the United States," published by order of Congress, 1850–57; on frontier duty at Ft. Duncan, Tex., 1855,— and Ft. Chadbourne, Tex., 1855–56; on Special duty in the

(MAJOR, 5TH INFANTRY, OCT. 31, 1856)

Quartermaster-General's Office at Washington, D. C., 1857-58; on frontier duty, in conducting recruits to Utah, 1858, — and at Ft. Crittenden, Utah, 1858–59; and on Special duty at Washington, D. C., 1859–61.

Served during the Rebellion of the Seceding States, 1861–66: as

(LIEUT.-COLONEL, 1ST INFANTRY, SEP. 9, 1861)

Mustering and Disbursing Officer for Maine and New Hampshire, Apr., 1861, to Jan., 1863; as Military Governor of Cincinnati, O., Jan. 16,

(RETIRED FROM ACTIVE SERVICE, DEC. 3, 1863, FOR DISABILITY, RESULTING FROM LONG AND FAITHFUL SERVICE, AND DISEASE AND EXPOSURE IN THE LINE OF DUTY)

1863, to Jan. 20, 1864; in command of Elmira, N. Y., Jan. 26 to Oct., 1864, — and of Ft. Mifflin, Pa., Nov., 1864, to Nov., 1865; and as Member of Board for the Examination of Candidates for Promotion in the Army, Nov. 16, 1865, to Dec. 1, 1866.

BVT. COLONEL, AND BVT. BRIG.-GENERAL, U. S. ARMY, AUG. 9, 1866, FOR MERITORIOUS SERVICES DURING THE REBELLION.

Served: in command of Harrodsburg Military Asylum, Ky., Dec. 19, 1866, to Sep., 1867; and under the orders of the Secretary of the Interior, Sep., 1867, to Feb. 21, 1870.

Civil History. — Elected Professor of Topographical Drawing and Painting in Jefferson College, Mis., 1839: declined. Author of a "Treatise on Topographical Drawing," 1837. Member of the National Academy of Design, 1838.

DIED, AUG. 31, 1875, AT WASHINGTON, D. C.: AGED 68.

563..(Born N. Y.).....**THOMAS SWORDS**.....(Ap'd N. Y.)..**23**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1825, to July 1, 1829, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 4TH INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1829.

SECOND LIEUT., 4TH INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1829.

Served: in garrison at Ft. Mitchell, Ala., 1829–30; in Operations in Cherokee Nation, 1830; in garrison at Ft. Mitchell, Ala., 1830–32, — Ft. Brooke, Fla., 1832, — and Cantonment Clinch, Fla., 1832; on Engineer duty, Nov. 2, 1832, to Mar. 4, 1833; in garrison at Jefferson Barracks,

(FIRST LIEUT., 1ST DRAGOONS, MAR. 4, 1833)

Mo., 1833; on frontier duty at Ft. Gibson, I. T., and on Expedition to Tow-e-ash Villages, 1834, — and at Ft. Leavenworth, Kan., 1834; on

(ASST. QUARTERMASTER, DEC. 4, 1834, TO JULY 7, 1838)

Recruiting service, 1835; and on Quartermaster duty at Ft. Leavenworth,

(CAPTAIN, 1ST DRAGOONS, MAR. 3, 1837, TO APR. 21, 1846)

(CAPT., STAFF — ASST. QUARTERMASTER, JULY 7, 1838)

Kan., 1835–37, 1838–39, 1839–42, — Ft. Scott, Kan., 1842–46, superintending the erection of Barracks, — in the War with Mexico, as Chief

(MAJOR, STAFF — QUARTERMASTER, APR. 21, 1846)

Quartermaster of the Army of the West, June 19, 1846, to May 26, 1847, being engaged in the Combat of San Pasqual, Cal., Dec. 6, 1846, — in the Quartermaster-General's Office at Washington, D. C., 1847–48, — in the

(BVT. LIEUT.-COL., MAY 30, 1848, FOR MERITORIOUS CONDUCT WHILE SERVING IN THE ENEMY'S COUNTRY)

War with Mexico, at Vera Cruz, 1848, — in the Quartermaster-General's Office at Washington, D. C., 1848–50, — at St. Louis, Mo., 1850–51, — on Inspection of the Department of New Mexico, 1851, — at New York city,

(LIEUT.-COL., STAFF — DEP. QUARTERMASTER-GEN., AUG. 1, 1856)

1852–57, — and as Chief Quartermaster of the Department of the Pacific,

(COL., STAFF — ASST. QUARTERMASTER-GEN., AUG. 3, 1861)

headquarters at San Francisco, Cal., Mar. 4, 1857, to Sep. 10, 1861.

Served during the Rebellion of the Seceding States, 1861–66 : as Chief Quartermaster of the Department of the Cumberland, Oct. 13 to Nov. 15, 1861, — and of the Department of the Ohio, Nov. 15, 1861, to May 30, 1863 ; as Supervising Quartermaster of the Department of the Cumberland, May 30 to Nov. 10, 1863, and of the Department of the Ohio, May 30, 1863, to Jan. 17, 1865, being engaged in the Battle of Chickamauga, Ga., Sep. 19–20, 1863 ; as Depot Quartermaster at Cincinnati, O., Jan. 17, 1865, to Nov. 6, 1866 ; and as Chief Quartermaster of the Department

(BVT. BRIG.-GENERAL, AND BVT. MAJ.-GENERAL, U. S. ARMY, MAR. 13, 1865, FOR FAITHFUL AND EFFICIENT SERVICES IN THE QUARTERMASTER'S DEPARTMENT DURING THE REBELLION)

of the Tennessee, headquarters at Louisville, Ky., Nov. 6, 1866, to Mar. 16, 1867.

Served : as Chief Quartermaster of the Department of the Cumberland, Mar. 16, 1867, to Apr. 30, 1869.

RETIRED FROM ACTIVE SERVICE, FEB. 22, 1869, UNDER THE LAW OF JULY 17, 1862, HE BEING OVER THE AGE OF 62 YEARS.

DIED, MAR 20, 1886, AT NEW YORK CITY : AGED 79.

564..(Born N. H.)....**ALBEMARLE CADY**....(Ap'd N. H.)..**24**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1825, to July 1, 1829, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 6TH INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1829.

SECOND LIEUT., 6TH INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1829.

Served : on frontier duty at Ft. Leavenworth, Kan., 1830–33, — and Jefferson Barracks, Mo., 1833–34 ; on Engineer duty, Sep. 11, 1834, to

(FIRST LIEUT., 6TH INFANTRY, DEC. 31, 1836)

June 28, 1836, and July 11, 1836, to Apr. 10, 1837 ; on frontier duty at Camp Sabine, La., 1837–38 ; in the Florida War, 1838–42 ; on frontier

(CAPTAIN, 6TH INFANTRY, JULY 7, 1838)

duty at Ft. Towson, I. T., 1842, — and Ft. Gibson, I. T., 1843–46 ; in the War with Mexico, 1846–48, being engaged in the Siege of Vera Cruz, Mar. 9–29, 1847, — Battle of Cerro Gordo, Apr. 17–18, 1847, — Skirmish of Amazoque, May 14, 1847, — Capture of San Antonio, Aug. 20, 1847, — Battle of Churubusco, Aug. 20, 1847, — and Battle of Molino del Rey, Sep. 8, 1847, where he was wounded ; in garrison at Jefferson Barracks,

(BVT. MAJOR, SEP. 8, 1847, FOR GALLANT AND MERITORIOUS CONDUCT IN THE BATTLE OF MOLINO DEL REY, MEX.)

Mo., 1848, — and Ft. Scott, Kan., 1848 ; on Recruiting service, 1849–50 ; on frontier duty at Ft. Scott, Kan., 1850–52, — Ft. Riley, Kan., 1853–54,

— and on Santa Fé Route, near Ft. Atkinson, Kan., 1854 ; in garrison at
(MAJOR, 6TH INFANTRY, JAN. 27, 1853)
Jefferson Barracks, Mo., 1854–55 ; on frontier duty on the Sioux Expedition, 1855, being engaged in the Action of Blue Water, Dak., Sep. 3, 1855, — and near Ft. Pierre, Dak., 1855–56 ; as Superintendent of General Recruiting Service, July 1, 1857, to June 30, 1859 ; and on frontier duty at Ft. Yuma, Cal., 1860–61.

Served during the Rebellion of the Seceding States, 1861–66 : in com-
(LIEUT.-COLONEL, 7TH INFANTRY, JUNE 6, 1861)
mand of the District of Oregon, Oct. 23, 1861, to Apr. 7, 1862 ; on sick leave of absence and awaiting orders, Apr.–Nov., 1862 ; on duty at San Francisco, Cal., Nov., 1862, to Jan. 29, 1863 ; as Acting Inspector-General of the Department of the Pacific, Jan. 29 to July 31, 1863 ; in waiting orders and before the Retiring Board at Wilmington, Del., July 31, 1863, to Feb. 6, 1864 ; in command of Draft Rendezvous at New
(COLONEL, 8TH INFANTRY, OCT. 20, 1863)
Haven, Ct., Mar. 4, 1864, to Oct. 25, 1865 ; and unemployed, Oct. 25,
(RETIRED FROM ACTIVE SERVICE, MAY 18, 1864, FOR DISABILITY, RESULTING FROM LONG AND FAITHFUL SERVICE, AND DISEASE AND EXPOSURE IN THE LINE OF DUTY)
1865, to Dec. 18, 1866.

(BVT. BRIG.-GENERAL, U. S. ARMY, MAR. 13, 1865, FOR LONG AND FAITHFUL SERVICES IN THE ARMY.)

Served on Court of Inquiry at New York, Dec., 1866, to Mar. 31, 1867.

DIED, MAR. 14, 1888, AT NEW HAVEN, CT. : AGED 81.

565. (Born N. Y.) . . . . **THOMAS A. DAVIES** . . . . (Ap'd N. Y) . . **25**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1825, to July 1, 1829, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to
BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 1ST INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1829.

Served : on frontier duty at Ft. Crawford, Wis., 1829–30, — Chippewa River, 1830, — and Ft. Crawford, Wis., 1830 ; and at West Point, N. Y., July 29, 1830, to July 9, 1831.

RESIGNED, OCT. 31, 1831.

Civil History. — Civil Engineer, 1831–33, and 1840–41, on Croton Aqueduct, to supply water to the city of New York. Merchant, New York city, 1833–39, and 1841–61.

Military History. — Served during the Rebellion of the Seceding
(COLONEL, 16TH NEW YORK VOLUNTEERS, MAY 15, 1861)
States, 1861–65 : in Defense of Washington, D. C., May–July, 1861 ; in the Manassas Campaign, July, 1861, being engaged in a skirmish near Fairfax C. H., July 18, 1861, — and Battle of Bull Run, July 21, 1861 ; in the defenses of Washington, July–Oct., 1861 ; on sick leave of absence, Oct., 1861 ; in the defenses of Alexandria, Va., Nov., 1861, to Mar. 7,
(BRIG.-GENERAL, U. S. VOLUNTEERS, MAR. 7, 1862)
1862 ; in the Mississippi Campaign of 1862, being engaged in the Advance upon and Siege of Corinth, Apr. 12 to May 30, 1862 ; on sick leave of absence, June–July, 1862 ; in Northern Mississippi, being present at the Battle of Iuka, Sep. 19, 1862, but not engaged, — and participated in the Battle of Corinth, Oct. 3–4, 1862 ; in command of the District of

Columbus, Ky., Oct. 23, 1862, to Jan. 11, 1863, — of the District of Rolla, Mo., Mar., 1863, to Mar., 1864, — of the District of North Kansas, Mar., 1864, to Apr., 1865, — and of the District of Wisconsin, Apr. 20 to

(BVT. MAJ.-GENERAL, U. S. VOLUNTEERS, JULY 11, 1865, FOR GALLANT AND MERITORIOUS SERVICES)

June 15, 1865; and on leave of absence, June 15 to Aug. 24, 1865.

MUSTERED OUT OF VOLUNTEER SERVICE, AUG. 24, 1865.

566..(Born Mas.)..**ALBERT G. BLANCHARD**..(Ap'd Mas.)..**26**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1825, to July 1, 1829, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 3D INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1829.

Served: on frontier duty at Jefferson Barracks, Mo., 1829–30, — in the Choctaw Nation, 1830–31, — and Ft. Jesup, La., 1831–32; on Re-

(SECOND LIEUT., 3D INFANTRY, AUG. 31, 1833)

cruiting service, 1833–34; on frontier duty at Ft. Jesup, La., 1834–37;

(FIRST LIEUT., 3D INFANTRY, OCT. 30, 1836)

in improving the navigation of Sabine River and Lake, La., 1837–38; and on Recruiting service, 1838–40.

RESIGNED, OCT. 1, 1840.

Civil History. — Merchant, New Orleans, La., 1840–46. Director of Public Schools in New Orleans, La., 1843–45.

Military History. — Served in the War with Mexico, 1846–48, as

CAPTAIN, LOUISIANA VOLUNTEERS, MAY 15, 1846,

being engaged in the Battle of Monterey, Sep. 21–23, 1846, — and Siege of Vera Cruz, Mar. 9–29, 1847; and was re-appointed in the U. S. Army as

CAPTAIN, VOLTIGEURS, APR. 9, 1847: DECLINED.

Re-appointed in the United States Army with the rank of

MAJOR, 12TH INFANTRY, MAY 27, 1847.

Served in the War with Mexico, 1847–48, as Superintendent of Recruiting Service at New Orleans, and in command of his regiment at Cuernavaca, Mex.

DISBANDED, JULY 25, 1848.

Civil History. — Teacher of Public Schools, New Orleans, La., 1848–50. District Surveyor, 2d Municipality, New Orleans, La., 1848–52. Acting Surveyor of Lafayette, La., 1851, — and of Jefferson City, La., 1853. Chief of Survey of New Orleans and Opelousas Railroad, La., 1851–52. Deputy Surveyor of the City of New Orleans, La., 1852–54. Secretary and Treasurer of New Orleans and Carrollton and of Jefferson and Lake Pontchartrain Railroad Companies, 1854–61.

Joined in the Rebellion of 1861–66 against the United States.

Civil History. — Surveyor and Civil Engineer, 1866–70. Deputy Surveyor of the City of New Orleans, La., 1870–78; and Asst. City Surveyor, 1878 to 18—.

567..(Born Mas.)....**CHILEAB S. HOWE**.....(Ap'd N. Y.)..**27**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1825, to July 1, 1829, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 4TH INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1829.

SECOND LIEUT., 4TH INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1829.

Served: in garrison at Cantonment Clinch, Fla., 1829–30, — and

Baton Rouge, La., 1830; on Engineer duty, Feb. 25, 1830, to Nov. 1, 1833; as Adjutant, 4th Infantry, at Regimental headquarters, Nov. 1,

(FIRST LIEUT., 4TH INFANTRY, JAN. 31, 1836)

1833, to Feb. 4, 1835; and in Operations in Cherokee Nation, 1835–38.

RESIGNED, FEB. 28, 1838.

Civil History. — Planter, Pickens' Mills, Marengo County, Ala., 1838–44, — and near Okolona, Chickasaw County, Mis., 1844–66. Merchant, Memphis, Ten., 1866–75.

DIED, JUNE 9, 1875, AT MEMPHIS, TEN.: AGED 66.

568..(Born Mas.).....**CALEB C. SIBLEY***.....(Ap'd Mas.)..**28**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1825, to July 1, 1829, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 5TH INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1829.

SECOND LIEUT., 5TH INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1829.

Served: on frontier duty at Ft. Mackinac, Mich., 1829–32, — Ft. Howard, Wis., 1832–36, — Ft. Winnebago, Wis., 1837, — and Ft. Craw-

(FIRST LIEUT., 5TH INFANTRY, OCT. 31, 1836)

ford, Wis., 1837–40; as Adjutant, 5th Infantry, Aug. 4, 1838, to Sep. 22, 1840; on frontier duty at Ft. Snelling, Min., 1840–41, — and Detroit,

(CAPTAIN, 5TH INFANTRY, SEP. 22, 1840)

Mich., 1841–45; in Military Occupation of Texas, 1845–46; on Recruiting service, 1846–47; in the War with Mexico, 1847–48; on frontier duty at Ft. Smith, Ark., 1848–50, — Ft. Gibson, I. T., 1850–51, — Ft. Smith, Ark., 1851, — March to Brazos River, Tex., 1851, — Clear Fork of the Brazos, 1851–53, 1854, — San Antonio, Tex., 1854, — Ringgold Barracks, Tex., 1854, — Scouting, 1854, — Ringgold Barracks, Tex., 1854–56, — and Pavilion Key, Fla., 1857; in garrison at Jefferson Barracks, Mo., 1857; on March to Utah, 1857; on sick leave of absence, 1857–59; on frontier

(MAJOR, 3D INFANTRY, JAN. 19, 1859)

duty at Albuquerque, N. M., 1860, — Ft. McIntosh, Tex., 1860–61, — Matagorda Bay, Tex., 1861, in command of Battalion, which he surren-

(LIEUT.-COLONEL, 9TH INFANTRY, OCT. 9, 1861)

dered to the Rebels commanded by General Van Dorn; and on parole at Ft. Hamilton, N. Y., 1861.

Served during the Rebellion of the Seceding States, 1862–66: in command of 9th Infantry, at San Francisco, Cal., Jan. 15, 1862, to Sep. 8, 1863; en route to Wilmington, Del., to appear before the Retiring Board, Sep. 8, 1863, to Jan. 25, 1864; in command of 9th Infantry, at San

(COLONEL, 16TH INFANTRY, APR. 20, 1864)

Francisco, Cal., Jan. 25 to Oct. 21, 1864; on detached service at New York, Nov., 1864; in command of 16th Infantry, and Superintendent of Regimental Recruiting Service, at Fort Ontario, N. Y., Nov. 29, 1864, to June, 1865, — and at Madison Barracks, N. Y., June, 1865, to Apr., 1866; in command of Nashville, Ten., May 5 to June 25, 1866; on leave of absence, June 25 to Nov. 30, 1866.

Served: in command of Savannah, Ga., Nov. 30, 1866, to Mar. 1, 1867, and of District of Georgia, headquarters at Macon, Mar. 12, 1867, to Feb. 22, 1869.

RETIRED FROM ACTIVE SERVICE, FEB. 22, 1869, UNDER THE LAW OF JULY 17, 1862, HE BEING OVER THE AGE OF 62 YEARS.

DIED, FEB. 19, 1875, AT CHICAGO, ILL.: AGED 69.

* Named CALEB SIBLEY when he was graduated.

569..(Born Ga.).....**JAMES H. WRIGHT**.....(Ap'd S. C.)..**29**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1824, to July 1, 1829, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 6TH INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1829.

Served : in garrison at Jefferson Barracks, Mo., 1829–30.

DIED, SEP. 21, 1830, AT JEFFERSON BARRACKS, MO. : AGED 24.

570..(Born Ct.).....**GEORGE A. STERLING**.....(Ap'd Ct.)..**30**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1825, to July 1, 1829, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 7TH INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1829.

SECOND LIEUT., 7TH INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1829.

Served on frontier duty at Ft. Gibson, I. T., 1830–31.

RESIGNED, DEC. 31, 1831.

Civil History. — Clergyman of the Protestant Episcopal Church, 1833–45. Farmer, Sharon, Ct., 1845–69.

DIED, OCT. 17, 1869, AT SHARON, CT. : AGED 59.

571..(Born Pa.).....**JOSEPH H. PAWLING**.....(Ap'd Pa.)...**31**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1825, to July 1, 1829, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 1ST INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1829.

Served on frontier duty at Ft. Crawford, Wis., 1829–30.

RESIGNED, NOV. 30, 1830.

Civil History.— Counselor at Law, Doylestown, Pa., 1842–43. Clerk in the War Department, Washington, D. C., 1843–47.

DIED, JULY 9, 1847, AT DOYLESTOWN, PA. : AGED 39.

572..(Born Pa.).....**ANTES SNYDER**.....(Ap'd Pa.)..**32**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1825, to July 1, 1829, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 2D INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1829.

On leave of absence, July 1, 1829, to Sep. 20, 1830.

RESIGNED, SEP. 20, 1830.

Civil History. — Asst. Engineer in the service of Pennsylvania, 1830–35. Chief Engineer of Columbia and Philadelphia Railroad, Pa., 1835–36. Resident Engineer in the service of the State of Kentucky, employed in making surveys and improving the navigation of the Cumberland and other Rivers, 1837–39. Superintendent of construction of Dams, North Branch (of the Susquehannah) Division, Pennsylvania Canal, 1840–41. Regulator of Weigh-Locks and Scales, on Pennsylvania Canals and Railroads, 1844–45. Resident Engineer, Schuylkill Navigation, Pa., 1845–46, — of Reading Railroad. Pa., 1846–49, — of Bellefontaine and Indiana Railroad, O., 1849, — of Reading Railroad, Pa., 1850–58, — and of the Lebanon Valley Branch of the Reading Railroad, Pa., 1858–61.

DIED, DEC. 18, 1861, AT POTTSTOWN, PA. : AGED 55.

573..(Born Md.)....**WILLIAM H. WARFIELD**..(Ap'd Md.)...**33**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1825,

to July 1, 1829, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 3D INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1829.

Served : on frontier duty at Jefferson Barracks, Mo., 1829–30, — Des Moines Rapids, Io., 1830, — Ft. Armstrong, Ill., 1830–31, — Dubuque Mines, 1831, — and Ft. Jesup, La., 1831–32.

RESIGNED, OCT. 12, 1832.

Civil History. — Farmer, Carroll County, Md., 1832–57.

DIED, MAR. 26, 1857, AT GROVELAND, NEAR SYKESVILLE, MD. : AGED 40.

574..(Born Pa.).....**JAMES CLARK**.....(Ap'd Pa.)..**34**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1825, to July 1, 1829, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 4TH INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1829.

Served in garrison at Ft. St. Philip, La., 1829–30.

RESIGNED, AUG. 18, 1830.

Civil History. — Professor of Mathematics in Mt. St. Mary's College, Md., Aug. 15, 1837, to Aug. 15, 1839, — of Mathematics, Natural Philosphy, and Chemistry, Aug. 15, 1839, to Aug. 15, 1842, — and of Mathematics and Natural Philosophy, Aug. 15, 1842, to July 1, 1844. Member of the Society of Jesus, Aug. 14, 1844. Professor of Mathematics in Georgetown College, D. C., Sep. 15, 1845, to Sep. 15, 1847, — and of Mathematics and Chemistry, Sep. 15, 1847, to Aug. 1, 1849. Roman Catholic Priest, 1847–85. Professor of Mathematics and Chemistry, College of the Holy Cross, Worcester, Mas., Sep. 15, 1849, to Sep. 15, 1850. Professor of Mathematics, Georgetown College, D. C., Sep. 15, 1850, to Sep. 15, 1852, — of Mathematics and Chemistry, Sep. 15, 1852, to Sep. 1, 1853, — of Mathematics, Aug. 20, 1854, to Aug. 20, 1857, — of Natural Philosophy and Chemistry, Aug. 20, 1857, to Aug. 20, 1858, — of Mathematics and Chemistry, Aug. 20, 1858, to Aug. 20, 1859, — of Mathematics, Aug. 20, 1859, to June 1, 1861, — Treasurer, Aug. 20, 1854, to Aug. 20, 1857,—and Vice-President, Aug. 20, 1859, to July 8, 1861. Member of the Board of Visitors to the U. S. Military Academy, 1861. President of the College of the Holy Cross at Worcester, Mas., Aug. 15, 1861, to Feb. 27, 1867. President of Gonzaga College, Washington, D. C., Aug. 24, 1868, to Feb. 2, 1874. Vice-President and Treasurer of Georgetown College, D. C., Feb. 27, 1867, to Aug. 24, 1868, and Feb. 2 to Aug. 24, 1874 ; and Professor of Mathematics, Feb. 27, 1867, to Aug. 24, 1868, and Feb. 2, 1874, to Sep. 10, 1878.

DIED, SEP. 9, 1885, AT GEORGETOWN, D. C. : AGED 62.

575..(Born O.).....**JAMES ALLEN**.....(Ap'd Ind.)..**35**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1825, to July 1, 1829, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 5TH INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1829.

SECOND LIEUT., 5TH INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1829.

Served : on frontier duty at Ft. Brady, Mich., 1829–33, — and Ft.

(SECOND LIEUT., 1ST DRAGOONS, MAR. 4, 1833)

Dearborn, Ill., 1833–34 ; on Engineer duty, Jan. 10, 1834, to Oct. 15,

(FIRST LIEUT., 1ST DRAGOONS, MAY 31, 1835)

1836 ; on frontier duty at Ft. Leavenworth, Kan., 1837 ; on Engineer

(CAPTAIN, 1ST DRAGOONS, JUNE 30, 1837)

duty, Apr. 10, 1837, to Dec. 28, 1838 ; on frontier duty at Ft. Leavenworth, Kan., 1839–40, — Pottawatomie Country, 1840, — Ft. Leavenworth,

Kan., 1840–42, — Ft. Gibson, I. T., 1842, — March to Ft. Atkinson, Io., 1842, — Ft. Sandford, Io., 1842, — Raccoon Fork, Io., 1843, — Ft. Des Moines, Io., 1843–44, — Raccoon Fork, Io., 1844, — Ft. Des Moines, Io., 1844–45, — Expedition to Lac Qui Parle, 1845, — and Ft. Des Moines, Io., 1845–46 ; and in the War with Mexico, 1846, as Lieut.-Colonel, commanding Mormon Battalion of Missouri Volunteers, on the march to New Mexico, July 16, to Aug. 23, 1846.

DIED, AUG. 23, 1846, AT FT. LEAVENWORTH, KAN. : AGED 40.

576. . (Born N. J.) . . . **JONATHAN FREEMAN** . . . (Ap'd N. J.) . . **36**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1825, to July 1, 1829, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 6TH INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1829.

SECOND LIEUT., 6TH INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1829.

Served : in garrison at Jefferson Barracks, Mo., 1829–30, — and Ft. Leavenworth, Kan., 1830–34 ; on Engineer duty, Sep. 11, 1834, to June 28, 1836, and July 11, 1836, to Oct. 14, 1836; and on leave of absence, 1836–37.

RESIGNED, MAY 15, 1837.

Civil History. — Civil Engineer, 1837–40. Counselor at Law, Jonesborough, Ill., 1840–54.

DIED, 1854, AT JONESBOROUGH, ILL. : AGED 45.

577. . (Born Me.) . . . . . **JOHN P. DAVIS** . . . . . (Ap'd Me.) . . **37**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1825, to July 1, 1829, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 7TH INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1829.

SECOND LIEUT., 7TH INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1829.

Served : on frontier duty at Ft. Gibson, I. T., 1830, — Ft. Jesup, La., 1830–31, — Ft. Gibson, I. T., 1831–32, — Quartermaster duty, 1832, — Ft. Gibson, I. T., 1832–33, — Ft. Smith, Ark., 1833–34, — and Ft. Coffee,

(FIRST LIEUT., 7TH INFANTRY, DEC. 31, 1834)

(ASST. QUARTERMASTER, MAR. 10, 1836, to JULY 7, 1838)

I. T., 1834–36 ; and on Quartermaster duty at Ft. Gibson, I. T., 1836, — Ft. Towson, I. T., 1836, — Ft. Gibson, I. T., 1837–43, — Ft. Smith, Ark.,

(CAPT., STAFF — ASST. QUARTERMASTER, JULY 7, 1838)

(CAPTAIN, 7TH INFANTRY, JULY 7, 1838)

1843–44, — and Ft. Washita, I. T., 1844–45.

DISMISSED, APR. 18, 1845, UNDER SEC. 3 OF LAW OF JAN. 31, 1823.

DIED, 18—, IN CHEROKEE NATION.

578. . (Born Mas.) . **GEORGE R. J. BOWDOIN*** . . (Ap'd Mas.) . **38**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1825, to July 1, 1829, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 1ST INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1829.

Served at the Headquarters of the Eastern Department, on Staff duty, 1829–32.

RESIGNED, AUG. 31, 1832.

Civil History. — Counselor at Law, New York city, 1832–70. Lieut.-Colonel, July 23, 1846, of 4th Reg. N. Y. Volunteers, raised for the War with Mexico, but not mustered into service.

DIED, MAR. 14, 1870, AT LONDON, ENG. : AGED 60.

* Named GEORGE R. SULLIVAN when he was graduated.

BIOGRAPHICAL SKETCH.

GEORGE RUSSEL JAMES BOWDOIN was born, Nov. 14, 1809, in Massachusetts, and died Mar. 14, 1870, in London, England. Bowdoin descended from a very high lineage, including among its members the Temples, the Bowdoins, the Winthrops, and the Sullivans. Before he was sixteen years of age he became a Cadet at West Point, and was graduated from the Military Academy, July 1, 1829, under the name of George Russel Sullivan, to which, when twenty-one, he for the latter substituted James Bowdoin, in compliance with the will of his maternal great uncle, the only son of Governor Bowdoin of Massachusetts. From his promotion, July 1, 1829, to be a Bvt. Second Lieutenant of the First Regiment of Infantry, till his resignation from the Army, Aug. 31, 1832, he served at the Headquarters of the Eastern Department on Staff duty.

Upon leaving the military service he became a Counselor at Law in New York, in which profession, by his untiring industry, quick intelligence, and excellent judgment, he rose to be one of the leaders of the bar of the city. As the senior partner of the firm of Bowdoin, Larocque, & Barlow, he was intrusted, probably, with as many important negotiations, as many delicate secrets, and the management of as many trusts, as any other lawyer in the city. How wise and safe an adviser, how careful, judicious, and upright a trustee he was, none can know so well as the many who benefited by his wisdom and integrity.

After the War with Mexico began, he promptly decided to follow the flag under which he had been educated, and became, July 23, 1846, the Lieut.-Colonel of the 4th New York Volunteers, raised for the war, but, the State quota being full, he was not mustered into service.

Bowdoin married the granddaughter of Alexander Hamilton, thus becoming allied to the Hamiltons, Schuylers, and Van Rensselaers. He was not merely a man of honor and a sound lawyer, but was a gentleman of the highest morals and most polished manners. Strictly scrupulous of the self-respect of others, he was careful that others should be, or should be made to be, equally scrupulous of his own. He was thoroughly democratic in his feelings and in his deportment, and had he ever aspired to political distinction his personal popularity would have insured him success; but he confined himself exclusively to his profession, as a safer and more honorable course than anything that the devious ways of modern politics could offer.

579..(Born N. C.).....**EDWIN R. LONG**.....(Ap'd N. C.)..39

Military History.—Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1825, to July 1, 1829, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 2D INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1829.

SECOND LIEUT., 2D INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1829.

Served: in garrison at Ft. Niagara, N. Y., 1830–32,—and Ft. Dearborn, Ill., 1832; in the "Black Hawk" War against the Sac Indians, 1832; in garrison at Ft. Dearborn, Ill., 1832–33,—and Ft. Brady, Mich., 1834–35; on Recruiting service, 1835–37; in charge of public property

(FIRST LIEUT., 2D INFANTRY, NOV. 6, 1836)

at Newport, Ky., 1837; on Recruiting service, 1837–39; in the Florida War against the Seminole Indians, 1839–41, 1841–42, being engaged in the Rout of Halleck Tustennuggee's Band in the Big Hammock of Pilaklikaha, Apr. 19, 1842; and in garrison at Buffalo Barracks, N. Y., 1842–44, 1845,—and Detroit, Mich., 1845–46.

DIED, MAR. 11, 1846, AT DETROIT, MICH.: AGED 36.

580..(Born Va.).....**BENJAMIN W. BRICE**.....(Ap'd O.)..**40**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1825, to July 1, 1829, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 3D INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1829.

Served: on frontier duty at Jefferson Barracks, Mo., 1829–30, — Ft. Armstrong, Ill., 1830–31, — and on Expedition against the Sac Indians, 1831.

RESIGNED, FEB. 13, 1832.

Civil History. — Brigade Major, Ohio Militia, 1835–39. Counselor at Law, 1845. Associate Judge of Common Pleas, Licking County, O., 1845. Adjutant-General of State of Ohio, 1846.

Military History. — Re-appointed in the U. S. Army with the rank of

MAJOR, STAFF — PAYMASTER, MAR. 3, 1847.

Served: in Pay Department, at Cincinnati, O., 1847, — in the War with Mexico, at Camargo, 1847, and at Monterey, Saltillo, and Brazos Island, 1848, — and at Ft. Brown, Tex., 1848–49.

DISBANDED, MAR. 4, 1849.

Re-appointed in the United States Army with the rank of

MAJOR, STAFF — PAYMASTER, FEB. 9, 1852.

Served: in the Pay Department, in the Southern District of New Mexico, headquarters at Ft. Fillmore, 1852–54, — at New Orleans, La., 1854–56, — Southern District of New Mexico, headquarters at Ft. Bliss, 1856–59, — on Special service in Florida, 1859, — and District of Kansas and Territories, headquarters at Ft. Leavenworth, Kan., 1859–61.

Served during the Rebellion of the Seceding States, 1861–66: in charge

(COLONEL, STAFF — PAYMASTER-GENERAL, NOV. 29, 1864)

of the Pay District of Kansas and Territories, 1861–62, — and of the Pay

(BVT. LIEUT.-COL., BVT. COLONEL, AND BVT. BRIG.-GENERAL, U. S. ARMY, DEC. 2, 1864)

District embracing New Jersey, Pennsylvania, Maryland, and Delaware,

(BVT. MAJ.-GENERAL, U. S. ARMY, MAR. 13, 1865, FOR FAITHFUL, MERITORIOUS, AND DISTINGUISHED SERVICES IN THE PAY DEPARTMENT DURING THE REBELLION)

headquarters at Baltimore, 1862–64.

BRIG.-GEN., STAFF — PAYMASTER-GENERAL, JULY 28, 1866.

Served: in charge of the Pay Department, Washington, D. C., Oct. 8, 1864, to Jan. 1, 1872.

RETIRED FROM ACTIVE SERVICE, JAN. 1, 1872, AT HIS OWN REQUEST, UNDER THE LAW OF JULY 17, 1862, HE BEING OVER THE AGE OF 62 YEARS.

581..(Born O.).....**ROBERT W. BURNET**.....(Ap'd O.)..**41**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1824, to July 1, 1829, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 4TH INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1829.

SECOND LIEUT., 4TH INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1829.

Served: in garrison at Cantonment Brooke, Fla., 1830, — and Ft. Mitchell, Ala., 1830; in Operations in Cherokee Nation, 1830; and in garrison at Ft. Mitchell, Ala., 1831–32, — and Augusta Arsenal, Ga., 1832.

RESIGNED, MAR. 31, 1833.

Civil History. — Member of the Board of Visitors to the U. S. Military Academy, 1849. Residence, Cincinnati, O.

582..(Born Ga.).....**JAMES S. MOORE**.....(Ap'd Ga.)..**42**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1825, to July 1, 1829, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 5TH INFANTRY, JULY, 1829.

On authorized graduation leave of absence, July 1, 1829, to Oct. 31, 1829.

RESIGNED, OCT. 31, 1829.

Civil History. — Physician, in Georgia and Alabama, 1832–50; and Planter, at Warrior Stand, Ala., 1840–69.

DIED, JULY 25, 1869, NEAR WARRIOR STAND, ALA.: AGED 63.

583..(Born Vt.).....**CHARLES O. MAY**.....(Ap'd Vt.)..**43**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1825, to July 1, 1829, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 6TH INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1829.

Served: in garrison at Jefferson Barracks, Mo., 1829–30.

DIED, JAN. 19, 1830, AT JEFFERSON BARRACKS, MO.: AGED 21.

584..(Born N. C.)..**THEOPHILUS H. HOLMES**..(Ap'd N. C.)..**44**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, Sep. 1, 1825, to July 1, 1829, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 7TH INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1829.
SECOND LIEUT., 7TH INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1829.

Served: on frontier duty at Ft. Jesup, La., 1830–31, — Arkansas River, 1831–32, — Ft. Gibson, I. T., 1832, 1833–34, — Camp Canadian, I. T., 1834, — and Ft. Gibson, I. T., 1834–36; on Recruiting service, 1836–37;

(FIRST LIEUT., 7TH INFANTRY, MAR. 26, 1835)

on frontier duty at Ft. Gibson, I. T., 1837–38; as Adjutant, 7th Infantry, at Regimental headquarters, 1838; in Cherokee Nation, 1838–39, while

(CAPTAIN, 7TH INFANTRY, DEC. 9, 1838)

transferring Indians to the West; in the Florida War, 1839–40, 1840–41, 1841–42; in garrison at New Orleans Barracks, La., 1842–43, — Pass Christian, Mis., 1843, — New Orleans Barracks, La., 1843–44, — Pass Christian, Mis., 1844, — and New Orleans Barracks, La., 1844–45; in Military Occupation of Texas, 1845–46; in the War with Mexico, 1846–47, being engaged in the Defense of Ft. Brown, May 3–9, 1846, — Battle of Monterey, Sep. 21–23, 1846, — and Siege of Vera Cruz, Mar. 9–29, 1847;

(BVT. MAJOR, SEP. 23, 1846, FOR GALLANT CONDUCT IN THE SEVERAL CONFLICTS AT MONTEREY, MEX.)

on Recruiting service, 1847; in the War with Mexico, 1847–48; in garrison at Jefferson Barracks, Mo., 1848–49; in Florida Hostilities against the Seminole Indians, 1849–50; in garrison at Jefferson Barracks, Mo., 1850; on frontier duty at Ft. Leavenworth, Kan., 1850–51, — Ft. Washita, I. T., 1851–54, — Ft. Arbuckle, I. T., 1854–55, — conducting recruits to Texas,

(MAJOR, 8TH INFANTRY, MAR. 3, 1855)

1856, — Ft. Bliss, Tex., 1856, — Ft. Stanton, N. M., 1856–57, — Ft. Bliss,

Tex., 1858, — and Navajo Expedition, 1858–59; and as Superintendent of General Recruiting Service, July 1, 1859, to Apr. 6, 1861.

RESIGNED, APR. 22, 1861.

Joined in the Rebellion of 1861–66 against the United States.

Civil History. — Farmer, Fayetteville, N. C., 1866–80.

DIED, JUNE 20, 1880, AT FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.: AGED 75.

585..(Born Ct.)....**EDWARD R. WILLIAMS**....(Ap'd Ct.)..**45**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1825, to July 1, 1829, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 1ST INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1829.

SECOND LIEUT., 1ST INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1829.

Served: on frontier duty at Ft. Crawford, Wis., 1829–30, — Ft. Snelling, Min., 1830–33, — and Ft. Armstrong, Ill., 1833–34.

RESIGNED, JUNE 30, 1835.

586..(Born S. C.)..**RICHARD B. SCREVEN**....(Ap'd S. C.)..**46**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1825, to July 1, 1829, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 2D INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1829.

SECOND LIEUT., 2D INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1829.

Served: in garrison at Hancock Barracks, Me., 1829–31, — Baton

(TRANSFERRED TO 4TH INFANTRY, AUG. 18, 1831)

Rouge, La., 1831–32, — Ft. Jesup, La., 1832, — Baton Rouge, La., 1832–35, — Bay of St. Louis, Mis., 1835, — and Ft. Wood, La., 1835–36; in Florida War against the Seminole Indians, 1836, being engaged in the Skirmishes

(FIRST LIEUT., 4TH INFANTRY, JAN. 31, 1836)

at Camp Izard, Feb. 27, 28, 29, and Mar. 5, 1836, — and Combat of Oloklikaha, Mar. 31, 1836; on Indian duty, Apr. 20 to Aug. 7, 1837; in Florida War, 1837–38, being engaged in the Battle of Okee-cho-bee, Dec. 25, 1837; on the Northern Frontier, at Ogdensburg, N. Y.,

(CAPTAIN, 8TH INFANTRY, JULY 7, 1838)

1839–40, during Canada Border Disturbances; on Recruiting service, 1840; in garrison at Jefferson Barracks, Mo., 1840; in the Florida War, 1840–42; in garrison at Ft. Brooke, Fla., 1842–44, — Key West, Fla., 1844, — and Ft. Brooke, Fla., 1844–45; in Military Occupation of Texas, 1845–46; in the War with Mexico, 1846–48, being engaged in the Battle of Monterey, Sep. 21–23, 1846, — Siege of Vera Cruz, Mar. 9–29, 1847,

(BVT. MAJOR, SEP. 23, 1846, FOR GALLANT AND MERITORIOUS CONDUCT IN THE BATTLE OF MONTEREY, MEX.)

Battle of Cerro Gordo, Apr. 17–18, 1847, — Capture of San Antonio, Aug. 20, 1847, — Battle of Churubusco, Aug. 20, 1847, — and Battle of

(BVT. LIEUT.-COL., SEP. 8, 1847, FOR GALLANT AND MERITORIOUS CONDUCT IN THE BATTLE OF MOLINO DEL REY, MEX.)

Molino del Rey, Sep. 8, 1847; on Recruiting service, 1848–50; and on sick leave of absence, 1850–51.

DIED, MAY 15, 1851, AT NEW ORLEANS, LA.: AGED 43.

CLASS OF 1830.

587..(Born N. C.)...**ALEXANDER J. SWIFT***...(Ap'd N. Y.)..**1**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1826, to July 1, 1830, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., CORPS OF ENGINEERS, JULY 1, 1830.

SECOND LIEUT., CORPS OF ENGINEERS, JULY 1, 1830.

Served: as Asst. Engineer in the construction of Ft. Caswell, N. C., and improvement of Cape Fear River, N. C., 1830–32, — and in the erection of Ft. Adams, Newport harbor, R. I., 1832–35; as Superintending Engineer of the opening of Ocracoke Inlet, N. C., 1835–39, — of the im-

(FIRST LIEUT., CORPS OF ENGINEERS, OCT. 31, 1836)

provement of Cape Fear River, and of Pamlico Sound, N. C., 1836–39, — of the construction of Ft. Caswell, N. C., 1836–39, — and of the improvement of Core Sound, and of New River, N. C., 1838–39; on professional

(CAPTAIN, CORPS OF ENGINEERS, JULY 7, 1838)

duty in Europe, at the School of Application for the Artillery and Engineers at Metz, France, 1840–41; at the Military Academy, as Instructor of Practical Military Engineering, June 30, 1841, to Sep. 12, 1846, — Treasurer, Dec. 19, 1845, to Sep. 12, 1846, — and Superintending Engineer of the construction of Cadets' Barracks, 1844–46; and in the War with Mexico, 1846–47, in command of Sappers, Miners, and Pontoniers, being engaged in the Siege of Vera Cruz, Mar. 9–18, 1847.

DIED, APR. 24, 1847, AT NEW ORLEANS, LA.: AGED 37.

* Was the son of General JOSEPH G. SWIFT, the first Graduate of the U. S. Military Academy.

588..(Born Ga.)...**WILLIAM E. BASINGER**.....(Ap'd Ga.)..**2**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1826, to July 1, 1830, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 2D ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1830.

SECOND LIEUT., 2D ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1830.

Served: in garrison at Ft. Moultrie, S. C., 1831, — and Augusta Arsenal, Ga., 1831; at the Military Academy, as Asst. Instructor of Infantry Tactics, Nov. 24, 1831, to Dec. 19, 1833; in garrison at Ft. Jackson, La., 1834, — Covington, La., 1834, — and Ft. Jackson, La., 1834–35; in the Florida War, 1835; and, in Dade's desperate battle with the Seminole Indians, "where the whole command, save three, fell without an attempt to retreat," was

KILLED,* DEC. 28, 1835: AGED 29.

* General Hitchcock, who passed over the battle-ground, Feb. 22, 1836, reports: "Along the north and west faces of the triangular breastwork formed by felled trees, were about thirty bodies, mere skeletons, although much of the clothing was left upon them. They were lying, almost every one of them, in precisely the position they must have occupied during the fight, — their heads next to the logs over which they delivered their fire, and their bodies stretched with striking regularity, parallel to each other. They had evidently been shot dead at their posts, and the Indians had not disturbed them, except by taking the scalps of most of them. . . . The advance guard, doubtless, fell during the first attack. It was during a cessation of fire that the little band still remaining — about thirty in number — threw up the triangular breastwork, which, from the haste with which it was constructed, was necessarily defective, and could not protect the men on the second attack.

"The action lasted from 8 A. M. to 4 P. M. The United States troops amounted to one hundred and eight, and the savage foe to eight hundred Seminole Indians and one hundred negroes. While a man could load a musket the firing was continued. When all the officers, except Lieutenant Basinger, had fallen, he said: 'Now, my boys, let us do the best we can; I am the only officer left,' upon which the firing recommenced. About half-past two o'clock he was brought down by a rifle-shot in the thighs, and he was afterwards cruelly massacred by a negro."

A beautiful monument, of white Italian marble, was erected at West Point to "DADE AND HIS COMMAND."

589..(Born D. C.)..**WALTER S. CHANDLER**...(Ap'd D. C.)..3

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1826, to July 1, 1830, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 2D ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1830.

SECOND LIEUT., 2D ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1830.

Served: in garrison at Charleston harbor, S. C., 1830–31; at the Military Academy, as Asst. Professor of Mathematics, Sep. 9, 1831, to Oct. 10, 1832; in the Cherokee Nation, 1832–33; in garrison at Savannah, Ga., 1833; in the Cherokee Nation, 1833; on Recruiting service, 1834; on Ordnance duty at Ft. Gibson, I. T., 1834; and in garrison at Mobile, Ala., 1834–35, where, while attempting to save a drowning man, he was himself

DROWNED, JAN. 25, 1835, IN MOBILE BAY, ALA.: AGED 25.

590..(Born R. I.).....**FRANCIS VINTON**.....(Ap'd R. I.)..4

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1826, to July 1, 1830, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 3D ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1830.

SECOND LIEUT., 3D ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1830.

Served: in garrison at Ft. Independence, Mas., 1830–32; on Topographical duty, July 17, 1832, to Apr. 3, 1833; on Engineer duty, Apr. 8 to Sep., 1833; in garrison at Ft. Constitution, N. H., 1833–36; in Creek Nation, 1836; and on Recruiting service, 1836.

RESIGNED, AUG. 31, 1836.

Civil History. — Clergyman of the Protestant Episcopal Church, 1839–72. Elected Bishop of Indiana, June 3, 1848: declined. Degree of S. T. D. conferred by Columbia College, N. Y., 1848. Member of the Board of Visitors to the U. S. Military Academy, 1855. Deputy to the General Convention of the Protestant Episcopal Church, 1853–66. President of the Board of Visitors to the U. S. Military Academy, 1867. Assistant Minister of Trinity Church, New York city, 1855–72. Ludlow Professor of Ecclesiastical Polity and Canon Law in the General Theological Seminary of the Protestant Episcopal Church, Feb. 3, 1869, to Sep. 29, 1872. Author of Treatise on Canon Law, 18—.

DIED, SEP. 29, 1872, AT BROOKLYN, N. Y.: AGED 63.

BIOGRAPHICAL SKETCH.

REVEREND FRANCIS VINTON was born, Aug. 20, 1809, at Providence, R. I. He entered the Military Academy, July 1, 1826, and while a Cadet, by his attention to his studies and devotion to literary improvement, gave high promise of his future eminence. Upon graduating from the institution he was promoted to the Artillery, and not only conscientiously performed all his military duties, but found time for the study of the law, in which profession his logical mind, skill in debate, and perception of its intricacies, gave high promise of distinction. Soon after being admitted to the Massachusetts bar, he, Aug. 31, 1836, resigned from the Army, not to enter the legal profession, but the Episcopal ministry. In 1839 he was ordained, and began his new career in a small parish of his native State, from which he was soon called to Newport, R. I., and, in 1844, to Brooklyn, N. Y., where his eloquence and unwearying labors placed him among the most noted divines of the country. Declining the Bishopric of Indiana, to which he was elected in 1848, he became, in 1855, Assistant Minister of Trinity Parish, New York city, and four years later was spe-

cially assigned to the charge of Trinity Church, which was always filled to overflowing with admiring hearers to listen to his impressive reading of the Church services and the brilliant oratory of his sermons.

Vinton was appointed, Feb. 3, 1869, Ludlow Professor of Ecclesiastical Polity and Canon Law in the General Theological Seminary of the Protestant Episcopal Church, where he won golden opinions from all connected with the institution. Professor Albert Church, his intimate friend, sums up Dr. Vinton's characteristics in the following graceful tribute to his memory: "With talents of the highest order, cultivated and trained by hard study; with an untiring energy and a determined will; with an eloquence of voice and manner seldom surpassed, he could not have failed of great success in any profession. With almost unlimited power of language, he was an eloquent speaker, a clear and logical debater, a magnificent reader of Holy Scripture, and again, to quote from the memorial sermon of Dr. Dix, 'was conspicuous in the councils of the Church, general and diocesan; in public meetings, which he often had occasion to address, and where he was heard with great attention and pleasure; at the anniversaries of our charitable institutions, and in the social meetings and merry-makings of the schools and similar organizations, where his manner and words always gave zest to the general mirthfulness.' Social in his disposition, he delighted in the society of the intelligent, and in this society was ever full of wit and playfulness, and yet at his own pleasant fireside, in the midst of a loving and respecting family, he ever found his greatest happiness, his most unalloyed enjoyment. He was a lover of children, and whether surrounded by them in the Sunday-school or joining in their sports on the playground, he was devoted to their instruction and happiness, and was with them a general favorite. He was the first to introduce the custom of Christmas tree festivals, for their amusement and reward, a custom now so extended in our country and popular with all denominations of Christians. He loved the Military Academy as his educating mother, and all things connected with West Point. Twice he was a member of the Board of Visitors, once its President, and in this capacity worked faithfully for the interests of the institution he so much venerated. He was among the first in efforts to organize our Association [of Graduates of the Military Academy], and those present at our first two meetings well remember how much he contributed by his wit and humor to its success. Above all he loved his country, and in her darkest hours did all in his power for her honor and salvation, and when peace was restored he was among the most earnest in his efforts, by word and deed, to bring about forgetfulness of the causes and consequences of strife, and to cultivate anew a common love of a common country."

591. . (Born Va.) . . **WILLIAM N. PENDLETON** . . . (Ap'd Va.) . . **5**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1826, to July 1, 1830, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 2D ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1830.

SECOND LIEUT., 2D ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1830.

Served: in garrison at Augusta Arsenal, Ga., 1830–31; at the U. S. Military Academy, as Asst. Professor of Mathematics, Aug. 28, 1831, to

(TRANSFERRED TO 4TH ARTILLERY, Oct. 27, 1832)

Sep. 8, 1832; and in garrison at Ft. Hamilton, N. Y., 1832–33.

RESIGNED, OCT. 31, 1833.

Civil History. — Professor of Mathematics in Bristol College, Pa., 1833–37; and in Delaware College, Newark, Del., 1837–38. Clergyman, Protestant Episcopal Church, 1837–61 and 1866–83. Rector of Episco-

pal Diocesan School of Virginia, Alexandria, Va., 1839–44. Author of "Science a Witness for the Bible," 1860.

Joined in the Rebellion of 1861–66 against the United States.

DIED, JAN. 15, 1883, AT LEXINGTON, VA.: AGED 73.

592..(Born Ten.)...**GEORGE W. LAWSON**.....(Ap'd Ten.)..6

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1826, to July 1, 1830, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 2D ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1830.

Served in garrison at Ft. Wood, La., 1830–31.

RESIGNED, JUNE 30, 1831.

Civil History. — Counselor at Law in Arkansas, 1831–32.

DIED, 1832, AT CLINTON, LA.: AGED 23.

593..(Born France)....**THOMAS J. LEE**.....(Ap'd D. C.)..7

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1826, to July 1, 1830, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 4TH ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1830.

SECOND LIEUT., 4TH ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1830.

Served: in garrison at Ft. Severn, Md., 1830–31; on Topographical duty, Nov. 25, 1831, to Dec. 31, 1833; in garrison at Ft. Severn, Md., 1834, — and Ft. McHenry, Md., 1834–35, 1836; as Aide-de-Camp to Major-General Scott, June 20 to July 7, 1836; and in Operations in Creek Nation, 1836.

RESIGNED, AUG. 31, 1836.

Civil History. — U. S. Civil Engineer, 1836–38, on Survey for improvement of Harbor of Havre de Grace, Md., — Survey for improvement of Core Sound, N. C., and Survey for Canal Route between Baltimore, Md., and Washington, D. C.

Military History. — Re-appointed in the U. S. Army with the rank of

FIRST LIEUT., CORPS OF TOPOGRAPHICAL ENGINEERS, JULY 7, 1838.

Served: as Assistant in the Topographical Bureau at Washington, D. C., 1838–39; on Survey of the Boundary between the United States and Texas, 1839–40, — and of the Boundary between the United States and the British Provinces, 1840–44; on Coast Survey, and making astronomical observations connected therewith, 1844–48; as Assistant in the

(CAPTAIN, CORPS OF TOPOGRAPHICAL ENGINEERS, MAR. 3, 1847)

Topographical Bureau at Washington, D. C., compiling "A collection of Tables and Formulæ, useful in Geodesy and Practical Astronomy," 1848–49; on Survey to determine the initial point of the Northern Boundary of Iowa, 1849; as Assistant in the Topographical Bureau at Washington, D. C., 1849–51; on professional duty in Europe, 1851; as Assistant in the Topographical Bureau at Washington, D. C., 1851–52, 1852–54, 1854–55; in measuring Base Line on Straits of Mackinac, for Survey of Northern Lakes, 1851; and determining initial point of Northern Boundary of Kansas, 1854.

RESIGNED, APR. 30, 1855.

Civil History. — Commissioner, on the part of Maryland, to retrace and mark the Boundaries between Maryland and Virginia, 1858–60. Member of the Board of Visitors to the U. S. Military Academy, 1859. Civil Engineer employed on the Coast Survey, 1861–62, — by the Bureau

of Topographical Engineers, 1862–63, — and in the Engineer Bureau, Washington, D. C., in connection with River and Harbor Improvements, 1867–89.

594..(Born Ky.).....**JOHN W. BARRY**.....(Ap'd Ky.)..**8**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1826, to July 1, 1830, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 1ST ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1830.

SECOND LIEUT., 1ST ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1830.

Served: in garrison at Ft. Washington, Md., 1831–32; on leave of absence, 1832–34; in garrison at Ft. Washington, Md., 1834–35, — and

(FIRST LIEUT., 1ST ARTILLERY, DEC. 31, 1835)

Washington Arsenal, D. C., 1835; and on Quartermaster duty at Wash-

(ASST. QUARTERMASTER, OCT. 17, 1835, TO NOV. 30, 1836)

ington, D. C., 1835, — Newport, Ky., 1836, — and in Creek Nation, 1836.

RESIGNED, NOV. 30, 1836.

DIED, JUNE 2, 1837, NEAR LEXINGTON, KY.: AGED 27.

595..(Born Pa.)....**THOMAS B. LINNARD***.....(Ap'd Pa.)..**9**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1825, to July 1, 1830, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 2D ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1830.

SECOND LIEUT., 2D ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1830.

Served: on Ordnance duty, Oct. 29, 1830, to Dec. 31, 1833; in garrison at Ft. Wood, La., 1834, — Ft. Clinch, Fla., 1834, — Ft. Pickens, Fla., 1834, — and Ft. Brooke, Fla., 1834–35; on Topographical duty, May 4,

(FIRST LIEUT., 2D ARTILLERY, DEC. 28, 1835)

1835, to Jan. 21, 1836; in the Florida War against the Seminole Indians, 1836–38, being engaged in the Skirmishes at Camp Izard, Feb. 27, 28, 29, and Mar. 5, 1836, — Action of Oloklikaha, Mar. 31, 1836, — Skirmish near Tampa Bay, Sep. 30, 1836, — Action of Locha-Hatchee, Jan. 24,

(BVT. CAPTAIN, SEP. 30, 1836, FOR GALLANT CONDUCT, ACTIVITY, AND ENTERPRISE IN THE WAR AGAINST THE FLORIDA INDIANS)

1838, — as Aide-de-Camp to Bvt. Maj.-General Jesup, Nov. 21, 1836, to May 15, 1838, — and as Acting Asst. Adjutant-General, June 25 to Sep. 25, 1837, and May 13–15, 1838; as Asst. Top. Engineer in the im-

(FIRST LIEUT., CORPS OF TOPOGRAPHICAL ENGINEERS, JULY 7, 1838)

provement of harbors in Delaware River and Bay, 1858; as Superintending Top. Engineer of Whitehall, N. Y., harbor improvement, and construction of Delaware Breakwater, 1839–40, — and of improvement of Mobile harbor, Ala., 1841–43; as Inspector of Red River improvement,

(CAPTAIN, CORPS OF TOPOGRAPHICAL ENGINEERS, MAR. 31, 1842)

La., 1841–45; in examination of La Fourche and Lake Pontchartrain harbors, 1845; in charge of Red River improvement, 1845–46; in the Military Occupation of Texas, 1846; in the War with Mexico, 1846–48, on the march through Chihuahua, Mex., 1846–47, and was engaged in the Battle of Buena Vista, Feb. 22–23, 1847; and in charge of the con-

(BVT. MAJOR, FEB. 23, 1847, FOR GALLANT AND MERITORIOUS CONDUCT IN THE BATTLE OF BUENA VISTA, MEX.)

struction of Iron Light-houses on Carysfort Reef and Sand Key, Fla., 1849–51.

DIED, APR. 24, 1851, AT PHILADELPHIA, PA.: AGED 40.

* Was the son of Colonel WILLIAM LINNARD, Quartermaster-General of the U. S. Army in the War of 1812–15.

596..(Born Me.).....**BENJAMIN POOLE**.....(Ap'd Me.)..**10**

Military History.—Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1826, to July 1, 1830, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 3D ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1830.

SECOND LIEUT., 3D ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1830.

Served: in garrison at Ft. Sullivan, Me., 1830–32; on Topographical duty, July 17, 1832, to Jan. 21, 1836; in the Florida War, 1836–38,

(FIRST LIEUT., 3D ARTILLERY, AUG. 31, 1836)

being engaged against the Seminole Indians in the Action of Locha-Hatchee, Jan. 24, 1838; in Cherokee Nation, while transferring the Indians to the West; and in the Florida War, 1838–39, being Acting Asst. Adjutant-General to Lieut.-Colonel Harney's command, 1839.

DIED, NOV. 9, 1839, AT ST. AUGUSTINE, FLA.: AGED 29.

597..(Born Pa.).....**SIMON H. DRUM**.....(Ap'd Pa.)..**11**

Military History.—Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1825, to July 1, 1830, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 4TH ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1830.

SECOND LIEUT., 4TH ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1830.

Served: at the Military Academy, as Asst. Instructor of Infantry Tactics, Aug. 30, 1830, to June 18, 1832; on the "Black Hawk Expedition," 1832, but not at the seat of war; in garrison at Ft. Columbus, N. Y., 1833–34,—Ft. Hamilton, N. Y., 1834,—and Ft. Columbus, N. Y., 1834–36; in Operations in Creek Nation, 1836; in the Florida War,

(FIRST LIEUT., 4TH ARTILLERY, AUG. 31, 1836)

1836–38; in Cherokee Nation, 1838, while transferring the Indians to the West; in garrison at Ft. Columbus, 1838; in the Florida War, 1838–39; at the Camp of Instruction near Trenton, N. J., 1839; on the Northern Frontier during Canada Border Disturbances, at Ft. Gratiot, Mich., 1839–41,—and Sackett's Harbor, N. Y., 1841–42; in garrison at Ft. Severn, Md., 1842–45,—and Ft. Monroe, Va., 1845–46; on Recruiting

(CAPT., STAFF—ASST. QUARTERMASTER, JUNE 29 TO AUG. 18, 1846)

service, 1846; on Quartermaster duty at Cincinnati, O., 1846,—and in

(CAPTAIN, 4TH ARTILLERY, AUG. 18, 1846)

Military Occupation of Texas, 1846; and in the War with Mexico, 1846–47, being engaged in the Siege of Vera Cruz, Mar. 9–29, 1847,—Battle of Cerro Gordo, Apr. 17–18, 1847,—Battle of Contreras, Aug. 19–20, 1847,*—Battle of Molino del Rey, Sep. 8, 1847,—Storming of Chapultepec, Sep. 13, 1847,—and Assault of the City of Mexico, Sep. 13, 1847, where, after entering the Belen Gate, and while directing the fire of a captured 9-pounder (added to the Battery of Heavy Artillery commanded by him throughout the action) with consummate skill, indomitable energy, and most conspicuous gallantry, he was

KILLED, SEP. 13, 1847: AGED 40.

* He recaptured, Aug. 19, 1847, at the Battle of Contreras, the two brass Field Pieces of his own regiment (4th Artillery), which the intrepid Captain O'Brien had abandoned at the Battle of Buena Vista, Mex., Feb. 23, 1847, after glorious service and the loss of nearly all the men and horses, either killed or wounded.

598..(Born Mas.).....**JAMES H. PRENTISS**.....(Ap'd Ind.)..12

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1826, to July 1, 1830, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 1ST ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1830.

SECOND LIEUT., 1ST ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1830.

Served: in garrison at Ft. Monroe, Va. (Artillery School for Practice), 1831; on Regimental Staff Duty, 1831; on Commissary duty, 1831; in garrison at Ft. Monroe, Va. (Artillery School for Practice), 1831–32; on "Black Hawk Expedition," 1832, but not at the seat of war; in Adjutant-General's Office, Washington, D. C., Dec. 8, 1832, to Nov. 3, 1835; as Adjutant, 1st Artillery, at Regimental headquarters, Nov. 3, 1835, to Oct. 10, 1836; in the Florida War against the Seminole Indians, 1836,

(FIRST LIEUT., 1ST ARTILLERY, FEB. 29, 1836)

as Aide-de Camp to Bvt. Brig.-General Eustis, being engaged in the Skirmish of Okihumphy Swamp, Mar. 30, 1836; on leave of absence in Europe, 1836–38; as Aide-de-Camp to Bvt. Brig.-General Eustis, Nov. 20, 1838, to May 24, 1839; as Asst. Adjutant-General at Camp

(BVT. CAPT., STAFF — ASST. ADJUTANT-GENERAL, MAY 24, 1839, TO JUNE 18, 1846)

Washington, near Trenton, N. J., 1839, — at Hancock Barracks, Me., 1840–41, — and Portland Me., 1841, pending Maine Boundary controversy, — and at St. Louis, Mo., 1841–43; on leave of absence, 1843; on Court-martial duty, 1843–46; in the War with Mexico, 1846–48, as Asst. Adjutant-General of the column commanded by Brig.-General Wool, on the march through Chihuahua, Sep. 12 to Dec. 24, 1846, — and

(CAPTAIN, 1ST ARTILLERY, JUNE 18, 1846)

in command of a Battery of Heavy Artillery, hastening from the Rinconada Pass to the assistance of the Army commanded by Major-General Taylor, but arrived too late at Buena Vista (Feb. 24, 1847) to take part in that battle; and on frontier duty at Ft. Polk, Tex., 1848.

DIED, SEP. 22, 1848, AT FT. POLK, TEX.: AGED 39.

599..(Born Md.)..**ROBERT H. K. WHITELY**....(Ap'd Del.)..13

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1826, to July 1, 1830, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 2D ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1830.

SECOND LIEUT., 2D ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1830.

Served: in garrison at Savannah, Ga., 1831, — Augusta Arsenal, Ga., 1831,—Savannah, Ga., 1831–32, — Augusta Arsenal, Ga., 1832,—Ft. Moultrie, S. C., 1832–33, during South Carolina's threatened nullification, — and Ft. Oglethorpe, Ga., 1833; on Ordnance duty, Jan. 1, 1834, to June 28,

(FIRST LIEUT., 2D ARTILLERY, DEC. 28, 1835)

1836; in the Florida War against the Seminole Indians, 1836, 1837–38, being engaged in the Defense of Convoy at Wilika Pond, July 19, 1836;

(BVT. CAPTAIN, JULY 19, 1836, FOR GALLANT CONDUCT IN THE WAR AGAINST THE FLORIDA INDIANS)

as Asst. Ordnance Officer at Washington Arsenal, D. C., 1838–40, and

(FIRST LIEUT., ORDNANCE, JULY 9, 1838)

commanding, 1840; in command of Baton Rouge Arsenal, La., 1841–43,

(CAPTAIN, ORDNANCE, MAR. 27, 1842)

1844–49, 1849–51, — of St. Louis Arsenal, Mo., 1851–54, — of New

York Ordnance Depot, 1854–58, — and of Texas Arsenal, at San Antonio, 1858–61, till seized by the State in rebellion.

Served during the Rebellion of the Seceding States, 1861–66: in com-

(MAJOR, ORDNANCE, AUG. 3, 1861)

mand of New York Arsenal, May 14, 1861, to Oct. 23, 1862.

LIEUT.-COLONEL, ORDNANCE, JUNE 1, 1863.

BVT. COLONEL, MAR. 13, 1865, FOR FAITHFUL AND MERITORIOUS SERVICES IN THE ORDNANCE DEPARTMENT.

BVT. BRIG.-GENERAL, U. S. ARMY, MAR. 13, 1865, FOR MERITORIOUS SERVICES IN THE ORDNANCE DEPARTMENT.

COLONEL, ORDNANCE, APR. 6, 1866.

Served: in command of Alleghany Arsenal, Pa., Nov. 1, 1862, to Apr. 14, 1875; and as Member of Examination Board of Ordnance Officers for Promotion, 1867 and 1874.

RETIRED FROM ACTIVE SERVICE, APR. 14, 1875, UNDER THE LAW OF JULY 17, 1862, HE BEING OVER THE AGE OF 62 YEARS.

600..(Born N. Y.).....**EDWIN ROSE**.....(Ap'd N. Y.)..**14**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1826, to July 1, 1830, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 3D ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1830.

SECOND LIEUT, 3D ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1830.

Served: in garrison at Ft. Trumbull, Ct., 1830–31, and Ft. Monroe, Va. (Artillery School for Practice), 1831–32; on the "Black Hawk Expedition," 1832, but not at the seat of war; in garrison at Charleston harbor, S. C., during South Carolina's threatened nullification, 1832–33, — and Ft. Monroe, Va., 1833–34; on Topographical duty, July 17, 1834,

(FIRST LIEUT., 3D ARTILLERY, AUG. 31, 1836)

to June 28, 1836; and in the Florida War, 1836–37.

RESIGNED, JUNE 30, 1837.

Civil History. — Civil Engineer in the service of the State of Michigan, 1837–39. Major, Staff (Brigade Inspector), New York Militia, 1842–46. Member of the House of Representatives of the State of New York, and Chairman of its Committee on Militia and Public Defense, 1848–49, and 1857. United States Collector of Customs, Sag Harbor, N. Y., Mar. 19, 1849, to Mar. 19, 1853. Farmer, Bridgehampton, Long Island, N. Y., 1839–62.

Military History. — Served during the Rebellion of the Seceding

(COLONEL, 81ST NEW YORK VOLUNTEERS, JAN. 28, 1862)

States, 1862–64: in recruiting and organizing his regiment, at Ft. Ontario, N. Y., Jan.–Mar., 1862; and in the Virginia Peninsular Campaign (Army of the Potomac), Mar.–Aug., 1862, being engaged in the Seven Days' Battles before Richmond, June 26–July 2, 1862, ending in the change of base to Harrison's Landing.

RESIGNED, JULY 7, 1862.

Provost Marshal, with the rank of Captain, of First Congressional District of New York, 1862–64.

DIED, JAN. 13, 1864, AT JAMAICA, LONG ISLAND, N. Y.: AGED 57.

601..(Born Va.).....**JOHN B. MAGRUDER**.....(Ap'd Va.)..**15**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1826,

to July 1, 1830, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 7TH INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1830.

SECOND LIEUT., 7TH INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1830.

Served: in garrison at Ft. Monroe, Va. (Artillery School for Practice), 1831, — Newberne, N. C., 1831–32, — Beaufort, N. C., 1832, — and Ft.

(TRANSFERRED TO 1ST ARTILLERY, AUG. 11, 1831)

McHenry, Md., 1833; on Recruiting service, 1833; in garrison at Ft. Macon, N. C., 1834–35, — Ft. Johnston, N. C., 1835, — and Ft. Wash-

(FIRST LIEUT., 1ST ARTILLERY, MAR. 31, 1836)

ington, Md., 1835; on Ordnance duty, Nov. 22, 1836, to Oct. 19, 1837; in the Florida War, 1837–38; in garrison at Ft. Columbus, N. Y., 1838, — and Plattsburg, N. Y., 1838–40, during Canada Border Disturbances; on Recruiting service, 1840–42; in garrison at Houlton, Me., 1842–44; on Recruiting service, 1844, 1845; in Military Occupation of Texas, at Corpus Christi, 1845–46; in the War with Mexico, 1846, being engaged in the Battle of Palo Alto, May 8, 1846, — and Battle of Resaca-de-la-Palma, May 9, 1846; on Recruiting service, 1846–47; in the War with

(CAPTAIN, 1ST ARTILLERY, JUNE 18, 1846)

Mexico, 1847, being engaged in the Siege of Vera Cruz, Mar. 9–29, 1847, — Battle of Cerro Gordo, Apr. 17–18, 1847, — Skirmish of La Hoya,

(BVT. MAJOR, APR. 18, 1847, FOR GALLANT AND MERITORIOUS CONDUCT IN THE BATTLE OF CERRO GORDO, MEX.)

June 20, 1847, — Skirmish of Ocalaca, Aug. 16, 1847, — Battle of Contreras, Aug. 19–20, 1847, — Battle of Molino del Rey, Sep. 8, 1847, — Storming of Chapultepec, Sep. 13, 1847, — and Assault and Capture of

(BVT. LIEUT.-COL., SEP. 13, 1847, FOR GALLANT AND MERITORIOUS CONDUCT IN THE BATTLE OF CHAPULTEPEC, MEX.)

the City of Mexico, Sep. 13–14, 1847; in garrison at Ft. McHenry, Md., 1848–49; on Recruiting service, 1849–50; on frontier duty at San Diego, Cal., 1850–51, 1851–53; on leave of absence, 1853–55; on frontier duty at San Antonio, Tex., 1855–56, — and Ft. Clark, Tex., 1856; in garrison at Baton Rouge, La., 1856–57, — and Ft. Adams, R. I., 1857, 1858–59; on frontier duty at Fort Leavenworth, Kan., 1859–60; and in garrison at Washington, D. C., 1860–61.

RESIGNED, APR. 20, 1861.

Joined in the Rebellion of 1861–66 against the United States.

Civil History. — Unknown.

DIED, FEB. 19, 1871, AT HOUSTON, TEX.: AGED 64.

602..(Born Ky.).....**ALBERT T. BLEDSOE**.....(Ap'd Ky.)..**16**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1825, to July 1, 1830, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 7TH INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1830.

Served on frontier duty at Ft. Gibson, I. T., 1831–32.

RESIGNED, AUG. 31, 1832.

Civil History. — Adjunct Professor of Mathematics, and Teacher of the French Language, in Kenyon College, O., 1833–34; and Professor of Mathematics in Miami University, O., 1835–36. Author of an "Examination of Edwards on the Will," 1845; and contributor to the principal literary, scientific, and theological Reviews of the United States. Counselor at Law, Springfield, Ill., 1840–48. Professor of Mathematics and Astronomy in the University of Mississippi, 1848–54. Professor of

Mathematics in the University of Virginia, 1854–61. Author of "A Theodicy; or, Vindication of the Divine Glory," 1856; and an "Essay on Liberty and Slavery," 1857.

Joined in the Rebellion of 1861–66 against the United States.

Civil History. — Editor of the "Southern Review," 1865–77. Clergyman of the Protestant Episcopal Church, 1866–68; and of the Methodist Episcopal Church, 1871–77. Author of "The Philosophy of Mathematics," 1865; and of "Is Davis a Traitor? Was Secession a Constitutional right previous to the War of 1861?" Degree of LL. D., conferred by the University of Virginia, 18—.

DIED, DEC. 8, 1877, AT BALTIMORE, MD.: AGED 69.

603..(Born N. Y.) ...**JOHN S. STODDARD**....(Ap'd N. Y.)..**17**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1826, to July 1, 1830, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 5TH INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1830: DECLINED.

Naval History. — Declined promotion in the Army, having, prior to his graduation, received the appointment of Midshipman in the Navy, in which he served till he

RESIGNED, NOV. 24, 1832.

Civil History. — Civil Engineer, 1832–62. City Surveyor of Brooklyn, N. Y., 1844–60. Superintendent of Brooklyn, N. Y., Waterworks, 1860–62.

DIED, JUNE 3, 1862, AT BROOKLYN, N. Y.: AGED 52.

604..(Born Pa.).....**JOHN W. MURRAY**.....(Ap'd Pa.)..**18**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1826, to July 1, 1830, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 7TH INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1830.

Served on frontier duty at Ft. Gibson, I. T., 1831, and near this post was accidentally thrown from his horse, by which he was

KILLED, FEB. 14, 1831: AGED 20.

605..(Born Md.).....**JAMES WEST**.....(Ap'd Md.)..**19**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1826, to July 1, 1830, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 7TH INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1830.

SECOND LIEUT., 7TH INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1830.

Served on frontier duty at Ft. Gibson, I. T., 1831–34.

DIED, SEP. 28, 1834, AT FT. GIBSON, I. T.: AGED 25.

606..(Born N. H.).....**JAMES M. HILL**.....(Ap'd Me.)..**20**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1826, to July 1, 1830, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 2D INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1830.

SECOND LIEUT., 2D INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1830.

Served: in garrison at Sackett's Harbor, N. Y., 1830–31, — Hancock Barrack, Me., 1831–37, — and Ft. Gratiot, Mich., 1837; in the Florida

(FIRST LIEUT., 2D INFANTRY, DEC. 31, 1836)

War against the Seminole Indians, 1837–38, being engaged in the Battle of Okee-cho-bee, Dec. 25, 1836, — and as Adjutant 2d Infantry, May 8
(TRANSFERRED TO 8TH INFANTRY, JULY 7, 1838)
(CAPT., STAFF — ASST. QUARTERMASTER, JULY 7, 1838)
to July 5, 1838; and on Quartermaster duty, 1838–49, — at Sackett's
(CAPTAIN, 8TH INFANTRY, SEP. 28, 1840, TO JUNE 18, 1846)
Harbor, N. Y., 1838–40, during Canada Border Disturbances, — Charleston, S. C., 1840–42, — Cedar Keys, Fla., 1842–43, — Pilatka, Fla., 1843, — St. Augustine, Fla., 1843–44, — Tampa Bay, Fla., 1844, — Key West, Fla., 1844, — Tampa Bay, Fla., 1844–45, — St. Augustine, Fla., 1845, — in Military Occupation of Texas, 1845–46, — in the War with Mexico, 1846–47, — and at Baltimore, Md., 1847–49.

DIED, JAN. 29, 1849, AT BALTIMORE, MD.: AGED 42.

607..(Born Ill.).....**SAMUEL KINNEY**.....(Ap'd Ill.)..**21**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1826, to July 1, 1830, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to
BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 7TH INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1830.
SECOND LIEUT., 7TH INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1830.
Served: on frontier duty at Ft. Gibson, I. T., 1831–34, — Camp Ar-
(FIRST LIEUT., 7TH INFANTRY, MAY 4, 1835)
buckle, I. T., 1834–35, — and Ft. Gibson, I. T., 1835.

DIED, DEC. 3, 1835, AT FT. GIBSON, I. T.: AGED 30.

608..(Born Vt.)..**JESSE H. LEAVENWORTH***...(Ap'd Vt.)..**22**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1826, to July 1, 1830, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to
BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 4TH INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1830.
SECOND LIEUT., 4TH INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1830.
Served: in garrison at Baton Rouge, La., 1831, — Sackett's Harbor,
(TRANSFERRED TO 2D INFANTRY, AUG. 18, 1831)
N. Y., 1831–32; in the "Black Hawk" War, against the Sac Indians, 1832; in garrison at Ft. Niagara, N. Y., 1832–33, — and Ft. Mackinac, Mich., 1833–34; on Quartermaster duty, 1835; in garrison at Ft. Mackinac, Mich., 1835–36; and on Recruiting service, 1836.
RESIGNED, OCT. 31, 1836.

Civil History. — Civil Engineer, 1836–58. Lumber Merchant, Chicago, Ill., 1858–62.

Military History. — Served during the Rebellion of the Seceding States, 1862–63: in organizing his regiment, and in command, at Ft.
(COLONEL, 2D COLORADO VOLUNTEERS, FEB. 17, 1862)
Lyon, Cal., Feb. 17, 1862, to June 13, 1863, — and at Ft. Larned, Kan., commanding District of Santa Fé Road, June 13 to Sep. 26, 1863.
DISCHARGED, SEP. 26, 1863.

Civil History. — U. S. Indian Agent for the Kiowas, Comanches, and part of the Cheyenne tribe, 1864 to —.

DIED, MAR. 12, 1885, AT MILWAUKEE, WIS.: AGED 76.

* Was the son of Colonel HENRY LEAVENWORTH, distinguished in the War of 1812–15.

609. (Born Mo.)...**MERIWETHER L. CLARK***....(Ap'd Mo.).**23**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1825, to July 1, 1830, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 6TH INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1830.

Served: in garrison at Jefferson Barracks, Mo., 1830; as Aide-de-Camp to Bvt. Maj.-General Gaines, July 22, 1831, to June, 1833; in the "Black Hawk" War, as Col., Staff (Asst. Adjutant-General) of Illinois Volunteers, May 9 to Oct. 11, 1832, being engaged against the Sac Indians in the Battle of Bad Axe River, Aug. 2, 1832; and in garrison at Jefferson Barracks, Mo., 1833.

RESIGNED, MAY 31, 1833.

Civil History. — Architect and Civil Engineer, St. Louis, Mo., 18—. Member of the House of Representatives of the State of Missouri, 18—.

Military History. — Served in the War with Mexico, 1846–48, in

(MAJOR, MO. BATTALION VOLUNTEER ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1846)

command of Battalion of Missouri Volunteers, being engaged in the Combat of Sacramento, Feb. 28, 1847.

DISBANDED, JUNE 24, 1847.

Civil History. — U. S. Surveyor-General for the State of Missouri, 1848–53.

Joined in the Rebellion of 1861–66 against the United States.

Civil History. — Commandant of Cadets, and Professor of Higher Mathematics, Kentucky Military Institute, 18—. Architect of Kentucky State Buildings, 18—.

DIED, OCT. 28, 1881, AT FRANKFORT, KY.: AGED 72.

* Was the son of Governor WILLIAM CLARK, who, with Meriwether Lewis, made an Exploration to the Rocky Mountains and Pacific Ocean, 1803–6.

610..(Born Ten.)..**JOHN T. COLLINSWORTH**..(Ap'd Ten.)..**24**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, Sep. 1, 1826, to July 1, 1830, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 5TH INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1830.

SECOND LIEUT., 5TH INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1830.

Served: on frontier duty at Ft. Mackinac, Mich., 1830–31, — Ft. Howard, Wis., 1831-32, — Ft. Brady, Mich., 1832–33, — and Ft. Winnebago, Wis., 1833–34, 1835–36.

RESIGNED, JULY 31, 1836.

Civil History. — Inspector-General of the Army of the Republic of Texas, 1836–37.

DIED, JAN. 28, 1837, IN TEXAS: AGED 28.

611..(Born R. I.).....**LLOYD J. BEALL***.....(Ap'd Md.)..**25**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1826, to July 1, 1830, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 1ST INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1830.

SECOND LIEUT., 1ST INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1830.

Served: on frontier duty, at Ft. Winnebago, Wis., 1831, — and Ft. Armstrong, Ill., 1831–32; in the "Black Hawk" War against the Sac Indians, 1832; on frontier duty at Ft. Crawford, Wis., 1832–33; as Adjutant, 1st Infantry, at Regimental headquarters, Mar. 1, 1833, to

(FIRST LIEUT., 2D DRAGOONS, JUNE 11, 1836)

June 11, 1836; at Headquarters of 2d Dragoons on Regimental Staff duty, 1836–37; in garrison at Jefferson Barracks, Mo., 1837; in the

(CAPTAIN, 2D DRAGOONS, OCT. 19, 1836, to SEP. 13, 1844)

Florida War against the Seminole Indians, 1837–38, being engaged in the Action of Locha-Hatchee, Jan. 24, 1838, — and Skirmish of Kenapapa Prairie, June 17, 1838; in the Cherokee Nation, 1838–39, while transferring the Indians to the West; on Recruiting service, 1839–40; at the Cavalry School of Saumur, France, 1840–42, to learn the French system of Dragoon exercise; at Carlisle Barracks, Pa. (Cavalry School for Practice), 1842; on frontier duty at Ft. Jesup, La., 1842–43; on detached service, at Washington, D. C., 1843–44; as Member of the Board of Visitors to the Military Academy, 1843; and on frontier duty at Ft. Jesup, La., 1844; and in Pay Department, 1844–61, — in Military Occu-

(MAJOR, STAFF — PAYMASTER, U. S. ARMY, SEP. 13, 1844)

pation of Texas, 1845–46, — in the War with Mexico, 1846–47, — Cincinnati, O., 1847–48, — New Orleans, La., 1848, — Washington, D. C., 1848–49, — Albany, N. Y., 1849–54, — San Antonio, Tex., 1854–59, — and St. Louis, Mo., 1859–61.

RESIGNED, APR. 22, 1861.

Joined in the Rebellion of 1861–66 against the United States.

Civil History. — Merchant, Richmond, Va., 1866–81. Alderman of the City of Richmond, Va., 18—. Superintendent of Westmoreland Club, Richmond, Va., 1881–87.

DIED, NOV. 10, 1887, AT RICHMOND, VA.: AGED 80.

* Was the son of Captain LLOYD BEALL, of the Revolutionary Army, who was wounded at the Battle of Germantown.

612..(Born N. Y.)..**WILLIAM C. HEYWARD**...(Ap'd N. Y.)..**26**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1826, to July 1, 1830, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 3D INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1830.

Served on frontier duty, at Jefferson Barracks, Mo., 1830, — in Choctaw Nation, 1831, — and Ft. Jesup, La., 1831–32.

RESIGNED, FEB. 6, 1832.

Civil History. — Rice Planter, on Combahee River, St. Bartholomew's Parish, S. C., 1832–61.

Joined in the Rebellion of 1861–66 against the United States.

DIED, SEP. 1, 1863, AT CHARLESTON, S. C.: AGED 55.

613..(Born Pa.) .....**JOSEPH RITNER**.....(Ap'd Pa.)..**27**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1826, to July 1, 1830, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 4TH INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1830.

SECOND LIEUT., 4TH INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1830.

Served: in garrison at Ft. St. Philip, La., 1830–31, — Baton Rouge, La., 1831, — and New Orleans, La., 1831; at the Military Academy, as Asst. Instructor of Infantry Tactics, Jan. 16, 1832, to Apr. 19, 1833; and on leave of absence, 1833–34.

Civil History. — Appointed Professor of Civil Engineering, Washington College, Pa., 1833.

DIED, FEB. 18, 1834, AT WASHINGTON, PA.: AGED 25.

614..(Born N. C.).. **JOHN H. K. BURGWIN**...(Ap'd N. C.)..**28**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1826, to July 1, 1830, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 2D INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1830.

Served: in garrison at Hancock Barracks, Me., 1830–33, — and Jeffer-

(SECOND LIEUT., 1ST DRAGOONS, MAR. 4, 1833)

son Barracks, Mo., 1833; on frontier duty, Ft. Gibson, I. T., 1833–34; in the Expedition to Tow-e-ash Villages, 1834, — and at Ft. Des Moines, Io.,

(FIRST LIEUT., 1ST DRAGOONS, JUNE 30, 1835)

1834–36; on Recruiting service, 1836–37; on frontier duty at Ft. Des

(CAPTAIN, 1ST DRAGOONS, JULY 31, 1837)

Moines, Io., 1837, — and Ft. Leavenworth, Kan., 1837; at Carlisle, Pa. (Cavalry School for Practice), 1838; on Recruiting service, 1838–39; on frontier duty at Ft. Leavenworth, Kan., 1839, — Ft. Wayne, I. T., 1839, — Ft. Gibson, I. T., 1839, — Ft. Wayne, I. T., 1839–40, — Ft. Gibson, I. T., 1840–41, — March to Ft. Towson, I. T., 1841, — Ft. Gibson, I. T., 1841–42, — March to Ft. Leavenworth, Kan., 1842, — March to Council Bluffs, Io., 1842, — Ft. Croghan, Io., 1842–43, — Ft. Leavenworth, Kan., 1844, — Expedition to Pawnee Villages, 1844 — Ft. Leavenworth, Kan., 1844–45, — Expedition to and through South Pass of the Rocky Mountains, 1845, — and Ft. Leavenworth, Kan., 1845–46; and in the War with Mexico, 1846–47, being engaged in the Skirmish of Embudo, N. M., Jan. 29, 1847, — and Assault of Pueblo-de-Taos, N. M., Feb. 4, 1847, where he was Mortally Wounded, while gallantly leading and skillfully directing the attack.

DIED OF WOUNDS, FEB. 7, 1847, AT PUEBLO-DE-TAOS, N. M.: AGED 36.

615..(Born Va.)...**THOMAS L. ALEXANDER**....(Ap'd Ky.)..**29**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1826, to July 1, 1830, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 6TH INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1830.
SECOND LIEUT., 6TH INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1830.

Served: on frontier duty at Jefferson Barracks, Mo., 1830–31, — Rock Island, Ill., 1831, — Jefferson Barracks, Mo., 1831–32, — in the "Black Hawk" War against the Sac Indians, 1832, being engaged in the Battle of Bad Axe River, Aug. 2, 1832, — and Jefferson Barracks, Mo., 1832–34; as Aide-de-Camp to Bvt. Brig.-General Atkinson, Mar. 17, 1834, to July 7, 1838; in garrison at Ft. Jackson, La., 1838; in the Flor-

(FIRST LIEUT., 6TH INFANTRY, APR. 18, 1837)

ida War, 1839–40, 1841–42; in transferring Indians, 1842; on frontier

(CAPTAIN, 6TH INFANTRY, JULY 7, 1838)

duty at Ft. Washita, I. T., 1842–43, — and Ft. Towson, I. T., 1843–44, 1845–46; in the War with Mexico, 1847–48, being engaged in the Siege of Vera Cruz, Mar. 9–29, 1847, — Battle of Cerro Gordo, Apr. 17–18, 1847, — Skirmish of Amazoque, May 14, 1847, — Capture of San Antonio, Aug. 20, 1847, — and Battle of Churubusco, Aug. 20, 1847;

(BVT. MAJOR, AUG. 20, 1847, FOR GALLANT AND MERITORIOUS CONDUCT IN THE BATTLES OF CONTRERAS AND CHURUBUSCO, MEX.)

on frontier duty at Ft. Atkinson, Kan., 1848–49; on Recruiting Service, 1849–50; on frontier duty at Ft. Snelling, Min., 1851–53; on Recruiting

(MAJOR, 8TH INFANTRY, JUNE 9, 1853)

service, 1853; and as Deputy Governor of the Military Asylum at Harrodsburg, Ky., Sep. 13, 1854, to May 14, 1858, — and Lieut.-Governor

of the Soldiers' Home, near Washington, D. C., May 16, 1858, to Mar. 8,

(LIEUT.-COLONEL, 5TH INFANTRY, JULY 31, 1861)

1864.

RETIRED FROM ACTIVE SERVICE, OCT. 16, 1863, FOR DISABILITY RESULTING FROM LONG AND FAITHFUL SERVICE, AND FROM SICKNESS AND EXPOSURE CONTRACTED IN THE LINE OF DUTY.

Served: as Member of Examining Board of Applicants for promotion in the Army, March 8, 1864, to Dec. 31, 1867; and on Court-martial duty, July, 1868, to Jan., 1869.

DIED, MAR. 11, 1881, AT LOUISVILLE, KY.: AGED 73.

616..(Born N. Y.)....**JAMES H. TAYLOR**....(Ap'd N. Y.)..**30**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1825, to July 1, 1830, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 3D INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1830.

Served: on frontier duty at Jefferson Barracks, Mo., 1831; at West Point, N. Y., July 11, 1831, to Mar. 15, 1834; on Recruiting service,

(SECOND LIEUT., 3D INFANTRY, OCT. 31, 1833.)

1834; and on frontier duty at Camp Washita, I. T., 1834, — and Ft. Towson, I. T., 1834–35.

DROWNED, OCT. 17, 1835, IN THE COSSITOT RIVER, 76 MILES FROM FT. TOWSON, I. T.: AGED 28.

617..(Born Md.)...**ROBERT C. BUCHANAN**...(Ap'd D. C.)..**31**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1826, to July 1, 1830, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 4TH INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1830.

SECOND LIEUT., 4TH INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1830.

Served: in garrison at Baton Rouge, La., 1831–32, — Ft. Crawford, Wis., 1832, — in the "Black Hawk" War, 1832, being in command of the gunboats on the Wisconsin River during the Battle of Bad Axe River, Aug. 2, 1832, — Ft. Armstrong, Ill., 1832, — and Baton Rouge, La., 1832–33; on Recruiting service, 1833; in garrison at Baton Rouge, La., 1833–34, — and New Orleans, La., 1834–35; as Adjutant 4th Infantry, at Regimental headquarters, Feb. 4, 1835, to Nov. 30, 1838; in the Florida War against the Seminole Indians, 1836, 1837–38, being engaged

(FIRST LIEUT., 4TH INFANTRY, MAR. 16, 1836)

on Staff duty, in the Skirmishes at Camp Izard, Feb. 27, 28, 29, and March 5, 1836, — Combat of Oloklikaha, Mar. 31, 1836, — and Battle of Okee-cho-bee, Dec. 25, 1837; in the Cherokee Nation, 1838, while transferring the Indians to the West; on Commissary duty, at Louisville,

(CAPTAIN, 4TH INFANTRY, NOV. 1, 1838)

Ky., 1838–39; on frontier duty at Ft. Gibson, I. T., 1839–40, — opening Military Road to Ft. Smith, Ark., 1840–41; in the Florida War against the Seminole Indians, 1841–42; on frontier duty at Jefferson Barracks, Mo., 1842–44, — and Camp Salubrity, at Natchitoches, La., 1844–45; in Military Occupation of Texas, 1845–46; in the War with Mexico, 1846–48, being engaged in the Battle of Palo Alto, May 8, 1846, — Battle of Resaca-de-la-Palma, May 9, 1845, — Battle of Monterey,

(BVT. MAJOR, MAY 9, 1846, FOR GALLANT AND DISTINGUISHED SERVICES IN THE BATTLES OF PALO ALTO AND RESACA-DE-LA-PALMA, TEX.)

Sep. 21–23, 1846, — in command of Battalion of Maryland Volunteers, Nov. 25, 1846, to May 30, 1847, — Skirmishes of Paso de Ovejas, June 20,

(LIEUT.-COLONEL, BATTALION OF MARYLAND VOLUNTEERS, NOV. 25, 1846)

near Plan-del-Rio, June 22, and near El Pinal, July 5, 1847, — Capture of San Antonio, Aug. 20, 1847, — Battle of Churubusco, Aug. 20, 1847, — Battle of Molino del Rey, Sep. 8, 1847, — Battle of Chapultepec, Sep. 13, 1847, — Assault and Capture of the City of Mexico, Sep. 13–14,

(BVT. LIEUT.-COL., SEP. 8, 1847, FOR GALLANT AND MERITORIOUS CONDUCT IN THE BATTLE OF MOLINO DEL REY, MEX.)

1847, — and as Acting Inspector-General, Jan. 27 to Oct. 24, 1848 ; on frontier duty at Ft. Niagara, N. Y., 1849–50 ; on Recruiting service, 1850–52 ; on frontier duty at Benicia, Cal., 1852–53, — Ft. Humboldt, Cal., 1853–56, — in command of the District of Southern Oregon and

(MAJOR, 4TH INFANTRY, FEB 3, 1855)

Northern California, Mar. 7 to July 13, 1856, being engaged against the Rogue River Indians, Mar. 16 to July 10, 1856, when hostilities terminated by the removal of the Tribes ; on recruiting service, 1857 ; as Superintendent of Western Recruiting Service at Newport, Ky., July 1, 1857, to July 1, 1859 ; on Court-martial duty, 1859–60 ; on detached service at Washington, D. C., 1860–61 ; and on frontier duty at Ft. Dalles, Or., 1861, — and at Los Angeles, Cal., 1861.

Served during the Rebellion of the Seceding States, 1861–66 : in the

(LIEUT.-COLONEL 4TH INFANTRY, SEP. 9, 1861)

defenses of Washington, D. C., Nov. 27, 1861, to Mar. 10, 1862 ; in the Virginia Peninsular Campaign (Army of the Potomac), Mar.–July, 1862, in command of 4th Infantry, to May 24, 1862, and subsequently of a brigade of Regular Infantry, being engaged in the Siege of Yorktown, Apr. 5–May 4, 1862, — Battle of Gaines' Mill, June 27, 1862, — Battle of Glendale, June 30, 1862, — and Battle of Malvern Hill, July 1, 1862 ; in

(BVT. COLONEL, JUNE 27, 1862, FOR GALLANT AND MERITORIOUS SERVICES AT THE BATTLE OF GAINES' MILL, VA.)

Northern Virginia Campaign, Aug.-Sep., 1862, being engaged in the Battle of Manassas, Aug. 30, 1862 ; in the Maryland Campaign (Army of the Potomac), Sep.–Nov., 1862, being engaged in the Battle of Antietam, Sep. 17, 1862, — Skirmish at Potomac Run, Sep. 18, 1862, — and march to Falmouth, Va., Oct.–Nov., 1862 ; in the Rappahannock Cam-

(BRIG.-GENERAL, U. S. VOLUNTEERS, NOV. 29, 1862, TO MAR. 4, 1863)

paign (Army of the Potomac), Dec. 1862, to Jan. 27, 1863, being engaged in the Battle of Fredericksburg, Dec. 13, 1862 ; in command of Ft. Delaware, Mar. 16 to Apr. 14, 1863 ; as Asst. Provost Marshal General, Chief Mustering and Disbursing Officer, and Superintendent of Volunteer recruiting Service, for New Jersey, Apr. 29 to Nov. 6, 1864 ; in command

(COLONEL, 1ST INFANTRY, FEB. 8, 1864)

of 1st Infantry, at New Orleans, La., Dec. 6, 1864, to Aug. 27, 1865 ; on sick leave of absence, Aug. 26 to Dec. 1, 1865 ; and as Member of

(BVT. BRIG.-GENERAL U. S. ARMY, MAR. 13, 1865, FOR GALLANT AND MERITORIOUS SERVICES AT THE BATTLE OF MALVERN HILL)

Military Commission at Washington, D. C., Dec. 1, 1865, to Jan. 26,

(BVT. MAJOR-GENERAL, U. S. ARMY, MAR. 13, 1865, FOR GALLANT AND DISTINGUISHED SERVICES AT THE BATTLES OF MANASSAS AND FREDERICKSBURG, VA.)

1866, to investigate the complaints of Prussia against enlistments in Massachusetts in 1863, — of Board for the Examination of Breech-loading

Arms, Mar. 10 to Aug. 1, 1866 ; in waiting orders, Aug. 1, 1866, to Jan. 30, 1867.

Served : as Member of Commission on Claims of the State of Iowa, Jan. 30, 1867 to Jan., 1868 ; as Acting Commissioner of the Bureau of Refugees, Freedmen, and Abandoned Lands, Jan. 2, 1868, to Jan. 8, 1869 ; and in command of District of Louisiana, Jan. 2, 1868, to Jan. 8, 1869, — of Department of Louisiana, Jan. 8 to Mar. 31, 1869, — and of his regiment, Apr., 1869, to Dec. 15, 1870, at Ft. Wayne, Mich., to June 16, 1870, and Ft. Porter, N. Y., to Dec. 15, 1870.

RETIRED FROM ACTIVE SERVICE, DEC. 31, 1870, ON HIS OWN APPLICATION, AFTER 30 YEARS OF CONTINUOUS SERVICE.

DIED, NOV. 29, 1878, AT WASHINGTON, D. C. : AGED 67.

BIOGRAPHICAL SKETCH.

BVT. MAJOR-GENERAL ROBERT C. BUCHANAN was born, 1811, in Baltimore, Md. He was graduated from the Military Academy, July 1, 1830, and promoted to the Infantry, in which arm of service he passed through every grade ; was, for several years, Adjutant of his Regiment ; became a Brigadier-General, U. S. Volunteers ; and for over a third of a century was actively engaged in every duty of his profession, as detailed in his foregoing Military History.

In Indian wars he took part, during the Black Hawk hostilities of 1832, commanding the gunboats on the Wisconsin River, — in Florida, 1836–38, was engaged in the Battle of Okee-cho-bee and several minor actions against the Seminoles, — and, 1856, was scouting against the Rogue River savages ; in the Mexican War, 1846–48, he participated in nearly every battle from Palo Alto to the Capture of the Capital ; and during the Rebellion, 1861–65, was engaged in the various contests of the Peninsula, Northern Virginia, and Rappahannock campaigns. In these wars, for his gallant and meritorious services, he received no less than five brevets from Major to Major-General.

After the termination of the Civil War, he held a most important command in Louisiana in very troublous times of the reconstruction period, when it required the utmost discretion to avoid bloodshed and preserve the peace. Of these trying services, his Asst. Adjutant-General, General Neill, says : "Buchanan's course was strongly characterized by wisdom, firmness, and moderation under the most trying and difficult circumstances in which a Department Commander has ever been placed since the war.

"On the meeting of the Legislature, anticipating trouble and bloodshed, by his strong and manly and prompt action I believe he saved the city of New Orleans from a massacre.

"I do not know any officer of the army whose personal and official integrity, whose impartial discharge of the very delicate and highly responsible duties of his post, stands higher than that of Robert C. Buchanan. He was the very soul of honor, and one of the first soldiers under whom I served.

"I cannot find words to express my admiration of Buchanan, on account of the remarkable coolness, good sense, and sound judgment which he always displayed under the most exciting scenes, when grave issues were at stake.

"Our country has never given him the credit which he deserves for the great success which he achieved in the prevention of bloodshed and preserving the peace while the city of New Orleans was seething with disloyalty, riot, and threatened bloodshed."

General Buchanan was one of the most prominent Infantry officers of

the Army, in which he performed long, faithful, and honorable service. Though a rigid disciplinarian, he was always kind and considerate to subordinates; just and incorruptible in all his dealings; dignified and courtly in his demeanor; gallant and chivalrous on the battlefield; and ever a worthy and noble exemplar to his profession.

618..(Born Ky.)...**CAMILLUS C. DAVIESS**.....(Ap'd Ky.)..32

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1825, to July 1, 1830, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 5TH INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1830.

SECOND LIEUT., 5TH INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1830.

Served: on frontier duty at Ft. Howard, Wis., 1830–31, — Ft. Winnebago, Wis., 1831–32, — in the "Black Hawk" War against the Sac Indians, 1832, — and Ft. Winnebago, Wis., 1832–33; on Recruiting service, 1833–35; and on frontier duty at Ft. Howard, Wis., 1835–37, — and Ft.

(FIRST LIEUT., 5TH INFANTRY, DEC. 31, 1836)

Winnebago, Wis., 1837–38.

RESIGNED, SEP. 30, 1838.

Civil History. — Farmer, Missouri, 1838–42.

DIED, 1842, AT STANFORD, KY.: AGED 35.

619..(Born N. J.)..**JOHN S. VANDERVEER**....(Ap'd N. J.)..33

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1825, to July 1, 1830, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 6TH INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1830.

Served: on frontier duty at Jefferson Barracks, Mo., 1830–31, — Rock Island, Ill., 1831, — Jefferson Barracks, Mo., 1831–32, — in the "Black Hawk" War against the Sac Indians, 1832, being engaged in the Battle of Bad Axe River, Aug. 2, 1832, — Jefferson Barracks, Mo., 1832–33, —

(SECOND LIEUT., 1ST DRAGOONS, MAR. 4, 1833)

Ft. Gibson, I. T., 1833–34, — Expedition to Tow-e-ash Villages, 1834, — Ft. Leavenworth, Kan., 1835–36, — Ft. Gibson, I. T., 1836, — and Nacog-

(FIRST LIEUT., 1ST DRAGOONS, AUG. 15, 1835)

doches, Tex., 1836; on Recruiting service, 1836–37; and on frontier duty

(CAPTAIN, 1ST DRAGOONS, FEB. 3, 1839)

at Ft. Gibson, I. T., 1837–39.

RESIGNED, DEC. 31, 1840.

Civil History.— Unknown.

DIED, JUNE 4, 1879, AT KING CITY, MO.: AGED 69.

620..(Born Ten.)....**THOMAS J. ROYSTER**.....(Ap'd La.)..34

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1826, to July 1, 1830, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 6TH INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1830.

Served: on frontier duty at Jefferson Barracks, Mo., 1830–31, — Rock Island, Ill., 1831, — Jefferson Barracks, Mo., 1831–32, — and in the "Black Hawk" War against the Sac Indians, 1832, being engaged in the Battle of Bad Axe River, Aug. 2, 1832.

DIED, SEP. 5, 1832, AT ROCK ISLAND, ILL.: AGED 24.

621..(Born O.).....**GEORGE WILSON**.....(Ap'd O.)..**35**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1825, to July 1, 1830, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 1ST INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1830.

SECOND LIEUT., 1ST INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1830.

Served: on frontier duty at Ft. Crawford, Wis., 1830–32, — in the "Black Hawk" War against the Sac Indians, 1832, being engaged in the Battle of Bad Axe River, Aug. 2, 1832, — at Ft. Crawford, Wis., 1833, — escorting surveyors, 1833, — Ft. Crawford, Wis., 1833–34, — Ft. Arm-

(FIRST LIEUT., 1ST INFANTRY, NOV. 30, 1836)

strong, Ill., 1834, — and Ft. Crawford, Wis., 1834–36, 1836–37.

RESIGNED, DEC. 31, 1837.

Civil History. — Farmer, Agency City, Wapello County, Io., 1838–40. Member of the House of Representatives of the Territory of Wisconsin, 1838 and 1839. Clerk of U. S. District Court for Iowa, 1839–40. Appointed U. S. Indian Agent, 1840: declined. Civil Engineer, 1840–49. Surveyor of Public Lands, etc., Iowa and Wisconsin, 1840–50. Adjutant, Iowa Militia, 1840–43. Register of U. S. Land Office in Fairfield, Io., 1849–51. Bank Clerk and Banker, Lexington, Mo., 1851–80, being President of the Lafayette County Bank of Lexington, Mo., 1871–80.

DIED, MAR. 3, 1880, AT LEXINGTON, MO.: AGED 71.

622..(Born R. I.)....**GEORGE W. PATTEN**.....(Ap'd R. I.)..**36**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1826, to July 1, 1830, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 2D INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1830.

SECOND LIEUT., 2D INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1830.

Served: in garrison at Ft. Gratiot, Mich., 1830–32, — Ft. Mackinac, Mich., 1832–33, — Hancock Barracks, Me., 1833–36, — and Ft. Independence, Mas., 1836; in Operations in Creek Nation, 1836; on Recruiting service, 1836–37; in garrison at Ft. Howard, Wis., 1837; in the Florida

(FIRST LIEUT., 2D INFANTRY, FEB. 13, 1837)

War against the Seminole Indians, 1837, 1838, 1839–42, being engaged in the Skirmish on Ocklawaha River, Mar. 4, 1841; in garrison at Oswego, N. Y., 1842–46, — and Ft. Columbus, N. Y., 1846; in the War with

(CAPTAIN, 2D INFANTRY, JUNE 18, 1846)

Mexico, 1846–47, being engaged in the Siege of Vera Cruz, Mar. 9–29, 1847, — and Battle of Cerro Gordo, Apr. 17–18, where he lost his left

(BVT. MAJOR, APR. 18, 1847, FOR GALLANT AND MERITORIOUS CONDUCT IN THE BATTLE OF CERRO GORDO, MEX.)

hand in storming the heights; on Recruiting service, 1847–48; on sick

(CAPT., STAFF — ASST. QUARTERMASTER, JUNE, 1847: DECLINED)

leave of absence, 1848–50; on Recruiting service, 1850–52; on frontier duty on Expedition to Tulare Valley, Cal., 1852, — at Ft. Miller, Cal., 1852–53, — Benicia, Cal., 1853, — and Rogue River Expedition, 1853–54; on Recruiting service, 1854; on frontier duty at Ft. Ripley, Min., 1854–56, — Ft. Ridgely, Min., 1856, — Ft. Lookout, Dak., 1856–57, — Expedition to Yellow Medicine River, 1857, — Ft. Ripley, Min., 1857–58, — Ft. Abercrombie, Min., 1858–59, — and Ft. Ripley, Wis., 1859; on leave of absence, 1859–60; and on frontier duty at Ft. Ripley, Min., 1860–61, — and Ft. Ridgely, Min., 1861.

Served during the Rebellion of the Seceding States, 1861–66 : in gar-
(MAJOR, 9TH INFANTRY, APR. 30, 1861)
rison at San Francisco, Cal., 1861 ; on frontier duty at Ft. Steilacoom, Wash., 1862 ; in waiting orders, Jan.–May, 1863 ; as Member of Military
(LIEUT.-COLONEL, 2D INFANTRY, JUNE 7, 1862)
Commissions at Washington, D. C., May 14, 1863, to Jan. 31, 1865 ; in
(RETIRED FROM ACTIVE SERVICE, FEB. 17, 1864, FOR DISABILITY, RESULTING FROM LONG AND FAITHFUL SERVICE, AND FROM WOUND AND EXPOSURE IN THE LINE OF DUTY)
waiting orders at Washington, D. C., Feb. 28 to Sep. 30, 1865 ; and on Courts-Martial at New York city, 1865.

Civil History. — Degree of A. M. conferred, 1830, by Brown University, R. I., of which he was a graduate in 1825. Author of numerous poetical effusions, 1830–80.

DIED, APR. 28, 1882, AT HOULTON, ME. : AGED 74.

623..(Born R. I.).....**WILLIAM EUSTIS***.....(Ap'd Mas.)..**37**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1826, to July 1, 1830, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to
BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 3D INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1830.

Served : on frontier duty on the Red River, about Natchitoches, La., 1830–31, — Ft. Towson, I. T., 1831–33, — and Ft. Gibson, I. T., 1834–35 ;
(TRANSFERRED TO 1ST DRAGOONS, AUG. 14, 1833)
(SECOND LIEUT., 1ST DRAGOONS, MAR. 17, 1834)
on Recruiting service, 1835–36 ; on sick leave of absence in Europe, 1836–37 ; on frontier duty at Ft. Des Moines, Io., 1837, — Ft. Leaven-
(FIRST LIEUT., 1ST DRAGOONS, JUNE 15, 1836)
worth, Kan., 1837–38, — March to Ft. Snelling, Io., 1838, — and at Ft. Leavenworth, Kan., 1838–39 ; at the Cavalry School of Saumur, France, and translating French Cavalry Tactics, 1839–41 ; on frontier duty at Ft. Wayne, I. T., 1841–42, — Ft. Scott, Kan., 1842–43, 1844, — Expedition to Pawnee Villages, 1844, — Ft. Scott, Kan., 1844–45, — Expedition to the Arkansas River, 1845, — and Ft. Scott, Kan., 1845–46 ; in the War
(CAPTAIN, 1ST DRAGOONS, MAR. 17, 1845)
with Mexico, 1846–47 ; on Recruiting service, 1847 ; in garrison at Jefferson Barracks, Mo., 1847–48 ; and on Recruiting service, 1848.

RESIGNED, AUG. 4, 1849.

Civil History. — Farmer, near Natchez, Mis., 1850–73. Levee Engineer, Concordia Parish, La., 1859–73. Civil Engineer and City Surveyor of Natchez, Mis., 1863–75. Residence, Philadelphia, Pa.

* Was the son of Gen. ABRAHAM EUSTIS, who served in the War of 1812–15.

624..(Born N. C.)...**DAVID A. MANNING**.....(Ap'd N. C.)..**38**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1826, to July 1, 1830, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to
BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 4TH INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1830.
SECOND LIEUT., 4TH INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1830.

Served : in garrison at Key West, Fla., 1830–32, — Ft. Mitchell, Ala., 1833–34, — New Orleans, La., 1834, — Bay of St. Louis, Mis., 1834, — New Orleans, La., 1834–35, — and Key West, Fla., 1835.

DIED, JULY 21, 1835, AT KEY WEST, FLA. : AGED 26.

625..(Born N. Y.)...**GEORGE W. McCLURE**...(Ap'd N. Y.)..**39**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1826, to July 1, 1830, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 5TH INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1830.

Served: on frontier duty at Ft. Howard, Wis., 1830–31, — Ft. Winnebago, Wis., 1831–32, — in the "Black Hawk" War, 1832, — Ft. Winne-

(TRANSFERRED TO 1ST DRAGOONS, AUG. 14, 1833)

(SECOND LIEUT., 1ST DRAGOONS, MAY 31, 1834)

bago, Wis., 1832–33, — Ft. Gibson, I. T., 1833–34, — and Expedition to Tow-e-ash Villages, 1834.

DIED, JULY 21, 1834, AT CROSS TIMBERS, I. T.: AGED 25.

626..(Born Md.).....**RICHARD H. ROSS**.....(Ap'd Md.)..**40**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1826, to July 1, 1830, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 7TH INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1830.

SECOND LIEUT., 7TH INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1830.

Served: on frontier duty at Ft. Jesup, La., 1831, — Ft. Gibson, I. T., 1831–32, — Seneca Nation, 1832–33, subsisting Indians, — and Ft. Gibson,

(FIRST LIEUT., 7TH INFANTRY, JUNE 1, 1835)

I. T., 1833–38; on Recruiting service, 1838–40; in the Florida War,

(CAPTAIN, 7TH INFANTRY, NOV. 26, 1841)

1840–42; in garrison at Ft. Morgan, Ala., 1842–43, — Mt. Vernon Arsenal, Ala., 1843, — Baton Rouge, La., 1843–44, 1845, — and Ft. Pickens, Fla., 1845; in Military Occupation of Texas, 1845–46; in the War with Mexico, 1846–48, being engaged in the Defense of Ft. Brown, May 3–9, 1846, — Battle of Monterey, Sep. 21–23, 1846, — Siege of Vera Cruz,

(BVT. MAJOR, SEP. 23, 1846, FOR GALLANT AND MERITORIOUS CONDUCT IN THE BATTLE OF MONTEREY, MEX.)

Mar. 9–29, 1847, — Battle of Cerro Gordo, Apr. 17–18, 1847 — Battle of

(BVT. LIEUT.-COL., AUG. 20, 1847, FOR GALLANT AND MERITORIOUS CONDUCT IN THE BATTLE OF CONTRERAS, MEX.)

Contreras, Aug. 19–20, 1847, where he was wounded; on Recruiting service, 1848–49; in Florida Hostilities against the Seminole Indians, 1849–50; on Recruiting service, 1850; and on sick leave of absence, 1850–51.

DIED, AUG. 24, 1851, AT BOSTON, MAS.: AGED 45.

627..(Born Pa.).....**JOHN M. CLENDENIN**.....(Ap'd Pa.)..**41**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1826, to July 1, 1830, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 2D INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1830.

Served: in garrison at Ft. Gratiot, Mich., 1830–32; in "Black Hawk" War against the Sac Indians, 1832; in garrison at Ft. Brady, Mich.,

(SECOND LIEUT., 2D INFANTRY, MAR. 4, 1833)

1833–36, 1837–38, — and Sackett's Harbor, N. Y., 1838; as Adjutant,

(FIRST LIEUT., 2D INFANTRY, APR. 26, 1838)

2d Infantry, at Regimental headquarters, July 5, 1838, to Apr. 16, 1840; in the Florida War, 1838–40; on Recruiting service, 1840–42; and in garrison at Sackett's Harbor, N. Y., 1842.

DIED, OCT. 17, 1842, AT MADISON BARRACKS, N. Y.: AGED 33.

628. . (Born Mas.) . . . **STEPHEN B. LEGATE*** . . . (Ap'd N. Y.) . . **42**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1826, to July 1, 1830, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 3D INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1830.

Served: on frontier duty at Jefferson Barracks, Mo., 1830–31, — Ft. Armstrong, Ill., 1831, — Jefferson Barracks, Mo., 1831, — Ft. Jesup, La.,

(SECOND LIEUT., 3D INFANTRY, OCT. 31, 1833)

1831–32, — Ft. Towson, I. T., 1832, — Ft. Jesup, La., 1832–34, — and Ft. Towson, I. T., 1834–35.

RESIGNED, AUG. 31, 1835.

DIED, NOV. 12, 1835, AT FT. SMITH, ARK.: AGED 24.

* Was the son of Captain THOMAS C. LEGATE, who served in the War of 1812–15.

CLASS OF 1831.

629. . (Born Ct.) . . . . . **ROSWELL PARK** . . . . . (Ap'd N. Y.) . . **1**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1827, to July 1, 1831, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., CORPS OF ENGINEERS, JULY 1, 1831.

SECOND LIEUT., CORPS OF ENGINEERS, JULY 1, 1831.

Served: as Asst. Engineer in the construction of Ft. Adams, Newport harbor, R. I., 1831–33, — of Ft. Warren, Boston harbor, Mas., 1833–36, — and of Delaware Breakwater, mouth of Delaware Bay, 1836.

RESIGNED, SEP. 30, 1836.

Civil History. — Professor of Natural Philosophy and Chemistry, University of Pennsylvania, 1836–42. Clergyman of the Protestant Episcopal Church, 1843–69. Principal of Christ Church Hall (High School), Pomfret, Ct., 1845–52. Elected President of Norwich University, Vt., 1850: declined. President of Racine College, Wis., 1852–59, and its Chancellor, 1859–63. Rector and Proprietor of Immanuel Hall Seminary, near Chicago, Ill., 1863–69. Degree of A. M. conferred by Union College, N. Y., 1836, — and by Hamilton College, N. Y., 1837; and of D. D., by Norwich University, Vt., 1850. Author of a "Sketch of the History of West Point," 1840, — of "Pantology, or a Systematic Survey of Human Knowledge," 1841, — of "Hand Book for American Travelers in Europe," 1853, — and of "Jerusalem, and other poems," 1857.

DIED, JULY 16, 1869, NEAR CHICAGO, ILL.: AGED 62.

BIOGRAPHICAL SKETCH.

REV. ROSWELL PARK was born in 1807, at Lebanon, Ct., and died July 16, 1869, near Chicago, Ill., in the 62d year of his age. His parentage was humble, and he was brought up as a mechanic; but at sixteen he displayed such talents that he was employed in drawing plans for the United States Armory, at Springfield, Mas. Shortly after this, his parents having removed to the State of New York, he studied during the summers at Oxford and Hamilton Academies; while in the winters he taught school for a livelihood, and to defray the expenses of his education. Having prepared himself in this way by mingled study and teaching, he entered the Sophomore Class at Hamilton College in 1826. In the following year he entered the Military Academy, from which he was graduated at the head of his class, July 1, 1831, and promoted to be a Brevet Second Lieutenant in the Corps of Engineers of the United States Army. It was in accordance with the persevering industry, which

was ever a mark of his character, that, within a month of his graduation at West Point, he passed the necessary examinations, and received the degree of A. B. at Union College, N. Y. Subsequently that of A. M. was conferred upon him by this institution, and, in 1837, by Hamilton College.

His first duty as an engineer was in Newport harbor, R. I., where, under Colonel Totten, he was engaged in the construction of Ft. Adams till 1833, when he was transferred to the command of Colonel Thayer, at Ft. Warren, the principal defense of Boston harbor, Mas. In 1836 he took the local charge of the Delaware Breakwater at the mouth of Delaware Bay, but remained there only till Sep. 30, 1836, when he resigned his commission.

Upon leaving the Army he became Professor of Natural Philosophy and Chemistry in the University of Pennsylvania, at Philadelphia, Pa. Here he remained till 1842, in the mean time, 1848, having become the author of a "Sketch of the History of West Point;" and the next year of "Pantology, or a Systematic Survey of Human Knowledge." The former, mostly a compilation of official documents, gave only a meagre account of our great National Military School, but, being then its only history extant, was popular in its day. The latter work, the germ of which he prepared while a Cadet for the Dialectic Society of the U. S. Military Academy, was much more pretentious, being offered as a guide to those who were seeking to explore the vast expanse of human knowledge. Limited to a single large octavo volume, it of course gave only an outline of a systematic tour around the whole intellectual world, contained in books which, if aggregated together, would build a Cheops' Pyramid. No one but a most industrious student, reading or examining whole libraries, could have produced what Sir James Mackintosh would call an "Exhaustive Analysis" of Human Knowledge, furnishing a distinct and proper place for every topic of thought, even those of minor importance: a kind of Index Rerum, or method of arranging texts of study. The work is outlined under the four general heads of Psychonomy, or those studies which relate more particularly to the human intellect and the laws by which it is governed; Ethnology, or the study of Nations geographically and historically; Physiconomy, or those studies which relate more immediately to the material world; and Technology, or the study of the physical arts. Each of these heads has numerous subdivisions, any one of which if fully developed would require more space than Professor Park has given to his entire Pantology. However, he has attempted to present such leading ideas of each branch as would give just views of its nature, extent, and relative importance; "thus in some degree gratifying curiosity, while stimulating it to further inquiries." Appended to the Pantology is a bibliographical catalogue referring to some of the best authorities on each branch of knowledge, which, if carefully perused, would supply fuller information upon the special subject treated. In this catalogue of works, the learned professor has made some curious mistakes, showing how dangerous it is to speak of books one has never read. For instance, under the head of "Strategy," he gives "Garsault's Parfait Maréchal" (*Complete Horse Farrier*), doubtless thinking it meant the *Perfect Marshal* commanding a model army.

Professor Park was admitted, Sep. 10, 1843, to holy orders as a Deacon of the Protestant Episcopal Church, and the following year was ordained a Priest. He removed, in 1845, to Pomfret, Ct., where he established a High School under the name of "Christ Church Hall." While here, in 1850, he declined the Presidency of Norwich University, Vt., from which he received the same year the degree of Doctor of Divinity.

Feeling that a Church College was greatly needed in the Northwest, Dr. Park, in 1852, became the President of Racine College, Wis., to

the building up of which he devoted seven years of faithful labor, and then resigned only to become the Chancellor of the institution and fill the place of Professor of Natural Science. To these dignified duties he added the laborious care of the large and growing parish of St. Luke in the city of Racine.

At Lake View, a beautiful spot near Chicago, Ill., he in 1863 established "Immanuel Hall Seminary," of which he was the Rector and Proprietor, and to which he devoted the remainder of his life, earnestly and with full measure of success.

Dr. Park, though not a man of genius, had great powers of mind; was inordinately ambitious of reputation; and possessed the most extraordinary faculty for absorbing, though not for applying, knowledge. At the Military Academy he took the first honors in every branch of study, for many of which he had little aptitude, drawing for instance; but such was his industry and perseverance that Raphael would have had to look well to his laurels had he been his classmate in the graphic art. Other illustrations of his force of application, achieving much for which he had little faculty, were his preparation, in 1853, of a "Hand Book for American Travelers in Europe," without ever having been abroad; and his publication, in 1857, of "Jerusalem and other Poems," without ever drinking at the Pierian Spring. Without creative power, he was only a magazine of learning, and hence never rose above the professor or priest; but in these callings he spent a pure life of blended educational and ecclesiastical labor, much beloved by those who knew his true and kind heart.

630..(Born Ky.)..... **HENRY CLAY***.....(Ap'd Ky.)..**2**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1827, to July 1, 1831, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 2D ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1831.

On authorized graduation leave of absence, July 1, 1831, to Nov. 1, 1831.

RESIGNED, NOV. 1, 1831.

Civil History. — Counselor at Law in Kentucky, 1833–46. Member of the House of Representatives of the State of Kentucky, 1835–37.

Military History. — Served in the War with Mexico of 1846–48 as

LIEUT-COLONEL, 2D REG. KENTUCKY VOLUNTEERS, JUNE 9, 1846,

being engaged in the Battle of Buena Vista, Feb. 22–23, 1847, where, while gallantly leading a charge of his regiment, he was Mortally Wounded, and in that condition was

LANCED TO DEATH, FEB. 23, 1847: AGED 36.

* Was the son of HENRY CLAY, of Kentucky, the great Orator and Statesman.

631..(Born N. C.)..... **JAMES ALLEN**.....(Ap'd N. C.)..**3**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1827, to July 1, 1831, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 4TH ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1831.

SECOND LIEUT., 4TH ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1831.

Served: at the Military Academy, 1831–33, as Principal Asst. Professor of Engineering, Sep. 1, 1831, to Aug. 31, 1832, — and as Asst. Pro-

(TRANSFERRED TO 2D ARTILLERY, 1832)

fessor of Mathematics, Aug. 31, 1832, to Oct. 28, 1833; and in garrison at Ft. Moultrie, S. C., 1833–34, — and Ft. Monroe, Va., 1834.

RESIGNED, JULY 31, 1834.

Civil History. — Counselor at Law, Windsor, Bertie County, N. C., 1834–47.

DIED, OCT. 26, 1847, AT WINDSOR, N. C.: AGED 37.

632..(Born Me.).....**HENRY E. PRENTISS**.....(Ap'd Me.)..**4**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1827, to July 1, 1831, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 2D ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1831.

SECOND LIEUT., 2D ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1831.

Served: at the Military Academy, 1831–33, as Asst. Professor of Engineering, Aug. 26, 1831, to Sep. 1, 1832, — as Principal Asst. Professor of Engineering, Sep. 1, 1832, to Aug. 31, 1833, — and as Asst. Professor of Mathematics, Aug. 31 to Nov. 1, 1833; and in garrison at Ft. Mitchell, Ala., 1833–34, — and Ft. Morgan, Ala., 1834.

RESIGNED, SEP. 10, 1835.

Civil History. — Counselor at Law, Bangor, Me., 1835–49. Engineer, Maine Militia, 1839, — and Major, Staff (Division Judge Advocate), 1841–46. Extensively engaged in Lumber business, and the management of the Penobscot Boom Corporation, and other Lumbering Associations, 1849–73. Member of the House of Representatives of the State of Maine, 1858 and 1859. Mayor of the city of Bangor, Me., 1870–71.

DIED, JULY 2, 1873, AT BANGOR, ME.: AGED 64.

633..(Born Ten.)...**ALBERT MILLER LEA**.....(Ap'd Ten.)..**5**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1827, to July 1, 1831, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 7TH INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1831.

SECOND LIEUT., 7TH INFANTRY, MAR. 4, 1833.

Served: on Topographical duty, Nov. 25, 1831, to May 1, 1834; and

(SECOND LIEUT., 1ST DRAGOONS, MAR. 4, 1833)

on frontier duty, at Ft. Des Moines, Io., 1834–36, — and Sioux Country, 1836.

RESIGNED, MAY 31, 1836.

Civil History. — Chief Engineer of the State of Tennessee, 1837. U. S. Commissioner for the determination of the Boundary Line between Missouri and Iowa, 1838. Asst. Engineer, Baltimore and Ohio Railroad, 1839–40. Brig.-General, Iowa Militia, 1840. Chief Clerk of the U. S. War Department, 1841. Professor of Mathematics and Natural Philosophy, East Tennessee University, Knoxville, Ten., 1844–51. Glass Manufacturer, Knoxville, Ten., 1851–53. City Engineer of Knoxville, Ten., 1849–54. Chief Engineer of Aransas Railroad Company in Texas, and of Rio Grande, Mexico, and Pacific Railroad Company, Mex., 1857–61.

Joined in the Rebellion of 1861–66 against the United States.

Civil History. — City Engineer of Galveston, Tex., 1866. Real Estate Agent, 1870–74. Farmer, at Corsicana, Tex., since 1874.

634..(Born Va.)....**RICHARD H. PEYTON**.....(Ap'd Va.)..**6**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1827, to July 1, 1831, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 2D ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1831.

SECOND LIEUT., 2D ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1831.

Served: in garrison at Ft. Wood, La., 1831–32; at the Military Academy, as Asst. Professor of Mathematics, Nov. 4, 1832, to Dec. 20, 1834; in garrison at Augusta Arsenal, Ga., 1835–36; in Operations in Creek

(FIRST LIEUT., 2D ARTILLERY, JUNE 28, 1836)

Nation, 1836–37; in the Florida War against the Seminole Indians, 1837–38, being engaged in the Surprise and Capture of the Chief Philip and other warriors, Sep. 9, 1837, — and Skirmish near Mosquito Inlet, Sep. 10, 1837; as Chief of Commissariat in the emigration of the Cherokee Indians to the West of the Mississippi, 1838; and on Quartermaster

(COL., STAFF — ASST. QUARTERMASTER, JULY 7, 1838)

duty in the Florida War, at Ft. Brooke, 1838–39.

DIED, NOV. 11, 1839, AT TAMPA BAY, FLA.: AGED 28.

635..(Born N. Y.)...**WILLIAM A. NORTON**....(Ap'd N. Y.)..**7**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1827, to July 1, 1831, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 4TH ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1831.

SECOND LIEUT., 4TH ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1831.

Served: at the Military Academy, as Asst. Professor of Natural and Experimental Philosophy, Aug. 30, 1831, to Sep. 30, 1833, and was, while on leave of absence, engaged in the "Black Hawk Expedition," 1832, but not at the seat of war.

RESIGNED, SEP. 30, 1833.

Civil History. — Acting Professor of Natural Philosophy and Astronomy, University of the City of New York, 1833–38. Professor of Mathematics and Natural Philosophy, Delaware College, Newark, Del., 1839–50, — and President of the same College, 1850. Professor of Natural Philosophy and Civil Engineering, Brown University, R. I., 1850–52; and of Civil Engineering, Yale College, Ct., 1852–83. Author of an "Elementary Treatise on Astronomy," 1839, — of "First Book of Natural Philosophy," 1858, — and of several Memoirs on Terrestrial Magnetism, and other scientific subjects. Degree of A. M. conferred by the University of Vermont, 1842. Member of several scientific associations, 1844–83, — and author of various Scientific Papers, 1868–79. Member of the National Academy of Sciences, 1873. Professor of Civil Engineering in the Sheffield Scientific School of Yale College, Ct., 1852–83.

DIED, SEP. 21, 1883, AT NEW HAVEN, CT.: AGED 73.

636..(Born Va.).....**GEORGE W. TURNER**.....(Ap'd Va.)..**8**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1827, to July 1, 1831, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 1ST ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1831.

SECOND LIEUT., 1ST ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1831.

Served: at the Military Academy, as Asst. Professor of Mathematics, Aug. 31, 1831, to Jan. 20, 1832; in garrison at Charleston harbor, S. C., 1832–33, during South Carolina's threatened nullification; in garrison at Ft. Trumbull, Ct., 1835, — and Ft. Johnston, N. C., 1835–36; and in the Florida War against the Seminole Indians, 1836, being engaged in the Skirmish of Okihumphy Swamp, Mar. 30, 1836.

RESIGNED, JUNE 30, 1836.

Civil History. — Principal of Academy, Charlestown, Va., 1847–49. Farmer, Rippon, Jefferson County, Va., 1837–59.

KILLED, OCT. 17, 1859, AT HARPER'S FERRY, VA., BY JOHN BROWN'S RAIDING PARTY WHICH INVADED VIRGINIA: AGED 49.

637..(Born Md.)....**SAMUEL C. RIDGELY**.....(Ap'd Md.)..**9**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1827, to July 1, 1831, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 4TH ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1831.

SECOND LIEUT., 4TH ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1831.

Served: at the Military Academy, 1831–39, as Asst. Professor of Mathematics, Aug. 28, 1831, to Oct. 4, 1834, — and as Principal Asst. Professor of Engineering, Oct. 4, 1834, to Aug. 28, 1839, being, while on leave of absence, on "Black Hawk Expedition," 1832, but not at the seat

(FIRST LIEUT., 4TH ARTILLERY, SEP. 16, 1836)

of war; at the Camp of Instruction, near Trenton, N. J., 1839; on the Northern Frontier during Canada Border Disturbances, at Detroit, Mich., 1839–41, — and Buffalo, N. Y., 1841–42; in garrison at Ft. McHenry, Md., 1842–43; as Acting Judge Advocate of the Army, Feb. 8, 1843, to Mar. 11, 1847; in the War with Mexico, 1847–48, being engaged in the

(CAPTAIN, 4TH ARTILLERY, FEB. 16, 1847)

Battle of Contreras, Aug. 19–20, 1847, — Battle of Molino del Rey, Sep. 8,

(BVT. MAJOR, AUG. 20, 1847, FOR GALLANT AND MERITORIOUS CONDUCT IN THE BATTLES OF CONTRERAS AND CHURUBUSCO, MEX.)

1847, — and Assault and Capture of the City of Mexico, Sep. 13–14, 1847; in garrison at New Orleans Barracks, La., 1848–49; in Florida Hostilities against the Seminole Indians, 1849–50; in garrison at Ft. Lafayette, N. Y., 1850–51, — Ft. Johnston, N. C., 1851, — Ft. Sumter, S. C., 1851–52, — Ft. Ontario, N. Y., 1852–53, — Ft. Mifflin, Pa., 1853, — and Ft. Independence, Mas., 1853–54; as Member of Board to revise "Rifle and Light Infantry Tactics," at West Point, N. Y., Aug. 2, 1854, to Jan. 15, 1855; in garrison at Ft. Independence, Mas., 1855–56, 1856; and on sick leave of absence, 1856–59.

DIED, JULY 6, 1859, AT GEORGETOWN, D. C.: AGED 50.

638..(Born N. Y.)....**SAMUEL H. MILLER**....(Ap'd N. Y.)..**10**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1827, to July 1, 1831, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 3D ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1831.

SECOND LIEUT., 3D ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1831.

Served: at the Military Academy, as Asst. Professor of Mathematics, Aug. 29, 1831, to May 18, 1832; and in garrison at Ft. Trumbull, Ct., 1832–33.

RESIGNED, NOV. 30, 1833.

DIED, JAN. 4, 1834: AGED 24.

639..(Born N. Y.)...**GEORGE H. TALCOTT**....(Ap'd N. Y.)..**11**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1827, to July 1, 1831, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 3D ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1831.

SECOND LIEUT., 3D ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1831.

Served: in garrison at Ft. Wolcott, R. I., 1831–32; on Recruiting service, 1832; in garrison at Ft. Wolcott, R. I., 1832; on the "Black Hawk Expedition," 1832, but not at the seat of war; in garrison at Ft. Wolcott, R. I., 1832–33; on Recruiting service, 1833; in garrison at Ft. Trumbull, Ct., 1833, — Ft. Independence, Mas., 1833, — and Ft. Monroe, Va., 1833–35; in the Florida War against the Seminole Indians, 1835–36, being engaged in the Combat of Withlacoochee, Dec. 31, 1835, — Skirmish

(BVT. FIRST LIEUT., DEC. 31, 1835, FOR GALLANT CONDUCT ON SEVERAL OCCASIONS IN THE WAR AGAINST THE FLORIDA INDIANS)

near Micanopy, June 9, 1836, — and Defense of Convoy at Wilika Pond, July 19, 1836; on Ordnance duty, Aug. to Dec. 31, 1836, and May 10,

(FIRST LIEUT., 3D ARTILLERY, SEP. 15, 1836)

1837, to July 9, 1838; as Asst. Ordnance Officer, at Watervliet Arsenal,

(FIRST LIEUT., ORDNANCE, JULY 9, 1838)

N. Y., 1838–41; in command of Augusta Arsenal, Ga., 1841–44, 1844–46, — and superintending armament of defenses of Pensacola harbor, Fla., 1845–46; in the War with Mexico, 1846–47, being engaged in the Battle

(MAJOR, VOLTIGEURS, APR. 9, 1847)

of Cerro Gordo, Apr. 17–18, 1847, in command of Howitzer and Rocket Battery, — Battle of Contreras, Aug. 19–20, 1847, — Battle of Churubusco, Aug. 20, 1847, — Battle of Molino del Rey, Sep. 8, 1847, where he

(BVT. LIEUT.-COL., SEP. 8, 1847, FOR GALLANT AND MERITORIOUS CONDUCT IN THE BATTLE OF MOLINO DEL REY, MEX.)

was wounded; on sick leave of absence, disabled by wounds, 1847–48.

DISBANDED AS MAJOR OF VOLTIGEURS, AUG. 28, 1848.

Reinstated, by Act of Congress of July 19, 1848, with his original rank as

CAPTAIN OF ORDNANCE, TO DATE FROM MAR. 3, 1847.

Served: in superintending the armament of fortifications, 1848–49; and

(BVT. MAJOR, TO DATE FROM SEP. 8, 1847, FOR GALLANT AND MERITORIOUS CONDUCT IN THE BATTLE OF MOLINO DEL REY, MEX.)

in command of New York Ordnance Depot, 1849–51, — and of Augusta Arsenal, Ga., 1851–52, 1852–53, 1853–54.

DIED, JUNE 8, 1854, AT INDIAN SPRINGS, GA.: AGED 43.

640..(Born Va.).....**JACOB AMMEN**.....(Ap'd O.)..**12**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1827, to July 1, 1831, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 1ST ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1831.

SECOND LIEUT., 1ST ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1831.

Served: at the Military Academy, 1831–32, as Asst. Professor of Mathematics, Oct. 1, 1831, to June 21, 1832, — and Asst. Instructor of Infantry Tactics, June 21 to Aug. 31, 1832; in garrison at Charleston harbor, S. C., 1832–33, during South Carolina's threatened nullification, — and Ft. Trumbull, Ct., 1833–34; at the Military Academy, 1834–37, as Asst. Professor of Mathematics, Oct. 4, 1834, to Aug. 31, 1836, — and as Prin-

(FIRST LIEUT., 1ST ARTILLERY, MAY 3, 1836)

cipal Asst. Professor of Natural and Experimental Philosophy, Aug. 31, 1836, to Nov. 5, 1837.

RESIGNED, NOV. 30, 1837.

Civil History. — Professor of Mathematics, Bacon College, George-

town, Ky., 1837–39, — of Mathematics, Jefferson College, Washington, Mis., 1839–40, — of Mathematics, University of Indiana, 1840–43, — of Mathematics, Jefferson College, Washington, Mis., 1843–48, — and of Mathematics and Astronomy, Georgetown College, Ky., 1848–55. Civil Engineer, Ripley, O., 1855–61.

Military History. — Served during the Rebellion of the Seceding States, 1861–65: in organizing a company of Ohio Volunteers; in in-

(CAPTAIN, 12TH OHIO VOLUNTEERS, APR. 18, 1861)

structing and equipping regiment at Camps Dennison and Chase, O.,

(LIEUT.-COLONEL, 12TH OHIO VOLUNTEERS, MAY 2, 1861)

May 2 to July 26, 1861; in the West Virginia Campaign, Sep.–Nov.,

(COLONEL, 24TH OHIO VOLUNTEERS, JUNE 22, 1861)

1861, being engaged in the Combat of Cheat Mountain, Sep. 12, 1861, — and Action of Greenbriar, Oct. 3, 1861; in the Tennessee and Mississippi Campaign (Army of the Ohio), Feb.–June, 1862, being engaged on the march to Pittsburg Landing, Feb.–Apr., 1862, — Battle of Shiloh, Apr. 6–7, 1862, — and Advance upon and Siege of Corinth, Apr. 10 to May 30, 1862; on the march through North Alabama and movement

(BRIG.-GENERAL, U. S. VOLUNTEERS, JULY 16, 1862)

to Louisville, Ky., with the Army of the Ohio, June–Sep., 1862; in command of Covington, Ky., Camp Dennison, O., and Camp Douglas, Ill., Oct. 30, 1862, to Apr. 14, 1863, — of the District of Illinois, Apr. 14 to Dec. 16, 1863, — and of the Districts of Middle Tennessee and Kentucky, Jan. 2–26, 1864; on Court Martial at Cincinnati, O., Jan. 27 to Mar. 28, 1864; and in command of the District of East Tennessee, Apr. 10, 1864, to Jan. 14, 1865.

RESIGNED, JAN. 14, 1865.

Civil History. — Civil Engineer, 1865–69. Surveyor and Engineer for Hamilton County, O., 1869–72. Farmer, Prince George's County, Md., since 1872. Member of the Board of Visitors to the Military Academy, 1875. Deputed by Secretary of the Navy to accompany Isthmus of Panama Commission, to examine the Nicaragua and Atrato-Napipi Canal Routes, 1874. Residence, Beltsville, Md.

641..(Born Pa.)..**ANDREW A. HUMPHREYS**..(Ap'd Pa.)..**13**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1827, to July 1, 1831, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 2D ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1831.

SECOND LIEUT., 2D ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1831.

Served: in garrison at Ft. Moultrie, S. C., 1831; on Special duty, making drawings at the Military Academy, Jan. 5 to April 18, 1832; in the Cherokee Nation, 1832–33; in garrison at Augusta Arsenal, Ga., 1833, — and Ft. Marion, Fla., 1833–34; on Topographical duty, Aug. 22,

(FIRST LIEUT., 2D ARTILLERY, AUG. 16, 1836)

1834, to Dec. 31, 1835, making Surveys in West Florida and at Cape Cod, Mas.; in the Florida War against the Seminole Indians, 1836, being engaged in the Action of Oloklikaha, Mar. 31, 1836, — and Action near Micanopy, June 9, 1836.

RESIGNED, SEP. 30, 1836.

Civil History. — Civil Engineer in the Service of the United States, assisting Major Bache on plans of Brandywine Shoal Light-house and Crow Shoal Breakwater, Delaware Bay, 1836–38.

Military History. — Re-appointed in the U. S. Army with the rank of FIRST LIEUT., CORPS OF TOP. ENGINEERS, JULY 7, 1838.

Served: in charge of works for the improvement of Chicago harbor, Ill., 1839; as Asst. Top. Engineer of Survey of Oswego harbor defenses, N. Y., 1839; in charge of Survey of Whitehall harbor, N. Y., 1839; as Assistant in the Topographical Bureau at Washington, D. C., 1840–41; in the Florida War, 1842; on construction of bridge at Washington, D. C., 1842; as Assistant in the Topographical Bureau at Washington, D. C., 1842–43, 1843–44; as Assistant in charge of the Coast Survey Office, at Washington, D. C., 1844–49, — and on Survey in the field, 1849–50; in

(CAPTAIN, CORPS OF TOP. ENGINEERS, MAY 31, 1848)

making Topographic and Hydrographic Survey of the Delta of the Mississippi River, with a view to its protection from inundation, and deepening the channels at its mouth, 1850–51, continuing in general charge of the work, and preparing, in conjunction with Lieutenant Abbot, his voluminous report thereon, till 1861; on sick leave of absence, 1851–53; in Europe, examining means for protecting Delta Rivers from inundation, 1853–54; in general charge, under the War Department, of the Office duties at Washington, D. C., connected with the Explorations and Surveys for Railroads from the Mississippi River to the Pacific Ocean, and Geographical Explorations west of the Mississippi, 1854–61; as Member of the Light-house Board, Apr. 24, 1856, to Apr. 5, 1362, — of the Board "to revise the Programme of Instruction at the U. S. Military Academy," Jan. 12 to Apr. 24, 1860, — and of the Commission, created by Act of Congress of June 21, 1860, "to examine into the Organization, System of Discipline, and Course of Instruction at the U. S. Military Academy," July 18 to Dec. 18, 1860.

Served during the Rebellion of the Seceding States, 1861–66: on the

(MAJOR, CORPS OF TOP. ENGINEERS, AUG. 6, 1861)

Staff of Major-General McClellan, General-in-Chief, at Washington, D. C., Dec. 1, 1861, to Mar. 5, 1862; in the Virginia Peninsular Campaign, as Chief Top. Engineer of the Army of the Potomac, Mar. 5 to Aug. 31,

(COL., STAFF — ADDITIONAL AIDE-DE-CAMP, MAR. 5, 1862)

1862, being engaged in the Siege of Yorktown, Apr. 5–May 4, 1862, — Battle of Williamsburg, May 5, 1862, — in Movements and Operations

(BRIG.-GENERAL, U. S. VOLUNTEERS, APR. 28, 1862)

before Richmond and to the James River, May–June, 1862, — and Battle of Malvern Hill, July 1, 1862; in command of division of new troops at Washington, D. C., Sep., 1862; in the Maryland Campaign (Army of the Potomac), Sep.–Nov., 1862, being engaged in covering Frederick, Sep. 16, 1862, — Pursuit of enemy from Antietam, Sep. 18, 1862, — Reconnoissance in Shenandoah Valley, Oct. 16–17, 1862, — and March to Falmouth, Va., Oct.–Nov., 1862; in the Rappahannock Campaign (Army of the Potomac), Dec., 1862–June, 1863, being engaged in the Battle of Fredericksburg, Dec. 13, 1862, — and Battle of Chancellorsville, May 2–4,

(BVT.-COL., DEC. 13, 1862, FOR GALLANT AND MERITORIOUS SERVICES AT THE BATTLE OF FREDERICKSBURG, VA.)

1863; in the Pennsylvania Campaign (Army of the Potomac), June–July,

(LIEUT.-COL., CORPS OF ENGINEERS, MAR. 3, 1863)

1863, being engaged in the Battle of Gettysburg, July 1–3, 1863; as Chief of Staff of Major-General Meade, commanding Army of the Poto-

(MAJOR-GENERAL, U. S. VOLUNTEERS, JULY 8, 1863)

mac, July 8, 1863, to Nov. 25, 1864, being engaged in the Action of Manassas Gap, July 23, 1863, — the Rapidan Operations, Oct.–Nov., 1863,

including the Actions of Oct. 12 and Nov. 7, 1863, on the Rappahannock, and Combat of Bristoe Station, Oct. 14, 1863, — Operations of Mine Run, Nov. 29–Dec. 3, 1863, — Action of the Rapidan, Feb. 6, 1864, — Battle of the Wilderness, May 5–6, 1864, — Battles around Spottsylvania, May 9–20, 1864 — Battles of North Anna, May 23–26, 1864, — Battles of the Tolopotomy, May 28–30, 1864, — Battles of Cold Harbor, June 1–3, 1864, — Assaults of Petersburg, June 16–18, and July 30 (Mine), 1864, — Battles of the Weldon Railroad, Aug. 18–25, 1864, — Action of Peeble's Farm, Sep. 30, 1864, — and Action of Boydton Plankroad, Oct. 27, 1864; in command of Second Army Corps, Nov. 25, 1864, to June 27, 1865, being engaged in the Siege of Petersburg till its fall, Apr. 3, 1865, including the Actions of Hatcher's Run, Feb. 4–6, 1865,

(BVT. BRIG.-GENERAL, U. S. ARMY, MAR. 13, 1865, FOR GALLANT AND MERITORIOUS SERVICES AT THE BATTLE OF GETTYSBURG, PA.)

and the almost daily attacks on the enemy's works, Mar. 24 to Apr. 3, 1865, — and Pursuit of General Lee's Rebel Army (including the several Actions of the Second Corps, Apr. 6, 1865, terminating at Sailor's Creek, and Actions at High Bridge and Farmville, Apr. 7, 1865), till its sur-

(BVT. MAJ.-GENERAL, U. S. ARMY, MAR. 13, 1865, FOR GALLANT AND MERITORIOUS SERVICES AT THE BATTLE OF SAILOR'S CREEK, VA.)

render, Apr. 9, 1865, at Appomattox Court House; on march to, and at Washington, D. C., Apr. 10 to June 27, 1865; in command of the District of Pennsylvania, in Middle Department, July 28 to Dec. 9, 1865; in charge of the examination of the Mississippi Levees, Dec. 9, 1865, to Aug. 8, 1866.

MUSTERED OUT OF THE VOLUNTEER SERVICE, AUG. 31, 1866.

Served: in command of the Corps of Engineers, and in charge of Engineer Bureau, at Washington, D. C., Aug. 8, 1866, to June 30, 1879;

(BRIG.-GENERAL AND CHIEF OF ENGINEERS OF THE U. S. ARMY, AUG. 8, 1866)

and as Member of the Light-house Board, Feb. 20, 1870, to Jan., 1874, — of Commission to examine into Canal Routes across the Isthmus connecting North and South America, 1872–77, — of Board on Washington and Georgetown Harbor Improvements, 1872–73; of Revising Board for Bulkhead and Pier Line, of Brooklyn, May, 1872, to June 30, 1879, — of Staten Island, Aug., 1875, to June 30, 1879, — and Hudson River (Troy to Hudson), June 18, 1877, to June 30, 1879; of Board for Survey of Baltimore harbor and adjacent waters, May, 1876, to June 30, 1879, — of Washington Monument Commission, Jan., 1877, to June 30, 1879, — of Advisory Board to Massachusetts Harbor Commissioners, Jan., 1877, to June 30, 1879, — and of examining Board of Moline Water Power Company contracts, Apr. 10 to June 13, 1877.

RETIRED FROM ACTIVE SERVICE, JUNE 30, 1879, AT HIS OWN REQUEST, HE HAVING SERVED OVER 40 YEARS.

Civil History. — Member of the American Philosophical Society, Philadelphia, Pa., 1857, — and of the American Academy of Arts and Sciences, Boston, Mas., 1863. Corporator of the National Academy of Sciences, Mar. 3, 1863, to Dec. 27, 1883. Honorary Member of the Imperial Royal Geological Institute of Vienna, Austria, 1862, — and of the Royal Institute of Science and Art of Lombardy, Milan, Italy, 1864. Author of the "History of the Virginia Campaign of 1864–65;" and "From Gettysburg to the Rapidan," 1882. Degree of LL. D. conferred by Harvard University, 1865.

DIED, DEC. 27, 1883, AT WASHINGTON, D. C.: AGED 73.

BIOGRAPHICAL SKETCH.

BVT. MAJOR-GENERAL ANDREW A. HUMPHREYS was born, Nov. 2, 1810, at Philadelphia, Pa. His grandfather and father were naval architects, and both became Chiefs of the Construction Bureau, U. S. Navy. The former made the plans upon which were built "Old Ironsides" and her five sister frigates, which so proudly bore the stars and stripes to many victories in the War of 1812–15 against Great Britain.

Young Humphreys entered the Military Academy before he was seventeen years old, and graduated therefrom July 1, 1831. After a short service in the artillery, during which he was engaged in the actions of Oloklikaha and Micanopy against the Seminole Indians in the Florida War, he resigned from the Army, Sep. 30, 1836, to become a Civil Engineer, under Major Bache, in the construction of a Light-house and Breakwater in Delaware Bay.

Upon the organization of the Corps of Topographical Engineers, he was appointed to rank as one of its First Lieutenants from July 7, 1838, and for six years was engaged in the duties of that branch of service.

Lieut. Humphreys, upon the application of Professor Alex. D. Bache, was detailed, in 1844, as his assistant in the Coast Survey Office, where his responsible duties became so laborious that his health gave way, compelling his relief at the end of five years.

In 1850, Capt. Humphreys was directed to make a Topographic and Hydrographic Survey of the Delta of the Mississippi River, with a view to its protection from inundation, and deepening the channels at its mouth. This required much careful study; the measurement of numerous cross sections, and volume of discharge of the river; the determination of the extent of floods, and how to lessen their effects; ascertaining the amount of riparian abrasions, and quantity and kind of sedimentary matter carried down; investigating every safe method of deepening the channel bars; and the solution of many vexed hydraulic problems which constantly presented themselves. His arduous labors of research and supervision were suddenly suspended, in the summer of 1851, by a sunstroke. When partially recovered, he was permitted to visit Europe to study the deltas of its great rivers, and how they were protected by engineers against inundations.

Humphreys returned from abroad in 1854, when a new labor confronted him, — the supervision of the surveys of routes to the Pacific, and making the needful investigations of their comparative merits, with estimates of cost of railways by each. Lieut. Abbot, his assistant, says of his chief's grasp of this subject: "His mind worked like a beautiful machine, neglecting nothing, forgetting nothing, and so rapidly bringing order out of chaos that the work took shape visibly from day to day. The preliminary report was completed before Congress adjourned; and subsequent experience has amply confirmed the correctness of his conclusions and the wisdom of his recommendations."

The voluminous report on the Mississippi Delta Survey, which had been continued under Capt. Humphreys' direction by his assistant, Lieut. Abbot, was published by Congress in 1861, and such was its scientific value that it has been translated into most of the languages of Europe, for it is truly a mine for the hydraulic engineer.

In 1856, Humphreys, in addition to his many other duties, was made a Member of the Light-house Board, upon which he served ten years, but not continuously.

On the outbreak of the Rebellion, though Humphreys had proved himself a most meritorious officer, he was distrusted by those in power because of his intimacy with Jefferson Davis, under whom he had served when U. S.

Secretary of War, and who had now become President of the Confederate States. However, in December, 1861, Humphreys was assigned to duty with the Army of the Potomac, in which by his brilliant soldierly qualities he rose from an Aide-de-Camp to be the head of an Army Corps, with the rank of Major-General. Filling every position in which he was placed, — as Engineer, Chief of Staff, Division or Corps Commander, and serving in nearly every battle from Yorktown, in 1862, to Appomattox, in 1865, — he came out of the war with a reputation for gallantry, sound judgment, patriotic endeavor, and meritorious conduct rivaled by few and surpassed by none. At the desperate storming of Marye Heights, leading like a champion knight his command on this bloody field of Fredericksburg ; in resolutely defending the exposed salient on the left of the line of battle at Gettysburg ; and in the unremitting attack and pursuit of Lee's army to Appomattox C. H., — Humphreys displayed the intrepidity of a Ney and the cool self-reliance of a Masséna. "To courage of the brightest order, both moral and physical, he united the energy, decision, and intellectual power which characterized him in civil administration. These traits, joined to a thorough knowledge of strategy and grand tactics, fitted him for the highest military responsibilities."

The Civil War, in which Humphreys received three brevets for "meritorious services," being ended, he was further rewarded, Aug. 6, 1866, by the appointment of Chief of Engineers, U. S. Army. In this position, for thirteen years, he exhibited high administrative abilities, and, with the co-operation of his able corps of officers, successfully conducted the operations on the numerous military and civil works under charge of the Engineer Department. Upon his own application he was retired, June 30, 1879, from active service in the Army, only to begin a new labor of faithfully recording the great deeds of the Army of the Potomac in the memorable campaigns of 1863, 1864, and 1865, of which he might have said *magna pars fui.*

Humphreys was a member of several learned societies at home and abroad ; received, in 1865, the degree of LL. D. from Harvard University ; and was one of the fifty original Corporators of the National Academy of Sciences.

As a subordinate officer, Humphreys was prompt in the performance of every duty, zealous and laborious in carrying out the orders of his superiors, and untiring in effort till his work was accomplished ; and as a chief, though doing his full share of an allotted task, was generous in awarding the meed of praise to all under him. To his assistant, Lieut. Abbot, on the Mississippi Delta Survey, he accorded equal credit with himself by associating his name in the authorship of the able report thereon ; and to all who won glory at his side on the battlefield he unstintingly assigned their full desert. It was this sense of justice and magnanimity which insured their confidence, affection, and highest efforts. Hence, as a general, he had the earnest support of his whole command, which, united to his own magnetic leadership, undaunted gallantry, loyalty of purpose, and skill in handling masses, made his army corps almost irresistible.

General Abbot, who, from his entrance into service, was most intimate with Humphreys till he died, Dec. 27, 1883, a period of nearly thirty years, says of his departed friend : —

"In official relations General Humphreys was dignified, self-possessed, and courteous. His decisions were based on full consideration of the subject, and once rendered were final. He had a profound contempt for everything which resembled double-dealing or cowardice. He scorned the arts of time-servers and demagogues, and when confronted with meanness took no pains to conceal his indignation, no matter what might be the rank or position of the offender. He felt the warmest personal inter-

est in the success of his young associates, and often did acts of kindness of which they learned the results but not the source.

"In his social relations General Humphreys exerted a personal magnetism which can hardly be expressed in words. His manners were marked by all the graceful courtesy of the old school, while the unaffected simplicity and modesty of his character and the force and vigor of his ideas left an impression not easily effaced. He was a gentleman by nature, not merely by artificial polish, and no one could be thrown much in his society without recognizing the fact."

642..(Born Md.).....**WILLIAM H. EMORY**....(Ap'd Md.)..**14**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1826, to July 1, 1831, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 4TH ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1831.

Served: in garrison at Ft. McHenry, Md., 1831–32, — Ft. Severn, Md.,

(BVT. THIRD LIEUT., MOUNTED RANGERS, JUNE 16, 1832)

(TRANSFERRED TO 4TH ARTILLERY, AS SECOND LIEUT., TO RANK FROM JULY 1, 1831)

1832, — Charleston harbor, S. C., 1832–33, during South Carolina's threatened nullification, — Ft. Hamilton, N. Y., 1833–34, 1834–35, — and Ft. Lafayette, N. Y., 1835–36; and in Operations in the Creek Nation, 1836.

RESIGNED, SEP. 30, 1836.

Civil History. — Civil Engineer, 1836–38.

Military History. — Re-appointed in the U. S. Army with the rank of

FIRST LIEUT., CORPS OF TOP. ENGINEERS, JULY 7, 1838.

Served: on the improvement of Harbors in Delaware River, 1839, 1840–42; as Assistant in Topographical Bureau, at Washington, D. C., 1843–44; on Boundary Survey between the United States and the British Provinces, 1844–46; in the War with Mexico, 1846–48, as Chief Topographical Engineer, and Acting Asst. Adjutant-General of Brig.-General Kearny's Expedition to California, 1846–47, being engaged in the Combat of San Pasqual, Dec. 6, 1846, — Skirmish at San Bernardo,

(BVT. CAPT., DEC. 6, 1846, FOR GALLANT AND MERITORIOUS CONDUCT IN THE BATTLE OF SAN PASQUAL, CAL.)

Dec. 7, 1846, — Passage of the San Gabriel River, Jan. 8, 1847, — Skirmish on the Plains of Mesa, Jan. 9, 1847, — and as Lieut.-Colonel, Regi-

(BVT. MAJOR, JAN. 9, 1847, FOR GALLANT AND MERITORIOUS CONDUCT IN THE BATTLES OF SAN GABRIEL AND PLAINS OF MESA)

ment of Maryland and District of Columbia Volunteers, 1847–48; as

(MAJOR, 3D DRAGOONS, APR. 9, 1847: DECLINED)

Astronomer for the demarcation of the Boundary Line between California and Mexico, 1848–53; as Commissioner and Astronomer to run the

(CAPTAIN, CORPS OF TOP. ENGINEERS, APR. 24, 1851)

Boundary, under the Gadsden Treaty of Dec. 30, 1853, between the

(MAJOR, 2D CAVALRY, MAR. 3, 1855)

(TRANSFERRED TO 1ST CAVALRY, MAY 26, 1855)

United States and Mexico, 1854–57; on frontier duty at Ft. Riley, Kan.,

(BVT. LIEUT.-COL., OCT. 19, 1857, FOR VALUABLE AND DISTINGUISHED SERVICES AS COMMISSIONER FOR RUNNING THE BOUNDARY LINE BETWEEN THE UNITED STATES AND THE REPUBLIC OF MEXICO)

1857–58, during Kansas Border Disturbances, — Utah Expedition, 1858, — Ft. Arbuckle, I. T., 1858–59, — Scouting, 1859, — and Ft. Cobb, I. T., 1859; on leave of absence, 1859–60; as Member of a Board to "revise the Programme of Instruction at the Military Academy," Jan. 12 to Apr. 24, 1860; and on tour of inspection in the Department of the Pacific, 1860–61.

Served during the Rebellion of the Seceding States, 1861: in com-

(LIEUT.-COLONEL, 1ST CAVALRY, JAN. 31, 1861)

mand of the troops at Fts. Cobb, Smith, Washita, and Arbuckle, 1861, which he concentrated at the last named post, and with them captured the advance guard of the Rebel Texas forces, and then safely retreated to Ft. Leavenworth, Kan., which he reached May 31, 1861.

RESIGNED, MAY 9, 1861.

Re-appointed in the United States Army with the rank of

LIEUT.-COLONEL, 6TH CAVALRY, MAY 14, 1861.

Served during the Rebellion of the Seceding States, 1861–66: in recruiting and organizing his regiment at Pittsburg, Pa., July–Aug., 1861; in the defenses of Washington, Aug. 16, 1861, to Mar. 10, 1862; in the

(BRIG.-GENERAL, U. S. VOLUNTEERS, MAR. 17, 1862)

Virginia Peninsular Campaign (Army of the Potomac), Mar.–Aug., 1862, being engaged in the Siege of Yorktown, Apr. 5–May 4, 1862, — Battle of Williamsburg, May 5, 1862, — Action of Hanover Court House,

(BVT. COLONEL, MAY 27, 1862, FOR GALLANT AND MERITORIOUS SERVICES AT THE BATTLE OF HANOVER C. H., VA.)

May 27, 1862, — and in command of brigade at Harrison's Landing, July, 1862; in command of the defenses of Yorktown, Aug.–Sep., 1862; in organizing Infantry Division at Baltimore, Md., Oct.–Nov., 1862; in the Department of the Gulf, Dec., 1862, to July, 1863, being engaged in the Attack on Port Hudson, Mar. 13, 1863, — Combat of Camp Bisland, La., Apr. 13, 1863, — Defense of New Orleans, June, 1863, — Repulse of enemy at Lafourche Crossing, June 21, 1863, — and Repulse of Rebels at Donaldsonville, La., June 27, 1863; in the Red River Campaign, Dec.,

(COLONEL, 5TH CAVALRY, OCT. 27, 1863)

1863, to July, 1864, being engaged in the Combat of Sabin Cross Roads, Apr. 8, 1864, — Battle of Pleasant Hill, Apr. 9, 1864, — and Battle of Cane River (in command), Apr. 23, 1864; in command of 19th Army Corps, May 4, 1864, being engaged in the Combat of Marksville, May 16, 1864, — and in command of U. S. forces at Morganzia, June, 1864; transferred, with 19th Army Corps, to the defense of Washington, D. C.,

(BVT. MAJ.-GENERAL, U. S. VOLUNTEERS, JULY 23, 1864)

July, 1864; in pursuit of Rebels from Washington, D. C., to the Shenandoah River, Aug., 1864; in the Shenandoah Campaign, Aug.–Nov., 1864, being engaged in the Battle of Opequan, Sep. 19, 1864, — Battle of

(BVT. BRIG.-GENERAL, U. S. ARMY, MAR. 13, 1865, FOR GALLANT AND MERITORIOUS SERVICES AT THE BATTLE OF FISHER'S HILL, AND IN THE CAMPAIGN OF SHENANDOAH VALLEY, VA.)

Fisher's Hill, Sep. 22, 1864, — and Battle of Cedar Creek, Oct. 19, 1864; in permanent command of 19th Army Corps, Nov. 7, 1864, to Jan. 15,

(BVT. MAJ.-GENERAL, U. S. ARMY, MAR. 13, 1865, FOR GALLANT AND MERITORIOUS SERVICES AT THE BATTLE OF CEDAR CREEK, VA.)

1866, in the Shenandoah Valley, and command of the Department of West Virginia, Sep. 25, 1865, to Jan. 15, 1866; awaiting orders, and on

(MAJOR-GENERAL, U. S. VOLUNTEERS, SEP. 25, 1865)

Court-Martial, Jan.–Mar., 1866; and in command of 5th Cavalry at Washington, D. C., Mar., 1866, to Oct., 1866.

MUSTERED OUT OF VOLUNTEER SERVICE, JAN. 15, 1866.

Served: in command of District (subsequently changed to Department, of Washington, Oct. 11, 1866, to Aug. 14, 1868; as Member of Examining Board of Candidates for Promotion in the Army, 1866, — of Retiring Board, 1867, — and Cavalry Tactics Board, Aug. 14, 1868, to Apr. 26, 1869; in command of the District of the Republican, July 7, 1869, to Oct. 26, 1871, — and of Department of the Gulf, Nov. 28, 1871, to Mar. 27, 1875; awaiting orders, Mar.–Oct., 1875; and as President of Retiring Board, Oct. 11, 1875, to July 1, 1876.

RETIRED FROM ACTIVE SERVICE, JULY 1, 1876, UNDER THE LAW OF JUNE 26, 1876, WITH THE RANK OF BRIGADIER-GENERAL.

DIED, DEC. 1, 1887, AT WASHINGTON, D. C.: AGED 76.

643..(Born Md.).....**WILLIAM CHAPMAN**.....(Ap'd Md.)..**15**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1827, to July 1, 1831, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 5TH INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1831.

Served: on frontier duty at Ft. Mackinac, Mich., 1831–32, — on the "Black Hawk Expedition," 1832, but not at the seat of war; at the Military Academy, as Asst. Instructor of Infantry Tactics, Oct. 20, 1832, to June 29, 1833; on frontier duty at Ft. Howard, Wis., 1833; as Adju-

(SECOND LIEUT., 5TH INFANTRY, MAR 4, 1833)

tant, 5th Infantry, at Regimental headquarters, Nov. 7, 1833, to July 1, 1838; on Recruiting service, 1838–40; on frontier duty at Ft. Snelling,

(FIRST LIEUT., 5TH INFANTRY, DEC. 31, 1836)

Min., 1840–41, — and Ft. Mackinac, Mich., 1841–42, 1842–45; in Military Occupation of Texas, 1845–46; in the War with Mexico, 1846–48,

(CAPTAIN, 5TH INFANTRY, JUNE 8, 1845)

being engaged in the Battle of Palo Alto, May 8, 1846, — Battle of Resaca-de-la-Palma, May 9, 1846, — Battle of Monterey, Sep. 21–23, 1846, — Siege of Vera Cruz, Mar. 9–29, 1847, — Capture of San Antonio, Aug. 20, 1847, where he was wounded, — Battle of Churubusco, Aug. 20,

(BVT. MAJOR, AUG. 20, 1847, FOR GALLANT AND MERITORIOUS CONDUCT IN THE BATTLES OF CONTRERAS AND CHURUBUSCO, MEX.)

1847, — Battle of Molino del Rey, Sep. 8, 1847, — Storming of Chapultepec, Sep. 13, 1847, — and Assault and Capture of the City of Mexico,

(BVT. LIEUT.-COL., SEP. 8, 1847, FOR GALLANT AND MERITORIOUS CONDUCT IN THE BATTLE OF MOLINO DEL REY, MEX.)

Sep. 13–14, 1847; in garrison at Ft. Columbus, N. Y., 1848–49; on frontier duty at Ft. Gibson, I. T., 1849–50, — conducting recruits to Texas, 1851, — Clear Fork of the Brazos, Tex., 1851–53, — Ringgold Barracks, Tex., 1854–55, — March to Eagle Pass, Tex., 1855–56, — and Ringgold Barracks, Tex., 1856–57; in Florida Hostilities against the Seminole Indians, 1857; and on frontier duty on Utah Expedition, 1857–58, 1859–60, — March to New Mexico, 1860, — at Ft. Bliss, Tex., 1860–61, —

(MAJOR, 2D INFANTRY, FEB. 25, 1861)

Ft. Fauntleroy, N. M., 1861, — and Ft. Union, N. M., 1861.

Served during the Rebellion of the Seceding States, 1862–66: in command of regiment in the defenses of Washington, D. C., Jan.–Mar., 1862;

(LIEUT.-COLONEL, 3D INFANTRY, FEB. 20, 1862)

in the Virginia Peninsular Campaign (Army of the Potomac), Mar.–Aug., 1862, being engaged in the Siege of Yorktown, Apr. 5–May 4, 1862, — Battle of Malvern Hill, July 1, 1862, — and Skirmish at Harrison's Landing, July 2, 1862; in Northern Virginia Campaign, Aug.–Sep., 1862, being engaged in the Battle of Manassas, Aug. 30, 1862; on sick leave

(BVT. COLONEL, AUG. 30, 1862, FOR GALLANT AND MERITORIOUS SERVICES AT THE SECOND BATTLE OF BULL RUN, VA.)

of absence, Sep. 20, 1862, to Dec. 3, 1863; in command of Draft Rendezvous at Madison, Wis., Dec. 3, 1863, to Feb. 28, 1865; on special duty

(RETIRED FROM ACTIVE SERVICE, AUG. 26, 1863, FOR DISABILITY RESULTING FROM LONG AND FAITHFUL SERVICE, AND DISEASE CONTRACTED IN THE LINE OF DUTY.)

at Washington, D. C., Feb. 28 to Sep. 11, 1865.

Served as Member of Board for Examination of Officers for Promotion in the Army, Oct. 1, 1866, to Jan. 9, 1867.

DIED, DEC. 17, 1887, AT GREEN BAY, WIS.: AGED 78.

644..(Born R. I.)..**CHARLES H. LARNARD***...(Ap'd R. I.)..**16**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1827, to July 1, 1831, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 4TH INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1831.

SECOND LIEUT., 4TH INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1831.

Served: in garrison at Ft. Mitchell, Ala., 1831–32, — Baton Rouge, La., 1833, — Ft. Clinch, Fla., 1833, — and Baton Rouge, La., 1833–35;

(FIRST LIEUT., 4TH INFANTRY, AUG. 7, 1836)

on Recruiting service, 1835–37, 1837–38; in garrison at Ft. Gibson, I. T., 1838–40, 1841; in the Florida War, 1841–42; on frontier duty at Jeffer-

(CAPTAIN, 4TH INFANTRY, FEB. 25, 1841)

son Barracks, Mo., 1842–44, — and Camp Salubrity, at Natchitoches, La., 1844–45; in Military Occupation of Texas, 1845–46; in the War with Mexico, 1846–47, being engaged in the Battle of Palo Alto, May 8, 1846, — Battle of Resaca-de-la-Palma, May 9, 1846, — and Battle of Monterey,

(BVT. MAJOR, MAY 9, 1846, FOR GALLANT AND MERITORIOUS CONDUCT IN THE BATTLES OF PALO ALTO AND RESACA-DE-LA-PALMA, TEX.)

Sep. 21–23, 1846; on Recruiting service, 1847–48; on frontier duty at Ft. Mackinac, Mich., 1848–50, 1850–52; on Recruiting service, 1853; and on frontier duty at Ft. Vancouver, Wash., 1853, — Ft. Steilacoom, Wash., 1853–54, — and Hostilities with Sno-ho-mish Indians, Wash., 1854, being, on his return from the expedition, by the capsizing of his small boat in a storm,

DROWNED, MAR. 27, 1854, IN PUGET SOUND: AGED 45.

* Was named CHARLES H. LARNED, when he was graduated.

645..(Born N. H.)..**ELBRIDGE G. EASTMAN**..(Ap'd N. H.)..**17**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1827, to July 1, 1831, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 2D INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1831.

Served: in garrison at Hancock Barracks, Me., 1831–33, — and Jeffer-

(SECOND LIEUT., 2D INFANTRY, MAR. 4, 1833)

son Barracks, Mo., 1833–34; and on frontier duty at Ft. Gibson, I. T., 1834.

DIED, OCT. 6, 1834, AT FT. GIBSON, I. T.: AGED 26.

646..(Born N. J.).....**MOSES SCOTT**.....(Ap'd N. J.)..**18**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1826, to July 1, 1831, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 5TH INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1831.

Served: on Headquarters Staff of Eastern Department, Mar. 1, 1832,

(SECOND LIEUT., 5TH INFANTRY, OCT. 1, 1833)

to Aug. 19, 1833; and on Recruiting service, 1833–35.

RESIGNED, AUG. 31, 1835.

Civil History. — Civil Engineer, 1835 to 18—. Treasurer and Secretary of Lackawanna Iron and Coal Company, 18— to 18—.

DIED, AUG. 25, 1857, AT PLAINFIELD, N. J.: AGED 45.

647..(Born Pa.).....**THOMAS J. McKEAN**.....(Ap'd Pa)..**19**

Military History. — Cadet at Military Academy, July 1, 1827, to July 1, 1831, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 4TH INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1831.

Served: in garrison at New Orleans, La., 1831–32, — Baton Rouge, La.,

(SECOND LIEUT., 4TH INFANTRY, SEP. 15, 1833)

1832–33, — New Orleans, La., 1833, — Bay of St. Louis, Mis., 1833, — and Jefferson Barracks, Mo., 1833–34.

RESIGNED, MAR. 31, 1834.

Civil History. — Civil Engineer, 1834–37.

Military History. — Served as Adjutant of 1st Reg. Pennsylvania Volunteers in the Florida War, Nov. 1, 1837, to May, 1838.

Civil History. — Civil Engineer, 1838–46. Member of the Convention to form the Constitution of the State of Iowa, 1844.

Military History. — Organized and drilled Volunteers for the War with Mexico, 1846; and served in the War with Mexico, 1846–48, as a private soldier (having failed to obtain a commission) in the Iowa Volunteers, Apr. 12 to May 10, 1847, and as Sergeant-Major, 15th Infantry, May 10, 1847, to Aug. 7, 1848, being engaged in the Battle of Contreras, Aug. 19–20, 1847, — Battle of Churubusco, Aug. 20, 1847, where he was wounded, — Battle of Molino del Rey, Sept. 8, 1847, — Storming of Chapultepec, Sep. 13, 1847, — and Assault and Capture of the City of Mexico, Sep. 13–14, 1847.

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 1ST DRAGOONS, JUNE 28, 1848: DECLINED.

Civil History. — Chief Engineer of Dubuque and Keokuk Railroad, Io., 1848–51. U. S. Deputy Surveyor and General Assistant to Surveyor General of Iowa and Wisconsin, 1851–53. Commissioner to locate the Seat of Government of Iowa, 1855. Sheriff of Linn County, Io., 1859. Civil Engineer and Farmer, 1848–61.

Military History. — Served during the Rebellion of the Seceding States, 1861–65: in paying troops at Washington, D. C., June 1 to Sep. 11,

(ADDITIONAL PAYMASTER, U. S. VOLUNTEERS, JUNE 1, 1861)

1861, — and at St. Louis, Mo., Sep. 15 to Nov. 21, 1861; in command at

(BRIG.-GENERAL, U. S. VOLUNTEERS, NOV. 21, 1861)

Jefferson City, and of Central District of Missouri, Dec. 6, 1861, to Mar. 19, 1862; in the Mississippi Campaign, Apr. 9 to July 11, 1862, being engaged in the Advance upon and Siege of Corinth, Apr. 9 to May 30, 1862; in command of Benton Barracks, St. Louis, Mo., July 22 to Sep. 12, 1862; in command of Corinth, Mis., Sep. 16 to Oct. 19, 1862,

being engaged in the Battle of Corinth, Oct. 3–4, 1862 ; on Expedition from La Grange, Ten., toward Grenada, Mis., Nov.–Dec., 1862 ; in command of the Northeast District of Missouri, Jan. 29 to June 1, 1863, — of District of Nebraska, June 12, 1863, to Mar. 7, 1864, — and of District of South Kansas, Mar. 15 to Aug. 31, 1864 ; as Chief of Cavalry, Department of the Gulf, Sep. 18 to Oct. 26, 1864 ; on Court-martial duty, Oct. 26 to Dec. 3, 1864 ; and in command of the District of West

(BVT. MAJ.-GENERAL, U. S. VOLUNTEERS, MAR. 13, 1865, FOR GALLANT AND MERITORIOUS SERVICES DURING THE REBELLION)

Florida, Dec. 7, 1864, to Feb. 15, 1865, — of District of Morganzia, La., Mar. 3 to Apr. 27, 1865, — and of District of S. W. Missouri, June 19 to Aug. 24, 1865.

MUSTERED OUT OF VOLUNTEER SERVICE, AUG. 24, 1865.

Civil History. — Mayor of Marion, Ia., 1865. Farmer, near Marion, Ia., 1866–69. Delegate from Iowa to the Republican National Convention at Chicago, Ill., for the nomination of President, 1868. Appointed Pension Agent for the Eastern District of Iowa, 1869 : declined.

DIED, APR. 19, 1870, AT MARION, IA. : AGED 60.

648. (Born N. Y.) **HENRY VAN RENSSELAER** (Ap'd N. Y.) **20**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1827, to July 1, 1831, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 5TH INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1831.

On leave of absence, July 1, 1831, to Jan. 27, 1832.

RESIGNED, JAN. 27, 1832.

Civil History. — Farmer, near Ogdensburg, N. Y., 1834–55. Aide-de-Camp, with the rank of Colonel, to Governor Seward, of New York, 1839–40. Member of the U. S. House of Representatives, from the State of New York, 1841–43. President of the American Mineral Company, — of the Port Henry Iron Ore Company, — and of the Consolidated Franklinite Company, 1855–60.

Military History. — Served during the Rebellion of the Seceding States, 1861–64 : as Volunteer Aide-de-Camp, with the rank of Colonel, Apr. 29 to Aug. 5, 1861, and as Regular Aide-de-Camp, Aug. 5, 1861, to

(COLONEL, STAFF — AIDE-DE-CAMP TO THE GENERAL-IN-CHIEF, AUG. 5, 1861)

Nov. 1, 1861, to Bvt. Lieut.-General Scott, General-in-Chief, at the Headquarters of the Army, Washington, D. C. ; on leave of absence and

(COLONEL, STAFF — INSPECTOR-GENERAL, NOV. 12, 1861)

awaiting orders, Nov. 12, 1861, to Mar. 20, 1862, — as Inspector-General, 1st Army Corps, Mar. 20 to Apr. 4, 1862, — Department of the Rappahannock, Apr. 4 to Aug. 12, 1862, — 3d Army Corps, Aug. 12 to Sep. 6, 1862, — and Department of the Ohio, Sep. 17, 1862, to Mar. 23, 1864.

DIED, MAR. 23, 1864, AT CINCINNATI, O. : AGED 54.

649. (Born N. Y.) .... **EDMUND A. OGDEN** .... (Ap'd N. Y.) .. **21**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1827, to July 1, 1831, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 1ST INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1831.

SECOND LIEUT., 1ST ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1831.

Served : on frontier duty at Ft. Crawford, Wis., 1831–32; in the "Black Hawk" War against the Sac Indians, 1832, being engaged in the Battle

of Bad Axe River, Aug. 2, 1832; on frontier duty at Ft. Armstrong, Ill., 1832–33, — Ft. Crawford, Wis., 1833–34, — Ft. Snelling, Min., 1834–36,

(FIRST LIEUT., 1ST INFANTRY, DEC. 17, 1836)

1836–37, — and Jefferson Barracks, Mo., 1837; in the Florida War, 1837–38; on Recruiting service, 1838; and on Quartermaster duty at

(TRANSFERRED TO 8TH INFANTRY, JULY 7, 1838)

(CAPT., STAFF — ASST. QUARTERMASTER, JULY 7, 1838)

Buffalo, N. Y., 1838–40, during Canada Border Disturbances, — in the

(CAPTAIN, 8TH INFANTRY, DEC. 1, 1839, TO JUNE 18, 1846)

Florida War, at Tampa Bay, 1840–42, — Jefferson Barracks, Mo., 1842, — Ft. Towson, I. T., 1842, — Ft. King, Fla., 1843, — Key West, Fla., constructing barracks, 1843–44, 1844–45, — in Military Occupation of Texas, 1845–46, — in the War with Mexico, 1846–47, — Louisville, Ky., fitting

(BVT. MAJOR, MAY 30, 1848, FOR MERITORIOUS CONDUCT)

out Volunteers for the War with Mexico, 1847, — Cincinnati, O., 1847–49, — Ft. Leavenworth, Kan., 1849–52, — and Ft. Riley, Kan., 1855.

DIED, AUG. 3, 1855, AT FT. RILEY, KAN.: AGED 44.

650..(Born S. C.)...**LUCIUS B. NORTHROP**....(Ap'd S. C.)..**22**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1827, to July 1, 1831, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 7TH INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1831.

Served: on frontier duty at Ft. Gibson, I. T., 1831–32, — Scouting, 1832, — Ft. Gibson, I. T., 1832–33, — Camp Jackson, I. T., 1833–34, —

(TRANSFERRED TO 1ST DRAGOONS, AUG. 14, 1833)

Expedition to Tow-e-ash Villages, 1834, — and Ft. Gibson, I. T., 1835;

(SECOND LIEUT., 1ST DRAGOONS, JULY 21, 1834)

on sick leave of absence, 1835–37; on frontier duty at Ft. Gibson, I. T.,

(FIRST LIEUT., 1ST DRAGOONS, JULY 4, 1836)

1837–39, 1839; and on no Government duty from Oct. 6, 1839, till he was

DROPPED, JAN. 8, 1848.

Re-appointed in the U. S. Army, Aug. 12, 1848, with his former rank of

FIRST LIEUT., 1ST DRAGOONS, JULY 4, 1836,

but he performed no Government duty, being, on certificate of disability,

(CAPTAIN, 1ST DRAGOONS, JULY 21, 1848)

at Charleston, S. C., where, from 1853, he was a private practicing physician, till he

RESIGNED, JAN. 8, 1861.

Joined in the Rebellion of 1861–66 against the United States.

Civil History. — Farmer, near Charlottesville, Va., since 1866.

651..(Born Ky.)..**ERASMUS F. COVINGTON**...(Ap'd Ky.)..**23**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1827, to July 1, 1831, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 1ST INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1831.

Served: on frontier duty at Ft. Crawford, Wis., 1831–32; in the "Black Hawk" War against the Sac Indians, 1832; and on frontier duty

(SECOND LIEUT., 1ST INFANTRY, JULY 11, 1833)

at Ft. Crawford, Wis., 1831–33, — Dubuque River, Io., 1833, — and at Ft. Crawford, Wis., 1833.

RESIGNED, SEP. 30, 1833.

Civil History. — Farmer, Bowling Green, Ky., 1834–38.

DIED, OCT. 14, 1838, AT BOWLING GREEN, KY.: AGED 29.

652..(Born N. J.)..**HORATIO P. VAN CLEVE**..(Ap'd N. J.)..**24**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1827, to July 1, 1831, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 5TH INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1831.

Served: on frontier duty at Ft. Howard, Wis., 1831, — and Ft. Winne-

(SECOND LIEUT., 5TH INFANTRY, DEC. 31, 1834)

bago, Wis., 1831–35, 1835–36.

RESIGNED, SEP. 11, 1836.

Civil History. — Farmer, near Monroe, Mich., 1836–39. School Teacher, Cincinnati, O., 1840–41. Farmer, near Ann Arbor, Mich., 1842–54. Civil Engineer in the service of the State of Michigan, 1855. U. S. Surveyor of Public Lands in Minnesota, 1856. Farmer in Minnesota, 1856–61.

Military History. — Served during the Rebellion of the Seceding

(COLONEL, 2D MINNESOTA VOLUNTEERS, JULY 22, 1861)

States, 1861–65: in Military Operations in Kentucky, 1861–62, being engaged in the Combat of Mill Spring, Jan. 19, 1862; in Campaigns of the

(BRIG.-GENERAL, U. S. VOLUNTEERS, MAR. 21, 1862)

Army of the Ohio, Feb.–Oct., 1862, being engaged in the Advance upon and Siege of Corinth, Apr. 16 to May 30, 1862, — and in frequent Skirmishes in pursuit of the Rebel General Bragg's army from Louisville to Wild Cat, Ky.; in Major-General Rosecrans' Campaigns, 1862–63, being engaged in the Battle of Stone River, Ten., Dec. 31, 1862–Jan. 3, 1863, where he was wounded, — Skirmish at Ringgold, Ga., Sep. 11, 1863, — Skirmish near Gordon's Mills, Ga., Sep. 13, 1863, — and Battle of Chickamauga, Ga., Sep. 19–20, 1863; and in command of Murfreesborough, Ten., Nov. 27, 1863, to Aug. 21, 1865.

BVT. MAJOR-GENERAL, U. S. VOLUNTEERS, MAR. 13, 1865, FOR GALLANT AND MERITORIOUS SERVICES DURING THE REBELLION.

MUSTERED OUT OF VOLUNTEER SERVICE, AUG. 24, 1865.

Civil History. — Adjutant-General of the State of Minnesota, 1866–70, and 1876 to 18—. Appointed Warden of the State Prison of Minnesota, 1870: declined. Postmaster of St. Anthony, Min., 1871–73. Residence, Minneapolis, Min.

653..(Born Pa.)....**BRADFORD R. ALDEN**....(Ap'd N. Y.)..**25**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1827, to July 1, 1831, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 4TH INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1831.

Served: in garrison at Ft. Brooke, Fla., 1832, — and at Ft. King, Fla.,

(SECOND LIEUT., 4TH INFANTRY, SEP. 15, 1833)

1832–33; at the Military Academy, 1833–36, 1837–39, as Asst. Teacher of French, Aug. 13, 1833, to Jan. 8, 1836, — Asst. Professor of Mathematics, Jan. 8 to Sep. 8, 1836, — Asst. Instructor of Infantry Tactics, Sep. 8

(FIRST LIEUT., 4TH INFANTRY, SEP. 13, 1836)

to Oct. 30, 1836, — Asst. Teacher of French, Aug. 28, 1837, to Aug. 13, 1838, — and Asst. Instructor of Infantry Tactics, Aug. 13, 1838, to June 24, 1839; on Recruiting service, 1839; at the Military Academy, 1839–40,

as Asst. Teacher of French, Sep. 12, 1839, to Feb. 7, 1840, — and as Asst. Instructor of Infantry Tactics, Feb. 7 to Sep. 14, 1840; as Aide-de-Camp to Major-General Scott, Sep. 3, 1840, to June 13, 1842; in garrison at

(CAPTAIN, 4TH INFANTRY, JUNE 14, 1842)

Jefferson Barracks, Mo., 1842–44; on frontier duty at Camp Salubrity, Natchitoches, La., 1844–45; in Military Occupation of Texas, 1845; at the Military Academy, as Commandant of Cadets and Instructor of Infantry Tactics, Dec. 14, 1845, to Nov. 1, 1852; and on frontier duty, at Ft. Vancouver, Wash., 1853, — march to Scott's Valley, Cal., 1853, — and Ft. Jones, Cal., which, with its dependencies, he commanded; and as Acting Colonel commanding two battalions of Volunteers, which he had raised, on an Expedition to Southern Oregon against the Rogue River Indians, 1853, being engaged in a Combat near Jacksonville, Aug. 24, 1853, where he was severely wounded.

RESIGNED, SEP. 29, 1853.

Civil History.—Traveling in Europe, 1854–57, for the restoration of his health, undermined by his wound. After his return, while on a visit to the place of his nativity, near the oil regions in Western Pennsylvania, he became satisfied, by his extensive explorations, of the abundance of Petroleum, and was among the first to appreciate the value of this great discovery; hence, as early as December, 1859, he commenced sinking oil wells by the Artesian method, of which, under his direction, forty-six were bored to depths of from six to seven hundred feet.

In 1861, though anxious to serve against the Rebellion of the Seceding States, he was compelled to desist from the attempt, because of disability caused by his wound received in Oregon in 1853.

DIED, SEP. 10, 1870, AT NEWPORT, R. I.: AGED 59.

BIOGRAPHICAL SKETCH.

COLONEL BRADFORD RIPLEY ALDEN was born, May 6, 1811, in Meadville, Pa., and died, Sep. 10, 1870, at Newport, R. I., aged 59.

Colonel Alden was the son of Major Roger Alden, of the Continental Army, who served under and was the friend of General Washington. Young Alden received an excellent English and Classical education, designing to enter Allegheny College, in his native town; but while yet a boy, his father removed to West Point, N. Y., upon being appointed, January 20, 1825, the Military Storekeeper of that post, where were stored many of the relics of the Revolution. Here the junior Alden's inherited military tastes were so intensified by the daily pomp and circumstance of mimic war, that he secured a Cadet's appointment, and entered the Military Academy, July 1, 1827. Upon graduating, he was promoted, July 1, 1831, to the Fourth Infantry, with which he served two years in Florida, when he was ordered to the Military Academy, remaining there for seven years, doing duty as an instructor in the various departments of French, Mathematics, and Tactics. From Sep. 3, 1840, to Jan. 14, 1842, he became the Aide-de-Camp to Major-General Winfield Scott, to whom he so endeared himself as to secure his warmest friendship during life, and after the General's death became his executor. Upon his promotion, June 14, 1842, to a Captaincy, he was ordered to Jefferson Barracks, and from thence accompanied his regiment to the Red River, and, 1845, in the military occupation of Texas.

Upon the earnest recommendation of the General-in-Chief, he was appointed, Dec. 14, 1845, Commandant of Cadets at the U. S. Military Academy, which position he held with great credit to himself and advantage to the institution till Nov. 1, 1852. The graduates during these seven years will bear grateful testimony to the kindness of his heart, his

high sense of justice, his sterling traits of character, and the moral tone he impressed upon his command. When relieved from West Point he was ordered to the Pacific Coast.

In 1853, while in command of Fort Jones, in northern California, a universal and formidable uprising of the Rogue River Indians in southern Oregon occurred. An appeal for aid was made to Captain Alden, who instantly repaired thither with his few regulars, though two hundred miles beyond his authorized jurisdiction. Finding his small detachment entirely inadequate to defend this picturesque valley against the large force of savages, he, without any orders except those of humanity, at his own expense, raised a battalion of volunteers, of which he was elected the Colonel. Near Jacksonville, Oregon, Alden encountered the hostile Indians, Aug. 24, 1853, defeating them after a severe combat; but he paid dearly for his victory, having received, while loading a musket, a terrible wound through the shoulder, penetrating the spine, which, soon after, produced partial paralysis, caused his resignation from the Army, Sep. 25, 1853, and finally terminated his life after seventeen years of suffering. The inhabitants of Rogue River were always enthusiastic in praise of Alden's prompt, gallant, and heroic services, which had saved that beautiful valley from the tomahawk and scalping knife.

After his resignation, Alden traveled much in Europe in the vain hope of re-establishing his health. Here, though the body was gradually failing, his head and heart were continually recruited from all the surroundings of nature, from living men, and memories of those living in dead centuries. His mind, aglow with the intellectual exuberance of life, was unceasingly gathering fresh knowledge; and his mental horizon continually enlarged, for everything was a stimulant and fertilizer to his æsthetic appetites. Few travelers learned more, enjoyed more, and profited more by their wanderings through the grand galleries of history and the gleaming glades of classic lore. Art, nature, pictures, and architecture were the daily food which nourished his eyes, senses, sensibilities, and appetites. Filled with all the fresh growths of the beautiful which had profited and perfumed his abode in Europe, he returned home laden with the choice treasures of intellect and perception. These, in ample measure, he poured out to hosts of admiring friends. His conversation, full of bright thought, mellowed by mature meditation, steeped in tenderness, and overflowing with the milk of human kindness, chained every listener. The charm of his companionship delighted you not only by the refinement of his sensibility and delicacy of his perceptions, but especially by the absence of all petty jealousy and spirit of intrigue. The stream of his life had never been muddied by the mire of detraction, for his heart was too pure to harm the humblest, or even disturb the happiness of an adversary. As Schiller said of Goethe: "He had a high truth and integrity, and was thoroughly in earnest for the Right and the Good."

In 1859, while on a visit to the place of his nativity, near the oil regions in western Pennsylvania, he became satisfied by his extensive explorations of the abundance of Petroleum, and was among the first to appreciate the value of this great discovery; hence he commenced sinking oil wells by the artesian method, of which, under his direction, forty-six were bored to depths of six to seven hundred feet.

When the Rebellion began, in 1861, he first tried to re-enter the regular Army, then being increased by new regiments, but his old chief and sincere friend refused him a commission, well knowing that Alden's zeal was greater than his strength to serve his country. He then essayed to raise a regiment of volunteers, but broke down in the effort. At last he joined the staff of a general officer, only to find he could not ride on horseback because of his Oregon wound. Thus compelled to abandon all thoughts of taking the field, he went to the oil regions, where he amassed

a handsome fortune, enabling him to spend the remainder of his days among his beloved books, in deeds of generous charity, in comforting the afflicted, and in gracing a wide circle of friends with his brilliant conversation on art, literature, science, and the animating themes of the day.

General Alvord, who knew Alden intimately as a cadet and officer, justly says of him: "No man who ever lived possessed more heroic and noble traits of character. Imbued with decided religious principles from his earliest youth, his pure and genial Christian character was ever exhibited in numberless acts of benevolence, many of which were unknown to mortal eyes. Real want and misfortune were ever met by him with sympathy, and he had a heart as big as the rest of the world. Of polished manners and elegant tastes, he was highly accomplished in his knowledge of literature and art; extensive travel, with an observing mind, made him a charming companion. He has left behind him a pure, spotless fame, illustrating the brightest qualities of the true American gentleman. The only difficulties his friends encounter in writing of his qualities is how to restrain the pen within moderate limits when attempting merely to do bare and simple justice to his memory."

654..(Born Del.).....**THOMAS STOCKTON**.....(Ap'd Del.)..**26**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1827, to July 1, 1831, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 5TH INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1831.

Served: on frontier duty at Ft. Mackinac, Mich., 1832, — "Black Hawk Expedition," 1832, but not at the seat of war, — and Ft. Winne-

(SECOND LIEUT., 5TH INFANTRY, AUG. 31, 1835)

bago, Wis., 1832–33; and on Engineer duty, Mar. 18, 1833, to Oct. 31, 1836.

RESIGNED, OCT. 31, 1836.

Civil History. — Civil Engineer, 1836–60. Assistant Engineer, Savannah Railroad, Ga., 1836, — and of Western and Atlantic Railroad, Ga., 1837–40. U. S. Mail Contractor, and Insurance and Express Agent, 1844–53. Asst. Engineer and General Superintendent, Mississippi Central Railroad, 1855. Judge Advocate General, Northern Division, Georgia Militia, 1838–40, — Brig.-General, Ohio Militia, 1844–53 (as Acting Asst. Quartermaster-General, assisted in mustering Ohio Volunteers into service, for the War with Mexico, 1846), — and Major-General, Ohio Militia, 1853–55.

DIED, MAY 25, 1860, AT COLUMBUS, O.: AGED 50.

655..(Born N. Y.)....**SAMUEL R. CURTIS**.....(Ap'd O.)..**27**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1827, to July 1, 1831, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 7TH INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1831.

Served on frontier duty at Ft. Gibson, I. T., 1832.

RESIGNED, JUNE 30, 1832.

Civil History. — Civil Engineer in Ohio, 1836–41. Chief Engineer, Muskingum River Improvement, O., 1837–39. Counselor at Law in Ohio, 1841–46. Captain, Ohio Militia, 1833–36, — Lieut.-Colonel, 1837–42, — Colonel, 1843–45, — and Adjutant-General of Ohio, for the special purpose of Mustering and Organizing the State's quota of Volunteers for the Mexican War, May 20 to June 24, 1846.

Military History. — Served in the War with Mexico, 1846–48, on

(COLONEL, 2D REGIMENT OHIO VOLUNTEERS, JUNE 23, 1846)

the Rio Grande, being Governor and Commandant of Camargo (a large depot of Military supplies), which he held, Feb. 18, 1847, against General Urrea's hordes of Cavalry and Rancheros, and then, by forced marches, pursued the enemy through the mountain passes to Ramos, Mex., thus opening General Taylor's communications.

DISBANDED, JUNE 24, 1847.

After the discharge of his regiment, and until hostilities ceased, served on the Staff of Brig.-General Wool, — and as Civil and Military Governor of Saltillo, Mex., 1847–48.

Civil History. — Chief Engineer of the Des Moines River Improvement, 1847–50; of the Harbor, and other Public Works of the city of St. Louis, Mo., 1850–53; and of American Central Railroad, from Ft. Wayne, Ind., to Council Bluffs, Io., 1853–55. Counselor at Law in Iowa, 1855–61. Member of the U. S. House of Representatives, from Iowa, 1857–61, — of its Committee on Military Affairs, 1857–61, — and of its Select Committee for the Pacific Railroad, 1858–61.

Military History. — Served during the Rebellion of the Seceding States, 1861–66: as Volunteer Aide-de-Camp to Colonel Lefferts on the

(COLONEL, 2D REG. IOWA VOLUNTEERS, JUNE 1, 1861)

march of the 7th New York Militia from New York to Washington, Apr., 1861; in Military Occupation of North Missouri, June 13–30, 1861;

(BRIG.-GENERAL, U. S. VOLUNTEERS, MAY 17, 1861)

in command of Camp of Instruction at Jefferson Barracks, Mo., Aug. 9 to Sep. 1, 1861, — and at Benton Barracks, Mo., Sep. 1–23, 1861, — of District of St. Louis, Mo., Sep. 23 to Dec. 26, 1861, — and of Southwestern District of Missouri, Dec. 26, 1861, to Feb., 1862; in command of the Army of the Southwest, Feb. to Aug. 31, 1862, being engaged in the Skirmish of Pierson's Creek, Mo., Feb. 13, 1862, — Occupation of Springfield, Mo., Feb. 14, 1862, — Action at Crane Creek, Mo., Feb. 14, 1862, — Skirmish at Flat Creek, Mo., Feb. 15, 1862, — Skirmish at Cross Timbers, Ark., Feb. 16, 1862, — Action of Sugar Creek, Ark., Feb. 17, 1862, — Battle of Pea Ridge, Ark., Mar. 6–8, 1862, — Skirmish at For-

(MAJOR-GENERAL, U. S. VOLUNTEERS, MAR. 21, 1862)

syth, Mo., Apr. 11, 1862, — Skirmish at Batesville, Ark., May 3, 1862, — Action of Round Hill, Ark., July 7, 1862, — and Occupation of Helena, Ark., July 14 to Aug. 29, 1862, — having marched during these various operations from Rolla to Lebanon, Mo., thence to Little Red River, Ark., back to Batesville, Ark., and thence to Helena, a distance of over one thousand miles through wilderness and swamps; on leave of absence, Aug. 29 to Sep. 24, 1862, during which he acted as President of the Pacific Railroad Convention, at Chicago, Ill., which practically inaugurated the road; in command of the Department of the Missouri, Sep. 24, 1862, to May 24, 1863, organizing and directing the Armies of the "Frontier," of the "Southwest," and of "Southeast Missouri;" in waiting orders, May 24 to Dec. 31, 1863; in command of the Department of Kansas, Jan. 1, 1864, to Feb. 7, 1865, being engaged on an Expedition against the hostile Indians between the Upper Arkansas and Platte River, July–Sep., 1864, — and, with his forces organized as the "Army of the Border," in pursuit of the Rebels under General Price, Oct.–Nov., 1864, with whom he had numerous skirmishes; in command of the Department of the Northwest, Feb. 16 to July 26, 1865; in waiting orders, July 26 to Aug. 21, 1865; and as U. S. Commissioner to negotiate treaties with Sioux, Cheyenne, and other Indian Tribes, Aug. 21 to Nov. 25, 1865, — and to examine the Union Pacific Railroad, Nov. 25, 1865, to Apr. 30, 1866, when he was

MUSTERED OUT OF VOLUNTEER SERVICE, APR. 30, 1866,

but continued on the same duty till he

DIED, DEC. 26, 1866, AT COUNCIL BLUFFS, IO.: AGED 60.

BIOGRAPHICAL SKETCH.

MAJOR-GENERAL SAMUEL R. CURTIS was born, Feb. 3, 1807, at New York. When a child he was taken to Ohio, from which State he became a Cadet in the U. S. Military Academy, was graduated July 1, 1831, and promoted to the Infantry, and resigned from the Army, June 30, 1832, to become a Civil Engineer on the Muskingum River Improvement. Then, from 1841 to 1846, he practiced law; but his old military instincts continuing, he became a useful officer of militia, and, May 20, 1846, was appointed Adjutant-General of Ohio for the special purpose of mustering and organizing the State's quota of Volunteers for the Mexican War.

Upon the commencement of hostilities in this contest, he raised a regiment of Ohio Volunteers, of which he became the Colonel, June 23, 1846, and was commandant of Camargo (a large depot of military supplies), which he held, Feb. 18, 1847, against General Urrea's hordes of cavalry and rancheros, and then, by forced marches, pursued the enemy through the mountain passes to Ramos, Mex., thus opening General Taylor's communications. Though Curtis's regiment was disbanded at the termination of its enlistment, June 24, 1847, he continued on duty as a member of Brig.-General Wool's Staff, and Governor of Saltillo, till near the close of the war, when his services were no longer required.

Returning to civil life, he practiced engineering till 1855, and then law for two years, when he was elected to Congress and placed upon the Committee of Military Affairs, and subsequently upon the Select Committee for the Pacific Railroad, in which he took a very active interest.

The sound of war's alarm, in 1861, again brought him to the field as Aide-de-Camp to the Colonel of the Seventh New York Volunteers on its march to Washington. Upon reaching the Capital, Curtis resigned from Congress and the Colonelcy of his Iowa regiment to become Brig.-General, U. S. Volunteers. He was assigned to duty in Missouri, and in February, 1862, took command of the "Army of the Southwest," with which he moved towards Arkansas, fighting several actions by the way till he reached Pea Ridge, where he signally defeated, March 6-8, 1862, a superior force of white and Indian Confederates. Then resuming his advance, he reached Helena, Ark., after a toilsome march of over a thousand miles through wilderness and swamps.

From Aug. 29 to Sep. 24, 1862, Curtis was on leave of absence, during which he acted as President of the Pacific Railroad Convention, which inaugurated the Union Pacific Railway.

At the close of his leave he was placed in command of the Department of Missouri till the end of 1863, then of the Department of Kansas till Feb. 7, 1865, and finally of the Department of the Northwest till the end of the Civil War, during these commands he being engaged in various expeditions and contests.

After the war he was appointed, Nov. 25, 1865, U. S. Commissioner to negotiate treaties with Sioux, Cheyenne, and other Indian tribes, which responsible position he exercised till his death at Council Bluffs, Io., Dec. 26, 1866.

Curtis was a warm-hearted man, a firm patriot, an enterprising and useful citizen, an industrious and zealous member of Congress, a devoted advocate of the Pacific Railroad system, and a true soldier, from his West Point boyhood till death, at threescore years, terminated his active career.

656..(Born Ga.).....**JAMES S. WILLIAMS**....(Ap'd Ga.)..28

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1827, to July 1, 1831, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 6TH INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1831.

Served : in the "Black Hawk" War against the Sac Indians, 1832, being engaged in the Battle of Bad Axe River, Aug. 2, 1832 ; in garrison at Jefferson Barracks, Mo., 1832–34 ; on Engineer duty, June 11, 1834,

(SECOND LIEUT., 6TH INFANTRY, MAY 31, 1834)

to Mar. 27, 1836 ; and on frontier duty at Ft. Jesup, La., 1836, — Camp

(FIRST LIEUT., 6TH INFANTRY, APR. 30, 1837)

Sabine, La., 1836, — Caddo Country, 1836, — and Camp Sabine, La., 1837.

RESIGNED, SEP. 6, 1837.

Civil History. — Asst. Engineer, Cincinnati, O., Louisville, Ky., and Charleston, S. C., projected Railroad, 1838. Chief Engineer of the State of Georgia, employed on Western and Atlantic Railroad, from Atlanta to Chattanooga, 1840–42. Asst. Engineer in the service of the United States, employed on Trigonometric and Hydrographic Survey of Cumberland Sound, and adjacent islands, 1843–44 ; and Survey of a Railroad route from Cedar Key to St. John's River, Fla., 1845. Assistant in the Geodetic Survey of the Atlantic Coasts of the United States, 1846–49, — of the Pacific Coast, 1849–50, — and of Gulf of Mexico Coast, 1850–53. Chief Engineer of Cairo, Ill., and Fulton, Ark., Railroad, in Arkansas, 1853, and in Missouri, 1854 ; and of Charleston, S. C., and Savannah, Ga., Railroad, 1855. Commissioner for tracing Western Boundary of the State of Arkansas, 1857.

Joined in the Rebellion of 1861–66 against the United States.

Civil History. — Chief Engineer of the Selma, Rome, and Dalton Railroad, 1866–67. Asst. Surveyor of the city of Savannah, Ga., 1867–71.

DIED, SEP. 7, 1871, ON STATEN ISLAND, N. Y. : AGED 60.

657..(Born Pa.).....**INGHAM WOOD**.....(Ap'd Pa.)..29

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1827, to July 1, 1831, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 1ST INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1831.

Served : on frontier duty at Ft. Snelling, Min., 1832–34, — Ft. Craw-

(SECOND LIEUT., 1ST INFANTRY, SEPT. 30, 1833)

ford, Wis., 1834, — Ft. Snelling, Min., 1834–36, — and Ft. Crawford, Wis., 1836.

RESIGNED, DEC. 17, 1836.

Civil History. — Civil Engineer, 1836–37.

DIED, OCT. 13, 1837, AT DONALDSONVILLE, LA. : AGED 26.

658.(Born N. Y.)..**FREDERICK WILKINSON**..(Ap'd N. Y.).30

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1827, to July 1, 1831, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 4TH INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1831.

Served : in garrison at New Orleans, La., 1831–32, — Baton Rouge,

La., 1832, — New Orleans, La., 1833, — Bay of St. Louis, Mis., 1833, —

(SECOND LIEUT., 4TH INFANTRY, FEB. 18, 1834)

and New Orleans, La., 1833–34; and on Quartermaster duty, 1834–35.

RESIGNED, DEC. 31, 1835.

Civil History. — Civil Engineer, New Orleans, La., 1836–41. Deputy Surveyor-General of the State of Louisiana, 1838–40. Surveyor of the City of New Orleans, La., 1840–41.

DIED, MAR. 22, 1841, AT NEW ORLEANS, LA.: AGED 29.

659..(Born N. C.).....**JOHN G. HARVEY**.....(Ap'd N. C.)..**31**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1827, to July 1, 1831, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 2D INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1831.

Served in garrison at Hancock Barracks, Me., 1831–32.

RESIGNED, FEB. 15, 1833.

Civil History. — Counselor at Law, Greensborough, Ala., 1835–43. Editor of Greensborough "Alabama Beacon" since 1844.

660..(Born Ct.)....**CHARLES WHITTLESEY**....(Ap'd O.)..**32**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1827, to July 1, 1831, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 6TH INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1831.

TRANSFERRED TO 5TH INFANTRY, OCT. 20, 1831.

Served on frontier duty, at Ft. Howard, Wis., 1832.

RESIGNED, SEP. 30, 1832.

Civil History. — Counselor at Law, Cleveland, O., 1835. Editor of "Cleveland Herald," 1836–37. Major, Staff (Brigade Inspector), Ohio Militia), 1836, — and Col., Staff (Aide-de-Camp to the Governor of Ohio), 1837. Civil Engineer and Geologist, employed on Geological Survey of Ohio, 1837–38, — on Mineral Surveys in Michigan, Wisconsin, and Minnesota, 1848–50, — as Mining Engineer, Lake Superior, 1853–56, — and on Geological Survey of Wisconsin, 1858–60. Author of "Life of John Fitch," in Sparks's American Biography, 1845.

Military History. — Served during the Rebellion of the Seceding States, 1861–62: as Asst. Quartermaster-General of Ohio, Apr., 1861; in Western Virginia Campaign, July-Aug., 1861, as Chief Engineer of Ohio Volunteers, being engaged in the Action at Scary Run, July 17, 1861; as Chief Engineer of the Department of Ohio, on the Defenses of Cincinnati, O., Sep. 23 to Dec. 5, 1861; in the Campaign of 1861–62,

(COLONEL, 20TH OHIO VOLUNTEERS, AUG. 15, 1861)

in Kentucky and Tennessee, being engaged in the Attack and Capture of Ft. Donelson, Ten., Feb. 13–16, 1862, — and Battle of Shiloh, Ten., Apr. 6–7, 1862, commanding brigade.

RESIGNED (SICK), APR. 19, 1862.

Civil History. — Author of "Ancient Mining on Lake Superior," 1862, and of the "Glacial Drift of the Northwestern States," 1866, in the Smithsonian Contributions; and of the "Early History of Cleveland and Vicinity," 1867. President of the Western Reserve and Northern Ohio Historical Society, 1867–86.

DIED, OCT. 18, 1886, AT CLEVELAND, O.: AGED 78.

BIOGRAPHICAL SKETCH.

COLONEL CHARLES WHITTLESEY was born Oct. 4, 1808, in Southington, Ct., and when but seven years old went to reside in Ohio. He was the nephew of the distinguished Elisha Whittlesey, eight times elected to Congress, and for a long period subsequently the First Comptroller in the United States Treasury.

Young Whittlesey, living a frontier life amid primeval forests and wild savages, had few advantages of education, except in the study of nature. In his nineteenth year he became a Cadet in the Military Academy, from which he was graduated and promoted July 1, 1831, to the United States Fifth Infantry, then stationed on the Northern Lakes. In the spring of 1832 Lieutenant Whittlesey was assigned to the company of which the famous Martin Scott was Captain, and, at the close of the "Black Hawk" War, he resigned, Sep. 30, 1832, from the military service.

Whittlesey's varied experience, as a boy in the wilds of Ohio and in his manhood as an officer of the Army, was an excellent apprenticeship for his subsequent successful career. After a short trial of the law and editorship, he was appointed, in 1837, Assistant Geologist of the State of Ohio, another graduate of the Military Academy — Professor William W. Mather — being the Chief. To Whittlesey were assigned the topographical and mathematical parts of this survey, which disclosed the rich coal and iron deposits of Eastern Ohio, the foundation of its vast manufacturing industries. Whittlesey also examined and carefully measured some of the works of the Mound Builders, which operations, with the aid of a friend, were continued in 1839–40. His drawings and notes of twenty of these ancient remains, including the extensive Mounds of Newark and Marietta, were embodied in Squier's and Davis's great work, published in the "Smithsonian Contributions," 1841–46, to which Whittlesey made important additions in 1850.

An account of the wonderful productions of the rich copper mines of Michigan, explored by Whittlesey in 1844, was published by him in 1846.

From 1847 to 1851, Whittlesey was employed by the United States Government to make a mineralogical and geological survey of the region about Lake Superior and the Upper Mississippi, which was productive of great value to the country. This gave him such a high reputation that he was appointed by the Governor of Wisconsin to make a geological survey of that State, in which he was occupied till the outbreak of the Rebellion.

Foreseeing that the South would resist the declared wish of the nation in the election of Lincoln, Whittlesey promptly enrolled himself in the body-guard which was to escort the President-elect to Washington. At the same time he urged the State authorities to make immediate preparations for hostilities; hence Ohio's readiness for the fray. Two days after the President's proclamation of April 15, 1861, for three months' volunteers, Whittlesey joined the Governor's staff as Assistant Quartermaster-General, and performed the duties of Ohio's Chief Engineer in the Western Virginia campaign, where he was engaged, July 17, 1861, in the severe action of Scary Run, in which his horse was shot under him.

At the expiration of his three months' service, Whittlesey was appointed, Aug. 15, 1861, Colonel of the Twentieth Ohio Volunteers, and detailed by General Mitchell as Chief Engineer of the Department of Ohio, being engaged, from Sep. 23 to Dec. 5, 1861, in planning and constructing the defenses of Cincinnati. From this city he was ordered, with four companies of infantry, to Warsaw, Ky., to protect Union citizens, and to prevent Rebel enlistments, in both of which duties he was eminently successful. Then he joined in the advance upon Fort Donelson, where he led his

regiment, and after the battle was sent North with over ten thousand prisoners.

On Apr. 7, 1862, Whittlesey commanded the Third Brigade of Wallace's division in the Battle of Shiloh. "It was against the line of that brigade that General Beauregard attempted to throw the whole weight of his force for a last desperate charge; but he was driven back by the terrible fire, that his men were unable to face." Colonel Whittlesey was fortunate in escaping, with his life in constant peril from the Rebel sharpshooters.

This great battle terminated Whittlesey's military career, for he was too sick to keep the field, and therefore tendered his resignation, which was endorsed by General Grant: "We cannot afford to lose so good an officer." Though his whole command and associates were grieved to part with him, he was compelled, from extreme debility, to leave them, Apr. 19, 1862.

From the field, where he had won golden opinions, Whittlesey, so soon as able, resumed his geological explorations in the Lake Superior and Upper Mississippi basin, and was untiring, to the day of his death, in his endeavors to develop the resources of the Great West.

Colonel Whittlesey, though so distinguished in his field-work, will be longest remembered and most highly appreciated for his deep interest and untiring efforts to rescue from oblivion the pioneer history of his adopted State, which culminated, in 1867, in the establishment of the "Western Reserve and Northern Ohio Historical Society." He became its first President, and until his death was its honored chief, its ever active leader, and its hard-working master spirit. The most valuable publications of the society were his, and to his indefatigable zeal is due its eminent prosperity and usefulness.

For over half a century Whittlesey was a conspicuous author, his prolific pen having produced about two hundred works, from large quartos to small pamphlets, on historical, archæological, geological, biographical, scientific, religious, and miscellaneous subjects.

At the ripe age of seventy-eight, Oct. 18, 1886, he died, at his home in Cleveland, O., where the great geologist's grave will be marked by a curious conglomerate boulder of the glacial period, which he had brought from the head of the Sault Ste. Marie. It was his oft-expressed wish that, when he should have drifted into the unknown future, this memorial, which had drifted from the unknown past, should mark his last earthly resting place.

At a special meeting of the Western Reserve and Northern Ohio Historical Society, held Oct. 23, 1886, the following just tribute was paid to the memory of the departed scientist and scholar: —

"The recent death of Colonel Charles Whittlesey calls forth heartfelt expressions of sorrow from our citizens, and all unite in honorable mention of his name, but to this society his loss is an event of no ordinary character. From the organization of the Western Reserve and Northern Ohio Historical Society till the hour of his departure he had been its President, and during all these years its success and permanency had been objects nearest and dearest to his heart, and it was specially gratifying to him, as his life approached its completion, to know that his labor had not been in vain, and that length of days had been given him to see it established on a permanent basis as one of the honored and useful institutions of the land.

"For the duties of his position he was eminently fitted. The scientific training at West Point, the active duties of an Indian campaign, the years spent in the wilds of the Northwest in land surveys and in mineralogical and geological investigations, developed and strengthened his natural love for the useful sciences, for historical research, and for archæological in-

vestigation, and gave him such an extended and practical knowledge of men and things as is seldom granted to scientific men. His studious habits, retentive memory, and facile pen were invaluable aids in making available to the public the treasures of his mind; and his love for the truth, plain and simple, and his hatred to fraud, combined with an energetic honesty of purpose, gave special weight to his published opinions and statements in all matters of history, archæology, and science."

661..(Born Pa.).....**JOHN CONRAD**.....(Ap'd Pa.)..**33**

Military History.—Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1826, to July 1, 1831, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 5TH INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1831.

TRANSFERRED TO 6TH INFANTRY, OCT. 20, 1831.

Served: on frontier duty at Ft. Leavenworth, Kan., 1831–32,—in the "Black Hawk" War against the Sac Indians, 1832, being engaged in the Battle of Bad Axe River, Aug. 2, 1832,—Jefferson Barracks, Mo., 1832,—and Ft. Leavenworth, Kan., 1832–34; on Recruiting service, 1834–36;

(SECOND LIEUT., 6TH INFANTRY, APR. 18, 1835)

(FIRST LIEUT., 6TH INFANTRY, JULY 31, 1837)

on frontier duty at Ft. Jesup, La., 1836,—and Camp Sabine, La., 1836; and in the Florida War, 1837–38.

DIED, AUG. 10, 1838, AT JAMES ISLAND, FLA.: AGED 30.

CLASS OF 1832.

662..(Born Mas.).....**GEORGE W. WARD**.....(Ap'd Mas.)..**1**

Military History.—Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1828, to July 1, 1832, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 2D ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1832.

SECOND LIEUT., 2D ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1832.

Served: on the "Black Hawk Expedition," 1832, but not at the seat of war; on Topographical duty, Dec. 14, 1832, to Jan. 21, 1836; and in the

(FIRST LIEUT., 2D ARTILLERY, SEP. 11, 1836)

Florida War, 1836, being engaged in the Action of Oloklikaha, Mar. 31, 1836.

RESIGNED, DEC. 31, 1836.

Civil History.—Merchant, Matagorda Bay, Tex., 1837–50.

DIED, OCT. 13, 1851, AT CENTREVILLE, NEVADA COUNTY, CAL.: AGED 43.

663..(Born Mis.)....**ROBERT PERCY SMITH**....(Ap'd Mis.)..**2**

Military History.—Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1828, to July 1, 1832, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 2D ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1832.

SECOND LIEUT., 2D ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1832.

Served: in garrison at Ft. Marion, Fla., 1832–34,—Ft. King, Fla., 1834–35,—and Ft. Marion, Fla., 1835; and at the Military Academy, as

(FIRST LIEUT., 2D ARTILLERY, SEP. 30, 1836)

Asst. Professor of Geography, History, and Ethics, Nov. 1, 1835, to Dec. 31, 1836.

RESIGNED, DEC. 31, 1836.

Civil History. — Professor of Mathematics, Kenyon College, O., 1836–39.

DIED, OCT. 4, 1846, AT NATCHEZ, MIS. : AGED 35.

664..(Born D. C.)....**BENJAMIN S. EWELL**.....(Ap'd Va.)..**3**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1828, to July 1, 1832, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 4TH ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1832.

SECOND LIEUT., 4TH ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1832.

Served at the Military Academy, 1832–36, — as Asst. Professor of Mathematics, Aug. 31, 1832, to Aug. 31, 1835, — and as Asst. Professor of Natural and Experimental Philosophy, Aug. 31, 1835, to Sep. 30, 1836.

RESIGNED, SEP. 30, 1836.

Civil History. — Principal Asst. Engineer Baltimore and Susquehanna Railroad, 1836–39. Elected Professor of Mathematics and Natural Philosophy, Transylvania University, Ky., 1839 : declined. Professor of Mathematics, Hampden Sydney College, Va., 1839–42, — and of Mathematics and Natural Philosophy, 1842–46. Professor of Mathematics and Military Science, Washington College, Lexington, Va., 1846–48. Professor of Mathematics, Hampden Sydney College, Va., 1848 : declined. Professor of Mathematics, and Acting President of William and Mary College, Va., 1848–49, — Professor of Mathematics and Natural Science, 1849–58, — and President, 1854–58.

Joined in the Rebellion of 1861–66 against the United States.

Civil History. — President of William and Mary College, Williamsburg, Va., 1866–88, and *Emeritus* President since 1888. Degree of LL. D. conferred by Hobart College, N. Y., 1874. Honorary Member of the Royal Historical Society of England, 1880. Farmer, near Williamsburg, Va., since 1888.

665..(Born O.).....**GEORGE W. CASS**.....(Ap'd O.)..**4**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1827, to July 1, 1832, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 7TH INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1832.

Served : on Topographical duty, Sep. 12 to Dec. 5, 1832 ; and on

(SECOND LIEUT., 7TH INFANTRY, MAR. 4, 1833)

(FIRST LIEUT., 7TH INFANTRY, DEC. 3, 1835)

Engineer duty, Dec. 5, 1832, to Aug. 16, 1836.

RESIGNED, OCT. 26, 1836.

Civil History. — Civil Engineer, 1836–41. Merchant, Brownsville, Pa., 1842–52. President of Adams Express Company, 1854–57 ; of Ohio and Pennsylvania Railroad, 1856 ; of Pittsburg, Ft. Wayne, and Chicago Railroad, 1856–58, and 1859–81 ; and of Northern Pacific Railroad, 1872–75. Member of the Board of Visitors to the Military Academy, 1859. Lay Delegate to the Protestant Episcopal Convention, New York city, 1874.

DIED, MAR. 21, 1888, AT NEW YORK CITY : AGED 78.

BIOGRAPHICAL SKETCH.

GEORGE W. CASS was born, Mar. 12, 1810, near Dresden, Muskingum County, O. His parents were from New England, his father being a brother of General Lewis Cass, Secretary of War under Jackson's ad-

ministration, and Secretary of State under Buchanan's. When fourteen years old, young Cass attended the Detroit Academy and lived with his uncle, General Cass, then Governor of Michigan Territory, who secured his nephew's appointment as a Cadet to West Point.

Upon young Cass's graduation at the Military Academy he was promoted, July 1, 1832, to the 7th Infantry, his first service being on topographical duty. A few months later he was detailed as an assistant to Captain Delafield, Corps of Engineers, then superintending the construction of the Cumberland Road, east of the Ohio River. Becoming much interested in this work, Cass, when ordered to join his regiment, resigned his commission, Oct. 26, 1836, and continued as a civil engineer upon this same road till its completion in the States of Pennsylvania, Virginia, and Ohio. In the course of his service on this national turnpike he was charged with the immediate supervision of the erection of the first cast-iron tubular-arch bridge built in the United States, designed by Captain Delafield to span Dunlap's Creek, a tributary of Monongahela River.

In 1842 Cass became a merchant in Brownsville, Pennsylvania, but, his taste inclining him to his former profession, he became the engineer of the improvement of the Monongahela River, and the organizer of the first steamboat line upon it. Availing himself of this communication, and by relays of teams across the Alleghany Mountains, he built up a large carrying trade between the East and West. In 1849 Cass established the Adams Express from Baltimore to Pittsburg, and in 1854 effected the consolidation of all the company lines between Boston and St. Louis, and south to Richmond, and till 1857 was the President of the united companies.

Cass, in 1856, was elected President of the Ohio and Pennsylvania Railroad Company, which subsequently became consolidated with the Ohio and Indiana and Ft. Wayne and Chicago Railroad Companies, under the name of the Pittsburg, Ft. Wayne, and Chicago Railroad Company, of which Cass was elected the first President. Except for a short interval, he continued at its head to May 25, 1881, when, the road being leased to the Pennsylvania Railway Company, he resigned, continuing, however, one of its directors till his death. Cass also took an active part in forwarding the construction of the Grand Rapids and Indiana Railroad. On May 16, 1867, he became a director in the Northern Pacific Railroad Company, and was the President of this gigantic project from Aug. 20, 1872, to Apr. 22, 1875. For a few months subsequently, he was the Receiver of the company, till it was reorganized and the road restored to the control of its former stockholders.

Besides conducting his railroad operations with such financial ability and unceasing energy, Cass found time to take an active part in politics, and was such a favorite of his party that, in 1863 and again in 1868, he was the Democratic candidate for Governor of the State of Pennsylvania. In 1859 he was a Member of the Board of Visitors to the United States Military Academy ; and for many years represented the Episcopal Diocese of Pittsburg in the General Convention of the Church.

The character of Cass was not of an exceptional type, for no one of its traits preponderated in the admirable balance of his lofty manhood. Clear in judgment, firm of will, careful but prompt in action, he was the very ideal of a practical man of affairs. Simple in his own tastes, and perfectly ingenuous in all his methods, he looked with scorn upon pretense or indirection in others. He had no thought to hide, for his every act, word, and look was armed with honesty.

A firm believer in the Protestant Episcopal faith and devoted to its doctrines, he held for many years the office of Warden in Christ Church in New York city, in whose communion he died. His gifts to this church, and through it to a great variety of religious and charitable

objects, were numerous and often very large, but not in the least degree ostentatious. The last letter he ever wrote, inclosing the last check he ever signed, was sent to a church in the distant West, which he had caused to be built, a few years before, at his own exclusive cost.

In his intercourse with others, Cass was as courteous as he was candid. Among strangers, indeed, he was not without a certain reserve ; but in the circle of his friends, and especially of his own family, the more genial fountains of his nature were unsealed and overflowed in affection and kindness.

Though Cass did not achieve the very greatest things, he did most creditably whatever he attempted. There is nothing in his long career to be regretted. He served his generation faithfully ; he bore a noble witness to the worth of manhood ; and he has left a memory upon which there is no shadow of a stain.

666..(Born Mas.).....**JACOB W. BAILEY**.....(Ap'd R. I.)..**5**

Military History.—Cadet at the Military Academy, Sep. 1, 1828, to July 1, 1832, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 1ST ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1832.

SECOND LIEUT., 1ST ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1832.

Served : in garrison at Charleston harbor, S. C., 1832–33, during South Carolina's threatened nullification, — and Bellona Arsenal, Va., 1833–34 ; and at the Military Academy, 1834–57, as Asst. Professor of Chemistry, Mineralogy, and Geology, Mar. 18, 1834, to Aug. 31, 1835, — as Acting Professor of Chemistry, Mineralogy, and Geology, Aug. 31, 1835, to July 8,

(FIRST LIEUT., 1ST ARTILLERY, AUG. 6, 1836, TO JULY 8, 1838)

(PROFESSOR OF CHEMISTRY, MINERALOGY, AND GEOLOGY, MILITARY ACADEMY, JULY 8, 1838)

1838, — and as Professor of Chemistry, Mineralogy, and Geology, July 8, 1838, to Feb. 26, 1857.

Civil History.—Degree of A. M. conferred by College of New Jersey, Princeton, N. J., 1837. Member of "Société des Sciences Naturelles de Cherbourg, France," 1853 ; and of many other scientific associations, 1838–57. President of the American Association for the Advancement of Science, 1856–57. Inventor of "Bailey's Indicator," and of many improvements of the Microscope, in the use of which he was highly distinguished, particularly in the examination of Infusoria, Algæ, and the products of the deep-sea soundings of the Coast Survey, U. S. Exploring Expeditions, and the Atlantic Telegraph Plateau, of which he made valuable collections and numerous delineations. Author of over fifty papers, in "Silliman's Journal," "Smithsonian Contributions," and "Journal of Microscopic Science," upon subjects of Chemistry, Mineralogy, Geology, Natural History, Microscopic Researches, etc.

DIED, FEB. 26, 1857, AT WEST POINT, N. Y. : AGED 46.

BIOGRAPHICAL SKETCH.

PROFESSOR JACOB WHITMAN BAILEY was born, Apr. 29, 1811, in the old town of Ward (now Auburn), Mass., at the residence of his grandfather, Rev. Isaac Bailey, the first minister of that village. His great-grandfather was the Rev. Ralph Emerson, of Hollis, N. H., a chaplain in the Continental Army, who was a lover of science, for the study of which he found time amid his pastoral duties. His great-grandmother Whitman was a devotee to botany. The military and scientific tastes of Bailey, thus inherited, were, at an early age, exhibited in his appreciation of the

beautiful in nature, and poetic perception of all its harmonies. Even in his earliest schoolboy days at Providence, R. I., his hours of recreation were spent in the woods gathering wild flowers and picking up minerals, with which he would shut himself up in a garret in order to classify them. He participated little in youthful sports, but, from the age of five, was a student of books and of nature, his thirst for knowledge, and love of flowery meads and woodlands wild, strengthening with his advancing years. Many interesting anecdotes of his childhood could be narrated, for he was as much distinguished as a boy as in his later manhood, his standard of excellence being always very high, and his ambition less for reputation than for right and truth.

At the age of twelve he had to leave school and gain a livelihood in a bookstore and circulating library. Here, however, he employed every moment of leisure, and developed such a passion for natural science that one of the habitués of the library loaned him a work on mineralogy, the plates of which he carefully copied with great accuracy and artistic skill. His employer became so interested in the boy's intelligence that on certain evenings he taught him Latin, while at the same time he learned French under a tutor. Such was his love of languages, and their uses for thorough education, that in after years he diligently studied Greek, and acquired a mastery of German, to fully appreciate its varied literature. He well knew that knowledge did not come by nature, but was only to be acquired by persistent effort. Writing to his son, in 1855, he says: "Don't let anybody talk you into the nonsense of wanting partial courses. If you do, you will feel all your life, as I have done, that I have been *partially* educated. Knowledge in this country is power, wealth, station, and everything you wish." And again he says: "When you get bothered in geometry, remember that I worked through five books of Playfair's Euclid *alone* and of my own accord, when I was surrounded by a library full of books of fiction, and when, in the midst of the most difficult proposition, I was liable to constant interruptions from customers; so don't despair."

Bailey, finding his pay in the bookstore inadequate to his support, took a clerkship in a manufacturing establishment at Halifax, Mass., but for personal reasons most honorable to himself soon left it and became an assistant teacher in a high school.

About this time the Corps of Cadets, on its march to Boston, encamped at Providence, where young Bailey became acquainted with some of the officers, whose narrations of their soldiers' life and educational advantages fired his whole soul with an ardent desire to go to West Point. He was fortunate in securing the influence of the Rhode Island delegation in Congress, as also that of the wife of Peter B. Porter, then Secretary of War, which resulted in his securing a Cadet's appointment to enter the Military Academy, July 1, 1828. Here he devoted himself with assiduity to his studies and duties; but, whenever the opportunity offered, he was to be seen mounting the highest highlands, or wading the muddiest marshes, seeking for Nature's treasures. Upon his graduation he was at the head of his class in mineralogy, high in drawing, for which he had a decided skill, and fifth in general merit. Possibly he might have attained a higher position but for his demerit marks caused by his late returns from his rambles in search of wild flowers and rare minerals.

Bailey was promoted, July 1, 1832, to be a Brevet Second Lieutenant in the First Artillery, and joined his company at Fort Moultrie, in Charleston harbor, just as that work was being put in readiness to resist South Carolina's threatened nullification. President Jackson's decision having soon ended all danger from this incipient rebellion, Bailey's station was changed first to Ft. Monroe, and in 1833 to Bellona Arsenal, near Richmond, on the James River, where he remained as Commissary, Quarter-

master, Company and Post Commander, till detailed for duty at the Military Academy. He entered upon this most congenial service, at West Point, as Assistant Professor of Chemistry, Mineralogy, and Geology, March 18, 1834. His duties not being severe, he had abundant time to revel among the scientific books of the Academy library, and wander at will among his favorite hills and dales of the Hudson Highlands. Castle Bailey, his then so-called quarters, was the picturesque little octagon building with wings which stood about the middle of the eastern plain of West Point. It had been the Quartermaster's office, and finally became the confectionery and barber's shop of the post, till torn down to make room for the Artillery and Cavalry drills.

Whether, while at Bellona Arsenal, the name was suggestive of a goddess for the young Mars, or his multiplied duties necessitated a helpmate, we cannot say, but we know that he there secured his bride, Miss Slaughter, to whom he was married, July 23, 1835, and lived with her in happy wedlock till her tragic death, July 28, 1852. Even on his wedding tour he did not forget his love of Nature's marvels, as his poetic and scientific descriptions of the "Hanging Rocks" of Virginia in his journal attest.

When General Thayer became the Superintendent of the Military Academy he soon recognized the necessity for adding Chemistry, Mineralogy, and Geology to the curriculum of scientific studies; but, as there was no law authorizing a professorship, the head of that department was supplied, from 1820 to 1838, by the detail of an officer of the Army, generally an Assistant Surgeon. Upon Lieutenant Hopkins being relieved, Aug. 31, 1835, from the position of Acting Professor, his place was filled by his then assistant, Lieut. Bailey, who held the position till July 8, 1838, when he was appointed full Professor, the first to fill the chair of that department.

Till his death he continued in this position of his choice. With what assiduity he devoted himself to this important branch of instruction, and with what distinguished ability he performed the duties of his professorship, the annals of the Military Academy bear most satisfactory testimony. We will now follow him in his domestic life and routine of daily duty, leaving till the close of this sketch a summary of his scientific labors in original researches and contributions.

The former stone building on the plain of West Point, between the old South Barracks and Mess Hall, which contained the Library, Philosophical Apparatus, and Chemical Laboratory, was consumed by fire Feb. 19, 1838, and many important records were burned. In the construction of the Academic Building as now existing, the new Chemical Laboratory was in the basement at the southern end, below the surrounding ground, and consequently was so damp that in many places its walls were covered with green moss and lichen, showing that it was no fit habitation for professor or cadets. In this unhealthy, tomblike place Bailey was doomed to hear daily recitations and pursue his chemical investigations. In vain he made frequent and earnest appeals to escape from this dank prison cell, but not till his health was thoroughly undermined did a change to an upper room come. These discomforts and sufferings probably changed his early tastes, which all inclined to chemistry and mineralogy, and drove him from his laboratory to pursue in his more comfortable quarters his investigations with the microscope. In 1848, to the study of the Algæ, collected by the U. S. Exploring Expedition, he gave much time, wrote minute descriptions, and made graphic delineations of specimens.

In 1849 he had a hemorrhage of the throat, and wished to go to Europe to recruit his health and enlarge his field of science; but instead, for want of means, he went the following winter to Florida. On his way, stopping at Charleston, the hotel in which he was lodged took fire,

imperiling him and his scientific treasures. Though extremely feeble, he summoned all his strength, shouldered his heavy trunk containing his precious microscope and many heavy minerals, and carried it safely from an upper room to the ground, thus saving what he considered as valuable as his own life. In Florida he was continually roaming, but thinking less of his health than of the beautiful Southern flora, the rich plumage of paroquets, or adding a new scorpion to his scientific collection. Upon his return to West Point from the sunny South, Jan. 24, 1850, the irritation of his throat was much diminished, he was able to lecture a little, and give considerable attention to the education of his children, particularly to that of his eldest daughter.

On the morning of July 28, 1852, designing to place this daughter, then sixteen, with a friend on Long Island to enjoy the benefits of sea air, Bailey, with his wife, daughter, and youngest son, took passage for New York on board the steamer Henry Clay, which was racing with the steamer America, close behind. When the Henry Clay reached Yonkers, she was five miles ahead of the America. Soon after 3 P. M., just below Forrest's Castle (two and a half miles below Yonkers), the Henry Clay was discovered to be on fire, immediately under the boilers. Several buckets of water were thrown on the flames, but to no purpose, as the fire rushed up through the companion-way to the upper decks. The boat was instantly put about, and with a full head of steam was run ashore, her bow almost touching the Hudson Railroad track. Those who were in the forward part of the boat were safely landed; but the greater number, being on the after deck, with flames and smoke blowing directly on them, had no resource but to jump overboard into deep water. Among the latter, in this heart-rending scene of despair and death, were Professor Bailey and his family, whose graphic narrative is too long to be here copied.

Over fifty persons were lost by fire and flood in this terrible catastrophe, the most prominent among them being one of our most cherished friends, Andrew J. Downing, who had done so much for fruit culture, landscape gardening, park decoration, and improving a taste for the beautiful in rural architecture.

After the disaster the broken-hearted Bailey returned to West Point, where were truly sympathizing friends; but the friends of friends, his dearest treasures, had left him for the spirit land, as touchingly described in the following beautiful lines from the pen of Captain Henry Coppée, since President of Lehigh College, at Bethlehem, Pa.: —

"I saw two flowers at morning,
The one was a full-blown rose,
And it lay at rest on a matronly breast,
Its hue like the sunset close;
The other an opening rosebud,
As white as the sea-washed pearl,
And it graced, amid masses of dark brown hair,
The head of a beautiful girl.
And the flowers were types of those lovely ones, —
That Mother and Daughter fair;
Sending abroad, o'er life's arid road,
A fragrance everywhere.

"I saw two graves at even,
'Mid the fading light of day,
And there, at the head of the cherished dead,
The morning flowers still lay.
And I said: 'O gentle flowers,
Are those beautiful ones beneath?
Can aught so bright and so lovely
Feel the withering hand of death?'
'Not so! Not so!' spake the flowers,
'Tis but dust beneath this sod,
But the holy souls, on this sunset ray,
Went up to the bosom of God."

Bailey, on each dread anniversary of the fatal July 28th, would, till a late hour in the evening, wander among his highland haunts, seeking consolation in communion with the sweet spirit of Nature. Being debarred by the feebleness of his voice from the pleasures of society, he for hours would sit in deep contemplation over his microscope, with no other companion than his ever-present affliction and his tenderly loved youngest son, upon whom he lavished the fullness of his devotion, for he had shared his peril and his calamity. Most of his weary latter days were employed in carefully and methodically arranging his professional papers, his microscopic collection, and his beautiful algæ, so that they might be practically available to his scientific successors.

To the canker of grief was added the decay of physical force, his bronchial affection having wasted his strength till his voice was reduced to a whisper; yet his mind continued active, one of his valuable papers on microscopic researches having been prepared for "Silliman's Journal" but a few weeks before he was no more.

Feebleness of health had prevented his presence at the meeting, in July, 1856, of the American Association for the Advancement of Science, of which, for the ensuing year, he was chosen President, in recognition of his high attainments, original researches, and wide influence in the extended domain of science; for, besides his many contributions to the advancement of chemistry, mineralogy, and botany, he was the father of microgeology in America. He was a born naturalist, and to live with Nature and study her was his daily joy. But he was not spared to have the crowning honor of presiding at the next annual meeting of the Association, for he died Feb. 26, 1857, at West Point, N. Y., before he had completed his forty-sixth year. After a quarter of a century given to the study and promotion of Natural History, which had laid the foundation for his most enduring fame, in the midst of his usefulness he was summoned by the Creator of all of Nature's works and laws to enjoy in a higher sphere the full fruition of all the aspirations of his earthly career.

Professor Bailey in a fragile frame had a nervous organization as sensitive as an Æolian harp, which pulsated with every harmony of nature and was jarred by all its discords. Early habits of method, punctuality, and laborious industry fitted him for the accomplishment of the heavy tasks which he afterwards assumed. From his childhood we trace the gradual, progressive expansion of the same tastes, the same peculiar talents, the same quiet reserve, and in a great degree the same modes of thought and action, which characterized his manhood. Prominent were his exalted principles, ardent fondness for nature, strong attachment to home and family, and deep devotion to his Alma Mater, to which he bequeathed a choice collection of shells, fossils, and minerals, all of which are carefully preserved in a special cabinet, where they can be seen by his brother graduates, many of whom were his loved and loving pupils. Though generally retiring and shrinking from society, he had some intimates, and where he gave his confidence he was most genial, even playful and jocose, for he enjoyed quiet humor and his own keen wit scintillated most where he found flint for his steel. He had also a delicate fancy, which often exhibited itself in rhyming letters to friends, and had full scope in those to his family, redolent with the fragrance of his dear home life. For genuine poetry he had a perfect passion, particularly for that of the old English bards, from which he would recite page after page, in the twilight hours of his later life, to his youngest son, his constant companion. The vast volume of nature, however, was his treasure-house of true poetry, for here he found "tongues in trees, books in the running brooks, sermons in stones, and good in everything." Here was the mighty cathedral for his worship, where the birds warbled hymns, the venerable woods and

steepy mountains joined in prayer, the flowers exhaled frankincense, the microscopic myriads in the oozy ocean-bed murmured their music to the voiceful sea, the rugged valleys echoed anthems to the Most High, and the starry firmament declared the glory of God. Here all was law and harmony, and of the beauty of truth. Truth! mighty truth! in nice balance he weighed as gold, but for its dross of cant and shams he had a holy horror. Theological dogmas and cramping creeds were his detestation, and he had a profound contempt for proselyting. To all such applications by letters and personal appeals he turned a deaf ear. Yet on his death-bed he said: "Do people think that I, who have lived in the very presence of God all my life, who have studied the mysteries of Nature, am without faith! I believe not less but more than they!" And almost with his last breath he repeated his favorite lines from Southey: —

"They sin who tell us love can die:
. . . . .
Love is indestructible:
Its holy flame forever burneth;
From heaven it came, to heaven returneth."

Thus this great scientist of singular purity, goodness, and usefulness left the earthly arena of trial and tribulation; his life without reproach; who sought not honors, but whom all delighted to honor; whose ambition was not to magnify self, but to glorify his Maker; whose gentle nature was adorned with modesty and sweet serenity of temper; to whom white-robed Truth was the amaranthine wreath of life; and whose chiefest happiness was the discovery and elucidation of the works of Nature's God, before whom he is now giving an account of his efficient earthly stewardship, showing there is —

"nothing worth that lies concealed;
And science is not science till reveal'd."

Bailey's position among scientists is so ably and so fully set forth in Dr. A. A. Gould's Eulogy, delivered Aug. 19, 1857, before the American Association for the Advancement of Science, that we shall close this sketch with an extract from it, but somewhat condensed: —

"In the departments more especially relating to Bailey's position at West Point, he held a high rank, and his publications show that he introduced many improvements in chemical manipulation. His correspondence, too, shows that he was extensively consulted on some of the most difficult points of analysis and general physics. His observations were always of the most careful and accurate character; and he early began the important practice of making notes of them, accompanied by delineations, leaving nothing to recollection or mere indefinite statements; thus having always at hand permanent data for his subsequent papers. The volume containing these, which he denominated 'Microscopic Sketches,' is of itself a surprising evidence of his industry and skill. There are four hundred and fifty sheets, containing about three thousand sketches. By his great skill with the pencil he rendered himself independent of artists; an accomplishment for the lack of which many of the best observers lose their labors. These drawings date back to 1838, enabling us to trace out the course of his studies, as well as his wanderings; for, wherever he went, his microscope and his collecting bottles went with him. At first we have mostly sketches of vegetable and animal tissues, and occasionally an entire animal or plant. In January, 1839, he perceived a curious object, — a Gomphonema as it subsequently proved, — which he did not understand. This excited his attention in that direction, and soon we find many others of the more common Diatoms delineated. In March, 1839, he sketched a new one, to which Ehrenberg gave the complimentary name *Stauronema Baileyi;* and finally he devoted himself with great zeal to

the varied objects included under the general term Infusoria, and also to a department almost equally demanding his skill as a microscopist, namely the Algæ. So far as the Infusoria were concerned, he stated, in 1843, that no one else in this country had studied them ; and that it was almost impossible to procure any works relating to them. Ehrenberg's work he had not seen, though he modestly utters the thought that Ehrenberg might some time see and correct his paper. He, however, gradually possessed himself of all the important works on these subjects, and became the active correspondent of Ehrenberg, Kützing, Agardh, Quekett, Ralfs, Harvey, Greville, De Brébisson, Montagne, and very many others. Fossil deposits, mud, and guano were collected from every quarter for investigation. The various exploring expeditions were laid under contribution, and more recently the objects brought up on the sounding-lead in the Coast Survey, and by Lieutenant Berryman's line of soundings across the Atlantic, made in reference to the laying of the telegraph cable, occupied his attention. In pursuing these examinations, he found the relics from the bottom so well characterized in certain localities and at certain depths, that he suggested the possibility of being able, in some instances at least, to determine the safety or otherwise of a vessel by an examination of the organisms brought up on the sounding-lead, when prevented by darkness, snows, or fogs from deciding by ordinary observations.

"Not a little of the obligations of microscopists to Professor Bailey is due to his labors to improve the microscope. It is said that his early observations were made with globules of glass blown by himself. After he became possessed of a proper instrument, many modifications in the construction of the stage and its movements, and in other appendages, were made by him ; and it is to his experience and scientific deductions, coupled with the genius and incomparable mechanical skill of Spencer, that we are indebted for the most powerful microscopes that have yet been made. His masterly and triumphant defense of them against the detractions of transatlantic pens, also exhibits his complete mastery of the subject. One of his last essays was to construct an Indicator, by means of which the place of an object on a slide might readily and certainly be found. No one, in looking at the card, would credit the labor and thought which he, in conjunction with his friends, Judge Johnson and Mr. Gavit, bestowed upon it. Many futile efforts were made, and many quires were used in correspondence, before the accuracy of its measurements, and a method for the unerring application of it, were satisfactorily accomplished.

"At a very early date Professor Bailey began to publish the results of his observations, a duty too often neglected by scientific men. His published papers, more than fifty, extend from 1837 to his death. They were, for the most part, very brief, free from ostentation, aiming to communicate facts in the simplest and most direct manner. In the words of his friend, Professor Gray, 'they are all clear, explicit, and unpretending, as they are thorough; and every one of them embodies some direct and positive contribution to science.' Most of them were terminated by a condensed statement of the general facts elicited, so as to show, at a glance, the subject, and result arrived at. They are mostly to be found in 'Silliman's Journal,' or in the 'Smithsonian Contributions to Knowledge,' except one in the first volume of the 'Transactions of the Association of Geologists and Naturalists,' which embodied his previous papers on the Infusoria of the United States, with additions, and which gave him at once a high position as a scientific naturalist.

"Bailey's Microscopical Collection will constitute his most splendid monument. The slides, of which there are five hundred and fifty, are arranged in boxes in the form of octavos, of which there are twenty-four volumes. More than three thousand objects, fixed upon slides, are catalogued and

noted with reference to Bailey's Indicator, thus enabling any one readily to find with certainty the identical specimens described by him. There are also very many other slides not included in the regular collection. Being objects either described by himself or given to him by other describers, this collection must always possess the highest authority, and must be our ultimate reference in all cases of doubt.

"The Collection of Algæ is equally complete and authentic. It consists of thirty-two portfolios, containing about four thousand five hundred specimens; and it may safely be said that few collections in the world are superior to it.

"It is probably well known that Professor Bailey bequeathed his Microscopical Collections, his Collection of Algæ, his books on Botany and Microscopy, his Memoranda, and his Scientific Correspondence to the Boston Society of Natural History. While the Society intends to keep this bequest sacredly, it means also to make it as extensively useful as possible.

"Such are some of the principal events in the history of the distinguished Associate and President of the American Association for the Advancement of Science, and such are some of the accumulated fruits of his scientific labors, which were performed in addition to the full duties of a professorship executed with military precision and punctuality. He may well be styled the Ehrenberg of America, and has won for himself a place by the side of the most eminent microscopists and algologists of the Old World. He will always stand as the father, in this country, of those branches of Natural History that relate to the *world of atoms*, and must forever remain the standard reference here in relation to them. Let no man think lightly of them because they relate to little things, too small to be discerned by the unassisted eye. Are they not equally the handiwork of Him who made and sped the spheres, and formed man in his own image? And if he, by the microscope, demonstrated the vegetable structure of coal, illustrated the lowest habitable depths of the ocean, settled the nature of some of the important geological strata, and of the vast deserts otherwise deficient in geological indications, — questions of practical importance in our investigations of the crust of the earth, — let him receive a corresponding rank with him who points the telescope to the mighty orbs above, determines their magnitudes and movements by scientific induction, and thereby enables us to determine our place upon that crust."

Dr. Gould concludes his Eulogy by quoting from a letter to Professor Bailey upon learning of his appointment as President of the American Association for the Advancement of Science. The writer says: "I am sure every one acquainted with what you have done for the advancement of Science, American Science, and American Scientific character, will say that no appointment at the present time could be more appropriate or more just. I hope the great Disposer of events, whose minute works you have done so much to place before our eyes in all their exquisite beauty of form, of workmanship, and of adaption, will give you yet many years to enjoy the honors you have so honestly acquired, and to add many more discoveries to those you have already secured." And will not all sincere scientists respond: Would that this desire had been granted!

667..(Born Va.)..**PHILIP ST. GEORGE COCKE**..(Ap'd Va.)..**6**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1828, to July 1, 1832, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 2D ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1832.

SECOND LIEUT., 2D ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1832.

Served : at Charleston harbor, S. C., 1832–33, during South Carolina's threatened nullification ; and as Adjutant, 2d Artillery, at Regimental headquarters, July 13, 1833, to Apr. 1, 1834.

RESIGNED, APR. 1, 1834.

Civil History. — Planter in Virginia and Mississippi, 1834–61. President of Virginia State Agricultural Society, 1853–56. Author of "Plantation and Farm Instruction," 1852.

Joined in the Rebellion of 1861–66 against the United States.

DIED, DEC. 26, 1861, IN POWHATAN COUNTY, VA. : AGED 53.

668..(Born Ct.).....**HENRY G. SILL**.....(Ap'd Ct.)..**7**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1828, to July 1, 1832, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 1ST ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1832.

SECOND LIEUT., 1ST ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1832.

Served : in the "Black Hawk Expedition," 1832, but not at the seat of war ; and on Topographical duty, Sep. 12, 1832, to Dec. 1, 1835.

DIED, DEC. 1, 1835, AT WASHINGTON, D. C. : AGED 25.

669..(Born O.).....**JOSEPH C. VANCE**.....(Ap'd O.)..**8**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1827, to July 1, 1832, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 2D ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1832.

Served : on the "Black Hawk Expedition," 1832, but not at the seat of war ; on Topographical duty, Oct. 4, 1832, to Jan. 18, 1833 ; and on

(SECOND LIEUT., 2D ARTILLERY, DEC. 31, 1833)

Engineer duty, Jan. 18, 1833, to Oct. 31, 1835.

RESIGNED, OCT. 31, 1835.

Civil History. — Farmer, Wheeling, Va., 1835–40 ; and by the overturning of a carriage, was

KILLED, SEP. 9, 1840, NEAR WHEELING, VA. : AGED 30.

670..(Born Me.).....**GEORGE WATSON**.....(Ap'd Me.)..**9**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1828, to July 1, 1832, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 1ST ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1832.

Served : on the "Black Hawk Expedition," 1832, but not at the seat of war ; in garrison at Ft. Washington, Md., 1832–33, — Ft. Johnston,

(SECOND LIEUT., 1ST ARTILLERY, MAY 31, 1833)

N. C., 1833–35, — and Ft. Macon, N. C., 1835–36 ; in the Florida War,

(FIRST LIEUT., 1ST ARTILLERY, SEP. 30, 1836)

1836–38, being engaged against the Seminole Indians in the Skirmish of Okihumphy Swamp, Mar. 30, 1836 ; and in the Cherokee Nation, 1838, while transferring the Indians to the West.

RESIGNED, OCT. 31, 1838.

Civil History. — Clergyman, Methodist Episcopal Church, 1838–68.

DIED, MAR. 22, 1868, AT NEWMANSVILLE, FLA. : AGED 56.

671..(Born Mas.)....**ERASMUS D. KEYES**.....(Ap'd Me.)..10

Military History.—Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1828, to July 1, 1832, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 3D ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1832.

Served: in garrison at Ft. Monroe, Va. (Artillery School for Practice), 1832,—Charleston harbor, S. C., 1832–33, during South Carolina's

(SECOND LIEUT., 3D ARTILLERY, AUG. 31, 1833)

threatened nullification; on Staff duty at the Headquarters of the Eastern

(FIRST LIEUT., 3D ARTILLERY, SEP. 16, 1836)

Department, 1833–37; as Aide-de-Camp to Bvt. Maj.-General Scott, Feb. 7, 1837, to July 7, 1838; in the Cherokee Nation, 1838, while transferring the Indians to the West; as Aide-de-Camp to Bvt. Maj.-General

(CAPT., STAFF—ASST. ADJUTANT-GENERAL, JULY 7 TO NOV. 16, 1838)

Scott, Dec. 1, 1838, to Nov. 30, 1841; in Florida, 1842; in garrison at

(CAPTAIN, 3D ARTILLERY, NOV. 30, 1841)

New Orleans Barracks, La., 1842,—and Ft. Moultrie, S. C., 1842–44; as Member of the Board of Visitors to the Military Academy, 1844; at the Military Academy, as Instructor of Artillery and Cavalry, July 25, 1844, to Dec. 24, 1848; in garrison at San Francisco, Cal., 1849–51; in escorting Indian Commissioners in California, 1851; in garrison at San Francisco, Cal., 1851–52, 1853–54, 1854–55; on frontier duty, engaged in Indian Hostilities in Washington Territory, 1855,—at Ft. Steilacoom, Wash., 1855–56,—Scouting, 1856, on Puget Sound, being engaged against hostile Indians in a Skirmish at White River, Wash., Mar. 1, 1856,—and Ft. Steilacoom, Wash., 1856; in garrison at San Francisco, Cal., 1856–58; on Spokane Expedition, Wash., 1858, being engaged in the Combat of

(MAJOR, 1ST ARTILLERY, OCT. 12, 1858)

Four Lakes, Sep. 1, 1858,—Combat of Spokane Plain, Sep. 5, 1858,—and Skirmish on Spokane River, Sep. 8, 1858; in garrison at San Francisco,

(LIEUT.-COL., STAFF—MILITARY SECRETARY TO THE GENERAL-IN-CHIEF, JAN. 1, 1860, TO APR. 19, 1861)

Cal., 1858–59; and as Military Secretary to Lieut.-General Scott, General-in-Chief, Jan. 1, 1860, to Apr. 19, 1861.

Served during the Rebellion of the Seceding Sates, 1861–64: at New

(COLONEL, 11TH INFANTRY, MAY 14, 1861)

York city, assisting in organizing an expedition to relieve Ft. Pickens,

(BRIG.-GENERAL, U. S. VOLUNTEERS, MAY 17, 1861)

Fla., Apr. 1–20, 1861; on the Staff of Governor Morgan, of New York, assisting in dispatching the State quota of Volunteers to the field, Apr. 21 to June 25, 1861; in recruiting his regiment at Boston, Mas., June 25 to July 3, 1861; in the defenses of Washington, D. C., July, 1861; in the Manassas Campaign of July, 1861, being engaged in the Battle of Bull Run, July 21, 1861; in the defenses of Washington, D. C., July 22, 1861, to Mar. 10, 1862; in the Virginia Peninsular Campaign, commanding 4th Corps (Army of the Potomac), Mar.–Sep., 1862, being engaged in the Action at Lee's Mills, Apr. 5, 1862,—Siege of Yorktown, Apr. 5–May 4,

(MAJ.-GENERAL, U. S. VOLUNTEERS, MAY 5, 1862)

1862,—Skirmish at Bottom's Bridge, May 22, 1862,—Action near Savage Station, May 24, 1862,—Battle of Fair Oaks, May 31, 1862,—Battle

(BVT. BRIG.-GENERAL, U. S. ARMY, MAY 31, 1862, FOR GALLANT AND MERITORIOUS CONDUCT IN BATTLE OF FAIR OAKS, VA.)

of Charles City Cross Roads, June 29, 1862,—Battle of Malvern Hill,

July 1, 1862, — and Skirmish at Harrison's Landing, July 2, 1862 ; in command of 4th Army Corps on the Virginia Peninsula, Aug. 25, 1862, to July, 1863, being engaged in the organization of a Raid to the White House, Va., Jan. 7, 1863, — in command of Expedition to West Point, Va., May 7, 1863, — and in Expedition under Major-General Dix towards Richmond, June–July, 1863, being engaged in several skirmishes ; and on Board for Retiring Disabled Officers, July 15, 1863, to May 6, 1864.

RESIGNED, MAY 6, 1864.

Civil History. — Vice-President of California Vine-Culture Society, for Napa County, 1868–72 ; of Humboldt Savings and Loan Society, 1868–72 ; and President of Maxwell Gold-Mining Company, 1867–69. Author of "Fifty Years' Observation of Men and Events, Civil and Military," 1884. Residence, San Francisco, Cal.

672..(Born N. H.) **FRANKLIN McDUFFEE**...(Ap'd N. H)..**11**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1828, to July 1, 1832, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 4TH ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1832.

Served on the "Black Hawk Expedition," 1832, but not at the seat of war.

DIED, JULY 15, 1832, AT FT. DEARBORN, ILL. : AGED 22.

673..(Born Pa.).....**LEWIS HOWELL**.....(Ap'd Pa.)..**12**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, Sep. 1, 1828, to July 1, 1832, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 7TH INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1832.

Served : on the "Black Hawk Expedition," 1832, but not at the seat of war ; and on frontier duty at Ft. Gibson, I. T., 1832–33, — Scouting, 1833, — and Ft. Gibson, I. T., 1833.

RESIGNED, OCT. 31, 1833.

Civil History. — Civil Engineer and Iron Manufacturer, Baltimore, Md., 1833–54. President of Ocean Mutual Insurance Company, Baltimore, Md., 1852–54.

DIED, SEP. 23, 1854, AT BALTIMORE, MD. : AGED 43.

674..(Born Pa.).....**WILLIAM WALL**.....(Ap'd Pa.)..**13**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1828, to July 1, 1832, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 3D ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1832.

Served : on the "Black Hawk Expedition," 1832, but not at the seat of war ; at the Military Academy, as Asst. Instructor of Infantry Tactics, Aug. 28 to Oct. 29, 1832 ; in garrison at Ft. Constitution, N. H., 1832–36 ;

(SECOND LIEUT., 3D ARTILLERY, SEP. 30, 1833)

in operations in Creek Nation, 1836 ; in the Florida War, 1836–38, being on Quartermaster duty, 1837–38 ; in the Cherokee Nation, 1838, while

(FIRST LIEUT., 3D ARTILLERY, MAR. 16, 1837)

transferring the Indians to the West ; in garrison at Carlisle Barracks, Pa., 1838–39 ; at the Camp of Instruction, near Trenton, N. J., 1839 ; in garrison at Ft. McHenry, Md., 1839–41 ; and on Quartermaster duty in the

(CAPT., STAFF — ASST. QUARTERMASTER, JAN. 9, 1841, TO JUNE 18, 1846)

Florida War, 1841–42, — at Ft. Stansbury, Fla., 1842–43, — Tampa Bay,
(CAPTAIN, 3D ARTILLERY, JUNE 27, 1843)
Fla., 1843; Ft. Macon, N. C., 1843–44, — Ft. McHenry, Md., 1844–45, — Baltimore, Md., 1845, — Boston, Mas., 1845–46, — Texas, 1846–47, — and in the War with Mexico, 1847, being engaged in the Battle of Cerro Gordo, Apr. 17–18, 1847.

DIED, AUG. 13, 1847, AT PUEBLA, MEX.: AGED 39.

675..(Born N. Y.).....**JOHN N. MACOMB**.....(Ap'd N. Y.)..**14**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, Sep. 1, 1828, to July 1, 1832, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to
BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 4TH ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1832.
Served: on the "Black Hawk Expedition," 1832, but not at the seat of war; on Topographical duty, Sep. 12, 1832, to May 1, 1834; in garrison
(SECOND LIEUT., 4TH ARTILLERY, SEP. 30, 1833)
at Ft. Trumbull, Ct., 1834; as Acting Aide-de-Camp to Major-General Macomb, General-in-Chief, Aug. 29 to Dec. 23, 1834; on Topographical duty, Dec. 23, 1834, to June 28, 1836; as Aide-de-Camp to Major-General
(FIRST LIEUT., 4TH ARTILLERY, OCT. 15, 1836)
Macomb, General-in-Chief, Sep. 1, 1836, to Jan. 1, 1839; in charge of
(FIRST LIEUT., CORPS OF TOP. ENGINEERS, JULY 7, 1838)
construction of Roads in Michigan, 1839–41, — of Survey of Detroit River, 1840–42, — and as Assistant in the Survey of the Northwestern Lakes, 1842–51, and in charge of the Survey, 1851–56; as Chief Top.
(CAPTAIN, CORPS OF TOP. ENGINEERS, AUG. 4, 1851)
Engineer of the Department of New Mexico, 1857–59; at Washington, D. C., preparing report on his Exploration of San Juan River, 1859–60; and as Light-house Engineer of 5th District, June 2, 1860, to Aug. 10, 1861.
Served during the Rebellion of the Seceding States, 1861–66: as Chief
(MAJOR, CORPS OF TOP. ENGINEERS, AUG. 6, 1861)
Top. Engineer, on the Staff of Major-General McClellan, at Washington, D. C., Aug. 12, 1861, to Mar. 10, 1862, — of Major-General McDowell
(LIEUT.-COL., STAFF — ADDITIONAL AIDE-DE-CAMP, SEP. 28, 1861)
on the Rappahannock, Apr.–June, 1862, — and in Northern Virginia
(COLONEL, STAFF — ADDITIONAL AIDE-DE-CAMP, MAY 15, 1862, TO MAY 31, 1866)
Campaign, July–Sep., 1862, being engaged in the Battle of Cedar Mountain, Aug. 9, 1862, and several Skirmishes on the retreat from the Rappahannock to the Potomac; at Washington, D. C., preparing Military Maps,
(LIEUT.-COLONEL, CORPS OF ENGINEERS, MAR. 3, 1863)
Sep., 1862, to May 28, 1863; as Superintending Engineer of the construction of the Fortifications of Portsmouth harbor, N. H., and Battery at
(BVT. COLONEL, MAR. 13, 1865, FOR FAITHFUL AND MERITORIOUS SERVICES DURING THE REBELLION)
Newburyport harbor, Mas., June 20, 1863, to Aug. 22, 1866.
Served: as Superintending Engineer of the Improvement of Western Rivers (except the Ohio), Aug. 22, 1866, to July 17, 1870, — of Survey of
(COLONEL, CORPS OF ENGINEERS, MAR. 7, 1867)
Fox and Wisconsin Rivers, May 31, 1870, to May 5, 1871, — of Improvement of the Upper Mississippi, May 31, 1870, to Nov. 15, 1877, — of Improvement of Wisconsin and Minnesota Rivers, May 31, 1870, to Apr.,

1873, — of Construction of Rock Island Bridge, May 31, 1870, to Feb. 4, 1873, — of Improvement of Illinois River, and Des Moines Rapids of the Mississippi, Oct. 1, 1870, to Nov. 13, 1877, — of Survey of Hennepin Ship Canal to Rock Island, Ill., Oct. 1, 1870, to July 12, 1875, — of Improvement of St. Anthony's Falls, Jan., 1871, to Apr., 1873, — of Survey of Chippewa River, Wis., Mar., 1872, and of Minnesota River above mouth of Yellow Medicine, Jan., 1872, — of Construction of lock and dam at Meecher's Island, Min., Mar.–Apr., 1873, — of Improvement of Transportation Route from St. Anthony's Falls to Alton, Ill., July, 1874, to Nov. 15, 1877, — of the Defenses and Harbor Improvements in Delaware Bay and River, Nov. 29, 1877, to June 30, 1882, — and of the Improvement of Shrewsbury River and Cohansey Creek, N. J., Delaware and Broadkiln River, Del., and Schuylkill River, Pa., Nov. 29, 1877, to June 30, 1882 ; and as Member of various Engineer Boards on River and Harbor Improvements, Bridge Constructions, etc., 1867–82.

RETIRED FROM ACTIVE SERVICE, JUNE 30, 1882, HE BEING OVER 64 YEARS OF AGE.

DIED, MAR. 16, 1889, AT WASHINGTON, D. C. : AGED 78.

676. . (Born S. C.) . . . . . **EDWARD DEAS** . . . . . (Ap'd S. C.) . . **15**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1828, to July 1, 1832, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 4TH ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1832.

Served : on the "Black Hawk Expedition," 1832, but not at the seat of war ; in garrison at Ft. Gratiot, Mich., 1832–33, — and Ft. Hamilton,

(SECOND LIEUT., 4TH ARTILLERY, OCT. 31, 1833)

N. Y., 1833–34, 1835 ; in transferring Indians, May 24, 1835, to June 28,

(FIRST LIEUT., 4TH ARTILLERY, OCT. 24, 1836)

1836, and Apr. 20, 1837, to Apr. 15, 1839 ; in garrison at Ft. Columbus, N. Y., 1839 ; at the Camp of Instruction, near Trenton, N. J., 1839 ; on the Northern Frontier during Canada Border Disturbances, at Cleveland, O., 1839–40, — Recruiting, 1840, — Special duty, 1840–41, — Detroit, Mich., 1841, — and Sackett's Harbor, N. Y., 1841–42 ; in garrison at Ft. Monroe, Va., 1842–43, — Carlisle Barracks, Pa., 1843–44, — and Ft. Monroe, Va., 1844–45 ; in Military Occupation of Texas, 1845–46 ; and in the War with Mexico, 1846–48, being engaged in the Battle of Monterey,

(CAPTAIN, 4TH ARTILLERY, FEB. 16, 1847)

Sep. 21–23, 1846, — on Quartermaster duty, 1846–47, — and in garrison

(DISMISSED, APR. 11, 1848, AND REINSTATED, JUNE 15, 1848, WITH FORMER RANK)

at Buena Vista, Mex., 1847–48.

DROWNED, MAY 16, 1849, IN THE RIO GRANDE, TEX. : AGED 37.

677. . (Born N. Y.) . . . . **JOHN E. BRACKETT** . . . . . (Ap'd N. Y.) . . **16**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1828, to July 1, 1832, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 2D ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1832.

Served : in garrison at Augusta Arsenal, Ga., 1832–33 ; and in the Cherokee Nation, 1833.

RESIGNED, AUG. 31, 1833.

Civil History. — Counselor at Law, N. Y., 1835, — and in Michigan and Illinois, 1835–46.

Military History. — Served on voyage to the Pacific, and in California during War with Mexico, as

CAPTAIN, 1ST NEW YORK VOLUNTEERS, AUG. 1, 1846,

till he was

DISBANDED, AUG. 15, 1848.

Civil History. — Counselor at Law in California, 1848–51. Member of the House of Representatives of the State of California, 1849–50. Major-General, California Militia, 1850–51.

DIED, JAN. 25, 1855, AT ROCK ISLAND, ILL.: AGED 42.

678..(Born Pa.).....**WARD B. BURNETT**.....(Ap'd Pa.)..**17**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1828, to July 1, 1832, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 2D ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1832.

Served: in the "Black Hawk Expedition," 1832, but not at the seat of war; on Special duty, making drawings at the Military Academy, 1832; in garrison at Ft. Jackson, La., 1832–33; at the Military Academy, as Asst. Instructor of Infantry Tactics, Nov. 4, 1833, to Dec. 20, 1834; on

(SECOND LIEUT., 2D ARTILLERY, APR. 1, 1834)

Topographical duty, Dec. 23, 1834, to Jan. 21, 1836; and on Ordnance duty in Florida, Mar., 1836.

RESIGNED, JULY 31, 1836.

Civil History. — Civil Engineer, 1836–44.

Military History. — Served in the War with Mexico, 1846–48, being

(COLONEL, 2D NEW YORK VOLUNTEERS, DEC. 3, 1846)

engaged in the Siege of Vera Cruz, Mar. 9–29, 1847, — Battle of Cerro Gordo, Apr. 17–18, 1847, — Battle of Contreras, Aug. 19–20, 1847, — and Battle of Churubusco, Aug. 20, 1847, where he was severely wounded.

DISBANDED, AUG. 1, 1848.*

Civil History. — Superintendent of the Dry Dock in the Philadelphia Navy Yard, Pa., 1849–52, — and in the Brooklyn Navy Yard, N. Y., 1852–55. Chief Engineer of Brooklyn, N. Y., Water Works, 1853–54, — and of Norfolk, Va., Water Works, 1856. U. S. Surveyor-General of Kansas and Nebraska Territories, 1858–60. Engaged in the suppression of the New York Draft Riots, 1863.

DIED, JUNE 27, 1884, AT WASHINGTON, D. C.: AGED 74.

* Received the thanks of the Legislature of the State of New York, 1850, and by it made Bvt. Brig.-General of New York Volunteers, 1853, for "Gallant and Distinguished Service in the War with Mexico." Recipient of a Silver Medal from the Corporation of New York City, July 30, 1848, — of a Gold Medal from the regiment he commanded in the Mexican War, Aug. 20, 1853, — and Aug. 18, 1859, by vote of the surviving members of the same regiment, of the Gold Snuff Box in which the Freedom of the City of New York had been presented, Feb. 23, 1819, to Major-General Andrew Jackson.

679..(Born N. J.)....**JAMES H. SIMPSON**.....(Ap'd N. J.)..**18**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, Sep. 1, 1828, to July 1, 1832, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 3D ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1832.

Served: in garrison at Ft. Preble, Me., 1832–33; on Recruiting ser-

(SECOND LIEUT., 3D ARTILLERY, NOV. 30, 1833)

vice, 1833–34; in garrison at Ft. Monroe, Va., 1834, — and at Ft. King, Fla., 1835; on Commissary duty at Charleston, S. C., 1836–37; in the

(FIRST LIEUT., 3D ARTILLERY, APR. 30, 1837)

Florida War, on Commissary duty, 1837, — and as Aide-de-Camp to Bvt-Brig.-General Eustis, 1837–38, being engaged against the Seminole

(FIRST LIEUT., CORPS OF TOP. ENGINEERS, JULY 7, 1838)

Indians in the Action of Locha-Hatchee, Jan. 24, 1838; as Asst. Top. Engineer on Harbor Improvements at the East End of Lake Erie, 1838–39, — in the construction of Roads in Florida, 1839–40, — in improving Erie Harbor, Pa., 1840–41, — and in surveying the Northwestern Lakes, 1841–45; in charge of Erie Harbor Improvement, 1845–48, — of construction of Light-house at Monroe, Mich., 1847–49, — and of exploration of route from Ft. Smith, Ark., to Santa Fé, N. M., 1849; as Chief Top. Engineer of the Department of New Mexico, 1850; in charge of the construction of roads in Minnesota, 1851–56; on Coast Survey, 1856–58;

(CAPTAIN, TOP. ENGINEERS, MAR. 3, 1853, FOR 14 YEARS' CONTINUOUS SERVICE)

as Chief Top. Engineer with the Army in Utah, Feb. 11 to Aug. 20, 1858; on exploration of new route from Salt Lake, Utah, to the Pacific Coast, 1859, — and preparation of Reports of his reconnoissance, 1860–61.

Served during the Rebellion of the Seceding States, 1861–66: in Mustering Ohio Volunteers into service, May 15 to June 13, 1861; as Chief

(MAJOR, TOP. ENGINEERS, AUG. 6, 1861: CORPS OF ENGINEERS, MAR. 3, 1863)

Top. Engineer, Department of the Shenandoah, June 20 to Aug. 7, 1861;

(COLONEL, 4TH NEW JERSEY VOLUNTEERS, AUG. 12, 1861)

in the defenses of Washington, D. C., Aug. 27, 1861, to Apr. 18, 1862; in the Virginia Peninsular Campaign (Army of the Potomac), Apr. 19 to Aug. 27, 1862, being engaged in the Action at West Point, May 7, 1862, — Battle of Gaines' Mill, June 27, 1862, where he was captured, — as Prisoner of War at Richmond, Va., June 28 to Aug. 12, 1862, — and with his regiment from Harrison's Landing to Alexandria, Va.; as Chief Top.

(RESIGNED VOLUNTEER COMMISSION, AUG. 27, 1862)

Engineer, Aug. 27, 1862, to Mar. 3, 1863, — and Chief Engineer, Mar. 3 to Dec. 4, 1863, of the Department of the Ohio, being engaged in making

(LIEUT.-COLONEL, CORPS OF ENGINEERS, JUNE 1, 1863)

surveys, constructing and repairing railroads, and erecting temporary defenses; in general charge of the fortifications in Kentucky, Dec. 3, 1863, to June 27, 1865; as Engineer Agent at Cincinnati, O., for the Armies of the West, Mar. 22, 1864, to June 27, 1865; as Chief Engineer of the District of Kentucky, Feb. 18 to June 27, 1865.

BVT. COLONEL, MAR. 13, 1865, FOR MERITORIOUS SERVICES DURING THE REBELLION.

BVT. BRIG.-GENERAL, U. S. ARMY, MAR. 13, 1865, FOR FAITHFUL AND MERITORIOUS SERVICES DURING THE REBELLION.

Served: as Chief Engineer of the Interior Department at Washington, D. C., Aug. 8, 1865, to Oct., 1867, having the general direction and in-

(COLONEL, CORPS OF ENGINEERS, MAR. 7, 1867)

spection of the Union Pacific Railroad and Branches, of Government Wagon Roads, etc.; as Superintending Engineer of the Defenses of Key West and Tortugas, Fla., Dec., 1867, to Dec. 31, 1868, — of Ft. Madison, Md., May 25, 1868, to July 21, 1869, — of the Defenses of Baltimore and Washington, Md., May 25, 1868, to Dec. 31, 1869, — of Improvement of Patapsco and Susquehanna Rivers, May 25, 1868, to Nov. 6, 1870, — of Sixth Light-house District, Dec. 26, 1868, to May 31, 1869, and of Fifth District, Dec. 26, 1868, to Nov. 11, 1870, — of Surveys and Improvements at mouth of the Cape Fear and Nag's Head, N. C., and Cambridge

and Queenstown Harbors, Md., July–Nov., 1870, — of Defenses of Mobile, Pensacola, and Ship Island, of Improvement of Mobile Bay and Harbor, of Surveys of Coosa, Tombigbee, and Appalachicola Rivers, and of Eighth Light-house District east of Pearl River, Dec. 5, 1870, to Dec. 6, 1872, — of Surveys on Choctawhatchee, Chattahoochee, and St. Mark's River, and Tampa and Appalachicola Bays, Mar., 1871, to Dec. 6, 1872, — of Improvement of Tombigbee River, Dredging Cedar Keys Bar, and Surveys of its Harbor, June–Dec., 1872, — of Removal of Obstructions in Mississippi, Missouri, Arkansas, White, and St. Francis Rivers, and Survey of Forked Deer River, Ten., Jan.–Apr., 1873, — of Improvement of Ouachita and Yazoo Rivers, Jan.–May, 1873, — of Improvement of the Little Missouri and Current Rivers, Jan. 1, 1873, to Jan. 20, 1875, — of Improvement of Osage River, Jan. 1, 1873, to July 1, 1877, — of Improvement of the Mississippi between the mouths of the Illinois and Ohio Rivers, Jan. 1, 1873, to Mar. 30, 1880, — of Survey of the portion of the "Mississippi Route" lying between Alton and the mouth of the Ohio River, July, 1874, to Jan. 20, 1875; and as Member of various Engineer Boards on River and Harbor Improvements, Bridge Construction, etc., 1870–80.

RETIRED FROM ACTIVE SERVICE, MAR. 31, 1880, UPON HIS OWN APPLICATION, HE HAVING SERVED OVER 40 YEARS.

Civil History. — Author of the "Shortest Route to California across the Great Basin of Utah," 1869; and of "Essay on Coronado's March in Search of the Seven Cities of Cibola," 1869. Delegate from Missouri to the General Convention of the Episcopal Church, at New York city, 1874, and at Boston, 1877. Degree of A. M. conferred by Princeton College, N. J., 1848.

DIED, MAR. 2, 1883, AT ST. PAUL, MIN.: AGED 70.

680..(Born Mich.).....**ALFRED BRUSH**.....(Ap'd Mich.)..**19**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1828, to July 1, 1832, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 4TH ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1832.

Served: on Engineer duty, Sep. 12, 1832, to June 30, 1836; and in

(SECOND LIEUT., 4TH ARTILLERY, SEP. 14, 1834)

Operations in the Creek Nation, 1836.

RESIGNED, JULY 28, 1836.

Civil History. — Assistant Engineer, Michigan Central Railroad, 1836. Physician, Detroit, Mich., 1836–70.

DIED, APR. 12, 1870, AT DETROIT, MICH.: AGED 59.

681..(Born Ten.).....**RICHARD G. FAIN**.....(Ap'd Ten.)..**20**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, Sep. 1, 1828, to July 1, 1832, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 1ST ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1832.

Served on the "Black Hawk Expedition," 1832, but not at the seat of war.

RESIGNED, DEC. 31, 1832.

Civil History. — Merchant, Rogersville, Ten., 1833–52. Brig.-General, Tennessee Militia, 1836–44. Raised and commanded a company of Tennessee Volunteers for the Florida War, 1836, but, on the march to the seat of War, his regiment, of which he had been elected Lieut.-Colonel, was disbanded, not being required for service. Clerk and Master of Chancery

Court, Hawkins County, Ten., 1852–61. President of Rogersville and Jefferson Railroad, Ten., 1858–61.

Joined in the Rebellion of 1861–66 against the United States.

Civil History. — Merchant, Rogersville, Ten., 1866–78.

DIED, SEP. 12, 1878, AT MOSSY CREEK, TEN. : AGED 67.

682..(Born Ten.)..**HENDERSON K. YOAKUM**..(Ap'd Ten.)..**21**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1828, to July 1, 1832, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 3D ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1832.

Served on the "Black Hawk Expedition," 1832, but not at the seat of war.

RESIGNED, MAR. 31, 1833.

Civil History. — Counselor at Law, in Tennessee, 1835–45, — and in Texas, 1845–46.

Military History — Served in War with Mexico, as

FIRST LIEUT., TEXAS MOUNTED RIFLE VOLUNTEERS, JUNE, 1846,

till the regiment was

DISBANDED, SEP., 1846.

Civil History. — Counselor at Law, Huntsville, Tex., 1846–56. Colonel, Texas Militia, 1850–56. Author of "History of Texas, from 1685 to 1846, from its first Settlement to its Annexation to the United States," 1856.

DIED, NOV. 29, 1856, AT HOUSTON, TEX. : AGED 46.

683..(Born Md.).....**TENCH TILGHMAN**.....(Ap'd Md.)..**22**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1828, to July 1, 1832, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 4TH ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1832.

Served : on the "Black Hawk Expedition," 1832, but not at the seat of war ; and in garrison at Ft. Severn, Md., 1833.

RESIGNED, NOV. 30, 1833.

Civil History. — Farmer, Oxford, Md., 1834–74. Lieut.-Colonel, Staff, Division Inspector, Md. Militia, 1836–37, — Brig.-General, 1837–60, — and Maj.-General, 1860–61. Commissioner of Public Works in Maryland, 1841–51. President of the Talbot Mutual Fire Insurance Company, 1846–49. Superintendent of the Military Department of the Maryland Military Academy at Oxford, Md., 1847–57. U. S. Consul at Mayaguez, Porto Rico, W. I., 1849–50. President of the Maryland and Delaware Railroad Company, 1855–61. U. S. Collector of Customs for the Port of Oxford, Md., 1857–60. President of the National Agricultural Society, 1858–60.

DIED, DEC. 22, 1874, AT BALTIMORE, MD. : AGED 65.

684..(Born Vt.).....**WILLIAM H. PETTES**.....(Ap'd Vt.)..**23**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1827, to July 1, 1832, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 1ST ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1832.

Served : in garrison at Beaufort, N. C., 1832–33, — and at Ft. Monroe,

(SECOND LIEUT., 1ST ARTILLERY, SEP. 30, 1833)

Va., 1833 ; in Creek Nation, 1833–34 ; in garrison at Charleston Harbor, S. C., 1834–36 ; and in the Florida War, 1836, being engaged in the Defense of Volusia, Apr. 14, 1834, — and Skirmish, May 8, 1836.

RESIGNED, SEP. 11, 1836.

Civil History. — Asst. Commissioner for the distribution of supplies to destitute Floridians, 1836–37. Civil Engineer, in the service of the United States, superintending Harbor Improvements at Salmon River, N. Y., 1837–46, — at Genesee River, N. Y., 1842–46, — at Buffalo, N. Y., 1853–55, — and at Dunkirk, N. Y., 1855. Superintendent of the construction of Buffalo Custom House and Post Office, 1855–59. Civil Engineer, near Buffalo, N. Y., 1859–61.

Military History. — Served during the Rebellion of the Seceding States, 1861–64 : in the defenses of Washington, D. C., Sep. 22 to (LIEUT.-COLONEL, 50TH N. Y. VOLUNTEERS — ENGINEERS, SEP. 18, 1861) Nov. 28, 1861 ; at the Engineer Depot, Washington, D. C., Nov. 29, 1861, to Mar. 18, 1862 ; in the Virginia Peninsular Campaign (Army of the Potomac), Mar.-Sep., 1862, being engaged in the Siege of Yorktown, Apr. 5–May 4, 1862, — and Engineer Operations on the Chickahominy and James Rivers, June–Sep., 1862 ; at Engineer Depot, Washington, D. C., Sep.–Nov., 1862 ; in repairing roads, wharves, etc., at Acquia Creek, Va., Nov., 1862, to Mar., 1863 ; in the Rappahannock Campaign (Army of the Potomac), Mar.–June, 1863, being engaged in Skirmishes while constructing Ponton Bridges at Pollock's Mill, Apr. 29, 1863, — Banks' Ford, May 3, 1863, — and Deep Run, June 5, 1863 ; in the Pennsylvania Campaign (Army of the Potomac), June–July, 1863 ; at Engineer Depot, Washington, D. C., July 3 to Sep. 2, 1863, — Rappahannock (COLONEL, 50TH NEW YORK VOLUNTEERS — ENGINEERS, JUNE 3, 1863) Station, Va., Sep. 3 to Oct. 10, 1863, — Engineer Depot, Washington D. C., Oct., 1863, to Mar., 1864 ; and Rappahannock Station, Va., Mar.–Apr., 1864 ; in command of Engineer Depot, Washington, D. C., and supplying the Army of the Potomac with Engineer equipage, Apr., 1864, to June, 1865.

MUSTERED OUT OF SERVICE WITH REGIMENT, JUNE 14, 1865.

Civil History. — Unknown.

685. (Born Ala.) . **THEOPHILUS F. J. WILKINSON** . (Ap'd Ala.) . **24**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1828, to July 1, 1832, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 2D ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1832.

Served : in garrison at Ft. Wood, La., 1832–33, — Ft. Jackson, La., 1833, — Covington, La., 1833, — Ft. Jackson, La., 1833–34, — Augusta (SECOND LIEUT., 2D ARTILLERY, APR. 30, 1834) Arsenal, Ga., 1834, — Bay of St. Louis, Mis., 1834, — and Ft. Wood, La., 1834–35.

RESIGNED, FEB. 28, 1835.

DIED, AUG. 4, 1840, AT : AGED 29.

686. . (Born Pa.) . . . . **LORENZO SITGREAVES** . . . . (Ap'd Pa.) . . **25**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1827, to July 1, 1832, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 1ST ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1832.

Served : on the "Black Hawk Expedition," 1832, but not at the seat of

war; in garrison at Bellona Arsenal, Va., 1832–33; in Creek Nation,

(SECOND LIEUT., 1ST ARTILLERY, SEP. 30, 1833)

1833–34; in garrison at Ft. Monroe, Va., 1834–36; and in Creek Nation, 1836.

RESIGNED, AUG. 31, 1836.

Civil History. — Civil Engineer, 1836–38.

Military History. — Re-appointed in the U. S. Army with the rank of

SECOND LIEUT., CORPS OF TOP. ENGINEERS, JULY 7, 1838.

Served: as Asst. Top. Engineer in constructing Roads in Wisconsin, 1839–40, — on Survey of Sault St. Marie, 1840–41, — in surveying

(FIRST LIEUT., CORPS OF TOP. ENGINEERS, JULY 18, 1840)

Boundary Line between the United States and Texas, 1841, — and on Surveys near New Orleans, La., 1841–42; as Assistant in Topographical Bureau, Washington, D. C., 1842–43; as Asst. Top. Engineer in the Improvement of the Hudson River, N. Y., 1843–44, — and on Survey of Portsmouth harbor, N. H., 1844–45, and of Florida Reefs, 1845–46; in the War with Mexico, 1846–48, being engaged on the march through Chihuahua, 1846–47, — and Battle of Buena Vista, Feb. 22–23, 1847; in

(BVT. CAPT., FEB. 23, 1847, FOR GALLANT AND MERITORIOUS CONDUCT IN THE BATTLE OF BUENA VISTA, MEX.)

charge of Boundary Survey of Creek Indian Territory, 1849; as Assistant in Topographical Bureau, at Washington, D. C., 1850; in charge of Survey of Zuñi River, N. M., 1851, and preparing report thereof, 1852; as Light-house Inspector, 11th District, Dec. 21, 1852, to Dec. 11, 1856;

(CAPTAIN, TOP. ENGINEERS, MAR. 3, 1853, FOR 14 YEARS' CONTINUOUS SERVICE)

as Light-house Engineer, 5th District, May 15, 1857, to Aug. 8, 1859; and on sick leave of absence, 1859–61.

Served during the Rebellion of the Seceding States, 1861–66: as Mustering Officer at Albany, N. Y., 1861–62; as Superintendent of

(MAJOR, TOP. ENGINEERS, AUG. 6, 1861: CORPS OF ENGINEERS, MAR. 3, 1863)

Volunteer Recruiting service, and Disbursing Officer, at Madison, Wis., Apr. 20, 1863, to Oct. 20, 1864; and on Inspection of the temporary

(LIEUT.-COLONEL, CORPS OF ENGINEERS, APR. 22, 1864)

Defenses in Kansas and Nebraska, Oct. 25, 1864, to July, 1865; and in charge of the Harbor Improvements on Lake Michigan, Aug. 3, 1865, to June 11, 1866.

RETIRED FROM ACTIVE SERVICE, JULY 10, 1866, FOR DISABILITY, RESULTING FROM LONG AND FAITHFUL SERVICE, AND DISEASE CONTRACTED IN THE LINE OF DUTY.

DIED, MAY 14, 1888, AT WASHINGTON, D. C.: AGED 78.

687..(Born Ky.)....**GEORGE B. CRITTENDEN**..(Ap'd Ky.)..**26**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1828, to July 1, 1832, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 4TH INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1832.

Served: on the "Black Hawk Expedition," 1832, but not at the seat of war; and in garrison at Augusta Arsenal, Ga., 1833, — and Ft. Mitchell, Ala., 1833.

RESIGNED, APR. 30, 1833.

Civil History. — Counselor at Law, in Kentucky, 1835–46, except while in the Texas Army, 1835, and prisoner of war, 1835–36.

Military History. — Re-appointed in the U. S. Army with the rank of

CAPTAIN, MOUNTED RIFLES, MAY 27, 1846.

Served : on Recruiting service, 1846 ; in the War with Mexico, 1846, 1846–47, 1848, being engaged in the Battle of Contreras, Aug. 19–20, 1847, — Battle of Churubusco, Aug. 20, 1847, — Operations before and Capture of the City of Mexico, Sep. 12–14, 1847, — and Skirmish of

(BVT. MAJOR, AUG. 20, 1847, FOR GALLANT AND MERITORIOUS CONDUCT IN THE BATTLES OF CONTRERAS AND CHURUBUSCO, MEX.)

San Juan de Teotihuacan, Feb. 8, 1848 ; on frontier duty, at Ft. Leavenworth (Camp Sumner), Kan., 1849, — and Ft. Kearny, Neb., 1848 ; in

(MAJOR, MOUNTED RIFLES, APR. 15, 1848)

arrest, 1849–51 ; on frontier duty, at Ft. Vancouver, Wash., 1851 ; on Recruiting service, 1851 ; on frontier duty, at Ft. Merrill, Tex., 1852, — Scouting, 1852, — Ft. Inge, Tex., 1852–54, 1855, — Ft. Clark, Tex., 1855, — San Antonio, Tex., 1856, — Ft. Clark, Tex., 1856, — march to New Mex-

(LIEUT.-COLONEL, MOUNTED RIFLES, DEC. 30, 1856)

ico, 1856, — Ft. Craig, N. M., 1856–57, — and Gila Expedition, 1857 ; as Superintendent of Mounted Recruiting Service, July 1, 1857, to May 15, 1859 ; on leave of absence, 1859–60 ; and on frontier duty, in conducting recruits to New Mexico, 1860, — Ft. Union, N. M., 1860–61, — and Ft. Stanton, N. M., 1861.

RESIGNED, JUNE 10, 1861.

Joined in the Rebellion of 1861–66 against the United States.

Civil History. — Auditor of the State of Kentucky, 1866. Librarian of the State Library of Kentucky, 18— to 1880.

DIED, NOV. 27, 1880, AT DANVILLE, KY. : AGED 69.

688..(Born N. Y.).....**JACOB BROWN***.....(Ap'd N. Y.)..**27**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1827, to July 1, 1832, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 2D INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1832.

Served : on the "Black Hawk Expedition," 1832, but not at the seat of war ; in garrison at Ft. Niagara, N. Y., 1833 ; as Acting Paymaster, Feb. 19 to July 31, 1833 ; and in garrison at Ft. Niagara, N. Y., 1833–34,

(SECOND LIEUT., 2D INFANTRY, JULY 21, 1834)

Ft. Gratiot, Mich., 1834–35, — and Hancock Barracks, Me., 1835–36.

RESIGNED, JULY 31, 1836.

Civil History. — Served as Acting Paymaster of the Army in the Florida War, Jan. 4, 1840, to Oct. 24, 1841.

DIED, OCT. 24, 1841, AT ST. AUGUSTINE, FLA. : AGED 29.

* Was the son of Major-General JACOB BROWN, General-in Chief of the U. S. Army.

689..(Born N. Y.)...**DANIEL P. WHITING**....(Ap'd N. Y.)..**28**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1828, to July 1, 1832, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 7TH INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1832.

Served : on frontier duty at Ft. Gibson, I. T., 1833 ; in Instructing

(SECOND LIEUT., 7TH INFANTRY, DEC. 15, 1833)

recruits at Newport, Ky., 1833–35 ; in Ordnance Bureau at Washington,

D. C., Jan. 1 to Mar. 22, 1836 ; on Recruiting service, 1836–37 ; on fron-
(FIRST LIEUT., 7TH INFANTRY, JUNE 8, 1836)
tier duty at Ft. Gibson, I. T., 1837–39 ; in the Florida War, 1839–42 ; on Recruiting service, 1842 ; in garrison at New Orleans Barracks, La., 1843, — Pass Christian, Mis., 1843,— New Orleans Barracks, La., 1843–44, 1844–45, — and Ft. Pickens, Fla., 1845 ; in Military Occupation of Texas,
(CAPTAIN, 7TH INFANTRY, APR. 18, 1845)
1845–46 ; in the War with Mexico, 1846–47, being engaged in the Defense of Ft. Brown, May 3–9, 1846, — Battle of Monterey Sep. 21–23, 1846, — Siege of Vera Cruz, Mar. 9–29, 1847, — and Battle of Cerro Gordo, Apr. 17–18, 1847 ; on Recruiting service, 1847–48 ; in garrison
(BVT. MAJOR, APR. 18, 1847, FOR GALLANT AND MERITORIOUS CONDUCT IN THE BATTLE OF CERRO GORDO, MEX.)
at Jefferson Barracks, Mo., 1848–49 ; in Florida Hostilities against the Seminole Indians, 1849–50 ; in garrison at Jefferson Barracks, Mo., 1850, — Ft. Leavenworth, Kan., 1850, — and Jefferson Barracks, Mo., 1850–51 ; on frontier duty at Ft. Towson, I. T., 1851–53, 1853–54, — — Ft. Arbuckle, I. T., 1854–57, — and Ft. Washita, I. T., 1857–58 ; in garrison at Jefferson Barracks, Mo., 1858 ; on frontier duty on Utah Expedition, 1858–59, — and Ft. Leavenworth, Kan., 1859 ; and on sick leave
(MAJOR, 10TH INFANTRY, DEC. 20, 1860)
of absence, 1859–61.

Served during the Rebellion of the Seceding States, 1861–65 : in command of Ft. Garland, Col., July 9, 1861, to July 26, 1862 ; as Member of
(LIEUT.-COLONEL, 6TH INFANTRY, FEB. 15, 1862)
Board of Examination at Annapolis, Md., Aug. 1, 1862, to Oct. 14, 1863 ;
(RETIRED FROM ACTIVE SERVICE, NOV. 4, 1863, FOR DISABILITY, RESULTING FROM LONG AND FAITHFUL SERVICE, AND FROM SICKNESS AND EXPOSURE IN THE LINE OF DUTY)
and in command of Ft. Mifflin, Pa., Mar. 1 to Nov. 30, 1864.

Civil History. — Author of "Army Portfolio," a series of lithographed views illustrative of the Mexican War, 1849.

690..(Born Mas.)....**RANDOLPH B. MARCY**...(Ap'd Mas.)..**29**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1828, to July 1, 1832, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to
BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 5TH INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1832.

Served : on frontier duty on "Black Hawk Expedition," 1832, but not at the seat of war, — at Ft. Howard, Wis., 1833–37, — Ft. Winnebago,
(SECOND LIEUT., 5TH INFANTRY, NOV. 25, 1835)
(FIRST LIEUT., 5TH INFANTRY, JUNE 22, 1837)
Wis., 1837–38, — Ft. Howard, Wis., 1838, — Ft. Gratiot, Mich., 1838, — and Ft. Winnebago, Wis., 1838 ; on Recruiting service, 1838 ; on frontier duty at Ft. Winnebago, Wis., 1838–40 ; on Recruiting service, 1840–42 ; on frontier duty at Ft. Gratiot, Mich., 1842–45 ; in Military Occupation of Texas, 1845–46 ; in the War with Mexico, 1846, being
(CAPTAIN, 5TH INFANTRY, MAY 18, 1846, TO AUG. 22, 1859)
engaged in the Battle of Palo Alto, May 8, 1846, — Battle of Resaca-de-la-Palma, May 9, 1846 ; on Recruiting service, 1846–47 ; in garrison at East Pascagoula, Mis., 1848 ; on frontier duty at Ft. Towson, I. T., 1848–49, — Santa Fé, N. M., 1849–50, — Ft. Towson, I. T., 1850, — Camp Arbuckle, I. T., 1850–51, — escorting Bvt. Brig.-General Belknap

while selecting sites for Posts, 1851, — Exploration of Red River Country, and preparing report thereon, Mar. 5, 1852, to Apr. 20, 1854, — Surveying lands for Texas Indians, 1854–55, — Corpus Christi, Tex., 1855–56, — Ft. McIntosh, Tex., 1856, — and Ft. Brown, Tex., 1856–57; in Florida Hostilities against the Seminole Indians, 1857, being engaged in Skirmish of Big Cypress Swamp, Apr. 23, 1857; in garrison at Jefferson Barracks, Mo., 1857; on Utah Expedition, 1857–58, — and, with a small escort, made a laborious march through snow and mountains to New Mexico, Nov. 24, 1857, to June 11, 1858, to procure animals; as Acting Inspector-General of the Department of Utah, June 12 to Aug. 4, 1858; on Special duty at New York, preparing the "Prairie Traveler,

(MAJOR, STAFF — PAYMASTER, AUG. 22, 1859)

— a Hand-Book for Overland Expeditions," 1859; and as Paymaster of the Northwestern Posts, 1859–61.

Served during the Rebellion of the Seceding States, 1861–66: as Chief of Staff of Major-General McClellan, May 21, 1861, to Nov. 5, 1862,

(COL., STAFF — INSPECTOR-GENERAL, AUG. 9, 1861)

being engaged in the Campaign of Western Virginia, May–July, 1861, — at Washington, D. C., July 27, 1861, to Mar. 10, 1862, — in the Vir-

(BRIG.-GENERAL, U. S. VOLUNTEERS, SEP. 23, 1861, TO MAR. 4, 1863)

ginia Peninsular Campaign (Army of the Potomac), Mar.–Aug., 1862, — and in the Maryland Campaign (Army of the Potomac), Sep.–Nov., 1862; and on Inspection duties in the Departments of the "Northwest," "Missouri," "Arkansas," "Mississippi," and the "Gulf," July, 1863, to

(BVT. BRIG.-GENERAL, U. S. ARMY, MAR. 13, 1865, FOR GALLANT AND MERITORIOUS SERVICES IN THE FIELD DURING THE REBELLION)

(BVT.-MAJOR-GENERAL, U. S. ARMY, MAR. 13, 1865, FOR FAITHFUL AND MERITORIOUS SERVICES DURING THE REBELLION)

Sep. 20, 1865; on leave of absence and awaiting orders, Sep. 20, 1865, to Sep. 3, 1866.

Served: as Inspector-General of the Division of the Missouri, Sep. 28, 1866, to Mar. 8, 1869, and at Headquarters of the Army, Mar. 8, 1869,

(BRIG.-GENERAL, STAFF — INSPECTOR-GENERAL, U. S. ARMY, DEC. 12, 1868)

and as President of Army Regulation Board to Jan. 2, 1881.

RETIRED FROM ACTIVE SERVICE, JAN. 2, 1881, AT HIS OWN REQUEST, HAVING SERVED OVER 40 YEARS.

Civil History. — Author of the "Prairie Traveler," 1859, — of "Thirty Years of Army Life on the Border," 1866, — and of "Border Reminiscences," 1871.

DIED, NOV. 22, 1887, AT ORANGE, N. J.: AGED 76.

691..(Born Ky.).....**JAMES P. HARDIN**.....(Ap'd Ky.)..**30**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1828, to July 1, 1832, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 4TH INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1832.

Served on the "Black Hawk Expedition," 1832, but not at the seat of war.

RESIGNED, DEC. 15, 1832.

Civil History. — Counselor at Law, Bardstown, Ky., 1836–42. Member of the House of Representatives of the State of Kentucky, 1840–41.

DIED, AUG. 26, 1842, AT BARDSTOWN, KY.: AGED 31.

692..(Born Me.).....**THOMAS M. HILL**.....(Ap'd Me.)..**31**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1828, to July 1, 1832, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 1ST INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1832.

Served: on frontier duty at Ft. Crawford, Wis., 1832–37, — and Jef-

(SECOND LIEUT., 1ST INFANTRY, DEC. 10, 1834)

(FIRST LIEUT., 1ST INFANTRY, OCT. 3, 1837)

ferson Barracks, Mo., 1837; and on Indian duty, July 23, 1837, to July 10, 1838.

DIED, JULY 10, 1838, AT BATH, ME.: AGED 27.

693..(Born N. H.) .....**ROGER S. DIX**.....(Ap'd N. H.)..**32**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1827, to July 1, 1832, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 7TH INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1832.

Served: on the "Black Hawk Expedition," 1832, but not at the seat of war; on frontier duty at Ft. Smith, Ark., 1833–34, — Ft. Gibson, I. T.,

(SECOND LIEUT., 7TH INFANTRY, JAN. 28, 1834)

1834, — Little Rock, Ark., 1834–35, — and Ft. Gibson, I. T., 1835; on Topographical duty, Jan. 26, 1835, to Aug. 10, 1836; on Recruiting ser-

(FIRST LIEUT., 7TH INFANTRY, JULY 31, 1836)

vice, 1837–38; on Quartermaster duty at Carlisle, Pa., 1838–39, —

(CAPT., STAFF — ASST. QUARTERMASTER, JULY 7, 1838)

Charleston, S. C., 1839–40, — Boston, Mas., 1840–42, — Ft. Jesup, La., 1842–45, — and Boston, Mas., 1845; on Paymaster duty in Texas,

(CAPTAIN, 7TH INFANTRY, JULY 15, 1845, TO SEP. 30, 1845)

1845–46, — and during the War with Mexico, 1846–48, being engaged in

(MAJOR, STAFF — PAYMASTER, SEP. 30, 1845)

(BVT. LIEUT.-COLONEL, FEB. 23, 1847, FOR GALLANT AND MERITORIOUS CONDUCT IN THE BATTLE OF BUENA VISTA, MEX.)

the Battle of Buena Vista, Feb. 22–23, 1847.

DIED, JAN. 7, 1849, AT HILLSBOROUGH, PA.: AGED 38.

694..(Born Md.).....**ROBERT H. ARCHER**.....(Ap'd Md.)..**33**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1828, to July 1, 1832, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 3D INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1832.

Served: on frontier duty at Ft. Jesup, La., 1832–33; in garrison at Ft.

(TRANSFERRED TO 4TH ARTILLERY, NOV. 13, 1833)

McHenry, Md., 1834–36, — and Augusta Arsenal, Ga., 1836; in Creek

(SECOND LIEUT., 4TH ARTILLERY, DEC. 31, 1835)

Nation, 1836; and in the Florida War, 1837.

RESIGNED, DEC. 31, 1837.

Civil History. — Asst. Engineer, Baltimore and Ohio Railroad, 1837–38. Principal of a Female Academy at Baltimore, Md., 1840–56; and of Patapsco Female Institute, Ellicott's Mills, Md., 1856–61.

Joined in the Rebellion of 1861–66 against the United States.

DIED, AUG. 11, 1875, NEAR WASHINGTON, D. C.: AGED 63.

695..(Born N. Y.)...**JAMES V. BOMFORD***...(Ap'd D. C.)..34

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1828, to July 1, 1832, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 2D INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1832.

Served: on the "Black Hawk Expedition," 1832, but not at the seat of war; on Engineer duty, Sep. 28, 1832, to May 1, 1834; in garrison at

(SECOND LIEUT., 2D INFANTRY, OCT. 6, 1834)

Ft. Mackinac, Mich., 1834–35, — Ft. Gratiot, Mich., 1835, — Hancock Barracks, Me., 1835–36, — Ft. Independence, Mas., 1836, — Ft. Gratiot, Mich., 1836–37, — and Ft. Howard, Wis., 1837; in the Florida War, 1837–38; on the Northern Frontier during Canada Border Disturbances,

(FIRST LIEUT., 8TH INFANTRY, JULY 7, 1838)

as Adjutant of 8th Infantry, at Sackett's Harbor, N. Y., 1838, — Ogdensburg, N. Y., 1838–39, — and Sackett's Harbor, N. Y., 1839–40; in garrison at Jefferson Barracks, Mo., 1840; on Recruiting service, 1840–42; in garrison at Ft. Shannon, Fla., 1842, — Ft. Marion, Fla., 1842–45, — and Ft. Brooke, Fla., 1845; in Military Occupation of Texas, 1845–46;

(CAPTAIN, 8TH INFANTRY, MAR. 4, 1845)

in the War with Mexico, 1846–48, being engaged in the Battle of Palo Alto, May 8, 1846, — Battle of Resaca-de-la-Palma, May 9, 1846, — Battle of Monterey, Sep. 21–23, 1846, — Siege of Vera Cruz, Mar. 9–29, 1847, Battle of Cerro Gordo, Apr. 17–18, 1847, — Capture of San Antonio, Aug. 20, 1847, — Battle of Churubusco, Aug. 20, 1847, — Battle of Mo-

(BVT. MAJOR, AUG. 20, 1847, FOR GALLANT AND MERITORIOUS CONDUCT IN THE BATTLES OF CONTRERAS AND CHURUBUSCO, MEX.)

lino del Rey, Sep. 8, 1847, — Storming of Chapultepec, Sep. 13, 1847, —

(BVT. LIEUT.-COL., SEP. 8, 1847, FOR GALLANT AND MERITORIOUS CONDUCT IN THE BATTLE OF MOLINO DEL REY, MEX.)

and Assault and Capture of the City of Mexico, Sep. 13–14, 1847; and on frontier duty at Port Lavaca, Tex., 1848–49, — San Antonio, Tex., 1849, — Ft. Graham, Tex., 1849–51, — Ft. Gates, Tex., 1851, — Ft. Worth, Tex., 1851–52, — Scouting, 1852, — Ft. McKavett, Tex., 1852, 1853–54, — Ft. Clark, Tex., 1854, — Ft. Davis, Tex., 1854–55, — Scouting, 1855, — Ft. Davis, Tex., 1855–58, — Ft. Quitman, Tex., 1859–60, — and Ft.

(MAJOR, 6TH INFANTRY, OCT. 17, 1860)

Davis, Tex., 1860–61.

Served during the Rebellion of the Seceding States, 1861–66: as Prisoner of War in Texas, May 9, 1861, to Apr. 9, 1862; with his regi-

(LIEUT.-COLONEL, 16TH INFANTRY, JAN. 10, 1862)

ment, July–Nov., 1862, in the retrograde movement of the Army, commanded by Major-General Buell, from Alabama to Kentucky, and in its subsequent advance, being engaged, as Chief of Staff to Major-General McCook, in the Battle of Perryville, Ky., Oct. 8, 1862; as Superintend-

(BVT. COLONEL, OCT. 8, 1862, FOR GALLANT AND MERITORIOUS SERVICES AT THE BATTLE OF PERRYVILLE, KY.)

ent of Volunteer Recruiting Service, and Mustering Officer at Indianapolis, Ind., Jan. 1 to May 30, 1863; as Acting Asst. Provost Marshal General of Western Division of Pennsylvania, May 30, 1863, to July 31, 1864; in command of Ft. Columbus, N. Y., Sep. 4, 1864, to Feb. 14, 1865;

(COLONEL, 8TH INFANTRY, MAY 18, 1864)

on leave of absence, June 16 to Nov. 2, 1865; in command of regiment

at Baltimore, Md., Nov. 2, 1865, to May 10, 1866, — and at Winchester, Va., June 12 to Aug. 23, 1866.

Served: in command of District of North Carolina, Sep. 20, 1866, to Apr., 1867, — of regiment at Raleigh, N. C., Apr., 1867, to May 18, 1868, — of District of South Carolina, May 18, 1868, to Oct. 23, 1870, — and of regiment at David's Island, New York Harbor, Nov. 5, 1870, to July 5, 1872; as Acting Inspector in the Department of the Platte, at Omaha, Neb., July 15 to Oct. 1, 1872; in command of regiment, at Fort D. A. Russell, Wy., Oct. 5, 1872, to Nov. 26, 1873; and on sick leave of absence, Nov. 16, 1873, to June 8, 1874.

RETIRED FROM ACTIVE SERVICE, JUNE 8, 1872, UNDER THE LAW OF JULY 17, 1862, HE BEING OVER THE AGE OF 62 YEARS.

* Was the son of Colonel GEORGE BOMFORD, Chief of Ordnance of the U. S. Army.

696..(Born N. C.)....**RICHARD C. GATLIN**....(Ap'd N. C.)..**35**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1828, to July 1, 1832, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 7TH INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1832.

Served: on the "Black Hawk Expedition," 1832, but not at the seat of war; on frontier duty at Ft. Gibson, I. T., 1832, 1833–34, — Camp

(SECOND LIEUT., 7TH INFANTRY, MAY 31, 1834)

Canadian, I. T., 1834, — Ft. Gibson, I. T., 1834–36, — Camp Desire, near Ft. Towson, I. T., 1836, — and Camp Nacogdoches, Tex., 1836; on Re-

(FIRST LIEUT., 7TH INFANTRY, AUG. 31, 1836)

cruiting service, 1837–38; as Adjutant, 7th Infantry, Dec. 13, 1838, to Oct. 25, 1845, at Ft. Gibson, I. T., 1838–39, — in the Florida War, 1839–42, — at New Orleans Barracks, La., 1842–43, 1843–44, — Pass Christian, Mis., 1844, — New Orleans Barracks, La., 1844–45, — and Pass Christian, Mis., 1845; in Military Occupation of Texas, 1845–46; in the

(CAPTAIN, 7TH INFANTRY, SEP. 30, 1845)

War with Mexico, 1846, being engaged in the Defense of Ft. Brown, May 3–9, 1846, — and Battle of Monterey, Sep. 21–23, 1846, where he

(BVT. MAJOR, SEP. 23, 1846, FOR GALLANT AND MERITORIOUS CONDUCT IN THE BATTLE OF MONTEREY, MEX.)

was wounded in storming the enemy's works; on Recruiting service, 1846–48; in the War with Mexico, 1848; in garrison at Jefferson Bar-

(COLONEL, 1ST N. C. VOLUNTEERS, 1847: DECLINED.)

racks, Mo., 1848, — Baton Rouge, La., 1848–49, — and Jefferson Barracks, Mo., 1849; in Florida Hostilities against the Seminole Indians, 1849–50; in garrison at Jefferson Barracks, Mo., 1850, — Ft. Leavenworth, Kan., 1850, — Jefferson Barracks, Mo., 1850–51, — and Ft. Smith, Ark., 1851–52; on Recruiting service, 1852–54; and on frontier duty, in conducting recruits to Ft. Gibson, I. T., 1855, — March to the Upper Arkansas, 1855, — Ft. Gibson, I. T., 1855, — Ft. Smith, Ark., 1855–57, — Ft. Laramie, Dak., 1857–58, — Utah Expedition, 1858–60, — March to

(MAJOR, 5TH INFANTRY, FEB. 26, 1861)

New Mexico, 1860, — and Ft. Craig, N. M., 1860–61.

RESIGNED, MAY 20, 1861.

Joined in the Rebellion of 1861–66 against the United States.

Civil History. — Farmer, Sebastian Co., Ark., 1866–81. Residence, Fort Smith, Ark.

697..(Born Me.)....**WILLIAM H. STORER**...(Ap'd N. Y.)..36

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, Sep. 1, 1828, to July 1, 1832, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 1ST INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1832.

Served: on frontier duty at Ft. Crawford, Wis., 1832–34, — Ft. Snelling, Min., 1834, — Ft. Crawford, Wis., 1834, — Ft. Snelling, Min.,

(SECOND LIEUT., 1ST INFANTRY, JUNE 30, 1835)

1834–36, — Ft. Crawford, Wis., 1836–37, — and Jefferson Barracks, Mo.,

(FIRST LIEUT., 1ST INFANTRY, OCT. 17, 1837)

1837; and in the Florida War against the Seminole Indians, 1837–38, 1839, being engaged in the Battle of Okee-cho-bee, Dec. 25, 1837.

RESIGNED, NOV. 15, 1839.

Civil History. — Farmer, Gorham, Me., 1839–78.

DIED, AUG. 21, 1878, AT GORHAM, ME.: AGED 67.

698..(Born Va.).....**GEORGE H. GRIFFIN**.....(Ap'd Va.)..37

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1828, to July 1, 1832, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 6TH INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1832.

Served: on the "Black Hawk Expedition," 1832, but not at the seat of war; on frontier duty at Jefferson Barracks, Mo., 1833; on Recruiting

(SECOND LIEUT., 6TH INFANTRY, MAY 6, 1835)

service, 1833–35; on frontier duty at Jefferson Barracks, Mo., 1835–36, — Ft. Jesup, La., 1836, — and Camp Sabine, La., 1836; as Aide-de-Camp

(FIRST LIEUT., 6TH INFANTRY, JULY 31, 1837)

to Bvt. Maj.-General Gaines, Oct. 5, 1836, to July 4, 1838; and in the Florida War against the Seminole Indians, 1838–39, being engaged in

(CAPT., STAFF — ASST. ADJUTANT-GENERAL, JULY 7, 1838)

the Battle of Okee-cho-bee, Dec. 25, 1837, — and as Asst. Adjutant-General of the Army of Florida, May 15, 1838, to Oct. 8, 1839.

DIED, OCT. 8, 1839, AT TAMPA, FLA.: AGED 30.

699..(Born Mas.).....**JOHN BEACH**.....(Ap'd N. H.)..38

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1828, to July 1, 1832, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 1ST INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1832.

Served: on frontier duty at Ft. Armstrong, Ill., 1832–36, — and Ft.

(SECOND LIEUT., 1ST INFANTRY, OCT. 25, 1835)

(FIRST LIEUT., 1ST INFANTRY, DEC. 31, 1837)

Crawford, Wis., 1836–38; and on Recruiting service, 1838.

RESIGNED, JUNE 30, 1838.

Civil History. — U. S. Indian Agent for Sac and Fox Tribes, 1840–47. Farmer and Merchant, Agency City, Io., 1847–61.

Military History. — Served during the Rebellion of the Seceding States, 1861–66, in organizing and drilling Volunteers, loss of hearing having disqualified him for service in the field.

Civil History. — Farmer and Merchant, Agency City, Iowa, 1841–63. Engaged in literary pursuits, 1863–74.

DIED, AUG. 31, 1874, AT AGENCY CITY, IOWA: AGED 62.

700..(Born Va.).....**WILLIAM O. KELLO**.....(Ap'd Va.)..39

Military History.—Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1827, to July 1, 1832, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 3D INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1832.

Served: on the "Black Hawk Expedition," 1832, but not at the seat of war; on frontier duty, at Ft. Jesup, La., 1833–34,—Ft. Towson, I. T.,

(SECOND LIEUT., 3D INFANTRY, JAN. 11, 1834)

1834–36,—Camp Harkins, I. T., 1836,—Ft. Towson, I. T., 1836–37,—

(FIRST LIEUT., 3D INFANTRY, NOV. 15, 1836)

Ft. Jesup, La., 1837; and on Sabine River, La., 1837; on Recruiting

(TRANSFERRED TO 8TH INFANTRY, JULY 7, 1838)

service, 1838; on the Northern Frontier during Canada Border Disturbances, at Oswego, N. Y., 1838,—and Sackett's Harbor, N. Y., 1838–40;

(CAPTAIN, 8TH INFANTRY, MAY 1, 1839)

in garrison at Jefferson Barracks, Mo., 1840; in the Florida War, 1840–41, 1841–42; in garrison at Ft. Shannon, Fla., 1842–43; and Ft. Marion, Fla., 1843–45; in Military Occupation of Texas, 1845–46; on Recruiting Service, 1846; and on sick leave of absence, 1846–48.

DIED, JAN. 27, 1848, IN SOUTHAMPTON COUNTY, VA.: AGED 39.

701..(Born N. Y.)..**HENRY SWARTWOUT***..(Ap'd N. Y.)..40

Military History.—Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1827, to July 1, 1832, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 3D INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1832.

Served: on the "Black Hawk Expedition," 1832, but not at the seat of war; on frontier duty at Ft. Jesup, La., 1832–35, being Aide-de-Camp to

(SECOND LIEUT., 3D INFANTRY, MAR. 31, 1834)

Bvt. Brig.-General Leavenworth, Mar. 21 to July 21, 1834; at the Military Academy, 1836–42,—as Asst. Instructor of Artillery, May 4 to July 21, 1836,—as Asst. Instructor of Infantry Tactics, July 21, 1836,

(FIRST LIEUT., 3D INFANTRY, JULY 7, 1838)

to May 18, 1837,—and as Quartermaster, May 18, 1837, to Sep. 1, 1842;

(CAPTAIN, 3D INFANTRY, JAN. 31, 1842)

in the Florida War, 1842; in garrison at Ft. Stansbury, Fla., 1842–43,—Jefferson Barracks, Mo., 1843–44,—Ft. Columbus, N. Y., 1844–45; and

(TRANSFERRED TO 2D ARTILLERY, MAY 15, 1844)

Ft. Adams, R. I., 1845–46; in the War with Mexico, 1846–47,—at Reinosa, 1846,—and was engaged in the Siege of Vera Cruz, Mar. 9–29, 1847; on Recruiting service, 1847–48; in garrison at Ft. Macon, N. C., 1848–49; in Florida Hostilities against the Seminole Indians, 1850; in garrison at Castle Pinckney, S. C., 1851–52; and in Florida Hostilities against the Seminole Indians, 1852.

DIED, JULY 1, 1852, AT FT. MEADE, FLA.: AGED 41.

* Was the son of Colonel ROBERT SWARTWOUT, Quartermaster-General, U. S. Army, in the War of 1812–15.

702..(Born O.).....**GAINES P. KINGSBURY**.....(Ap'd O.)..41

Military History.—Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1828, to July 1, 1832, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. THIRD LIEUT., MOUNTED RANGERS, JULY 1, 1832.

Served: on the "Black Hawk Expedition," 1832, but not at the seat

of war ; on frontier duty at Jefferson Barracks, Mo., 1833, — Ft. Gibson,
(BVT. SECOND LIEUT, 1ST DRAGOONS, AUG. 14, 1833)
I. T., and Expedition to Tow-e-ash Villages, 1834, — Ft. Leavenworth,
(SECOND LIEUT., 1ST DRAGOONS, MAY 31, 1835)
Kan., 1834–35, — Expedition through the Rocky Mountains, 1835, — and
(FIRST LIEUT., FIRST DRAGOONS, JULY 4, 1836)
at Ft. Leavenworth, Kan., 1835–36 ; and on Recruiting service, 1836.
RESIGNED, OCT. 15, 1836.

Civil History. — Civil Engineer in Wisconsin, 1836–37. Agent for removal and settlement of the Indian Tribes to the west of Arkansas, 1837–39.

DIED, AUG. 15, 1839, IN THE INDIAN TERRITORY : AGED 29.

703..(Born Ky.)...**HUMPHREY MARSHALL**...(Ap'd Ky.)..**42**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, Sep. 1, 1828, to July 1, 1832, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. THIRD LIEUT., MOUNTED RANGERS, JULY 1, 1832.

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., FIRST DRAGOONS, MAR. 4, 1833.

Served : on the "Black Hawk Expedition," 1832, but not at the seat of war ; and on leave of absence, 1832–33.

RESIGNED, APR. 30, 1833.

Civil History. — Counselor at Law, Frankfort, Ky., 1833–34, — and at Louisville, Ky., 1834–46. Captain, Kentucky Militia, 1836–38, — Major, 1838–41, — and Lieut.-Colonel, 1841–46.

Military History. — Served in the War with Mexico, 1846–47, as

COLONEL, 1ST KENTUCKY CAVALRY VOLUNTEERS, JUNE 9, 1846,

being engaged in the Battle of Buena Vista, Feb. 22–23, 1847.

DISBANDED, JULY 7, 1847.

Civil History. — Farmer, Henry County, Ky., 1847–52, and 1853–61. Member of the U. S. House of Representatives from Kentucky, 1849–52, and 1855–59. Commissioner of the United States to the Empire of China, Aug. 6, 1852, to Oct. 18, 1853.

Joined in the Rebellion of 1861–66 against the United States.

Civil History. — Counselor at Law in Richmond, Va., and Louisville, Ky., 1863–72.

DIED, MAR. 28, 1872, AT LOUISVILLE, KY. : AGED 60.

704..(Born Pa.).....**JAMES M. BOWMAN**.....(Ap'd Pa.)..**43**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1827, to July 1, 1832, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. THIRD LIEUT., MOUNTED RANGERS, JULY 1, 1832.

Served : on the "Black Hawk Expedition," 1832, but not at the seat of war ; and on frontier duty at Jefferson Barracks, Mo., 1833, — Ft. Gib-
(BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 1ST DRAGOONS, AUG. 14, 1833)
son, I. T., and Expedition to Tow-e-ash Villages, 1834, — Ft. Gibson, I. T.,
(SECOND LIEUT., 1ST DRAGOONS, JUNE 30, 1835)
1834, — Expedition to the Canadian River, 1835, — Ft. Gibson, I. T.,
(FIRST LIEUT., 1ST DRAGOONS, OCT. 15, 1836)
1835–36, — Nacogdoches, Tex., 1836, — Ft. Gibson, I. T., 1836, — and Ft. Wayne, I. T., 1839.

DIED, JULY 21, 1839, AT FT. WAYNE, I. T. : AGED 31.

705..(Born Ten.).....**ASBURY URY**.....(Ap'd Ten.)..44

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, Sep. 1, 1828, to July 1, 1832, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. THIRD LIEUT., MOUNTED RANGERS, JULY 1, 1832.

Served: on the "Black Hawk Expedition," 1832, but not at the seat of war; on frontier duty at Jefferson Barracks, Mo., 1833, — Ft. Gibson,

(BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 1ST DRAGOONS, AUG. 14, 1833)

I. T., and Expedition to Tow-e-ash Villages, 1833–34, — Ft. Leavenworth, Kan., 1834–35, — Ft. Gibson, I. T., 1835, — Expedition to Arkansas River,

(SECOND LIEUT., 1ST DRAGOONS, JUNE 30, 1835)

(FIRST LIEUT., 1ST DRAGOONS, MAR. 3, 1837)

1835, — and Ft. Leavenworth, Kan., 1835–36; on Recruiting service, 1836–37; and on sick leave of absence, 1837–38.

DIED, APR. 13, 1838, AT MATANZAS, ISLAND OF CUBA, W. I.: AGED 29.

706..(Born Ill.).....**ALBERT G. EDWARDS**.....(Ap'd Ill.)..45

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1827, to July 1, 1832, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. THIRD LIEUT., MOUNTED RANGERS, JULY 1, 1832.

Served: on the "Black Hawk Expedition," 1832, but not at the seat of war; on Recruiting service, 1833–34; and on frontier duty in Expedition

(BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 1ST DRAGOONS, AUG. 14, 1833)

to Tow-e-ash Villages, 1834, — and at Ft. Des Moines, Io., 1834.

RESIGNED, MAY 2, 1835.

Civil History. — Merchant, St. Louis, Mo., 1835–65. Bank Commissioner, Missouri, 1862 to 18—. Brig.-General, Mo. Militia, 1862–18—. Assistant Treasurer of the United States, at St. Louis, Mo., 1865–86. Member of the Board of Visitors to the U. S. Military Academy, 1871.

CLASS OF 1833.

707..(Born Mas.).....**FREDERIC A. SMITH**....(Ap'd Mas.)..1

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1829, to July 1, 1833, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., CORPS OF ENGINEERS, JULY 1, 1833.

Served: as Assistant to the Board of Engineers at Newport, R. I., 1833; at the Military Academy, as Principal Asst. Professor of Engineering, Sep. 20, 1833, to July 26, 1834; as Asst. Engineer in the construction of Ft. Warren, Boston harbor, Mas., 1834–36, — and of Delaware

(SECOND LIEUT., CORPS OF ENGINEERS, JAN. 21, 1835)

Breakwater, at the mouth of Delaware Bay, 1836–37; as Assistant to the Chief Engineer of Washington, D. C., 1837–41, 1842; as Superintending

(CAPTAIN, CORPS OF ENGINEERS, JULY 7, 1838)

Engineer of the repairs of Ft. Washington, Potomac River, Md., 1841–46, — and of Ft. Madison, Annapolis harbor, Md., 1846; at the Military Academy, 1846–48, as Instructor of Practical Military Engineering, Sep. 12, 1846, to Mar. 25, 1848, — Treasurer, Sep. 12, 1846, to Mar. 25, 1848, — and Superintending Engineer of the construction of Cadet Barracks, 1846–48; as Assistant to the Chief Engineer, at Washington, D. C., 1848–52; as Member of the Board of Engineers for the Pacific Coast Defenses, June 17, 1851, to Oct. 16, 1852; and as Superintending Engi-

neer of the preliminary Surveys for the Potomac Aqueduct, from the Great Falls, Md., to Washington City, D. C., 1852.

DIED, OCT. 16, 1852, AT WASHINGTON, D. C.: AGED 40.

708..(Born Mas.)....**JOHN G. BARNARD***.....(Ap'd Mas.)..**2**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1829, to July 1, 1833, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., CORPS OF ENGINEERS, JULY 1, 1833.

Served: as Assistant to the Board of Engineers at Newport, R. I., 1833–34; as Asst. Engineer in the construction of Ft. Schuyler, for the defense of the eastern entrance to New York harbor, 1834–35, — on the

(SECOND LIEUT., CORPS OF ENGINEERS, MAY 15, 1835)

Fortifications of Pensacola harbor, Fla., 1835, — and of the Improvement of Pascagoula River, 1836, — and of Mobile harbor, Ala., 1837–39; as

(CAPTAIN, CORPS OF ENGINEERS, JULY 7, 1838)

Superintending Engineer of the repairs of the Defenses at Governor's Island, New York harbor, 1839–40, — and of the construction of Ft. Livingston, Island of Grand Terre, La., and repairs of Fts. Jackson and St. Philip, at Plaquemine Bend of the Mississippi River, La., 1840–46, 1847, and 1848–50; in the War with Mexico, 1846–47, 1847–48, superintending the construction of the defenses of Tampico, 1846–47, — and surveying

(BVT. MAJOR, MAY 30, 1848, FOR MERITORIOUS CONDUCT WHILE SERVING IN THE ENEMY'S COUNTRY)

the battlefields about the City of Mexico, 1847–48; as Chief Engineer for the Exploration and Survey of the projected Tehuantepec Railroad, Mex., 1850–51; on sick leave of absence, 1851–52; as Member of Board of Officers for examining sites for Military Posts on the Western Frontier of Arkansas, 1841, — of special Board of Engineers for examination of Harbors, Channels, etc., on the Gulf Coast of Texas and Mississippi, 1845–46, — of special Board for the protection of the site of Ft. McRee, Fla., 1847, — and of Navy and Engineer Board for devising Improvement of the mouths of the Mississippi River, 1852; as Superintending Engineer of Delaware Breakwater, of Harbor Improvements east of Cape Malabar, Mas., and of repairs of the defenses of Portland, Me., 1852–53, — of construction of Fortifications at the entrance of San Francisco harbor, Cal., and Light at Alcatraz Island, Cal.; as Member of the Board of Engineers for Fortifications on the Pacific Coast, 1854; at the Military Academy, 1855–56, as Instructor of Practical Military Engineering, and Commandant of Sappers, Miners, and Pontoniers, Mar. 2, 1855, to Sep. 8, 1856, — and Superintendent of the U. S. Military Academy, Mar. 31, 1855, to Sep. 8, 1856; as Superintending Engineer of construction and repairs of the defenses of New York harbor, and of the improvement of the Hudson River and New Jersey harbors, 1856–57, — of construction of Ft. Gaines, and repairs of Ft. Morgan, Mobile harbor, Ala., 1857–58, — and

(MAJOR, CORPS OF ENGINEERS, DEC. 13, 1858)

of the building of Fts. Richmond and Tompkins, Staten Island, N. Y., and repairs of the inner defenses of New York harbor, 1858–59, 1860–61; on leave of absence in Europe, 1859–60; as Member of Board of Engineers for projecting fort on Ship Island, Mis., 1857, — of Board to devise the defenses of Sandy Hook, N. J., 1858, — of Board to select sites for additional Batteries near Ft. Hamilton, N. Y., 1860, — of Board to fix the Armament of Fortifications, 1861, — of the Board of Engineers for Atlantic Coast Defenses, 1857–61, — and of various special Boards, 1860–61.

Served during the Rebellion of the Seceding States, 1861–66: as Chief Engineer of the Department of Washington, Apr. 21 to July 2,

1861, — and in the Manassas Campaign of July, 1861, being present at the Action of Blackburn's Ford, July 18, and Battle of Bull Run, July 21, 1861, having directed the preliminary reconnoissance upon which it was planned ; as Member of Joint Board constituted by the Navy Department, June 25, 1861, to devise measures for promoting the efficiency of the Blockade of the Atlantic and Gulf Coasts of the United States, — and of Board to regulate and fix the Ordnance of permanent fortifications and field batteries, Nov. 26, 1861, to Mar. 1, 1862 ; as Chief Engineer of the Army of the Potomac, July 2, 1861, to Aug. 16, 1862, superintending the construction of the defenses of Washington, D. C., Aug., 1861, to Mar.,

(BRIG.-GENERAL, U. S. VOLUNTEERS, SEP. 23, 1861)

1862, — and in the Virginia Peninsular Campaign, Mar.–Aug., 1862, being engaged in directing the Siege Works at Yorktown, Apr. 5–May 4, 1862, and of offensive and defensive works on the Chickahominy, and on the march to Harrison's Landing on James River, May–Aug., 1862, and was present at the Battle of Williamsburg, May 5, 1862, — Combat on Williamsburg Road, June 25, 1862, — reconnoitred and selected position upon which was fought the Battle of Gaines' Mill, June 27, 1862, — reconnoitred passages of the White Oak Swamp, June 28–29, and position of Malvern Hill for defense, June 30, 1862, — and participated in the

(BVT. COLONEL, JUNE 30, 1862, FOR GALLANT AND MERITORIOUS SERVICES IN THE CAMPAIGN OF THE PENINSULA, VA.)

Battle of Malvern Hill, July 1, 1862 ; in command of Washington, D. C., during the Rebel invasion of Eastern Virginia, Aug. 19–Sep. 13, 1862 ; as Chief Engineer of the defenses of Washington, D. C., Sep. 13, 1862, to

(LIEUT.-COLONEL, CORPS OF ENGINEERS, MAR. 3, 1863)

May 25, 1864 ; as the Military Member of a Scientific Commission for the investigation of subjects pertaining to the Navy Department, June 22, 1863, to June 6, 1864 ; in reconnoitring and devising the defenses of Pittsburg, Pa., June, 1863 ; in examining South Shore of Lake Erie, to devise measures to prevent Rebel raids from Canada, Dec., 1863 ; as Member of Commission to examine the plan and sufficiency of the defenses of Washington city, Oct. 29 to Dec. 24, 1862, — of Board of Engineers to examine Timby's Revolving Iron Tower for Harbor defense, Dec. 15, 1862, to June 23, 1863, — of Board for the Examination of Officers of the Corps of Engineers for Promotion, Aug. 1, 1863, to Mar. 8, 1864, and July 6 to Sep. 20, 1864, — of Board to devise defenses of Potomac Aqueduct, Aug. 29 to Sep. 3, 1863, — of Board for the Armament of the defenses of Washington, D. C., Nov. 10 to Dec. 3, 1863, — and of the Board of Engineers to Reorganize our System of Seacoast Fortification, Jan. 27 to May 31, 1864 ; as Chief Engineer "of the Armies in the field," on the Staff of Lieut.-General Grant, General-in-Chief of the Armies of the United States, June 5, 1864, to Apr. 9, 1865, in the Richmond Campaign, being engaged in the Siege of Petersburg, and operations before Richmond, June 18, 1864, to Apr. 2, 1865, and was present at various engagements before Petersburg, June 16 to July 4, 1864, — Assault and

(BVT. MAJ.-GENERAL, U. S. VOLUNTEERS, JULY 4, 1864, FOR MERITORIOUS AND DISTINGUISHED SERVICES DURING THE REBELLION)

Capture of Ft. Harrison, Sep. 29, 1864, — and Combat near Hatcher's Run, Oct. 27, 1864, — Assault of Petersburg, Apr. 2, 1865, and its Capture, Apr. 3, 1865, — and in the Pursuit and at the Surrender of the Army of Northern Virginia, commanded by General Lee, at Appomattox

(BVT. BRIG.-GENERAL, U. S. ARMY, MAR. 13, 1865, FOR GALLANT AND MERITORIOUS SERVICE IN THE CAMPAIGN TERMINATING WITH THE SURRENDER OF THE INSURGENT ARMY UNDER GEN. R. E. LEE)

C. H., Apr. 9, 1865 ; as Corporator of the National Military and Naval

Asylum for totally disabled Volunteers, Mar. 3, 1865, to Mar. 21, 1866;

(BVT. MAJ.-GENERAL, U. S. ARMY, MAR. 13, 1865, FOR GALLANT AND MERITORIOUS SERVICES IN THE FIELD DURING THE REBELLION)

as Member of the Board of Engineers, June 20, 1865, to May 18, 1867, to carry out in detail the modifications of the defenses in the vicinity of New York, as proposed by the Board of Jan. 27, 1864; as Senior Engineer of the defenses of New York harbor, and in charge of the construction of the Fortifications on Staten Island, N. Y., Aug. 3, 1865, to Dec. 10, 1866; as Member of Board for the Examination of Officers of Engineers for Pro-

(COLONEL, CORPS OF ENGINEERS, DEC. 28, 1865)

motion, Nov. 28, 1865, and Dec. 28, 1866, — of Joint Board of Army and

(MUSTERED OUT OF VOLUNTEER SERVICE, JAN. 15, 1866)

Navy Officers, on Harbor Defenses, Torpedoes, etc., Feb. 9 to Sep. 1, 1866.

Served: as Member of Board to Conduct Experiments on the use of Iron in Permanent Defenses, Sep. 11, 1866, to May 18, 1867, — of Board for the Armament of Fortifications, Jan. 18 to Feb. 6, 1867, — of the Board of Engineers for Fortifications, and Harbor and River Obstructions, required for the Defense of the Territory of the United States, May 18, 1867, to Jan. 2, 1881; of the Light-house Board, Feb. 20, 1870, to Nov. 4, 1879; of the Commission to Europe to collect information upon the Fabrication of Iron for Defensive Purposes, June–Nov., 1870, — of Board on Louisville and Portland Canal Locks, Nov. 22 to Dec. 19, 1871, — of Board to devise a Ship Canal to connect the Lower Mississippi with the Gulf of Mexico, July 20, 1873, to Jan. 20, 1874, — of Board to report upon the James River and Kanawha Canal project, Jan.–May, 1874, — of Commission to report upon certain subjects connected with the Improvement of the South Pass of the Mississippi River, Nov., 1876, — of Board on Improvement of the low-water navigation of the Mississippi and Missouri Rivers, 1878, — of Board to report the progress of construction of the South Pass Jetties at the mouth of the Mississippi, 1878, — and of various special Boards, 1870–81.

RETIRED FROM ACTIVE SERVICE, JAN. 2, 1881, HE BEING OVER 62 YEARS OF AGE, AND HAVING SERVED OVER 45 YEARS.

Civil History. — Author of "Phenomena of the Gyroscope, analytically examined," 1858; of "Dangers and Defenses of New York," 1859; of "Notes on Seacoast Defense," 1861; of "The C. S. A. and the Battle of Bull Run," 1862; of (jointly with General W. F. Barry) "Reports of the Engineer and Artillery Operations of the Army of the Potomac, from its organization to the close of the Peninsular Campaign," 1863; of "Eulogy on the late Bvt. Maj.-General Joseph G. Totten, late Chief Engineer, U. S. Army," 1866; of "Report on the Defenses of Washington" (Professional Papers of the Corps of Engineers, No. 20); of Report (jointly with Gen. H. G. Wright and Col. P. S. Michie) on the "Fabrication of Iron for Defensive Purposes" (Professional Papers of the Corps of Engineers, No. 21, and Supplement); of "Report on the North Sea Canal of Holland," etc. (Professional Papers of the Corps of Engineers, No. 22); of Papers on the Precession of the Equinoxes, the Pendulum, and the Internal Structure of the Earth (Smithsonian Contributions, Nos. 240 and 310); and of various Scientific and Professional Reports, 1833–81. Degree of A. M. conferred by University of Alabama, 1838; and of LL. D., by Yale College, Ct., 1864. Corporator of the National Academy of Sciences, Mar. 3, 1863, to May 14, 1882. Member of Commission, on behalf of the Tehuantepec Railway and Canal Company, to examine the principal waterways of Europe, Aug. 16 to Nov. 22, 1871, —

and of Advisory Engineer Commission to consider James B. Eads's plans for the Improvement of the South Pass of the Mississippi River.

DIED, MAY 14, 1882, AT DETROIT, MICH. : AGED 67.

* Named JONATHAN G. BARNARD when he was graduated.

Note. — General BARNARD was nominated by the President, on the death of General Totten, to succeed him as Brig.-General, and Chief of Engineers, Apr. 22, 1864, but the nomination was withdrawn, at the request of General BARNARD, before any action was taken by the Senate.

BIOGRAPHICAL SKETCH.

BVT. MAJOR-GENERAL JOHN G. BARNARD was born, May 19, 1815, at Sheffield, Mas., among the picturesque Berkshire hills, a region as remarkable for the production of eminent men as for the beauty of its natural scenery. At the early age of eighteen he was graduated from the Military Academy, July 1, 1833, second in a class pronounced by Colonel Thayer the ablest which left the institution during the sixteen years of his superintendency. While a Cadet, the boy Barnard showed remarkable mathematical talents, which were so developed in after years that he became one of the foremost scientists of his age. He was promoted to the Corps of Engineers, in which he was, during half a century of service, one of its most shining lights. His various duties, in peace and war, are so fully detailed in his preceding military and civil histories that it is only necessary to say that he performed every species of Engineer work ; was noted as one of the most accomplished mathematicians of his country ; became an erudite author of many valuable volumes ; was a soldier ever ready to use his brilliant talents for the nation's welfare ; and his high moral worth equaled his intellectual capacity. Many of his accomplishments were hidden from the world because of an inherited deafness, which deprived him of much social intercourse. Perhaps, however, this infirmity may have turned his mind from externals to the inward development of his higher faculties. He was always a student, and such was his love for scientific investigation that it was jocosely said he read Laplace's "Mécanique Céleste" every morning to get up an appetite for his breakfast.

As an engineer he was engaged in the construction of public works from the Northern Lakes to the Gulf of Mexico, and from the Atlantic to the Pacific coast ; and, as a member of the permanent Board of Engineers, he showed a perfect mastery of his profession, and a wealth of learning in all the collateral branches of knowledge, which he readily applied to the varied problems under discussion.

Twice he was ordered to Mexico during our war with that country, and after the conquest of California he made an elaborate examination of the Isthmus of Tehuantepec, with a view to establishing a route of commerce and travel to our newly acquired Pacific possessions.

Barnard's superintendency of the Military Academy was too short to make any special impress upon the institution, but it lost nothing of its great reputation at his hands.

In the Rebellion, he was the distinguished Chief Engineer of the Army of the Potomac in the opening and terminating campaigns of the war; but his great achievement, during this unhappy conflict, was in fortifying Washington by a cordon of field-works to protect the capital of the nation, our great depot of supplies and numerous hospitals. These defenses, as finally completed, consisted of 68 inclosed forts and batteries, having an aggregate perimeter of about 14 miles, and emplacements for 1,120 guns, of which 807, besides 98 mortars, were mounted ; of 93 unarmed batteries, having 401 emplacements ; and of 20 miles of infantry trenches. The entire circuit of the line was, exclusive of the Chain Bridge works, and of the stretch across the Potomac from Ft. Greble to Ft. Lyon, 33 miles. Thirty-two miles of military roads, besides the exist-

ing roads and avenues of the District of Columbia, afforded the means of communication from the interior to the periphery, and from point to point. These works exerted no small influence in saving Washington after the Bull Run defeat. They afforded a temporary shelter to the shattered national forces in Virginia after the disasters of the campaign of 1862, and they were again instrumental to the same result when Early marched on Washington, — a third time saving the capital.

In addition to these various duties, performed by Barnard in peace and war, he was detailed on many boards and commissions, including the Light-house Board, of which he was a prominent member from Feb. 20, 1870, till Jan. 2, 1881, when he was retired from active service in the Army. For his distinguished services he received five brevets from Major to Major-General. Alabama University conferred upon him, in 1838, the degree of A. M., and Yale College, in 1864, that of LL. D. He was a working member of several learned associations, and one of the fifty original Corporators of the National Academy of Sciences. In this new Temple of Science Barnard had no mathematical superior, and few peers.

As an author, Barnard was prolific. Besides the numerous works whose titles are given in his preceding Civil History, he wrote numerous scientific pamphlets and elaborate professional reports. But in Johnson's "Universal New Cyclopædia" are best exhibited Barnard's mental strength, his versatility of talents, and his prodigious powers of production. More than seventy scientific and other articles from his able pen are here published: some almost complete treatises, as on Bridge-building, and Harbor, Breakwater, Jetty, and Light-house construction; elaborate mathematical dissertations upon the Calculus, Aëronautics, Imaginaries, Gyroscope, and Theory of Tides; valuable histories of the Engineer Corps of the Army, Light-house Board, Bull Run Battle, etc.; and much biographical and miscellaneous matter. Few men have labored so long and done so much useful work, leaving an emblazoned page in the annals of science.

Barnard's analytical discussion of the Gyroscope, which presents several new points and original discoveries, attracted the attention of physicists both at home and abroad, and is perhaps the most profound of his scientific investigations. This examination led him to study the Precession of the Equinoxes and Nutation as resulting from the theory of the Gyroscope, which was followed by a paper on the Internal Structure of the Earth considered as affecting the phenomena, and another on the relations of the Internal Fluidity of the Earth to the precession of the equinoxes. In all of these discussions, originating in his first upon the Gyroscope, he exhibited great acumen and persistent investigation, though his deductions may require some modification from newly discovered data.

Though Barnard loved science for science's sake and devoted much time to its study, he never neglected the duties with which he was charged; nor did he fail to write much upon the higher problems of his profession, requiring constant labor, wide research, and deep meditation. His reports on Coast Defense are masterly papers.

The admirable order of the Chief of Engineers, announcing the death of General Barnard to his corps-mates, concludes as follows: —

"A service of nearly fifty years in the Corps of Engineers has been closed by the death of one of the most prominent of its members.

"Of greatly varied intellectual capacity, of a very high order of scientific attainments, considerate and cautious, ripe in experience, sound in judgment, General Barnard has executed the important duties with which he has been charged, during his long and useful life, with conscientious care and regard for the public interests, and with an enthusiastic devotion to his profession. His corps, the army, and the country are his debtors.

"Modest and retiring in disposition, considerate and courteous, warm in his sympathies and affections, our deceased associate will be missed as few are missed, and his name, which will be held as one of the foremost names of the Corps of Engineers, will be cherished with peculiar love and affection by his brother officers."

709..(Born N. Y.).....**GEORGE W. CULLUM**.....(Ap'd Pa.)..3

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1829, to July 1, 1833, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., CORPS OF ENGINEERS, JULY 1, 1833.

Served: as Asst. Engineer in the construction of Ft. Adams, Newport harbor, R. I., 1833–34; as Assistant to the Chief Engineer, at Washington, D. C., 1834–36; on inspection of Fts. Severn and Madison, to examine their sufficiency for the defense of Annapolis harbor, Md., 1835; as Asst. Engineer in the construction of Ft. Adams, Newport harbor, R. I.,

(SECOND LIEUT., CORPS OF ENGINEERS, APR. 20, 1836)

1836–38; as Superintending Engineer of the building of the Pier, Dike, and Light-house at Goat Island, Newport harbor, R. I., 1836–38, — of the construction of Ft. Trumbull, 1838–55, and Battery Griswold, 1841–55,

(CAPTAIN, CORPS OF ENGINEERS, JULY 7, 1838)

for the defense of New London harbor, Ct., — of the repairs of Sea Walls for the preservation of Deer, Lovell's, and Rainsford Islands, Boston harbor, Mas., 1846, — and of the construction of Ft. Warren, 1846, and Fts. Independence and Winthrop, 1846–47, for the defense of Boston harbor, Mas.; on Recruiting Service for Engineer troops, 1846–47; as Superintending Engineer for devising and constructing Sapper, Miner, and Ponton Trains for our Armies in the War with Mexico, and for Drill purposes at the Military Academy, 1846–47; on Special duty at West Point, N. Y., preparing for publication a Memoir on Military Bridges, with India Rubber Pontons, 1847–48; as Superintending Engineer of the construction of Cadet Barracks at West Point, N. Y., 1848; at the Military Academy, as Instructor of Practical Military Engineering, Mar. 25, 1848, to May 19, 1851, — and Treasurer, Mar. 25 to July 28, 1848; as Commandant of Sappers, Miners, and Pontoniers at West Point, N. Y., June 22, 1848, to July 5, 1850; on sick leave of absence, in Europe, Asia, and Africa, 1850–51, and in the West Indies, 1851–52; at the Military Academy, as Instructor of Practical Military Engineering, and Commandant of Sappers, Miners, and Pontoniers, June 1, 1852, to Jan. 1, 1855; as Superintending Engineer (under the Treasury Department) of the construction of the New York Assay Office, and of the alterations and repairs of Wall Street Bank Building to convert it into offices for the U. S. Assistant Treasurer, at New York city, 1853–54, — of the building of Ft. Sumter, and repairing Castle Pinckney and Ft. Moultrie, constructing wharves at Ft. Johnson and Castle Pinckney, and of the preservation of the sites of the fortifications in Charleston harbor, S. C., 1855–58, — of the improvement of Maffit's Channel into Charleston harbor, S. C., 1855–60, — of the erection and repairs of Charleston harbor Light-houses, Keepers' Dwellings, and Beacons, 1855–58, — and repairs of Fts. Macon and Caswell, N. C., and preservation of their sites, 1857–58; as Member of Special Board of Engineers to devise the defenses of Sandy Hook, N. J., 1858; as Superintending Engineer of the construction of Fort at Clark's Point, New Bedford harbor, Mas., 1858–61, — of repairs of Ft. Adams, Newport Harbor, R. I., 1858–64, — in charge of Ft. Trumbull and Battery Griswold, New London harbor, Ct., 1858–64, — and for commencing new Fort at Willet's Point, and making repairs and alterations of Ft. Schuyler, for the defense of eastern entrance to

New York harbor, 1859–64 ; and as Member of Board "to revise the Programme of Instruction at the Military Academy," Jan. 12 to Apr. 24, 1860, — and of Special Board of Engineers to select sites for additional batteries at Ft. Hamilton, N. Y., Sep. 7 to Oct. 25, 1860.

Served during the Rebellion of the Seceding States, 1861–66 : as Aide-

(LIEUT.-COL., STAFF — AIDE-DE-CAMP TO THE GENERAL-IN-CHIEF, APR. 9, 1861)

de-Camp to Lieut.-General Scott, General-in-Chief of the Armies of the

(COL., STAFF — AIDE-DE-CAMP TO THE GENERAL-IN-CHIEF, AUG. 6, 1861)

United States, Apr. 9 to Nov. 1, 1861 ; as Member of the U. S. Sanitary

(MAJOR, CORPS OF ENGINEERS, AUG. 6, 1861)

Commission, June 13, 1861, to Feb. 24, 1864, — and as Associate Mem-

(BRIG.-GENERAL, U. S. VOLUNTEERS, NOV. 1, 1861)

ber of Western Sanitary Commission, Jan. 2 to July 11, 1862 ; as Chief Engineer of the Department of Missouri, Nov. 19, 1861, to Mar. 11, 1862, and of the Department of the Mississippi, Mar. 11 to July 11, 1862 ; as Chief of Staff of Major-General Halleck, while commanding the Departments of Missouri and of the Mississippi, Nov. 19, 1861, to July 11, 1862, while General-in-Chief of the Armies of the United States, July 11, 1862, to Mar. 12, 1864, and while Chief of Staff of the Army, Mar. 12 to Sep. 5, 1864 ; as Member of Board for the examination of the fortifications and system of defense of the City of St. Louis, Mo., Dec. 2, 1861, to Feb. 6, 1862, — and of Army and Navy Board to examine the condition and fitness of the Mississippi Gun and Mortar Boat Flotilla, Dec. 9–31, 1861 ; in command at Cairo, Ill., of operations auxiliary to the armies in the field, on the Mississippi, Tennessee, and Cumberland Rivers, — of the defense of the District of Cairo, embracing portions of the adjacent States of Illinois, Kentucky, and Missouri, — and of the land forces while making several Demonstrations and Armed Reconnoissances, by Army and Navy, of the Rebel fortifications of Columbus, Ky., Feb. 6 to Mar. 7, 1862 ; in organizing the defenses of the Mississippi River at Cairo, Ill., Bird's Point, Mo., Ft. Holt, Ky., Columbus, Ky., Island No. Ten, and New Madrid, Mo., Apr., 1862 ; as Chief Engineer of the armies commanded by Major-General Halleck in the Campaign in Tennessee and Mississippi, Apr.–July, 1862, being engaged in the Advance upon and Siege of Corinth, Mis., Apr. 19 to May 30, 1862, — and in fortifying Corinth, May 30 to July 18, 1862 ; in inspecting the defensive arrangements at Harper's Ferry, Winchester, and Martinsburg, Va., Aug. 27 to Sep. 6, 1862 ; as Member of Commission to examine the plan and sufficiency of the defenses of Washington city, Oct. 29 to Dec. 24, 1862, — of Board of Engineers to examine Timby's Revolving Iron Tower for Harbor defense, Dec. 15, 1862, to June 23, 1863, — of Ponton Board to examine all designs for Military Bridges presented to the War Department, Jan. 22, 1863, to Sep. 5, 1864, — of Special Board of Engineers to exam-

(LIEUT.-COLONEL, CORPS OF ENGINEERS, MAR. 3, 1863)

ine the defenses of Boston harbor, and to devise expedients to resist the entrance of armed cruisers, May 2–22, 1863, — of Board for the examination of Officers of the Corps of Engineers for promotion, Aug. 1, 1863, to Mar. 8, 1864, — of Board to devise defenses of Potomac Aqueduct, Aug. 29 to Sep. 3, 1863, — of Board for the Armament of the defenses of Washington, D. C., Nov. 10 to Dec. 3, 1863, — of the Board of Engineers to Re-organize our system of Seacoast Fortifications, Jan. 27, 1864, to May 31, 1864, — of Board for the examination of Officers of the Corps of Engineers for promotion, July 6 to Sep. 20, 1864, — and of Board to Re-organize the defenses of Baltimore, Md., July 27–31, 1864 ; as Engineer to examine, modify, and project fortifi-

cations for the more perfect defense of Nashville, Ten., as a base of operations, and depot of supplies for our Western armies, Aug. 6 to Oct. 20, 1864; and as Superintendent of the U. S. Military Academy, Sep. 8,

(BVT. COLONEL, AND BVT. BRIG.-GENERAL, U. S. ARMY, MAR. 13, 1865, FOR FAITHFUL AND MERITORIOUS SERVICES DURING THE REBELLION)

(BVT. MAJ.-GENERAL, U. S. ARMY, MAR. 13, 1865, FOR FAITHFUL, MERITORIOUS, AND DISTINGUISHED SERVICES DURING THE REBELLION)

1864, to Aug. 28, 1866.

MUSTERED OUT OF VOLUNTEER SERVICE, SEP. 1, 1866.

Served: as Member of the Board of Engineers, Nov. 24, 1866, to May 18, 1867, to carry out in detail the modifications of the defenses in the vicinity of New York, as proposed by the Board of Jan. 27, 1864, —

(COLONEL, CORPS OF ENGINEERS, MAR. 7, 1867)

and of Board of Engineers for Fortifications and Harbor and River Obstructions required for the Territory of the United States, May 18, 1867 (leave of absence in Europe, May 21 to Nov. 4, 1873), to Jan. 13, 1874, — and of Board for the examination of Officers of the Corps of Engineers for Promotion, June 20 to Sep. 6, 1872.

RETIRED FROM ACTIVE SERVICE, JAN. 13, 1874, UNDER THE LAW OF JULY 17, 1862, HE BEING OVER THE AGE OF 62 YEARS.

Civil History. — Author of "Military Bridges with India Rubber Pontons," 1849; of "Register of the Officers and Graduates of the U. S. Military Academy," 1850; of Translation of "Duparcq's Elements of Military Art and History," 1863; of "Systems of Military Bridges," 1863; of "Biographical Register of the Officers and Graduates of the U. S. Military Academy," 1867 (2d edition, 1879, and 3d edition, 1890); of the "Campaigns and Engineers of the War of 1812–15 against Great Britain," 1879; of the "Struggle for the Hudson," during the American Revolution, in the "Narrative and Critical History of America," 1888; and of numerous biographical, historical, and geographical papers, 1833–90. Vice-President of the American Geographical Society, since Jan. 13, 1874; and President of the Geographical Library Society of the City of New York, since Nov. 12, 1880. Member of the Board of Managers of the New York Association for Improving the Condition of the Poor, 1880–82; of the Farragut Monument Association, 1880–81; and of the New York Cancer Hospital, 1885 (declined). Delegate to the Conference of the Association for the Reform and Codification of the Law of Nations, held at Cologne, Ger., Aug., 1881; and of the International Geographical Congress, held at Venice, Italy, Sep., 1881.

710..(Born N. Y.).....**RUFUS KING**.....(Ap'd N. Y.)..**4**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1829, to July 1, 1833, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., CORPS OF ENGINEERS, JULY 1, 1833.

Served: as Asst. Engineer in the construction of Ft. Monroe, Va., 1833–34, — on Survey of Boundary Line between Ohio and Michigan, 1834–36, — and of Improvement of the Navigation of Hudson River, N. Y., 1834–36.

RESIGNED, SEP. 30, 1836.

Civil History. — Asst. Engineer, New York and Erie Railroad, 1836–38. Adjutant-General of the State of New York, 1839–43, and commanding the forces to suppress the Anti-Rent excitement. Editor of the "Albany (N. Y.) Advertiser," 1839–41; Associate Editor of "Albany

Evening Journal," 1841–45; and Editor of "Milwaukee Sentinel and Gazette," 1845–61. Member of the Convention to form the Constitution of the State of Wisconsin, 1847–48. Colonel, Wisconsin Militia, 1857–61. Regent of the University of Wisconsin, 1848–61. Member of the Board of Visitors to the U. S. Military Academy, 1849. Superintendent of Public Schools of the City of Milwaukee, Wis., 1859–61. U. S. Minister for the Pontifical States, Italy, holding the appointment from Mar. 22 to Aug. 5, 1861, but did not enter upon the duties, having, on the breaking out of the Rebellion, volunteered his services in the defense of the Union.

Military History. — Served during the Rebellion of the Seceding (BRIG.-GENERAL, WISCONSIN VOLUNTEERS, MAY 7 TO AUG. 3, 1861) States, 1861–63: in the defenses of Washington, D. C., May, 1861, to (BRIG.-GENERAL, U. S. VOLUNTEERS, MAY 17, 1861) Mar., 1862; in command of division in the Department of the Rappahannock, Mar. to Aug., 1862, being engaged in the Advance upon Fredericksburg, Va., Apr. 19, 1862, — Reconnoissance in force beyond the Rappahannock, July 25, 1862, — and in guarding the fords of the Rapidan, Aug., 1862; in Northern Virginia Campaign, Aug.–Sep., 1862, being engaged in the Combat of Groveton (in command), Aug. 28, 1862, — and Battle of Manassas, Aug. 29–30, 1862; in the Maryland Campaign (Army of the Potomac), Sep., 1862; on sick leave of absence, Sep. 19 to Oct. 19, 1862; in the defenses of Washington, D. C., Oct. 19 to Nov. 25, 1862; as Member of the Court-martial for the trial of Major-General Fitz John Porter, Nov. 25, 1862, to Jan., 1863; in waiting orders at Norfolk, Va., Feb.–Mar., 1863; in command of Yorktown, Va., Mar.–July, 1863; and in command of division at Fairfax C. H., covering the approaches to Washington, D. C., July 15 to Oct. 20, 1863.

RESIGNED, OCT. 20, 1863.

Civil History. — U. S. Minister Resident, for the Pontifical States, at Rome, Italy, Oct. 20, 1863, to July 1, 1867. Deputy Collector of Customs for the Port of New York, 1867–69.

DIED, OCT. 13, 1876, AT NEW YORK CITY: AGED 63.

BIOGRAPHICAL SKETCH.

BRIGADIER-GENERAL RUFUS KING was born, Jan. 26, 1814, in New York, and breathed his last in his native city, Oct. 13, 1876. He was the son of Charles King, the erudite journalist and subsequently the accomplished President of Columbia College; and was the grandson of Rufus King, the first U. S. Senator from New York, Minister to England under Washington's administration, and for years the acknowledged leader of the Federal Party in the United States.

Young King, after attending the preparatory department of Columbia College, entered the Military Academy at West Point, July 1, 1829, and upon graduation therefrom was promoted, July 1, 1833, to be Brevet Second Lieutenant in the Corps of Engineers. He was immediately assigned to duty to aid in the construction of Ft. Monroe, Va.; and the next year was an assistant engineer upon the Hudson River improvement, and on the survey of the Northern Boundary of the State of Ohio.

On the 30th of September, 1836, he resigned from the Army to assume the more lucrative profession of Civil Engineering, becoming till 1838 an assistant to Captain Andrew Talcott, the Superintending Engineer of the New York and Erie Railroad, then just commenced.

In 1839, he succeeded James Gordon Brooks as Editor of the "Albany Advertiser," which had been conducted for several years by Col. W. L. Stone, and had exercised great influence on State politics. In 1841 he became Associate Editor of the "Albany Evening Journal," a position

which he held with credit to himself and to the paper for four years. During his residence at Albany, he was appointed by Governor Seward Adjutant-General of New York, an office he held from 1839 to 1843, during which he took a lively interest in the welfare of all the militia organizations of the State. He was also, for some time, the commanding officer of the Albany Burgess Corps, the leading company of the State National Guard. When the "Anti-Rent" excitement occurred, he was placed in command of all the troops called out to suppress the disorder; and to his energy and promptitude it is attributable that the ringleaders were captured and serious disorders prevented.

In 1845 King moved to the State of Wisconsin, where he became the editor and one of the proprietors of the "Milwaukee Sentinel and Gazette," which he built up, in the sixteen years he controlled it, to be the leading newspaper in the State, both in literary merit and political influence. While residing in Wisconsin, he filled other important positions for which his education eminently qualified him, such as the command of the Milwaukee Life Guard; Foreman of an Engine Company; Member of the Board of Visitors to the U. S. Military Academy; and Superintendent of Public Schools, to which he was twice elected, though belonging to a party in a hopeless minority.

After nearly a quarter of a century's residence in Milwaukee, where he had no enemies, but troops of warmly attached friends, he was invited by President Lincoln, immediately after his inauguration, to take the appointment of Minister to the Pontifical States in Italy, which he accepted, Mar. 22, 1861, and was about to proceed to Rome, when our Civil War began by the bombardment of Ft. Sumter. Without a moment's hesitation he removed his baggage from the steamer about to depart from New York, resigned his new honors, and tendered his services to the Government, to do battle for the preservation of the Union. Civilians were plenty who could represent the United States at the Eternal City; skilled soldiers were comparatively few, and General King was not the man to spend his days at a pleasant post while his country was rent by the throes of fraternal strife.

As soon as the resignation of his diplomatic appointment was known at Milwaukee, he was commissioned a Brigadier-General of Wisconsin Volunteers, in which capacity he served in the defenses of Washington till transferred with the same rank to the United States Volunteers, being assigned to the command of what subsequently was called the "Iron Brigade." Leaving the lines covering the capital in Mar., 1862, he was promoted to the command of the First Division of the First Corps, Army of the Potomac, which took an active part in the various military operations in the Department of the Rappahannock. In the Northern Virginia Campaign he commanded, Aug. 28, 1862, in the combat of Groveton; and on the following two days was engaged with his division in the Battle of Manassas. The next month he served in the Maryland Campaign, when his health broke down, and he became incapacitated for field service. He, however, after a short sick leave of absence, went again on duty in the defenses of Washington; and was subsequently in command of Yorktown, Va., and then of Fairfax Court House, a station guarding the enemy's approach to Washington.

The epileptic fits, to which General King was subject, became so frequent that he felt compelled to resign from the military service, Oct. 20, 1863, when he was re-appointed Minister Resident to the Pontifical States in Italy. His services in that capacity were highly satisfactory to our State Department, and to the many Americans who enjoyed his courteous hospitality at Rome.

The Roman Mission having been abolished by Congress, July 1, 1867, King returned to the United States; took up his residence at Elizabeth

N. J.; and soon after was appointed Deputy Collector of Customs for the Port of New York, which position he held till Nov. 30, 1869.

Though the writer of this brief sketch of General King was his classmate and the intimate friend of his boyhood, it is difficult, after so long an interval of only occasional intercourse with him, to picture the stripling youth of fifteen developed into the ripened age of activity and usefulness. In his more than threescore years of life, King filled many spheres of varied responsibility, — engineer, editor, soldier, diplomatist, and others of less note, — and he did honor to them all; but his chief title to remembrance was his own noble manhood, fervent patriotism, and affectionate disposition, which enshrined his image in the heart-niches of hosts of ardent admirers. Few were warmer in their friendships; none more genial in the social amenities of intercourse; and even in controversy he gave no vent to acerbity of feeling, nor rancor of expression. His conversation was sparkling, full of sentiment, rich in reminiscence, and always captivating by its temperate tone and joyous utterance. It was never thrust upon you; nor were you made to sit *under* it as receiving a lecture from one *above* you; but his flowing words soothed you with a calm gentleness, pictured all he said by graphic illustration, and convinced more by magnetizing the heart than by capturing the brain. In writing he had an easy, graceful style, of great purity and elegance; was just, generous, and honorable in all he expressed; and, though often wielding a partisan pen, his vigorous blows were given with the mace of a templar knight. It was not within the possibilities of his noble nature to willingly wound a friend, and even for the bitterest foe he always had Christian charity. Ever

> "He kept his temper'd mind serene and pure,
> And ev'ry passion aptly harmonized,
> Amid a jarring world."

711..(Born Va.).....**FRANCIS H. SMITH**.....(Ap'd Va.)..**17**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, Sep. 1, 1829, to July 1, 1833, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 1ST ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1833.

SECOND LIEUT., 1ST ARTILLERY, NOV. 30, 1833.

Served: in garrison at Ft. Trumbull, Ct., 1833, — Williamsport, Md., 1833–34, — Ft. McHenry, Md., 1834, — and Ft. Severn, Md., 1834; at the Military Academy, as Asst. Professor of Geography, History, and Ethics, Oct. 23, 1834, to Nov. 8, 1835; and on Ordnance duty, Feb. 9 to Apr. 30, 1836.

RESIGNED, MAY 1, 1836.

Civil History. — Professor of Mathematics, Hampden Sidney College, Va., 1837–39. Superintendent (with the rank of Colonel), and Professor of Mathematics, Virginia Military Institute, at Lexington, Va., 1839–61. President of the Board of Visitors to the U. S. Military Academy, 1856. Translator, from the French, of "Biot's Analytical Geometry," 1840. Author of works on Arithmetic, 1845 and 1846; on Algebra, 1848; on the "Best Methods of Conducting Common Schools," 1849; on "College Reform," 1850; and Report to the Legislature of Virginia on "Scientific Education in Europe," 1859. Degree of A. M. conferred by Hampden Sidney College, Va., 1838.

Joined in the Rebellion of 1861–66 against the United States.

Civil History. — Superintendent of the Virginia Military Institute, Lexington, Va., Oct. 16, 1865 (when instruction at the School was resumed), to Jan. 1, 1890, and Emeritus Professor of Mathematics, Moral and Political Philosophy, Jan. 1 to Mar. 21, 1890.

DIED, MAR. 21, 1890, AT LEXINGTON, VA.: AGED 78.

712..(Born N. Y.)....**WILLIAM H. SIDELL**.....(Ap'd N. Y.)..6

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1829, to July 1, 1833, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 1ST ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1833.

On authorized graduation leave of absence, July 1, 1833, to Oct. 1, 1833.

RESIGNED, OCT. 1, 1833.

Civil History. — City Surveyor of New York, 1833–34. Asst. Engineer of Croton Aqueduct, to supply the City of New York with water, 1834–35. Division Engineer, Long Island Railroad, 1835–37. Asst. Engineer, on projected Dry Dock, New York harbor, 1837. Civil Engineer, in the service of United States, employed in the Hydrographic Survey of the Delta of the Mississippi River, 1837–39. Asst. Engineer, Western Railroad, from Albany, N. Y., to Worcester, Mas., 1840–42. Resident Engineer, Troy and Greenbush Railroad, N. Y., 1843–44. Principal Asst. Engineer, Pittsfield and North Adams Railroad, Mas., 1845–46. "Superintending Engineer," New York and Erie Railroad, 1846–49. Principal Engineer of Panama Division of Isthmus Railroad, 1849, — and Chief Engineer of the entire Road, 1849. Civil Engineer, in the service of the United States, for the exploration and survey of a practicable route for a Railroad from the Mississippi River to the Pacific, 1850–51. Captain, July 23, 1846, of the 4th Regiment N. Y. Volunteers, raised for the War with Mexico, but not mustered into service. Associate Engineer, Isthmus of Tehuantepec Railroad, Mex., 1851–52. Chief Engineer, Northern Cross Railroad, Ill., 1853–57, — of Quincy and Palmyra Railroad, Mo., 1855–57, — of Quincy and Toledo Railroad, Ill., 1855–57, — and of "Louisiana Tehuantepec Company," for transit route and railroad across the Isthmus of Tehuantepec, Mex., 1858–60.

Military History. — Re-appointed in the U. S. Army with the rank of

MAJOR, 15TH INFANTRY, MAY 14, 1861.

Served during the Rebellion of the Seceding States, 1861–66: in Mustering and Organizing Kentucky Volunteers, at Louisville, Ky., July-Sep., 1861, — and as Superintending Recruiting, Mustering, and Disbursing Officer in the field, Dec., 1861, to Feb., 1862, and at Nashville, Ten., Feb. to July, 1862; as Acting Asst. Adjutant-General, Department of the Cumberland, at Nashville, Ten., July, 1862, to Mar., 1863; as Acting Asst. Provost Marshal General for Kentucky, May, 1863, to Aug. 28, 1866, — and General Superintendent of Recruiting, and Chief Mustering

(LIEUT.-COLONEL, 10TH INFANTRY, MAY 6, 1864)

and Disbursing Officer, at Louisville, Ky., Sep., 1863, to Feb. 28, 1867.

(BVT.-COLONEL, MAR. 13, 1865, FOR MERITORIOUS AND FAITHFUL SERVICES IN THE RECRUITMENT OF THE ARMIES OF THE UNITED STATES)

(BVT. BRIG.-GENERAL, MAR. 13, 1865, U. S. ARMY, FOR FAITHFUL AND EFFICIENT SERVICES DURING THE REBELLION)

Served: on frontier duty in Dakota Ter., 1867–68; on leave of absence, 1868; on frontier duty at Ft. Abercrombie, Dakota Ter., 1868–69;

(UNASSIGNED, MAY 15, 1869, TO DEC. 15, 1870)

in command of Recruiting Depot, Ft. Leavenworth, Kan., 1869–70; and on sick leave of absence Oct. 27 to Dec. 15, 1870.

RETIRED FROM ACTIVE SERVICE, DEC. 15, 1870, FOR DISABILITY CONTRACTED IN THE LINE OF DUTY.

DIED, JULY 1, 1873, AT NEW YORK CITY: AGED 63.*

* General SIDELL was a man of distinguished mark, possessing great versatility of talent,

and attractive personal qualities. Quick in thought, rapidly passing from grave to gay and from lively to severe, he was a brilliant conversationalist. Ardent in his impulses, rich in imagination, merry of heart, and sparkling with humor, he was the life of the social circle. Decided in his convictions, replete with information, and fertile in argument, he delighted in the discussions of the day, and often communicated, with great force and grace, his thoughts to the public press. He conscientiously discharged every duty entrusted to him, stimulated with his own zeal and energy all below him, and rarely failed to win the approbation of his superiors. With greater persistency of purpose, and closer application, SIDELL might have become a luminary of science; with his clear conceptions and great command of language, by study and patience he could have been an author of no ordinary note; and had he continued in military instead of civil pursuits, he doubtless would have attained eminence in an army career. But a restless eagerness to quickly realize the cravings of his ambition, and the incense of flattery which won him from contemplation to society, were the powerful drawbacks to that higher elevation which his natural talents, logical mind, keen perceptions, and excellent education should have insured.

713..(Born Va.).....**DAVID B. HARRIS**.....(Ap'd Va.)..**7**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1829, to July 1, 1833, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 1ST ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1833.

Served: in the Creek Nation, 1833–34; and at the Military Academy,

(SECOND LIEUT., 1ST ARTILLERY, MAR. 6, 1834)

as Asst. Professor of Engineering, Mar. 18, 1834, to Aug. 30, 1835.

RESIGNED, AUG. 31, 1835.

Civil History. — Asst. Engineer, James River and Kanawha Canal, Va., 1835–37. Tobacco Merchant, Cloverport, Ky., 1838–53. Planter, Woodville, Goochland County, Va., 1845–61.

Joined in the Rebellion of 1861–66 against the United States.

DIED, OCT. 10, 1864, AT CHARLESTON, S. C.: AGED 50.

714..(Born Ct.).....**ROSWELL W. LEE**.....(Ap'd Mas.)..**8**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1829, to July 1, 1833, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 3D ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1833.

Served: in garrison at Ft. Monroe, Va., 1833; in Creek Nation, 1833–34; in garrison at Ft. Monroe, Va., 1834, — Ft. Preble, Me.,

(SECOND LIEUT., 3D ARTILLERY, SEP. 14, 1834)

1834–35, — and Ft. Sullivan, Me., 1835–36; in the Florida War, 1836–37, being engaged against the Seminole Indians in the Battle of Wahoo

(FIRST LIEUT., 3D ARTILLERY, MAY 18, 1837)

Swamp, Nov. 21, 1836; and on the Northern Frontier, 1838, during Canada Border Disturbances.

CASHIERED, JULY 16, 1838, FOR "SIGNING FALSE CERTIFICATES."

Served as Lieutenant in the Army of the Republic of Texas, 1839–41, being engaged in several skirmishes with the Comanche Indians, 1840–41.

Civil History. — Surveyor, Bonham, Tex., 1841–52. Clerk of the District Court of Fannin County, Tex., 1842–44, — and of County Courts, 1842–52. Surveyor of Fannin Land District, 1852–54. General Land Agent and Notary Public, Bonham, Tex., 1855–73. Colonel, Texas Militia, 1843–61.

DIED, DEC. 20, 1873, AT BONHAM, TEX.: AGED 63.

715..(Born N. Y.)..**WILLIAM W. S. BLISS***...(Ap'd N. H.)..**9**

Military History — Cadet at the Military Academy, Sep. 1, 1829,

to July 1, 1833, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to
BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 4TH INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1833.
Served : in garrison at Ft. Mitchell, Ala., 1833–34 ; in Operations in
(SECOND LIEUT., 4TH INFANTRY, MAR. 31, 1834)
Cherokee Nation, 1834 ; at the Military Academy, 1834–40, as Asst. Professor of Mathematics, Oct. 2, 1834, to June 1, 1837 — and as Principal
(FIRST LIEUT., 4TH INFANTRY, SEP. 21, 1836)
Asst. Professor of Mathematics, June 1, 1837, to Jan. 4, 1840 ; in the
(FIRST LIEUT., TOP. ENGINEERS, JULY 7, 1838 : DECLINED)
(BVT. CAPT., STAFF — ASST. ADJUTANT-GENERAL, OCT. 26, 1839)
Florida War, 1840–41, as Chief of Staff of the Commanding General, June 12, 1840, to May 31, 1841 ; as Asst. Adjutant-General, 2d Military Department, headquarters at Ft. Wayne, I. T., Feb. 11 to Mar. 11, 1842, and at Ft. Smith, Ark., Mar. 11, 1842, to May 23, 1844, — and of 1st Military Department, headquarters at Ft. Jesup, La., June 28, 1844, to July 28, 1845 ; as Chief of Staff of General Taylor, Aug. 6, 1845, to Jan. 25, 1849, — in Military Occupation of Texas, Aug. 6, 1845, to Apr. 24, 1846, — in the War with Mexico, Apr. 24, 1846, to Nov. 25, 1847, being engaged in the Battle of Palo Alto, May 8, 1846, — Battle of Resaca-
(BVT. MAJOR, MAY 9, 1846, FOR GALLANT AND MERITORIOUS CONDUCT IN THE BATTLES OF PALO ALTO AND RESACA-DE-LA-PALMA, TEX.)
de-la-Palma, May 9, 1846, — Battle of Monterey, Sep. 21–23, 1846, —
(BVT. MAJOR, STAFF — ASST. ADJUTANT-GENERAL, JULY 7, 1846)
(CAPTAIN, 4TH INFANTRY, JULY 12, 1846)
and Battle of Buena Vista, Feb. 22–23, 1847, — and of the Western Di-
(BVT. LIEUT.-COL., FEB. 23, 1847, FOR GALLANT AND MERITORIOUS CONDUCT IN THE BATTLE OF BUENA VISTA, MEX.)
vision, Nov. 25, 1847, to Jan. 25, 1849 ; as Private Secretary of President Taylor, Mar. 4, 1849, to July 9, 1850 ; and as Adjutant-General of the Western Division, headquarters, New Orleans, La., Nov. 19, 1850, to Aug. 5, 1853.

Civil History. — Degree of A. M. conferred by Dartmouth College, N. H., 1848. Presented by the State of New York, † 1849, with a Gold Medal, for his gallant services in Mexico, at "Palo Alto," — "Resaca-de-la-Palma," — "Monterey," — and "Buena Vista." Member of the Royal Society of Northern Antiquaries of Copenhagen, Denmark, Feb. 15, 1851 ; and Honorary Member of the American Ethnological Society, New York, 1849.

DIED, AUG. 5, 1853, AT EAST PASCAGOULA, MIS. : AGED 38.

* Was the son of Captain JOHN BLISS, who was graduated at the Military Academy in 1811.
† Resolved, March 22, 1849, by the Assembly and Senate of the State of New York : "That Lieut.-Colonel WILLIAM WALLACE SMITH BLISS, by his noble and gallant bearing in the service of his country, has reflected distinguished honor upon this, his native State, and is, therefore, entitled to the thanks of his people, which are hereby tendered him ; and that, in token of their appreciation of his worth as a soldier and a man, the Governor be requested to procure a Gold Medal, with suitable devices and inscriptions, and present the same to Colonel Bliss in the name of the people of this State, together with a copy of this resolution, and that one copy of said Medal should be deposited in the Military Academy at West Point, and one copy of such Medal shall be deposited in the State Library."

BIOGRAPHICAL SKETCH.

BVT. LIEUT.-COLONEL WILLIAM W. S. BLISS, son of Captain John Bliss, a graduate in 1811 of the Military Academy, was born, Sep. 7, 1815, at Whitehall, N. Y., and became a Cadet at West Point, Sep. 1,

1829, and hence was not eighteen years old, July 1, 1833, when he was graduated and promoted, by his own choice, to the Infantry. After a year's service in the Cherokee Nation, he was ordered to the Military Academy as an Assistant Professor of Mathematics, and was relieved, Jan. 4, 1840, having been appointed, Oct. 26, 1839, as Assistant Adjutant-General.

In his new office he became, June 12, 1840, the Chief of Staff to the Commanding General in the Florida War, where he served a year, and then at various frontier stations till he became, Aug. 6, 1845, the Chief of Staff to General Taylor, continuing with him throughout the Military Occupation of Texas, the Mexican War, and while commanding the Western Department.

Upon General Taylor's becoming President of the United States, Mar. 4, 1849, Bliss, then his son-in-law, was appointed his Private Secretary. After the President's death, he was assigned, Nov. 19, 1850, as Adjutant-General of the Western Division of the Army, continuing as such till he died of yellow fever, Aug. 5, 1853, at the early age of 38.

Though living but a single score of years after leaving his Alma Mater, few men in so brief a period have left such a brilliant record of military service, liberal culture, and varied accomplishments. While a Cadet, Bliss exhibited marked mathematical ability, and, upon becoming a teacher at West Point, proved himself to be equal to the best qualified of the many competent instructors of mathematics who had preceded him, and, it may safely be said, no superior has succeeded him.

As the Adjutant-General of sundry commands, Bliss was always noted for his efficiency; but under General Taylor, in Texas and during the Mexican War, the amplitude and force of his powers manifested their pre-eminence. In arranging military movements, drawing up orders, and conducting a voluminous correspondence he showed himself a master, particularly in the latter sphere. His elegance of diction and vigor of expression in the despatches of Taylor, all written by Bliss, are not surpassed by those of Wellington, edited by Colonel Gurwood, nor by those of any other famous general. Bliss's style, in pure and flowing English, was simple, energetic, and picturesque, unblemished by any chain-mail armor of ponderous polysyllables. Without circumlocution, he always aimed directly at the mark, often illustrating his subject by some familiar allusion. A well-known instance of this was in Taylor's celebrated letter to the Secretary of War near the close of the Mexican War. When the general's military achievements had elevated him to be a probable candidate for the Presidency, the administration at Washington, jealous of his popularity, decided to lessen it by censuring proceedings for which the Government and not Taylor was responsible. Bliss quickly took in the situation, and, though he had to encounter the practiced polemic pen of Governor Marcy, replied to his complaint by suggesting that it was a case of "the well-known fable of Æsop," where the up-stream *wolf* accused the down-stream *lamb* of muddying the water, and, therefore, the culprit merited destruction.

Bliss's graceful pen was often employed in other than military matters, and his capacious mind reached out to cultivate other fields of literature, particularly the study of languages, of which he could read thirteen and fluently speak many. George P. Marsh, the great philologist, said that Bliss was the best linguist in America.

To a healthful and well-proportioned intellect Bliss added a natural cheerfulness and vivacity, with a sweet and affectionate disposition. Hence he was a favorite with the public, from which he won plaudits, and from his native state a golden testimonial; while in the Army he was the recipient of two well-earned brevets and the universal esteem of his companions. This sentiment is fittingly conveyed by his commanding gen-

eral in the conclusion of the Obituary Order issued on the day of Bliss's death : —

"A narrative of the brilliant services of this lamented officer would be superfluous here. They are familiar as household words to his comrades of the Army, often on the lips of his fellow-citizens, and graven on the records of eventful periods of his country's history. In many official writings are preserved the evidences of a mind powerful, acute, and adorned with taste and learning.

"Of blameless morals, upright and affectionate in private life, he has, in zeal and devotion to public duty, left an example still more worthy of emulation than the brilliancy of his fame.

"His enlightened exactness and attention, in even the smallest duties of life, could only be equaled in merit by the modesty and temperance which he displayed in the noonday of reputation and at the height of success."

716..(Born Ct.).....**ERASTUS A. CAPRON**...(Ap'd N. Y.)..**10**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1829, to July 1, 1833, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 1ST ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1833.

Served : in garrison at Ft. Washington, Md., 1833–34, — and Ft. Mon-

(SECOND LIEUT., 1ST ARTILLERY, MAY 31, 1834)

roe, Va., 1834–35 ; in the Florida War against the Seminole Indians, 1835–36, being engaged in the Combat of Withlacoochee, Dec. 31, 1835 ;

(FIRST LIEUT., 1ST ARTILLERY, NOV. 19, 1836)

on Recruiting service, 1836 ; in the Florida War, 1836–38 ; in garrison at Ft. Monroe, Va., 1838 ; on the Northern Frontier during Canada Border Disturbances, at Ft. Covington, N. Y., 1838, — and Plattsburg, N. Y., 1838–40 ; at Houlton, Me., 1840–43, pending the Maine "Disputed Territory" controversy ; in garrison at Ft. Adams, R. I., 1843–45, — and Ft. Brooke, Fla., 1845–47; and in the War with Mexico, 1847, being engaged in the Siege of Vera Cruz, Mar. 9–29, 1847, — Battle of Cerro Gordo,

(CAPTAIN, 1ST ARTILLERY, FEB. 16, 1847)

Apr. 17–18, 1847, — Skirmish of La Hoya, June 20, 1847, — Skirmish of Ocalaca, Aug. 16, 1847, — Battle of Contreras, Aug. 19–20, 1847, — and Battle of Churubusco, Aug. 20, 1847, where, while gallantly leading his company in the Storming of the strongly intrenched Convent serving as a citadel, he was

KILLED, AUG. 20, 1847 : AGED 37.

717..(Born Ten.).....**ISAIAH GARRETT**.....(Ap'd Mo.)..**11**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1829, to July 1, 1833, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 2D ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1833.

On authorized graduation leave of absence, July 1, 1833, to Nov. 15, 1833.

RESIGNED, NOV. 15, 1833.

Civil History. — Counselor at Law, Monroe, La., 1835–74. District Attorney of Louisiana, 1836–39. Member of the Convention for Remodeling the Constitution of Louisiana, 1845.

DIED, MAY 5, 1874, AT MONROE, LA. : AGED 62.

718..(Born Pa.).....**JOHN H. MILLER**.....(Ap'd Pa.)..**12**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1829, to July 1, 1833, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 4TH ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1833.

Served: in garrison at Ft. Gratiot, Mich., 1833–34, — Ft. Trumbull, Ct.,

(SECOND LIEUT., 4TH ARTILLERY, JAN. 31, 1835)

1834–35, — Ft. Monroe, Va., 1835, — and Ft. Hamilton, N. Y., 1835–36; on Commissary duty, 1836; in the Florida War, 1836–37; in transferring

(FIRST LIEUT., 4TH ARTILLERY, DEC. 17, 1836)

Indians, 1837; in the Florida War, 1838–39; as Adjutant, 4th Artillery, Aug. 17, 1838, to Oct. 1, 1846; on the Northern Frontier during Canada Border Disturbances, at Detroit, Mich., 1839–41, — and Buffalo, N. Y., 1841–42; in garrison at Ft. Monroe, Va., 1842–46; in the War with Mexico, 1846–47, being engaged in the Siege of Vera Cruz, Mar. 9–29,

(CAPTAIN, 4TH ARTILLERY, MAR. 3, 1847)

1847, — Battle of Cerro Gordo, Apr. 17–18, 1847, — and Defense of Puebla, Sep. 13–Oct. 12, 1847; on Recruiting service, 1847; in garrison

(BVT. MAJOR, OCT. 12, 1847, FOR GALLANT AND MERITORIOUS CONDUCT IN THE DEFENSE OF PUEBLA, MEX.)

at Ft. Wood, La., 1848–49; in Florida Hostilities against the Seminole Indians, 1849; and on sick leave of absence, 1849–50.

DIED, SEP. 12, 1850, AT COOKSVILLE, PA.: AGED 41.

719..(Born N. H.).....**DAVID E. HALE**.....(Ap'd N. H.)..**13**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1829, to July 1, 1833, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 1ST ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1833.

Served: in garrison at Beaufort, N. C., 1833–34, — Ft. Moultrie, S. C.,

(SECOND LIEUT., 1ST ARTILLERY, OCT. 23, 1834)

1834, — and Ft. Severn, Md., 1834–36; on Ordnance duty, Jan. 1 to

(FIRST LIEUT., 1ST ARTILLERY, NOV. 30, 1836)

Feb. 25, 1836; in the Florida War against the Seminole Indians, 1836–37, being engaged in the Battle of Wahoo Swamp, Nov. 21, 1836; in garrison at Ft. Hamilton, N. Y., 1837–38; in the Florida War, 1838; in the Cherokee Country, 1838, while transferring the Indians to the West; and on the Northern Frontier, at Rouse's Point, N. Y., 1838–39, during Canada Border Disturbances.

DIED, APR. 30, 1839, AT PLATTSBURG, N. Y.: AGED 24.

720..(Born Mas.).....**ROBERT R. MUDGE**.....(Ap'd Mas.)..**14**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1829, to July 1, 1833, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 3D ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1833.

Served: in garrison at Ft. Sullivan, Me., 1833–34; at the Military Academy, as Asst. Instructor of Infantry Tactics, Oct. 23, 1834, to Sep. 2,

(SECOND LIEUT., 3D ARTILLERY, AUG. 31, 1835)

1835; and in the Florida War, 1835, being in Dade's desperate Battle with the Seminole Indians, "where the whole command, save three, fell without an attempt to retreat."

KILLED,* DEC. 28, 1835: AGED 26.

* General Hitchcock, who passed over the battle-ground Feb. 22, 1836, reports: "Along the north and west faces of the triangular breastwork formed by felled trees, were about

thirty bodies, mere skeletons, although much of the clothing was left upon them. They were lying, almost every one of them, in precisely the position they must have occupied during the fight, — their heads next to the logs over which they had delivered their fire, and their bodies stretched with striking regularity parallel to each other. They had evidently been shot dead at their posts, and the Indians had not disturbed them, except by taking the scalps of most of them. . . . The advance guard, doubtless, fell during the first attack. It was during a cessation of fire that the little band still remaining — about thirty in number — threw up the triangular breastwork, which, from the haste with which it was constructed, was necessarily defective and could not protect the men on the second attack."

The action lasted from 8 A. M. to 4 P. M. The United States troops amounted to one hundred and eight, and the savage foe to eight hundred Seminole Indians, and one hundred negroes. Lieut. Mudge fell on the first fire.

A beautiful monument of white Italian marble was erected at West Point to "DADE AND HIS COMMAND."

721..(Born Ten.).....**JOHN A. THOMAS**.....(Ap'd Ten.)..**15**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1829, to July 1, 1833, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 3D ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1833.

Served : in garrison at Ft. Wolcott, R. I., 1833–34 ; at the Military Academy, 1834–41, as Asst. Instructor of Infantry Tactics, Dec. 26, 1834,

(SECOND LIEUT., 3D ARTILLERY, DEC. 1, 1835)

to Aug. 30, 1837, — as Asst. Professor of Geography, History, and Ethics,

(FIRST LIEUT., 3D ARTILLERY, JUNE 30, 1837)

Aug. 30, 1837, to July 28, 1840, — and as Principal Asst. Professor of Geography, History, and Ethics, July 28, 1840, to Sep. 26, 1841; as Aide-de-Camp to Brig.-General Wool, Sep. 4, 1841, to Aug. 1, 1842 ; at the Military Academy as Commandant of Cadets and Instructor of Infantry

(CAPTAIN, 3D ARTILLERY, NOV. 19, 1843)

Tactics, Sep. 1, 1842, to Dec. 14, 1845 ; and on leave of absence, 1845–46.

RESIGNED, MAY 28, 1846.

Civil History. — Counselor at law, New York city, 1846–53. Colonel, July 23, 1846, of the 4th Regiment, N. Y. Volunteers, raised for the War with Mexico, but not mustered into service. Brig.-General, Staff —Engineer-in-Chief of the State of New York, Jan. 1, 1853, to Nov. 24, 1854. Advocate of the United States at London, Eng., under the Convention of Feb. 8, 1853, with Great Britain, for the adjustment of American Claims, Apr. 19, 1853, to Jan. 15, 1854. Asst. Secretary of State of the United States, at Washington, D. C., Nov. 1, 1855, to Apr. 4, 1857.

DIED, MAR. 26, 1858, AT PARIS, FRANCE : AGED 47.

722..(Born Va.).....**J. LUCIUS DAVIS**.....(Ap'd Va.)..**16**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1829, to July 1, 1833, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 4TH ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1833.

Served : in garrison at Ft. Monroe, Va. (Artillery School for Practice), 1833 ; in Creek Nation, 1833–34 ; in garrison, at Ft. Macon, N. C., 1834,

(SECOND LIEUT., 4TH ARTILLERY, APR. 10, 1835)

— Ft. Monroe, Va., 1834–35, — and Ft. Trumbull, Ct., 1835–36 ; and in Operations in the Creek Nation, 1836.

RESIGNED, SEP. 11, 1836.

Civil History. — Farmer, Valley of Virginia, 1836–38, — in Richmond County, Va., 1841–47, — and in Henrico County, Va., 1847–61. Captain of Rangers, in the service of the Republic of Texas, 1839–41. Author of "Light Artillery for Frontier Service," 1839. Captain, Virginia Militia, 1854–56, — Major, 1856–58, — Lieut.-Colonel, 1858–61, —

and Bvt. Colonel Cavalry (Aide-de-Camp to the Governor of Virginia), 1856–61.

Joined in the Rebellion of 1861–66 against the United States.

Civil History. — Superintendent of Public Instruction for the County of Buckingham, Va., 18— to 1871.

DIED, MAY 11, 1871, NEAR BUCKINGHAM C. H., VA. : AGED 58.

723. . (Born Pa.) . . . . . **EDMUND SCHRIVER**. . . . . (Ap'd Pa.) . . **17**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1829, to July 1, 1833, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 2D ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1833.

Served : in garrison in Tennessee, and at Ft. Mitchell, Ala., 1833–34 ; at the Military Academy, as Asst. Instructor of Infantry Tactics, Mar. 18,

(SECOND LIEUT., 2D ARTILLERY, JULY 31, 1834)

1834, to Nov. 23, 1835 ; in the Adjutant-General's Office at Washington,

(FIRST LIEUT., 2D ARTILLERY, NOV. 1, 1836)

D. C., Nov. 25, 1835, to July 7, 1838 ; as Asst. Adjutant-General, in

(CAPTAIN, STAFF — ASST. ADJUTANT-GENERAL, JULY 7, 1838)

Adjutant-General's Office, Washington, 1838–39, — in the Florida War, 1839, — in Adjutant-General's Office, Washington, D. C., 1839–41, — and

(CAPTAIN, 2D ARTILLERY, AUG. 17, 1842, TO JUNE 18, 1846)

at Headquarters of Eastern Department, Sep. 1, 1841, to July 31, 1846.

RESIGNED, JULY 31, 1846.

Civil History. — Treasurer of Saratoga and Washington Railroad Company, N. Y., 1847–52, — of Saratoga and Schenectady Railroad Company, 1847–61, — and of Rensselaer and Saratoga Railroad Company, 1847–61. President of Rensselaer and Saratoga Railroad, 1851–61.

Military History. — Served during the Rebellion of the Seceding States, 1861–66 : as Col., Staff — Aide-de-Camp to Governor Morgan, of New York, Apr. to July 14, 1861; in recruiting, organizing, and instruct-

(LIEUT.-COLONEL, 11TH INFANTRY, MAY 14, 1861)

ing his regiment at Ft. Independence, Mas., July 18–Oct. 14, 1861, and at Perryville, Md., Oct. 16, 1861, to Mar. 15, 1862 ; as Chief of Staff of 1st Corps (Army of the Potomac), Mar. 15, 1862, to Jan., 1863, in the

(COL., STAFF — ADDITIONAL AIDE-DE-CAMP, MAY 18, 1862)

advance upon and occupation of Fredericksburg, Va., May 25, 1862 ; in the Shenandoah Campaign, June–July, 1862 ; as Chief of Staff of 3d Corps, in the Northern Virginia Campaign, Aug.–Sep., 1862, being engaged in the Battle of Cedar Mountain, Aug. 9, 1862, — passage of the Rappahannock, Aug. 24–27, 1862, — and Battle of Manassas, Aug. 29–30, 1862, — as Acting Inspector-General, Jan.–Mar., 1863, and Inspector-

(COL., STAFF — INSPECTOR-GENERAL, U. S. ARMY, MAR. 13, 1863)

General, Mar. 13, 1863, to Mar. 22, 1865, of the Army of the Potomac, being engaged with it at the Battle of Chancellorsville (Rappahannock Campaign), May 2–4, 1863, — Battle of Gettysburg, July 1–3, 1863 (Pennsylvania Campaign), and bearer to the War Department of thirty-one battle-flags and other trophies of victory from that field, — pursuit of the Rebel army through Virginia, ending with the Mine Run Expedition, Nov. 30, 1863, — and in the Richmond Campaign, from the Rapidan to

(BVT. BRIG.-GENERAL, U. S. ARMY, AUG. 1, 1864, FOR FAITHFUL AND MERITORIOUS SERVICES IN THE FIELD)

Petersburg ; on Special duty under orders of the Secretary of War,
(BVT. MAJ.-GENERAL, U. S. ARMY, MAR. 13, 1865, FOR MERITORIOUS AND DISTINGUISHED SERVICES DURING THE REBELLION)
Mar. 22 to June 23, 1865 ; on tour of Inspection of Quartermaster Depots, June 28 to Aug. 23, 1865 ; in waiting orders, Aug. 23 to Oct. 7, 1865 ; on tour of inspection, Oct. 7 to Nov. 30, 1865.

Served : on Special duty in the Secretary of War's Office, Dec. 10, 1865, to Apr. 15, 1871 ; in charge of the Inspection Bureau, Dec. 10, 1865, to Mar., 1869, and May, 1871, to Oct., 1872 ; as Inspector of the Military Academy, July 30, 1866, to Apr. 15, 1871 ; on tour of Inspection in Texas, New Mexico, and Kansas, and of the Recruiting Service, Oct., 1872, to Jan. 25, 1873 ; in preparing reports in Washington, particularly upon the affairs of the Freedmen's Bureau, Jan.–Oct., 1873 ; on duty in the War Department, Oct., 1873, to May, 1876 ; as Inspector-General of the Division of the Pacific, May 29, 1876, to Jan. 4, 1881 ; and as Member of Retiring Board at San Francisco, Cal., Nov. 16 to Dec. 15, 1877, — and of Board to examine the case of Dr. Hammond, late Surgeon-General, U. S. Army, Nov. 19, 1878, to May 8, 1879.

RETIRED FROM ACTIVE SERVICE, JAN. 4, 1881, HE BEING OVER 62 YEARS OF AGE.

724..(Born Ky.).....**HENRY WALLER**.....(Ap'd Ky.)..**18**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, Sep. 1, 1829, to July 1, 1833, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 2D ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1833.

On authorized graduation leave of absence, July 1, 1833, to Oct. 9, 1833.

RESIGNED, OCT. 9, 1833.

Civil History. — Counselor at Law, Maysville, Ky., 1837–54. Member of the Legislature of Kentucky, 1845–47. Member of the Board of Visitors to the Military Academy, 1850. President of Maysville and Lexington Railroad, Ky., 1851–52. Counselor at Law, Chicago, Ill., 1854–89, and Master in Chancery, 1877–89.

725..(Born Ct.).....**JOHN H. ALLEN**.....(Ap'd N.Y.)..**19**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1828, to July 1, 1833, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 3D ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1833.

Served : in garrison at Ft. Monroe, Va. (Artillery School for Practice), 1833 ; in the Creek Nation, 1833–34 ; in garrison at Ft. Morgan, Ala.,
(SECOND LIEUT., 3D ARTILLERY, DEC. 28, 1835)
1834–35 ; and in the Florida War, 1835–36, being engaged in the Action of Oloklikaha, Mar. 31, 1836.

RESIGNED, JUNE 30, 1836.

Civil History. — Asst. Engineer, New York and Erie Railroad, 1836–37, — and Resident Engineer, 1840–42. Civil Engineer in the service of the United States, 1838–39. Principal of Chillicothe Academy, O., 1844–47. Superintendent of the Maryland Military Academy, at Oxford, Md., 1847–57. U. S. Collector of Customs for the Port of Oxford, Md., June 1, 1849, to May 7, 1853. Superintendent of Ohio Military Academy at Chillicothe, O., 1857–60. Lieut.-Col., Staff — Division Inspector, Ohio Militia, 1858–60. Superintendent of Public Schools, Portsmouth, O., 1860–63. Principal of Schools in Kentucky, Indiana, and Texas, 1863–75. Residence, St. Mary's, Refugio Co., Tex.

726..(Born Pa.)...**ALEXANDER E. SHIRAS**...(Ap'd N. J.)..20

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1829, to July 1, 1833, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 4TH ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1833.

Served: in garrison at Ft. Monroe, Va. (Artillery School for Practice), 1833; in Creek Nation, 1833–34; in garrison at Ft. Monroe, Va., 1834–35,

(SECOND LIEUT., 4TH ARTILLERY, OCT. 6, 1835)

— Ft. Washington, Md., 1835, — and Ft. Columbus, N. Y., 1835–37; on Commissary duty at New York harbor, 1837–38; in the Cherokee Nation,

(FIRST LIEUT., 4TH ARTILLERY, MAY 31, 1837)

1838, while transferring the Indians to the West; in the Florida War, 1838–39; in garrison at Ft. Columbus, N. Y., 1839; at the Military Academy, 1839–43, — as Asst. Professor of Mathematics, Aug. 30, 1839, to Jan. 4, 1840, — and as Principal Asst. Professor of Mathematics, Jan. 4, 1840, to Aug. 29, 1843; in garrison at Ft. Monroe, Va., 1843–44; on Recruiting service, 1844–45; in garrison at Ft. Monroe, Va., 1845–46; at the West in charge of Subsistence for Volunteers for the Mexican War, 1846; on Commissary duty at New York city, Oct. 13, 1846, to

(CAPTAIN, 4TH ARTILLERY, MAR. 3, 1847, TO SEP. 27, 1850)

(CAPT., STAFF — COMMISSARY OF SUBSISTENCE, MAR. 3, 1847)

Apr. 27, 1847; and as Assistant to the Commissary-General in the Subsistence Bureau at Washington, D. C., Apr. 27, 1847, to Apr. 12, 1861, except while temporarily detached at St. Louis in 1857.

Served during the Rebellion of the Seceding States, 1861–66: as As-

(MAJOR, STAFF — COMMISSARY OF SUBSISTENCE, MAY 11, 1861)

sistant to the Commissary-General in the Subsistence Bureau at Washington, D. C., Apr. 12, 1861, to Feb. 9, 1863; as Asst. Commissary-

(COL., STAFF — ASST. COM.-GEN. OF SUBSISTENCE, FEB. 9, 1863)

General of Subsistence at Washington, D. C., Feb. 9, 1863, to June 23,

(BVT. BRIG.-GENERAL, U. S. ARMY, SEP. 17, 1864, FOR MERITORIOUS AND DISTINGUISHED SERVICES IN THE SUBSISTENCE DEPARTMENT, AND IN SUPPLYING THE ARMIES DURING THE REBELLION)

1874; and as Member of the U. S. Sanitary Commission, 1861–66.

BVT. MAJ.-GENERAL, U. S. ARMY, MAR. 13, 1865, FOR FAITHFUL, MERITORIOUS, AND DISTINGUISHED SERVICES IN THE SUBSISTENCE DEPARTMENT DURING THE REBELLION.

Served in charge of the Bureau of Subsistence, June 23, 1874, to

(BRIG.-GEN., STAFF — COMMISSARY-GENERAL OF SUBSISTENCE, JUNE 23, 1874)

Apr. 14, 1875.

DIED, APR. 14, 1875, AT WASHINGTON, D. C.: AGED 63.

OBITUARY ORDER.

Upon the death of General Shiras the War Department issued the following order: —

"The Secretary of War with deep regret announces the death of Brigadier-General ALEXANDER E. SHIRAS, Commissary-General of Subsistence, Brevet Major-General, U. S. Army, which occurred at his residence in this city early this morning.

"General Shiras was a graduate of the Military Academy, of the Class of 1833. His clear intellect and close attention to whatever duty was assigned to him were the cause of his being principally employed in the

Subsistence Department, where he ever displayed great business capacity and stern integrity. His early training in that Department was under the veteran Gibson, with whom he long maintained the closest official and personal relations, and many of whose genial and popular traits of character he loved to reproduce.

"He more than once refused a proffered promotion, preferring as a subordinate to lend his best ability to the successful administration of the affairs of his Department. At no time was that ability more conspicuous or more useful than when it was most needed, — during the time of war.

"By due course of succession he became Chief of the Subsistence Department only a brief twelvemonth ago.

"The many friends of General Shiras throughout all branches of the service will long cherish the memory of his generous, affable, and courteous manners, indicative as they were of true kindness of heart.

"The officers of the Subsistence Department will wear the usual badge of mourning for six months."

727. (Born Del.) ..... **HENRY DU PONT** ..... (Ap'd Del.) .. **21**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1829, to July 1, 1833, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 4TH ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1833.

Served: in garrison at Ft. Monroe, Va. (Artillery School for Practice), 1833; in the Creek Nation, 1833–34; and in garrison at Ft. Monroe, Va., 1834.

RESIGNED, JUNE 15, 1834.

Civil History. — A Director and Proprietor of Du Pont's Powder Mills, near Wilmington, Del., 1834–84. Aide-de-Camp to the Governor of Delaware, 1841–46. Adjutant-General of the State of Delaware, 1846–61. Member of the Board of Visitors to the U. S. Military Academy, 1850. Presidential Elector for the State of Delaware, 1868, 1876, 1880, 1884, and 1888.

Military History. — Served during the Rebellion of the Seceding States, 1861–66: as Major-General of the State of Delaware, in command of Home Guards, May 11, 1861, to Aug. 20, 1866.

DIED, AUG. 8, 1889, NEAR WILMINGTON, DEL.: AGED 77.

BIOGRAPHICAL SKETCH.

MAJOR-GENERAL HENRY DU PONT was born, Aug. 8, 1812, in the family homestead, near Wilmington, Del., where, on the seventy-seventh anniversary of his natal day, he died full of years and full of honors. He was the second son of Eleuthère Irénée Du Pont de Nemours, a distinguished Frenchman, who, in 1800, sought an asylum in the United States from Jacobin persecution, and founded the famous powder works on the banks of the Brandywine River. Young Du Pont, at the age of eleven, entered the Mount Airey Military School at Germantown, Pa., then conducted by Colonel Roumfort, a graduate of the Military Academy, of the class of 1817. From here he was sent to West Point in 1829, and upon his graduation was promoted, July 1, 1833, to the Fourth Artillery, with which he served till he resigned from the Army, June 15, 1834, to assist his father and elder brother in the manufacture of gunpowder. Upon the death of his father soon after, a large share of the responsibility in the management of these, the most extensive powder works in the country, fell upon this young man of twenty-six. How he acquitted himself of this onerous task and of other important trusts is told in an obituary notice written by

his friend, Fred. C. Bach, Esq., of which we make a summary. Du Pont, in 1850, owing to the ill health of his older brother, assumed the chief direction of the powder works, and from that year till his death his was the guiding and decisive mind in all matters of administration. From a capacity of 2,000 pounds a day during the second war with Great Britain, at which period they were the sole source of supply of the American Army, the daily output was enlarged to fully twenty times that amount. The product of the Brandywine mills has been an important factor in every American war since the Revolution, and likewise in several European conflicts, notably the formidable struggle in the Crimea, when large cargoes of Du Pont powder were shipped for the use of the allied armies. During the War of the Rebellion the company, at the request of President Lincoln, sent one of its members to Europe to make purchases for the Union Army. The firm kept abreast of the powder manufacturing of the world, and in all its enterprises General Du Pont was the dominating spirit. He proved equal to every hazardous demand of his business, and it is said of him that no man, perhaps, ever accomplished more for himself and his associates with less business exaction. Enterprise, courage, fair dealing, and liberality were the characteristics of his business life.

General Du Pont's diversion was agriculture. He was probably the most extensive landowner in Delaware, and his holding was the most valuable in the State. During the later years of his life his recreation consisted almost entirely in driving over his vast estate, inspecting crops and stock, and planning improvements. The miles of well-cultivated fields along the banks of the Brandywine were his pride and pleasure, and he spent thousands of dollars in enriching and improving them.

In politics General Du Pont was a Republican, and in years and honors the foremost member of his party in the State of Delaware. Without taste or ambition for political life, and repeatedly declining offers of nomination or appointment in the good old Whig days when he belonged to the dominant party in Delaware, he nevertheless served as inspector of elections and challenger at the polls on numerous occasions, and was a Presidential Elector in 1868, 1876, 1880, 1884, and 1888. He held cordial and life-long relations with Henry Clay, for whom his first vote was cast, in 1836, against Martin Van Buren. In 1860, in accordance with his conservative tendencies, General Du Pont voted for Bell and Everett, but the election of Abraham Lincoln was the signal for his heartiest support of the Republican Party.

General Du Pont's military services in behalf of the State of Delaware and the Union were conspicuous. He served as Aide-de-camp on the staff of Gov. William B. Cooper in 1841, and as Adjutant-General of the State for fifteen years from 1846, or until the breaking out of the Civil War, when he was appointed Major-General of Delaware militia by Gov. William Burton, which position General Du Pont accepted on the express condition that he should have absolute control of all the armed troops in the State. He ordered that every company should forthwith be mustered into the United States service, and every man subscribe to the oath of allegiance to the Federal Government, and that all who declined taking the required oath should be deprived of their arms. This action created great consternation, which was heightened by Governor Burton suspending General Du Pont's order. But prompt action on the part of the Government nipped the incipient conspiracy of secession in the bud, a number of the leaders being arrested, and sent to the prisoners' camp at Baltimore. General Du Pont resigned his commission as Major-General, Aug. 20, 1866. He was a member of the Board of Visitors to the United States Academy at West Point in 1850.

Colonel HENRY A. DU PONT, who graduated from the Military Academy at the head of his class in May, 1861, and did gallant service in the

War of the Rebellion, was the eldest son of General Du Pont. Rear Admiral S. F. Du Pont, U. S. Navy, who was so distinguished in the Civil War at Port Royal and Charleston, was the brother of the General.

A lifelong friend says of our departed brother and much-cherished classmate: "His debtors, as well as his creditors, were always glad to see Henry Du Pont. He was a gentleman of the old school, and whether in the office or in the drawing-room he was uniformly urbane and cordial. He attended scrupulously day by day to the smallest detail of his vast business, and there he came in contact with a great many and with all kinds and classes of persons, and all bear testimony to his gentle and engaging manners, his unfailing consideration, and his hearty sincerity."

"Perhaps a gentleman," says Thackeray, "is a rarer man than some of us think for. Which of us can point out many such in his circle, men whose aims are generous, whose truth is constant, and not only constant in its kind but elevated in its degree; whose want of meanness makes them simple, who can look the world honestly in the face with an equal manly sympathy for the great and the small?" Unhesitatingly we point to General Henry Du Pont as fulfilling all these high requisites.

728..(Born Vt.).....**BENJAMIN ALVORD**.....(Ap'd Vt.)..**22**

Military History.—Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1829, to July 1, 1833, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 4TH INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1833.

Served: in garrison at Baton Rouge, La., 1833–35,—and Key West,

(SECOND LIEUT., 4TH INFANTRY, JULY 21, 1835)

Fla., 1835; in the Florida War against the Seminole Indians, 1835–37, being engaged in the Skirmishes at Camp Izard, Feb. 27, 28, 29, and Mar. 5, 1836,—Action of Oloklikaha, Mar. 31, 1836,—and Combat of

(FIRST LIEUT., 4TH INFANTRY, SEP. 23, 1836)

Thlonotosassa Creek, Apr. 27, 1836; at the Military Academy, 1837–39, as Asst. Professor of Mathematics, Sep. 28 to Nov. 5, 1837,—and as Principal Asst. Professor of Natural and Experimental Philosophy, Nov. 5,

(CAPT., STAFF—ASST. QUARTERMASTER, JULY 7, 1838: DECLINED)

1837, to Aug. 28, 1839; on frontier duty in Cherokee Nation, 1839–40,—and Ft. Gibson, I. T., 1840; as Adjutant, 4th Infantry, at Regimental headquarters, Apr. 1 to July 29, 1840; on frontier duty at Ft. Smith, Ark., 1841,—Survey of Military Road from Ft. Gibson, I. T., to Ft. Wayne, I. T., 1841,—and Ft. Gibson, I. T., 1841; in the Florida War against the Seminole Indians, 1841–42, being engaged on an Expedition against Billy Bowlegs, in Big Cypress Swamp, Nov., 1841, to Mar., 1842, participating in the Skirmish of Dec. 22, 1841; on frontier duty at Jefferson Barracks, Mo., 1842–44,—and Camp Salubrity, at Natchitoches, La., 1844–45; in Military Occupation of Texas, 1845–46; in the War with Mexico, 1846, being engaged in the Battle of Palo Alto, May 8,

(BVT. CAPTAIN, MAY 9, 1846, FOR GALLANT AND MERITORIOUS CONDUCT IN THE BATTLES OF PALO ALTO AND RESACA-DE-LA-PALMA, TEX.)

1846,—and Battle of Resaca-de-la-Palma, May 9, 1846; on Recruiting service, 1846–47; in the War with Mexico, as Chief of Staff of Major

(CAPTAIN, 4TH INFANTRY, SEP. 9, 1846, TO JUNE 22, 1854)

Lally's column on its march from Vera Cruz to the City of Mexico, July–Dec., 1847, being engaged in Defense of Convoy, at Paso de Ovejas, Aug. 10, National Bridge, Aug. 12, Cerro Gordo, Aug. 15, and Las Ani-

(BVT. MAJOR, AUG. 15, 1847, FOR GALLANT AND MERITORIOUS CONDUCT IN SEVERAL AFFAIRS WITH GUERRILLEROS AT PASO DE OVEJAS, NATIONAL BRIDGE, AND CERRO GORDO, MEX.)

mas, Aug. 19, 1847, — and Combat of Huamantla, Oct. 9, 1847 ; in garrison at East Pascagoula, Mis., 1848 ; on frontier duty at Ft. Gratiot, Mich., 1848–52 ; in garrison at Ft. Columbus, N. Y., 1852 ; on frontier duty at Benicia, Cal., 1852, — Ft. Dalles, Or., 1852–53, — and constructing

(MAJOR, STAFF — PAYMASTER, JUNE 22, 1854)

Military Road in Southern Oregon, 1853–54 ; and as Chief Paymaster of the Department of Oregon, June 22, 1854, to July 7, 1862.

Served during the Rebellion of the Seceding States, 1862–66 : in com-

(BRIG.-GENERAL, U. S. VOLUNTEERS, APR. 15, 1862)

mand of the District of Oregon, July 7, 1862, to Mar. 26, 1865 ; in wait-

(BVT. LIEUT.-COL., AND BVT. COLONEL, MAR. 13, 1865, AND BVT. BRIG.-GENERAL, U. S. ARMY, APR. 9, 1865, FOR FAITHFUL AND MERITORIOUS SERVICES DURING THE REBELLION)

ing orders, Mar. 26 to Sep. 13, 1865.

RESIGNED, AS BRIG.-GENERAL, U. S. VOLUNTEERS, AUG. 8, 1865.

Served : as Paymaster at New York city, Oct. 1, 1865, to May 15, 1867; as Chief Paymaster of the District of Omaha, May 25, 1867, to Apr. 15, 1869, — and of the Department of the Platte, Apr. 15, 1869, to Dec. 28,

(PAYMASTER-GENERAL OF THE U. S. ARMY, JAN. 1, 1872, WITH RANK OF COLONEL, AND OF BRIGADIER-GENERAL, JULY 22, 1876)

1871 ; and in charge of the Paymaster-General's Office, Jan. 1, 1872, to June 8, 1880.

RETIRED FROM ACTIVE SERVICE, JUNE 8, 1880, AT HIS OWN REQUEST, HAVING SERVED OVER 45 YEARS.

Civil History. — Author of Memoir on "The Tangencies of Circles and of Spheres," 1855 (8th Vol. of "Smithsonian Contributions to Knowledge"), — and on "The Interpretation of Imaginary Roots in questions of Maxima and Minima," 1860 (April Number of "Mathematical Monthly)" ; of "Memoir on the Intersection of Circles, and the Intersection of Spheres," 1860, and, with extensions, read, 1878, before the National Academy of Sciences ; and of numerous Essays and Reviews, 1833–67. Degree of A. M. conferred by the University of Vermont, 1854.

DIED, OCT. 16, 1884, AT WASHINGTON, D. C. : AGED 71.

BIOGRAPHICAL SKETCH.

BRIGADIER-GENERAL BENJAMIN ALVORD was born, Aug. 18, 1813, at Rutland, Vt. Here he grew up to manhood an earnest youth, studious in habit, and imbibing an ardent love of nature from every fountain of the beauty and grandeur of his native State, diversified by hills and valleys, elevated plateaus and soaring mountains, and fringed on one side with historic lakes, and on the other with the most picturesque of rivers. Here he learned the lessons of patriotism which have characterized the Green Mountain boys since the days of Ticonderoga and Bennington. And here, by the example of Allen, Stark, Warner, and other Revolutionary heroes, was implanted that love of military fame which made the enthusiastic lad a soldier of his country.

At the age of sixteen, Alvord entered the Military Academy, where he developed decided mathematical talents, being always among the first to work out difficult extra problems, and was noted for his ingenious application of geometrical methods in their solution.

Upon his graduation, July 1, 1833, he was promoted to the Fourth In-

fantry, in which distinguished regiment he served over twenty years, himself adding not a little to its merited reputation. After two years of garrison duty at Baton Rouge and Key West, he went to Florida, the Seminole War having opened with Dade's Massacre and the threatened destruction of the population of the State, for none could tell at what moment, or in what manner, they would be assailed and subjected to the most cruel and brutal death. Though the troops did their best and fought bravely at Camp Izard, Oloklikaha, and Thlonotosassa Creek, in all of which actions Alvord took an active part, the campaign of 1836 was a failure, and, without any knowledge of the country, it could scarcely be otherwise. The theatre of operations was in a dense wilderness, where every hommock and swamp was a natural citadel garrisoned by unseen savages, who could sortie from their places of safety to the attack of exposed parties, and, if pressed, return to their hiding places with the fleetness of deer.

Alvord was soon relieved from the constant watching, daily disappointments, and weary marches against this Parthian foe, for a more congenial employment at the Military Academy as an Assistant Professor of Mathematics, from which department he was soon transferred to become the Principal Assistant Professor of Natural and Experimental Philosophy, holding that position, to the great advantage of the Academy, till Aug. 28, 1839, when he was ordered to frontier duty in the Indian Territory, where at various posts he remained two years.

The Florida War had continued with varying success, when, in 1841, Alvord was again ordered to that pestilential region. While the northern settlements of the State were as well protected as human skill and military means could devise, the available force of the Army, aided by the Navy, was directed against the Southern Indians, who counted upon all immunity from danger, environed as they were by swamps, deep mud, mangrove bushes, and a large expanse of everglades. Here were to be seen dragoons wading in water waist-deep, the artillery and infantry picking their way along oozy paths amid cypress stumps and shining alligators, and sailors and marines alternately serving in boats and on dry land. With fortitude, for months, all bore the toils and privations of this amphibious life in the Big Cypress Swamp till the Indians were dispersed, and taught that white men could penetrate to their securest strongholds.

From Florida, Alvord again went to the Western frontier, and in July, 1845, joined the "Army of Occupation," under General Taylor, to take possession of Texas, which "had become an integral part of our Union." This involved the United States in the War with Mexico, hostilities beginning upon the Rio Grande, where were fought the Battles of Palo Alto and Resaca-de-la-Palma, in both of which Alvord participated and won his brevet of Captain for his "gallant and meritorious conduct" in these engagements.

For a year Alvord was detached on recruiting service, after which he again took the field as Chief of Staff of Major Lally's column, "a little more than a thousand strong," convoying sixty-four wagons from Vera Cruz to the City of Mexico. The Mexican guerrillas (1,200 to 2,000) believing that a large quantity of specie was being transported in the train, attacked it, Aug. 10, 1847, at Paso de Ovejas, — a strong position behind the ruins of a stone house upon a hill. In this spirited engagement, "Alvord," says Major Lally, "distinguished himself by his example of coolness and courage in rallying the men, and leading them up to charge the height and stone house in front and on the right, from which the enemy delivered a very heavy fire." On the twelfth, Lally's column was again met in force by the enemy at the National Bridge, but, though our loss was severe, the guerrillas were beaten and forced to retreat. The struggle was renewed with vigor on the fifteenth, from the various

strongholds of Cerro Gordo, where, four months before, General Scott had gained a great victory over Santa Anna. Though the enemy had been severely punished in these engagements, a fourth attack was made on the nineteenth, at Las Animas. In this last, Major Lally being wounded, the command of the column devolved upon Captain Alvord, who continued its march to the city of Jalapa, which he occupied the next day. In this series of actions great gallantry, fortitude, and perseverance had been shown by these raw troops, whose total casualties amounted to one hundred and five, while those of the enemy were much greater. Alvord's dauntless pluck, skillful leadership, and good judgment did much for our success, and his merits were recognized by the bestowal upon him of the brevet of Major "for gallant and meritorious conduct" in these engagements.

Lally's command, after resting at Jalapa to refit the train, recruit the animals, and provide for the sick and wounded, resumed its march, and under General Lane, whom Lally had joined, encountered Santa Anna, with four thousand Mexicans, on October 9th, at Huamantla, in which combat Alvord did good service.

After the Mexican War had terminated, Alvord was in garrison at various posts. While in Southern Oregon, constructing a military road, he was appointed, June 22, 1854, a Paymaster with the rank of Major, and for six years continued in Oregon as the Chief Paymaster of that department.

Upon the breaking out of the War of the Rebellion, Alvord hastened to offer his services for active duty in the field. President Lincoln, so soon as apprised of Alvord's military qualifications and high character, appointed him, Apr. 15, 1862, a Brigadier-General, U. S. Volunteers, and assigned him to the command of the District of Oregon, embracing nearly the same territory as the present Department of Columbia. Although far from the scene of actual hostilities, his command was by no means an unimportant one. Fidelity, prudence, decision, and vigilance were absolutely needed, and these he possessed in an eminent degree. His administration of military affairs in this district, remote from Washington, from July 7, 1862, to March 26, 1865, required great discretion, and it is needless to say that he acquitted himself of his trust to the entire satisfaction of the Government, which bestowed upon him three brevets for his "faithful and meritorious services."

Alvord resigned his Brigadier-Generalship of Volunteers, Aug. 8, 1865, and resumed his duties of Paymaster at New York city, from whence he was transferred as Chief Paymaster of the District of Omaha till Apr. 15, 1869, and then of the Platte till Dec. 28, 1871. His long and valuable services now reaped their reward, he being appointed Chief of the Pay Department with the rank of Colonel, Jan. 1, 1872, and of Brigadier-General, July 22, 1876. This elevated position he held till retired from active service, June 8, 1880, with great credit to himself, reflecting honor upon the Army, and with manifest advantage to the Government.

From the foregoing narrative it will be seen that General Alvord lived most of his life in the field, where he was separated from society and books, yet he became a learned scholar; skilled in dialectics, ready in conversation, and polished in his writing. He had a special fondness for mathematics, botany, history, and biography, upon all of which subjects he prepared instructive and sometimes quite original papers. A singular fatality attended his higher labors. The manuscript of a History of the Mexican War was lost in the wreck of the Southerner on Cape Flattery, December, 1854, and a mathematical treatise, accepted for publication by the Smithsonian Institution, was lost in the fire in their building, January, 1865. The latter was re-written with additions, and published in the "American Journal of Mathematics," 1882.

The following are some of the Memoirs of General Alvord, viz : —

"The Tangencies of Circles and Spheres," in Vol. 8 of "Smithsonian Contributions to Knowledge," 1855.

"On the Interpretation of Imaginary Roots in questions of Maxima and Minima," in Vol. 2 of the New York "Mathematical Monthly," 1860.

On "Tangencies," — a very learned article in Vol. 4 of Johnson's New Universal Cyclopedia, 1877.

"The Mortality among Army Officers from 1824 to 1873," in the "Proceedings of the American Association for the Advancement of Science," 1874.

"The Intersections of Circles and the Intersections of Spheres," in Vol. 5 of the "American Journal of Mathematics," 1874.

"Curious Fallacy in the Theory of Gravitation," in Vol. 5 of the Bulletin of the Philosophical Society of Washington, 1883.

"A Special Case of Maxima and Minima," in Vol. 6 of the Bulletin of the Philosophical Society of Washington, 1884.

"An Account of the Compass Plant" (of which Alvord was the scientific discoverer), read to the National Institute of Washington, 1842, and, with additions, subsequently delivered to other scientific bodies and finally published.

"Winter Grazing in the Rocky Mountains," published in the Bulletin of the American Geographical Society, 1883.

Biographical Sketches of several Graduates of the U. S. Military Academy, 1874–82.

Papers read before societies upon "Indian Superstitions," "Introduction of the Catholic Worship into Mexico," "Treatment of the Natives in America by the Spanish Monarchs of the 16th Century," "True Science as opposed to Skepticism," etc.

The most notable of Alvord's mathematical memoirs were those on "The Tangencies of Circles and Spheres" and the "Intersections of Circles and Spheres." The first of these memoirs, now well known, created much interest when it appeared. The latter memoir is a generalization of the former, the problems involved being : First, to draw a circle which shall make a certain *given* angle with three given circles. Second, to draw a sphere which shall cut each of four given spheres at the same angle. The problems are solved by purely geometrical processes. As the solution of the question of Tangencies of Circles in the first memoir was carried up and made to embrace the Tangencies of Spheres, in like manner the question of the Intersection of Circles is extended to the Intersection of Spheres. The whole solution is based on the principle of converging chords, giving a unity to both memoirs as accomplishing a generalization of the entire problem.

Alvord's paper on "Winter Grazing in the Rocky Mountains" is a startling revelation, in published form, of an established fact unknown till 1869, that, in the coldest weather and without shelter, all the domestic animals can find ample food on the nutritious summer-cured grasses, and that myriads of these animals are yearly raised on the elevated, arid, yet mild plateaus of the West, embracing an area of a million square miles, or about one fourth of our whole territory. The article fully explains how the grasses in the Rocky Mountains, as they stand on the soil, are cured by the summer's sun, the heat drying them, and thus retaining and concentrating in the stalk the sugar, gluten, and the other constituents of which they are composed. He also shows how the fine dry snows of these regions are drifted into the valley, leaving the uplands uncovered for grazing.

Alvord, as a soldier, was zealous and efficient in the performance, for half a century, of every duty devolving upon him ; as a mathematician, he had a high capacity, particularly for geometrical investigations, in

which he had few superiors; as a botanist, he was a close observer of nature, many of whose curious secrets he discovered; in historical and literary lore he was one of the best informed officers in the army; and as a writer, he wielded a fluent, forcible, and perspicuous pen. But it was in his personal relations that Alvord was most attractive. Though ordinarily grave, he was never austere and gloomy; studious and contemplative, he had no arrogance of intellect; his matured wisdom continually welled out into new fountains of thought; his conversation, earnest, refined, and often playful, was always instructive; and whatever he wrote was trustworthy and sparkled with strong brain-force. His moral beauty of character surpassed his intellectual. Every one who knew him in social life respected and loved him, so genial was his humanity and so broad his charity. Abounding in sympathy, benevolence, and kindness to his fellows, he was necessarily tolerant of their infirmities. Though he was in temper as gentle as a child and in manner as modest as a maiden, it was not from weakness, as those best knew who met him in debate or upon the battlefield. Always considerate of others, he was most exacting to himself, manfully bearing his own burdens, which he never sought to cast upon other shoulders. In fine, Alvord was a most useful officer, a sterling patriot, a devoted husband and father, a generous and tender-hearted friend, and a thorough Christian gentleman.

729..(Born Ct.).....**GEORGE D. DIMON**.....(Ap'd Ct.)..**23**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1828, to July 1, 1833, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 1ST INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1833.

Served on frontier duty at Ft. Crawford, Wis., 1833–34.

DIED, SEP. 16, 1834, AT FT. CRAWFORD, WIS.: AGED 23.

730..(Born Va.)....**ISAAC R. D. BURNETT**.....(Ap'd Ind.)..**24**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1828, to July 1, 1833, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 2D INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1833.

Served: in garrison at Ft. Brady, Mich., 1833–37; in the Florida War,

(SECOND LIEUT., 2D INFANTRY, JUNE 28, 1836)

1837–39; on Recruiting service, 1839–42; in garrison at Buffalo Bar-

(FIRST LIEUT., 2D INFANTRY, JULY 7, 1838)

racks, N. Y., 1842–45, — and Detroit, Mich., 1845–46; and as Adjutant, 2d Infantry, at Regimental headquarters, Oct. 3, 1845, to Mar. 15, 1846.

DIED, MAR. 15, 1846, AT DETROIT, MICH.: AGED 35.

731..(Born Pa.).....**JACOB E. BLAKE**.....(Ap'd Pa.)..**25**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1829, to July 1, 1833, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 6TH INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1833.

Served: in garrison at Jefferson Barracks, Mo., 1833–34; at the Military Academy, as Quartermaster, May 25, 1835, to July 29, 1836; in the

(SECOND LIEUT., 6TH INFANTRY, JULY 31, 1836)

Subsistence Department at Washington, D. C., July 14, 1836, to Nov., 1837; and in the Adjutant-General's Office, Nov., 1837, to July 7, 1838;

(FIRST LIEUT., 6TH INFANTRY, SEP. 6, 1837)

(FIRST LIEUT., TOP. ENGINEERS, JULY 7, 1838)

as Asst. Top. Engineer in the Florida War, 1838–39, — in construction of Harbors at the East End of Lake Erie, 1839–41, — on Survey of Boundary between the United States and Texas, 1841, — on Reconnoissance of the approaches to New Orleans, for defensive purposes, 1841–42, — and on the Staff of General Worth, in Florida, 1842–44; in charge of Surveys and Improvements in Florida Territory, 1844–45; in Military Occupation of Texas, 1845–46, — and in the War with Mexico, 1846, being engaged in the Battle of Palo Alto, May 8, 1846, where he was highly distinguished for a daring reconnoissance of the enemy's position, after which, by the accidental discharge of his own pistol, he was

KILLED, MAY 9, 1846, AT PALO ALTO, TEX.: AGED 34.

732..(Born Mas.).....**JOHN L. HOOPER**.....(Ap'd Mas.)..**26**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1829, to July 1, 1833, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 4TH INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1833.

Served: in garrison at Ft. Mitchell, Ala., 1833–34; in Operations in

(SECOND LIEUT., 4TH INFANTRY, NOV. 28, 1835)

Cherokee Nation, 1834–36; in the Florida War against the Seminole Indians, 1836–38, being engaged in the Battle of Okee-cho-bee, Dec. 25, 1837, where he was wounded; in Operations in the Cherokee Nation, 1838–39, during the removal of the Indians to the West; and on frontier duty at Ft. Gibson, I. T., 1839–40.

RESIGNED, MAR. 31, 1840.

DIED, 1840, AT SEA: AGED 26.

733..(Born Ala.).....**JOEL RIGGS**.....(Ap'd Ala.)..**27**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1828, to July 1, 1833, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 1ST INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1833.

On authorized graduation leave of absence, July 1, 1833, to Oct. 9, 1833.

RESIGNED, OCT. 9, 1833.

Civil History. — Counselor at Law, 1835–43. President of the Bank of the State of Alabama, 1843–44. Comptroller of Public Accounts for the State of Alabama, 1848–55. Editor of "Montgomery Mail," Ala., 1856–58. Secretary of the Southern Insurance Company, at Mobile, Ala., 1858–65.

DIED, NOV. 13, 1865, AT MONTGOMERY, ALA.: AGED 53.

734..(Born Ten.)....**JOHN W. McCRABB**.....(Ap'd Ten.)..**28**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1828, to July 1, 1833, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 4TH INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1833.

Served: in garrison at Baton Rouge, La., 1833–34; in Operations in Cherokee Nation, 1834; on Topographical duty, Aug. 22, 1834, to Sep. 1,

(SECOND LIEUT., 4TH INFANTRY, DEC. 28, 1835)

1835; in garrison at Ft. Mitchell, Ala., 1836–37; and on Quartermaster

(FIRST LIEUT., 4TH INFANTRY, SEP. 30, 1836)

(ASST. QUARTERMASTER, NOV. 24, 1836, TO JULY 7, 1838)

(CAPT., STAFF — ASST. QUARTERMASTER, JULY 7, 1838)

duty at Boston, Mas., 1837, — and in the Florida War, 1837–39.

DIED, NOV. 6, 1839, AT ST. AUGUSTINE, FLA.: AGED 29.

735..(Born Ct.).....**HENRY W. WESSELLS**....(Ap'd Ct.)..29

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1829, to July 1, 1833, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 2D INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1833.

Served: in garrison at Hancock Barracks, Me., 1833–36, — and Ft. Independence, Mas., 1836; in Creek Nation, 1836; in garrison at Ft.

(SECOND LIEUT., 2D INFANTRY, JUNE 28, 1836)

Gratiot, Mich., 1836–37, — and Ft. Howard, Wis., 1837; in the Florida

(FIRST LIEUT., 2D INFANTRY, JULY 7, 1838)

War, 1837–40; in garrison at Ft. Columbus, N. Y., 1840; in the Florida War against the Seminole Indians, 1840–42, being engaged in the action of Choca-chattee, June 2, 1840; on Recruiting service, 1842; in garrison at Sackett's Harbor, N. Y., 1842–45; on Recruiting service, 1845–46; in garrison at Sackett's Harbor, N. Y., 1846, — and Ft. Columbus, N. Y., 1846; in the War with Mexico, 1846–48, being engaged in the Siege of

(CAPTAIN, 2D INFANTRY, FEB. 16, 1847)

Vera Cruz, Mar. 9–29, 1847, — Battle of Cerro Gordo, Apr. 17–18, 1847, — Battle of Contreras, Aug. 19–20, 1847, where he was wounded in the assault of the enemy's works, — Battle of Churubusco, Aug. 20, 1847, —

(BVT. MAJOR, AUG. 20, 1847, FOR GALLANT AND MERITORIOUS CONDUCT IN THE BATTLES OF CONTRERAS AND CHURUBUSCO, MEX.)

and Assault and Capture of the City of Mexico, Sep. 13–14, 1847; in garrison at Ft. Hamilton, N. Y., 1848; on voyage to California, 1848–49; on frontier duty at Benicia, Cal., 1849–51, — escorting Indian Commissioner, 1851, — Benicia, Cal., 1851–53, — and Ft. Miller, Cal., 1853–54; on Recruiting service, 1854; in garrison at Carlisle Barracks, Pa., 1854–55; and on frontier duty in Sioux Expedition, 1855, — Ft. Pierre, Dak., 1855–56, — Ft. Randall, Dak., 1856–59, — Ft. Riley, Kan., 1859–60, — Ft. Larned, Kan., 1860, — March to Neosho River, Kan., 1860, — and Ft. Riley, Kan., 1861.

Served during the Rebellion of the Seceding States, 1861–66: on the

(MAJOR, 6TH INFANTRY, JUNE 6, 1861)

(COLONEL, 8TH KANSAS VOLUNTEERS, AUG. 22, 1861, TO FEB. 15, 1862)

Missouri Border, Nov., 1861–Feb., 1862; in the Virginia Peninsular Campaign (Army of the Potomac), Mar.–Aug., 1862, being engaged in

(BRIG.-GENERAL, U. S. VOLUNTEERS, APR. 25, 1862)

the Siege of Yorktown, Apr. 5 to May 4, 1862, — Battle of Fair Oaks, May 31, 1862, where he was wounded, — in command of rear guard from Haxhall's to Harrison's Landing, July 2–3, 1862; in Defense of Suffolk, Va., Sep. 20 to Dec. 9, 1862; in Operations in North Carolina, Dec. 9, 1862, to Apr. 20, 1864, being engaged in the Combat of Kinston, Dec. 14, 1862, — Combat of Goldsborough, Dec. 17, 1862, — Defense of Newberne, Dec. 21, 1862, to May 1, 1863, — in command of Sub-District of the Albemarle, and in the Defense of Plymouth, May 3, 1863, to Apr. 20, 1864, where, after four days' hard fighting, he was compelled to capitulate; as Prisoner of War, Apr. 20 to Aug. 3, 1864, confined successively at Richmond, Va., Danville, Va., Macon, Ga., and finally at Charleston, S. C., where he was placed under the fire from our batteries on Morris Island, S. C., then bombarding the city; Commissary of Prisoners, Nov. 11, 1864, to Jan. 31, 1865; in command of Draft Rendezvous,

(LIEUT.-COLONEL, 18TH INFANTRY, FEB. 16, 1865.)

Hart's Island, N. Y., Feb. 5, 1865, to Feb. 19, 1866; on leave of absence, Feb. 19 to June 12, 1866.

BVT. COLONEL, APR. 20, 1864, AND BVT. BRIG.-GENERAL, U. S. ARMY, MAR. 13, 1865, FOR GALLANT AND MERITORIOUS SERVICES DURING THE REBELLION.

MUSTERED OUT OF VOLUNTEER SERVICE, JAN. 15, 1866.

Served: in command of Ft. Kearny, Neb., June 12 to Oct. 27, 1866, — Ft. Reno, Dak., Dec. 1, 1866, to Jan. 14, 1867, — of the Mountain District, headquarters, Ft. Philip Kearny, Dak., Jan. 17 to July 5, 1867; in command of regiment and post of Ft. McPherson, Neb., July 30 to Oct. 9, 1867, — Ft. Fetterman, D. T., Nov. 1, 1867, to May 14, 1868, — and Ft. D. A. Russell, July 6 to Nov. 28, 1868; as Member of Retiring Board, at St. Louis, Mo., Nov. 28, 1868, to Apr. 26, 1869; and in command

(UNASSIGNED, MAR. 15, 1869)

of Depot of General Recruiting Service, Newport, Ky., May 15, 1869, to Jan. 1, 1871.

RETIRED FROM ACTIVE SERVICE, JAN. 1, 1871, ON HIS OWN APPLICATION, AFTER 30 YEARS OF CONTINUOUS SERVICE.

DIED, JAN. 12, 1889, AT DOVER, DEL.: AGED 80.

736..(Born Mas.).....**JOHN P. CENTER**.....(Ap'd Mas.)..**30**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1829, to July 1, 1833, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 6TH INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1833.

Served: on frontier duty at Jefferson Barracks, Mo., 1833–36, — Ft.

(SECOND LIEUT., 6TH INFANTRY, AUG. 10, 1836)

Jesup, La., 1836, — Camp Sabine, La., 1836, — Caddo Country, 1836, — and Camp Sabine, La., 1836–37; as Adjutant, 6th Infantry, Nov. 1 to

(FIRST LIEUT., 6TH INFANTRY, SEP. 26, 1837)

Dec. 25, 1837, in the Florida War, being engaged against the Seminole Indians in the Battle of Okee-cho-bee, where, by the enemy's concentrated deadly fire upon five companies of his regiment, while pressing forward to the attack, like "a moving battery," till nearly cut up and few were left uninjured, he was

KILLED,* DEC. 25, 1837: AGED 25.

* In the language of Colonel Z. Taylor's official despatch of the battle, "Captain Van Swearingen, Lieutenant Brooke, and Adjutant CENTER, who fell on that day, had no superior of their years in the service, and in point of chivalry ranked among the first in the army or nation."

737..(Born Va.)....**GEORGE H. PEGRAM**.....(Ap'd Va.)..**31**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1829, to July 1, 1833, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 1ST INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1833.

Served: on frontier duty at Ft. Crawford, Wis., 1833–36; as Adju-

(SECOND LIEUT., 1ST INFANTRY, JUNE 11, 1836)

tant, 1st Infantry, at Regimental headquarters, Aug. 1, 1836, to Sep. 16,

(FIRST LIEUT., 1ST INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1838)

1838; in the Florida War against the Seminole Indians, 1837–38, being engaged in the Battle of Okee-cho-bee, Dec. 25, 1837; as Aide-de-Camp

(CAPTAIN, 1ST INFANTRY, AUG. 5, 1840)

to Major-General Scott, Sep. 16, 1838, to Aug. 4, 1840; and in the Florida War, 1840–41.

RESIGNED, APR. 30, 1841.

Civil History. — Secretary and Treasurer of New Jersey Central Railroad, May 1, 1846, to Sep. 9, 1854.

DIED, SEP. 9, 1854, AT ELIZABETHTOWN, N. J.: AGED 44.

738..(Born S. C.)...**ABRAHAM C. MYERS**....(Ap'd S. C.)..**32**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1828, to July 1, 1833, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 4TH INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1833.

Served: in garrison at Baton Rouge, La., 1833–35; in the Florida

(SECOND LIEUT., 4TH INFANTRY, DEC. 31, 1835)

War, 1836–37, 1838, being engaged against the Seminole Indians in the Skirmishes at Camp Izard, Feb. 27, 28, 29, and Mar. 5, 1836, — and

(FIRST LIEUT., 4TH INFANTRY, SEP. 6, 1837)

Action of Oloklikaha, Mar. 31, 1836; on Recruiting service, 1838–40;

(CAPT., STAFF — ASST. QUARTERMASTER, NOV. 21, 1839)

and on Quartermaster duty at St. Augustine, Fla., 1840–41, — in the Florida War, 1841–42, — Ft. Moultrie, S. C., 1842–45, — in Military Occupation of Texas, 1845–46, — in the War with Mexico, 1846, 1846–48, being engaged in the Battle of Palo Alto, May 8, 1846, and Battle of

(BVT. MAJOR, MAY 9, 1846, FOR GALLANT AND MERITORIOUS CONDUCT IN THE BATTLES OF PALO ALTO AND RESACA-DE-LA-PALMA, TEX.)

Churubusco, Aug. 20, 1847, and as Chief Quartermaster of the Army

(CAPTAIN, 4TH INFANTRY, FEB. 16, 1847: VACATED, FEB. 16, 1847)

(BVT. LIEUT.-COL., AUG. 20, 1847, FOR GALLANT CONDUCT AT CHURUBUSCO, MEX.)

of Mexico, Apr.–June, 1848, — Charleston, S. C., and Savannah, Ga., 1848–49, — Chief Quartermaster of the Department of Florida, Aug., 1849, to Mar., 1851, — New Orleans, La., 1851–54, — Chief Quartermaster of the Department of Texas, July 17, 1854, to Jan. 9, 1857, — New York city, 1857–58, — and New Orleans, La., 1858–61.

RESIGNED, JAN. 28, 1861.

Joined in the Rebellion of 1861–66 against the United States.

Civil History. — Traveling in Europe, 1866–77.

DIED, JUNE 20, 1889, AT WASHINGTON, D. C.: AGED 78.

739..(Born Md.)....**GEORGE H. RINGGOLD**....(Ap'd Md.)..**33**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1829, to July 1, 1833, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 6TH INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1833.

Served: on frontier duty at Jefferson Barracks, Mo., 1833–36, — Ft.

(SECOND LIEUT., 6TH INFANTRY, AUG. 15, 1836)

Jesup, La., 1836, — and Camp Sabine, La., 1836; and on leave of absence, 1836–37.

RESIGNED, MAY 31, 1837.

Civil History. — Farmer and Flour Manufacturer, 1837–41. Employed in the U. S. Ordnance Bureau, Washington, D. C., 1842–46.

Military History. — Re-appointed in the U. S. Army with the rank of

ADDITIONAL PAYMASTER, AUG. 4, 1846.

MAJOR, STAFF — PAYMASTER, JULY 21, 1847.

Served: in the Pay Department at New Orleans, La., 1847, — War with Mexico, 1847–48, — Washington, D. C., 1848–50, — Charleston, S. C., 1850–55, — San Diego, Cal., 1855–58, — and San Francisco, Cal., 1858–61.

Served during the Rebellion of the Seceding States, 1861–64, in charge

(LIEUT.-COL., STAFF — DEP. PAYMASTER-GEN., MAY 28, 1862)

of Paymasters in the Department of the Pacific, 1861–64.

Civil History. — Author of "Fountain Rock, Amy Wier, and other Metrical Pastimes," 1860.

DIED, APR. 4, 1864, AT SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.: AGED 50.

740..(Born Mas.).....**DANIEL RUGGLES**.....(Ap'd Mas.)..**34**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1829, to July 1, 1833, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 5TH INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1833.

Served: on frontier duty at Ft. Winnebago, Wis., 1833–35; on Recruiting service, 1835–36; on frontier duty at Ft. Howard, Wis., 1836–37;

(SECOND LIEUT., 5TH INFANTRY, FEB. 18, 1836)

on Recruiting service, 1837–38; on frontier duty at Ft. Winnebago, Wis., 1838, — and Ft. Snelling, Min., 1838; on Recruiting service, 1838–39;

(FIRST LIEUT., 5TH INFANTRY, JULY 7, 1838)

in the Florida War, 1839–40; on frontier duty at Ft. Crawford, Wis., 1840, — Mustering Militia, 1840, — Ft. Crawford, Wis., 1840–41, — Detroit Barracks, Mich., 1841–44, — and Ft. Wilkins, Mich., 1844–45, — in Military Occupation of Texas, 1845–46; in the War with Mexico, 1846, being engaged in the Battle of Palo Alto, May 8, 1846, — and Battle of Resaca-de-la-Palma, May 9, 1846; on Recruiting service, 1846–47; in

(CAPTAIN, 5TH INFANTRY, JUNE 18, 1846)

the War with Mexico, 1847–48, being engaged in the Siege of Vera Cruz, Mar. 9–29, 1847, — Capture of San Antonio, Aug. 20, 1847, — Battle of Churubusco, Aug. 20, 1847, — Battle of Molino del Rey, Sep. 8, 1847,

(BVT. MAJOR, AUG. 20, 1847, FOR GALLANT AND MERITORIOUS CONDUCT IN THE BATTLES OF CONTRERAS AND CHURUBUSCO, MEX.)

— Storming of Chapultepec, Sep. 13, 1847, — and Assault and Capture

(BVT. LIEUT.-COL., SEP. 13, 1847, FOR GALLANT AND MERITORIOUS CONDUCT IN THE BATTLE OF CHAPULTEPEC, MEX.)

of the City of Mexico, Sep. 13–14, 1847; in garrison at East Pascagoula, Mis., 1848, — on frontier duty at Ft. Washita, I. T., 1849–51, — Ft. Belknap, Tex., 1852–53, — Ft. McIntosh, Tex., 1853–54, — Scouting, 1854, — Ft. McIntosh, Tex., 1854–55, — Ft. Clark, Tex., 1855–56, — and Ft. McIntosh, Tex., 1856; on Courts Martial, 1856–57; in garrison at Jefferson Barracks, Mo., 1858; on Utah Expedition, 1858–59; and on sick leave of absence, 1859–61.

RESIGNED, MAY 7, 1861.

Joined in the Rebellion of 1861–66 against the United States.

Civil History. — Real Estate Broker, Fredericksburg, Va., 1866–74. Farmer and Ranchero, Palafox, Tex., 1874–78. Member of the Board of Visitors to the U. S. Military Academy, 1884. Residence, Fredericksburg, Va.

741..(Born Va.)....**JAMES W. ANDERSON**....(Ap'd Va.)..**35**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1829, to July 1, 1833, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 2D INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1833.

Served : in garrison at Hancock Barracks, Me., 1833–36, — Ft. Macki-
(SECOND LIEUT., 2D INFANTRY, JULY 3, 1836)
nac, Mich., 1836–37, — and Ft. Howard, Wis., 1837 ; in the Florida War against the Seminole Indians, 1837–42, being engaged in the Rout of
(FIRST LIEUT., 2D INFANTRY, NOV. 4, 1838)
Halleck Tustennuggee's Band in the Big Hammock of Pilaklikaha, Apr. 19, 1842 ; as Adjutant, 2d Infantry, at Regimental headquarters, May 15,
(BVT. CAPT., AUG. 23, 1841, FOR GALLANT AND SUCCESSFUL CONDUCT IN THE WAR AGAINST THE FLORIDA INDIANS)
1840, to Sep. 22, 1845 ; in garrison at Buffalo Barracks, N. Y., 1842–45, — Ft. Gratiot, Mich., 1845–46, — and Newport Barracks, Ky., 1846 ; and in the War with Mexico, 1846–47, being engaged in the Siege of Vera
(CAPTAIN, 2D INFANTRY, FEB. 16, 1847)
Cruz, Mar. 9–29, 1847, — Battle of Cerro Gordo, Apr. 17–18, 1847, — Skirmish of Ocalaca, Aug. 16, 1847, — Battle of Contreras, Apr. 19–20, 1847, where he was wounded (at San Geronimo, Aug. 19), — and Battle of Churubusco, Aug. 20, 1847, where he was Mortally Wounded "at the head of his company, nobly leading it a second time" in the Assault of the Convent, which had been strongly intrenched to serve as a citadel.
DIED OF WOUNDS, AUG. 22, 1847 : AGED 35.

742..(Born Pa.).....**JAMES McCLURE**.....(Ap'd Pa.)..**36**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1829, to July 1, 1833, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to
BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 1ST INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1833.
Served : on frontier duty at Ft. Snelling, Min., 1833–37 ; in garrison
(SECOND LIEUT., 1ST INFANTRY, SEP. 4, 1836)
at Jefferson Barracks, Mo., 1837 ; and in the Florida War, 1837–38.
DIED, APR. 5, 1838, AT FT. BROOKE, FLA. : AGED 26.

743..(Born N. Y.).....**J. CHESTER REID**.....(Ap'd N. Y.)..**37**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, Sep. 1, 1828, to July 1, 1833, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to
BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 5TH INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1833.
Served : on frontier duty at Ft. Winnebago, Wis., 1833–34 ; on sick leave of absence, 1834–36 ; on frontier duty at Ft. Winnebago, Wis.,
(SECOND LIEUT., 5TH INFANTRY, APR. 1, 1836)
1836–37, — and Ft. Snelling, Min., 1837 ; as Aide-de-Camp to Bvt. Maj.-
(FIRST LIEUT., 5TH INFANTRY, JULY 7, 1838)
General Gaines, Nov. 1, 1837, to Sep. 10, 1845 ; and in Military Occupation of Texas, 1845.
DIED, NOV. 17, 1845, AT WHEELING, VA. : AGED 31.

744..(Born D. C.).....**THOMAS JOHNS**.....(Ap'd D. C.)..**38**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1829, to July 1, 1833, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to
BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 2D INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1833.
Served : in garrison at Ft. Niagara, N. Y., 1833–34, — Ft. Gratiot, Mich., 1834–36, — and Hancock Barracks, Me., 1836–38 ; on the North-
(SECOND LIEUT., 2D INFANTRY, JULY 31, 1836)

ern Frontier at Sackett's Harbor, N. Y., 1838–39, during Canada Border
(FIRST LIEUT., 8TH INFANTRY, JULY 7, 1838)
Disturbances ; at the Military Academy as Asst. Instructor of Infantry Tactics, June 24 to Nov. 12, 1839 ; and on sick leave of absence, 1840–41.
RESIGNED, AUG. 31, 1841.

Civil History. — Merchant, Cumberland, Md., 1841–61.

Military History. — Served during the Rebellion of the Seceding
(COLONEL, 2D POTOMAC HOME BRIGADE, MARYLAND VOLUNTEERS, OCT. 11, 1861)
States, 1861–62, being engaged in guarding the Upper Potomac.
RESIGNED (SICK), JAN. 1, 1862.

Civil History. — Merchant, Cumberland, Md., 1862–78.
DIED, JUNE 17, 1882, AT CUMBERLAND, MD. : AGED 70.

745..(Born S. C.)..**BENJAMIN E. DU BOSE**...(Ap'd S. C.)..**39**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1829, to July 1, 1833, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to
BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 3D INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1833.
On graduation leave of absence, July 1 to Oct. 1, 1833, at the expiration of which, failing to report for duty, he was
DROPPED, OCT. 1, 1833.

Civil History. — Planter, Darlington District, S. C., 1833–37. School Teacher in Marengo and Choctaw Counties, Ala., 1837–61.
Joined in the Rebellion of 1861–66 against the United States.

Civil History. — Unknown, nothing authentic having been received.

746..(Born Ga.)....**JOSEPH P. HARRISON**....(Ap'd Ala.)..**40**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1829, to July 1, 1833, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to
BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 6TH INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1833.
Served : on frontier duty at Jefferson Barracks, Mo., 1833–36, — Ft.
(SECOND LIEUT., 6TH INFANTRY, NOV. 16, 1836)
Jesup, La., 1836, — Camp Sabine, La., 1836, — Caddo Country, 1836, — and Camp Sabine, La., 1836–37 ; in the Florida War, 1837–38 ; as Adju-
(FIRST LIEUT., 6TH INFANTRY, OCT. 31, 1837)
tant, 6th Infantry, at Regimental headquarters, July 1 to Sep. 19, 1838 ; and on leave of absence, 1838–39.
RESIGNED, JULY 22, 1839.
DIED, OCT. 11, 1839, AT NEW ORLEANS, LA. : AGED 27.

747..(Born N. C.).....**HENRY L. SCOTT**.....(Ap'd N. C.)..**41**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1829, to July 1, 1833, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to
BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 4TH INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1833.
Served : in garrison at Baton Rouge, La., 1833–34 ; in Chickasaw Nation, Ala., 1834 ; in garrison at Baton Rouge, La., 1834, — New Orleans, La., 1834–35, — Bay of St. Louis, Mis., 1835, — and New Orleans, La.,
(SECOND LIEUT., 4TH INFANTRY, JAN. 31, 1836)

1835–36; in the Florida War against the Seminole Indians, 1836–37; being engaged in the Skirmishes at Camp Izard, Feb. 27, 28, 29, and Mar. 5, 1836, — Action of Oloklikaha, Mar. 31, 1836, — and Combat of Thlonotosassa Creek, Apr. 27, 1836; in Operations in Cherokee Nation, 1837–38, while transferring the Indians to the West; as Adjutant, 4th

(FIRST LIEUT., 4TH INFANTRY, MAR. 1, 1838)

Infantry, at Regimental headquarters, Nov. 30, 1838, to Apr. 1, 1840; on frontier duty at Ft. Gibson, I. T., 1838–40; on Recruiting service, 1840–42; as Aide-de-Camp to Major-General Scott, General-in-Chief, June 14, 1842, to July 4, 1848; in the War with Mexico, 1847–48, as Chief of Staff of the General-in-Chief, Jan. 15, 1847, to Feb. 18, 1848,

(CAPTAIN, 4TH INFANTRY, FEB. 16, 1847)

being engaged in the Siege of Vera Cruz, Mar. 9–29, 1847, — Battle of Cerro Gordo, Apr. 17–18, 1847, — Pedregal, Aug. 19, 1847, — Battle of Churubusco, Aug. 20, 1847, — and Operations before and Capture of the

(BVT. MAJOR, AUG. 20, 1847, FOR GALLANT AND MERITORIOUS CONDUCT IN THE BATTLES OF CONTRERAS AND CHURUBUSCO, MEX.)

City of Mexico, Sep. 13–14, 1847; as Acting Judge Advocate of the

(BVT. LIEUT.-COL., SEP. 13, 1847, FOR GALLANT AND MERITORIOUS CONDUCT IN THE BATTLE OF CHAPULTEPEC, MEX.)

Eastern Division, Sep. 1, 1848, to Sep. 26, 1850; as Senior Aide-de-Camp to Major-General Scott, Sep. 26, 1850, to May 14, 1861; in command at

(LIEUT.-COL., STAFF — AIDE-DE-CAMP TO THE GENERAL-IN-CHIEF, MAR. 7, 1855)

New York city, Aug. 8 to Oct. 30, 1861; and on leave of absence in

(COL., STAFF — INSPECTOR-GENERAL, U. S. ARMY, MAY 14, 1861)

(RETIRED FROM ACTIVE SERVICE, OCT. 30, 1861, FOR DISABILITY RESULTING FROM LONG AND FAITHFUL SERVICE, AND FROM INJURIES AND EXPOSURE IN THE LINE OF DUTY)

Europe, Oct. 30, 1861, to Oct. 31, 1862.

RESIGNED, OCT. 31, 1862.

Civil History. — Author of a "Military Dictionary," 1861.

DIED, JAN. 6, 1886, AT NEW YORK CITY: AGED 71.

748..(Born D. C.)..**AUGUSTINE F. SEATON**..(Ap'd D. C.)..**42**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1828, to July 1, 1833, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 7TH INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1833.

Served: on detached service at New York, 1833–34; and on frontier

(SECOND LIEUT., 7TH INFANTRY, SEP. 28, 1834)

duty at Ft. Coffee, I. T., 1834, — and at Ft. Gibson, I. T., 1834–35.

DIED, NOV. 18, 1835, AT FT. GIBSON, I. T.: AGED 25.

749..(Born Ga.)...**NATHANIEL W. HUNTER**...(Ap'd Ga.)..**43**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1829, to July 1, 1833, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 7TH INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1833.

On authorized graduation leave of absence, July 1, 1833, to Oct. 1, 1833.

RESIGNED, OCT. 1, 1833.

Re-appointed in the United States Army with the rank of

SECOND LIEUT., 2D DRAGOONS, OCT. 6, 1836.

Served : in the Florida War against the Seminole Indians, 1837–38,
(FIRST LIEUT., 2D DRAGOONS, DEC. 31, 1837)
1838–39, 1839–40, 1840–41, 1842, being engaged in the Action of Locha-Hatchee, Jan. 24, 1838, — and in the Expedition to the Everglades, Dec. 3–20, 1840 ; on Recruiting service, 1842 ; on frontier duty at Ft.
(CAPTAIN, 2D DRAGOONS, APR. 1, 1841)
Jesup, La., 1842–43, 1844, 1845 ; in Military Occupation of Texas, 1845 ; in the War with Mexico, 1846, being engaged in the Battle of Palo Alto, May 8, 1846, — and Battle of Resaca-de-la-Palma, May 9, 1846 ; on Recruiting service, 1846 ; in the War with Mexico, 1846–48 ; and on sick leave of absence, 1848–49.

DIED, APR. 25, 1849, AT CHARLESTON, S. C. : AGED 38.

CLASS OF 1834.

750..(Born N. Y.)...**WILLIAM D. FRASER***....(Ap'd N. Y.)..**1**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1830, to July 1, 1834, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., CORPS OF ENGINEERS, JULY 1, 1834.

Served : as Asst. Engineer on Survey of the Boundary Line between Ohio and Michigan, 1834–36, — on improvement of Hudson River, N. Y., 1836, — and in the construction of Ft. Monroe, Va., 1836–37 ; as Super-
(SECOND LIEUT., CORPS OF ENGINEERS, SEP. 21, 1836)
intending Engineer of the improvement of Lake Ontario harbors, 1837–39 ;
(CAPTAIN, CORPS OF ENGINEERS, JULY 7, 1838)
as Aide-de-Camp to Bvt. Brig.-General Wool, Jan. 17 to Apr. 30, 1848, during Canada Border Disturbances ; as Superintending Engineer of repairs of Ft. Niagara, N. Y., 1839–46, — and of the construction of Ft. Porter, N. Y., 1841–46 ; in the War with Mexico, 1846–48, repairing and reorganizing the defenses of Monterey, — as Aide-de-Camp to Brig.-General Wool, Nov. 14, 1847, to Mar. 24, 1848, — and as Superintending Engineer of the repairs of Ft. Brown, Tex., 1848 ; in charge of the En-
(BVT. MAJOR, MAY 30, 1848, FOR GALLANT AND MERITORIOUS CONDUCT WHILE SERVING IN THE ENEMY'S COUNTRY)
gineer Agency in New York for the purchase and shipment of materials for the erection of fortifications, 1848–54 ; and as Superintending Engineer of the removal of rocks at Hell Gate, East River, N. Y., 1852–54, — of the construction of Ft. Richmond, N. Y., and repairs of fortifications of New York harbor, 1853–54, — of the improvement of the Hudson River, N. Y., 1853–54, — of Harbor Improvements on the New Jersey Coast, 1854, — of Light-houses in the New York District, and on Lake Champlain, 1853–54, — of construction of Ft. Knox, Me., 1854–55, — of improvement of the navigation of Lake Champlain, 1854–55, — of repairs of the defenses of Portland harbor, Me., 1854–55, — and of the construction of Ft. Taylor, Key West harbor, Fla., 1856.

DIED, JULY 27, 1856, AT KEY WEST, FLA. : AGED 42.

* Named WILLIAM SMITH when he was graduated.

751..(Born Ky.).....**JOHN SANDERS**.....(Ap'd Fla.)..**2**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1830, to July 1, 1834, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., CORPS OF ENGINEERS, JULY 1, 1834.

Served : as Asst. Engineer in building the Cumberland Road in Indi-

ana, 1834–36, — and of repairs of fortification in New York harbor, 1836 ;

(SECOND LIEUT., CORPS OF ENGINEERS, SEP. 30, 1836)

as Superintending Engineer of the improvement of the Ohio River above Louisville, Ky., 1836–41 — of the repairs of the interior defenses of

(CAPTAIN, CORPS OF ENGINEERS, DEC. 7, 1838)

New York harbor, 1841–44 ; as Member of the Board of Visitors to the U. S. Military Academy, 1844 ; in the Military Occupation of Texas, 1845 ; in procuring transport steamers on the Western Rivers, 1846 ; in the War with Mexico, 1846–47, being engaged in the Battle of Monterey, Sep. 21–23, 1846, — and Siege of Vera Cruz, Mar. 9–29, 1847 ; and as

(BVT. MAJOR, SEP. 23, 1846, FOR GALLANT AND MERITORIOUS CONDUCT IN THE SEVERAL CONFLICTS AT MONTEREY, MEX.)

Superintending Engineer of the construction of Ft. Delaware, Del., 1847–56, — of the repairs of Harbor Improvements in Delaware River and Bay, 1852–56, — of Ft. Taylor, Key West harbor, Fla., 1856–57, — and Ft. Delaware, Del., 1857–58.

DIED, JULY 29, 1858, AT FT. DELAWARE, DEL. : AGED 48.

752. (Born Ky.) . . **HARRISON LOUGHBOROUGH** . . (Ap'd Ky.) . **3**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1830, to July 1, 1834, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 2D ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1834.
SECOND LIEUT., 2D ARTILLERY, OCT. 10, 1834.

Served on Engineer duty (Cumberland Road), Aug. 22, 1834, to June 28, 1836.

DIED, JULY 20, 1836, IN SHELBY COUNTY, KY. : AGED 23.

753. . (Born Ky.) . . . . . **THOMAS A. MORRIS** . . . . . (Ap'd Ind.) . . **4**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1830, to July 1, 1834, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 1ST ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1834.

Served : in garrison at Ft. Monroe, Va., 1834–35, — and Ft. King, Fla.,

(SECOND LIEUT., 1ST ARTILLERY, FEB. 25, 1835)

1835 ; and on Engineer duty, Mar. 16, 1835, to Jan. 21, 1836.

RESIGNED, APR. 13, 1836.

Civil History. — Resident Engineer of Canals and Railroads in the service of the State of Indiana, 1836–41. Chief Engineer of Madison and Indianapolis Railroad, Ind., 1841–47, — of Terre Haute and Richmond Railroad, Ind., 1847–52, — of Indianapolis, Ind., and Bellefontaine, O., Railroad, 1847–52, — and of Indianapolis, Ind., and Cincinnati, O., Railroad, 1852–54. President of Indianapolis and Cincinnati Railroad, 1854–57, — and of Indianapolis, Ind., Pittsburg, Pa., and Cleveland, O., Railroad, 1859–61.

Military History. — Served during the Rebellion of the Seceding States, 1861 : in the Western Virginia Campaign of 1861, being engaged

(BRIG.-GENERAL, IND. STATE VOLUNTEERS, APR. 27, 1861)

in the Action of Philippi, June 3, 1861, — Skirmish of Laurel Hill, July 9, 1861, — and march to Carrick's Ford, reaching there at the close of the combat of July 13, 1861.

MUSTERED OUT OF SERVICE, JULY 27, 1861.

Civil History. — Declined appointment to Brig.-General, U. S. Volunteers, Sep. 20, 1862, and to Major-General, Oct. 25, 1862. Chief En-

gineer, Indianapolis and Cincinnati Railroad, 1861–68. President, Indianapolis and St. Louis Railroad, 1868–71. Receiver, Indianapolis, Lafayette, and Cincinnati Railroad, 1871–73. Member of State House Commission for the erection of a new Capitol for Indiana, 1877–88. President of the Indianapolis Water Company, since 1888. Residence, Indianapolis, Ind.

754..(Born Md.).....**ROBERT T. P. ALLEN**.....(Ap'd Md.)..**5**

Military History.—Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1830, to July 1, 1834, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 1ST ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1834.

Served: on Topographical duty, July 17, 1834, to Jan. 22, 1836; and

(SECOND LIEUT., 1ST ARTILLERY, APR. 6, 1835)

in the Florida War against the Seminole Indians, 1836, being engaged in the Skirmish of Okihumphy Swamp, Mar. 30, 1836.

RESIGNED, JULY 31, 1836.

Civil History.—Civil Engineer in the service of the United States, superintending Harbor Improvements on Lake Erie, 1836–38. Clergyman, Methodist Episcopal Church, 1838–61. Professor of Mathematics and Civil Engineering in Allegheny College, Pa., 1838–41,—and in Transylvania University, Ky., 1841–45. Superintendent, with the rank of Colonel, of Kentucky Military Institute, Franklin's Springs, Ky., 1847, 1849, and 1851–54. Special Agent of the United States Post Office Department for California and Oregon 1849–50. Proprietor and Publisher, at San Francisco, Cal., of "Pacific News," 1850. Superintendent of Bastrop Military Institute, Tex., 1857–61.

Joined in the Rebellion of 1861–66 against the United States.

Civil History.—Superintendent of Kentucky Military Institute, 1866 to 1874.

DROWNED, JULY 9, 1888, IN KISSIMMEE RIVER, FLA.: AGED 75.

755..(Born N. Y.).....**JAMES DUNCAN**.....(Ap'd N. Y.)..**6**

Military History.—Cadet at the Military Academy, Jan. 1, 1831, to July 1, 1834, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 2D ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1834.

Served: in garrison at Savannah, Ga., 1834–35; at the Military Academy as Asst. Professor of Mathematics, Feb. 14 to Apr. 7, 1835; in the

(SECOND LIEUT., 2D ARTILLERY, NOV. 17, 1834)

Florida War against the Seminole Indians, 1835–36, being engaged in the Skirmishes at Camp Izard, Feb. 27, 28, and 29, 1836, when he was wounded,—and Action of Oloklikaha, Mar. 31, 1836; in charge of pub-

(FIRST LIEUT., 2D ARTILLERY, NOV. 30, 1836)

lic property at Ft. Trumbull, Ct., 1836–37; in the Florida War, 1838; in the Cherokee Nation, 1838, while transferring the Indians to the West; on the Northern Frontier during Canada Border Disturbances, at Cleveland, Ohio, 1838,—and Buffalo, N. Y., 1838–39; at the Camp of Instruction near Trenton, N. J., 1839; on the Northern Frontier, at Buffalo, N. Y., 1839–41, during the Canada Border Disturbances; in garrison at Ft. Hamilton, N. Y., 1841–42,—Ft. Adams, R. I., 1842–43,—and Ft. Hamilton, N. Y., 1843–45; in Military Occupation of Texas, 1845–46;

(CAPTAIN, 2D ARTILLERY, APR. 16, 1846, TO JAN. 26, 1849)

in the War with Mexico, 1846–48, being engaged in the Battle of Palo

(BVT. MAJOR, MAY 8, 1846, FOR GALLANT CONDUCT IN THE BATTLE OF PALO ALTO, TEX.)

Alto, May 8, 1846, — Battle of Resaca-de-la-Palma, May 9, 1846, —
(BVT. LIEUT.-COL., MAY 9, 1846, FOR GALLANT AND HIGHLY DISTINGUISHED CONDUCT IN THE BATTLE OF RESACA-DE-LA-PALMA, TEX.)
Battle of Monterey, Sep. 21–23, 1846, — Siege of Vera Cruz, Mar. 9–29, 1847, — Battle of Cerro Gordo, Apr. 17–18, 1847, — Skirmish of Ama-
(BVT. COLONEL, SEP. 23, 1846, FOR GALLANT AND MERITORIOUS CONDUCT IN THE BATTLE OF MONTEREY, MEX.)
zoque, May 14, 1847, — Capture of San Antonio, Aug. 20, 1847, — Battle of Churubusco, Aug. 20, 1847, — Battle of Molino del Rey, Sep. 8, 1847, — Storming of Chapultepec, Sep. 13, 1847, — and Assault and Capture
(COLONEL, STAFF — INSPECTOR-GENERAL, JAN. 26, 1849)
of the City of Mexico, Sep. 13–14, 1847; and on Inspection duties, 1849.
DIED, JULY 3, 1849, AT MOBILE, ALA.: AGED 36.

756..(Born Mo.).....**EPAPHRAS KIBBY**.....(Ap'd O.)..**7**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1830, to July 1, 1834, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to
BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 1ST ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1834.
Served: in garrison at Ft. Trumbull, Ct., 1834–35; and on Commis-
(SECOND LIEUT., 2D ARTILLERY, JAN. 25, 1835)
(FIRST LIEUT., 2D ARTILLERY, DEC. 31, 1836)
sary and Quartermaster duty at Ft. Morgan, Ala., 1835–37.
RESIGNED, DEC. 31, 1837.

Civil History. — Editor of "Mobile Register," Ala., 1837–39. City Engineer of Mobile, Ala., 1838–39. Asst. Adjutant-General, Alabama Militia, 1838–39. Agent of the U. S. Quartermaster Department, 1837–39.
DIED, SEP. 15, 1839, AT MOBILE, ALA.: AGED 28.

757..(Born Pa.)....**WILLIAM T. STOCKTON**.....(Ap'd Pa.)..**8**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1830, to July 1, 1834, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to
BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 2D ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1834.
Served: in garrison at Augusta Arsenal, Ga., 1834–35, — and Ft. Wood,
(SECOND LIEUT., 2D ARTILLERY, DEC. 1, 1834)
La., 1835; on Topographical duty, Sep. 30, 1835, to Jan. 21, 1836; and in the Florida War, 1836, being engaged in the Skirmishes at Camp Izard, Feb. 27, 28, 29, and Mar. 5, 1836, — and Action of Oloklikaha, Mar. 31, 1836.
RESIGNED, MAY 31, 1836.

Civil History. — Planter, Quincy, Fla., 1836–58. Colonel, Florida Militia, 1845–58. Member of the Board of Visitors to the U. S. Military Academy, 1849.
Joined in the Rebellion of 1861–66 against the United States.
DIED, MAR. 4, 1869, AT QUINCY, FLA.: AGED 56.

758..(Born Va.).....**JOHN F. LEE***.....(Ap'd Va.)..**9**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1830, to July 1, 1834, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to
BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 1ST ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1834.
Served: in garrison at Ft. Monroe, Va., 1834–36, — and Ft. Macon, N. C.,
(SECOND LIEUT., 1ST ARTILLERY, JULY 23, 1835)

1836 ; in the Florida War against the Seminole Indians, as Captain of Reg. Mounted Creek Volunteers, Dec. 1, 1836, to July 31, 1837, being engaged

(FIRST LIEUT., 1ST ARTILLERY, DEC. 17, 1836)

in the Skirmish of Aapopka Lake, Jan. 23, 1837, — and of Hatcheluskee

(BVT. CAPT, JAN. 27, 1837, FOR GALLANTRY AND GOOD CONDUCT IN THE WAR AGAINST THE FLORIDA INDIANS)

Creek, Jan. 27, 1837 ; on Ordnance duty, Oct. 3, 1837, to July 9, 1838 ;

(FIRST LIEUT., ORDNANCE, JULY 9, 1838)

as Asst. Ordnance Officer at New York Ordnance Depot, 1838 ; in command of Little Rock Arsenal, Ark., 1838–40 ; as Asst. Ordnance Officer at Washington Arsenal, D. C., 1841–42, 1842–43, 1844–45, — and in Ordnance Bureau, Washington, D. C., 1845 ; in command of Ft. Monroe Ar-

(CAPTAIN, ORDNANCE, MAR. 3, 1847)

senal, Va., 1846–47, — of Washington Arsenal, D. C., 1847–48, — and of St. Louis Arsenal, Mo., 1848 ; inspecting muskets at Arsenals, 1848 ; and as Judge Advocate of the Army, headquarters at Washington, D. C.,

(BVT.-MAJOR, STAFF — JUDGE ADVOCATE OF THE ARMY, MAR. 2, 1849)

Mar. 2, 1849, to Sep. 4, 1862.

RESIGNED, SEP. 4, 1862.

Civil History. — Farmer, Prince George's County, Md., 1862–84. Member of the Convention to amend the Constitution of the State of Maryland, 1867. Member of the Senate of the State of Maryland, 1868–69.

DIED, JUNE 17, 1884, AT ST. LOUIS, MO. : AGED 71.

* Was the grandson of RICHARD HENRY LEE, President of the Continental Congress.

759..(Born Mas.)....**CHARLES A. FULLER**....(Ap'd Mas.)..**10**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1830, to July 1, 1834, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 3D ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1834.

Served : on Topographical duty, Aug. 22, 1834, to Jan. 21, 1836 ; in

(SECOND LIEUT., 2D ARTILLERY, FEB. 28, 1835)

(FIRST LIEUT., 2D ARTILLERY, DEC. 31, 1836)

the Florida War against the Seminole Indians, 1836 ; and on leave of absence, 1836–37.

RESIGNED, MAY 31, 1837.

Civil History. — Civil Engineer in the service of the United States, 1837–53. U. S. Agent and Engineer for the Improvement of the Ohio River, 1853–55, — of Red River, 1854–58, — and of the Mouths of the Mississippi River, 1858–61. Aide-de-Camp, with the rank of Colonel, to the Governor of Kentucky, Jan. 12, 1854, to Sep. 4, 1855.

Joined in the Rebellion of 1861–66 against the United States.

Civil History. — Civil Engineer since 1866. President of the Board of Street Commissioners of Louisville, Ky., 1868–69. Residence, Appleton, Wis.

760..(Born Ky.).....**CURRAN POPE**.....(Ap'd Ky.)..**11**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1830, to July 1, 1834, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 2D ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1834.

Served in garrison at Ft. Jackson, Mississippi River, La., 1834.

RESIGNED, DEC. 31, 1834.

Civil History. — Asst. Engineer of the Improvement of the Kentucky and Cumberland Rivers, 1835. Clerk of the Court of Common Pleas of Jefferson County, Ky., 1838–61.

Military History. — Served during the Rebellion of the Seceding States, 1861–62 : in Operations in the Department of the Cumberland,

(COLONEL, 15TH KENTUCKY VOLUNTEERS, DEC. 3, 1861)

Oct. 13, 1861, to Oct. 8, 1862, being engaged in the Battle of Chaplin Hills, near Perrysville, Ky., Oct. 8, 1862, where he was Mortally Wounded.

DIED OF WOUNDS, NOV. 5, 1862, AT DANVILLE, KY. : AGED 49.

761..(Born D. C.)..**CHARLES B. CHALMERS**..(Ap'd D. C.)..**12**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1829, to July 1, 1834, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 1ST ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1834.

Served : in garrison at Ft. Washington, Md., 1834–35, — and Washing-

(SECOND LIEUT., 1ST ARTILLERY, AUG. 31, 1835)

ton Arsenal, D. C., 1835–36 ; in the Florida War, 1836 ; in Ordnance

(FIRST LIEUT., 1ST ARTILLERY, FEB. 4, 1837)

Bureau, Washington, D. C., July 25, 1836, to Feb. 9, 1837 ; and in the Florida War, 1837.

DROPPED, FEB. 14, 1838.

762..(Born Ten.)....**JOHN E. HENDERSON**....(Ap'd Ten.)..**13**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1830, to July 1, 1834, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 2D ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1834.

Served : on Topographical duty, July 17, 1834, to Jan. 22, 1836 ; and

(SECOND LIEUT., 2D ARTILLERY, DEC. 31, 1834)

in the Florida War against the Seminole Indians, 1836, being engaged in the Skirmishes at Camp Izard, Feb. 27, 28, 29, and Mar. 5, 1836.

DIED, JULY 4, 1836, AT WASHINGTON, D. C. : AGED 23.

763..(Born N. Y.)....**MORRIS S. MILLER**.....(Ap'd N. Y.)..**14**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1830, to July 1, 1834, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 3D ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1834.

Served : in garrison at Ft. Monroe, Va., 1834–35 ; in the Florida War,

(SECOND LIEUT., 3D ARTILLERY, DEC. 28, 1835)

1835–36 ; on Recruiting service, 1836–37 ; on Ordnance duty, Mar. 7,

(FIRST LIEUT., 3D ARTILLERY, AUG. 19, 1837)

1837, to June 19, 1838 ; as Chief Quartermaster and Commissary on the Northern Frontier, 1838, during Canada Border Disturbances ; in the Florida War, 1839 ; as Aide-de-Camp to Major-General Macomb. General-in-Chief, Jan. 1, 1839, to June 25, 1841 ; in garrison at Ft. McHenry, Md., 1841–43, — and at Ft. Moultrie, S. C., 1843–45 ; on Quartermaster

(CAPT., STAFF — ASST. QUARTERMASTER, SEP. 13, 1845)

duty at Charleston, S. C., 1845–46, — War with Mexico, 1846, — Phila-

(CAPTAIN, 3D ARTILLERY, MAY 11 TO JUNE 18, 1846)

delphia, Pa., 1847, — New York city, 1847–48, — War with Mexico, 1848,

— East Pascagoula, Mis., 1848, — San Antonio, Tex., 1848–49, — Savannah, Ga., 1849–52, — Pacific Division (California), 1852–55, — and Washington, D. C., in charge of the Clothing Bureau, 1855–61.

Served during the Rebellion of the Seceding States, 1861–66 : in forwarding troops from Annapolis, Md., for the Defense of Washington,

(MAJOR, STAFF — QUARTERMASTER, MAY 17, 1861)

D. C., Apr., 1861 ; as Quartermaster at Washington, D. C., 1861–64 ; as Member of Board for the examination of Quartermasters in the Depart-

(BVT. LIEUT.-COL., BVT. COLONEL, AND BVT. BRIG.-GENERAL, U. S. ARMY, MAR. 13, 1865, FOR FAITHFUL AND MERITORIOUS SERVICES IN THE QUARTERMASTER'S DEPARTMENT DURING THE REBELLION)

ments of Arkansas and of the Gulf, Sep. 23, 1864, to Mar. 21, 1865, and in the Department of the East and of Washington, Mar. 21 to June 9, 1866.

Served : in Quartermaster-General's office at Washington, D. C., June 9,

(LIEUT.-COL., STAFF — DEP. QUARTERMASTER-GEN., JULY 29, 1866.)

1866, to Mar. 5, 1869 ; and as Chief Quartermaster of Fifth Military District, Tex., Apr. 19, 1869, to Feb. 28, 1870.

DIED, MAR. 11, 1870, AT NEW ORLEANS, LA. : AGED 56.

764..(Born Va.)....**WILLIAM G. FREEMAN**....(Ap'd Va.)..**15**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1830, to July 1, 1834, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 4TH ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1834.

Served : in garrison at Ft. Monroe, Va., 1834–35, — and at Ft. Hamilton, N. Y., 1835–36 ; in Operations in the Creek Nation, 1836 ; in the

(SECOND LIEUT., 4TH ARTILLERY, JUNE 8, 1836)

Florida War against the Seminole Indians, 1836–38, as Captain and Adjutant of the Regiment of Mounted Creek Volunteers, Sep. 1, 1836, to

(BVT. FIRST LIEUT., NOV. 21, 1836, FOR GALLANTRY ON SEVERAL OCCASIONS, AND UNIFORM GOOD CONDUCT IN THE WAR AGAINST THE FLORIDA INDIANS)

June 1, 1837, and Major, June 1 to Sep. 18, 1837, — and as Aide-de-Camp to Major-General Jesup, Dec. 29, 1837, to June 7, 1838, being engaged in the Battle of Wahoo Swamp, Nov. 21, 1836, and Combat at Locha-Hatchee, Jan. 24, 1838 ; in garrison at Ft. Columbus, N. Y.,

(FIRST LIEUT., 4TH ARTILLERY, JULY 7, 1838)

1838 ; in the Florida War, 1838–39 ; in garrison at Ft. Columbus, N. Y., 1839 ; on Recruiting service, 1839–40 ; at the Military Academy, as Asst. Instructor of Infantry and Artillery Tactics, Feb. 8, 1840, to Aug. 6, 1841 ; on Northern Frontier, at Buffalo, N. Y., 1841, during Canada Bor-

(BVT. CAPT., STAFF — ASST. ADJUTANT-GENERAL, DEC. 2, 1841)

der Disturbances ; as Assistant in the Adjutant-General's Office, Washington, D. C., 1841–49 ; as Member of the Board of Visitors to the Mili-

(BVT. MAJOR, STAFF — ASST. ADJUTANT-GENERAL, MAR. 3, 1847)

tary Academy, 1843 ; as Chief of the Staff of Lieut.-General Scott, com-

(CAPTAIN, 4TH ARTILLERY, SEP. 13, 1847)

manding the Army, headquarters at New York, May 11, 1849, to Nov. 5,

(BVT. LIEUT.-COL., MAY 30, 1848, FOR MERITORIOUS CONDUCT, PARTICULARLY IN THE PERFORMANCE OF HIS DUTY IN THE PROSECUTION OF THE WAR WITH MEXICO)

1850 ; as Asst. Adjutant-General at Washington, D. C., Nov. 5, 1850, to

Apr. 22, 1853; on a tour of inspection of the Department of Texas, Apr. 22 to Nov. 16, 1853; and as Assistant in the Adjutant-General's Office at Washington, D. C., Nov. 16, 1853, to Mar. 31, 1856.

RESIGNED, MAR. 31, 1856.

Civil History. — Resided in Washington, D. C., 1856–66.

DIED, NOV. 12, 1866, AT CORNWALL, PA.: AGED 51.

765..(Born N. H.)..**LOUIS A. B. WALBACH**...(Ap'd N. H.)..**16**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1830, to July 1, 1834, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 1ST ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1834.

Served: in garrison at Ft. Severn, Md., 1834–35; on Engineer duty,

(SECOND LIEUT., 1ST ARTILLERY, OCT. 1, 1835)

May 15, 1835, to Oct. 15, 1836; in the Florida War, 1836–37; on Ord-

(FIRST LIEUT., 1ST ARTILLERY, MAY 19, 1837)

nance duty, Dec. 4, 1837, to Aug. 15, 1838; as Assistant Ordnance Officer

(TRANSFERRED, AUG. 15, 1838, TO BE SECOND LIEUT., ORDNANCE, OCT. 1, 1835)

at Allegheny Arsenal, Pa., 1838; in the Florida War, at Ft. Brooke Ordnance Depot, 1838–39; as Assistant in the Ordnance Bureau at Washington, D. C., 1839–40; in command of North Carolina Arsenal,

(FIRST LIEUT., ORDNANCE, NOV. 16, 1839)

1841–42; as Asst. Ordnance Officer at Ft. Monroe Arsenal, Va., 1842, 1843–44; as Assistant to the Chief of Ordnance in examining cannon at forts and depots, 1844–48; in command of Frankford Arsenal, Pa., 1848;

(CAPTAIN, ORDNANCE, MAR. 25, 1848)

on Foundry duty, 1848–49, 1850, 1850–53; and in command of Pikesville Arsenal, Md., 1849–53.

DIED, JUNE 26, 1853, NEAR BALTIMORE, MD.: AGED 39.

766..(Born N. Y.)....**JAMES F. COOPER**.....(Ap'd Pa.)..**17**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1830, to July 1, 1834, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 3D INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1834.

Served: on Topographical duty, July 17, 1834, to Oct. 15, 1836; and

(SECOND LIEUT., 3D INFANTRY, MAY 31, 1835)

on frontier duty at Ft. Jesup, La., 1836–37.

RESIGNED, AUG. 25, 1837.

Civil History. — Asst. Engineer of Western and Atlantic Railroad Ga., 1837–43. Superintendent of the U. S. Branch Mint, at Dahlonega, Ga., 1843–49. Chief Engineer of Mobile and Girard Railroad, Ala., 1850–51, — and of Memphis, Ten., and Charleston, S. C., Railroad, 1851–54. Superintendent of Western and Atlantic Railroad, from Atlanta, Ga., to Chattanooga, Ten., 1854–56. Chief Engineer of Vicksburg, Shreveport, and Texas Railroad, 1856–61.

Joined in the Rebellion of 1861–66 against the United States.

Civil History. — Engineer and Surveyor at Atlanta, Ga., 1866–69.

DIED, OCT. 14, 1869, AT ATLANTA, GA.: AGED 55.

767..(Born Mo.).....**GABRIEL R. PAUL**.....(Ap'd Mo.)..**18**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1829, to July 1, 1834, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 7TH INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1834.

Served : on frontier duty at Red Fork, I. T., 1834, — Ft. Gibson, I. T.,

(SECOND LIEUT., 7TH INFANTRY, DEC. 4, 1834)

1834–35, 1835–36, — Camp Nacogdoches, I. T., 1836, — and Ft. Gibson,

(FIRST LIEUT., 7TH INFANTRY, OCT. 26, 1836)

I. T., 1836–39 ; in the Florida War, 1839 ; on Recruiting service, 1839–42 ; in the Florida War, serving against the Seminole Indians, a Camp of whom he surprised near Tampa Bay, 1842 ; in garrison at Ft. Brooke, Fla., 1842–43, — New Orleans Barracks, La., 1843, — Baton Rouge, La., 1843, — New Orleans Barracks, La., 1843–44, — Pass Christian, Mis., 1844, — New Orleans Barracks, La., 1844–45, — Pass Christian, Mis., 1845, — and New Orleans Barracks, La., 1845–46 ; in the War with Mexico, 1846–48, being engaged in the Defense of Ft. Brown, May 3–9,

(CAPTAIN, 7TH INFANTRY, APR. 19, 1846)

1846, — Battle of Monterey, Sep. 21–23, 1846, — Siege of Vera Cruz, Mar. 9–29, 1847, — Battle of Cerro Gordo, Apr. 17–18, 1847, where he was wounded, — Battle of Contreras, Aug. 19–20, 1847, — Battle of Churubusco, Aug. 20, 1847, — Battle of Molino del Rey, Sep. 8, 1847, —

(BVT. MAJOR, SEP. 13, 1847, FOR GALLANT AND MERITORIOUS CONDUCT IN THE BATTLE OF CHAPULTEPEC, MEX.)

and Storming of Chapultepec, Sep. 13, 1847 ;* on Recruiting service, 1848–50 ; in garrison at Ft. Leavenworth, Kan., 1850, — and Jefferson Barracks, Mo., 1850–51 ; on frontier duty at Corpus Christi, Tex., 1851, 1851–52, — Expedition on the Rio Grande, Tex., 1852, in which he captured Caravajal and his gang of desperadoes, Apr. 1, 1852, — Ringgold Barracks, Tex., 1852–53, — Ft. Belknap, Tex., 1854–56, 1856–58 ; in garrison at Jefferson Barracks, Mo., 1858 ; and on frontier duty on Utah Expedition, 1858–59, 1859–60, being engaged in the Surprise and Capture of a camp of hostile Indians on Spanish Fork, Utah, Oct. 2, 1858, —

(MAJOR, 8TH INFANTRY, APR. 22, 1861)

March to New Mexico, 1860, — Albuquerque, N. M., 1860–61, — and Ft. Fillmore, N. M., 1861.

Served during the Rebellion of the Seceding States, 1861–66 : in Op-

(COLONEL, 4TH NEW MEXICO VOLUNTEERS, DEC. 9, 1861)

erations in New Mexico, 1861–62, being engaged as Acting Inspector-General of the Department of New Mexico, July 13 to Dec. 13, 1861, — in command of Ft. Union, Dec. 13, 1861, to Mar., 1862, and of Southern Military District of New Mexico, Mar. to Sep., 1862, — and in the Skirmish

(LIEUT.-COLONEL, 8TH INFANTRY, APR. 25, 1862)

(BRIG.-GENERAL, U. S. VOLUNTEERS, SEP. 5, 1862, TO MAR. 22, 1863)

at Peralta, N. M., Apr. 15, 1862 ; in the Rappahannock Campaign (Army of the Potomac), Dec., 1862–May, 1863, being engaged in the Battle of

(BRIG.-GENERAL, U. S. VOLUNTEERS, APR. 18, 1863)

Fredericksburg, Dec. 13, 1862, — and Battle of Chancellorsville, May 2–4, 1863 ; and in the Pennsylvania Campaign (Army of the Potomac), June–July, 1863, being engaged in the Battle of Gettysburg, July 1, 1863, where he was severely wounded by a rifle-ball, depriving him of the sight of both eyes ; † on leave of absence, disabled by wound, July 1, 1863, to

(COLONEL, 14TH INFANTRY, SEP. 13, 1864)

Feb. 16, 1865 ; as Deputy Governor of the "Soldiers' Home," near Washington, D. C., Feb. 16 to June 13, 1865 ; in charge of the Military Asylum

(RETIRED FROM ACTIVE SERVICE, AS BRIG.-GENERAL, FEB. 16, 1865, FOR DISABILITY RESULTING FROM WOUNDS RECEIVED IN THE LINE OF DUTY)

(BVT. BRIG.-GENERAL, U. S. ARMY, FEB. 23, 1865, FOR GALLANT AND MERITORIOUS SERVICES AT THE BATTLE OF GETTYSBURG, PA.)

at Harrodsburg, Ky., June 13, 1865, to Dec. 20, 1866.

MUSTERED OUT OF VOLUNTEER SERVICE, SEP. 1, 1866.

DIED, MAY 5, 1886, AT WASHINGTON, D. C. : AGED 75.

* Presented, 1848, by the citizens of St. Louis, Mo., with a sword, for his services in Mexico.
† Presented, Nov., 1863, by the 29th New Jersey Volunteers, with a magnificent jeweled sword for his gallant services.

BIOGRAPHICAL SKETCH.

BRIGADIER-GENERAL GABRIEL R. PAUL was born, Mar. 22, 1813, at St. Louis, Mo. He was of French descent, both his grandfather and father having held commissions under Napoleon I. The former ancestor built the first house erected in St. Louis.

After Paul's graduation at the Military Academy, July 1, 1834, he performed the usual duties of an Infantry officer, and in 1842 took part in the War against the Seminole Indians, a camp of whom he surprised near Tampa Bay, Fla.

In the War against Mexico, 1846–47, Paul was engaged in the Defense of Ft. Brown, Battle of Monterey, Siege of Vera Cruz, and the Battles of Cerro Gordo (where wounded), Contreras, Churubusco, Molino del Rey, and Chapultepec, for which last he was brevetted Major, and, for his gallant and meritorious services in the War, received from the citizens of St. Louis a sword of honor. Upon the termination of hostilities, he was again on frontier duty, in the course of which he was engaged on several expeditions, — in 1852 capturing on the Rio Grande the noted Caravajal and his band of desperadoes, and, in 1858, surprising and capturing a hostile camp of Indians on Spanish Fork in Utah.

The outbreak of the Rebellion found Paul serving in New Mexico, where he was made the Colonel of the 4th Regiment of territorial troops, placed in command of the Southern Military District, and was engaged in the Skirmish of Peralta. Sep. 5, 1862, being appointed Brig.-General, U. S. Volunteers, he was transferred to the Army of the Potomac, with which he served in the Rappahannock and Pennsylvania Campaigns, and was engaged in the Battles of Fredericksburg, Chancellorsville, and Gettysburg. In the last battle, while commanding a brigade, he was desperately wounded by a bullet entering his right temple and passing out of his left eye, producing total blindness and impairing his senses of hearing and smelling. For his gallantry on this occasion he was brevetted Brigadier-General, U. S. Army, and presented by the 29th New Jersey Volunteers with a magnificent jeweled sword. After partially recovering his strength, he was the Deputy-Governor of the Soldiers' Home, near Washington, D. C., for a few months, then, for a year and a half, was placed in charge of the Military Asylum at Harrodsburg, Ky., and, by act of Congress, was retired from active service with the rank and pay of a Brigadier-General, to date from Feb. 16, 1865.

After nearly a quarter of a century of patient suffering, Paul died, May 5, 1886, at Washington, D. C., and was buried in the National Cemetery at Arlington, among the honored dead of the great Civil War. A monument was erected over his grave, Dec. 10, 1886, by his comrades

of the Grand Army of the Republic, and dedicated with appropriate ceremonies.

General Paul, though small in stature, was great in heart and mighty in valor, as particularly shown when leading the storming party and capturing the enemy's flag on the walls of Chapultepec. His modesty was equaled only by his courage, and his aspirations were only of duty to his country. He was a soldier whose gentle mien engaged at once both confidence and love, and whose fearlessness in the presence of the greatest peril gave to his face the glow of true heroism. Through all the years of his terrible affliction, he made no complaints, but only praised God that his life had been spared amid the carnage of the battlefield. Unselfishly he thought more of the happiness of his family than of himself; they had been eyes and everything to him during the weary days of his long isolation from the outer world.

768..(Born N. Y.).....**GEORGE P. FIELD**.....(Ap'd N. Y.)..**19**

Military History.—Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1829, to July 1, 1834, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 3D INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1834.

Served: on frontier duty at Ft. Jesup, La., 1834–35,—and Ft. Tow-

(SECOND LIEUT., 3D INFANTRY, JULY 25, 1835)

son, I. T., 1835–37; on Recruiting service, 1837–39; on frontier duty at

(FIRST LIEUT., 3D INFANTRY, JULY 7, 1838)

Ft. Towson, I. T., 1839–40; in the Florida War, 1840–42; on Recruiting service, 1842; in garrison at Ft. Brooke, Fla., 1842–43; on frontier duty at Ft. Leavenworth, Kan., 1843–44,—and Ft. Jesup (Camp Wilkins),

(CAPTAIN, 3D INFANTRY, FEB. 29, 1844)

La., 1844–45; in Military Occupation of Texas, 1845–46; and in the War with Mexico, 1846, being engaged in the Battle of Palo Alto, May 8, 1846,—Battle of Resaca-de-la-Palma, May 9, 1846,—and Battle of Monterey, Sep. 21, 1846, where he was wounded while gallantly leading his company in the assault of the enemy's works, and in that condition was

LANCED TO DEATH, SEP. 21, 1846: AGED 33.

769..(Born Ky.).....**CARY H. FRY**.....(Ap'd Ky.)..**20**

Military History.—Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1830, to July 1, 1834, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 3D INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1834.

SECOND LIEUT., 3D INFANTRY, AUG. 31, 1835.

Served on frontier duty at Ft. Towson, I. T., 1834–36.

RESIGNED, OCT. 31, 1836.

Civil History.—Physician, Louisville, Ky., 1845–46.

Military History.—Served in the War with Mexico, June 9, 1846,

(MAJOR, 2D KENTUCKY VOLUNTEERS, JUNE 9, 1846)

to June 9, 1847, being engaged on the march through Camargo, Mex., 1846–47,—Battle of Buena Vista, Feb. 22–23, 1847,—and in command of his regiment, Feb. 23 to June 9, 1847.

DISBANDED, JUNE 9, 1847.

Civil History.—Physician, Danville, Ky., 1847–48,—and at Louisville, Ky., 1848–53.

Military History. — Re-appointed in the U. S. Army with the rank of
MAJOR, STAFF — PAYMASTER, FEB. 7, 1853.
Served in the Pay District of New Mexico, 1853–61.
Served during the Rebellion of the Seceding States, 1861–66: at Washington, D. C., 1861–63, being Acting Paymaster-General, July 15 to Dec. 10, 1862, — Chief Paymaster of the Pay District of Washington,
(BVT. LIEUT.-COL., MAR. 13, 1865, FOR FAITHFUL AND MERITORIOUS SERVICES DURING THE REBELLION)
D. C., Feb. 4 to July 15, 1863, — and at San Francisco, Cal., 1863–67.
LIEUT.-COL., STAFF — DEP. PAYMASTER-GEN., JULY 28, 1866.
Served: in charge of Pay District, Charleston, S. C., Oct. 10, 1867, to
(BVT. COLONEL, AND BVT. BRIG.-GENERAL, U. S. ARMY, OCT. 15, 1867, FOR FAITHFUL AND MERITORIOUS SERVICES DURING THE REBELLION)
Apr. 15, 1869; and as Chief Paymaster of Military Division of the Missouri, Apr. 15, 1869, to July 6, 1870, and Sep. 11, 1870, to Mar. 9, 1871, — of Department of Missouri, Mar. 9, 1871, to Mar. 2, 1872, — and of Military Division of the Pacific, Apr. 18, 1872, to Mar. 5, 1873.
DIED, MAR. 5, 1873, AT SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.: AGED 56.

770..(Born Va.).....**HENRY S. TURNER**.....(Ap'd Va.)..**21**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, Sep. 1, 1830, to July 1, 1834, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to
BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 1ST DRAGOONS, JULY 1, 1834.
Served: on frontier duty at Ft. Des Moines, Io., 1834–35, — Sioux
(SECOND LIEUT., 1ST DRAGOONS, AUG. 15, 1835)
Country, 1835, — and Ft. Des Moines, Io., 1835–36; as Adjutant, 1st Dragoons, at Regimental headquarters, June 1, 1836, to Nov. 17, 1838;
(FIRST LIEUT., 1ST DRAGOONS, MAR. 3, 1837)
as Aide-de-Camp to Brig.-General Atkinson, Apr. 17 to July 2, 1839; on
(CAPT., STAFF — ASST. ADJUTANT-GENERAL, NOV. 17, 1838, TO APR. 16, 1839)
professional duty at the Cavalry School of Saumur, in France, and assisting in the preparation of Cavalry Tactics for the U. S. Service, Aug. 9, 1839, to Apr. 5, 1841; on frontier duty at Ft. Leavenworth, Kan., 1841–42, — as Adjutant, 1st Dragoons, Dec. 1, 1841, to June 17, 1846, — Ft. Gibson, I. T., 1842, — and Ft. Leavenworth, Kan., 1842; in garrison at Jefferson Barracks, Mo., 1842–43, — and St. Louis, Mo., 1843–45; as Acting Asst. Adjutant-General, 3d Military Department, July, 1844, to Sep. 4, 1846, — on Expedition through South Pass of the Rocky Moun-
(CAPTAIN, 1ST DRAGOONS, APR. 21, 1846)
tains, and at headquarters in St. Louis, Mo., 1845; in the War with Mexico, 1846–47, as Acting Asst. Adjutant-General of the Army of the West, participating in the Combat of San Pasqual, Cal., Dec. 6, 1846, where he was wounded by a lance, — Skirmish of San Bernardo, Cal., Dec. 7, 1846, — Passage of the San Gabriel River, Cal., Jan. 8, 1847, —
(BVT. MAJOR, DEC. 6, 1846, FOR GALLANT AND MERITORIOUS CONDUCT IN THE BATTLES OF SAN PASQUAL, SAN GABRIEL, AND PLAINS OF MESA, CAL.)
and Skirmish on the Plains of Mesa, Jan. 9, 1847; and as a Witness before the Court Martial for the trial of Lieut.-Colonel Fremont, 1847–48.
RESIGNED, JULY 21, 1848.

Civil History. — Farmer, near St. Louis, Mo., 1848–53. Asst. Treas-

urer of the United States, at St. Louis, Mo., 1850–53. Banker, San Francisco, Cal., 1853–57. Member of the House of Representatives of the State of Missouri, 1859–61. Farmer, near St. Louis, Mo., 1857–63. President of the Union National Bank of St. Louis, Mo., 1863–69, and of the Lucas Bank, 1869–74. Member of the City Council of St. Louis, Mo., 1874–76.

DIED, DEC. 16, 1881, AT ST. LOUIS, MO. : AGED 70.

771..(Born Vt.).....**SENECA G. SIMMONS**.....(Ap'd Vt.)..**22**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1829, to July 1, 1834, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 7TH INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1834.

Served : on Topographical duty, Aug. 22, 1834, to Aug. 16, 1836 ; on

(SECOND LIEUT., 7TH INFANTRY, DEC. 31, 1834)

frontier duty at Ft. Gibson, I. T., 1837–42, being Aide-de-Camp to Bvt.

(FIRST LIEUT., 7TH INFANTRY, JAN. 19, 1837)

Brig.-General Arbuckle, Oct. 24, 1837, to May 11, 1842 ; in the Florida War, 1842 ; in garrison at Ft. Pike, La., 1842–44 ; on Recruiting service, 1844–47; in the War with Mexico, 1847–48, being engaged in the Com-

(CAPTAIN, 7TH INFANTRY, FEB. 16, 1847)

bat of Huamantla, Oct. 12, 1847; in garrison at Jefferson Barracks, Mo., 1848–49 ; in Florida Hostilities against the Seminole Indians, 1849–50 ; on frontier duty at Ft. Leavenworth, Kan., 1850 ; on Recruiting service, 1851–53 ; on frontier duty at Ft. Arbuckle, I. T., 1853–56, 1856–57, — and at Ft. Smith, Ark., 1857–58 ; in garrison at Jefferson Barracks, Mo., 1858, — and Newport Barracks, Ky., 1859 ; and on sick leave of absence, 1859–61.

Served during the Rebellion of the Seceding States, 1861–62 : in cover-

(COLONEL, 34TH PENNSYLVANIA VOLUNTEERS : 5TH PENNSYLVANIA RESERVES, JUNE 21, 1861)

ing the approaches to Washington, D. C., June, 1861, to June, 1862, being

(MAJOR, 4TH INFANTRY, SEP. 9, 1861)

engaged in the Action of Dranesville, Va., Dec. 20, 1861 ; and in the Virginia Peninsular Campaign (Army of the Potomac), June, 1862, being engaged in the Battle of Mechanicsville, June 25, 1862, — Battle of Gaines' Mill, June 27, 1862, — and Battle of Glendale, where he was

KILLED, JUNE 30, 1862 : AGED 53.

772..(Born S. C.)..**THOMAS O. BARNWELL**..(Ap'd S. C.)..**23**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1830, to July 1, 1834, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 3D INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1834.

SECOND LIEUT., 3D INFANTRY, OCT. 17, 1835.

Served on frontier duty at Ft. Towson, in the Indian Territory, 1834–37.

RESIGNED, OCT. 31, 1837.

Civil History. — Planter, Beaufort, S. C., 1837–61.

Joined in the Rebellion of 1861–66 against the United States.

Civil History. — Planter, Beaufort, S. C., 1866–79.

DIED, FEB. 4, 1879, AT BEAUFORT, S. C. : AGED 64.

773..(Born N. Y.)....**HENRY McKAVETT**....(Ap'd N. Y.)..24

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1829, to July 1, 1834, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 7TH INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1834.

Served: on frontier duty at Ft. Coffee, I. T., 1834–38; on Northern

(SECOND LIEUT., 7TH INFANTRY, MAR. 26, 1835)

Frontier during Canada Border Disturbances, at Sackett's Harbor, N. Y.,

(FIRST LIEUT., 7TH INFANTRY, DEC. 25, 1837)

(TRANSFERRED TO 8TH INFANTRY, JULY 7, 1838)

1838, — Recruiting, 1838, — and Sackett's Harbor, N. Y., 1838–40; in garrison at Jefferson Barracks, Mo., 1840; in the Florida War, 1840–41; in transferring Indians to Arkansas, 1841; in the Florida War, 1841–42; in transferring Indians to Arkansas, 1842–43; in garrison at Ft. Brooke, Fla., 1843–44, 1844–45, — and Ft. Marion, Fla., 1845; in Military Occupation of Texas, 1845–46; in the War with Mexico, 1846, being engaged in the Battle of Palo Alto, May 8, 1846, — Battle of Resaca-de-la-Palma, May 9, 1846, — and Battle of Monterey, where, while gallantly storming the enemy's works, he was, by a cannon ball,

KILLED, SEP. 21, 1846: AGED 32.

774..(Born Ga.).....**GOODE BRYAN**.....(Ap'd Ga.)..25

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1829, to July 1, 1834, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 5TH INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1834.

Served in garrison at Augusta Arsenal, Ga., 1834–35.

RESIGNED, APR. 30, 1835.

Civil History. — Asst. Engineer of Augusta and Athens Railroad, Ga., 1835–39. Colonel, Alabama Militia, 1842–46. Member of the House of Representatives of the State of Alabama, 1843 and 1844. Planter, Alabama, 1839–46.

Military History. — Served in the War with Mexico as

MAJOR, 1ST ALABAMA VOLUNTEERS, JUNE 27, 1846,

till he was

DISBANDED, MAY, 1847,

but continued to serve as a Volunteer Asst. Quartermaster, on the Staff of Bvt. Major-General Worth, May to Sep., 1847.

Civil History. — Planter, in Alabama, 1847–49, — in Jefferson County, Ga., 1849–53, — and in Richmond County, Ga., 1853–61. Captain, Georgia Militia, 1853–61.

Joined in the Rebellion of 1861–66 against the United States.

Civil History. — Unknown, nothing authentic having been received.

775..(Born Vt.).....**JOSEPH L. COBURN**.....(Ap'd Vt.)..26

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1829, to July 1, 1834, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 3D INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1834.

Served: on frontier duty at Ft. Jesup, La., 1834–36; on sick leave of

(SECOND LIEUT., 3D INFANTRY, OCT. 31, 1835)

absence, 1836–38; in the Adjutant-General's office at Washington, D. C.,

(FIRST LIEUT., 3D INFANTRY, JULY 7, 1838)

1838–39, 1839–40, 1841–43, 1843; in garrison at Jefferson Barracks, Mo.,

1843–44 ; on frontier duty at Ft. Jesup (Camp Wilkins), La., 1844–45 ;
(CAPTAIN, 3D INFANTRY, NOV. 3, 1845)
and in the Military Occupation of Texas, 1845–46.
RESIGNED, MAY 18, 1846.

Civil History. — Agent of the U. S. Subsistence Department in Texas, May 28, 1846, to Mar. 31, 1851, — and of the U. S. Quartermaster's Department, Apr. 1, 1850, to Mar. 31, 1851. Farmer (raising stock), Matagorda Island, Tex., 1853–57.

Military History. — Served during the Rebellion of the Seceding States, 1861–65 : in the employment of the U. S. Subsistence Department at Perryville, Md., Nov. 1, 1861, to June 30, 1862, — of the U. S. Quartermaster's Department at Chicago, Ill., Nov. 1, 1863, to Jan. 31, 1864, — and of the U. S. Subsistence Department at Chicago, Ill., Feb. 1 to July 22, 1864.

Re-appointed in the United States Volunteer service as
CAPTAIN, STAFF — COM. OF SUBSISTENCE, U. S. VOLUNTEERS, JULY 22, 1864,
BVT. MAJOR, U. S. VOLUNTEERS, NOV. 11, 1865, FOR "FAITHFUL AND MERITORIOUS SERVICES,"
and served at Chicago, Ill., till he was
MUSTERED OUT OF SERVICE, NOV. 22, 1865.

Civil History. — In the employment of the United States upon Improvement of Chicago, Ill., Harbor, 1867–68.

776..(Born Pa.).....**JAMES G. REED**.....(Ap'd Pa.)..**27**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1829, to July 1, 1834, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to
BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 7TH INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1834.

Served : on Topographical duty, Sep. 1, 1834, to Aug. 10, 1836 ; and
(SECOND LIEUT., 7TH INFANTRY, MAY 4, 1835)
on frontier duty at Ft. Gibson, I. T., 1837.
RESIGNED, JUNE 30, 1837.

Civil History. — Asst. Engineer of Charleston, S. C., Louisville, Ky., and Cincinnati, O., projected Railroad, 1837–41. Counselor at Law, at Carlisle, Pa., 1841–47, — and Gettysburg, Pa., 1847–56. District Attorney for Adams County, Pa., 1848–56. Brig.-General, Pennsylvania Militia, 1849–54, — and Captain, 1855–56.

DIED, FEB. 23, 1856, AT GETTYSBURG, PA. : AGED 42.

777..(Born Ky.).....**PHILIP N. BARBOUR**.....(Ap'd Ky.)..**28**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1829, to July 1, 1834, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to
BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 3D INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1834.

Served : on frontier duty at Ft. Towson, I. T., 1834–36, — Camp Hos-
(SECOND LIEUT., 3D INFANTRY, APR. 1, 1836)
kins, I. T., 1836, — Ft. Towson, I. T., 1836, — Camp Sabine, La., 1836, — and Ft. Jesup, La., 1836–40 ; as Adjutant, 3d Infantry, at Regimental
(FIRST LIEUT., 3D INFANTRY, JULY 7, 1838)
headquarters, June 1, 1838, to Oct. 12, 1845 ; in the Florida War, 1840–42 ; as Acting Asst. Adjutant-General of the Department of

Florida, Aug. 22, 1842, to June, 1843; in garrison at Ft. Stansbury, Fla.,
(BVT. CAPTAIN, APR. 15, 1842, FOR ACTIVE AND HIGHLY MERITORIOUS SERVICES IN THE WAR AGAINST THE FLORIDA INDIANS)
1843, — and Jefferson Barracks, Mo., 1843, 1844; on frontier duty at Ft. Jesup (Camp Wilkins), La., 1844; on Recruiting service, 1844; on frontier duty at Ft. Jesup (Camp Wilkins), La., 1844–45; in Military
(CAPTAIN, 3D INFANTRY, NOV. 26, 1845)
Occupation of Texas, 1845–46; and in the War with Mexico, 1846, being engaged in the Battle of Palo Alto, May 8, 1846, — Battle of Resaca-de-
(BVT. MAJOR, MAY 9, 1846, FOR GALLANT AND DISTINGUISHED SERVICES IN THE BATTLES OF PALO ALTO AND RESACA-DE-LA-PALMA, TEX.)
la-Palma, May 9, 1846, — and Battle of Monterey, where he was, by an escopet ball, while cheering his men to the charge in the desperate conflict in the streets of the city,

KILLED, SEP. 21, 1846: AGED 33.

778..(Born N. Y.).....**ARNOLD HARRIS**.....(Ap'd N. Y.)..**29**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1829, to July 1, 1834, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 7TH INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1834.

Served: on frontier duty at Ft. Gibson, I. T., 1834–37; as Aide-de-
(SECOND LIEUT., 7TH INFANTRY, JUNE 1, 1835)
Camp to Bvt. Brig.-General Arbuckle, Sep., 1836, to Jan. 20, 1837.

RESIGNED, MAR. 8, 1837.

Civil History. — Merchant, Ft. Smith, Ark., 1837–44. U. S. Indian Agent for removing Choctaws, 1845–47. Agent for Pacific Mails from New Orleans to Oregon, via Panama, 1847–61; and Contractor for carrying the Mails, 1847–59. Agent of Louisiana Tehuantépec Company for Transit route and Railroad across the Isthmus of Tehuantepec, Mex., 1858–61. Commission Merchant at New Orleans, La., 1848–61. Taken prisoner, July 24, 1861, on the battlefield of Bull Run, Va., where he had gone, under a flag of truce, to recover the body of Colonel Cameron, and was imprisoned for six months at Richmond, Va.

DIED, APR. 2, 1866, AT MIDWAY, KY.: AGED 56.

779..(Born Pa.).....**RICHARD S. SMITH**.....(Ap'd Pa.)..**30**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1829, to July 1, 1834, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 2D INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1834.

Served on Topographical duty, July 17, 1834, to Oct. 19, 1836.

RESIGNED, OCT. 19, 1836.

Civil History. — Asst. Engineer, Philadelphia and Columbia Railroad, Pa., 1836–37, — of Charleston, S. C., Louisville, Ky., and Cincinnati, O., projected Railroad, 1837–38, — and of Chesapeake and Ohio Canal, 1839–40.

Military History. — Re-appointed in the U. S. Army with the rank of

SECOND LIEUT., 7TH INFANTRY, DEC. 31, 1840.

Served: at the Military Academy, 1840–55, as Asst. Teacher of Drawing, Feb. 26, 1840, to Aug. 8, 1846, — Asst. Professor of Drawing, Aug. 8,
(FIRST LIEUT., 7TH INFANTRY, APR. 19, 1846)

1846, to July 1, 1852, — Principal Asst. Professor of Drawing, July 1,
(TRANSFERRED TO 4TH ARTILLERY, AUG. 31, 1848)
1852, to Sep. 1, 1855, — Quartermaster, Dec. 1, 1846, to Jan. 31, 1851, and Apr. 1, 1851, to Sep. 1, 1855, — and Treasurer, Jan. 24, 1852, to Sep. 1, 1855.

RESIGNED, JAN. 13, 1856.

Civil History. — Professor of Mathematics, Engineering, and Drawing, Brooklyn Collegiate and Polytechnic Institute, N. Y., 1855–59. Director of Cooper Institute, New York city, 1859–61. Degree of A. M. conferred by Columbia College, N. Y., 1857. Author of "Manual of Topographical Drawing," 1853, — and of "Manual of Linear Perspective," 1857.

Military History. — Re-appointed in the U. S. Army with the rank of

MAJOR, 12TH INFANTRY, MAY 14, 1861.

Served during the Rebellion of the Seceding States, 1861–63: as Mustering and Disbursing Officer in Maryland, July 24 to Dec. 30, 1861, — and at Madison, Wis., Jan. 1 to Dec. 15, 1862; in the Rappahannock Campaign (Army of the Potomac), commanding regiment, Dec., 1862, and brigade, Dec., 1862 to May, 1863, being engaged in the Battle of Chancellorsville, Va., May 2–4, 1863.

RESIGNED, MAY 30, 1863.

Civil History. — President of Girard College, at Philadelphia, 1863–67. Professor of Mathematics in the United States Naval Academy, at Annapolis, Md., 1870–73; and of Drawing, 1873–77.

DIED, JAN. 23, 1877, AT ANNAPOLIS, MD.: AGED 64.

780..(Born Va.).....**EUSTACE ROBINSON**.....(Ap'd Va.)..**31**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1830, to July 1, 1834, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 4TH INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1834.

Served: in garrison at Baton Rouge, La., 1834–35, — New Orleans, La., 1835, — and Baton Rouge, La., 1835.

RESIGNED, JUNE 11, 1835.

Civil History. — Civil Engineer, 1835–41. Asst. Engineer of Illinois and Michigan Canal, 1837–39. Clerk of Circuit Court, Richmond, Va., 1841–59.

DIED, DEC. 7, 1859, AT RICHMOND, VA.: AGED 47.

781..(Born Ct.).**WILLIAM SCOTT KETCHUM***(Ap'd Ct.)..**32**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1830, to July 1, 1834, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 6TH INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1834.

Served: in garrison at Jefferson Barracks, Mo., 1834–36; as Bearer
(SECOND LIEUT., 6TH INFANTRY, DEC. 31, 1836)
of Dispatches, 1836; in garrison at Jefferson Barracks, Mo., 1836–37; on frontier duty at Camp Sabine, La., 1837–38; in the Florida War,
(FIRST LIEUT., 6TH INFANTRY, DEC. 25, 1837)
1838–42, being engaged in Mustering Georgia Volunteers into service, 1838, — as Adjutant, 6th Infantry, Oct. 1, 1838, to Feb. 28, 1839, — and on Quartermaster duty, 1839–42; as Bearer of Dispatches to Washing-
(CAPTAIN, STAFF — ASST. QUARTERMASTER, FEB. 28, 1839,
TO APR. 2, 1846)

ton, 1842; on Quartermaster duty at Ft. Gibson, I. T., 1843–45, — and

(CAPTAIN, 6TH INFANTRY, FEB. 10, 1842)

in Military Occupation of Texas, 1845–46; on frontier duty at Ft. Gibson, I. T., 1846, — Ft. Wayne, I. T., 1846, — Ft. Gibson, I. T., 1846–48, — and Ft. Leavenworth, Kan., 1848–49; on leave of absence, 1849; on frontier duty at Ft. Leavenworth, Kan., 1849, — and Ft. Laramie, Dak., protecting emigrants, 1849–52; on Recruiting service, 1852–54; on frontier duty at Ft. Laramie, Dak., protecting emigrants and mails between Ft. Kearny, Neb., and the Sweet Water, 1854–55, — on Sioux Expedition, 1855; as Member of Board to Examine Subalterns appointed to 6th Infantry, from civil life, 1855–56; on frontier duty at Ft. Laramie, Dak., 1855–57, — Cheyenne Expedition, 1857, commanding the Infantry, Howitzer Battery, and Park Train, during the Action of Solomon's Fork, Kan., July 29, 1857, — in quelling Kansas Disturbances, 1857–58, — Utah Expedition, 1858, — March of two thousand miles to California, 1858, — Benicia, Cal., 1858, — New San Diego, Cal., 1858–59, — Mojave Expedition, 1859, — New San Diego, Cal., 1859–60, — Alcatraz Island, Cal., 1860, — Ft. Vancouver, Wash., 1860–61, — Ft. Dalles, Or.,

(MAJOR, 4TH INFANTRY, JUNE 5, 1860)

1861, — Ft. Townshend, Wash., 1861, — San Francisco, Cal., 1861, — and Southern California, 1861; and on voyage to New York, 1861.

Served during the Rebellion of the Seceding States, 1861–66: as Acting Inspector-General, headquarters at St. Louis, Mo., of the Department

(LIEUT.-COL., 10TH INFANTRY, NOV. 1, 1861)

of the Missouri, Dec. 8, 1861, to Mar. 11, 1862, — of the Department of the Mississippi, Mar. 11 to July 11, 1862, — and of the Department of the Missouri, July 11 to Aug. 5, 1862; in organizing Pennsylvania

(BRIG.-GENERAL, U. S. VOLUNTEERS, FEB. 3, 1862)

Volunteers, at Harrisburg, Pa., Aug. 11–24, — and Illinois Volunteers, at Springfield, Ill., Aug. 29 to Oct. 28, 1862; on Special duty in the War Department, auditing accounts, etc., etc., Nov. 3, 1862, to Feb. 13, 1866, being detached to superintend the muster out and payment of Pennsyl-

(BVT. COLONEL, FEB. 1, 1863, FOR MERITORIOUS SERVICES IN MISSOURI, IN THE LINE OF THE ARMY)

vania Volunteers, at Harrisburg, Pa., July 23 to Aug. 20, 1863, — on special tour of inspection in Wisconsin, Minnesota, and Iowa, June 28

(COLONEL, 11TH INFANTRY, MAY 6, 1864)

to July 22, 1864, — on Board to examine into the management and military control of General Hospitals, Aug. 5, 1864, — in organizing Pennsylvania Volunteers, at Harrisburg and Philadelphia, Sep. 7 to Oct. 4, 1864, — on special tour to Harper's Ferry, Va., to secure paymasters and their funds, Oct. 14–15, 1864, — as Member of a Commission to inspect and

(BVT. BRIG.-GENERAL, U. S. ARMY, MAR. 13, 1865, FOR FAITHFUL AND MERITORIOUS SERVICES DURING THE REBELLION)

report on the Quartermaster Department in New York and Philadelphia, Mar. 25 to June 24, 1865, as required by joint resolution of Congress, approved Mar. 3, 1865, — and on inspection of Staff service in Florida,

(BVT. MAJ.-GENERAL, U. S. ARMY, MAR. 13, 1865, FOR DILIGENT, FAITHFUL, AND MERITORIOUS SERVICE IN THE WAR DEPARTMENT)

Sep. 29, to Oct. 31, 1866; and on Special duty under the Treasury Department, "to investigate and audit the accounts presented against the

(MUSTERED OUT OF VOLUNTEER SERVICE, APR. 30, 1866)

Government by the several States for Military Expenditures chargeable against the Treasury," Feb. 13 to July 5, 1866.

Served on Special duty in the Adjutant-General's Office, at Washington, D. C., July 5, 1866, to Dec. 15, 1870.

UNASSIGNED, MAR. 15, 1869.

RETIRED FROM ACTIVE SERVICE, DEC. 15, 1870, ON HIS OWN APPLICATION, AFTER 30 CONSECUTIVE YEARS OF SERVICE.

DIED, JUNE 28, 1871, AT BALTIMORE, MD.: AGED 58.

* Was the son of Major DANIEL KETCHUM, distinguished in the War of 1812-15 against Great Britain.

782..(Born Va.).....**FORBES BRITTON**.....(Ap'd Va.)..**33**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1830, to July 1, 1834, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 7TH INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1834.

Served: on frontier duty at Ft. Gibson, I. T., 1834–37, — Ft. Coffee,

(SECOND LIEUT., 7TH INFANTRY, NOV. 18, 1835)

I. T., 1837–38, — and Ft. Smith, Ark., 1838–39; in the Florida War,

(FIRST LIEUT., 7TH INFANTRY, JULY 7, 1838)

1839–40; on Commissary duty, 1840–41; in the Florida War, 1841; in transferring Indians, 1841; in the Florida War against the Seminole Indians, 1841–42, being engaged in the Skirmish near Clay's Landing, on the Suwanee River, May 17, 1842; in garrison at Ft. Brooke, Fla., 1842; in transferring Indians, 1842–43; in garrison at Baton Rouge, La., 1843–44, — Pass Christian, Mis., 1844, — and Baton Rouge, La., 1844–45, 1845; in Military Occupation of Texas, 1845–46; in the War with Mexico, 1846–48, being engaged in the Defense of Ft. Brown, May 3–9, 1846, — and as Chief Quartermaster of Brigade moving on Orizaba, Jan. 31 to

(CAPTAIN, 7TH INFANTRY, FEB. 16, 1847)

May 6, 1848; in garrison at Jefferson Barracks, Mo., 1848–49; in Florida Hostilities against the Seminole Indians, 1849–50; and on Indian duty, Mar. 15 to May 13, 1850.

RESIGNED, JULY 16, 1850.

Civil History. — Merchant and Farmer, Corpus Christi, Tex., 1850–61, Member of the Senate of the State of Texas, 1857–61. Brig.-General, Texas Militia, 1859–61.

DIED, FEB. 14, 1861, AT AUSTIN, TEX.: AGED 49.

783..(Born Pa.).....**JOHN GRAHAM**.....(Ap'd N. Y.)..**34**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1829, to July 1, 1834, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 4TH INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1834.

Served: in garrison at Ft. King, Fla., 1834–35; in the Florida War against the Seminole Indians, 1835–36, being engaged in the Combat of

(SECOND LIEUT., 4TH INFANTRY, JAN. 31, 1836)

Withlacoochee, Dec. 31, 1835, — and Action of Oloklikaha, Mar. 31, 1836; in garrison at Baton Rouge, La., 1836, — and New Orleans, La.,

(FIRST LIEUT., 2D DRAGOONS, JUNE 11, 1836)

1836; and in the Florida War against the Seminole Indians, 1837, 1837–38, being engaged in the Defense of Camp Monroe, Feb. 8, 1837, — Surprise of Indian Camps, Sep. 9 and 10, 1837, — Skirmish near Mosquito

(CAPTAIN, 2D DRAGOONS, OCT. 1, 1837)

Inlet, Sep. 10, 1837, — Action of Locha-Hatchee, Jan. 24, 1838, — and as Aide-de-Camp to Brig.-General Hernandez, of the Florida Militia, Sep. – to Nov. 6, 1837.

RESIGNED, JAN. 28, 1838.

Civil History. — Adjutant-General of the Territory of Florida, Jan. 4, 1840, to July 30, 1841.

DIED, JULY 30, 1841, AT TALLAHASSEE, FLA. : AGED 27.

784. . (Born Pa.) . . . . . **WILLIAM H. PRICE** . . . . . (Ap'd Pa.) . . **35**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1830, to July 1, 1834, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 1ST INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1834.

Served : on frontier duty at Ft. Armstrong, Ill., 1834–35, — Ft. Crawford, Wis., 1835, — Ft. Armstrong, Ill., 1835–36, — Ft. Snelling, Min., 1836, — and Ft. Crawford, Wis., 1836.

RESIGNED, AUG. 31, 1836.

Civil History. — Farmer and Surveyor, Delaware County, Pa., since 1836.

785. (Born Pa.) . . **ALEXANDER MONTGOMERY** . . (Ap'd Pa.) . **36**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1830, to July 1, 1834, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 7TH INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1834.

Served : on frontier duty at Ft. Gibson, I. T., 1834–35, — Ft. Kawassee,

(SECOND LIEUT., 7TH INFANTRY, DEC. 3, 1835)

I. T., 1836, — and Cherokee Nation, 1837–38 ; in the Florida War, 1839 ;

(FIRST LIEUT., 7TH INFANTRY, JULY 7, 1838)

on Recruiting service, 1839–40 ; in the Florida War, 1840–42 ; in garrison at Pensacola harbor, Fla., 1842–45 ; in Military Occupation of Texas, 1845–46 ; and on Quartermaster duty in the War with Mexico, 1846–48,

(CAPT., STAFF — ASST. QUARTERMASTER, MAY 11, 1846)

(CAPTAIN, 7TH INFANTRY, FEB. 16, 1847 : VACATED, FEB. 16, 1847)

— closing accounts at Washington, D. C., 1848–49, — Ft. Smith, Ark., 1849–54, — Tampa Bay, Fla., 1854–56, — and Ft. Smith, Ark., 1857–61.

Served during the Rebellion of the Seceding States, 1861–63, 1865–66 : on Quartermaster duty, at Indianapolis, Ind., 1861–62, — and Pittsburg,

(MAJOR, STAFF — QUARTERMASTER, MAY 17, 1861)

Pa., 1862–63 ; in waiting orders, 1863 . . . and 1864–65 ; in mustering out Hospital Patients at Cleveland, O., May 10 to July 26, 1865 ; as Acting Asst. Commissary of Musters at Cincinnati, O., Feb. 26, 1865, to Feb. 3, 1866 ; in waiting orders, Feb. 3 to Sep. 3, 1866.

Served : as Chief Quartermaster of the Department of Arkansas, Oct. 3, 1866, to Feb. 26, 1867 ; on Northern Frontier, Apr. 4 to Nov., 1867 ; in charge of the Fourth Quartermaster District, Department of the East, Nov., 1867, to Dec., 1869, and of the Second District, Dec., 1869, to July, 1870 ; on Quartermaster duty at Buffalo, N. Y., July, 1870, to June 12, 1872 ; as Chief Quartermaster, Second District Department

(LIEUT.-COLONEL, STAFF — DEPUTY QUARTERMASTER-GENERAL, JUNE 6, 1872)

of the East, June 16, 1872, to Oct. 4, 1873 ; and in settling his accounts, Oct. 15, 1873, to Jan. 15, 1874.

RETIRED FROM ACTIVE SERVICE, JAN. 15, 1874, ON HIS OWN APPLICATION, AFTER 30 CONSECUTIVE YEARS OF SERVICE.

CLASS OF 1835.

786..(Born N. Y.)...**GEORGE W. MORELL**.....(Ap'd N. Y.)..**1**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1831, to July 1, 1835, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., CORPS OF ENGINEERS, JULY 1, 1835.

Served: as Asst. Engineer in the Improvement of Lake Erie harbors,

(SECOND LIEUT., CORPS OF ENGINEERS, OCT. 31, 1836)

1835–36, — on the Ohio and Michigan Boundary Survey, 1836, — and in the construction of Ft. Adams, Newport harbor, R. I., 1836–37.

RESIGNED, JUNE 30, 1837.

Civil History. — Asst. Engineer, Charleston and Cincinnati projected Railroad, 1837–38, — and of Michigan Central Railroad, 1838–39. Counselor at Law, New York city, 1842–61. Major, 4th New York Volunteers, July 23, 1846, raised for the War with Mexico, but not mustered into service. Division Engineer, 1st Division New York Militia, with the rank of Major, 1849–52, and of Colonel, 1852–61. Commissioner of the Circuit Court of the United States for the Southern District of New York, 1854–61. Notary Public, New York city, 1854–61.

Military History. — Served during the Rebellion of the Seceding States, 1861–64: as Chief of Staff of Major-General Sanford, in organ-

(COLONEL, STAFF — INSPECTOR, 1ST DIVISION, N. Y. MILITIA, APR. 15, 1861)

izing regiments at New York city, and forwarding them to the seat of war, Apr. 16 to May 20, 1861, — in the defenses of Washington, D. C., May 20 to July 7, 1861, — and in Operations about Harper's Ferry, Va.,

(BRIG.-GENERAL, U. S. VOLUNTEERS, AUG. 9, 1861)

July 7 to Aug. 21, 1861; in guarding the approaches to Washington, D. C., Aug. 21, 1861, to Mar. 10, 1862; in the Virginia Peninsular Campaign (Army of the Potomac), Mar. to Aug., 1862, being engaged in a Skirmish at Howard's Bridge, Apr. 4, 1862, — Siege of Yorktown, Apr. 5 to May 4, 1862, — Capture of Hanover C. H., May 27, 1862, — Battle of Mechanicsville, June 26, 1862, — Battle of Gaines' Mill, June 27, 1862, — and Battle of Malvern Hill, July 1, 1862; in Northern Virginia

(MAJOR-GENERAL, U. S. VOLUNTEERS, JULY 4, 1862, BUT NOMINATION NOT BEING MADE TO SENATE, IT EXPIRED MAR. 4, 1863)

Campaign, Aug. to Sep., 1862, being engaged in the Battle of Manassas, Aug. 30, 1862; in the Maryland Campaign (Army of the Potomac), Sep.–Oct., 1862, being engaged in the Battle of Antietam, Sep. 17, 1862; in command of the forces guarding the Upper Potomac, Oct. 30 to Dec. 16, 1862; in waiting orders at Washington, D. C., Dec. 16, 1862, to Dec. 15, 1863; and in command of Draft Rendezvous at Indianapolis, Ind., Dec. 15, 1863, to Aug. 29, 1864.

MUSTERED OUT OF SERVICE, DEC. 15, 1864.

Civil History. — Farmer, Scarborough, N. Y., 1864–83.

DIED, FEB. 12, 1883, AT SCARBOROUGH, N. Y.: AGED 68.

787..(Born Mas.)...**CHARLES H. BIGELOW**....(Ap'd Mas.)..**2**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1831, to July 1, 1835, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., CORPS OF ENGINEERS, JULY 1, 1835.

Served: as Asst. Engineer in the construction of Ft. Adams, Newport harbor, R. I., 1835–36, — on Ohio and Michigan Boundary Survey,

(SECOND LIEUT., CORPS OF ENGINEERS, JUNE 30, 1837)

1835–36, — and in the construction of Ft. Independence, Boston harbor,

(FIRST LIEUT., CORPS OF ENGINEERS, JULY 7, 1838)

Mas., 1836–43; and as Superintending Engineer of the construction of

(CAPTAIN, CORPS OF ENGINEERS, JUNE 16, 1839)

Ft. Independence, Mas., 1843–46, — and of Ft. Warren and Sea-walls, Boston harbor, Mas., 1846.

RESIGNED, APR. 25, 1846.

Civil History. — Chief Engineer of Essex Company, Lawrence, Mas., 1846–57; of Lewiston, Me., Water Power Company, 1850–51; of Water Measurement for Canal of Augusta, Ga., Manufacturing Company, 1857; and of Dam and Canal of Minneapolis Mill Company, at the Falls of St. Anthony, Min., 1857. Consulting Engineer of Niagara Falls Canal, 1852; and of projected Dam and Canal at Sherbrooke, Canada, 1856. Asst. Engineer in the service of the United States, in the construction of fortifications, New Bedford harbor, Mas., 1859–60; and in charge of Fort at Clark's Point, New Bedford, Mas., and construction of temporary defenses for the protection of the harbor, 1861–62. Superintendent and Engineer of New Bedford, Mas., Copper Company, 1860–62. Degree of A. M. conferred by Williams College, Mas., 1851.

DIED, APR. 15, 1862, AT NEW BEDFORD, MAS.: AGED 47.

788..(Born N. Y.)..**JOHN H. MARTINDALE**....(Ap'd N. Y.)..**3**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1831, to July 1, 1835, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 1ST DRAGOONS, JULY 1, 1835.

On leave of absence, July 1, 1835, to Mar. 10, 1836.

RESIGNED, MAR. 10, 1836.

Civil History. — Asst. Engineer of Saratoga and Washington Railroad, N. Y., 1836. Counselor at Law, Batavia, N. Y., 1838–51, — and at Rochester, N. Y., 1851–61. District Attorney of Genesee County, N. Y., 1842–45, and 1847–50.

Military History. — Served during the Rebellion of the Seceding

(BRIG.-GENERAL, U. S. VOLUNTEERS, AUG. 9, 1861)

States, 1861–64: in the defenses of Washington, D. C., Aug., 1861, to Mar., 1862; in the Virginia Peninsular Campaign (Army of the Potomac), Mar. to July, 1862, being engaged in the Siege at Yorktown, Apr. 5 to May 4, 1862, — Capture of Hanover C. H., May 27, 1862, — Battle of Mechanicsville, June 25, 1862, — Battle of Gaines' Mill, June 27, 1862, — Battle of Malvern Hill, July 1, 1862, — and Skirmish at Harrison's Landing, July 2, 1862; on sick leave of absence, July 8 to Oct., 1862; as Military Governor of the District of Columbia, Nov., 1862, to May 1, 1864; in Operations south of Richmond (Army of the James), May 6 to June 1, 1864, being engaged in several minor actions about Bermuda Hundred, and, with the Army of the Potomac, participated in the Battles of Cold Harbor, June 1–3, 1864, — and Siege of Petersburg, June 12–July 22, 1864, including engagements with the enemy, June 15, 16, and 18, 1864; in command of 18th Army Corps, July 7–22, 1864; and on sick leave of absence, July 22 to Sep. 13, 1864, when, on account of ill health, he

RESIGNED, SEP. 13, 1864.

BVT. MAJ.-GENERAL, U. S. VOLUNTEERS, MAR. 13, 1865, FOR GALLANT AND DISTINGUISHED SERVICES AT THE BATTLE OF MALVERN HILL, VA.

Civil History. — Counselor at Law, Rochester, N. Y., 1864–81. Attorney-General of the State of New York, Jan. 1, 1866, to Jan. 1, 1868. Member and Vice-President of the Board of Managers of the National Asylum for Disabled Volunteer Soldiers, 1868–79.

DIED, DEC. 13, 1881, AT NICE, FRANCE: AGED 67.

789..(Born Mas.)....**CHARLES J. WHITING**....(Ap'd Me.)..**4**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1831, to July 1, 1835, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 2D ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1835.

Served: on Engineer duty, Oct. 3 to Dec. 15, 1835; in the Florida

(SECOND LIEUT., 2D ARTILLERY, SEP. 10, 1835)

War, 1836, being engaged against the Seminole Indians in the Skirmishes at Camp Izard, Feb. 27, 28, and 29, and Mar. 5, 1836, — and Action of Oloklikaha, Mar. 31, 1836.

RESIGNED, MAY 31, 1836.

Civil History. — Civil Engineer, 1836, upon projected railroad from Pensacola, Fla., to Blakely, Ala. Chief Engineer of Tallahassee and St. Mark's Railroad, Florida, 1837. Asst. Engineer, Survey of the Delta of the Mississippi River, 1838. Principal of Ellsworth Academy, Me., 1839–45. Asst. Engineer on Boundary between the United States and Mexico, 1849. Surveyor and Farmer, San José, Cal., 1849–55. Surveyor-General of California, Dec. 26, 1849, to Jan. 1, 1852. Asst. Engineer, Sacramento Valley Railroad, Cal., 1854–55.

Military History. — Re-appointed in the United States Army with the rank of

CAPTAIN, 2D CAVALRY, MAR. 3, 1855.

Served: in garrison at Jefferson Barracks, Mo., 1855; on frontier duty at Camp Cooper, Tex., 1856, — Ft. Inge, Tex., 1856–57, — Scouting, 1857, being engaged against Comanche Indians in a Skirmish near Ft. Clark, Tex., Aug., 1857, — Ft. Clark, Tex., 1857–58, — Ft. Mason, Tex., 1858, — and Scouting, 1858–59, being engaged in an Action near Washita Village, I. T., Oct. 1, 1858; on leave of absence, 1859–60; on frontier duty at Camp Wood, Tex., 1860–61; and in garrison at Carlisle Barracks, Pa., 1861.

Served during the Rebellion of the Seceding States, 1861–63: in the defenses of Washington, D. C., May, 1861, to Mar., 1862; in the Virginia Peninsular Campaign (Army of the Potomac), Mar.–June, 1862, being engaged in the Capture of Hanover C. H., May 27, 1862, — and Battle of Gaines' Mill, June 27, 1862, where he was made prisoner of

(MAJOR, 2D CAVALRY, JULY 17, 1862)

war, and not exchanged till Aug., 1862; in the Maryland Campaign, commanding regiment (Army of the Potomac) on the march to Falmouth, Va., Oct.–Nov., 1862; in the Rappahannock Campaign (Army of the Potomac), commanding regiment, Nov., 1862–July 4, 1863, and Reserve Cavalry Brigade, June–July 4, 1863, being engaged in Stoneman's Raid towards Richmond, April 13–May 2, 1863, skirmishing at Rappahannock and Rapidan Stations, and at Éley's Ford, — and Combat of Beverly Ford, June 9, 1863; and in command of Portland Draft Depot, Me., July 4 to Nov. 5, 1863.

DISMISSED, NOV. 5, 1863, FOR "USING CONTEMPTUOUS AND DISRESPECTFUL WORDS AGAINST THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES."

Ordered by the President of the United States, May 28, 1866, "to be restored to his former rank as Major of Cavalry, to fill the first vacancy that may occur in that arm of the service."

MAJOR, 3D CAVALRY, JULY 17, 1862, HIS FORMER RANK.

Served: on frontier duty, at Ft. Marcy, N. M., Dec. 1, 1866, to Mar. 4, 1867; Ft. Sumner, N. M., 1867–68, — Ft. Howard, N. M., 1868, — in removing Navajo Indians to reservation, 1868, — Ft. Wingate, N. M., 1868, — and Ft. Union, N. M., 1868; on leave of absence and awaiting

(LIEUT.-COLONEL, 6TH CAVALRY, MAY 6, 1869)

orders, 1868–69; and on frontier duty at Greenville, Tex., 1869–70, — and at Ft. Griffin, Tex., 1870–71.

MUSTERED OUT OF SERVICE, JAN. 1, 1871.

Civil History. — Unknown, no authentic information having been received.

DIED, JAN. 1, 1890, AT CASTINE, ME.: AGED 75.

790..(Born N. Y.)....**GEORGE M. LEGATE**.....(Ap'd N. Y.)..**5**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1831, to July 1, 1835, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 2D ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1835.

Served: on leave of absence, July 1 to Oct. 15, 1835; in garrison at

(SECOND LIEUT., 2D ARTILLERY, OCT. 31, 1835)

Ft. Brooke, Fla., 1835–36; and on sick leave of absence, 1836.

RESIGNED, APR. 1, 1836.

Civil History. — Merchant, Galena, Ill., 1836–41.

DIED, APR. 13, 1841, AT GALENA, ILL.: AGED 26.

791..(Born Md.).....**ALFRED HERBERT**.....(Ap'd Md.)..**6**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1831, to July 1, 1835, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 1ST ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1835.

Served: on Engineer duty, Oct. 3, 1835, to Jan. 22, 1836; and in the

(SECOND LIEUT., 1ST ARTILLERY, DEC. 1, 1835)

Florida War against the Seminole Indians, 1836–37, being engaged in the Skirmish of Okihumphy Swamp, Mar. 30, 1836, — Skirmish at Ridgeley's

(BVT. FIRST LIEUT., JULY 27, 1836, FOR GALLANTRY AND GOOD CONDUCT ON SEVERAL OCCASIONS IN FLORIDA)

Mill (in command), July 27, 1836, — and Combat at Ft. Drane, Aug. 21, 1836.

RESIGNED, JUNE 30, 1837.

Civil History. — Civil Engineer, 1837–42. Asst. Engineer of Charleston, S. C., Louisville, Ky., and Cincinnati, O., projected Railroad, 1837; and Asst. Superintending Engineer, Western and Atlantic Railroad, Ga., 1837–39. Principal of a Military and Scientific School at Aiken, S. C., 1842–43; and Superintendent and Principal Professor of the State Military Academy at Columbia, S. C., 1843–46. Employed in the Ordnance Bureau, Washington, D. C., 1846–53. U. S. Asst. Examiner of Patents, May 25, 1853, to Apr. 1, 1855, — and Principal Examiner of Patents (under the heads of Civil Engineering, Architecture, Firearms, and Land Carriages), Apr. 1, 1855, to Dec., 1857. Patent Agent, Washing-

ton, D. C., 1857–61. Farmer, Howard County, Md., 1863–65. Professor of ———, Agricultural College of Maryland, 18— to 18— ; and of ———, Chestertown, Md., to 1878.

792..(Born S. C.)...**ARNOLDUS V. BRUMBY**...(Ap'd N. C.)..**7**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1830, to July 1, 1835, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 1ST ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1835.

SECOND LIEUT., 1ST ARTILLERY, DEC. 31, 1835.

Served : in garrison at Ft. Johnston, N. C., 1836 ; and in the Florida War, 1836, being engaged against the Seminole Indians in the Skirmish of Okihumphy Swamp, Mar. 30, 1836.

RESIGNED, JUNE 30, 1836.

Civil History. — Civil Engineer, Alabama, 1836–38. Tutor of Mathematics, and Instructor of Civil Engineering, University of Alabama, 1838–40. Counselor at Law, Alabama, 1840–46. Elected Professor of Chemistry and Natural Philosophy in Oglethorpe University, Ga., 1846 : declined. Superintendent of Alabama Military Institute, 1846–49, — and of Georgia Military Institute, Marietta, Ga., 1851–61. Aide-de-Camp, with the rank of Colonel, to Governor Cobb, of Georgia, 1852–54, — and to Governor Johnson, 1854–56. Member of the Board of Visitors to the U. S. Military Academy, 1853. Degree of A. M. conferred by the University of Alabama, 1839.

793..(Born Del.).....**JOSEPH ROBERTS**.....(Ap'd Del.)..**8**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, Sep. 1, 1831, to July 1, 1835, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 4TH ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1835.

Served : in garrison at Ft. Hamilton, N. Y., 1835–36 ; in Operations in Creek Nation, 1836 ; in the Florida War, 1836–37, being Captain of

(SECOND LIEUT., 4TH ARTILLERY, JUNE 10, 1836)

Regiment of Mounted Creek Volunteers, Sep. 1 to Nov. 13, 1836 ; at the Military Academy, 1837–49, as Asst. Professor of Natural and Experi-

(FIRST LIEUT., 4TH ARTILLERY, JULY 7, 1838)

mental Philosophy, Sep. 29, 1837, to Sep. 1, 1839, — and as Principal Asst. Professor of Natural and Experimental Philosophy, Sep. 1, 1839, to Aug. 17, 1849 ; in Florida Hostilities against the Seminole Indians,

(CAPTAIN, 4TH ARTILLERY, AUG. 20, 1848)

1849–50 ; in garrison at Key West, Fla., 1850, — Ft. Mifflin, Pa., 1850–53, — Ringgold Barracks, Tex., 1853–55, — Ft. Wood, N. Y., 1855, — Ringgold Barracks, Tex., 1856, — and Fts. McRee, Jupiter, and Capron, Fla., 1856–57 ; in Florida Hostilities against the Seminole Indians, 1857 ; on frontier duty at Ft. Leavenworth, Kan., 1857, — and at Platte Bridge, Neb., 1858–59 ; on Recruiting service, 1859 ; and in garrison at Ft. Monroe, Va. (Artillery School for Practice), 1859–60, 1860–61, being a Member of the Board to arrange the Programme of Instruction for the School, 1859–60, 1860–61.

Served during the Rebellion of the Seceding States, 1861–66 : in com-

(MAJOR, 4TH ARTILLERY, SEP. 3, 1861)

mand of Ft. Monroe, Va., Oct. 19, 1861, to Sep. 13, 1862 ; as Chief of Artillery of 7th Army Corps, Sep. 19, 1862, to Mar. 19, 1863 ; in com-

(COLONEL, 3D PENNSYLVANIA HEAVY ARTILLERY, MAR. 19, 1863)
(LIEUT.-COLONEL, 4TH ARTILLERY, AUG. 11, 1863)
mand of Ft. Monroe, Va., June 10, 1863, to Nov. 9, 1865, — and of Ft.
(BVT. COLONEL, U. S. ARMY, MAR. 13, 1865, AND BVT. BRIG.-GENERAL, U. S. VOLUNTEERS, APR. 9, 1865, FOR FAITHFUL AND MERITORIOUS SERVICES DURING THE REBELLION)
(BVT. BRIG.-GENERAL, U. S. ARMY, MAR. 13, 1865, FOR FAITHFUL AND DISTINGUISHED SERVICES DURING THE REBELLION)
(MUSTERED OUT OF VOLUNTEER SERVICE, NOV. 9, 1865)
McHenry, Md., Dec. 15, 1865, to Nov. 15, 1866, continuing there in garrison till Nov. 16, 1866.

Served: on Court-martial duty at Washington, D. C., Nov. 16, 1866, to Apr. 30, 1867; as Acting Inspector-General of the Department of Washington, May 1, 1867, to Mar. 31, 1868; as Superintendent of Theoretical Instruction in the Artillery School for Practice, Ft. Monroe, Va., Mar. 31, 1868, to Aug. 13, 1876; in command of post of Ft. Monroe,
(COLONEL, 4TH ARTILLERY, JAN. 10, 1877)
Va., Oct. 13, 1876, to Feb. 6, 1877; and in command of regiment and post of Presidio, San Francisco, Cal., Mar. 6 to July 2, 1877.

RETIRED FROM ACTIVE SERVICE, JULY 2, 1877, UNDER THE LAW OF JULY 17, 1862, HE BEING OVER THE AGE OF 62 YEARS.

Civil History. — Author of "Hand Book of Artillery," 1861.

794..(Born Mas.).....**HORACE BROOKS**.....(Ap'd Mas.)..**9**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1831, to July 1, 1835, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to
BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 2D ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1835.
SECOND LIEUT., 2D ARTILLERY, DEC. 28, 1835.

Served: in the Florida War against the Seminole Indians, 1835–36, being engaged in the Combat of Withlacoochee, Dec. 31, 1835, — and
(BVT. 1ST LIEUT., DEC. 31, 1835, FOR GALLANTRY AND GOOD CONDUCT IN THE WAR AGAINST THE FLORIDA INDIANS)
Action of Oloklikaha, Mar. 31, 1836; at the Military Academy, as Asst. Professor of Mathematics, Nov. 19, 1836, to Aug. 28, 1839; on the
(FIRST LIEUT., 2D ARTILLERY, FEB. 8, 1837)
Northern frontier during Canada Border Disturbances, at Detroit, Mich., 1839, — Buffalo, N. Y., 1839–40, — Recruiting, 1840–41, — at Sackett's Harbor, N. Y., 1841, — and Rome Arsenal, N. Y., 1841; in garrison at Ft. Columbus, N. Y., 1841–45; in conducting recruits to 3d Infantry, 1845; in garrison at Ft. Columbus, N. Y., 1845, 1846; in the War with
(CAPTAIN, 2D ARTILLERY, JUNE 18, 1846)
Mexico, 1846–48, being engaged in the Siege of Vera Cruz, Mar. 9–29, 1847, — Battle of Cerro Gordo, Apr. 17–18, 1847, — Skirmish of Amazoque, May 14, 1847, — Capture of San Antonio, Aug. 20, 1847, — Battle
(BVT. MAJOR, AUG. 20, 1847, FOR GALLANT AND MERITORIOUS CONDUCT IN THE BATTLES OF CONTRERAS AND CHURUBUSCO, MEX.)
of Churubusco, Aug. 20, 1847, — Battle of Molino del Rey, Sep. 8, 1847,
(BVT. LIEUT.-COL., SEP. 8, 1847, FOR GALLANT AND MERITORIOUS SERVICES IN THE BATTLE OF MOLINO DEL REY, MEX.)
— Storming of Chapultepec, Sep. 13, 1847, — and Assault and Capture

of the City of Mexico, Sep. 13–14, 1847 ; in garrison at New York harbor, 1848, — and Jefferson Barracks, Mo., 1848 ; on leave of absence, 1849–50 ; on frontier duty at Santa Fé, N. M., 1850–52, — Ft. Union, N. M., 1852–54, — Ft. Massachusetts, Col., 1854–55, — Utah Expedition, 1855, being engaged against the Utah Indians in a Skirmish, Apr. 29, 1855, near the head waters of the Arkansas River, — and at Ft. Massachusetts, Col., 1855 ; in garrison at Ft. McHenry, Md., 1855–56, — Baton Rouge, La., 1856, — and Ft. McHenry, Md., 1856–57 ; on frontier duty at Ft. Leavenworth, Kan., 1857, 1858, — Ft. Riley, Kan., 1858, 1859, — Ft. Leavenworth, Kan., 1859–60, — and quelling Kansas Disturbances, 1860–61 ; and in garrison at Ft. McHenry, Md., 1861, — and Washington, D. C., 1861.

Served during the Rebellion of the Seceding States, 1861–66 : in Defense of Washington, D. C., Feb.–Mar., 1861, — of Ft. Pickens, Fla., Apr.–Oct., 1861, — and of Ft. Jefferson, Fla., Nov., 1861–Mar., 1862 ;

(MAJOR, 2D ARTILLERY, APR. 28, 1861)

(LIEUT.-COLONEL, 2D ARTILLERY, OCT. 26, 1861)

in command at Philadelphia, Pa., Apr.–May, 1862 ; on leave of absence, May–July, 1862 ; as Member of Board for Retiring Disabled Officers, July–Sep., 1862 ; as Superintendent of Volunteer Recruiting Service, and Chief Mustering and Disbursing Officer at Columbus, O., Sep. 9, 1862, to Sep. 1, 1863 ; in command of Regimental headquarters at Ft. Washington,

(COLONEL, 4TH ARTILLERY, AUG. 1, 1863)

Md., Sep. 10, 1863, to Nov. 13, 1865 ; as Member of Board to examine recommendations of Applicants for appointment in the Regular Army, at Washington, D. C., Nov. 13, 1865, to Aug. 8, 1866.

BVT. BRIG.-GENERAL, U. S. ARMY, MAR. 13, 1865, FOR MERITORIOUS SERVICES DURING THE REBELLION.

Served : in command of regiment at Ft. McHenry, Md., Aug. 8, 1866, to Nov. 12, 1868 ; commanding Department of Washington, Nov. 12, 1868, to Mar. 13, 1869 ; and in command of regiment and post of Ft. McHenry, Md., Mar. 17, 1869, to Nov. 18, 1872, — and Presidio, San Francisco, Cal., to Jan. 10, 1877.

RETIRED FROM ACTIVE SERVICE, JAN. 10, 1877, UNDER THE LAW OF JULY 17, 1862, HE BEING OVER THE AGE OF 62 YEARS.

Civil History. — Degree of A. M. conferred by Geneva College, N. Y., 1840.

795..(Born N. Y.)...**JAMES M. MORGAN**.....(Ap'd N. Y.)..**10**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1831, to July 1, 1835, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 2D ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1835.

Served : in garrison at Ft. Pike, La., 1835 ; in the Florida War, 1835–38,

(SECOND LIEUT., 2D ARTILLERY, DEC. 28, 1835)

being engaged against the Seminole Indians in the Skirmishes at Camp

(FIRST LIEUT., 2D ARTILLERY, MAY 31, 1837)

Izard, Feb. 27, 28, 29, and Mar. 5, 1836, — Action of Oloklikaha, Mar. 31, 1836, — and Combat of Thlonotosassa Creek, Apr. 27, 1836 ; as Asst. Ordnance Officer at Allegheny Arsenal, Pa., 1838–41 ; in command of

(FIRST LIEUT., ORDNANCE, JULY 9, 1838)

Mount Vernon Arsenal, Ala., 1841–44, 1844–48 ; in the War with Mex-

(CAPTAIN, ORDNANCE, MAR. 3, 1847)

ico, as Ordnance Officer at Monterey, 1848 ; as Asst. Ordnance Officer at Watervliet Arsenal, N. Y., 1848–49 ; and in command of Little Rock Arsenal, Ark., 1849–51, — and of Baton Rouge Arsenal, La., 1851–53.

DIED, SEP. 20, 1853, AT BATON ROUGE, LA. : AGED 40.

796. . (Born O.) . . . . . **ROBERT M. RENICK**. . . . . (Ap'd Va.) . . **11**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1831, to July 1, 1835, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 4TH ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1835.

Served in garrison at Ft. Washington, Md., 1835, — and at Ft. Monroe, Va., 1835–36.

RESIGNED, APR. 30, 1836.

Civil History. — Asst. Engineer, Washington and Raleigh Railroad, N. C., 1836–38 ; and Chief Engineer, St. Joseph and Iola Railroad, Fla., 1838–39. Principal of Pendleton Academy, 1843–44. Colonel, Missouri Militia, 1855 to 18—. Banker, St. Louis, Mo., 1845–58, and 1866–69. Oil Miller, 1858–60. Real Estate Agent and Broker, 1860–65, and 1869–75.

DIED, JAN. 10, 1875, AT ST. LOUIS, MO. : AGED 62.

797. . (Born Ten.) . . . . **RICHARD HENDERSON**. . . (Ap'd Ten.) . . **12**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1831, to July 1, 1835, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 2D ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1835.

Served in the Florida War, 1835, and, in Dade's desperate Battle with the Seminole Indians, where the "whole command, save three, fell without an attempt to retreat," was

KILLED,* DEC. 28, 1835 : AGED 21.

798. . (Born Va.) . . . . . **JAMES N. ELLIS**. . . . . (Ap'd Va.) . . **13**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1831, to July 1, 1835, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 1ST ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1835.

On authorized graduation leave of absence, July 1, 1835, to Oct. 19, 1835.

RESIGNED, OCT. 19, 1835.

Civil History. — Asst. Engineer, Philadelphia and Reading Railroad, Pa., 1835–38, — and of James River and Kanawha Canal, Va., 1838–39.

DIED, NOV. 14, 1839, AT RICHMOND, VA. : AGED 23.

799. . (Born N. C.) . . . . . **JOHN L. KEAIS**. . . . . (Ap'd N. C.) . . **14**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, Sep. 1, 1831, to July 1, 1835, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 3D ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1835.

Served in the Florida War, 1835, and, in Dade's desperate Battle with the Seminole Indians, where "the whole command, save three, fell without an attempt to retreat," was

KILLED,* DEC. 28, 1835 : AGED 24.

* General Hitchcock, who passed over the battle-ground Feb. 22, 1836, reports: "Along the north and west faces of the triangular breastwork formed by felled trees, were about

thirty bodies, mere skeletons, although much of the clothing was left upon them. They were lying, almost every one of them, in precisely the position they must have occupied during the fight, — their heads next to the logs over which they had delivered their fire, and their bodies stretched with striking regularity parallel to each other. They had evidently been shot dead at their posts, and the Indians had not disturbed them, except by taking the scalps of most of them. . . . The advance guard, doubtless, fell during the first attack. It was during a cessation of fire that the little band still remaining — about thirty in number — threw up the triangular breastwork, which, from the haste with which it was constructed, was necessarily defective, and could not protect the men on the second attack."

The action lasted from 8 A. M. to 4 P. M. The United States troops amounted to one hundred and eight, and the savage foe to eight hundred Seminole Indians and one hundred negroes. Lieut. HENDERSON fell, and Lieut. KEAIS was disabled by having his arms broken on the first fire. The latter "got one of the men to tie both arms with a handkerchief, and was placed against a tree, where he was tomahawked by the negroes."

A beautiful monument, of white Italian marble, was erected at West Point to "DADE AND HIS COMMAND."

800..(Born N. Y.)..**WILLIAM SPENCER BROWN**..(Ap'd N. Y.)..**15**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1831, to July 1, 1835, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 3D ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1835.

On graduation leave of absence, July 1, 1835, to Dec. 31, 1835.

RESIGNED, DEC. 31, 1835.

Civil History. — Assistant Engineer of enlargement of Erie Canal, N. Y., 1835–36, — and of Norristown and Valley Railroad, Pa., 1836–37. Asst. Resident Engineer of Western and Atlantic Railroad, Ga., 1837–40. Chief Engineer, Memphis Branch Railroad, Ga., 1840–47, — and of Coosa and Tennessee Railroad, Ala., 1846. Principal Asst. Engineer and Commissioner of Ways of Columbia and Greenville Railroad, S. C., 1847–49, — and Chief Engineer of same Road, 1849–52. Consulting Engineer of Laurens and Newberry Railroad, S. C., 1850–51, — and of King's Mountain Railroad, S. C., 1851.

DROWNED, AUG. 30, 1852, IN BROAD RIVER, NEAR LITTLETON, S. C.: AGED 37.

801..(Born N. H.)..**HENRY L. KENDRICK**...(Ap'd N. H.)..**16**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, Sep. 1, 1831, to July 1, 1835, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 2D INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1835.

Served: at the Military Academy, 1835–47, as Asst. Professor of Chemistry, Mineralogy, and Geology, Sep. 13, 1835, to July 8, 1838, — and

(SECOND LIEUT., 2D INFANTRY, APR. 1, 1836)

(TRANSFERRED TO 2D ARTILLERY, JUNE 16, 1836)

(FIRST LIEUT., 2D ARTILLERY, JUNE 20, 1837)

Principal Asst. Professor of Chemistry, Mineralogy, and Geology, July 8,

(CAPTAIN, 2D ARTILLERY, JUNE 18, 1846, TO MAR. 3, 1857)

1838, to Jan. 18, 1847; in the War with Mexico, 1847–48, being engaged in the Siege of Vera Cruz, Mar. 10–29, 1847, — Battle of Cerro Gordo, Apr. 17–18, 1847, — Skirmish of Amazoque, May 14, 1847, — and Defense of Puebla, Sep. 13–Oct. 12, 1847, — and as Acting Ordnance Officer,

(BVT. MAJOR, OCT. 12, 1847, FOR GALLANT AND MERITORIOUS CONDUCT IN THE DEFENSE OF PUEBLA, MEX.)

Dec. 10, 1847, to June 16, 1848; in garrison at New York harbor, 1848, — and Jefferson Barracks, Mo., 1848–49; on frontier duty, in command of an Artillery Battalion, on the march from Ft. Leavenworth, Kan., to Santa Fé, N. M., 1849, — Expedition against Navajo Indians, 1849, — Santa Fé, N. M., 1849–51, — Expedition against Navajo Indians, 1851, — commanding escort of Topographical party, exploring Indian Country

from Zuñi River, N. M., to San Diego, Cal., 1851–52, being engaged in a Skirmish with Mojave Indians, Nov. 16, 1851, — en route from San Diego, Cal., to Jefferson Barracks, Mo., 1852, — commanding escort of Topographical party exploring Indian Country between the Republican Fork and Arkansas River, 1852, — March to New Mexico, 1852, — and in command of Ft. Defiance, N. M., 1852–57; at the Military Academy, as Professor of Chemistry, Mineralogy, and Geology, Mar. 3, 1857, to

(PROFESSOR OF CHEMISTRY, MINERALOGY, AND GEOLOGY, U. S. MILITARY ACADEMY, MAR. 3, 1857)

Dec. 13, 1880; and as Member of the Board of Assay Commissioners at the U. S. Mint, Philadelphia, Pa., 1859.

BRIG.-GENERAL, U. S. VOLUNTEERS, SEP. 23, 1861: DECLINED.

RETIRED FROM ACTIVE SERVICE, DEC. 13, 1880, AT HIS OWN REQUEST, HE BEING OVER 62 YEARS OF AGE, AND HAVING SERVED OVER 45 YEARS.

Civil History. — Degree of A. M. conferred by Dartmouth College, N. H., 1844; and of LL.D., by the University of Missouri, 1868, and by the University of Rochester, N. Y., 1869.

802..(Born Md.).....**JAMES H. STOKES**.....(Ap'd Md.)..**17**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1831, to July 1, 1835, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 2D ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1835.

TRANSFERRED TO 4TH ARTILLERY, AUG. 14, 1835.

Served: in garrison at Ft. Hamilton, N. Y., 1835–36; in Operations

(SECOND LIEUT., 4TH ARTILLERY, JUNE 11, 1836)

in Creek Nation, 1836; in the Florida War against the Seminole Indians, 1836–38, being engaged at the Battle of Okee-cho-bee, Dec. 25, 1837; in the Cherokee Nation, 1838, while transferring the Indians to the West; in garrison at Ft. Columbus, N. Y., 1838; on Quartermaster duty, pur-

(FIRST LIEUT., 4TH ARTILLERY, JULY 7, 1838)

chasing horses, 1838–39, — at New York, 1839–40, — Winnebago Country,

(CAPT., STAFF — ASST. QUARTERMASTER, MAY 21, 1839)

1840, — Florida War, 1840–41, — and at Buffalo, N. Y., 1841–43.

RESIGNED, SEP. 30, 1843.

Civil History. — Proprietor, Clyde Glass Factory, N. Y., 1843–53. Treasurer and Secretary of New York and Boston Railroad Company, 1856–58. Auditor and Local Treasurer of Illinois Central Railroad Company, 1858–61.

Military History. — Served during the Rebellion of the Seceding States, 1861–65: in removal of the small arms from St. Louis Arsenal, Mo., to Springfield, Ill., to equip Illinois Volunteers, Apr., 1861; * as State Commissioner to purchase arms for Illinois Volunteers, May, 1861;

(CAPTAIN, ILLINOIS ARTILLERY VOLUNTEERS, JULY 31, 1862)

in command of "Chicago Board of Trade Battery," in Major-General Buell's Campaign in Kentucky, Sep.–Oct., 1862, being engaged in the Battle of Perrysville, Oct. 8, 1862; in command of Regiment of Pioneers and Battery in Major-General Rosecrans' Campaign in Tennessee, Oct., 1862, to Sep., 1863, being engaged in the Battle of Stone River, Dec. 31, 1862–Jan. 3, 1863, — in several skirmishes in pursuit of the enemy, — Capture of Chattanooga, Sep. 9, 1863, — and Battle of Chickamauga, Sep. 19–20, 1863; against the Rebel General Wheeler's Raid in Middle Tennessee, Oct. 2–19, 1863, being engaged in the Action of Farmington,

Oct. 8, 1863, — and several skirmishes; in the Chattanooga Campaign, in command of Artillery Division, Oct., 1863, to Feb., 1864, being engaged in the Battle of Missionary Ridge, Nov. 23–24, 1863; as Inspector of the

(LIEUT.-COL., STAFF, U. S. VOLUNTEERS, FEB. 10, 1864)

Quartermaster Department of the Military Division of the Mississippi, Feb. 10 to Aug. 22, 1864, being engaged in making inspections, chiefly at New Orleans.

MUSTERED OUT OF SERVICE, AUG. 22, 1864.

Re-appointed in the U. S. Volunteer service, with the rank of

CAPT., STAFF — ASST. ADJUTANT-GENERAL, U. S. VOLUNTEERS, AUG. 22, 1864.

BRIG.-GENERAL, U. S. VOLUNTEERS, JULY 20, 1865.

Served in the defenses of Washington, D. C., Aug. 22, 1864, to Aug. 24, 1865.

MUSTERED OUT OF SERVICE, AUG. 24, 1865.

Civil History. — Commissioner of Illinois, May 3, 1861, for establishing a State Arsenal. Became blind, in 1868, from disease contracted in Florida War.

* Received, May 2, 1861, the thanks of the Legislature of Illinois for this military service.

803..(Born Ky.).....**MONTGOMERY BLAIR**.....(Ap'd Ky.)..**18**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1831, to July 1, 1835, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 4TH ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1835.

TRANSFERRED TO 2D ARTILLERY, AUG. 14, 1835.

Served in the Florida War against the Seminole Indians, 1836.

RESIGNED, MAY 20, 1836.

Civil History. — Counselor at Law, St. Louis, Mo., 1839–43. U. S. Attorney for the District of Missouri, 1839–43. Captain, Missouri Militia, 1842–43. Judge of St. Louis, Mo., Court of Common Pleas, 1843–49. Solicitor of the United States in the Court of Claims, Mar. 3, 1855, to May, 1858. Counselor at Law, Montgomery County, Md., 1853–61. President of the Republican Convention of the State of Maryland, 1860. Postmaster-General of the United States, Mar. 4, 1861, to Sep. 23, 1864. Counselor at Law, Montgomery County, Md., 1863–83. Lay Delegate, from Maryland, to the General Convention of the Episcopal Church, held in New York city, 1874. Member of the Legislature of the State of Maryland, 1877–78.

DIED, JULY 27, 1883, AT SILVER SPRINGS, MD.: AGED 70.

BIOGRAPHICAL SKETCH.

JUDGE MONTGOMERY BLAIR was born, May 10, 1813, in Franklin County, Ky., and died, July 27, 1883, at Silver Spring, Md., near Washington City. He was the son of the noted politician, Francis P. Blair, who attracted the attention, in 1829, of General Jackson, by an article published in a Kentucky newspaper against nullification. Thereupon Blair was invited to establish the "Washington Globe," the able organ of the successive administrations from 1830 to 1845, and the oracle of the Democratic party. Francis P. Blair, Jr. (the brother of Montgomery), was widely known as one of the earliest Free-Soil Republicans, became a volunteer General in the War of the Rebellion, was the Democratic candidate for Vice-President of the United States in 1868, and was elected U. S. Senator from Missouri in 1871.

Montgomery Blair, at the age of eighteen, entered the Military Academy, from which he was graduated, July 1, 1835, in the same class with Generals Morell, Martindale, and Meade, Professor Kendrick and other men of mark. After less than a year's service in the Florida War as a Lieutenant of Artillery, he resigned from the Army, May 20, 1836.

Soon after he studied law, was admitted to the bar in 1839, and in the same year was appointed United States District Attorney for Missouri. In 1842 he was elected Mayor of St. Louis, and the following year became Judge of the Court of Common Pleas, and retained the position till 1849, when he resigned.

For family reasons he removed, in 1852, from Missouri to Maryland, where he practiced his profession with decided success, and with such increasing reputation that he was employed as plaintiff's counsel in the famous Dred Scott case, and on other important trials before the United States Supreme Court. President Pierce appointed him, Mar. 3, 1855, Solicitor of the United States in the Court of Claims, from which office he was removed in 1858 by President Buchanan, because of Blair's affiliation with the Republican party.

From his father Blair inherited an entire and unswerving faith in the doctrines of Thomas Jefferson; he maintained that the founders of the constitution inculcated the two fundamental principles, — inviolability of the Union and the abolition of slavery; he contended that the entire South held these cardinal tenets till the cotton crops made negro labor an essentiality; and he believed that with the evolution of this new and pernicious theory came the determination to maintain slavery and extend it to new territory, failing which secession from the free States was the South's fixed purpose.

With the same intensity as the elder Blair had battled against nullification, the son, upon the repeal of the Missouri Compromise, made his firm stand against the extension of slavery. Unhesitatingly he changed his political allegiance; in 1860 presided over the Maryland Republican Convention; and, at the subsequent election for President, was a Republican Elector.

When Abraham Lincoln was inaugurated President, in 1861, he determined to offer Blair the War Portfolio. This arrangement was subsequently altered, Cameron becoming the Secretary of War and Blair Postmaster-General. His administration of the Post Office Department was remarkably vigorous and effective. Among Blair's earliest acts was an order issued in August, 1861, to the Postmaster of New York city, directing that none of the newspapers which had lately been presented to the Grand Jury of that city as dangerous for their disloyal sentiments should be forwarded in the mails. This summary action attracted much attention, and at length was brought before Congress. The Judiciary Committee of the House of Representatives, in January, 1863, made a report that they believed the act of the Postmaster-General to be "not only within the scope of his powers, but induced solely by considerations of public good."

Blair effected great improvements in the postal service. In the Southern States it had never been self-sustaining; hence, so soon as this dead weight was removed by the war, the Post Office Department became prosperous and remunerative. Blair at once planned and executed many radical changes. The first of these was one uniform postage, which has been such a universal convenience. Then followed the free delivery system in cities, a great accommodation to the public and a large source of revenue to the government; the beneficial money-order scheme, which has removed the temptation to robbing letters containing bank bills, and the postal-car service, designed to be so extended as, with the letter carriers, to almost obviate the necessity for city post offices.

When he died, the Postmaster-General, to mark his appreciation of his distinguished predecessor, issued the following order: "As a mark of respect to the late Montgomery Blair, ex-Postmaster-General, it is hereby directed that the Post Office Department be closed on Monday, July 30, the day of his funeral. The building will be draped for the period of thirty days; the flag placed at half-staff until after the funeral."

In September, 1864, Blair left the Cabinet to satisfy a very general demand on the part of the radical leaders of the Republican party who opposed Lincoln's re-election, being dissatisfied with the President's extreme conservatism.

From that time Blair devoted himself to his law practice and took no part in politics, save in the winter following President Hayes' inauguration, when, as a member of the Maryland Legislature, he endeavored to set on foot a movement in Mr. Tilden's behalf to test the President's right to his seat. It proved an utter failure; but Blair, nevertheless, acted in good faith, from a high sense of duty, and with a firm conviction of the justice of his course.

What he thought of his own political attitude is shown in the following letter which he addressed to the editor of a Western paper: "Having stood alone in Lincoln's Cabinet for the Union in my refusal to hold that place if the flag of the Union was hauled down, and Fort Sumter given up to the rebels, and again opposing the reconstruction policy, for which I was driven out of the Cabinet, having after the war been the first to denounce the proscription of white people by test oaths, and leading the movement which removed that proscription in Maryland, and being in return disfranchised myself by the Democratic leaders to whom I had restored the right of suffrage, without being disheartened or faltering in my opposition to Radicalism, and having been down here last winter to denounce the sell-out of Tilden by certain of the Democratic leaders in the interest of the great corporate jobbing interests which still dominate the country, I have been schooled to meet the denunciation and ridicule with which those interests and their press have treated my effort to bring this fraud to judicial exposure and strip them of the fruits of it."

Blair was now as pronounced a Democrat as before he had been a radical Republican. Right or wrong, and utterly regardless of his own political success, on all great questions he took sides with courage and even audacity, never waiting any other leadership than his own honest convictions. He never dreaded being in the minority, but rather, like the stormy petrel, enjoyed being the harbinger of the political tempest. His own independent thought, however great the apparent inconsistency, always decided his course. Born in a slave State, a Jeffersonian Democrat, and while of that party enjoying the lucrative position of Solicitor of the United States Court of Claims, he did not hesitate to cast off party trammels and throw away a good office in order that he might signify his disapprobation of the "infamous Missouri Compromise." In like manner, after being the plaintiff's counsel in the Dred Scott case, he denounced the Lecompton Constitution of Kansas, stigmatized President Buchanan's management as semi-treasonable, and, in 1860, presided over a State Convention of Republicans in slave-holding Maryland. From this stand of ultra Republicanism he again fell into the arms of Democracy, because of his sincere belief in the folly of the extreme Republican reconstruction measures after all resistance to Federal authority had ceased in the Southern States, and their acts of secession had become nullities. *Justus et tenax propositi*, he preferred to be called an apostate rather than act the trimmer.

Living and sharing in so many important political public crises, Judge Blair could have made valuable contributions to his country's history; but, except as editor of the "Union" newspaper, he wrote little, save

some concise and masterly articles, among which were a series of replies to criticisms on his famous campaign speech; the defense of his brother Frank against General Sherman's Memoirs; an attack upon Southern jobbers; a long paper in the "North American Review" upon negro suffrage; another opposing the bill to reopen the Tilden-Hayes Presidential question, and some minor contributions of his steel-pointed pen.

To the elder Blair President Jackson left many valuable private papers and public documents from which to prepare a biography of "Old Hickory." These, and a large collection of letters and manuscripts concerning the stirring times in which the father himself had lived, were transmitted to his son, who never found time to utilize them, or even to profit by the voluminous memoranda growing out of his own connection with national affairs. Probably he was fully conscious of his uncompromising and dogmatic temper, so ill suited to the dispassionate discussion of the great events which transpired while he sat in President Lincoln's Cabinet, where he was ever the decided advocate of the most stringent measures to put down the rebellion. Any compromise to surrender Fort Sumter he deemed treason, and had he been President Lincoln's Secretary of War he would have arrested Lee and all other rebel army leaders whenever they tendered their resignation from the service of the United States.

Stern and resolute in public position, he appeared to the outside world to be a vacillating politician, but in reality was no Vicar of Bray. He much preferred to be on the losing side than to be derelict to his principles or faithless in his devotion to truth. Honor and integrity were his invariable guides. Had he been simply ambitious of a successful career, he would have continued a Democrat in order to retain his office of United States Solicitor; and had he subsequently remained a Republican he might have been the U. S. Senator from Maryland. In that body he could have taken a high stand, for he was a ready, well-informed, and fearless debater, and, as an acute analyzer of the motives of men, would have been unsparing in the dissection of politicians and their acts, not excepting those of his former associates in the Cabinet, particularly Seward and Stanton, who were no favorites of his, he believing the latter to have been a greatly over-rated Secretary, whose fame was built up at the expense of his more daring and intelligent subordinates. Blair, however, would never have been a popular favorite, for the elements of his character were so mixed that his worse would often quarrel with his better parts. He was able, instructed, combative, dogmatic, self-reliant, strong-willed, incisive in expression, just in thought, possessed immense energy, had large business capacity, and, though sometimes vehement, was always the true gentleman.

Blair, in private life, was simple in his habits, unobtrusive in his manners, and of great kindness of heart. His tall, thin figure, large intellectual head, and winning, merry smile were known of every one in Washington; and at his beautiful country home, surrounded with flowering gardens, cultivated fields, and broad pastures populated with choice cattle, he was the centre and magnet of everything. He was truly lovable, benevolent, and just. His moral qualities were even greater than his intellectual. "Any notice of Montgomery Blair's career," says a friend writing to me, "would be incomplete which did not refer to his earnest Christian character and his devotion to the Episcopal Church. He was for a dozen years or more a delegate from Grace Church, Silver Spring, Montgomery County, Md., to the annual convention of the Diocese of Maryland. He was always attentive, punctual, and alert during its proceedings, being especially desirous to sustain the late Bishop Pinkney in his rulings adverse to the Ritualists in said Convention. There was a warm personal friendship between him and Bishop Pinkney. It is be-

lieved that to his vigilance and ready logic was due the unvarying and prompt action of the Convention, year after year, in support of that lamented Bishop, who died but two weeks before the death of Judge Blair."

Another enthusiastic admirer of him says: "The moral purity and symmetry of Judge Blair's character, its wisdom and serenity, shed a beneficent light upon every human soul with whom he came in contact. No one could hold intercourse with him without going away stronger and better for the experience. Into how many hearts he suffused some share of his own earnest, virtuous nature can never be told. But each and all will transmit the impulse to numbers more, and so, for generations yet to come, his mighty spirit shall walk the earth and bless it."

804..(Born Spain)....**GEORGE G. MEADE**.....(Ap'd Pa.)..**19**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, Sep. 1, 1831, to July 1, 1835, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 3D ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1835.

Served: in the Florida War against the Seminole Indians, 1835–36;

(SECOND LIEUT., 3D ARTILLERY, DEC. 31, 1835)

and on Ordnance duty, July 11, 1836, to Oct. 26, 1836.

RESIGNED, OCT. 26, 1836.

Civil History. — Asst. Engineer in the service of the United States, on Survey of the Delta of the Mississippi, 1837–38, — of Texas Boundary, 1838–40, — and of Northeastern Boundary of the United States, 1840–42.

Military History. — Re-appointed in the U. S. Army with the rank of

SECOND LIEUT., TOP. ENGINEERS, MAY 19, 1842.

Served: as Asst. Top. Engineer on Survey of the Northeastern Boundary Line between the United States and British Provinces, 1842–43, — and in Delaware Bay, 1844–45; in Military Occupation of Texas, 1845–46; in the War with Mexico, 1846–47, being engaged in the battle of Palo Alto, May 8, 1846, — Battle of Resaca-de-la-Palma, May 9, 1846, — Bat-

(BVT. FIRST LIEUT, SEP. 23, 1846, FOR GALLANT CONDUCT IN THE SEVERAL CONFLICTS AT MONTEREY, MEX.)

tle of Monterey, Sep. 21–23, 1846, — and Siege of Vera Cruz, Mar. 9–29, 1847; in the construction of Light-houses in Delaware Bay, and mapping surveys of Florida Reefs, 1847–49; in Florida Hostilities against the Seminole Indians, 1849–50; in construction of Light-houses in Delaware Bay, 1850–51, — and of Iron Screw-pile Light-house on Carysfort Reef,

(FIRST LIEUT., TOP. ENGINEERS, AUG. 4, 1851)

Fla., 1851–52, and on Sand Key, Fla., 1852–56; and on Geodetic Survey

(CAPTAIN, TOP. ENGINEERS, MAY 17, 1856, FOR FOURTEEN YEARS' CONTINUOUS SERVICE)

of the Northwestern Lakes, 1856, — and in charge of all the Northern Lake Surveys, 1857–61.

Served during the Rebellion of the Seceding States, 1861–66: in com-

(BRIG.-GENERAL, U. S. VOLUNTEERS, AUG. 31, 1861)

mand of brigade of "Pennsylvania Reserve Corps," on the right of the lines before Washington, D. C., Aug. 31, 1861, to June 9, 1862, being present at the Action of Dranesville, Va., Dec. 20, 1861; in the Virginia Peninsular Campaign, June, 1862, being engaged in the Battle of Mechanicsville, June 26, 1862, — Battle of Gaines' Mill, June 27, 1862, —

(MAJOR, TOP. ENGINEERS, JUNE 18, 1862: CORPS OF ENGINEERS, MAR. 3, 1863)

and Battle of Glendale, June 30, 1862, where he was severely wounded;

on sick leave of absence, disabled by wound, July–Aug. 1862; in Northern Virginia Campaign, Aug.-Sep., 1862, being engaged in the Battle of Manassas, Aug. 29–30, 1862; in command of division, 1st Corps, except Sep. 17–29, 1862, while temporarily commanding Corps (Army of the Potomac), in the Maryland Campaign, Sep.–Nov., 1862, being engaged in

(MAJOR-GENERAL, U. S. VOLUNTEERS, NOV. 29, 1862, TO AUG. 18, 1864)

the Battle of South Mountain, Sep. 14, 1862, — Battle of Antietam, Sep. 16–17, 1862, — and pursuit of the enemy, and march to Falmouth, Va., Oct.–Nov., 1862; in command of division, 1st Corps, Dec., 1862, and of 5th Corps, Dec. 25, 1862, to June 28, 1863 (Army of the Potomac), — in the Rappahannock Campaign, being engaged in the Battle of Fredericksburg, Dec. 13, 1862, — and Battle of Chancellorsville, May 2–4, 1863; in command of the Army of the Potomac, June 28, 1863, to July 1, 1865; in the Pennsylvania Campaign, commanding the Army of the Potomac, June–July, 1863, being engaged in the Battle of Gettysburg,* July 1–3, 1863, — and pursuit of the enemy to Warrenton,

(BRIG.-GENERAL, U. S. ARMY, JULY 3, 1863)

Va., July, 1863; in the Rapidan Campaign, commanding the Army of the Potomac, which was engaged in the Combat of Bristoe Station, Oct. 14, 1863, — Actions at Kelly's Ford and Combat of Rappahannock Station, Nov. 7, 1863 — and Mine Run Operations, Nov. 26 to Dec. 3, 1863; in the Richmond Campaign (May 4, 1864, to Apr. 9, 1865), commanding the Army of the Potomac, which was engaged in the Battle of the Wilderness, May 5–6, 1864, — Battles about Spottsylvania, May 8–20, 1864, — Battles of North Anna, May 23–26, 1864, — Combat of Tolopotomy, May 29, 1864, — Combat of Bethesda Church, May 30, 1864, — Battle of Coal Harbor, June 1–3, 1864, — Assaults on Petersburg, June 16–18, 1864, — Movement and Action on Jerusalem Road, June 22, 1864, — Petersburg, Mine Assault, July 30, 1864, — Actions for the Occupation of the Weldon Railroad, Aug. 18–25, 1864, — Reconnoisance and Com-

(MAJOR-GENERAL, U. S. ARMY, AUG. 18, 1864)

bat of Peeble's Farm, Sep. 30, 1864, — Movement and Action on Boydtown Road, Oct. 27–28, 1864, — Combat of Hatcher's Run, Feb. 5–6, 1865, — Combat of Ft. Steadman, Mar. 25, 1865, — Assault and Capture of Petersburg, Mar. 29–Apr. 2, 1865, which had been besieged since June 18, 1864, — Pursuit of Rebel Army, Apr. 3–9, 1865, — Battle of Sailor's Creek, Apr. 6, 1865, — and Capitulation of General Lee with the Army of Northern Virginia, at Appomattox C. H., Apr. 9, 1865; and in command of the Military Division of the Atlantic (embracing the Atlantic States to include South Carolina), July 1, 1865, to Aug. 6, 1866; † as President of Board for Retiring Disabled Officers, Nov. 27, 1865, to Jan. 2, 1868, — of Board to make recommendations for Brevets to the grade of general officers, Mar. 14–24, 1866, — and of Board to select depots for Army Clothing in New York city, 1867.

Served: in command of the Department of the East, headquarters, Philadelphia, Pa., Aug. 6, 1866, to Jan. 2, 1868, — of Third Military District, Jan.–Aug., 1868, — of Department of the South, Aug., 1868, to Mar. 12, 1869, — and of Military Division of the Atlantic, Mar. 12, 1869, to Nov. 6, 1872.

Civil History. — Degree of LL. D. conferred by Harvard College, Cambridge, Mas., 1865. Commissioner of Fairmount Park, Philadelphia, Pa., 1866–72.‡

DIED, NO. 6, 1872, AT PHILADELPHIA, PA.: AGED 57.

* Received the thanks of Congress, Jan. 28, 1864, "for the skill and heroic valor which, at

Gettysburg, repelled, defeated and drove back, broken and dispirited, beyond the Rappahannock, the veteran army of the Rebellion."

† Received, July 4, 1866, from the Union League Club of Philadelphia, Pa., a gold medal, as a token of the gratitude of his countrymen to "The Victor at Gettysburg, the Deliverer of his State, the Faithful Soldier of our Country;" and swords of honor from various places.

‡ An equestrian statue, to the memory of General Meade, was unveiled, Oct. 18, 1887, in Fairmount Park, Philadelphia, Pa., of which, till his death, he had been the most active commissioner in the laying out and adorning this spacious public pleasure ground.

BIOGRAPHICAL SKETCH.

MAJOR-GENERAL GEORGE GORDON MEADE was born, Dec. 31, 1815, under the American flag, at Cadiz, in Spain, his father being the United States Consul at that port. Shortly after his birth, with his parents he went to Philadelphia, where his early boyhood was passed, and while quite young was sent to a school at Georgetown, D. C., then taught by the late Chief Justice Chase. Thence he went to a military school near Philadelphia, his parents having determined that he should enter the service of his country, for which he received the appointment of Cadet, was graduated from the U. S. Military Academy, and promoted in the Army, July 1, 1835, to be a Second Lieutenant in the Third Artillery. Upon joining his regiment in Florida, he served a short time against the Seminole Indians; then, for a few months, was on Ordnance duty; and, Oct. 26, 1836, resigned his commission on account of his ill health.

After leaving the Army, he entered the civil service of the United States as an Assistant Engineer, first under Captain Talcott, engaged upon a hydrographic examination of the Delta of the Mississippi, and then on the Surveys of the Texas and the Northeastern Boundaries of the United States.

Meade, being somewhat recovered in health, in 1842 re-entered the Army as a Second Lieutenant of Topographical Engineers; joined General Taylor in 1845, while occupying Texas; in the Mexican War participated in the battles of Palo Alto, Resaca-de-la-Palma, and Monterey, being brevetted for his gallantry in the latter conflict, and accompanied the mass of the regular forces to General Scott's line of operations, serving under him in the Siege of Vera Cruz.

Subsequently he was the Superintending Engineer of Light-house constructions on the Florida coast, having charge of the important screw-pile lights on Sand Key and Carysfort Reef; and, from 1857 to 1861, was Chief Engineer of the great Geodetic Survey of the Northern Lakes, in conducting which he won a deservedly high reputation, and acquired that fertility in expedients, habit of quick decision, and method of careful observation which prepared him for the practice and responsibilities of higher command.

Meade was a Captain in his corps when the cry of Secession rang throughout the South; immediately upon President Lincoln's call for Volunteers, being then on duty at Detroit, he offered his services as Colonel of a Michigan regiment, a position he was not allowed to accept; however, in August, 1861, he was appointed a Brigadier-General, U. S. Volunteers, and placed in command of the Second Brigade of the Pennsylvania Reserve Corps, stationed at Tenallytown, D. C., where he assisted in the construction of Ft. Pennsylvania, one of the works for the defense of the Capital.

The Pennsylvania Reserves, in March, 1862, crossed into Virginia and were incorporated with the Army of the Potomac, becoming the second division of General McDowell's First Army Corps. After the evacuation of Manassas, Meade held command of his brigade in the Department of the Shenandoah, whence he was transferred to the Army on the Peninsula in time to participate in the Seven Days' operations before Richmond, being engaged in the conflicts of Mechanicsville, June 26, and Gaines'

Mill, June 27, and in the Battle of Glendale, June 30, where he was severely wounded while commanding his division after the capture of his seniors, Generals McCall and Reynolds.

The urgency of the military situation did not allow Meade to remain long absent; hence, before he fully recovered from his wound, he rejoined the Army of the Potomac, then being reorganized for the Maryland campaign, in which, at the head of his division, he gallantly participated in the Battle of South Mountain; and, when General Hooker was wounded in the Battle of Antietam, he assumed command of the First Corps, fighting bravely during the remainder of the day. He had two horses killed under him, and was himself slightly wounded, but never left the field. After Hooker's return to the head of his corps, Meade resumed command of his division in the Army of the Potomac, then under General Burnside, and was, Nov. 29, 1862, promoted to be a Major-General of Volunteers for his past meritorious services.

At the Battle of Fredericksburg, Dec. 13, 1862, in command of 4,500 of the left grand division of the Army, Meade led his men boldly up to the enemy's works, broke through the Confederate lines, reached the heights they had occupied, and got into the presence of their reserves; but for want of support, and having lost more than one third of his whole force, including a large proportion of officers, he was reluctantly compelled to abandon an almost attained victory and withdraw to the left bank of the Rappahannock.

After these brilliant services as a division commander, Meade was placed at the head of the Fifth Corps of the Army of the Potomac, of which, Jan. 26, 1863, Hooker became General-in-Chief. Confronting it, upon the opposite side of the Rappahannock, lay the victorious Confederate army in strong intrenchments, extending twenty-five miles from Port Royal to Banks Ford, the left of which position, at the end of April, Hooker made a well-designed but badly executed attempt to turn by crossing the upper Rappahannock and moving down the right bank of the stream to engage the enemy. The mass of the Army of the Potomac, on the first of May, was out of the "Wilderness" in clear, open ground, where every arm could freely act in the accomplishment of the proposed turning movement. Everything presaged a complete success, but, though out of the woods in one sense, the sequel proved the reverse to Hooker, who, unexpectedly to every one, gave orders to return to Chancellorsville, from which fated field, after a long series of blunders and disasters, the proud Army of the Potomac recrossed the Rappahannock. In these operations Meade bore a conspicuous and daring part, and was assigned to the responsible duty of covering the retreat of our forces while recrossing the swollen river, a task he accomplished with masterly movements and soldierly skill, winning the highest commendations.

The Confederate sortie to the Susquehanna followed early in June, Lee's victorious columns designing to advance to Philadelphia, and perhaps even to New York, to dictate terms of separation of the States. Hooker, lingering a short time on the Rappahannock in doubt as to the enemy's intentions, followed in pursuit on an interior line east of the Blue Ridge, so as to cover the Capital, both armies crossing the Potomac simultaneously, at far-separated fords. Hardly were the armies across the river when Hooker asked to be relieved of his command, a request instantly granted, General Buckingham being sent as a special messenger with the President's order of June 28 to General Meade to assume the command of the Army of the Potomac, an honor so little anticipated by him that, when suddenly awakened in his tent in the vicinity of Frederick, Md., he supposed that Buckingham had been sent by the War Department to arrest him for some unknown offense. Upon assuming command, the new chief, in modest terms, issued an appropriate order to the army,

in the organization of which he made few changes, and at once vigorously combined his movements to intercept the enemy and fight a decisive battle.

Buford's cavalry, on the first of July, encountering the enemy's advance, was driven back to Seminary Ridge; Reynolds was killed; and Howard, unable to oppose the strongly re-enforced Confederates, retreated to Cemetery Hill, where the over cautious foe fortunately did not attack him that night. Meade was fourteen miles away, bringing order out of confusion, and arranging his defensive lines at Pipe Creek for the ultimate struggle, when, at one o'clock that afternoon, hearing of Howard's perilous position, he immediately sent forward Hancock to assume the command, and soon after hastened himself to Gettysburg. At midnight Meade reached his destination, and deep in thought stood on that lone Cemetery Hill among its sepulchral monuments, dimly visible in the misty moonlight. O'erburdened with fearful responsibility in this crisis of the nation's fate, his perturbed imagination might have pictured stalking among the tombs the spectre of the gasping Union; but shadows vanished with the early dawn of the coming morn, which saw posted all the various corps of the brave Army of the Potomac, except the Sixth, which, hurrying in hot haste all night, after a forced march of thirty-two miles, reached its goal at 3 P. M.

That daybreak of the second of July was the culminating moment of Meade's life, for his was the Atropos sword which was to sever or preserve the Union. Crowning the crest from Culp's Hill to Round Top lay his embattled army, wedded to disaster by its late commanders; and before him, along Seminary Ridge, was the invader of our free soil, equal in numbers, superior in discipline, enthusiastic with hope, elated with victories, anticipating a new triumph, assured of insurrection in our rear, sanguine of establishing the Confederacy of Slavery, and by one brave blow setting at naught the President's immortal Proclamation of Emancipation.

It is unnecessary here to repeat the moving incidents and disastrous chances of the bloody battle which followed: how Sickles was rescued from his perilous position by Humphreys' resolution and valor; how Warren's quick eye saw and seized the Little Round Top, the flanking key to our front; how the exterior defenses of Culp's Hill were lost and won; how both armies unflinchingly withstood the terrible cannonade of the opposing hosts; how that mile-wide column of the best Southern infantry charged across the rain-soaked valley to Hancock's serried lines, rooted to the rugged height; how the annihilating artillery of Hunt and Tyler swept away thousands with the besom of destruction; how those three young heroes, Gibbon, Hays, and Webb, repulsed the furious melee of the desperate advance; how most of that courageous column of 18,000 was utterly crushed, all of its brigade commanders killed or mortally wounded, and only a single field officer escaping unhurt; and how two long summer days of reckless assaults and fierce conflict had ended in Lee's utter defeat. The Confederacy, sanguine of success, had fallen under a Thor thunderblow; Freedom was triumphant, and "that government *of* the people, *by* the people, and *for* the people" had not perished "forever from the earth." The following day, July 4, 1864, while the Southern army lay torn and bleeding on the field of its overthrow, the loyal North, with wild rejoicings, celebrated the Anniversary of our insured Independence, made doubly glorious by the twin victories of Gettysburg in the East and Vicksburg in the West.

The Confederates, who in their ill-judged attack on Cemetery Ridge had shown much valor and little generalship, in a pitiless storm rapidly retreated, cautiously followed by the cavalry and Sixth Corps to the Potomac, which they safely recrossed on the night of the 13th, much to the

President's disappointment, who had anticipated their virtual destruction. Lee now continued his retreat through the Shenandoah Valley and the gaps of the Blue Ridge till he had interposed the Rappahannock between him and his pursuers.

During the autumn, heavy draughts were made upon both armies to reenforce those in Georgia; various manœuvres followed on either side, resulting in nothing decisive; several brilliant combats between detached forces were fought; the well-devised plan to surprise the divided enemy at Mine Run failed of success; and finally, on the approach of winter, Meade recrossed the Rapidan, thus terminating his campaign.

Grant being appointed, Mar. 2, 1864, Lieutenant-General, took personal command of all our forces in Virginia, including the Army of the Potomac, which continued under the immediate control of Meade, who, for his brilliant services at Gettysburg, had been promoted in the regular army from a Major of Engineers to a Brigadier-General.

With over 100,000 men, of which the Army of the Potomac constituted more than three fourths, Grant opened the Richmond campaign, May 4, 1864, designing to fight the smaller Army of Northern Virginia where it could be met, crumble it to pieces by steady pounding, and thus destroy the Confederacy. For this purpose our forces moved by their left, resulting, as we all know, in the conflicts and carnage of the battles of the Wilderness, the attacks at Spottsylvania, the operations on the North Anna, the assaults at Cold Harbor, the passage of James River, the siege of Petersburg and Richmond, the breaking of the Confederate intrenchments, the swift pursuit of the flying foe, and the final capitulation of the Army of Northern Virginia at Appomattox.

In these campaigns of 1864 and 1865 the position of Meade, responsible for the conduct of his command, but controlled by a superior in rank, was very embarrassing; yet he performed his delicate part with high honor to himself, secured the respect and esteem of his chief, gained the promotion of Major-General, and won unfading laurels for the Army of the Potomac.

After the war, Meade, with headquarters at Philadelphia, commanded successively the Department of the East, the Third Military District, the Department of the South, and the Military Division of the Atlantic, embracing the Coast States from Maine to South Carolina inclusive, and was also at the head of several important Army Boards. Except while temporarily detached during the reconstruction of Georgia, he remained at his headquarters till he died, Nov. 6, 1872.

During the progress of the war, General Meade was presented with a magnificent sword and accoutrements by the division of the Pennsylvania Reserves which he had commanded; and a gold medal was bestowed, July 4, 1866, by the Union League of Philadelphia, as a token of the gratitude of his countrymen, to the "Victor of Gettysburg, the Deliverer of his State, and the Faithful Soldier of his Country." He also received the Thanks of Congress, Jan. 28, 1864, "for the skill and heroic valor which, at Gettysburg, repelled, defeated, and drove back, broken and dispirited, beyond the Rappahannock, the veteran Army of the Rebellion."

Besides these honors for his military achievements, he received civic testimonials to his high intellectual endowments, and liberal scientific and literary culture, by being made a member of the Historical Society of Pennsylvania in 1863, and of the Philadelphia Academy of Natural Sciences in 1865; receiving also this latter year the degree of LL.D. from Harvard University, Mas.

General Meade, though not perhaps handsome, had a commanding appearance, being tall in stature with small compact head, high, broad forehead, prominent nose, and a mouth of firmness. He was of quick, sensitive, and impetuous temper, and, to those who thwarted his wishes,

even irascible and imperious ; but to all treating him with consideration he was gentle, polished, and courteous, for by nature he was a genial-hearted gentleman. He had an excellent, well-poised mind, disciplined by education, cultivated by study, and strengthened by reflection : hence whatever he undertook was well if not brilliantly done ; and with quick perceptions, clear comprehension, and sound judgment, all his faculties were under his ready command for instant use. Fortunately he chose the profession of a soldier, for which he had a decided aptitude ; but, had he become a lawyer, his judicial character of mind, his keen sense of justice, and his nice discrimination between right and wrong, would have made him eminent at the bar. This was conspicuously shown in his administration of civil affairs, and yet more in his military decisions, which were free from prejudice and personal jealousy, he ever to subordinates giving the just credit for meritorious services, and from superiors withholding nothing for himself which was not truly his own and fairly won. In these, as in all other respects, he had the strictest integrity of character.

Meade was also a vigorous writer, a fluent talker, and, judging from his brief addresses, might have become a conspicuous speaker. His conversation, easy and graceful, showed his nice intuition and judgment, his close observation of passing events, his knowledge of men and books, his keen perception of character, and his cultivated taste in art. None of our officers made a better impression on the many foreign soldiers who visited his camp, or upon the distinguished civilians who after the war enjoyed his society.

But it was in his military sphere that Meade was most eminent. In the Army he always commanded the high respect of his superiors, and, though a strict disciplinarian, was very popular with his subordinates. Of others, however, he required no more than of himself, and, without seeking to ingratiate himself with his command, he always possessed its confidence and esteem. He sought not the bubble reputation at the cannon's mouth, but aimed at solid results from studied plans carried out by cautious Fabian movements. Though as brave and impetuous as Murat, he never trusted to dash and audacity for success ; hence he was seldom a hero with the masses. He believed in perseverance and hard pounding; among our generals most resembling, though not the equal of, "sure and steady Thomas," who afterwards won in the West as Meade gained in the East the turning victory of the war. Immortal twin triumphs, Gettysburg and Nashville !

Had Meade been more trustful of fickle fortune, after Gettysburg he would have vigorously pursued and possibly have destroyed the Army of Northern Virginia before it crossed the Potomac ; but, with his methodical habits, and oppressed with the fearful responsibility resting upon him, he was unwilling to risk another great battle, which if lost might have jeopardized our cause, at least for a season. He felt that he had done his best, and was deeply stung by the President's dissatisfaction, to which he proudly replied : "Having performed my duty conscientiously, and to the best of my ability, the censure of the President is in my judgment so undeserved that I feel compelled most respectfully to ask to be immediately relieved from the command of this Army." The President, though grieved that the enemy had escaped from the Caudine Forks, was not disposed, in his generous nature, to be unjust to Meade, who of course was continued in his command. It should be borne in mind, in this connection, that Meade was totally unprepared to assume the high responsibility when suddenly thrust upon him ; that he did not know the full capacities of his Army ; that he was unfamiliar with supreme command ; that in less than a week after assuming it he had fought a great and successful battle ; and that, under all these circumstances, he was

unwilling to risk his laurels in a doubtful contest with a well-trained antagonist driven to desperation.

The victory of Gettysburg over the largest and best appointed army of the Confederacy was the culminating glory of Meade, who from the beginning of the Civil War had been constantly in the fore-front; had given his best energies to the great cause; had at no time shrunk from a duty; had never sought a preferment; had cheerfully obeyed every order; and had borne without a murmur every responsibility imposed upon him.

General Meade was in every sense a true man, with no Janus sides of character to be worn to suit occasion. He was a gallant, chivalrous soldier, a wise and judicious counselor, a true and steadfast friend, the soul of highest honor, and to wife and children the devoted husband and affectionate parent.

He was buried in Laurel Hill Cemetery, his funeral being attended by the President of the United States, his Cabinet, and many members of Congress; the Governor, Judiciary, and Legislature of Pennsylvania; the Mayor and Corporate authorities of Philadelphia; Officers of the Regular and Volunteer Army and Navy, Marine Corps, and Army of the Potomac; numerous Military and Civic Associations; and a large concourse of friends, associates, and citizens.

805..(Born Va.).....**WILLIAM H. BETTS**.....(Ap'd Ga.)..**20**

Military History.—Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1831, to July 1, 1835, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 7TH INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1835.

TRANSFERRED TO 1ST ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1835.

Served: in garrison at Ft. Moultrie, S. C., 1836; in the Florida War

(SECOND LIEUT., 1ST ARTILLERY, FEB. 29, 1836)

against the Seminole Indians, 1836, being engaged in the Skirmish of Okihumphy Swamp, Mar. 30, 1836; in Operations against the Creek Indians, 1836, as Acting Aide-de-Camp to Major-General Scott, June 20 to July 7, 1836; in the Florida War against the Seminole Indians, 1836, being engaged in the Combat at Ft. Drane, Aug. 21, 1836, where he was

(FIRST LIEUT., 1ST ARTILLERY, NOV. 30, 1837)

wounded; and on Ordnance duty, Mar. 17, 1837, to June 20, 1839.

RESIGNED, JUNE 20, 1839.

Civil History.—Planter in Alabama, 1839–40.

DIED, 1840, IN ALABAMA: AGED 25.

806..(Born Va.)...**GEORGE G. WAGGAMAN**..(Ap'd D. C.)..**21**

Military History.—Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1831, to July 1, 1835, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 1ST ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1835.

Served: in the Florida War, 1835–36; on Recruiting service, 1837;

(SECOND LIEUT., 1ST ARTILLERY, MAR. 31, 1836)

at the Military Academy, 1837–41, as Asst. Instructor of Infantry Tac-

(FIRST LIEUT., 1ST ARTILLERY, FEB. 15, 1838)

tics, Aug. 29, 1837, to Feb. 17, 1839,—and as Adjutant, Feb. 17, 1839, to July 1, 1841; in garrison at Ft. Constitution, N. H., 1841; on Northern Frontier, at Plattsburg, N. Y., 1841, during Canada Border Disturbances;

(CAPTAIN, STAFF—COMMISSARY OF SUBSISTENCE, DEC. 2, 1841)

on Commissary duty in Florida, 1842, — and at New York city, 1842–45; as Member of the Board of Visitors to the U. S. Military Academy, 1844; as Chief of Commissariat of the "Army of Occupation," commanded by Major-General Taylor, in Texas and in the War with Mexico, Aug. 6, 1845, to Jan. 8, 1847, being present at the Battle of Palo Alto, May 8, 1846, — Battle of Resaca-de-la-Palma, May 9, 1846, — and Battle of

(BVT. MAJOR, SEP. 23, 1846, FOR GALLANT AND MERITORIOUS CONDUCT IN THE BATTLES OF PALO ALTO AND RESACA-DE-LA-PALMA, TEX., AND MONTEREY, MEX.)

Monterey, Sep. 21–23, 1846; and as Depot Commissary at New York

(CAPTAIN, 1ST ARTILLERY, MAR. 3, 1847: VACATED, MAR. 3, 1847)

city, 1847–48, — New Orleans, La., 1848–52, — and St. Louis, Mo., 1852–61.

RESIGNED, MAY 10, 1861.

Civil History. — Wholesale Grocer at St. Louis, Mo., 1861–84.

DIED, SEP. 9, 1884, AT ST. LOUIS, MO.: AGED 69.

807. (Born D. C.) . . **WEIGHTMAN K. HANSON** . . (Ap'd D. C.) . **22**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1831, to July 1, 1835, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 7TH INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1835.

Served: on frontier duty at Ft. Coffee, I. T., 1835–36; on Recruiting

(SECOND LIEUT., 7TH INFANTRY, JUNE 8, 1836)

service 1836–38; on frontier duty at Ft. Gibson, I. T., 1838–39; in the

(FIRST LIEUT., 7TH INFANTRY, JULY 7, 1838)

Florida War, 1839; in escorting Indian prisoners to Charleston, S. C.,

(BVT. CAPT., AUG. 3, 1839, FOR MERITORIOUS CONDUCT AND GALLANTRY IN THE WAR IN FLORIDA)

1839; on Recruiting service, 1839–40; in the Florida War against the Seminole Indians, 1840–41, being engaged in command in the Skirmish near Wakahoota, Sep. 6, 1840; and at the Military Academy as Asst. Professor of Mathematics, Nov. 15, 1841, to July 21, 1844.

DIED, JULY 21, 1844, AT WASHINGTON, D. C.: AGED 28.

808. . (Born Pa.) . . . . . **HENRY M. NAGLEE** . . . . . (Ap'd Pa.) . . **23**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1830, to July 1, 1835, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 5TH INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1835.

After his graduation leave of absence, served on Recruiting service till he

RESIGNED, DEC. 31, 1835.

Civil History. — Civil Engineer, 1835–46.

Military History — Served in the War with Mexico, Aug. 15, 1846,

(CAPTAIN, 1ST NEW YORK VOLUNTEERS, AUG. 15, 1846)

to Oct. 26, 1848, in California, being engaged in several skirmishes against the hostile Indians, and against the Mexicans, at the Skirmish at Todos Santos, L. Cal., Mar. 30, 1848.

DISBANDED, OCT. 26, 1848.

Civil History. — Banker, San Francisco, Cal., 1849–61.

Military History. — Re-appointed in the U. S. Army with the rank of
LIEUT.-COLONEL, 16TH INFANTRY, MAY 14, 1861,

but did not join his regiment before he

RESIGNED, JAN. 10, 1862.

Re-appointed in the U. S. Volunteer service with the rank of
BRIG.-GENERAL, U. S. VOLUNTEERS, FEB. 4, 1862.

Served during the Rebellion of the Seceding States, 1862–64: in the defenses of Washington, D. C., Feb.-Mar., 1862; in the Virginia Peninsular Campaign (Army of the Potomac), Mar.-July, 1862, being engaged in the Siege of Yorktown, Apr. 5–May 4, 1862, — Battle of Williamsburg, May 5, 1862, — Reconnoissances and Skirmishes from Bottom's Bridge to Fair Oaks, May 20–28, 1862, — Battle of Fair Oaks, May 31, 1862, where he was wounded, — and Operations before Richmond, June 26–July 2, 1862; on leave of absence, July 5 to Sep. 28, 1862; in the defenses of Yorktown, Va., Sep.–Oct., 1862; in command of a division in the Department of North Carolina, Jan., 1863, — and in the Department of the South, at St. Helena Island, S. C., Feb.–Mar., 1863; in command of Beaufort District, N. C., Mar.–June, 1863, being engaged in the relief of Washington, N. C., Apr. 15, 1863, — of Harper's Ferry, Va., July, 1863, — of 7th Army Corps, July 25 to Aug. 12, 1863, — and of District of Virginia, Aug. 12 to Sep. 23, 1863; and in waiting orders at Cincinnati, O., for duty in the Department of the Tennessee, Nov. 6, 1863, to Apr. 4, 1864.

MUSTERED OUT OF SERVICE, APR. 4, 1864.

Civil History. — Banker, San Francisco, Cal., 1864, and engaged in Grape Culture at San José, California, 1864–86.

DIED, MAR. 5, 1886, AT SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.: AGED 72.

809. (Born N. Y.) . . **ARCHIBALD CAMPBELL** . . (Ap'd N. Y.) . **24**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1831, to July 1, 1835, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 6TH INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1835.

Served: in garrison at Jefferson Barracks, Mo., 1835–36; on frontier duty at Ft. Jesup, La., 1836, — and Ft. Sabine, La., 1837; and as Aide-de-Camp to Bvt. Maj.-General Gaines, Aug. 1 to Sep. 30, 1836.

RESIGNED, SEP. 30, 1836.

Civil History. — Asst. Engineer, Charleston, S. C., Louisville, Ky., and Cincinnati, O., Railroad Survey, 1837. Civil Engineer in the service of the United States, on Topographical Survey of the Cherokee Country, preparatory to removing the Indians beyond the Mississippi, 1837–38. Asst. Engineer on Survey of Maryland Cross-Cut Canal, 1838, — on Frostburg and Cumberland, Md., Railroad Survey, 1838–39, — on Black River Canal, N. Y., 1839–40, — and on Albany and West Stockbridge Railroad Survey, N. Y., 1840–41. Civil Engineer and Clerk in the service of the United States, on repairs of the defenses of New York harbor, 1841–42, — and on Ohio River Improvement, 1843–44. Private Secretary to the Secretary of War, Apr. 1, 1845, to Apr. 1, 1846. Chief Clerk of the U. S. War Department, Apr. 1, 1846, to Apr. 12, 1849, — Clerk, Apr. 12, 1849, to Mar. 8, 1853, — and Chief Clerk, Mar. 8, 1853, to Mar. 4, 1857. Commissioner to carry into effect the 1st Article of the Treaty of June 15, 1846, between the United States and Great Britain; viz., to establish the Boundary Line dividing Washington Territory from Vancouver's Island and British Columbia, Feb. 14, 1851, to Oct. 31, 1869; and to mark the Northern Boundary of the United States, along the 498

Parallel of Latitude, from the Lake of the Woods to the Summit of the Rocky Mountains, June 7, 1872, to July 3, 1876.

DIED, JULY 27, 1887, AT WASHINGTON, D. C.: AGED 74.

810..(Born N. J.).**ALEXANDER S. MACOMB***.(Ap'd N. J.)..**25**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1830, to July 1, 1835, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 1ST DRAGOONS, JULY 1, 1835.

Served: on frontier duty at Ft. Leavenworth, Kan., 1835–37; as Ad-

(SECOND LIEUT., 1ST DRAGOONS, MAR. 1, 1836)

(FIRST LIEUT., 2D DRAGOONS, OCT. 6, 1836)

jutant, 2d Dragoons, at Regimental headquarters, Mar. 1 to Apr. 1, 1837;

(CAPTAIN, 2D DRAGOONS, FEB. 18, 1840)

and as Aide-de-Camp to Major-General Macomb, General-in-Chief, Apr. 1, 1837, to Nov. 2, 1840.

RESIGNED, JAN. 31, 1841.

DIED, MAY 8, 1876, AT NEW YORK CITY: AGED 62.

* Was the son of ALEXANDER MACOMB, General-in-Chief, U. S. Army.

811..(Born Ky.).....**JOHN H. HANLEY**.....(Ap'd Ky.)..**26**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1831, to July 1, 1835, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 1ST DRAGOONS, JULY 1, 1835.

Served on frontier duty at Ft. Des Moines, Io., 1835–36, — and Ft.

(SECOND LIEUT., 1ST DRAGOONS, MAR. 5, 1836)

Leavenworth, Kan., 1836, where, by the jumping of his horse from a bridge, he was

KILLED, MAY 26, 1836, AT FT. LEAVENWORTH, KAN.: AGED 22.

812..(Born S. C.)...**WILLIAM H. GRIFFIN**....(Ap'd S. C.)...**27**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1831, to July 1, 1835, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 7TH INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1835.

Served: on frontier duty at Ft. Gibson, I. T., 1835–36, — Camp Desire,

(SECOND LIEUT., 7TH INFANTRY, JULY 31, 1836)

near Ft. Towson, I. T., 1836, — Camp Nacogdoches, I. T., 1836, — and Ft. Gibson, I. T., 1836–37.

RESIGNED, APR. 30, 1837.

Civil History. — Surveyor, Abbeville District, S. C., 1837–47, — and of the State Lands of South Carolina, 1844. Captain, South Carolina Militia, 1838–50. Planter, Abbeville District, S. C., 1838–50. Resident and Asst. Engineer of Greenville and Columbia Railroad, S. C., 1847–52; and Chief Engineer, 1852–54. Principal Asst. Engineer of Blue Ridge Railroad, from Anderson, S. C., to Knoxville, Ten., 1853–55. Chief Engineer of Pensacola, Fla., and Georgia Railroad, 1855 to 18—.

Joined in the Rebellion of 1861–66 against the United States.

Civil History. — Unknown, nothing authentic having been received.

DIED, MAR. 28, 1871, AT HOUSTON, TEX.: AGED 55.

813..(Born O.)....**ABRAHAM R. JOHNSTON**....(Ap'd O.)..**28**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1830,

to July 1, 1835, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 1ST DRAGOONS, JULY 1, 1835.

Served: on frontier duty at Ft. Leavenworth, Kan., 1837–39,— Expedi-

(SECOND LIEUT., 1ST DRAGOONS, MAR. 31, 1836)

(FIRST LIEUT., 1ST DRAGOONS, JUNE 15, 1837)

tion to Grand River, 1839–40, — Ft. Gibson, I. T., 1840, — and Ft. Wayne, I. T., 1840; on Recruiting service, 1840–42; on frontier duty at Ft. Gibson, I. T., 1842–43, — March to Ft. Washita, I. T., 1843, — Ft. Washita, I. T., 1843–45, — and March to Ft. Wayne, I. T., 1845–46; as Adjutant, 1st Dragoons, June 17–30, 1846; on frontier duty at Ft.

(CAPTAIN, 1ST DRAGOONS, JUNE 30, 1846)

Leavenworth, Kan., 1846; and in the War with Mexico, 1846, being engaged as Aide-de-Camp to Brig.-General Kearny in the Combat of San Pasqual, Cal., where, while gallantly leading a charge against the enemy's Lancers, he was

KILLED, DEC. 6, 1846: AGED 31.

814..(Born S. C.)....**PETER C. GAILLARD**.....(Ap'd S. C.)..**29**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, Sep. 1, 1831, to July 1, 1835, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 1ST INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1835.

Served: on frontier duty at Ft. Crawford, Wis., 1835–36, — and Ft.

(SECOND LIEUT., 1ST INFANTRY, OCT. 29, 1836)

Snelling, Min., 1836–37; in garrison at Jefferson Barracks, Mo., 1837; and in the Florida War, 1837–38.

RESIGNED, APR. 30, 1838.

Civil History. — Cotton Factor, Charleston, S. C., 1841–61. Brigade Major, South Carolina Militia, 1852–61.

Joined in the Rebellion of 1861–66 against the United States.

Civil History. — Mayor of Charleston, S. C., 1866–68. Treasurer of Charleston County, S. C., 1876–89.

DIED, JAN. 11, 1889, AT CHARLESTON, S. C.: AGED 76.

815..(Born Me.).....**HENRY PRINCE**.....(Ap'd Me.)..**30**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, Sep. 1, 1831, to July 1, 1835, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 4TH INFANTRY, SEP. 18, 1835.

Served: in the Florida War against the Seminole Indians, 1836–37,

(SECOND LIEUT., 4TH INFANTRY, JUNE 11, 1836)

being engaged in the Skirmishes at Camp Izard, Feb. 27, 28, 29, and Mar. 5, 1836, and wounded, Feb. 29, — Action of Oloklikaha, Mar. 31, 1836, — and Combat of Thlonotosassa Creek, Apr. 27, 1836; on Commissary duty at Key West, Fla., 1837–38; in the Florida War, 1838; in

(FIRST LIEUT., 4TH INFANTRY, JULY 7, 1838)

Operations in Creek Nation, 1838–39, while transferring the Indians to the West; on frontier duty at Ft. Gibson, I. T., 1839, — making road to Ft. Smith, Ark., 1839, — and at Ft. Gibson, I. T., 1839; on Recruiting service, 1839–41; on frontier duty at Ft. Gibson, I. T., 1841; in the Florida War, 1841–42; in garrison at Jefferson Barracks, Mo., 1842–44, — and at Grande Ecore (Camp Salubrity), La., 1844; on Coast Survey, May 8, 1844, to June 1, 1846; on Recruiting service, 1846; as Adjutant, 4th

Infantry, Nov. 21, 1846, to Sep. 26, 1847 ; in the War with Mexico, 1847, being engaged in the Defense of Convoy at Talome, June 6, and at the National Bridge, June 11, 1847, — Capture of San Antonio, Aug. 20,

(BVT. CAPT., AUG. 20, 1847, FOR GALLANT AND MERITORIOUS CONDUCT IN THE BATTLES OF CONTRERAS AND CHURUBUSCO, MEX.)

(CAPTAIN, 4TH INFANTRY, SEP. 26, 1847, TO MAY 23, 1855)

1847, — Battle of Churubusco, Aug. 20, 1847, — and Battle of Molino del Rey, Sep. 8, 1847, where he was severely wounded ; on sick leave of

(BVT. MAJOR, SEP. 8, 1847, FOR GALLANT AND MERITORIOUS CONDUCT IN THE BATTLE OF MOLINO DEL REY, MEX.)

absence, disabled by wound, 1847–50 ; on Coast Survey, Dec. 10, 1850, to Mar. 7, 1855 ; in command of Ft. Steilacoom, Wash., 1855 ; and on Pay-

(MAJOR, STAFF — PAYMASTER, MAY 23, 1855)

master duty at Fts. Leavenworth, Kan., Kearny, Neb., and Laramie, Dak., 1855–56, — at San Antonio, and Fts. Lancaster and Davis, Tex., 1856–58, — on Utah Campaign, 1858–59, — en route, overland, to California and back, 1859, — at Washington, D. C., 1859, — leave of absence, 1859–60, — in Minnesota, 1861, — and at Washington, D. C., 1861–62.

Served during the Rebellion of the Seceding States, 1862–66 : in Northern Virginia Campaign, July 16 to Aug. 9, 1862, being engaged in the

(BRIG.-GENERAL, U. S. VOLUNTEERS, APR. 28, 1862)

Battle of Cedar Mountain, Aug. 9, 1862, where he was captured ; as Prisoner of War, Aug. 9 to Dec., 1862 ; in North Carolina Operations,

(BVT. LIEUT.-COL., AUG. 9, 1862, FOR GALLANT AND MERITORIOUS SERVICES AT THE BATTLE OF CEDAR MOUNTAIN, VA.)

Jan. 11 to June 24, 1863, being engaged (in command) on a Raid into Onslow County, Mar. 6–11, 1863, — Demonstration on Newberne, Mar. 14, 1863, and pursuit of the Rebels, Mar. 15–16, 1863, — Defense of Barricade in Pamlico River, Apr. 1–7, 1863, — Demonstration on Kinston, Apr. 16–21, 1863, — and in command of the District of Pamlico, May 1 to June 24, 1863 ; in pursuit of the Rebel Army retreating from Maryland, being engaged in action at Wapping Heights, Va., July 23, 1863 ; in the Rapidan Campaign (Army of the Potomac), Oct.–Dec., 1863, being engaged in several actions, Oct.–Nov., 1863, — and Mine Run Operations, Nov. 26 to Dec. 3, 1863 ; in command of District of Columbus, Ky., Apr. 28 to Aug. 17, 1864 ; in pursuit of Forrest's Rebel Raiders in Ten-

(BVT. COLONEL, MAR. 13, 1865, FOR GALLANT AND MERITORIOUS SERVICES DURING THE REBELLION)

nessee and Alabama, Oct.–Nov., 1864 ; in command of a Provisional

(BVT. BRIG.-GENERAL, U. S. ARMY, MAR. 13, 1865, FOR GALLANT AND MERITORIOUS SERVICES IN THE FIELD DURING THE REBELLION)

Division on the Coast of South Carolina, Jan.–May, 1865 ; and on Courts Martial at Washington, D. C., June 24, 1865, to Apr. 24, 1866 ; in waiting orders, Apr. 30 to Aug. 25, 1866.

MUSTERED OUT OF VOLUNTEER SERVICE, APR. 30, 1866.

Served : as Paymaster at Boston, Mas., Aug. 25, 1866, to Apr. 15, 1869 ; and as Chief Paymaster, Department of the East, Apr. 15, 1869, to Feb. 24, 1871, continuing as Paymaster, at New York city, to June 19,

(LIEUT.-COL., STAFF — DEP. PAYMASTER-GEN., MAR. 3, 1877)

1875, — and of Division of the Pacific, June 28, 1875, to Dec. 31, 1879.

RETIRED FROM ACTIVE SERVICE, DEC. 31, 1879, HE BEING OVER 62 YEARS OF AGE.

816..(Born Pa.).....**HERMAN HAUPT**.....(Ap'd Pa.)..31

Military History.—Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1831, to July 1, 1835, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 3D INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1835.

On authorized graduation leave of absence, July 1, 1835, to Sep. 30, 1835.

RESIGNED, SEP. 30, 1835.

Civil History.—Asst. Engineer on Norristown Railroad, Pa., 1835–36. Principal Asst. Engineer in the service of the State of Pennsylvania, 1836–39. Professor of Civil Engineering and Architecture in Pennsylvania College, Gettysburg, Pa., 1840,—and of Mathematics, 1844–47. Principal Asst. Engineer of Pennsylvania Railroad, 1847–49,—and General Superintendent, 1849–52. Author of "General Theory of Bridge Construction," 1851; and of various professional papers. Chief Engineer of Southern Railroad of Mississippi, 1852,—of Pennsylvania Railroad, 1852–54, being elected Director by the City Councils of Philadelphia, 1855,—and of Hoosac Tunnel, Mas., 1856–62. Degree of A. M. conferred by Pennsylvania College, 1837. Member and Secretary of the Board of Visitors to the U. S. Military Academy, 1861.

Military History.—Served during the Rebellion of the Seceding States, 1862–63: as Chief of Construction and Transportation on the

(COL., STAFF—ADDITIONAL AIDE-DE-CAMP, APR. 27 TO SEP. 5, 1862)

U. S. Military Railroads, directing the repairs and construction of railroads for facilitating the movements of the U. S. Armies in Virginia, May 28, 1862, to Sep. 14, 1863, being promoted Sep. 5, 1862, Brig.-General, U. S. Volunteers, for meritorious services in operations against the enemy during the Campaign of the Army of Virginia, but declined to accept the appointment.

Civil History.—Author of a work on "Military Bridges," 1864. Inventor of Pneumatic Drill for excavating rock in railroad tunnels and cuts, 1860–67. General Manager of Piedmont Air Line Railroad, from Richmond, Va., to Atlanta, Ga., 1872–76. Chief Engineer of Pennsylvania Transportation Company, and Seaboard Pipe Line, for carrying Petroleum from Parkers City to Baltimore, 1876–78. Consulting Engineer, 1878–81. General Manager of Northern Pacific Railroad, 1881–85. President of Dakota and Great Southern Railway, 1885–86. Residence, Washington, D. C.

817..(Born Me.)....**SAMUEL M. PLUMMER**....(Ap'd Me.)..32

Military History.—Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1830, to July 1, 1835, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 1ST INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1835.

Served: on frontier duty at Ft. Snelling, Min., 1835–37,—Swan River,

(SECOND LIEUT., 1ST INFANTRY, NOV. 14, 1836)

1837,—and Ft. Snelling, Min., 1837; in garrison at Jefferson Barracks, Mo., 1837; in the Florida War, 1837–39, being Adjutant, 1st Infantry,

(FIRST LIEUT., 1ST INFANTRY, JULY 7, 1838)

Sep. 16, 1838, to Oct. 19, 1839; on sick leave of absence, 1839; in the

(CAPT., STAFF—ASST. QUARTERMASTER, NOV. 22, 1839, TO JUNE 18, 1846)

Florida War, 1839–41; on Quartermaster duty at Washington, D. C.,

(CAPTAIN, 1ST INFANTRY, MAY 1, 1841)

1841–42,—New York city, 1842,—Ft. Atkinson, Io., 1842,—Ft. Crawford, Wis., 1842,—Ft. Snelling, Min., 1842–43,—in Quartermaster-

General's Office at Washington, D. C., 1844, — and at Ft. Snelling, Min., 1844–46 ; in the War with Mexico, 1846–47 ; on detached service at Washington, D. C., Oct. 13, 1847, to Jan. 18, 1848, and Sep. 7, 1848, to Mar. 14, 1849 ; and on frontier duty at Ft. Brown, Tex., 1849, 1849–50, — Ft. Merrill, Tex., 1850, — in Mustering Volunteers, 1850, — and at Ft. Merrill, Tex., 1850–51.

DIED, OCT. 17, 1851, AT FT. MERRILL, TEX. : AGED 39.

818. (Born N. C.). **ALEXANDER M. MITCHELL**. (Ap'd N. C.). **33**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1830, to July 1, 1835, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 4TH INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1835.

Served : in garrison at Baton Rouge, La., 1835–36, — and New Orleans,

(SECOND LIEUT., 4TH INFANTRY, MAR. 16, 1836)

La., 1836 ; in the Florida War against the Seminole Indians, 1836, being engaged in the Skirmishes at Camp Izard, Feb. 27, 28, 29, and Mar. 5, 1836, — Action of Oloklikaha, Mar. 31, 1836, — and Combat of Thlonotosassa, Apr. 27, 1836.

RESIGNED, MAR. 25, 1837.

Civil History. — Civil Engineer in the service of the United States, 1837–38. Chief Engineer of Milwaukee and Rock River Canal, 1838, — and of the Territory of Wisconsin, 1839–40. Counselor at Law, Cincinnati, O., 1841–46.

Military History. — Served in the War with Mexico, 1846–47, being

(COLONEL, 1ST OHIO VOLUNTEERS, JUNE 23, 1846)

engaged in the Battle of Monterey, Sep. 21, 1846, where he was severely wounded, — and as Military Governor of Monterey, Apr.–June, 1847.

DISBANDED, JUNE 23, 1847.

Civil History. — Counselor at Law, Cincinnati, O., 1847–49. U. S. Marshal of the Territory of Minnesota, 1849–51.

DIED, FEB. 28, 1861, AT ST. JOSEPH'S, MO. : AGED 48.

819. . (Born O.). . . . **ALEXANDER H. TAPPAN**. . . . (Ap'd O.). . **34**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1831, to July 1, 1835, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 5TH INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1835.

Served on frontier duty at Ft. Dearborn, Ill., 1835–36, — Ft. Winne-

(SECOND LIEUT., 5TH INFANTRY, JULY 31, 1836)

bago, Wis., 1836–37, — and Ft. Snelling, Min., 1837–38.

RESIGNED, JULY 31, 1838.

Civil History. — Unknown.

DIED, NOV. 2, 1852, AT ALTON, ILL. : AGED 39.

820. . (Born N. Y.). . **WILLIAM H. DE FOREST**. (Ap'd N. Y.). . **35**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1830, to July 1, 1835, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 6TH INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1835.

Served : in garrison at Jefferson Barracks, Mo., 1835–36 ; on frontier

(SECOND LIEUT., 6TH INFANTRY, APR. 18, 1836)

duty at Ft. Jesup, La., 1836, — Camp Sabine, La., 1836, — and Ft. Jesup, La., 1836 ; and in the Florida War against the Seminole Indians, 1837.

RESIGNED, SEP. 30, 1837.

Civil History. — Counselor at Law, New York city, 1839–49, — and at Binghamton, N. Y., 1849 to 1854.

Military History. — Served during the Rebellion of the Seceding

(CAPTAIN, 13TH INFANTRY, AUG. 19, 1861)

States, 1861–62, in garrison at Jefferson Barracks, Mo.

RESIGNED, JAN. 4, 1862.

DIED, NOV. 10, 1864, AT ST. LOUIS, MO. : AGED 52.

821..(Born Ga.)....**PHILIP R. THOMPSON**.....(Ap'd Ga.)..**36**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1830, to July 1, 1835, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 1ST DRAGOONS, JULY 1, 1835.

Served : on frontier duty at Ft. Leavenworth, Kan., 1835–37 ; on Re-

(SECOND LIEUT., 1ST DRAGOONS, MAY 26, 1836)

cruiting service, 1837 ; in paying Indian annuities, 1837 ; on frontier

(FIRST LIEUT., 1ST DRAGOONS, JUNE 30, 1837)

duty at Ft. Leavenworth, Kan., 1837–39 ; as Adjutant, 1st Dragoons, at Regimental headquarters, Jan. 1, 1839, to Dec. 1, 1841 ; on Recruiting service, 1842–43 ; on frontier duty at Ft. Atkinson, Io., 1843–44 ; on Recruiting service, 1844–45 ; in removing Winnebago Indians, 1845–46 ; on frontier duty at Ft. Atkinson, Io., 1846 ; in the War with Mexico,

(CAPTAIN, 1ST DRAGOONS, JUNE 30, 1846)

1846–47, 1847–48, being engaged in the Combat of Brazito, Dec. 25, 1846, — Combat of Sacramento, Feb. 23, 1847, — and as Acting Inspector-

(BVT. MAJOR, FEB. 28, 1847, FOR GALLANT AND MERITORIOUS CONDUCT IN THE BATTLE OF SACRAMENTO, NEAR CHIHUAHUA, MEX.)

General of Bvt. Maj.-General Wool's Column on its march through Chihuahua, Mex., May 19 to Oct. 28, 1847 ; in garrison at Jefferson Barracks, Mo., 1848 ; and on frontier duty at Ft. Scott, Kan., 1848–49, 1849–50, — Ft. Laramie, Dak., 1850–51, — Ft. Scott, Kan., 1851, — Ft. Leavenworth, Kan., 1851, — Ft. Union, N. M., 1851, — Galisteo, N. M., 1851–52, — Albuquerque, N. M., 1852, — Ft. Massachusetts, Col., 1852–53, — Taos, N. M., 1853, — Scouting against Utah Indians, 1853–54, — Ft. Massachusetts, Col., 1854, — Scouting against Apache Indians, 1854, being engaged in the Action of Cienaguilla, N. M., Mar. 30, 1854, — Camp Burgwin, N. M., 1854–55, — and Ft. Massachusetts, Col., 1855.

CASHIERED, SEP. 4, 1855, FOR DISRESPECT TO A COURT MARTIAL, BEFORE WHICH HE APPEARED AS A WITNESS IN A STATE OF INTOXICATION.

After his dismissal he became Adjutant-General, with the rank of Captain, of a Filibustering Expedition to Nicaragua, Feb. 11, 1856, to May 1, 1857.

DIED, JUNE 24, 1857, IN THE GULF OF MEXICO : AGED 45.

822.(Born N. J.).**WILLIAM M. D. McKISSACK**.(Ap'd N. J.).**37**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1831, to July 1, 1835, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 5TH INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1835.

Served: on frontier duty at Ft. Howard, Wis., 1835–36, — Ft. Winne-
(SECOND LIEUT., 5TH INFANTRY, SEP. 11, 1836)
bago, Wis., 1836–37, — and Ft. Crawford, Wis., 1837–40; and on Quar-
(FIRST LIEUT., 5TH INFANTRY, OCT. 1, 1838)
(CAPT., STAFF — ASST. QUARTERMASTER, DEC. 19, 1839)
termaster duty in the Florida War, 1840–42, — Ft. Jesup, La., 1842, —
Ft. Leavenworth, Kan., and on the Expedition to the Rocky Mountains,
(CAPTAIN, 5TH INFANTRY, JUNE 29, 1846: VACATED, JUNE 29, 1846)
1843–46, — in the War with Mexico, 1846–48, at Santa Fé, N. M., and on Expedition to Chihuahua, participating in the Assault of Santa Cruz de Rosales, Mar. 16, 1848, — and at Pittsburg, Pa., 1848–49.

DIED, JAN. 27, 1849, AT PITTSBURG, PA.: AGED 36.

823..(Born Ky.)...**S. THEODORE TIBBATTS**....(Ap'd Ky.)..**38**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1831, to July 1, 1835, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 2D INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1835.

Served: in the Florida War against the Seminole Indians, 1836–37;
(TRANSFERRED TO 4TH INFANTRY, JAN. 1, 1836)
(SECOND LIEUT., 4TH INFANTRY, AUG. 7, 1836)
being engaged in the Combat of Thlonotosassa Creek, Apr. 27, 1836; and
(FIRST LIEUT., 4TH INFANTRY, NOV. 1, 1838)
on Recruiting service, 1838.

DIED, DEC. 29, 1838, AT LOUISVILLE, KY.: AGED 26.

824..(Born Md.).....**JAMES M. WELLS**.....(Ap'd D. C.)..**39**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1830, to July 1, 1835, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 7TH INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1835.

Served: on frontier duty at Ft. Gibson, I. T., 1835–36, — Camp Desire,
(SECOND LIEUT., 7TH INFANTRY, AUG. 31, 1836)
I. T., 1836, — Camp Nacogdoches, I. T., 1836, — and Ft. Gibson, I. T., 1836–37; on Recruiting service, 1838–39; and in the Florida War
(FIRST LIEUT., 7TH INFANTRY, DEC. 9, 1838)
against the Seminole Indians, 1839.

RESIGNED, MAY 31, 1839.

Civil History. — Unknown.

Military History. — Served in the War with Mexico as

MAJOR, TEXAS RIFLE VOLUNTEERS, MAY, 1846,

till he was

DISBANDED, AUG., 1846.

Re-appointed in the United States Army with the rank of

CAPTAIN, 12TH INFANTRY, APR. 9, 1847.

Served in the War with Mexico, 1847–48.

DISBANDED, JULY 25, 1848.

Civil History. — Counselor at Law, Galveston, Tex., 1849 to 18—. Teacher in Mississippi, 18— to 1861.

Joined in the Rebellion of 1861–66 against the United States.

825..(Born N. Y.)...**WILLIAM S. HENRY**....(Ap'd N. Y.)..**40**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1831, to July 1, 1835, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 3D INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1835.

Served: on frontier duty at Ft. Jesup, La., 1835–36, — Camp Sabine,

(SECOND LIEUT., 3D INFANTRY, JUNE 15, 1836)

La., 1836–37, — Ft. Jesup, La., 1837–38, — and Ft. Smith, Ark., 1838–40;

(FIRST LIEUT., 3D INFANTRY, JULY 7, 1838)

in the Florida War, 1841–42; on Recruiting service, 1842; in transferring Indians, 1843; in garrison at Ft. Stansbury, Fla., 1843; on frontier duty at Ft. Leavenworth, Kan., 1843–45, — and Ft. Jesup (Camp Wilkins), La., 1845; in Military Occupation of Texas, 1845–46; in the War with

(CAPTAIN, 3D INFANTRY, MAY 18, 1846)

Mexico, 1846, 1846–47, being engaged in the Battle of Palo Alto, May 8, 1846, — Battle of Resaca-de-la-Palma, May 9, 1846, — Battle of Monterey, Sep. 21–23, 1846, — and Siege of Vera Cruz, Mar. 9–29, 1847; on

(BVT. MAJOR, SEP. 23, 1846, FOR GALLANT AND MERITORIOUS CONDUCT IN THE SEVERAL CONFLICTS AT MONTEREY, MEX.)

Recruiting service, 1847–48; in the War with Mexico, 1848, at the City of Mexico; in garrison at East Pascagoula, Mis., 1848; on frontier duty at San Antonio, Tex., 1848–49, — and San Elizario, Tex., 1849–50; and on Recruiting service, 1850–51.

Civil History. — Author of "Campaign Sketches of the War with Mexico," 1848.

DIED, MAR. 5, 1851, AT NEW YORK CITY: AGED 34.

826..(Born Ky.).....**JOHN M. SCOTT**.....(Ap'd Ky.)..**41**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1830, to July 1, 1835, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 1ST INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1835.

Served: on frontier duty at Ft. Crawford, Wis., 1835–37, — and Jeffer-

(SECOND LIEUT., 1ST INFANTRY, NOV. 30, 1836)

son Barracks, Mo., 1837; in the Florida War against the Seminole In-

(FIRST LIEUT., 1ST INFANTRY, JULY 7, 1838)

dians, 1837–39, being engaged in the Battle of Okee-cho-bee, Dec. 25, 1837; on Recruiting service, 1839–41; in the Florida War, 1841; on frontier duty at Ft. Crawford, Wis., 1841–43, 1843–44; on Recruiting service, 1844–46; in the War with Mexico, 1846, being engaged in the

(CAPTAIN, 1ST INFANTRY, JUNE 18, 1846)

Battle of Monterey, Sep. 21–23, 1846; and on frontier duty at Ft. Leaven-

(BVT. MAJOR, SEP. 23, 1846, FOR GALLANT AND MERITORIOUS CONDUCT IN THE SEVERAL CONFLICTS AT MONTEREY, MEX.)

worth, Kan., 1847–48, — March through Texas to Eagle Pass, 1848–49, — and Ft. Duncan, Tex., 1849–50.

DIED, OCT. 26, 1850, AT FRANKFORT, KY.: AGED 38.

827..(Born O.).....**GEORGE W. SHAW**.....(Ap'd O.)..**42**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1831, to July 1, 1835, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 1ST INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1835.

Served on frontier duty at Ft. Armstrong, Ill., 1835–36, — and Ft. Snelling, Min., 1836.

RESIGNED, OCT. 31, 1836.

Civil History. — Master and part Proprietor in Maysville, Ky., and Cincinnati, O., Steamboat Line, 1836–54.

DIED, SEP. 13, 1854, AT RIPLEY, O. : AGED 40.

828. . (Born Mas.) . . . . **JOSEPH H. EATON** . . . . (Ap'd at Large) . . **43**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, Sep. 1, 1831, to July 1, 1835, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 3D INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1835.

Served : on frontier duty at Ft. Jesup, La., 1835–36, — Camp Sabine,

(SECOND LIEUT., 3D INFANTRY, OCT. 30, 1835)

La., 1836, — Ft. Jesup, La., 1836–37, 1837, — on Sabine River and Lake, La., 1837–38, — and Ft. Jesup, La., 1838–39 ; at the Military Academy,

(FIRST LIEUT., 3D INFANTRY, SEP. 3, 1838)

as Asst. Instructor of Infantry Tactics, Feb. 17, 1839, to June 20, 1843 ; on frontier duty at Jefferson Barracks, Mo., 1843–44, — and Ft. Jesup (Camp Wilkins), La., 1844–45 ; in Military Occupation of Texas, 1845–46; as Aide-de-Camp to Major-General Taylor, July 17, 1845, to Jan. 31,

(CAPTAIN, 3D INFANTRY, JUNE 18, 1846)

1849 ; in the War with Mexico, 1846–48, being engaged in the Battle of Palo Alto, May 8, 1846, — Battle of Resaca-de-la-Palma, May 9, 1846, — Battle of Monterey, Sep. 21–23, 1846, — as Bearer of Despatches to Wash-

(BVT. MAJOR, SEP. 23, 1846, FOR GALLANT AND MERITORIOUS CONDUCT IN THE SEVERAL CONFLICTS AT MONTEREY, MEX.)

ington, D. C., Sep.–Oct., 1846, — and Battle of Buena Vista, Feb. 22–23,

(BVT. LIEUT.-COL., FEB. 23, 1847, FOR GALLANT AND MERITORIOUS CONDUCT IN THE BATTLE OF BUENA VISTA, MEX.)

1847 ; as Acting Judge Advocate, on the Staff of Bvt. Maj.-General Gaines, of Western Division, Jan. 26 to June, 1849 ; in Adjutant-General's Office at Washington, D. C., compiling returns of killed and wounded in battles, Oct. 15, 1849, to Sep. 29, 1851 ; on frontier duty at Ft. Defiance, N. M., 1852–53 ; on Recruiting service, 1853–54 ; and on frontier duty at Albuquerque, N. M., 1854, — and Ft. Thorn, N. M., 1854–56.

RESIGNED, DEC. 31, 1856.

Civil History. — Superintending construction of U. S. Custom House and Post Office, at Chicago, Ill., 1857–61.

Military History. — Re-appointed in the U. S. Army as

ADDITIONAL PAYMASTER, JUNE 1, 1861.

Served during the Rebellion of the Seceding States, 1861–63 : on the Staff of Major-General Fremont, in Missouri, Aug. 24 to Nov. 9, 1861 ; as Paymaster for the District of Kansas, Nov. 9, 1861, to Jan. 19, 1863, — and at St. Louis, Mo., Jan. 19 to Apr. 30, 1863.

Served : as Assistant to the Paymaster-General, at Washington, D. C.,

(MAJOR, STAFF — PAYMASTER, U. S. ARMY, APR. 21, 1864.)

(BVT. LIEUT.-COL., MAR. 13, 1865, FOR MERITORIOUS AND VALUABLE SERVICES IN THE PAY DEPARTMENT DURING THE REBELLION.)

(BVT. COLONEL, MAR. 13, 1865, FOR MERITORIOUS AND VALUABLE SERVICES AS ASSISTANT TO THE PAYMASTER-GENERAL.)

(BVT. BRIG.-GENERAL, U. S. ARMY, MAR. 13, 1865, FOR FAITHFUL AND MERITORIOUS SERVICES IN THE PAY DEPARTMENT.)

May 7, 1863, to July 6, 1874; and as Chief Paymaster of the Department of the Columbia, July 22, 1874, to Jan. 24, 1881.

RETIRED FROM ACTIVE SERVICE, JAN. 24, 1881, HE BEING OVER 62 YEARS OF AGE.

Civil History. — Author of "Army Paymaster's Manual," 1864, 1869, and 1871.

829..(Born Ala.).....**JONES M. WITHERS**.....(Ap'd Ala.)..**44**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1831, to July 1, 1835, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 1ST DRAGOONS, JULY 1, 1835.

On graduation leave of absence, July 1, 1835, to Dec. 5, 1835.

RESIGNED, DEC. 5, 1835.

Civil History. — Aide-de-Camp to Major-General Patterson, Alabama Volunteers, serving against the Creek Indians, 1836. Counselor at Law, Tuscaloosa, Ala., 1837–40. Secretary of the Senate of the State of Alabama, 1838–39. Attorney of Alabama for the State Branch Bank at Mobile, 1841–42. Captain, Alabama Militia, 1838–39, and 1841–46. Colonel, 1st Alabama Volunteers, raised for Mexican War, June 5, 1846, but disbanded soon after being mustered into service. Cotton Factor and Commission Merchant, Mobile, Ala., 1841–46.

Military History. — Re-appointed in the U. S. Army with the rank of

LIEUT.-COLONEL, 13TH INFANTRY, APR. 9, 1847.

COLONEL, 9TH INFANTRY, SEP. 13, 1847.

Served in the War with Mexico, 1847–48.

RESIGNED, MAY 23, 1848.

Civil History. — Merchant, Mobile, Ala., 1848–61. Mayor of the City of Mobile, Ala., 1858–61.

Joined in the Rebellion of 1861–66 against the United States.

Civil History. — Cotton Broker, 1866 to 18—. Mayor of the City of Mobile, Ala., 1867; and City Treasurer, 1878–79. Claim Agent, Washington, D. C., 1880 to 18—.

DIED, MAR. 13, 1890, AT MOBILE, ALA.: AGED 77.

830..(Born N. Y.)....**ISAAC V. D. REEVE**....(Ap'd N. Y.)..**45**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1831, to July 1, 1835, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 4TH INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1835.

Served: in garrison at the Bay of St. Louis, Mis., 1835, — New Orleans, La., 1835, — and Ft. Pike, La., 1835–36; in the Florida War against

(SECOND LIEUT., 4TH INFANTRY, MAY 2, 1836)

the Seminole Indians, 1836–37, being engaged in the Skirmishes at Camp Izard, Feb. 27, 28, 29, and Mar. 5, 1836, — and Combat of Thlonotosassa Creek, Apr. 27, 1836; on Recruiting service, 1838; on the Northern

(FIRST LIEUT., 8TH INFANTRY, JULY 7, 1838)

Frontier during Canada Border Disturbances, at Ft. Covington, N. Y., 1838–39, — Ogdensburg, N. Y., 1839, — Sackett's Harbor, N. Y., 1839, — Recruiting, 1839, — and Sackett's Harbor, N. Y., 1840; in garrison at Jefferson Barracks, Mo., 1840; in the Florida War against the Seminole Indians, 1840–42, being engaged in the Rout of Halleck Tustennuggee's Band in the Big Hammock of Pilaklikaha, Apr. 19, 1842; in garrison at

Ft. Shannon, Fla., 1842–43, — and Key West, Fla., 1843–44 ; on Recruiting service, 1844 ; in garrison at Key West, Fla., 1844–45 ; in Military Occupation of Texas, 1845–46 ; in the War with Mexico, 1846, being engaged in the Battle of Palo Alto, May 8, 1846, — and Battle of Resaca-de-la-Palma, May 9, 1846 ; on Recruiting service, 1846–47, — in the War

(CAPTAIN, 8TH INFANTRY, JUNE 18, 1847)

with Mexico, 1847–48, being engaged in the Siege of Vera Cruz, Mar. 9–29, 1847, — Battle of Cerro Gordo, Apr. 17–18, 1847, — Capture of San Antonio, Aug. 20, 1847, — Battle of Churubusco, Aug. 20, 1847, — Battle of

(BVT. MAJOR, AUG. 20, 1847, FOR GALLANT CONDUCT IN THE BATTLES OF CONTRERAS AND CHURUBUSCO, MEX.)

Molino del Rey, Sep. 8, 1847, — Storming of Chapultepec, Sep. 13, 1847,

(BVT. LIEUT.-COL., SEP. 8, 1847, FOR GALLANT AND MERITORIOUS CONDUCT IN THE BATTLE OF MOLINO DEL REY, MEX.)

— and Assault and Capture of the City of Mexico, Sep. 13–14, 1847 ; on frontier duty at Port Lavaca, Tex., 1848, — San Antonio, Tex., 1849, — in command of Expedition against Pinal Apache Indians, 1849–50, — San Antonio, Tex., 1850–52, — and Ft. McKavett, Tex., 1852 ; on Recruiting service, 1853–55 ; and on frontier duty at Ft. Stanton, N. M., 1855, — Ft. Bliss, Tex., 1855–56, 1856–57, — Ft. Stanton, N. M., 1857–59, — Ft. Buchanan, N. M., 1859, — in command of Pinal Apache Expedition, 1859, — Ft. Breckenridge, N. M., 1860–61, — and at San Antonio, Tex., 1861,

(MAJOR, 1ST INFANTRY, MAY 14, 1861)

near which, by the treachery of Major-General Twiggs, he was made Prisoner of War, May 9, 1861, and not exchanged till Aug. 20, 1862.

Served during the Rebellion of the Seceding States, 1862–66 : as Chief Mustering and Disbursing Officer, New York city, Aug. 23, 1862, to

(LIEUT.-COLONEL, 13TH INFANTRY, SEP. 16, 1862)

Oct. 25, 1863 ; in command of Draft Rendezvous, Pittsburg, Pa., Sep. 10, 1864, to Oct. 13, 1865; and in command of regiment at Ft. Leavenworth,

(COLONEL, 13TH INFANTRY, OCT. 14, 1864)

Kan., Nov., 1865, to Feb., 1866, — and of District of Kansas, Feb. to Apr. 21, 1866.

Served : in command of the District of Upper Missouri, May 1, 1866, to July 5, 1867, — of District of Sun River, July–Aug., 1867, — and of Montana, Aug. 7, 1867, to May 15, 1868 ; on leave of absence, May to Nov., 1868 ; as Member of Retiring Board, St. Louis, Mo., Nov. 14, 1868,

(UNASSIGNED, MAR. 15, 1869)

to Apr. 26, 1869 ; and as Superintendent of General Recruiting Service, Apr. 26, 1869, to Jan. 1, 1871.

RETIRED FROM ACTIVE SERVICE, DEC. 15, 1860, ON HIS OWN APPLICATION, AFTER 30 YEARS OF CONTINUOUS SERVICE.

831..(Born O.)..... **JOHN W. SCOTT** .....(Ap'd O.)..**46**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1831, to July 1, 1835, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 2D INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1835.

Served in garrison at Hancock Barracks, Houlton, Me., 1835–36.

RESIGNED, MAR. 15, 1836.

Civil History. — Civil Engineer in the service of the State of Ohio, 1836–39. Asst. Engineer, Natchez and Jackson Railroad, Mis., 1839–40. Counselor at Law, Piketon, O., 1843–48, — and at Oroville, Cal., 1848–59. District Attorney, Pike County, O., 1846–47.

DIED, JAN. 5, 1859, AT OROVILLE, CAL. : AGED 45.

832..(Born Va.).....**LARKIN SMITH**.....(Ap'd Va.)..47

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, Sep. 1, 1831, to July 1, 1835, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 3D INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1835.

Served : on frontier duty at Ft. Jesup, La., 1835–36, — Camp Sabine, La., 1836, — Ft. Jesup, La., 1836, — and Ft. Towson, I. T., 1836–38 ; on

(SECOND LIEUT, 3D INFANTRY, OCT. 31, 1836)

Northern Frontier during Canada Border Disturbances, at Ft. Covington, N. Y., 1838, — and Sackett's Harbor, N. Y., 1838–40 ; in the Florida

(FIRST LIEUT., 8TH INFANTRY, JULY 7, 1838)

War, 1840–41; in garrison at Ft. Columbus, N. Y., 1841; in the Florida War against the Seminole Indians, 1841–42, being engaged in the Rout of Halleck Tustennuggee's Band in the Big Hammock of Pilaklikaha, Apr. 19, 1842 ; in garrison at Ft. Marion, Fla., 1843–45 ; as Adjutant, 8th Infantry, Sep. 1, 1845, to Feb. 18, 1856 ; in Military Occupation of Texas, 1845–46 ; as Aide-de-Camp to Major-General Worth, Sep. 27, 1845, to May 12, 1846 ; on Recruiting service, 1846–47 ; in the War

(CAPTAIN, 8TH INFANTRY, JULY 21, 1846)

with Mexico, 1847–48, being engaged in the Defense of Convoy at Talome, June 6, 1847, — Capture of San Antonio, Aug. 20, 1847, — Battle of Churubusco, Aug. 20, 1847, — and Battle of Molino del Rey, Sep. 8,

(BVT. MAJOR, AUG. 20, 1847, FOR GALLANT AND MERITORIOUS CONDUCT IN THE BATTLES OF CONTRERAS AND CHURUBUSCO, MEX.)

1847, where he was severely wounded ; on frontier duty at Port Lavaca, Tex., 1848, — San Antonio, Tex., 1849–51, — and Austin, Texas, 1851 ; as Deputy Governor of the "Soldiers' Home," near Washington, D. C., Nov. 21, 1851, to Dec. 16, 1856 ; and on frontier duty at Ft. Davis, Tex., 1857–58, — Camp Hudson, Tex., 1858, — Ft. Inge, Tex., 1858, — Ft. Mason, Tex., 1858, — Ft. Clark, Tex., 1859, — and Camp Hudson, Tex., 1860–61.

RESIGNED, MAY 13, 1861.

Joined in the Rebellion of 1861–66 against the United States.

Civil History. — Commission Merchant, 1866–69. Secretary and Treasurer of Atlanta and Richmond Air Line Railroad, 1869–75. Civil Engineer, in the service of the United States, on Harbor Improvements in Florida, 1878–83.

DIED, DEC. 3, 1884, AT SAN ANTONIO, TEX. : AGED 70.

833..(Born N. Y.)...**MARSENA R. PATRICK**..(Ap'd N. Y.)..48

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1831, to July 1, 1835, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 2D INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1835.

Served : in garrison at Ft. Mackinac, Mich., 1835–37 ; in cutting road

(SECOND LIEUT., 2D INFANTRY, OCT. 31, 1836)

from Green Bay to Winnebago, Wis., 1837; in the Florida War, 1837–42 ;

(FIRST LIEUT., 2D INFANTRY, MAR. 1, 1839)

in garrison at Sackett's Harbor, N. Y., 1842–46 ; in organizing and fitting out Volunteers for the Mexican War, on the Ohio, Mississippi, and Red Rivers, May 8 to Aug. 30, 1846 ; in the War with Mexico, 1846–48 ; as

(CAPT., STAFF — ASST. QUARTERMASTER, JUNE 18, 1847 : DECLINED)

(CAPTAIN, 2D INFANTRY, AUG. 22, 1847)

Chief of Commissariat of Brig.-General Wool's column in Northern Mexico, 1846–47, — and at Vera Cruz, 1847–48 ; as Assistant in the Com-

(BVT.-MAJOR, MAY 30, 1848, FOR MERITORIOUS CONDUCT WHILE SERVING IN THE ENEMY'S COUNTRY)

missary-General's Office, Washington, D. C., 1848–49 ; and on leave of absence, 1849–50.

RESIGNED, JUNE 30, 1850.

Civil History. — Farmer, Sackett's Harbor, N. Y., 1850–59. President of Sackett's Harbor and Ellisburg Railroad, N. Y., 1853–54. General Superintendent of New York State Agricultural Society, 1856–61. President of New York State Agricultural College, at Ovid, N. Y., 1859–61.

Military History. — Served during the Rebellion of the Seceding States, 1861–65 : in organizing New York Volunteers, Apr. 20 to

(BRIG.-GEN., STAFF — INSPECTOR-GENERAL OF THE STATE OF NEW YORK, MAY 16, 1861, TO FEB. 9, 1862)

Nov. 16, 1861 ; on the Staff of Major-General McClellan, as Inspector-General of New York Volunteers, Nov. 16, 1861, to Mar. 17, 1862 ; in

(BRIG.-GENERAL, U. S. VOLUNTEERS, MAR. 17, 1862)

command of brigade in the defenses of Washington, D. C. Mar. to May, 1862 ; as Military Commandant of Fredericksburg, Va., and in Major-General McDowell's pursuit of Stonewall Jackson in the Shenandoah Valley, May 7 to Aug. 9, 1862 ; in Northern Virginia Campaign, Aug.–Sep., 1862, being engaged in the Actions of Beverly Ford, Aug. 21, Warrenton Springs, Aug. 26, and Gainesville, Aug. 28, 1862, — Battle of Manassas, Aug. 29–30, 1862, — and Battle of Chantilly, Sep. 1, 1862 ; in the Maryland Campaign (Army of the Potomac), Sep., 1862, being engaged in the Battle of South Mountain, Sep. 14, 1862, — and Battle of Antietam, Sep. 17, 1862 ; as Provost-Marshal General of the Army of the Potomac, Oct. 6, 1862, to Mar. 17, 1865, — of the Armies operating against Richmond, July 5, 1864, to Apr. 12, 1865, — and of the Department of

(BVT., MAJ.-GENERAL, U. S. VOLUNTEERS, MAR. 13, 1865, FOR FAITHFUL AND MERITORIOUS SERVICES DURING THE REBELLION)

Virginia, Apr. 15 to May 25, 1865, being present at all Military Operations; and in command of the District of Henrico, Va., May 25 to June 9, 1865.

RESIGNED, JUNE 12, 1865.

Civil History. — President of New York State Agricultural Society, 1867–80. Farmer, Manlius, N. Y., 1868–80. Governor of the Soldiers' Home, Dayton, O., Sep. 23, 1880, to July 27, 1888.

DIED, JULY 27, 1888, AT DAYTON, O. : AGED 77.

834. . (Born N. Y.) . . . . **THOMAS B. ARDEN** . . . . (Ap'd N. Y.) . . **49**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1830, to July 1, 1835, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 7TH INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1835.

Served : on frontier duty at Ft. Gibson, I. T., 1835–36, — Camp Desire, near Ft. Towson, I. T., 1836, — Camp Nacogdoches, I. T., 1836, —

(SECOND LIEUT., 7TH INFANTRY, OCT. 26, 1836)

and Ft. Gibson, I. T., 1836–37; as Aide-de-Camp to Bvt. Brig.-General Arbuckle, May 11 to July 26, 1837 ; at the Military Academy, as Asst. Instructor of Infantry Tactics, Aug. 28, 1837, to Sep. 7, 1841 ; in the Flor-

(FIRST LIEUT., 7TH INFANTRY, JUNE 1, 1839)

ida War, 1841–42 ; and in garrison at New Orleans Barracks, La., 1842.

RESIGNED, DEC. 31, 1842.

Civil History. — Farmer, Putnam County, N. Y., 1842–61. President of Putnam County Agricultural Society, 1851–56.

Military History. — Served during the Rebellion of the Seceding States, 1861–63 : as Aide-de-Camp to Major-General Sanford, New York Militia, with the rank of Major, in Defense of Washington, D. C., Apr. 26 to Aug., 1861 ; and as Aide-de-Camp to Major-General Morgan (Governor of New York), with the rank of Colonel, acting as Military Agent of New York State troops in the field, Sep. 2, 1861, to Jan. 1, 1863.

Civil History. — Farmer, Putnam County, N. Y., since 1863.

835..(Born Mas.)....**JOSEPH H. WHIPPLE**....(Ap'd Mas.)..**50**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1831, to July 1, 1835, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 5TH INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1835.

Served : on frontier duty at Ft. Winnebago, Wis., 1835–37, — Ft. How-

(SECOND LIEUT., 5TH INFANTRY, OCT. 31, 1836)

ard, Wis., 1837, — Ft. Winnebago, Wis., 1837, — Ft. Crawford, Wis., 1837–38, — Ft. Brady, Mich., 1838, — Ft. Crawford, Wis., 1838, — Jef-

(FIRST LIEUT., 5TH INFANTRY, NOV. 1, 1838)

ferson Barracks, Mo., 1838–40, — Turkey River, on Quartermaster duty, 1840, — Ft. Crawford, Wis., 1840–41, — and Detroit Barracks, Mich., 1841–43, 1843–45 ; in Military Occupation of Texas, 1845–46 ; in the

(CAPTAIN, 5TH INFANTRY, JUNE 29, 1846)

War with Mexico, 1846 ; on Recruiting service, 1846–47 ; and in the War with Mexico, 1847.

DIED, JUNE 30, 1847, AT PEROTE, MEX. : AGED 36.

836..(Born Me.).....**LUCIUS BRADBURY**.....(Ap'd Me.)..**51**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1831, to July 1, 1835, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 7TH INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1835.

On authorized graduation leave of absence, July 1, 1835, to Oct. 1, 1835.

RESIGNED, OCT. 1, 1835.

Civil History. — Merchant, Eastport, Me., 1835–43. Member of the House of Representatives of the State of Maine, 1839. U. S. Deputy Collector, Eastport, Me., 1843–50.

DIED, JUNE 25, 1850, AT EASTPORT, ME. : AGED 36.

837.(Born Mas.)..**ROBERT A. WAINWRIGHT**..(Ap'd Mas.).**52**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1831, to July 1, 1835, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 5TH INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1835.

Served : on frontier duty at Ft. Howard, Wis., 1835–36 ; in Operations

(FIRST LIEUT., 4TH ARTILLERY, OCT. 22, 1836)

in Creek Nation, 1837; at the Military Academy, as Asst. Instructor of Infantry Tactics, Aug. 31, 1837, to Aug. 14, 1838 ; as Asst. Ordnance

(SECOND LIEUT., ORDNANCE, JULY 9, 1838)

Officer at Watervliet Arsenal, N. Y., 1838–40, — and at St. Louis Arsenal, Mo., 1840; in command of Little Rock Arsenal, Ark., 1840; as Asst. Ordnance Officer at St. Louis Arsenal, Mo., 1840–41, — and at Watervliet Arsenal, N. Y., 1841–42; in command of Kennebec Arsenal, Me.,

(FIRST LIEUT., ORDNANCE, MAR. 27, 1842)

1842–47; in the War with Mexico, 1847–48, commanding Saltillo Ordnance Depot; in command of Kennebec Arsenal, Me., 1848–51, — of Detroit Arsenal, Mich., 1851–55, — and of Watertown Arsenal, Mas.,

(CAPTAIN, ORDNANCE, MAR. 3, 1853, FOR 14 YEARS' CONTINUOUS SERVICE)

1855–59; as Chief of Ordnance of the Department of New Mexico, Aug. 16, 1859, to July 13, 1861.

Served during the Rebellion of the Seceding States, 1861–66: in arm-

(MAJOR, ORDNANCE, AUG. 3, 1861)

ing the fortifications of New York harbor, Aug. 15, 1861, to Oct., 1862;

(LIEUT.-COLONEL, ORDNANCE, SEP. 15, 1863)

and in command of New York Ordnance Depot, Oct., 1862, to Mar. 29,

(BVT. COLONEL, MAR. 13, 1865, FOR FAITHFUL SERVICES IN THE ORDNANCE DEPARTMENT)

1864, — and of Benicia Arsenal, Cal., May 31, 1864, to Dec. 2, 1866.

DIED, DEC. 22, 1866, AT BENICIA ARSENAL, CAL.: AGED 52.

838. . (Born Vt.) . . . . **BENJAMIN S. ROBERTS** . . . . (Ap'd Vt.) . . **53**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1830, to July 1, 1835, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 1ST DRAGOONS, JULY 1, 1835.

Served: on frontier duty at Ft. Des Moines, Io., 1835–37, — Ft. Leaven-

(SECOND LIEUT., 1ST DRAGOONS, MAY 31, 1836)

(FIRST LIEUT., 1ST DRAGOONS, JULY 31, 1837)

worth, Kan., 1837–38, — and Osage Country, 1838; and on Recruiting service, 1838–39.

RESIGNED, JAN. 28, 1839.

Civil History. — Civil Engineer, 1839–42. Counselor at Law, 1843–46. Lieut.-Colonel, Iowa Militia, 1844–46.

Military History. — Re-appointed in the U. S. Army with the rank of

FIRST LIEUT., MOUNTED RIFLES, MAY 27, 1846.

Served: on Recruiting Service, 1846; in the War with Mexico, 1846–47, being engaged in the Siege of Vera Cruz, Mar. 9–29, 1847, —

(CAPTAIN, MOUNTED RIFLES, FEB. 16, 1847)

— Skirmish of Puente del Medio, Mar. 24, 1847, — Battle of Cerro Gordo, Apr. 17–18, 1847, — Skirmish of San Juan de los Llanos, Aug. 1, 1847, — Battle of Contreras, Aug. 19–20, 1847, — Battle of Churubusco, Aug. 20, 1847, — Storming of Chapultepec, Sep. 13, 1847, — Assault and

(BVT. MAJOR, SEP. 13, 1847, FOR GALLANT AND MERITORIOUS CONDUCT IN THE BATTLE OF CHAPULTEPEC, MEX.)

Capture of the City of Mexico, Sep. 13–14, 1847, — and Action of Tlascala, Nov. 10, 1847; * on Recruiting service, 1847–48; on frontier duty

(BVT. LIEUT.-COLONEL, NOV. 24, 1847, FOR GALLANT AND MERITORIOUS CONDUCT IN THE ACTION WITH THE ENEMY AT MATAMORAS, NOV. 23, AND AT THE PASS OF GALAXARA, MEX., NOV. 24, 1847)

at Ft. Leavenworth, Kan., 1848–49, — and Ft. Laramie, Dak., 1849; absent on surgeon's certificate of disability, 1850–52; in Topographical Bureau, Washington, D. C., examining land titles, etc., Feb. 21, 1852, to Mar. 10, 1853; absent on surgeon's certificate of disability, 1853–54; on frontier duty at Ft. Ewell, Tex., 1854; absent on surgeon's certificate of disability, 1854–55; on frontier duty at Ft. McIntosh, Tex., 1855, — Scouting, 1855–56, — Ringgold Barracks, Tex., 1856, — March to New Mexico, 1856, — Los Lunas, N. M., 1856, — and Albuquerque, N. M., 1856–57; absent on surgeon's certificate of disability, 1857–60; on detached service, 1860; and on frontier duty at Hatch's Ranch, N. M., 1860–61, — and Ft. Stanton, N. M., 1861.

Served during the Rebellion of the Seceding States, 1861–66: in Op-

(MAJOR, MOUNTED RIFLES, MAY 13, 1861: 3D CAVALRY, AUG. 3, 1861)

erations in New Mexico, in command of Southern District, Aug. 10, 1861, to Apr. 18, 1862, and of Northern District, Apr. 18 to June 1, 1862, being engaged in the Defense of Ft. Craig, Jan.–Feb., 1862, — Combat of Val-

(BVT. COLONEL, FEB. 21, 1862, FOR GALLANT AND MERITORIOUS SERVICES AT THE BATTLE OF VALVERDE, N. M.)

verde, Feb. 21, 1862, — Skirmish before Albuquerque, Apr. 8–9, 1862, — and Action of Peralta, Apr. 15, 1862; as Chief of Cavalry, July 28 to

(BRIG.-GENERAL, U. S. VOLUNTEERS, JULY 16, 1862)

Sep. 3, 1862, and Acting Inspector-General, Aug. 26 to Sep. 3, 1862, of the Army of Virginia, being engaged in the Skirmishes in front of Cedar Mountain, Aug. 7–8, 1862, — Battle of Cedar Mountain, Aug. 9, 1862, — Actions at Rappahannock Station, Aug. 21–22, and at Sulphur Springs, Aug. 23–24, 1862, — and Battle of Manassas, Aug. 29–30, 1862; as Acting Inspector-General of the Department of the Northwest, Sep.–Nov., 1862, being engaged in command of an Expedition against the Chippewa Indians in the Mille-Lacs Country, Nov., 1862; in command of upper defenses of Washington, D. C., Feb.–Mar., 1863, — and of independent brigade, in Operations in Western Virginia, Mar. 23 to May 23, 1863; in command of the District of Iowa, June 8 to Dec. 2, 1863; at Davenport, Io., awaiting orders, Dec. 2, 1863, to Feb. 12, 1864; in command of District of Carrollton, La., Mar. 8 to Apr. 7, 1864, — of the forces at Pass Caballo and Matagorda Island, Tex., Apr. 7 to June 18, 1864, — and of 1st division of 19th Army Corps, District of Carrollton, La., June 18 to July 4, 1864; on sick leave of absence, July 4 to Oct. 26, 1864; as Chief of Cavalry, Department of the Gulf, Oct. 26, 1864, to Jan. 24, 1865; in command of District of West Tennessee, Feb. 3–16, and Mar., 1865; in command of Cavalry Division, District of West Ten-

(BVT. BRIG.-GENERAL, U. S. ARMY, MAR. 13, 1865, FOR GALLANT AND MERITORIOUS SERVICES AT THE BATTLE OF CEDAR MOUNTAIN, VA.)

(BVT. MAJOR-GENERAL, U. S. VOLS., MAR. 13, 1865, FOR GALLANT AND MERITORIOUS CONDUCT IN THE BATTLE OF CEDAR MOUNTAIN, VA., ON THE 9TH OF AUGUST, 1862, AND IN THE BATTLE OF MANASSAS, VA., ON THE 29TH AND 30TH OF AUGUST, 1862)

nessee, May 15 to July 11, 1865; and on leave of absence, July 11, 1865, to May 18, 1867.

MUSTERED OUT OF VOLUNTEER SERVICE, JAN. 15, 1866.

LIEUT.-COLONEL, 3D CAVALRY, JULY 28, 1866.

Served: on Recruiting service, May 22 to July 2, 1867; on leave of absence, 1867; on frontier duty at Ft. Union, N. M., 1867–68, — and Ft.

Sumner, N. M., 1868; and as Professor of Military Science in Yale College, New Haven, Ct., Aug. 8, 1868, to Dec. 14, 1870.

RETIRED FROM ACTIVE SERVICE, DEC. 15, 1870, ON HIS OWN APPLICATION, AFTER 30 CONSECUTIVE YEARS OF SERVICE.

DIED, JAN. 29, 1875, AT WASHINGTON, D. C.: AGED 64.

* Received, Jan. 15, 1849, a Sword of Honor for his Mexican War services, from the Legislature of the State of Iowa.

839..(Born Pa.).....**WILLIAM N. GRIER**.....(Ap'd Pa.)..**54**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, Sep. 1, 1831, to July 1, 1835, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 1ST DRAGOONS, JULY 1, 1835.

Served: on frontier duty at Ft. Gibson, I. T., 1835–36, — Camp Nacog-

(SECOND LIEUT., 1ST DRAGOONS, JUNE 15, 1836)

doches, I. T., 1836, — and Ft. Gibson, I. T., 1836–37; on Recruiting ser-

(FIRST LIEUT., 1ST DRAGOONS, APR. 14, 1838)

vice, 1838–39; on frontier duty in Choctaw Nation, 1839–40; at the Military Academy, as Asst. Instructor of Infantry and Cavalry Tactics, Sep. 14, 1840, to June 20, 1841; on frontier duty at Ft. Leavenworth, Kan., 1841–42, — Ft. Gibson, I. T., 1842, — Ft. Atkinson, Kan., 1842, — Ft. Sanford, Io., 1843, — Sac and Fox Agency, Io., 1843, — Ft. Des Moines, Io., 1843–44, 1844–45, — Expedition to Lac qui parle, 1845, — Ft. Des Moines, Io., 1845–46, — and Ft. Leavenworth, Kan., 1846; in

(CAPTAIN, 1ST DRAGOONS, AUG. 23, 1846)

the War with Mexico, 1846–48, being engaged in the Assault of Santa Cruz de Rosales, N. M., Mar. 16, 1848; on frontier duty at Fernandez

(BVT. MAJOR, MAR. 16, 1848, FOR GALLANT AND MERITORIOUS CONDUCT IN THE BATTLE OF SANTA CRUZ DE ROSALES, MEX.)

de Taos, N. M., 1849, — Expedition against Apache Indians, 1849–50, being engaged in the Skirmish at Tucuncurre Butte, Red River, N. M., Nov. 17, 1849, where he was wounded, — and Surprise of one hundred and fifty Lodges at the source of Costilla River, N. M., July 26, 1840, — Rayado, N. M., 1850–51, — detached service, 1851–52, — Peña Blanca, N. M., 1852, — Ft. Webster, N. M., 1852, — Ft. Conrad, N. M., 1852, — La Joya, N. M., 1852, — and Camp Vigilance, N. M., 1852; on Recruiting service, 1852–54; on frontier duty at Ft. Thorn, N. M., 1854–55, — Scouting at Ft. Stanton, N. M., 1855, — Ft. Thorn, N. M., 1855–56, — Taos, N. M., 1856, — March to California, via Ft. Union, N. M., 1856, — Ft. Tejon, Cal., 1856–57, — and Ft. Walla Walla, Wash., 1857–58; on Expedition against Spokane and other hostile Indians, 1858, being engaged in the Combat of Four Lakes, Wash., Sep. 1, 1858, — Combat on Spokane Plain, Wash., Sep. 5, 1858, — and Skirmish on Spokane River, Sep. 8, 1858; and on frontier duty at Ft. Walla Walla, Wash., 1858–60, — Scouting, 1860, — Ft. Walla Walla, Wash., 1860, — Ft. Dalles, Or., 1860, — and Ft. Walla Walla, Wash., 1860–61.

Served during the Rebellion of the Seceding States, 1861–66: as Act-

(MAJOR, 2D DRAGOONS, APR. 20, 1861: 2D CAVALRY, AUG. 3, 1861)

ing Inspector-General, Army of the Potomac, 1861–62; in the Virginia

(LIEUT.-COLONEL, 1ST CAVALRY, FEB. 15, 1862)

Peninsular Campaign, in command of his regiment (Army of the Potomac), Mar.–Aug., 1862, being engaged in the Siege of Yorktown, Apr. 5–May 4, 1862, — Skirmish at Williamsburg, May 4, 1862, — Battle of

Williamsburg, May 5, 1862, where he was wounded, — Battle of Gaines'

(BVT. COLONEL, MAY. 5, 1862, FOR GALLANT AND MERITORIOUS SERVICES AT THE BATTLE OF WILLIAMSBURG, VA.)

Mill, June 27, 1862, — and throughout the "Seven Days' Change of Base to James River," June 26–July 2, 1862; as Superintendent of Volunteer Recruiting Service, and Chief Mustering and Disbursing Officer for the State of Ohio, at Columbus, O., Aug.–Sep., 1862; on Court-martial duty at St. Louis, Mo., Sep., 1862, to Feb., 1863; as Superintendent of Volunteer Recruiting Service, and Chief Mustering and Disbursing Officer for the State of Iowa, at Davenport, Io., Mar., 1863, to June 12, 1865; and

(BVT. BRIG.-GENERAL, U. S. ARMY, MAR. 13, 1865, FOR FAITHFUL AND MERITORIOUS SERVICES DURING THE REBELLION)

Asst. Provost Marshal General, Superintendent of Volunteer Recruiting Service, and Chief Mustering and Disbursing Officer for the Western Division of the State of Pennsylvania, at Harrisburg, Pa., June 14, 1865, to Apr. 15, 1866.

Served: as Superintendent of Mounted Recruiting Service, at Carlisle, Pa., Apr., 1866, to Apr. 6, 1868; in command of regiment and post of

(COLONEL, 3D CAVALRY, AUG. 31, 1866)

Ft. Union, N. M., July 12, 1868, to May, 1870, — and of Camp Halleck, Nev., May–Dec. 15, 1870.

RETIRED FROM ACTIVE SERVICE, DEC. 15, 1870, ON HIS OWN APPLICATION, AFTER 30 CONSECUTIVE YEARS OF SERVICE.

DIED, JULY 8, 1885, AT NAPA CITY, CAL.: AGED 72.

840..(Born Va.).....**THOMAS L. BRENT**.....(Ap'd Va.)..**55**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1830, to July 1, 1835, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 6TH INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1835.

Served: on frontier duty at Jefferson Barracks, Mo., 1835–36, — Ft. Jesup, La., 1836, — Camp Sabine, La., 1836, — and Caddo Country, 1836;

(SECOND LIEUT., 4TH ARTILLERY, NOV. 1, 1836)

in the Florida War against the Seminole Indians, 1836–38, being engaged in the Skirmish of Aapopka Lake, Jan. 23, 1837, — and Skirmish of Hatchee-Luskee Creek, Jan. 27, 1837; in garrison at Ft. Columbus, N. Y., 1838; in the Florida War, 1838–39; in garrison at Ft. Columbus, N. Y., 1839; at the Camp of Instruction near Trenton, N. J., 1839; on the Northern Frontier during Canada Border Disturbances, at Detroit,

(FIRST LIEUT., 4TH ARTILLERY, AUG. 1, 1839)

Mich., 1839–40; on Recruiting service, 1840–42; in garrison at Ft. Monroe, Va., 1842–43, 1844, — and Carlisle Barracks, Pa., 1844–46; in the War with Mexico, 1846–47, being engaged in the Battle of Buena Vista,

(BVT. CAPT., FEB. 23, 1847, FOR GALLANT AND MERITORIOUS CONDUCT IN THE BATTLE OF BUENA VISTA, MEX.)

Feb. 22–23, 1847; and on Quartermaster duty in the War with Mexico,

(CAPT., STAFF — ASST. QUARTERMASTER, MAR. 3, 1847)

1847–48, — Santa Fé, N. M., 1848–50, — Detroit, Mich., 1851–52, — Pa-

(CAPTAIN, 4TH ARTILLERY, SEP. 12, 1850: VACATED SEP. 12, 1850)

cific Division, 1852–53, — Ft. Vancouver, Wash., 1853–55, — purchasing horses in Philadelphia, Pa., 1855, — Ft. Riley, Kan., 1855–56, — and Ft. Leavenworth, Kan., 1857–58.

DIED, JAN. 11, 1858, AT FT. LEAVENWORTH, KAN.: AGED 44.

841..(Born N. Y.).....**HUGH McLEOD**.....(Ap'd Ga.)..**56**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, Sep. 1, 1831, to Sep. 18, 1835, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 3D INFANTRY, SEP. 18, 1835.

Served on frontier duty at Ft. Jesup, La., 1835–36.

RESIGNED, JUNE 30, 1836.

Civil History. — Counselor at Law, Galveston, Tex., 1837–61. Brig.-General, Texas Militia, 1839–61. Adjutant-General of the Republic of Texas, 18— to 18—. Member of the House of Representatives of the State of Texas, 1847.

Joined in the Rebellion of 1861–66 against the United States.

DIED, JAN. 2, 1862, AT DUMFRIES, VA. : AGED 47.

CLASS OF 1836.

842..(Born Ten.)....**GEORGE L. WELCKER**.....(Ap'd Ten.)..**1**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1832, to July 1, 1836, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., CORPS OF ENGINEERS, JULY 1, 1836.

Served: as Asst. Engineer in constructing the Cumberland Road in Indiana and Illinois, 1836–40, — and in building Ft. Warren, Boston har-

(FIRST LIEUT., CORPS OF ENGINEERS, JULY 7, 1838)

bor, Mas., 1840–41; as Assistant to the Chief Engineer at Washington, D. C., 1841–42; as Asst. Engineer in building Ft. Morgan, Mobile Bay, Ala., 1842–44; as Assistant to the Chief Engineer at Washington, D. C., 1844; as Asst. Engineer in building Ft. Morgan, Mobile Bay, Ala., 1844–45; as Assistant to the Chief Engineer at Washington, D. C.,

(CAPTAIN, CORPS OF ENGINEERS, APR. 25, 1846)

1845–48; and in charge of repairs of St. Augustine Sea-wall, Fla., 1848.

DIED, MAY 24, 1848, AT SAVANNAH, GA. : AGED 36.

843..(Born R. I.).....**JAMES L. MASON**.....(Ap'd at Large)..**2**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, Sep. 1, 1832, to July 1, 1836, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., CORPS OF ENGINEERS, JULY 1, 1836.

Served: as Asst. Engineer in building Ft. Adams, Newport harbor, R. I., 1836–38, and in charge under the immediate direction of the Chief

(FIRST LIEUT., CORPS OF ENGINEERS, JULY 7, 1838)

Engineer, 1838–45; as Superintending Engineer of the construction of the Pier, Dike, and Light-house at Goat Island, Newport harbor, R. I., 1838–45, — and of building Ft. Montgomery, at the outlet of Lake Champlain, N. Y., 1845–46; in the War with Mexico, 1846–47, being engaged

(CAPTAIN, CORPS OF ENGINEERS, APR. 24, 1847)

in the Siege of Vera Cruz, Mar. 9–29, 1847, — Battle of Cerro Gordo, Apr. 17–18, 1847, — Reconnoissance and Capture of San Antonio, Aug. 18–20, 1847, — Battle of Churubusco, Aug. 20, 1847, — Reconnois-

(BVT. MAJOR, AUG. 20, 1847, FOR GALLANT AND MERITORIOUS CONDUCT IN THE BATTLES OF CONTRERAS AND CHURUBUSCO, MEX.)

sance of Molino del Rey, Sep. 7, 1847, — and Battle of Molino del Rey,

Sep. 8, 1847, where he was severely wounded; on sick leave of absence,

(BVT. LIEUT.-COL., SEP. 8, 1847, FOR GALLANT AND MERITORIOUS CONDUCT IN THE BATTLE OF MOLINO DEL REY, MEX.)

disabled by wounds, 1847–50; as Superintending Engineer of the repairs of Ft. Marion, and Sea-wall at St. Augustine, Fla., 1850–52, — of building Ft. Clinch, Fernandina, Fla., 1850–53, — and of the construction of the defenses at Fort Point, entrance to San Francisco Bay, Cal., 1853; and as Member of the Board of Engineers for fortifications on the Pacific Coast, June 17, 1851, to Sep. 5, 1853.

Civil History. — Author of "An Analytical Investigation of the Resistance of Piles to Superincumbent Pressure," 1850; and of various military and scientific memoirs and reports, 1836–53.

DIED, SEP. 5, 1853, AT SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.: AGED 36.

844..(Born Me.)..**DANVILLE LEADBETTER**....(Ap'd Me.)..**3**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1832, to July 1, 1836, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

SECOND LIEUT., 1ST ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1836.

Served: as Asst. Engineer in the improvement of Hudson River, N. Y.,

(TRANSFERRED, NOV. 1, 1836, TO CORPS OF ENGINEERS, AS BVT. SECOND LIEUT., TO DATE JULY 1, 1836; BUT BY ORDER OF DEC. 31, 1836, REVERTED TO ORIGINAL APPOINTMENT IN 1ST ARTILLERY)

1836–39; as Superintending Engineer of the Rebuilding of Ft. Ontario,

(TRANSFERRED, JULY 31, 1837, TO CORPS OF ENGINEERS, AS BVT. SECOND LIEUT., TO DATE JULY 1, 1836, HAVING RELINQUISHED HIS COMMISSION IN 1ST ARTILLERY)

(FIRST LIEUT., CORPS OF ENGINEERS, JULY 7, 1838)

Oswego harbor, N. Y., 1839–45; in charge of the Engineer Agency in New York for the purchase and shipment of supplies for the construction of fortifications, 1845–48; as Member of Joint Commission of Naval and Engineer Officers for examination of the Pacific Coast of the United States, Sep. 13, 1848, to June 17, 1851, — and of Board of Engineers for fortifications on the Pacific Coast, June 17, 1851, to Apr. 11, 1853; as

(CAPTAIN, CORPS OF ENGINEERS, OCT. 16, 1852)

Assistant to the Chief Engineer at Washington, D. C., 1851–52; as Inspector, Dec. 21, 1852, to Mar. 3, 1855, and Engineer, Dec. 21, 1852, to May 19, 1857, of Light-houses of 8th District, on the Gulf of Mexico; as Superintending Engineer of the repairs of Ft. Morgan and building of Ft. Gaines, Mobile Bay, Ala., 1853–57, — of the construction of Mobile, Ala., Custom House and repairs of Marine Hospital, July 30, 1853, to Dec. 31, 1857, — and of improvement of Mobile harbor, Ala., 1854–57; and as Member of special Board of Engineers for projecting the defenses of the Gulf Frontier of Alabama, Mississippi, and Texas.

RESIGNED, DEC. 31, 1857.

Civil History. — Chief Engineer of the State of Alabama, for the improvement of the Bay and Harbor of Mobile, Ala., 1860–61. Colonel, Alabama Militia, 1860–61.

Joined in the Rebellion of 1861–66 against the United States.

DIED, SEP. 26, 1866, AT CLIFTON, CANADA: AGED 54.

845..(Born Va.)....**JOSEPH R. ANDERSON**.....(Ap'd Va.)..4

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1832, to July 1, 1836, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

SECOND LIEUT., 3D ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1836.

Served as Asst. Engineer in Engineer Bureau, Washington, D. C., 1836,

(TRANSFERRED, NOV. 1, 1836, TO CORPS OF ENGINEERS, AS BVT. SECOND LIEUT., TO DATE JULY 1, 1836; BUT BY ORDER OF DEC. 31, 1836, REVERTED TO ORIGINAL APPOINTMENT IN 3D ARTILLERY)

— and in building Ft. Pulaski, for the defense of the entrance to the

(TRANSFERRED, JULY 1, 1837, TO CORPS OF ENGINEERS, AS BVT. SECOND LIEUT., TO DATE JULY 1, 1836, HAVING RELINQUISHED HIS COMMISSION IN 3D ARTILLERY)

Savannah River, Ga., 1836–37.

RESIGNED, SEP. 30, 1837.

Civil History. — Asst. Engineer of the State of Virginia, 1837. Chief Engineer of Valley Turnpike Company, 1838–41. Superintendent and Proprietor of Tredegar Iron Manufactory and Cannon Foundry, Richmond, Va., 1841–61. Member of the House of Delegates of the State of Virginia, 1852–55.

Joined in the Rebellion of 1861–66 against the United States.

Civil History. — President of Tredegar Iron Works, Richmond, Va., since 1866.

846..(Born Ga.)...**MONTGOMERY C. MEIGS**.....(Ap'd Pa.)..5

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1832, to July 1, 1836, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

SECOND LIEUT., 1ST ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1836.

Served: as Asst. Engineer in repairing Ft. Mifflin, Delaware River,

(TRANSFERRED, NOV. 1, 1836, TO CORPS OF ENGINEERS, AS BVT. SECOND LIEUT., TO DATE JULY 1, 1836; BUT BY ORDER OF DEC. 31, 1836, REVERTED TO ORIGINAL APPOINTMENT IN 1ST ARTILLERY)

Pa., 1836, — on Surveys for the improvement of the Upper Mississippi,

(TRANSFERRED, JULY 1, 1837, TO CORPS OF ENGINEERS, AS BVT. SECOND LIEUT, TO DATE JULY 1, 1836, HAVING RELINQUISHED HIS COMMISSION IN 1ST ARTILLERY)

(FIRST LIEUT., CORPS OF ENGINEERS, JULY 7, 1838)

1837, — in building Ft. Delaware, Pea Patch Island, Del., and on improvement of harbors in Delaware River and Bay, and Delaware Breakwater, 1837–39, — and to the Board of Engineers for Atlantic Coast Defenses, 1839–41; as Superintending Engineer of the building of Ft. Delaware, 1841, — of Ft. Wayne, Detroit, Mich., 1841–49, — and of Fts. Porter, Niagara, and Ontario, N. Y., 1846–49; on Special duty in the Engineer Bureau, Washington, D. C., 1849–50; as Superintending Engineer of the building of Ft. Montgomery, for the defense of the outlet of Lake Champlain, N. Y., 1850–52, — of the harbor improvements in Delaware Bay, and on the New Jersey Coast, 1852, — of the devising and construction of the Potomac Aqueduct, from the Great Falls, Md., to Washington, D. C., Nov. 3, 1852, to Sep. 20, 1860, — of the U. S. Capitol Extension, by new Wings and Dome, Mar. 29, 1853, to Nov. 2,

(CAPTAIN, CORPS OF ENGINEERS, MAR. 3, 1853, FOR FOURTEEN YEARS' CONTINUOUS SERVICE)

1859, — of the U. S. General Post Office Extension, Apr. 25, 1855, to Nov. 2, 1859, — of repairs of Ft. Madison, Annapolis harbor, Md., 1854–60, — of the building of Ft. Jefferson, Tortugas, Fla., 1860–61, — and of the construction of the Potomac Aqueduct, 1861.

Served during the Rebellion of the Seceding States, 1861–66 : as Chief Engineer, Apr. 13–22, 1861, for organizing and conducting an Expedition

(COLONEL, 11TH INFANTRY, MAY 14, 1861)

for relieving Ft. Pickens, Fla., besieged by the Rebels ; in directing the

(BRIG.-GEN., STAFF — QUARTERMASTER-GENERAL, MAY 15, 1861)

equipping and supplying the Armies in the field, May 15, 1861, to Aug. 12, 1866, generally from headquarters at Washington, D. C. ; present, but not engaged, at the Battle of Bull Run, July 21, 1861 ; as Member of Commission to examine the plan and sufficiency of the defenses of Washington city, Oct. 29 to Dec. 24, 1862 ; on Inspection, Aug., 1863, of Quartermaster's Operations in the Army of the Potomac, — of the Western Armies, Aug., 1863, to Jan., 1864, being particularly employed in providing transportation and supplies for the forces at Chattanooga, Ten., and was present during its investment and bombardment, and engaged in the Battle of Chattanooga, Nov. 23–25, 1863 ; in command of Belle Plain, and Fredericksburg, Va. (General Grant's base of supplies), May 16–18, 1864 ; on special mission to Bermuda Hundred, Va., May 21–26, 1864 ; in Defense of Washington, D. C., commanding brigade of Quartermaster's employees and other troops, forming a division occupying the

(BVT. MAJ.-GENERAL, JULY 5, 1864, FOR DISTINGUISHED AND MERITORIOUS SERVICES DURING THE REBELLION)

trenches east of Ft. Stevens, July 11–14, 1864 ; at Savannah, Ga., Jan. 5–29, 1865, supplying and refitting General Sherman's army, and shipping captured stores ; at Goldsborough, N. C., Mar. 22 to Apr. 13, 1865, directing the opening of communications for again supplying General Sherman's armies ; and Apr. 21–29, 1865, on a special mission to General Sherman's headquarters at Raleigh, N. C.

Served : as Quartermaster General, equipping and supplying the Army, headquarters Washington, D. C., Aug. 12, 1866, to Feb. 6, 1882 ; as Member of Board for preparing plans and specifications for new War Department Building, Oct. 4, 1866, to May 7, 1867, — of Board for marking graves in National Cemeteries, May–June, 1867, — and of Board on illumination of Military Posts, June–July, 1869 ; on sick leave of absence in Europe, June 6, 1867, to June 6, 1868 ; on tour of Inspection of National Cemeteries and Quartermaster affairs, in Texas and the Southwest, Nov. 8, 1869, to Mar. 9, 1870, and in California and Arizona, Dec. 16, 1871, to Mar. 22, 1872, — on Inspection of Arsenals at Philadelphia, Pa., and Western Posts and Railroad Routes, Nov. 4 to Dec. 4, 1872, — and on Inspection in the Departments of California and Columbia, Oct. 25, 1873, to Jan. 19, 1874 ; on Special Service in Europe studying the constitution and government of European Armies, June 1, 1875, to Apr. 1, 1876 ; as Member of Commission for Reform and Re-organization of the Army, Aug. 11 to Nov. 13, 1876 ; in devising project for new building for the National Museum, at Washington, to preserve and exhibit the contributions from the Centennial Exhibition, 1876 ; in projecting extension of Washington Aqueduct to the high ground north of Washington city, 1876 ; and in preparing a plan for a Hall of Records, 1878 ; and as Member of Board to examine and report upon the Codification of the Army Regulations, July 20 to Sep. 13, 1880.

RETIRED FROM ACTIVE SERVICE, FEB. 6, 1882, HE BEING OVER 62 YEARS OF AGE.

Civil History. — Architect for the construction of the Pension Office

at Washington, D. C., 1882–87. Fellow of the National Academy of Sciences, 18—.

847. . (Born N. H.) . . **DANIEL P. WOODBURY** . . . (Ap'd N. H.) . . **6**

Military History.— Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1832, to July 1, 1836, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

SECOND LIEUT., 3D ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1836.

Served: as Asst. Engineer in constructing the Cumberland Road in

(TRANSFERRED, NOV. 1, 1836, TO CORPS OF ENGINEERS, AS BVT. SECOND LIEUT., TO DATE JULY 1, 1836; BUT BY ORDER OF DEC. 31, 1836, REVERTED TO ORIGINAL APPOINTMENT IN 3D ARTILLERY)

Ohio, 1836–40, — in building Ft. Warren, Boston harbor, Mas., 1840–41,

(TRANSFERRED, JULY 1, 1837, TO CORPS OF ENGINEERS, AS BVT. SECOND LIEUT., TO DATE JULY 1, 1836, HAVING RELINQUISHED HIS COMMISSION IN 3D ARTILLERY)

(FIRST LIEUT., CORPS OF ENGINEERS, JULY 7, 1838)

— and in the repairs of the fortifications of Portsmouth harbor, N. H., 1841–42; as Assistant to the Chief Engineer at Washington, D. C., 1842–44; as Superintending Engineer of the repairs of Ft. Macon, Beaufort harbor, N. C., and Ft. Caswell, mouth of Cape Fear River, N. C., and preservation of their sites, 1844–47; as Assistant to the Chief Engineer at Washington, D. C., 1847; as Superintending Engineer of the construction of Ft. Kearny, Neb., and Ft. Laramie, Dak., for the protection of the Route to Oregon, 1847–50; as Assistant to the Chief Engineer at Washington, D. C., 1851; as Superintending Engineer of the repairs of Fts. Macon and Caswell, N. C., and preservation of their sites, 1851–56,

(CAPTAIN, CORPS OF ENGINEERS, MAR. 3, 1853, FOR FOURTEEN YEARS' CONTINUOUS SERVICE)

— and of Improvement of Cape Fear River, N. C., 1852–56; as Light-house Inspector, 6th District, 1852–55, and Engineer, 5th and 6th Districts, 1852–56; as Superintending Engineer of the construction of Ft. Jefferson, Tortugas, Fla., 1856–60, — of Loggerhead Key Light-house, Fla., 1856–60, — and of Ft. Taylor, Key West harbor, Fla., 1857; as Assistant to the Chief Engineer at Washington, D. C., 1860–61; and as Member of Special Board of Engineers for modifying plan of fort at Sandy Hook, N. J., 1860.

Served during the Rebellion of the Seceding States, 1861–64: as Asst. Engineer in the construction of the defenses of Washington, D. C., Apr. 29,

(MAJOR, CORPS OF ENGINEERS, AUG. 6, 1861)

1861, to Mar. 10, 1862, and participated in the Manassas Campaign of July, 1861, in making important reconnoissances upon which was based the order of Battle of Bull Run, July 21, 1861, where he led Colonel

(LIEUT.-COLONEL, STAFF — ADDITIONAL AIDE-DE-CAMP, SEP. 28, 1861)

Hunter's column to turn the enemy's left flank; in the Virginia Peninsular Campaign (Army of the Potomac), Mar.–Aug., 1862, in command

(BRIG.-GENERAL, U. S. VOLUNTEERS, MAR. 19, 1862)

of the Engineer Brigade, participating in the Siege of Yorktown, Apr. 5–May 4, 1862, and in the subsequent operations of the Campaign in the construction of roads, field-works, and bridges, particularly for the passage of the Army and its immense trains over the Chickahominy River, White Oak Swamp, and on the retreat to Harrison's Landing; in the

(BVT. COLONEL, JULY 1, 1862, FOR GALLANT AND MERITORIOUS SERVICES DURING THE PENINSULAR CAMPAIGN)

defenses of Washington, D. C., and in charge of Engineer Depot, Sep.–Nov., 1862; in the Rappahannock Campaign, Dec., 1862–Mar., 1863, being engaged in the Battle of Fredericksburg in throwing ponton bridges for the advance and retreat of the Army of the Potomac across

(BVT. BRIG.-GENERAL, U. S. ARMY, DEC. 13, 1862, FOR GALLANT AND MERITORIOUS SERVICES AT THE BATTLE OF FREDERICKSBURG, VA.)

(LIEUT.-COL., CORPS OF ENGINEERS, JUNE 1, 1863)

the Rappahannock, Dec. 11–16, 1862; and in command of the District of Key West and Tortugas, Fla., Mar. 16, 1863, to Aug. 15, 1864.

BVT. MAJ.-GENERAL, U. S. ARMY, AUG. 15, 1864, FOR GALLANT AND MERITORIOUS SERVICES DURING THE REBELLION.

Civil History. — Author of a work on "Sustaining Walls," 1845; and on the "Theory of the Arch," 1858.

DIED, AUG. 15, 1864, AT KEY WEST, FLA.: AGED 51.

848..(Born Va.).....**FISHER A. LEWIS**.....(Ap'd Va.)..**7**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1832, to July 1, 1836, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

SECOND LIEUT., 1ST ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1836.

Served: on Engineer duty, July 11 to Oct. 15, 1836; and in the Florida War, 1836–37.

RESIGNED, FEB. 15, 1838.

Civil History. — Farmer, Jefferson County, W. Va., 1838–83.

DIED, SEP. 19, 1883, NEAR RIPPON, W. VA.: AGED 70.

849..(Born Va.)...**SAMUEL J. BRANSFORD**.....(Ap'd Va.)..**8**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1832, to July 1, 1836, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

SECOND LIEUT., 2D ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1836.

Served: on Topographical duty, July 11 to Oct. 15, 1836; in the Florida War, 1837–38; on the Northern Frontier, at Cleveland, O., 1838,

(FIRST LIEUT., 2D ARTILLERY, DEC. 14, 1837)

during Canada Border Disturbances; and at the Military Academy, as Asst. Professor of Mathematics, Sep. 13, 1838, to Nov. 3, 1840, when, by being accidentally thrown from his horse against a tree, he was

KILLED, NOV. 3, 1840, AT WEST POINT, N. Y.: AGED 26.

850..(Born N. Y.).....**AUGUSTUS P. ALLEN**... (Ap'd N. Y.)..**9**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1832, to July 1, 1836, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

SECOND LIEUT., 3D ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1836.

Served: on Topographical duty, July 18 to Oct. 15, 1836; in the Florida War, as Adjutant, 3d Artillery, Dec. 1, 1836, to Mar., 1837; on

(FIRST LIEUT., 3D ARTILLERY, NOV. 23, 1837)

Recruiting service, 1837; in the Florida War against the Seminole Indians, 1837–38, being engaged in the Action of Locha-Hatchee, Jan. 24, 1838; and in the Cherokee Nation, 1838, while transferring the Indians to

(FIRST LIEUT., TOP. ENGINEERS, JULY 7, 1838)

the West; as Asst. Top. Engineer in construction of harbor improvements on Delaware River, 1838–39, — on Surveys in Florida, 1839–40, — and on Survey of Boundary Line between the United States and the Republic of

Texas, 1840–41; and in charge of the improvement of Red River, La., 1841.

DIED, SEP. 1, 1841, AT FT. JESUP, LA.: AGED 26.

851..(Born N. Y.)..**WILLIAM H. WARNER**...(Ap'd N. Y.)..**10**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1831, to July 1, 1836, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

SECOND LIEUT., 1ST ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1836.

Served: on Topographical duty, July 18 to Sep. 15, 1836; in the Florida War, 1836–38; in the Cherokee Nation, 1838, while transferring

(SECOND LIEUT., TOP. ENGINEERS, JULY 7, 1838)

the Indians to the West; as Top. Engineer in charge of the improvement of New Bedford harbor, Mas., 1838–39, — of Survey of Sackett's Harbor, N. Y., 1839, — in the Florida War, 1839–40, — of Survey of Detroit River, Mich., 1840–41, — of Reconnoissance of the approaches to New

(FIRST LIEUT., TOP. ENGINEERS, SEP. 1, 1841)

Orleans, La., 1841–42, — of Survey of Northwestern Lakes, 1842–43, — of improvement of Harbors on Lake Michigan, 1843–44, — of improvement of the Ohio River, below Pittsburg, Pa., 1844–45, — and of Survey of Boundary between the United States and the British Provinces, 1845–46; in the War with Mexico, 1846–47, on Brig.-General Kearny's Expedition to California, being engaged in the Battle of San Pasqual, Cal., Dec. 6, 1846, where he was severely wounded; and on Exploration

(BVT. CAPT., DEC. 6, 1846, FOR GALLANT AND MERITORIOUS SERVICES IN CALIFORNIA)

of the California mountain passes for railroad from the Mississippi River to the Pacific Ocean, 1847–49, in the performance of which duty he was attacked by hostile Indians, by whom, with nine arrows, he was

KILLED, SEP. 26, 1849, IN THE SIERRA NEVADA: AGED 37.

852..(Born N. Y.)..**BARNABAS CONKLING**...(Ap'd N. Y.)..**11**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1832, to July 1, 1836, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

SECOND LIEUT., 2D ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1836.

Served: on Topographical duty, July 18 to Oct. 14, 1836; in the Florida War, 1836–37; in garrison at Ft. Pike, La., 1837–38; in the

(FIRST LIEUT., 2D ARTILLERY, DEC. 31, 1837)

Florida War, 1838; in the Cherokee Nation, 1838, while transferring Indians to the West; and on the Northern Frontier during Canada Border Disturbances, at Cleveland, O., 1838, — and Ft. Niagara, N. Y., 1838–39.

DIED, APR. 18, 1839, AT FT. NIAGARA, N. Y.: AGED 27.

853..(Born Pa.)...**WILLIAM B. WALLACE**...(Ap'd N. J.)..**12**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1832, to July 1, 1836, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

SECOND LIEUT., 3D ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1836.

On authorized graduation leave of absence, July 1, 1836, to Sep. 30, 1836.

RESIGNED, SEP. 30, 1836.

Civil History. — Asst. Engineer, Baltimore and Susquehanna Railroad, 1836–38. School Teacher, Norfolk, Va., 1840–41.

DIED, NOV. 9, 1841, AT RICHMOND, VA.: AGED 24.

854. (Born R. I.). **MARLBOROUGH CHURCHILL**. (Ap'd Mas.) . **13**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, Sep. 1, 1832, to July 1, 1836, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

SECOND LIEUT., 1ST ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1836.

On temporary duty at the Military Academy, and on authorized graduation leave of absence, July 1, 1836, to Nov. 19, 1836.

RESIGNED, NOV. 19, 1836.

Civil History. — Asst. Engineer of Croton Aqueduct, to supply the City of New York with water, 1836–41. Principal of an Academy at Sing Sing, N. Y., 1841–76. Col., Staff — Division Inspector, New York Militia, 1857–64.

DIED, OCT. 21, 1889, AT SING SING, N. Y. : AGED 74.

855. . (Born N. J.) . . . . **DAVID P. DE WITT** . . . . . (Ap'd N. Y.) . . **14**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1832, to July 1, 1836, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

SECOND LIEUT., 2D ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1836.

Served : on Special duty at the Military Academy (making Drawings), July 18 to Sep. 12, 1836 ; and on leave of absence, Sep. 12 to Oct. 31, 1836.

RESIGNED, OCT. 31, 1836.

Civil History. — Civil Engineer in the United States and Canada, 1836–59 ; and in the service of the U. S. Express Company, 1859–61.

Military History. — Served during the Rebellion of the Seceding States, 1861–66 : in garrison at Williamsport, Md., Sep. 1–21, 1861 ; in

(MAJOR, 2D MARYLAND VOLUNTEERS, SEP. 21, 1861)

the defenses of Baltimore, Md., Sep. 21, 1861, to May 25, 1862 ; in Opera-

(COLONEL, 3D MARYLAND VOLUNTEERS, MAR. 29, 1862)

tions in the Shenandoah Valley, May 25 to Sep. 3, 1862 ; in Northern Virginia Campaign, Aug.–Sep., 1862, being engaged in the Battle of Cedar Mountain, Aug. 9, 1862, — and Skirmishes on the Rappahannock, Aug. 21–26, 1862.

RESIGNED, OCT. 8, 1862.

Served : in defense of Upton Hill and Fairfax Seminary, in front of

(COLONEL, 143D NEW YORK VOLUNTEERS, OCT. 8, 1862)

Washington, Oct. 15, 1862, to Mar. 5, 1863.

RESIGNED ON ACCOUNT OF ILL-HEALTH, APR. 30, 1863.

Re-appointed in the U. S. Army with the rank of

MAJOR, VETERAN RESERVE CORPS, JUNE 9, 1863.

Served : in garrison, New York harbor, June 9, 1863, to July 8, 1864,

(COLONEL, VETERAN RESERVE CORPS, SEP. 29, 1863)

— in the defenses of Baltimore, Md., July 10 to Nov., 1864, — and at Washington, D. C., Nov. 29, 1864, to Dec., 1865 ; in waiting orders, Dec.,

(BVT. BRIG.-GENERAL, U. S. VOLUNTEERS, MAR. 13, 1865, FOR FAITHFUL AND MERITORIOUS SERVICES)

1865, to May 26, 1866 ; and on Court-martial duty, May 26 to June 6, 1866.

MUSTERED OUT OF VOLUNTEER SERVICE, JUNE 6, 1866.

Civil History. — Superintendent of Supplies, etc., U. S. Express Company, at New York city, 1866–87.

DIED, FEB. 26, 1889, AT MIDDLETOWN, N. Y. : AGED 72.

856. (Born Md.) JAMES LOWRY DONALDSON. (Ap'd Md.) 15

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, Sep. 1, 1832, to July 1, 1836, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

SECOND LIEUT., 3D ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1836.

Served: on Topographical duty, July 23 to Sep. 30, 1836; in the Florida War, 1836–37; on Recruiting service, 1837; in the Florida War, 1837–38;

(TRANSFERRED TO 1ST ARTILLERY, MAY 25, 1837)

in the Cherokee Nation, 1838, while transferring the Indians to the West; on Recruiting service, 1838–40; on Maine Frontier, at Houlton, Me.,

(FIRST LIEUT., 1ST ARTILLERY, JULY 7, 1838)

1840–41, 1841–42, pending "Disputed Territory" controversy; on Northeastern Boundary Survey, Feb. 12, 1844, to Sep. 4, 1845; in garrison at Pensacola, Fla., 1845; in Military Occupation of Texas, at Ft. Brown, 1846; in the War with Mexico, 1846–48, being engaged in the Battle of

(BVT. CAPT., SEP. 23, 1846, FOR GALLANT AND MERITORIOUS CONDUCT IN THE SEVERAL CONFLICTS AT MONTEREY, MEX.)

Monterey, Sep. 21–23, 1846, — Battle of Buena Vista, Feb. 22–23, 1847, —

(BVT. MAJOR, FEB. 23, 1847, FOR GALLANT AND MERITORIOUS CONDUCT IN THE BATTLE OF BUENA VISTA, MEX.)

(CAPT., STAFF — ASST. QUARTERMASTER, MAR. 3, 1847)

and as Collector of Customs for the State of Coahuila, Mex., Jan. 17 to

(CAPTAIN, 3D ARTILLERY, AUG. 20, 1847: VACATED, AUG. 20, 1847)

Apr. 30, 1848; * and on Quartermaster duty at Boston, Mas., 1848–49, — Florida, 1849–50, — sick leave of absence, 1850–52, — Baltimore, Md., 1852–54, — California, 1854, — St. Louis, Mo., 1855, — Baltimore, Md., 1856–58, — and as Chief Quartermaster of the Department of New Mexico, Sep. 27, 1858, to Sep. 30, 1862.

Served during the Rebellion of the Seceding States, 1861–66: com-

(BVT. LIEUT.-COLONEL, MAY 14, 1861)

(MAJOR, STAFF — QUARTERMASTER, AUG. 3, 1861)

manding District of Santa Fé, N. M., Dec. 26, 1861, to Mar. 9, 1862, being engaged in the Battle of Valverde, N. M., Feb. 21, 1862; as Quartermaster, Pittsburg, Pa., Nov. 20, 1862, to Mar. 12, 1863; as Chief Quartermaster, Middle Department, and Acting Chief Quartermaster, 8th Army Corps, at Baltimore, Md., Mar. 18 to Oct. 25, 1863; as Senior and Supervising Quartermaster, Department of the Cumberland, Nov. 10, 1863, to Aug. 2, 1864; as Chief Quartermaster, Department of the Cumberland,

(COLONEL, U. S. VOLUNTEERS, EX-OFFICIO, AUG. 2, 1864, TO JAN. 1, 1867)

(BVT. COLONEL, AND BVT. BRIG.-GENERAL, U. S. ARMY, SEP. 17, 1864, FOR DISTINGUISHED AND IMPORTANT SERVICES IN THE QUARTERMASTER'S DEPARTMENT, IN THE CAMPAIGN TERMINATING IN THE CAPTURE OF ATLANTA, GA.)

Aug. 2, 1864, to June 21, 1865, † being in command of division of Quarter-

(BVT. MAJ.-GENERAL, U. S. ARMY, MAR. 13, 1865, FOR FAITHFUL AND MERITORIOUS SERVICES IN THE QUARTERMASTER'S DEPARTMENT DURING THE REBELLION)

(BVT. MAJ.-GENERAL, U. S. VOLUNTEERS, JUNE 20, 1865, FOR FAITHFUL AND MERITORIOUS SERVICES DURING THE REBELLION)

master's forces at the Battle of Nashville, Dec. 15–16, 1864; and as Chief Quartermaster of the Military Division of the Tennessee, June 21, 1865, to Aug. 16, 1866.

COL., STAFF — ASST. QUARTERMASTER-GEN., JULY 28, 1866.

Served: as Chief Quartermaster of the Department of the Tennessee, Aug. 16 to Oct. 12, 1866; and of the Division of the Missouri, Oct. 12, 1866, to Mar. 19, 1869 (leave of absence, Apr. 8 to Dec. 10, 1868).

RETIRED FROM ACTIVE SERVICE, MAR. 15, 1869, FOR DISABILITY CONTRACTED IN THE LINE OF DUTY.

RESIGNED, JAN. 1, 1874.

Civil History. — Author of "Sergeant Atkins," — a Tale of Adventure, founded on facts during the Florida War against the Seminole Indians, 1871.

DIED, NOV. 4, 1885, AT BALTIMORE, MD.: AGED 72.

* Received, Feb. 28, 1853, the thanks of the Legislature of Maryland, his native State, for "his distinguished gallantry, displayed during the Wars with Florida and Mexico."

† Received, June 13, 1865, the thanks of the General Assembly of the State of Tennessee, for the courtesies extended to that body during the Rebellion.

BIOGRAPHICAL SKETCH.

BVT. MAJOR-GENERAL JAMES L. DONALDSON was born, Mar. 17, 1814, in Baltimore, Md., and died in his native city, Nov. 4, 1885. His father, a distinguished lawyer and member of the Legislature of Maryland, fell, while serving as Adjutant of the Twenty-seventh Maryland Volunteers, at the Battle of North Point. Though thus left an infant orphan, the son partook of the military proclivities of his parent. After receiving in his boyhood a good classical education, he became, Sep. 1, 1832, a Cadet of the United States Military Academy, and upon his graduation therefrom was promoted, July 1, 1836, to be a Second Lieutenant in the Third Artillery. At once he was detailed for topographical duty, and two months later was ordered to Florida against the Seminole Indians. The campaign of 1836–37 was one of great hardship and privation, though productive of little glory. After it, Donaldson, transferred to the First Artillery, went upon recruiting service; but was soon ordered back to Florida, where he continued on duty till detailed to assist in removing the Cherokees beyond the Mississippi. In 1840 he was sent to the Maine frontier, where he remained pending the "Disputed Territory" controversy. While in Maine, he built Fort Kent in mid-winter, he and his men, just from the sunny South, having to sleep in blankets on the snow, which laid the foundation of much of his after ill health. It is a singular circumstance that Donaldson at this time made a map for himself of the Disputed Territory, which was sent to Washington, there becoming the basis of the settlement of the Boundary, as agreed upon in the Ashburton Treaty of Aug. 9, 1842. Subsequently, from Feb. 12, 1844, to Sep. 4, 1845, Donaldson was engaged, under President Renwick of Columbia College, in surveying this Northeastern Boundary. Then he was ordered to Pensacola, and soon after was sent to Fort Brown pending the "Military Occupation" of Texas in 1846.

War with Mexico ensuing, Donaldson accompanied the invading army under General Taylor, being engaged in the Battle of Monterey, Sep. 21–23, 1846, and of Buena Vista, Feb. 22–23, 1847, receiving for his "gallant and meritorious services" the brevet of Captain for the former, and that of Major for the latter. Subsequently, Feb. 28, 1853, he received the thanks of the Legislature of Maryland for "his distinguished gallantry displayed during the Wars with Florida and Mexico." As Captain in the Quartermaster's Department, to which he had been appointed Mar. 3, 1847, he remained at Saltillo, Collector of Customs for the State of Coahuila, Mexico, till near the end of the Mexican War.

He was the Quartermaster of various posts till Sep. 27, 1858, when he became the Chief Quartermaster of the Department of New Mexico, continuing on that duty till after the breaking out of the Southern Rebellion.

Whether by design or accident, it is a remarkable fact that, at this critical period, most of the commanding and staff officers of the Western departments, containing the bulk of the Regular Army, were Southern men. Fortunately some, like Donaldson, remained faithful to the flag of the Union, and many more would have continued true, had his earnest entreaties been successful in persuading them of the error of their way.

Promoted Major, Aug. 3, 1861, and holding the brevet rank of Lieutenant-Colonel, he was placed, Dec. 26, 1861, in command of the District of Santa Fé. His double duties were arduous and responsible, and exacted of him the utmost activity. After the Battle of Valverde, in which Donaldson efficiently participated as Chief of Staff to the commanding officer, he, though wearied with the day's contest, asked Colonel Canby to allow him to go that same night around the enemy, over the Socorro Mountains, to meet his wagon trains that were coming with large supplies from the East. Canby declined to give him the order, fearing he would be killed by the enemy, but allowed him to go upon his own responsibility. Donaldson and the Governor of the Territory, with some Mexican guides, started at once, and, when daylight appeared, discovered from the mountain's top the enemy below on the watch. Donaldson tarried not a moment, but pushed on to the town of Socorro, where he met his trains, lightened them of some of the heaviest articles, and started with the remainder on the run to Santa Fé, which was safely reached that night. Santa Fé being commanded by hills, he, deeming it imprudent to trust his supplies in this indefensible position, promptly removed them to the cover of the guns of Fort Union, thus saving these much-needed stores, worth half a million of dollars, and indispensable to the security of New Mexico.

The day after reaching Fort Union, Donaldson, with his wonted energy, proceeded over the plains to Washington, to make requisitions for reinforcements and procure money to pay off the clamoring volunteers. Funds to the amount of $300,000 with difficulty were obtained, but now came Donaldson's great peril in transporting that large sum to New Mexico, for the bandit Quantrell was on his track and rapidly pursuing. Donaldson skillfully eluded this wily knave, and arrived at Santa Fé with a whole skin and the necessary sinews of war, to the great rejoicing of the troops.

After leaving New Mexico, Sep. 30, 1862, Donaldson was ordered to Pittsburg, Pa, and thence to Baltimore, Md. On Nov. 10, 1863, he became the Chief Quartermaster of the Department of the Cumberland, and upon him at once devolved the immense task of providing the army at Chattanooga with provisions, forage, ammunition, and all other supplies to maintain that position, the troops being then on less than half rations, and the animals in a starving condition, hundreds daily dying of hunger. From this time till the end of the war, Donaldson's task was truly herculean, for upon him depended the forwarding from Nashville nearly all of the *matériel* for Sherman's Atlanta Campaign and March to the Sea.

General Sherman, in a telegram of May 1, 1864, to Donaldson, says: "Reports of 29th and 30th are more than satisfactory. I know that you are doing all that mortal can, and it shall not be my fault if the services are not properly acknowledged in time." However, says Donaldson, Sherman did not acknowledge them, nor even recognize them, in his published "Memoirs" — services of which the "London Times" said: "General W. T. Sherman has proved the greatest Quartermaster of the world."

After the capture of Atlanta, Donaldson was called upon to provide for the Army of the Cumberland, falling back before Hood upon Nashville. The importance of these services was duly recognized by the Commanding General in an official communication.

Before the date of this communication, Donaldson, by permission of General Thomas, had assumed new responsibilities in thoroughly organizing, drilling, and disciplining his Quartermaster and the Commissary forces as soldiers, with which, as a division of the Army of the Cumberland, he did valiant service, Dec. 15–16, 1864, in the great Battle of Nashville.

For his eminent services during the Rebellion, Donaldson was brevetted, Sep. 17, 1864, Colonel and Brigadier-General, United States Army, "for distinguished and important services in the Quartermaster's Department, in the campaign terminating in the capture of Atlanta, Georgia;" Mar. 13, 1865, Major-General United States Army, "for faithful and meritorious services in the Quartermaster's Department during the Rebellion;" and June 20, 1865, Major-General United States Volunteers, "for faithful and meritorious services during the Rebellion."

After the war, he was promoted, July 28, 1866, to be a Colonel and Asst. Quartermaster-General, and became Chief Quartermaster of the Department of the Tennessee till Oct. 12, 1866, and then of the Military Division of the Missouri, till he was retired from active service, Mar. 19, 1869, "for disability contracted in the line of duty." The following complimentary letter sets forth Donaldson's valuable services under General Thomas: —

HEADQUARTERS DEPARTMENT OF THE TENNESSEE,
NASHVILLE, TENN., *October 28th*, 1866.

BVT. MAJOR-GENERAL J. L. DONALDSON,
Colonel and Assistant Quartermaster-General, U. S. A.

GENERAL, — In complying with Special Order No. 508, War Department, C. S., I desire to express to you my great appreciation of the valuable services you have rendered as Chief Quartermaster of my command during the three years just elapsed.

Joining me at Chattanooga, at the period when all looked gloomy and foreboding, you unraveled the intricate meshes then surrounding the Quartermaster's Department within my command, and restored system and order where confusion had triumphantly held sway.

By the marked ability with which you administered the department from that time until the close of the late war, you greatly contributed to the success which crowned the efforts of the armies in the field in overthrowing the Rebellion of the Southern States, and when the troops were dismissed with honor to return to their homes, your labors, although arduous before, remained undiminished for months, caring for the debris which necessarily followed in the wake of our immense armies. Now that all is finished, to make your work complete, the Government has most justly shown its appreciation of your valuable services during the war by appointing you to your present enviable position, thereby confirming the opinions of your ability expressed by all with whom you have been associated in the prosecution of your labors.

I am, General, very respectfully, your obedient servant,

GEORGE H. THOMAS,
Major-General, U. S. A., Commanding.

Donaldson was deservedly a great favorite with General Thomas, and while under his command he suggested the creation of cemeteries for the scattered remains of soldiers who had fallen in battle, from which has resulted the annual "Decoration Day."

The remainder of Donaldson's life, after a military career of a third of a century, was spent in the bosom of his family, to which he was de-

votedly attached ; in European travel, where he could fully indulge his æsthetic tastes; and in reading works of imagination, his busy and nomadic life having prevented his ever becoming a hard student. He, however, indulged in authorship, and gave to the public a gracefully written and sprightly novel, "Sergeant Atkins," a tale of adventure founded upon facts which came to his knowledge while serving in Florida against the Seminole Indians.

Like all frail humanity, Donaldson may have had his faults, but his virtues were so much more marked and prominent that he was a universal favorite among those who best knew him. His blended harmony of qualities ; his even balance of humane and stern proclivities ; his soldierly observance of every law and order ; his delicate sensibility and moral purity ; his kindness, benevolence, and high sense of justice ; and his unswerving fidelity to every duty and trust, — made him one of the truest of friends and most upright of officers. Though habitually as gentle as a woman, when roused to action he displayed all the emotional impulse and fiery courage springing from the ancestral Irish blood coursing his veins. Charity was as overflowing in his speech as from his purse, and so guileless and trustful was he that he was familiarly called "Truthful James" and "Innocence Abroad." With difficulty could he deny any favor asked of him ; hence his confidence was often abused by measuring others' integrity by his own. These were the lovable weaknesses of a warm heart, generous feelings, and an unsoiled mind ; nevertheless he possessed that sterner stuff which made him the energetic business man, the sturdy patriot, and the daring soldier.

After a well-spent life of seventy-two years, this genial gentleman and exemplary officer descended to the grave, embalmed with the affectionate memories of troops of mourning friends, and shrouded in unstained rectitude and the fear of God.

> "The sweetest cordial we receive at last
> Is conscience of our virtuous actions past."

857..(Born Pa.).....**JOHN P. J. O'BRIEN**.....(Ap'd Pa.)..**16**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1832, to July 1, 1836, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

SECOND LIEUT., 4TH ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1836.

Served : in Operations in Creek Nation, 1836 ; in the Florida War, 1836–38, being engaged against the Seminole Indians in the Combat of Locha-Hatchee, Jan. 24, 1838 ; in the Cherokee Nation, 1838, while

(FIRST LIEUT., 4TH ARTILLERY, JULY 7, 1838)

transferring the Indians to the West ; in garrison at Ft. Columbus, N. Y., 1838 ; in the Florida War, 1838–39 ; in garrison at Ft. Columbus, N. Y., 1839 ; at the Camp of Instruction near Trenton, N. J., 1839; on the Northern Frontier during Canada Border Disturbances, at Detroit, Mich., 1839–41, — and Buffalo, N. Y., 1841–42 ; in garrison at Ft. Monroe, Va., 1842–43, — and Carlisle Barracks, Pa., 1844–46 ; in Military Occupation of Texas, 1846 ; in the War with Mexico, 1846–48, being engaged in the

(CAPT., STAFF — ASST. QUARTERMASTER, JAN. 18, 1847, TO MAY 16, 1849)

march through Chihuahua, 1846–47, — Battle of Buena Vista, Feb. 22–23,

(BVT. MAJOR, FEB. 23, 1847, FOR GALLANT AND MERITORIOUS CONDUCT IN THE BATTLE OF BUENA VISTA, MEX.)

1847, where he was wounded, — and as Quartermaster at Camargo, Mex.,

(CAPTAIN, 4TH ARTILLERY, MAY 16, 1849)

1847–48; and on Quartermaster duty at St. Augustine, Fla., 1848, — East Pascagoula, Mis., 1848, — and La Vaca, Tex., 1848–49.

Civil History. — Author of "A Treatise on American Military Laws, and the Practice of Courts Martial, with Suggestions for their Improvement," 1846.

DIED, MAR. 31, 1850, AT INDIANOLA, TEX.: AGED 32.

858..(Born Pa.).....**ROLAND A. LUTHER**.....(Ap'd Pa.)..**17**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1832, to July 1, 1836, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

SECOND LIEUT., 2D ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1836.

Served: in garrison at Ft. Mitchell, Ala., and in transferring Indians, 1836–37; in the Florida War, 1837–38; in the Cherokee Nation, 1838,

(FIRST LIEUT., 2D ARTILLERY, APR. 3, 1838)

while transferring the Indians to the West; on the Northern Frontier during Canada Border Disturbances, at Detroit, Mich., 1838–39, — Buffalo, N. Y., 1839–41, — Lewiston, N. Y., 1841, — Buffalo, N. Y., 1841; in garrison at Ft. Monroe, Va., 1841; on Recruiting service, 1841–42; in garrison at Ft. Monroe, Va., 1842, — Ft. Hamilton, N. Y., 1842, — Ft. Adams, R. I., 1842–43, — Ft. Columbus, N. Y., 1843–44, — Frankford Arsenal, Pa., 1844–45, — and Ft. Columbus, N. Y., 1845; in Military Occupation of Texas, 1845–46; in the War with Mexico, 1846, being engaged in the Battle of Palo Alto, May 8, 1846, where he was wounded; on Recruiting service, 1847; in garrison at Ft. Hamilton, N. Y., 1847;

(CAPTAIN, 2D ARTILLERY, MAR. 3, 1847)

in the War with Mexico, 1847–48; in garrison at Ft. Moultrie, S. C., 1848–50, 1850–51; and in Florida Hostilities against the Seminole Indians, 1852.

DIED, JULY 9, 1853, AT NEW HOLLAND, LANCASTER COUNTY, PA.: AGED 38.

859..(Born R. I.)..**THOMAS W. SHERMAN**...(Ap'd R. I.)..**18**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1832, to July 1, 1836, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

SECOND LIEUT., 3D ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1836.

Served: in the Florida War, 1836–38; in the Cherokee Nation, 1838,

(FIRST LIEUT., 3D ARTILLERY, MAR. 14, 1838)

while transferring the Indians to the West; in the Florida War, 1838–42; on Recruiting service, 1842; in garrison at Ft. Moultrie, S. C., 1842–44; on Recruiting service, 1844–46; in the War with Mexico, 1846–48, being

(CAPTAIN, 3D ARTILLERY, MAY 28, 1846)

engaged in command of battery in the Battle of Buena Vista, Feb. 22–23,

(BVT. MAJOR, FEB. 23, 1847, FOR GALLANT AND MERITORIOUS CONDUCT IN THE BATTLE OF BUENA VISTA, MEX.)

1847; in garrison at Ft. Trumbull, Ct., 1848, — and at Ft. Adams, R. I., 1849–53; and on frontier duty at Ft. Snelling, Min., 1853–54, 1855–57, — in command of Expedition to Yellow Medicine, Min., 1857, — quelling Kansas Border Disturbances, 1857–58, — and Ft. Ridgely, Min. (Artillery School for Practice), 1858–61, except while in command of Expedition to Kettle Lake, Dak., 1859.

Served during the Rebellion of the Seceding States, 1861–66: in command of battery of U. S. Artillery and battalion of Pennsylvania Volunteers, at Elkton, Md., Apr. 24 to May 10, 1861, while guarding Philadelphia

(MAJOR, 3D ARTILLERY, APR. 27, 1861)

and Baltimore Railroad and Delaware Canal; in reopening communications through Baltimore, Md., May 10–12, 1861; as Chief of Light Artil-

(LIEUT.-COLONEL, 5TH ARTILLERY, MAY 14, 1861)

lery in Defense of Washington, D. C., May 21 to June 28, 1861; in

(BRIG.-GENERAL, U. S. VOLUNTEERS, MAY 17, 1861)

recruiting 5th U. S. Artillery in Pennsylvania, June 30 to July 27, 1861; in organizing an expedition for seizing and holding Bull's Bay, S. C., and Fernandina, Fla., for the use of the blockading fleet on the Southern coast, July 27 to Oct. 21, 1861, — and in command of the land forces of the Port Royal Expedition, Oct. 21, 1861, to Mar. 31, 1862; in command of division (Army of the Tennessee), Apr. 30 to June 1, 1862, in the Advance upon and Siege of Corinth, Mis., — and of Centre of the Army of Mississippi, June 1–12, in pursuit of the enemy upon evacuating the place; on leave of absence, June 12 to Aug. 7, 1862; in command of division (Department of the Gulf), above New Orleans, La., Sep. 18, 1862, to Jan. 9, 1863, and in the defenses of New Orleans, La., Jan. 9 to May 19, 1863, — and in the Expedition to Port Hudson, La., May 19–27, 1863, in command of the left wing (2d division, 19th Army Corps) of the Army besieging the place, being engaged in several skirmishes, and Assault upon the work, May 27, 1863, where, in leading a column to the assault, he lost his right leg; on sick leave of absence, disabled by wound, May 27, 1863, to Feb. 15, 1864; in command of Reserve

(COLONEL, 3D ARTILLERY, JUNE 1, 1863)

brigade of Artillery (Department of the Gulf), and of Fts. Jackson and St. Philip, La., Mar. 1 to May 4, 1864, — of the defenses of New Orleans,

(BVT. BRIG.-GENERAL, U. S. ARMY, MAR. 13, 1865, FOR GALLANT AND MERITORIOUS SERVICES AT THE CAPTURE OF PORT HUDSON, LA.)

(BVT. MAJ.-GENERAL, U. S. VOLUNTEERS, AND BVT. MAJ.-GENERAL, U. S. ARMY, MAR. 13, 1865, FOR GALLANT AND MERITORIOUS SERVICES DURING THE REBELLION)

La., June 16, 1864, to Feb. 11, 1865, — of Southern Division of Louisiana, Feb. 11 to July 23, 1865, — and of Eastern District of Louisiana, July 23, 1865, to Apr. 20, 1866.

MUSTERED OUT OF VOLUNTEER SERVICE, APR. 30, 1866.

Served: in command of regiment and the post of Ft. Adams, R. I., July 29, 1866, to Jan., 1868, and July 27, 1868, to Feb., 1869, — of Department of the East, Jan. to July 16, 1868, — and of regiment and the post of Key West, Fla., Feb., 1869, to Nov. 29, 1870.

RETIRED FROM ACTIVE SERVICE, DEC. 31, 1870, AS MAJOR-GENERAL, FOR DISABILITY CAUSED BY THE LOSS OF A LEG IN BATTLE.

DIED, MAR. 16, 1879, AT NEWPORT, R. I.: AGED 66.

860..(Born Pa.).....**JOHN F. ROLAND**.....(Ap'd Pa.)..**19**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1832, to July 1, 1836, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 2D ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1836.

Served: in the Florida War against the Seminole Indians, 1836–38,

(SECOND LIEUT., 2D ARTILLERY, JULY 4, 1836)

being engaged in the Battle of Wahoo Swamp, Nov. 21, 1836; in the Cherokee Nation, 1838, while transferring the Indians to the West; on

(FIRST LIEUT., 2D ARTILLERY, JULY 7, 1838)

the Northern Frontier at Buffalo, N. Y., 1838–40, 1841, during Canada Border Disturbances; on Recruiting service, 1840–41; in garrison at Ft.

Monroe, Va., 1841–42; on Recruiting service, 1842; in command of Music Boys at Ft. Columbus, N. Y., 1842–44, and of Recruiting Depot, 1844; in garrison at Ft. Hamilton, N. Y., 1844–45; in Military Occupation of Texas, 1845–46; in the War with Mexico, 1846–47, being engaged in the Battle of Palo Alto, May 8, 1846, — Battle of Resaca-de-la-Palma,

(BVT. CAPTAIN, MAY 9, 1846, FOR GALLANT AND MERITORIOUS CONDUCT IN THE BATTLES OF PALO ALTO AND RESACA-DE-LA-PALMA, TEX.)

May 9, 1846, — Battle of Monterey, Sep. 21–23, 1846; on Recruiting

(BVT. MAJOR, SEP. 23, 1846, FOR GALLANT AND MERITORIOUS CONDUCT IN THE BATTLE OF MONTEREY, MEX.)

service, 1847; in garrison at Ft. Hamilton, N. Y., 1847; in the War with Mexico, 1847–48; in garrison at Ft. Columbus, N. Y., 1848, — and Savan-

(CAPTAIN, 2D ARTILLERY, MAR. 3, 1847)

nah, Ga., 1848–49; in Florida Hostilities against the Seminole Indians, 1849–50; and in garrison at Ft. Moultrie, S. C., 1850–52, — and Castle Pinckney, S. C., 1852.

DIED, SEP. 28, 1852, AT CASTLE PINCKNEY, S. C.: AGED 35.

861..(Born N. Y.).....**CHARLES B. SING**.....(Ap'd N. Y.)..**20**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, Sep. 1, 1832, to July 1, 1836, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 4TH ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1836.

SECOND LIEUT., 4TH ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1836.

Served: in the Florida War against the Seminole Indians, 1836–37, being engaged in the Battle of Wahoo Swamp, Nov. 21, 1836, — and on Quartermaster duty, 1837.

RESIGNED, AUG. 31, 1837.

Civil History. — Principal of Amenia Academy, Dutchess County, N. Y., 1837. Clergyman of the Methodist Episcopal Church, 1840–78. Degree of A. M. conferred by Wesleyan University, Ct., 1851. Member of the Board of Visitors to the Wesleyan University, Ct., 1854–57.

DIED, FEB. 28, 1878, AT BROOKLYN, N. Y.: AGED 63.

862.(Born Ky.).**ALEXANDER P. CRITTENDEN**..(Ap'd Ky.).**21**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1832, to July 1, 1836, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT, 1ST ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1836.

SECOND LIEUT., 1ST ARTILLERY, JULY 31, 1836.

On authorized graduation leave of absence, July 1, 1836, to Sep. 30, 1836.

RESIGNED, SEP. 30, 1836.

Civil History. — Asst. Engineer of Baltimore, Md., and York, Pa., Railroad, 1836–37, — and of Charleston and Augusta Railroad, S. C., 1837–38. Counselor at Law, Texas, 1839–49, — and in California, 1849–70. Member of the House of Representatives of the State of California, 1850 and 1852.

ASSASSINATED, NOV. 5, 1870, NEAR SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.: AGED 55.

863..(Born Del.)...**HENRY H. LOCKWOOD**....(Ap'd Del.)..22

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1832, to July 1, 1836, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 2D ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1836.

SECOND LIEUT., 2D ARTILLERY, JULY 20, 1836.

Served in the Florida War against the Seminole Indians, 1836–37.

RESIGNED, SEP. 12, 1837.

Civil History. — Farmer in Delaware, 1837–41.

Naval History. — Professor of Mathematics, U. S. Navy, 1841–61, and served as Adjutant of the landing party under command of Commodore Jones, at the Capture of Monterey, Cal., Oct., 1842; at the U. S. Naval Academy, 1845–61, as Professor of Mechanics, 1845–47, — of Gunnery, 1847–56, — and of Artillery and Infantry Tactics, 1850–61. Author of "Exercises in Small Arms, and Field Artillery, arranged for the Naval School," 1852.

Military History. — Served during the Rebellion of the Seceding States, 1861–65: in command of an Expedition to the Eastern Shore of

(COLONEL, 1ST DELAWARE VOLUNTEERS, MAY 25, 1861)

(BRIG.-GENERAL, U. S. VOLUNTEERS, AUG. 8, 1861)

Virginia, Nov., 1861, continuing there in command till Jan., 1863; in command at Point Lookout, and of the defenses of the Lower Potomac, Jan. to June, 1863; in the Pennsylvania Campaign (Army of the Potomac), July, 1863, being engaged in the Battle of Gettysburg, July 1–3, 1863; in command of Harper's Ferry, Va., July to Oct., 1863, — and of Middle Department, headquarters at Baltimore, Md., Dec., 1863, to Apr., 1864; in the Richmond Campaign (Army of the Potomac), May–June, 1864, participating in the Actions near Hanover C. H., Va., May 30–June 1, 1864; in command of provisional troops for the Defense of Baltimore against the Rebel Raid under General Early, July, 1864, and of brigade at Baltimore, Md., July, 1864, to Aug., 1865.

MUSTERED OUT OF SERVICE, AUG. 24, 1865.

Naval History. — Professor of Natural and Experimental Philosophy at U. S. Naval Academy, 1867–70, continuing, till July, 1871, as Supernumerary Professor; and at the Naval Observatory, Washington, D. C., till Aug. 14, 1876.

RETIRED FROM ACTIVE SERVICE, AUG. 14, 1876, HE BEING OVER THE AGE OF 62 YEARS.

Civil History. — Residence, Georgetown, D. C.

864..(Born R. I.)..**CHRISTOPHER A. GREENE**..(Ap'd R. I.)..23

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1832, to July 1, 1836, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 3D ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1836.

SECOND LIEUT., 3D ARTILLERY, AUG. 13, 1836.

Served on Topographical duty, July 23, 1836, to Sep. 30, 1836.

RESIGNED, APR. 30, 1837.

Civil History. — Principal of Tyngsborough, Mas., High School, 1843–45. Teacher in Normal School (established for the education of Teachers by the State of Massachusetts), Bridgewater, Mas., 1845–47. Principal of Milton Academy, Mas., 1849–52. Professor of Natural Philosophy and Chemistry, Georgia Military Institute, Marietta, Ga., 1852–53.

DIED, NOV. 28, 1853, NEAR PROVIDENCE, R. I.: AGED 37.

865..(Born Vt.).....**JOHN W. PHELPS**.....(Ap'd Vt.)..24

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1832, to July 1, 1836, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 4TH ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1836.

SECOND LIEUT., 4TH ARTILLERY, JULY 28, 1836.

Served: in Operations in the Creek Nation, 1836; in the Florida War against the Seminole Indians, 1836–38, being engaged in the Action of Locha-Hatchee, Jan. 24, 1838; in the Cherokee Nation, 1838, while transferring the Indians to the West; in garrison at Ft. Columbus, N. Y., 1838; in the Florida War, 1838–39; in garrison at Ft. Columbus, N. Y.,

(FIRST LIEUT., 4TH ARTILLERY, JULY 7, 1838)

1839; at the Camp of Instruction near Trenton, N. J., 1839; on the Northern Frontier during Canada Border Disturbances, at Detroit, Mich., 1839–40, — Ft. Mackinac, Mich., 1840, — Recruiting, 1840, — Ft. Mackinac, Mich., 1840–41, — Ft. Brady, Mich., 1841, — and Buffalo, N. Y., 1842; in garrison at Ft. Monroe, Va., 1842–43, — Carlisle Barracks, Pa., 1843–44, — and Ft. Monroe, Va., 1844–45; on Recruiting service, 1845–46; in the War with Mexico, 1846–48, being engaged in the Battle of Monterey, Sep. 21–23, 1846, — Siege of Vera Cruz, Mar. 9–29, 1847, — Battle of Cerro Gordo, Apr. 17–18, 1847, — Battle of Contreras,

(BVT. CAPTAIN, AUG. 20, 1847, FOR GALLANT AND MERITORIOUS CONDUCT IN THE BATTLES OF CONTRERAS AND CHURUBUSCO, MEX.: DECLINED)

Aug. 19–20, 1847, — Battle of Molino del Rey, Sep. 8, 1847, — and Assault and Capture of the City of Mexico, Sep. 13–14, 1847; in garrison at Ft. Monroe, Va., 1848, — and Ft. MacRee, Fla., 1848–49; as Member of the Board to devise "a Complete System of Instruction for Siege, Garrison, Seacoast, and Mountain Artillery," July 27, 1849, to Sep. 1,

(CAPTAIN, 4TH ARTILLERY, MAR. 31, 1850)

1850; on frontier duty at Ft. Brown, Tex., 1851–55, where he broke up a Filibustering Expedition, — March to San Antonio, Tex., 1855–56, — and at Ft. Brown, Tex., 1856; as Member of Artillery Board at Ft. Monroe, Va., 1856–57; and on frontier duty at Ft. Leavenworth, Kan., 1857, — and on Utah Expedition, 1857–59.

RESIGNED, NOV. 2, 1859.

Civil History. — Residence, Brattleborough, Vt., 1859–61.

Military History. — Served during the Rebellion of the Seceding

(COLONEL, 1ST VERMONT VOLUNTEERS, MAY 2, 1861)

States, 1861–62: in taking possession of and holding Newport News, for the defense of Hampton Roads, Va., May 27 to Nov. 25, 1861, being

(BRIG.-GENERAL, U. S. VOLUNTEERS, MAY 17, 1861)

engaged in several skirmishes; on Expedition to the Gulf of Mexico, Nov. 26 to Dec. 4, 1861, when he took military possession of Ship Island, Mis.; with Commodore Farragut's Fleet in forcing the opening of the Lower Mississippi, Apr., 1862, taking possession, with the naval forces, of Fts. Jackson and St. Philip, La., Apr. 28, 1862, — and of New Orleans, La., May 1, 1862; and in garrison at Camp Parapet, La., above New Orleans, May–Aug., 1862, where he organized the first Negro Troops.*

RESIGNED, AUG. 21, 1862.

Civil History. — Vice-President of the Vermont Historical Society, 1863–85, — and of the Vermont Teachers' Association, 1865–85. Candidate of the Anti-Mason Party for President of the United States, 1880. Author of numerous articles, on the Danger of Freemasonry; on

African Colonization; and on Political, Scientific, and Educational subjects, 1853–78. Translator of De La Hodde's "Secret Societies of France," 1864.

DIED, FEB. 2, 1885, AT BRATTLEBOROUGH, VT.: AGED 72.

* By an order of the Rebel government, dated Aug. 21, 1862, he was declared an Outlaw, for having "organized and armed negro slaves for military service against their masters, citizens of the Confederacy."

866..(Born D. C.)....**PETER V. HAGNER**.....(Ap'd D. C.)..**25**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1832, to July 1, 1836, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 1ST ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1836.

SECOND LIEUT., 1ST ARTILLERY, AUG. 6, 1836.

Served: on Topographical duty, July 18 to Sep. 15, 1836; in the Florida War, 1836–37, with field battery and on Ordnance duty, being engaged in the Battle of Wahoo Swamp, Nov. 19–21, 1836; on Northern Frontier during Canada Border Disturbances, at Buffalo, N. Y., 1838, — conducting recruits to Wisconsin, 1838, — and at Sackett's Har-

(SECOND LIEUT., ORDNANCE, JULY 9, 1838)

bor, N. Y., 1838; as Asst. Ordnance Officer at Frankford Arsenal, Pa., 1838, — Ft. Monroe Arsenal, Va., 1838–42, — North Carolina Arsenal,

(FIRST LIEUT., ORDNANCE, MAY 22, 1840)

1842, — and Ft. Monroe Arsenal, Va., 1842; in inspecting and classifying muskets at Arsenals, 1842–45; as Asst. Ordnance Officer at Washington Arsenal, D. C., 1845–46; in the War with Mexico, 1846–48, being engaged with Siege Train at the Siege of Vera Cruz, Mar. 9–29, 1847, — Battle of Cerro Gordo, Apr. 17–18, 1847, — Skirmish of Amazoque,

(BVT. CAPT., APR. 18, 1847, FOR GALLANT AND MERITORIOUS CONDUCT IN THE BATTLE OF CERRO GORDO, MEX.)

May 14, 1847, — Battle of Molino del Rey, Sep. 8, 1847, — Battle of Chapultepec, Sep. 13, 1847, — and Assault and Capture of the City of

(BVT. MAJOR, SEP. 13, 1847, FOR GALLANT AND MERITORIOUS CONDUCT IN THE BATTLE OF CHAPULTEPEC, MEX.)

Mexico, Sep. 13–14, 1847, where he was wounded at the San Cosme Gate; on professional duty in Europe, inspecting laboratories, manufactories of percussion caps, and procuring information upon the systems of artillery, and the armament and equipment of troops, 1848–49; on special duty in Washington, D. C., 1849; in command of Charleston Arsenal, S. C., 1849–50, 1850–51, — and of Frankford Arsenal, Pa., 1851–60; as Inspector of Powder, 1851–55; as Member of Ordnance

(CAPTAIN, ORDNANCE, JULY 10, 1851)

Board, Mar. 21, 1854, to Jan. 19, 1858, and June 12–18, 1860; and in command of Leavenworth Arsenal, Kan., 1860–61, — of St. Louis Ar-

(MAJOR, ORDNANCE, AUG. 3, 1861)

senal, Mo., 1861, — and of Leavenworth Arsenal, Kan., 1861.

Served during the Rebellion of the Seceding States, 1861–66: as Inspector of Contract Arms and Ordnance Stores, Apr. 25, 1861, to Dec. 25,

(LIEUT.-COLONEL, ORDNANCE, JUNE 1, 1863)

1863; in command of Watervliet Arsenal, N. Y., Dec. 25, 1863, to

(BVT.-COLONEL, AND BVT. BRIG.-GENERAL, U. S. ARMY, MAR. 13, 1865, FOR FAITHFUL AND MERITORIOUS SERVICES IN THE ORDNANCE DEPARTMENT)

Aug. 12, 1866 ; and as Member of Board for the trial of Breech-loading Arms, Apr. 5 to June 8, 1866.

COLONEL, ORDNANCE, MAR. 7, 1867.

Served : as Member of Board for trial of Major Houston's Modified Gun Carriage, 1866–67, — to consider the subject of Seacoast Rifled Cannon and Ordnance Equipments, Dec. 12, 1867, to Jan. 4, 1868, — and of various Ordnance Boards, 1875–81 ; and in command of Watervliet Arsenal, N. Y., Aug. 12, 1866, to Nov. 1, 1880.

RETIRED FROM ACTIVE SERVICE, JUNE 1, 1881, AT HIS OWN REQUEST, HE HAVING SERVED OVER 40 YEARS.

867..(Born Va.)..**MUSCOE L. SHACKLEFORD**...(Ap'd Va.)..**26**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1832, to July 1, 1836, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 2D ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1836.

SECOND LIEUT., 2D ARTILLERY, JULY 31, 1836.

Served : in the Florida War against the Seminole Indians, 1836–38, being engaged in the Battle of Wahoo Swamp, Nov. 21, 1836 ; in the Cherokee Nation, 1838, while transferring the Indians to the West ; in

(FIRST LIEUT., 2D ARTILLERY, JULY 7, 1838)

garrison at New York harbor, 1838 ; on Northern Frontier during Canada Border Disturbances, at Buffalo, N. Y., 1838–39, — Recruiting, 1839, — Buffalo, N. Y., 1839–40, — Recruiting, 1840, — and Buffalo, N. Y., 1840–41 ; in garrison at Ft. Monroe, Va., 1841–42 ; in conducting recruits to Upper Mississippi Posts, 1842 ; in garrison at Ft. Trumbull, Ct., 1842, — Ft. Columbus, N. Y., 1842–43, — Ft. Hamilton, N. Y., 1843–44, — and Ft. Columbus, N. Y., 1844–46 ; and in the War with Mexico, 1846–47, being engaged in the Battle of Monterey, Sep. 21–23, 1846, — Siege of Vera Cruz, Mar. 9–29, 1847, — Battle of Cerro Gordo, Apr. 17–18, 1847, — Skirmish of Amazoque, May 14, 1847, — Capture of San Antonio, Aug. 20, 1847, — Battle of Churubusco, Aug. 20, 1847, — and Battle of Molino del Rey, Sep. 8, 1847, where he was Mortally Wounded while leading his company in the Assault of the enemy's works.

DIED OF WOUNDS, OCT. 12, 1847, IN THE CITY OF MEXICO : AGED 34.

868..(Born Va.)..**CHRISTOPHER Q. TOMPKINS**..(Ap'd Va.)..**27**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1832, to July 1, 1836, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 3D ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1836.

SECOND LIEUT., 3D ARTILLERY, AUG. 31, 1836.

Served : in the Florida War against the Seminole Indians, 1836, 1837–40, being engaged in the Action of Locha-Hatchee, Jan. 24, 1838,

(FIRST LIEUT., 3D ARTILLERY, JULY 7, 1838)

and skirmishes near Ft. Lauderdale, Feb. 20 and Sep. 27, 1838 ; on Recruiting service, 1840–41 ; in the Florida War, 1841–42 ; in garrison at Ft. McHenry, Md., 1842–43, — Ft. Macon, N. C., 1843–44, — Ft. Mc-

(CAPTAIN, 3D ARTILLERY, JUNE 18, 1846)

Henry, Md., 1844–46 ; on voyage to California, 1846–47 ; and in the War with Mexico, 1847, in garrison at Monterey, Cal.

RESIGNED, SEP. 22, 1847.

Civil History. — Iron Manufacturer, Richmond, Va., 1847–55. Captain, Virginia Militia, 1848–51, — and Lieut.-Colonel, 1851–53. Mining Agent and Superintendent of Collieries in Kanawha and Fayette Counties, Va., 1855–61.

Joined in the Rebellion of 1861–66 against the United States, as a Colonel of West Virginia Militia, but left the Confederate service in 1862.

Civil History. — Coal Mining, near Richmond, Va., 1862–77.

DIED, MAY 28, 1877, AT RICHMOND, VA.: AGED 64.

869..(Born N. Y.)....**MARTIN J. BURKE**.....(Ap'd N. Y.)..**28**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1832, to July 1, 1836, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 1ST ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1836.

SECOND LIEUT., 1ST ARTILLERY, AUG. 31, 1836.

Served: in the Florida War against the Seminole Indians, 1836–37, being engaged in the Battle of Wahoo Swamp, Nov. 21, 1836; in garrison at Ft. Pike, La., 1837–38; in the Cherokee Nation, 1838, while

(FIRST LIEUT., 1ST ARTILLERY, JULY 7, 1838)

transferring the Indians to the West; on Recruiting service, 1838–39; on the Northern Frontier during Canada Border Disturbances, at Plattsburg, N. Y., 1839, — Recruiting, 1839–40, — and Plattsburg, N. Y., 1840–41; on Maine Frontier, at Houlton, Me., 1841–43, pending "Disputed Territory" controversy; in garrison at Ft. Adams, R. I., 1843–44; on Recruiting service, 1844–46; as Adjutant, 1st Artillery, May 11, 1846, to Mar. 3, 1847; in the War with Mexico, 1847, being engaged in

(CAPTAIN, 1ST ARTILLERY, MAR. 3, 1847)

the Siege of Vera Cruz, Mar. 9–29, 1847, — Battle of Cerro Gordo, Apr. 17–18, 1847, — Skirmish of La Hoya, June 20, 1847, — Skirmish of Ocalaca, Aug. 16, 1847, — Battle of Contreras, Aug. 19–20, 1847, — and Battle of Churubusco, Aug. 20, 1847, where, while leading the Assault upon the intrenched convent used as a citadel, he was

KILLED, AUG. 20, 1847: AGED 30.

870..(Born Ct.).....**JOHN W. JUDSON**.....(Ap'd Ct.)..**29**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1831, to July 1, 1836, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 2D ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1836: DECLINED.

Civil History. — Civil Engineer, 1836–78. Principal Asst. Engineer, Great Western Railroad, Canada, 1837. Chief Engineer, Penobscot River Railroad, Me., 1837–38. Civil Engineer in the service of the United States, superintending improvement of Oswego harbor, N. Y., 1838–53, — and of other harbors on Lake Ontario, N. Y., 1842–44, and 1846–53. City Surveyor of Oswego, N. Y., 1855–59. Captain, N. Y. Militia, 1851–54, — and Lieut.-Colonel, 1854–60. Asst. Engineer in the service of the United States, at fort on Sandy Hook, N. J., 1859–60, — in making survey for defenses at Cape Henlopen, Del., 1862, — and in improvement of Harbors on Lake Michigan, 1865–67.

DIED, MAY 30, 1878, AT OSWEGO, N. Y.: AGED 67.

871..(Born N. J.)...**I. CARLE WOODRUFF**...(Ap'd N. J.)..**30**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1832, to

July 1, 1836, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 3D ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1836.

SECOND LIEUT., 3D ARTILLERY, AUG. 31, 1836.

Served: at the Military Academy, as Asst. Professor of Engineering, Nov. 4, 1836, to Sep. 8, 1838; as Asst. Topographical Engineer in the

(SECOND LIEUT., TOP. ENGINEERS, JULY 7, 1838)

improvement of Harbors on Lake Erie, 1838–46, — on Survey of North-

(FIRST LIEUT., TOP. ENGINEERS, MAR. 31, 1842)

ern Lakes, 1846–47, — on construction of Light-houses in Delaware Bay, 1847–48, — and on Survey of Boundary Line of Creek Indian Territory, 1849–50; as Superintending Top. Engineer of Survey of Creek Boundary, 1850–51, — of construction of Light-house in Niagara River, 1851–52, — of Reconnoissances of Military roads to the South Pass of the Rocky Mountains and to New Mexico, 1852, — and in examination of sites for Military Posts on the Arkansas River, and the Republican Fork of the Kansas River, 1852; as Engineer and Inspector of Light-houses on Lakes Erie and Ontario, and on Detroit, Niagara, and St. Lawrence Rivers,

(CAPTAIN, TOP. ENGINEERS, MAR. 3, 1853, FOR FOURTEEN YEARS' CONTINUOUS SERVICE)

1853–57, — and in distributing Light-house supplies for the 10th and 11th Districts, 1853–57; and as Assistant at Washington, D. C., to the Chief Top. Engineer, 1857–61.

Served during the Rebellion of the Seceding States, 1861–66: as Assistant at Washington, D. C., to the Chief Top. Engineer, 1861–63, — and to

(MAJOR, TOP. ENGINEERS, AUG. 6, 1861: CORPS OF ENGINEERS, MAR. 3, 1863)

(LIEUT.-COLONEL, CORPS OF ENGINEERS, AUG. 15, 1864)

the Chief Engineer, Mar. 3, 1863, to Aug. 12, 1866; as Member of Board for examination of Candidates for appointment in the Signal Corps, Apr. 13, 1863, to May, 1865; as Asst. Engineer in the Defense of Washington, D. C., July 13–16, 1864, against the Rebel Raiders under General Early; as Member of Board for the Examination of Engineer Officers for Promotion, July 2, 1864, to Apr. 17, 1865, — and of Board to prepare Engi-

(BVT. COLONEL, MAR. 13, 1865, FOR FAITHFUL AND MERITORIOUS SERVICES IN THE ENGINEER DEPARTMENT)

(BVT. BRIG.-GENERAL, U. S. ARMY, MAR. 13, 1865, FOR MERITORIOUS SERVICES DURING THE REBELLION)

geer Regulations, Nov. 6–28, 1866.

Served: as Assistant to the Chief of Engineers, at Washington, D. C., Aug. 12, 1866, to Oct. 10, 1870 (Inspection tour of Harbors on Lakes Champlain, Ontario, and Erie, July–Sep., 1868); as Engineer of Fourth Light-house District, Feb. 21, 1870, to May 14, 1873, and of Third District, June 16, 1870, to Dec. 10, 1878; and as Member of various Engi-

(COLONEL, CORPS OF ENGINEERS, FEB. 22, 1872)

neer Boards on River and Harbor Improvements, Bridge Construction, etc., 1869–78.

DIED, DEC. 10, 1878, AT TOMPKINSVILLE, STATEN ISLAND, N. Y.: AGED 63.

872..(Born N. H.)....**WILLIAM B. ARVIN**....(Ap'd N. H.)..**31**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1832, to July 1, 1836, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 4TH ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1836.
SECOND LIEUT., 4TH ARTILLERY, JULY 31, 1836.
Served in the Florida War against the Seminole Indians, 1836.
RESIGNED, NOV. 30, 1836.

Civil History. — Counselor at Law, Ohio, 1839–63. Master in Chancery of Court of Common Pleas, 1844–53, — and of Superior Court of Ohio, 1845–53. Lieut.-Colonel, Ohio Militia, 1839–49, — Brig.-General, 1849–50, — and Major-General, 1850–57. Auditor of Licking County, O., 1855–57.

DIED, OCT., 1863, AT NEWARK, O.: AGED 49.

873..(Born N. Y.)....**JOHN S. HATHEWAY**...(Ap'd N. Y.)..**32**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1832, to July 1, 1836, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 1ST ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1836.
SECOND LIEUT., 1ST ARTILLERY, AUG. 31, 1836.

Served: in the Florida War against the Seminole Indians, 1836–37, being engaged in the Battle of Wahoo Swamp, Nov. 21, 1836; on Commissary duty, 1838–39; on the Northern Frontier at Plattsburg, N. Y.,

(FIRST LIEUT., 1ST ARTILLERY, JULY 7, 1838)

1839–41, during Canada Border Disturbances; on Maine Frontier, at Houlton, 1841–43, pending "Disputed Territory" controversy; in garrison at Ft. Sullivan, Me., 1843–44, — and Hancock Barracks, Me., 1844–45; in Military Occupation of Texas, at Corpus Christi, 1845–46; in the War

(CAPTAIN, 1ST ARTILLERY, MAR. 3, 1847)

with Mexico, 1846, 1847–48, being engaged in the Battle of Palo Alto, May 8, 1846, — Battle of Resaca-de-la-Palma, May 9, 1846, — Skirmish of La Hoya, June 20, 1847, — Skirmish of Ocalaca, Aug. 16, 1847, — Battle of Contreras, Aug. 19–20, 1847, where he was wounded, — Battle

(BVT. MAJOR, AUG. 20, 1847, FOR GALLANT CONDUCT IN THE BATTLES OF CONTRERAS AND CHURUBUSCO, MEX.)

of Churubusco, Aug. 20, 1847, — Storming of Chapultepec, Sep. 13, 1847, — and Assault and Capture of the City of Mexico, Sep. 13–14, 1847, — in garrison at Ft. Columbus, N. Y., 1848; on voyage to Oregon, 1848–49; and on frontier duty at Ft. Vancouver, Or., 1849–50, — Astoria, Or., 1850–51, — and Columbia Barracks, Or., 1851–53.

DIED, MAR. 31, 1853, AT NEW YORK CITY: AGED 39.

874..(Born O.).....**ROBERT ALLEN**.....(Ap'd Ind.)..**33**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1832, to July 1, 1836, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 2D ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1836.

Served: on Engineer duty, July 14 to Oct. 14, 1836; in the Florida

(SECOND LIEUT., 2D ARTILLERY, AUG. 16, 1836)

War, 1837–38; in the Cherokee Nation, 1838, while transferring the In-

(FIRST LIEUT., 2D ARTILLERY, JULY 7, 1838)

dians to the West; on Recruiting service, 1838–40; on Northern Frontier at Buffalo, N. Y., 1840, 1841, during Canada Border Disturbances; in garrison at Ft. Columbus, N. Y., 1841–43, 1843–44; in command of Depot of Recruits at Ft. Columbus, N. Y., 1844–46; in the War with Mexico,

(CAPTAIN, STAFF — ASST. QUARTERMASTER, MAY 11, 1846)

1846–48, being engaged as Quartermaster of the Kentucky Cavalry on the march to Monterey, and subsequently of Bvt. Maj.-General Twiggs' Division, being present at the Siege of Vera Cruz, Mar. 9–29, 1847, — Battle of Cerro Gordo, Apr. 17–18, 1847, — Battle of Contreras, Aug. 19–20,

(BVT. MAJOR, APR. 18, 1847, FOR GALLANT AND MERITORIOUS CONDUCT IN THE BATTLE OF CERRO GORDO, MEX.)

1847, — Battle of Churubusco, Aug. 20, 1847, — and Assault and Capture of the City of Mexico, Sep. 13–14, 1847; on Quartermaster duty at New

(CAPTAIN, 2D ARTILLERY, OCT. 19, 1847: VACATED, OCT. 19, 1847)

Orleans, La., 1848, — and at New York (closing accounts), 1848–49; as Chief Quartermaster of Pacific Division, July 15, 1849, to May 14, 1852, — and Treasurer of the Military Government of California, July 15 to Dec. 20, 1849; on leave of absence, 1852–53; and as Chief Quartermaster of the Pacific Division, Mar. 31, 1854, to Aug. 6, 1861.

Served during the Rebellion of the Seceding States, 1861–66: as

(MAJOR, STAFF — QUARTERMASTER, MAY 17, 1861)

Chief Quartermaster of the Department of Missouri, headquarters at St. Louis, Mo., Oct. 1, 1861, to Nov. 1, 1863, from which point he directed

(COLONEL, STAFF — ADDITIONAL AIDE-DE-CAMP, FEB. 19, 1862)

the furnishing of the transportation and supplies for the various armies in the Mississippi Valley, — for General Grant's Operations in Kentucky and Tennessee, — for General Halleck's Corinth Campaign, — for General Sherman's movement down the Mississippi to the Attack of Chickasaw Bluffs, and up the river to the Capture of Arkansas Post, — for General Grant's movements in Mississippi, including the Vicksburg Campaign, —

(BRIG.-GENERAL, U. S. VOLUNTEERS, MAY 23, 1863)

for General Steele's Operations in Arkansas, — and for provisioning Fts. Gibson and Smith; and, as Chief Quartermaster of the Mississippi Valley, Nov. 1, 1863, to Oct. 6, 1866, headquarters Louisville, Ky., furnished all necessary transportation and supplies to the command of Major-General Sherman on his march across the country to join Major-General Grant at Chattanooga, by seasonable provision enabling him to participate in the victory of Missionary Ridge, — fitted out the Expeditions to East Tennessee, Kentucky, Southwestern Virginia, and North Carolina, under

(BVT. LIEUT.-COL., BVT. COLONEL, AND BVT. BRIG.-GENERAL, U. S. ARMY, JULY 4, 1864)

command of Major-Generals Stoneman, Burbridge, and others, — kept

(BVT. MAJ.-GENERAL, U. S. VOLUNTEERS, AND BVT. MAJ.-GENERAL U. S. ARMY, MAR. 13, 1865, FOR FAITHFUL AND MERITORIOUS SERVICES DURING THE REBELLION)

the great Nashville Depot, the base of Major-General Sherman's Operations in Georgia, constantly supplied with every variety of stores, — and provided the troops in New Mexico, on the Plains, and in Major-General Sully's several Expeditions against the Northwest Indians.

COLONEL, STAFF — ASST. QUARTERMASTER-GEN., JULY 28, 1866.
MUSTERED OUT OF VOLUNTEER SERVICE, SEP. 1, 1866.

Served: as Chief Quartermaster of the Division of the Pacific, Nov. 14, 1866, to May 20, 1870; as Assistant to the Quartermaster-General at Washington, D. C., May 27, 1870, to Mar. 10, 1873 (Acting Quartermaster-General, Dec. 16, 1871, to Mar. 22, 1872, and Nov. 4 to Dec. 3, 1872); as Chief Quartermaster, Division of the Pacific, Mar. 22, 1873, to Apr. 24, 1876 (leave of absence, Feb. 2 to June 1, 1875); as Member

of Retiring Board, San Francisco, Cal., Nov. 25, 1875, to Sep. 19, 1876; and awaiting orders, Sep. 19, 1876, to Mar. 21, 1878.

RETIRED FROM ACTIVE SERVICE, MAR. 21, 1878, AT HIS OWN REQUEST, AFTER 40 CONSECUTIVE YEARS OF SERVICE.

DIED, AUG. 5, 1886, AT GENEVA, SWITZ. : AGED 74.

BIOGRAPHICAL SKETCH.

BVT. MAJOR-GENERAL ROBERT ALLEN was born, July, 1812, in Ohio. After his graduation at the Military Academy, July 1, 1836, he performed the usual duties of an artillery officer, as detailed in his foregoing Military History.

Upon the outbreak of the Mexican War in 1846 he was appointed a Captain in the Quartermaster's Department; was on the march to Monterey with General Taylor's Army; and subsequently was the efficient Quartermaster of Twiggs' Division, being present at all the battles on General Scott's line of operations, from Vera Cruz to the City of Mexico.

Soon after this war he was ordered to the Pacific coast, where, as Chief Quartermaster and Treasurer of the Military Government of California, immense labors and responsibilities devolved upon him in organizing and directing his important branch of the machinery of this newly acquired territory, swarming with adventurers, who were little restrained by law, or anything beyond their own interests. As Treasurer of the new government he collected a million of dollars as duties, which no one claimed, and the U. S. Treasury refused to receive. Under these circumstances he could have made a fortune by loaning it at very high interest; but, with his incorruptible sense of duty, he resisted all temptations.

Allen, soon after his promotion to Major, May 17, 1861, was ordered to St. Louis as Chief Quartermaster of the Department of Missouri, where the caldron of rebellion was seething; but, notwithstanding the turbulence around him, he successfully furnished transportation and supplies to the various armies operating in the Mississippi valley till after the Vicksburg Campaign, when, from his new headquarters at Louisville, Ky., his colossal labors were continued in the more extended limits reaching from New Mexico to the Atlantic States, till the end of the Civil War, in which his faithful and meritorious services were rewarded with four brevets.

Upon the termination of the Rebellion, Allen was again sent as Chief Quartermaster to the Pacific Division, remaining there till Sep. 19, 1876, except from May 27, 1870, to Mar. 10, 1872, while Assistant to the Quartermaster-General at Washington.

After forty-two years of eminent services in the Army, Allen, Mar. 21, 1878, was retired from active service at his own request, and spent most of his remaining years traveling in Eastern Asia and Western Europe. At the age of seventy-four he passed, Aug. 5, 1886, from the turmoils of life to his placid sleep at the foot of the still waters of Lake Geneva in Switzerland.

General Allen possessed great purity and kindliness of character, was much esteemed by all classes and conditions of people who knew him, and was endowed with large brain-power and administrative skill. He might have become a distinguished author had he more frequently practiced his polished pen, or a noted military leader had he commanded troops instead of devoting his energies to the logistics of war. His record in this branch of his profession is the brilliant evidence of the great work he performed for his country, made still more conspicuous by his fidelity in the disbursement of $111,000,000 without a penny being disallowed in the settlement of his accounts by the rigid officials of the U. S. Treasury Department.

875..(Born Pa.).....**WILLIAM FRAZER**.....(Ap'd Pa.)..34

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1832, to July 1, 1836, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 3D ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1836.

SECOND LIEUT., 3D ARTILLERY, AUG. 31, 1836.

Served: in the Florida War against the Seminole Indians, 1836–38, being engaged in the Surprise and Capture of Indian Camps, Sep. 9–10, 1837, — Skirmish of Mosquito Inlet, Sep. 10, 1837, — and Action of Locha-Hatchee, Jan. 24, 1838; in the Cherokee Nation, 1838, while

(FIRST LIEUT., 3D ARTILLERY, JULY 7, 1838)

transferring the Indians to the West; in the Florida War, 1838–39; in garrison at Carlisle Barracks, Pa., 1839; at the Camp of Instruction near Trenton, N. J., 1839; in garrison at Ft. McHenry, Md., 1839–40, 1841, — and Ft. Columbus, N. Y., 1841; in the Florida War, 1841–42; and in garrison at Ft. Pickens, Fla., 1842, — and at Savannah, Ga., 1842–43.

DIED, JUNE 27, 1844, AT LANCASTER, PA.: AGED 28.

876..(Born N. J.)...**GEORGE C. THOMAS**.....(Ap'd N. J.)..35

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1832, to July 1, 1836, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 4TH ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1836.

SECOND LIEUT., 4TH ARTILLERY, AUG. 15, 1836.

Served: in Operations in Creek Nation, 1836; in the Florida War against the Seminole Indians, 1836–37, being engaged in the Defense of Ft. Mellon, Feb. 8, 1837; in the Cherokee Country, 1838, during the removal of the Indians to the West; in garrison at Ft. Columbus, N. Y.,

(FIRST LIEUT., 4TH ARTILLERY, AUG. 6, 1838)

1838; in the Florida War, 1838–39; in garrison at Ft. Columbus, N. Y., 1839; at the Camp of Instruction near Trenton, N. J., 1839; and on the Northern Frontier during Canada Border Disturbances, at Detroit, Mich., 1839–40; on Expedition against Pottawatomie Indians, to collect them for emigration, 1840; on the Northern Frontier during Canada Border disturbances, at Dearbornville, Mich., 1841, — Ft. Mackinac, Mich., 1841, — Recruiting, 1841, — Ft. Mackinac, Mich., 1841, — and Ft. Niagara, N. Y., 1841.

RESIGNED, JAN. 31, 1842.

Civil History. — Attorney and Agent for Claims, Washington, D. C., 1842–58. Clerk, at Washington, D. C., in the U. S. Quartermaster's Department, 1858–60.

Military History. — Served during the Rebellion of the Seceding

(MAJOR-GENERAL, D. C. MILITIA, MAY 19, 1860)

States, 1861–66, in command of the Volunteers and Militia of the District of Columbia.

Civil History. — Clerk in the Engineer Department, 1860–70, — and in the Quartermaster-General's Office, Washington, D. C., 1870–82.

DIED, DEC. 2, 1882, AT GEORGETOWN, D. C.: AGED 70.

877..(Born N. Y.)...**ARTHUR B. LANSING**...(Ap'd N. Y.)..36

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1832, to July 1, 1836, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 1ST ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1836.

On authorized graduation leave of absence, July 1, 1836, to Sep. 30, 1836.

RESIGNED, SEP. 30, 1836.

Civil History. — Civil Engineer, 1836–39.

Military History. — Re-appointed in the U. S. Army with the rank of

SECOND LIEUT., 2D ARTILLERY, NOV. 13, 1839.

Served: on the Northern Frontier at Buffalo, N. Y., 1839–41, during Canada Border Disturbances; in garrison at Ft. Adams, R. I., 1841–43, — and at Ft. Lafayette, N. Y., 1843–45; in Military Occupation of Texas, 1845–46; in the War with Mexico, 1846, being engaged in the Defense

(FIRST LIEUT., 2D ARTILLERY, JUNE 18, 1846)

of Ft. Brown, May 3–9, 1846; and on Quartermaster duty at Brazos

(CAPTAIN, STAFF — ASST. QUARTERMASTER, JAN. 18, 1847, TO JUNE 30, 1851)

Island, Tex., 1847, — Cincinnati, O., 1847, — in the War with Mexico, at Jalapa, 1847–48, — Ft. Gibson, I. T., 1848–49, — Ft. Smith, Ark., 1849, — New Orleans, La., 1849–51, — and Ft. Martin Scott, Tex., 1851.

RESIGNED, SEP. 1, 1851.

DIED, FEB. 9, 1880, AT NEW YORK CITY: AGED 63.

878..(Born N. H.)..**CHARLES B. DANIELS**...(Ap'd N. H.)..**37**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1832, to July 1, 1836, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 2D ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1836.

SECOND LIEUT., 2D ARTILLERY, SEP. 11, 1836.

Served: in the Florida War against the Seminole Indians, 1836–38, being engaged in the Skirmish near Ft. Clinch, May 20, 1838; in the Cherokee Nation, 1838, while transferring the Indians to the West; on the

(FIRST LIEUT., 2D ARTILLERY, JULY 7, 1838)

Northern Frontier during Canada Border Disturbances, at Detroit, Mich., 1838–39, — Buffalo, N. Y., 1839–40, — and Sackett's Harbor, N. Y., 1840–41; in garrison at Ft. Columbus, N. Y., 1841, — Rome Arsenal, N. Y., 1841, — Ft. Hamilton, N. Y., 1841–42, — Ft. Adams, R. I., 1842, — Ft. Hamilton, N. Y., 1842–43, — and Ft. Columbus, N. Y., 1843–45; in Military Occupation of Texas, 1845–46; and in the War with Mexico, 1846–47, being engaged in the Battle of Palo Alto, May 8, 1846, — Battle of Resaca-de-la-Palma, May 9, 1846, — Battle of Monterey, Sep. 21–23, 1846, — as Acting Aide-de-Camp to Brig.-General Wool, Feb. 28 to Apr. 27, 1847, — Capture of San Antonio, Aug. 20, 1847, — Battle of Churubusco, Aug. 20, 1847, — and Battle of Molino del Rey, Sep. 8, 1847, where he was Mortally Wounded, while gallantly leading his company in

(CAPTAIN, 2D ARTILLERY, OCT. 19, 1847.

the Assault of the enemy's works.

DIED OF WOUNDS, OCT. 27, 1847: AGED 30.

879..(Born N. C.).....**WILLIAM MOCK**.....(Ap'd N. C.)..**38**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1832, to July 1, 1836, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 3D ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1836.

SECOND LIEUT., 3D ARTILLERY, AUG. 31, 1836.

Served: in the Florida War against the Seminole Indians, 1836–38,

being engaged in the Battle of Wahoo Swamp, Nov. 21, 1836, — and Action of Locha-Hatchee, Jan. 24, 1838 ; in the Cherokee Nation, 1838, while transferring the Indians to the West; in the Florida War, 1838–41 ;

(FIRST LIEUT., 3D ARTILLERY, JULY 7, 1838)

and in garrison at Ft. Columbus, N. Y., 1841.

RESIGNED, JUNE 30, 1841.

Civil History. — Farmer, Lafayette County, Mo., 1841–46 ; and Surveyor, 1846–49. Mining for gold in California, 1849–53. Farmer, near Petaluma, Cal., 1853–55, and since 1857. Surveyor of Sonoma County, Cal., 1855–57.

880..(Born N. Y.)....**ROBERT F. BAKER**....(Ap'd N. Y.)..**39**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1831, to July 1, 1836, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 7TH INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1836.

Served : on frontier duty at Camp Nacogdoches, I. T., 1836–37, — and Ft. Coffee, I. T., 1837 ; on Recruiting service, 1837–39 ; in the

(SECOND LIEUT., 7TH INFANTRY, JAN. 19, 1837)

Florida War against the Seminole Indians, 1839–40, 1840–42, being engaged in the Skirmish near Ft. Waccahoota, May 17, 1842 ; and in gar-

(FIRST LIEUT., 7TH INFANTRY, NOV. 26, 1841)

rison at Pensacola harbor, 1842–43.

CASHIERED, MAR. 16, 1844, FOR DRUNKENNESS.

881..(Born N. C.)....**CHARLES HOSKINS**....(Ap'd N. C.)..**40**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1832, to July 1, 1836, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 4TH INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1836.

SECOND LIEUT., 4TH INFANTRY, SEP. 13, 1836.

Served : on frontier duty in the Cherokee Nation, 1836–39, — and at

(FIRST LIEUT., 4TH INFANTRY, DEC. 30, 1838)

Ft. Gibson, I. T., 1839–41; in the Florida War, 1841–42 ; in transferring Indians to the West, 1842 ; in garrison at Jefferson Barracks, Mo., 1842–43, 1843–44 ; on frontier duty at Ft. Scott, Kan., 1844–45 ; as Adjutant, 4th Infantry, Sep. 10, 1845, to Sep. 21, 1846 ; in Military Occupation of Texas, 1845–46 ; and in the War with Mexico, 1846, being engaged in the Battle of Palo Alto, May 8, 1846, — Battle of Resaca-de-la-Palma, May 9, 1846, — and Battle of Monterey, Sep. 21, 1846, where, in a desperate effort to carry Ft. Teneria by storm, he was

KILLED, SEP. 21, 1846 : AGED 32.

882..(Born R. I.)...**SAMUEL WHITEHORN**...(Ap'd R. I.)..**41**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, Sep. 1, 1831, to July 1, 1836, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 5TH INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1836.

SECOND LIEUT., 5TH INFANTRY, OCT. 31, 1836.

Served : on frontier duty at Ft. Winnebago, Wis., 1836, — Ft. Howard, Wis., 1836–37, — Ft. Winnebago, Wis., 1837, — at Ft. Snelling,

(FIRST LIEUT., 5TH INFANTRY, JAN. 1, 1839)

Min., 1837–39, — Ft. Howard, Wis., 1839–40, — and Ft. Winnebago, Wis., 1840.

DIED, NOV. 2, 1840, AT FT. WINNEBAGO, WIS.: AGED 24.

883. (Born N. Y.) . . . **COLLINSON R. GATES** . . (Ap'd at Large) . **42**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1832, to July 1, 1836, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 4TH INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1836.

SECOND LIEUT., 4TH INFANTRY, SEP. 21, 1836.

Served: in the Florida War against the Seminole Indians, 1836–37, being engaged in the Battle of Wahoo Swamp, Nov. 21, 1836; in garrison at Ft. Monroe, Va., 1837; in the Florida War, 1837–38; in the

(FIRST LIEUT., 8TH INFANTRY, JULY 7, 1838)

Cherokee Nation, 1838, while transferring the Indians to the West; on Northern Frontier during Canada Border Disturbances, at Plattsburg, N. Y., 1838, — Sackett's Harbor, N. Y., 1838, — Morristown, N. Y., 1838–39, — Sackett's Harbor, N. Y., 1839, — Ogdensburg, N. Y., 1839–40, — and Sackett's Harbor, N. Y., 1840; in the Florida War against the Seminole Indians, 1840–42, being engaged in the Skirmish in Big Cypress Swamp, Dec. 20, 1841; in garrison at Ft. Brooke, Fla., 1843, 1843–45; in Military Occupation of Texas, 1845–46; in the War with Mexico, 1846, being engaged in the Battle of Palo Alto, May 8, 1846, — and Battle of

(BVT. CAPTAIN, MAY 9, 1846, FOR GALLANT CONDUCT IN THE BATTLES OF PALO ALTO AND RESACA-DE-LA-PALMA, TEX.)

Resaca-de-la-Palma, May 9, 1846, where he was wounded; on Recruit-

(CAPTAIN, 8TH INFANTRY, JUNE 18, 1846)

ing service, 1846–47; in the War with Mexico, 1847–48, being engaged in the Capture of San Antonio, Aug. 20, 1847, — Battle of Churubusco, Aug. 20, 1847, — Battle of Molino del Rey, Sep. 8, 1847, — Storming of

(BVT. MAJOR, SEP. 8, 1847, FOR GALLANT CONDUCT IN THE BATTLE OF MOLINO DEL REY, MEX.)

Chapultepec, Sep. 13, 1847, — and Assault and Capture of the City of Mexico, Sep. 13–14, 1847; in garrison at Jefferson Barracks, Mo., 1848; and on frontier duty at San Antonio, Tex., 1849, — and Fredericksburg, Tex., 1849.

DIED, JUNE 28, 1849, AT FREDERICKSBURG, TEX.: AGED 33.

884. (Born S. C.) . . **MARCUS C. M. HAMMOND** . . (Ap'd S. C.) . **43**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1832, to July 1, 1836, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 4TH INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1836.

SECOND LIEUT., 4TH INFANTRY, SEP. 23, 1836.

Served: in the Florida War, 1837; in garrison at Ft. Monroe, Va., 1837; in the Florida War, 1838; in the Cherokee Nation, 1838, while transferring the Indians to the West; on frontier duty in Choctaw

(FIRST LIEUT., 4TH INFANTRY, NOV. 7, 1839)

Nation, 1838–39, — Ft. Gibson, I. T., 1840, — Military Road from Ft. Gibson to Ft. Smith, Ark., 1840, — and Ft. Gibson, I. T., 1840–41; as Adjutant, 4th Infantry, at Regimental headquarters, Apr. 1, 1841, to Dec. 31, 1842; and in the Florida War, 1841–42.

RESIGNED, DEC. 31, 1842.

Civil History. — Planter, Georgia, 1842–46.

Military History. — Re-appointed in the United States Army as an

ADDITIONAL PAYMASTER, JUNE 25, 1846.

Served in the War with Mexico, 1846–47, till, from sickness, he

RESIGNED, APR. 15, 1847.

Civil History. — Planter, Hamburg, S. C., 1847–58, — and near Athens, Ga., 1858–63. Lieut.-Colonel, Dep. Inspector-General S. C. Militia, 1848–51, — and Colonel, Division Adjutant-General, 1851–53; and Major-General, Ga. Militia, 1860. President of the Board of Visitors to the U. S. Military Academy, 1852. Member of the House of Representatives of the State of South Carolina, 1856–57. Author of various Essays on agricultural, political, and military subjects, 1843–49, — and of Critical History of the Mexican War, in a series of articles published in the "Southern Quarterly Review," 1849–53. Degree of A. M. conferred by University of Georgia, 1858. Planter, Beach Island, S. C., near Augusta, Ga., 1863–76.

DIED, JAN. 23, 1876, AT BEACH ISLAND, S. C.: AGED 61.

885..(Born Ky.)...**RICHARD G. STOCKTON**...(Ap'd Ky.)..**44**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1832, to July 1, 1836, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 1ST DRAGOONS, JULY 1, 1836.

SECOND LIEUT., 1ST DRAGOONS, JULY 4, 1836.

Served: on frontier duty at Ft. Des Moines, Iowa, 1836–37; and on Recruiting service, 1837.

RESIGNED, APR. 30, 1837.

Re-appointed in the United States Army with the rank of

SECOND LIEUT., 1ST DRAGOONS, MAY 13, 1837.

Served on Recruiting service, 1837–38.

RESIGNED, APR. 30, 1838.

Civil History. — Physician at St. Louis, Mo., 1840–42, — and at Booneville, Mo., 1842–50. Cordage Manufacturer, St. Louis, Mo., 1850–54. Physician, Cape Girardeau, Mo., 1854–62.

Military History. — Served during the Rebellion of the Seceding States, 1862–63, as

BRIG.-GENERAL, MISSOURI MILITIA, OCT. 24, 1862,

in command of the enrolled Militia of 3d District of Missouri, till he

RESIGNED, JAN., 1863.

Civil History. — Physician, Cape Girardeau, Mo., 1863–74.

DIED, JUNE 14, 1874, AT CAPE GIRARDEAU, MO.: AGED 59.

886..(Born S. C.)...**THOMAS P. CHIFFELLE**...(Ap'd S. C.)..**45**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1832, to July 1, 1836, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 7TH INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1836.

On authorized graduation leave of absence, July 1, 1836, to Sep. 30, 1836.

RESIGNED, SEP. 30, 1836.

Civil History. — Civil Engineer, 1836–60. Asst. Engineer on Maryland Cross-Cut Canal, 1836–37, — on Baltimore and Susquehanna Rail-

road, 1837–38, — and on Baltimore and Ohio Railroad, 1838–41. Engineer of Baltimore, Md., Water Works, 1843–46, and 1852. Captain, Maryland Militia, 1845–50. Surveyor of Street Commissioners of Baltimore, Md., 1847–51, — and of the City of Baltimore, Md., 1851 and 1853. Sutler to the 9th U. S. Infantry, 1854–57. Asst. Engineer in the service of the United States, at Ft. Carroll, Md., 1858, — and at Ft. Madison, Md., 1857–60. Clerk in the Census Bureau, Washington, D. C., 1860–61. Sutler at Ft. Dalles, Or., 1861–62. Principal of a Military School, near Catonsville, Md., 1862–63. Clerk in the Quartermaster-General's office, Washington, D. C., since 1867.

887. . (Born Md.) . . . . . **LLOYD TILGHMAN** . . . . . (Ap'd Md.) . . **46**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1831, to July 1, 1836, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 1ST DRAGOONS, JULY 1, 1836.
SECOND LIEUT., 1ST DRAGOONS, JULY 4, 1836.

On authorized graduation leave of absence, July 1 to Sep. 30, 1836.
RESIGNED, SEP. 30, 1836.

Civil History. — Division Engineer, Baltimore and Susquehanna Railroad, 1836–37. Asst. Engineer engaged in Survey of Norfolk and Wilmington Canal, Va., 1837–38, — of Eastern Shore Railroad, Md., 1838–39, — of Baltimore and Ohio Railroad, 1839–40, — and in Public Improvements, Baltimore, Md., 1840.

Military History. — Served in the War with Mexico, 1846–47, 1847–48 : as Volunteer Aide-de-Camp to Brig.-General Twiggs, May, 1846, being engaged in the Battle of Palo Alto, May 8, 1846, — Battle of Resaca-de-la-Palma, May 9, 1846, — in command of twenty Volunteer Partisans, Oct., 1846, — in superintending the erection of defenses at Matamoras, June, 1846, — and as

CAPTAIN, MD. AND D. C. REG. VOLUNTEER ARTILLERY, AUG. 14, 1847,

till the regiment was

DISBANDED, JULY 13, 1848.

Civil History. — Principal Asst. Engineer of Panama Division of Isthmus Railroad, 1849. Chief Engineer of exploration of East Tennessee and Virginia Railroad, 1850–52, — of Nashville, Ten., and Fulton, Ark., Railroad, 1852–53, — of La Grange and Bolivar, Ten., Railroad, 1853–54, — of Mississippi, Ouachita, and Red River Railroad, 1853–59, — and of Little Rock and Napoleon Railroad, Ark., 1854–58.

Joined in the Rebellion of 1861–66 against the United States, and was

KILLED, MAY 16, 1863, IN THE BATTLE OF BAKER'S CREEK : AGED 47.

888. . (Born Me.) . . . . . **THOMAS McCRATE** . . . . . (Ap'd Me.) . . **47**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1832, to July 1, 1836, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 1ST DRAGOONS, JULY 1, 1836.
SECOND LIEUT., 1ST DRAGOONS, JULY 31, 1836.

Served : on frontier duty at Ft. Leavenworth, Kan., 1837, — Osage Country, 1837, — Ft. Leavenworth, Kan., 1837–40, — Ft. Crawford, Wis.,

(FIRST LIEUT., 1ST DRAGOONS, JAN. 29, 1839)

1840–41, — Ft. Atkinson, Io., 1841, — Sac and Fox Agency, while making

treaty, 1841, — Ft. Atkinson, Io., 1841–42, — Ft. Croghan, Io., 1843, — and Ft. Leavenworth, Kan., 1843–44 ; and on sick leave of absence, 1844–45.

DIED, SEP. 18, 1845, AT BOSTON, MAS. : AGED 30.

889. . (Born Pa.) . . . . . **HENRY C. MOORHEAD** . . . . . (Ap'd Pa.) . . **48**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1832, to July 1, 1836, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 1ST DRAGOONS, JULY 1, 1836.

On authorized graduation leave of absence, July 1 to Sep. 30, 1836.

RESIGNED, SEP. 30, 1836.

Civil History. — Civil Engineer, 1836–39. Counselor at Law, Pennsylvania, 1839–61. Dep. Attorney-General for the City of Pittsburg and County of Alleghany, Pa., 1839–45.

DIED, APR. 15, 1861, NEAR PHILADELPHIA, PA. : AGED 46.

890. . (Born N. Y.) . . **CHARLES H. E. SPOOR** . . (Ap'd N. Y.) . . **49**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1832, to July 1, 1836, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 4TH INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1836.

SECOND LIEUT., 4TH INFANTRY, SEP. 30, 1836.

Served : in the Florida War, 1836–37 ; and in garrison at Ft. Monroe, Va., 1837–38.

DIED, JAN. 26, 1838, AT LOCKPORT, N. Y. : AGED 26.

CLASS OF 1837.

891. . (Born Ct.) . . . . . **HENRY W. BENHAM** . . . . . (Ap'd Ct.) . . **1**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1833, to July 1, 1837, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., CORPS OF ENGINEERS, JULY 1, 1837.

Served : as Asst. Engineer on Improvement of Savannah River, Ga.,

(FIRST LIEUT., CORPS OF ENGINEERS, JULY 7, 1838)

1837–38 ; as Superintending Engineer of the repairs of Ft. Marion, and of St. Augustine Sea-wall, Fla., 1839–44, — of repairs of the defenses of Annapolis harbor, Md., 1844–45, — of repairs of St. Augustine Sea-wall, Fla., 1845, 1845–46, — of repairs of Ft. Mifflin, Pa., and Ft. McHenry, Md., 1845, — and of repairs of Fts. Madison and Washington, Md., 1846–47 ; in the War with Mexico, 1847–48, being engaged in the Battle of Buena Vista, Feb. 21–23, 1847, where he was wounded ; as Asst. En-

(BVT. CAPT., FEB. 23, 1847, FOR GALLANT AND MERITORIOUS CONDUCT IN THE BATTLE OF BUENA VISTA, MEX.)

gineer in the repairs of the defenses of New York harbor, 1848–49 ;

(CAPTAIN, CORPS OF ENGINEERS, MAY 24, 1848)

as Superintending Engineer of the construction of the Sea-wall for the protection of Great Brewster Island, Boston harbor, Mas., 1849–52, — of building Buffalo Light-house, N. Y., 1852, — and of Washington Navy Yard, D. C., 1852–53 ; as Asst. in charge of the U. S. Coast Survey Office at Washington, D. C., and on duty in Europe connected there-

with, Mar. 29, 1853, to Nov. 1, 1856 ; as Superintending Engineer of the

(MAJOR, 9TH INFANTRY, MAR. 3, 1855: DECLINED)

building of Fts. Winthrop and Independence, Boston harbor, Mas., 1856–57, — of Survey of site for fort at Clark's Point, New Bedford harbor, Mas., and repairs of Ft. Adams, Newport harbor, R. I., 1857–58, — of building Sandy Hook Fort, N. J., 1858–61, — and of Potomac Aqueduct, 1860 ; as Member of Special Board of Engineers for modifying plans of Sandy Hook Fort, N. J., 1860 ; and as Engineer of the Quarantine Commissioners of New York harbor, 1859–60.

Served during the Rebellion of the Seceding States, 1861–66 : as Chief Engineer of the Department of the Ohio, May 14 to July 22, 1861, being engaged on the Staff of Brig.-General T. A. Morris in Military operations in Western Virginia, at Laurel Hill, July 6–11, 1861, — and

(BVT. COLONEL, JULY 13, 1861, FOR GALLANT AND MERITORIOUS SERVICES AT THE BATTLE OF CARRICK'S FORD, VA.)

Combat of Carrick's Ford, in command of the engaged troops, July 13, 1861 ; as Acting Inspector-General, Department of the Ohio, Aug. 5–16 ;

(MAJOR, CORPS OF ENGINEERS, AUG. 6, 1861)

in Western Virginia Campaign, Aug.–Nov., 1861, in command of brigade

(BRIG.-GENERAL, U. S. VOLUNTEERS, AUG. 13, 1861)

at New Creek, Aug. 16, 1861, — Action at Carnifex Ferry, Sep. 10, 1861, — and pursuit of Rebels from Cotton Hill to Raleigh County, Va., Nov. 12–16, 1861 ; as Superintending Engineer of the fortifications of Boston harbor, Mas., Mar. 8–20, 1862 ; in command of the Northern District of the Department of the South, Mar. 21 to June 21, 1862, being present at Tybee Island, Ga., during the Bombardment and Capture of Ft. Pulaski, Apr. 10–11, 1862, — and engaged, in command, at the Attack on Secessionville, James Island, S. C., June 16, 1862 ; as Superintending Engineer of the construction of the fortifications of Portsmouth harbor, N. H., Sep. 8, 1862, to Feb. 28, 1863 ; in command of Engineer Brigade

(LIEUT.-COLONEL, CORPS OF ENGINEERS, MAR. 3, 1863)

(Army of the Potomac), being engaged in superintending the throwing of Ponton Bridges across the Rappahannock, for the passage and retreat of the Army at Chancellorsville, Apr. 29–May 5, 1863, and at Franklin's Crossing, in face of the enemy, June 5, 1863, — and over the Potomac at Edwards Ferry, June 21, 1863; in command of Ponton Depot at Washington, D. C., July, 1863, to May, 1864; in command of Engineer Brigade, June, 1864, to June 8, 1865, being engaged in superintending the laying of a ponton bridge across the James River at Ft. Powhatan (two thousand two hundred feet long), June 15, 1864, — in the construction and command of the Defenses of City Point, Va., Oct., 1864, to Apr. 2,

(BVT. BRIG.-GENERAL, U. S. ARMY, MAR. 13, 1865, FOR GALLANT AND MERITORIOUS SERVICES IN THE CAMPAIGN TERMINATING WITH THE SURRENDER OF THE INSURGENT ARMY UNDER GENERAL R. E. LEE)

1865, — in holding the captured lines at Petersburg, Apr. 2, 1865, — in repairing bridges across the Appomattox and Staunton Rivers, Apr. 3–23,

(BVT. MAJ.-GENERAL, U. S. VOLUNTEERS, MAR. 13, 1865, FOR FAITHFUL SERVICES DURING THE REBELLION)

(BVT. MAJ.-GENERAL U. S. ARMY, MAR. 13, 1865, FOR GALLANT AND MERITORIOUS SERVICES DURING THE REBELLION)

1865, — and on March to Washington, D. C., May–June, 1865 ; and as

(MUSTERED OUT OF VOLUNTEER SERVICE, JAN. 15, 1866)

Member of the Board of Engineers, June 20, 1865, to May 18, 1867, to

carry out in detail the modifications of the defenses in the vicinity of Boston, Mas., as proposed by the Board of Jan. 27, 1864.

Served: as Superintending Engineer of the construction of the Defenses of Boston Harbor, Mas. (Ft. Winthrop, from June 17, 1865, —

(COLONEL, CORPS OF ENGINEERS, MAR. 7, 1867)

Ft. Independence, from Nov. 13, 1865, — Ft. Warren, from Apr. 9, 1867, — and Works on Long Island Head, from Oct. 25, 1869), to July 30, 1877, — of Provincetown Harbor Defenses, Mas., Jan. 20, 1866, to Feb. 4, 1870, — in charge of Boston Harbor Sea-walls, May 19, 1866, to Apr. 1, 1873, — and of Ft. Montgomery, N. Y., and the Defenses of New York Harbor (except at eastern entrance and on Staten Island), July 30, 1877, to June 30, 1882; and as Member of Board for the examination of Engineer Officers for Promotion, Oct., 1877.

RETIRED FROM ACTIVE SERVICE, JUNE 30, 1882, HE BEING OVER 64 YEARS OF AGE.

DIED, JUNE 1, 1884, AT NEW YORK CITY: AGED 71.

892..(Born N. H.)...**JOHN W. GUNNISON**.....(Ap'd N. H)..2

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1833, to July 1, 1837, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

SECOND LIEUT., 2D ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1837.

Served: in the Florida War, as Ordnance Officer, 1837–38; in the Cherokee Nation, 1838, while transferring the Indians to the West; as

(SECOND LIEUT., TOPOGRAPHICAL ENGINEERS, JULY 7, 1838)

Asst. Topographical Engineer in the Florida War, 1839, — on the improvement of Savannah and St. Mary's Rivers, Ga., 1840–41, — on Survey of Lake Michigan, 1841–42, and of Northwestern Lakes, 1842–49,

(FIRST LIEUT., TOP. ENGINEERS, MAY 9, 1846)

— on Explorations in Utah and Survey of Great Salt Lake, Utah, 1849–51, — and on Survey of Northwestern Lakes, 1851–53; and in charge of Explorations and Survey of Central Route for Railroad from

(CAPTAIN, TOP. ENGINEERS, MAR. 3, 1853, FOR FOURTEEN YEARS' CONTINUOUS SERVICE)

the Mississippi River to the Pacific Ocean, 1853.

MASSACRED, OCT. 26, 1853, NEAR SEVIER LAKE, UTAH: AGED 41,

with seven of his exploring party, by a band of Mormons and Parvan Indians, his body being pierced by seventeen arrows, and otherwise horribly mutilated.

893..(Born Pa.).....**EDWIN W. MORGAN**.....(Ap'd Pa.)..3

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1833, to July 1, 1837, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

SECOND LIEUT., 2D ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1837.

Served: in the Florida War, 1837–38; in the Cherokee Nation, 1838,

(FIRST LIEUT., 2D ARTILLERY, JULY 7, 1838)

while transferring the Indians to the West; on the Northern Frontier, at Buffalo, N. Y., 1838–39, during Canada Border Disturbances; and on Recruiting service, 1839.

RESIGNED, MAY 31, 1839.

Civil History. — Principal Asst. Engineer of the State of Pennsylvania, and Chief of several surveys, 1839–46.

Military History. — Re-appointed in the U. S. Army, with the rank of
MAJOR, 11TH INFANTRY, APR. 9, 1847.
Served in the War with Mexico, 1847–48, as
LIEUT.-COLONEL, 13TH INFANTRY, SEP. 13, 1847,
till he was
DISBANDED, JULY 31, 1848.

Civil History. — Superintendent of Western Military Institute, Blue Licks, Ky., 1849–51. Chief Engineer of Shelby Railroad, Ky., 1852–54. Vice-President of Shelby College, Ky., 1853–54. Joint Superintendent of Kentucky Military Institute, 1854–56. Professor of Mathematics and Mechanics, Lehigh University, at Bethlehem, Pa., 1866–69.

DIED, APRIL 16, 1869, AT BETHLEHEM, PA.: AGED 55.

894..(Born N. Y.).....**JOHN BRATT**.....(Ap'd N. Y.)..**4**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1833, to July 1, 1837, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to
SECOND LIEUT., 3D ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1837.
Served in garrison at Ft. Monroe, Va., July–Aug., 1837.
RESIGNED, AUG. 31, 1837.

Civil History. — Asst. Engineer in the service of the United States, on the Improvement of Hudson River, N. Y., 1838–42, — and in the construction of Ft. Montgomery, Rouse's Point, N. Y., 1842–43, and 1844–50. U. S. Agent in charge of Hudson River Improvement, N. Y., 1843, — and of Ft. Montgomery, N. Y., 1847. Asst. Engineer of Albany and West Stockbridge Railroad, N. Y., 1841. City Surveyor of Albany, N. Y., 1843–44. Purveyor in the Subsistence Department for Cadets of the U. S. Military Academy, Dec. 1, 1850, to Feb. 15, 1882. Farmer, near Garrison's, N. Y., 1882–90.

DIED, MAY 21, 1890, AT BROOKLYN, N. Y., AGED 67.

895..(Born N. C.).....**BRAXTON BRAGG**.....(Ap'd N. C.)..**5**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1833, to July 1, 1837, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to
SECOND LIEUT., 3D ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1837.
Served: in garrison at Ft. Monroe, Va., 1837; in the Florida War, 1837–38; in the Cherokee Nation, 1838, while transferring the Indians to
(FIRST LIEUT., 3D ARTILLERY, JULY 7, 1838)
the West; in the Florida War, 1838–39; on Recruiting service, 1840; in the Florida War, 1840–41, 1841–42; in garrison at St. Augustine, Fla., 1842–43, — and Ft. Moultrie, S. C., 1843–44, 1844–45; in Military Occupation of Texas, 1845–46; in the War with Mexico, 1846–48, being engaged in the Defense of Ft. Brown, Tex., May 3–9, 1846, — Battle of
(BVT. CAPT., MAY 9, 1846, FOR GALLANT AND DISTINGUISHED CONDUCT IN THE DEFENSE OF FT. BROWN, TEX.)
(CAPTAIN, 3D ARTILLERY, JUNE 18, 1846)
Monterey, Sep. 21–23, 1846, — and Battle of Buena Vista, Feb. 22–23,
(BVT. MAJOR, SEP. 23, 1846, FOR GALLANT CONDUCT IN THE SEVERAL CONFLICTS AT MONTEREY, MEX.)
1847; on the Staff of Bvt. Maj.-General Gaines, as Acting Asst. In-
(BVT. LIEUT.-COL., FEB. 23, 1847, FOR GALLANT AND MERITORIOUS CONDUCT IN THE BATTLE OF BUENA VISTA, MEX.)
spector-General, Western Division, Feb. 21 to Aug. 10, 1849; in garri-

son at Jefferson Barracks, Mo., 1849, 1850–52, 1853 ; on frontier duty at Ft. Gibson, I. T., 1853–54, — and Ft. Washita, I. T., 1854–55 ; and on

(MAJOR, 1ST CAVALRY, MAR. 3, 1855 : DECLINED)

leave of absence, 1855–56.

RESIGNED, JAN. 3, 1856.

Civil History. — Sugar Planter, Lafourche Parish, La., 1856–61. Commissioner of the Board of Public Works of the State of Louisiana, 1859–61.

Joined in the Rebellion of 1861–66 against the United States.

Civil History. —Superintendent of New Orleans Water Works, 1868 to 18—. Chief Engineer of the Board for the Improvement of the River, Harbor, and Bay of Mobile, Ala., 18— to 18— ; and of Gulf, Colorado, and Santa Fé, N. M., Railroad, 1874.

DIED, SEP. 27, 1876, AT GALVESTON, TEX. : AGED 59.

896..(Born Va.)....**ALEXANDER B. DYER**.....(Ap'd Mo.)..**6**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1833, to July 1, 1837, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

SECOND LIEUT., 3D ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1837.

Served : in garrison at Ft. Monroe, Va., 1837 ; in the Florida War, 1837–38 ; on Ordnance duty at Chattanooga, Ten., 1838–39 ; in command

(SECOND LIEUT., ORDNANCE, JULY 9, 1838)

of Liberty Ordnance Depot, Mo., 1839–41 ; as Asst. Ordnance Officer, at Watervliet Arsenal, N. Y., 1841–42, — and at St. Louis Arsenal, Mo., 1842–43 ; in command of Baton Rouge Arsenal, La., 1843–44 ; as Asst. Ordnance Officer at St. Louis Arsenal, Mo., 1844–45 ; on Foundry duty, 1845–46 ; as Chief of Ordnance of the Army invading New Mexico, 1846–48, being engaged in the Combat of Cañada, Jan. 24, 1847, — Assault of Pueblo de Taos, Feb. 4, 1847, — and Assault of Santa Cruz de

(BVT. FIRST LIEUT., FEB. 4, 1847, FOR GALLANT AND MERITORIOUS CONDUCT IN THE CONFLICTS AT EMBUDO AND TAOS, N. M. : DECLINED)

(FIRST LIEUT., ORDNANCE, MAR. 3, 1847)

Rosales, Mar. 16, 1848 ; as Asst. Ordnance Officer at St. Louis Arsenal,

(BVT. CAPT., MAR. 16, 1848, FOR GALLANT AND MERITORIOUS CONDUCT IN THE BATTLE OF SANTA CRUZ DE ROSALES, MEX.)

Mo., 1848–50 ; in command of North Carolina Arsenal, 1851–53, — of

(CAPTAIN, ORDNANCE, MAR. 3, 1853, FOR FOURTEEN YEARS' CONTINUOUS SERVICE)

Little Rock Arsenal, Ark., 1853–55, — of Ft. Monroe Arsenal, Va., 1855–61 ; and as Member of Ordnance Board, Apr. 12 to Oct. 27, 1859.

Served during the Rebellion of the Seceding States, 1861–66 : in command of Springfield Armory, Aug. 22, 1861, to Sep. 12, 1864, and largely extended its machinery for increasing the manufacture of small arms to supply the armies of the United States ; as Member of the Ordnance

(MAJOR, ORDNANCE, MAR. 3, 1863)

Board, Oct. 9, 1860, to Sep. 26, 1863.

BRIG.-GENERAL, AND CHIEF OF ORDNANCE OF THE U. S. ARMY, SEP. 12, 1864.

BVT. MAJ.-GENERAL, U. S. ARMY, MAR. 13, 1865, FOR FAITHFUL, MERITORIOUS, AND DISTINGUISHED SERVICES IN THE ORDNANCE DEPARTMENT DURING THE REBELLION.

Served: as Chief of Ordnance, U. S. Army, in charge of Ordnance Bureau, Washington, D. C., Sep. 12, 1864, to May 20, 1874.

DIED, MAY 20, 1874, AT WASHINGTON, D. C.: AGED 59.

BIOGRAPHICAL SKETCH.

BVT. MAJOR-GENERAL ALEXANDER BYRDIE DYER was born, Jan. 11, 1815, in Richmond, Va. At an early age he had acquired a good elementary education, laying the foundation of his after usefulness. When eighteen years old, through General William H. Ashley, then a Missouri member of Congress, young Dyer was appointed a Cadet, and July 1, 1833, entered the Military Academy, from which, four years later, he was graduated sixth in his class. He was promoted in the Army, July 1, 1837, to be a Second Lieutenant in the Third Artillery, with which regiment he served at Ft. Monroe, Va., and in the Florida War. Upon the enlargement of the Ordnance, he was transferred to that Corps, July 9, 1838, and served at various arsenals till the Mexican War.

In this contest it was not his good fortune to be engaged under Generals Taylor or Scott, on either great line of invasion. Assigned to a lesser sphere of action, he was in a measure compensated by being appointed, though only a Second Lieutenant, as Chief of Ordnance of the Army invading New Mexico. The command of this Army was intrusted to General Stephen Watts Kearny, a veteran who had been distinguished in the Attack of Queenstown Heights, in the War of 1812–15 against Great Britain. Kearny, preparatory to his advance into the enemy's territory, issued a proclamation announcing his intention "of seeking union with, and ameliorating the condition of, its inhabitants," a half-civilized mixture of Spaniards and Indians, then under the almost absolute sway of Armijo, a curious compound of cunning, cowardice, and rapacity, who had assembled a mongrel force of native militia, Indians, and a few regulars, in a cañon near Santa Fé, to dispute Kearny's advance. Soon, however, taking counsel of his fears, he precipitately fled, leaving New Mexico perfectly open to invasion. Kearny, unopposed, took possession of the capital, — Santa Fé, — erected there a fort for a garrison of 250 men, and established civil government resembling that of the territories of the United States. Thus, in about a hundred days, Kearny had raised and organized his troops, marched a thousand miles, acquired a new province, and established our government over the whole of New Mexico. Everything continued to go on harmoniously till Dec. 15, 1846, when Colonel Price, then in command at Santa Fé, received information of a contemplated insurrection, which broke out on the 14th of January, 1847. Quickly collecting his forces, Price marched with 350 troops to the Valley of Taos, and on the 24th encountered and routed 1,500 of the insurgents at Cañada. Soon after, being reinforced with Captain Burgwin's regular dragoons, he marched through difficult passes and deep snow to the Pueblo de Taos, which he assaulted, Feb. 14th, with great loss to the enemy. No further disturbance in 1847 taking place in New Mexico, Price, early in 1848, decided upon making an expedition into Chihuahua. When within a short distance of the capital of the province, he was informed of the conclusion of peace with Mexico, doubting the report of which, he pushed forward and met the enemy, on the 16th of March, strongly posted at Santa Cruz de los Rosales, where he defeated Governor Trias, taking him and forty-two officers prisoners.

In these minor operations Dyer exhibited such energy, zeal, and skill in the management of the artillery, that he was brevetted a Captain, Mar. 16, 1848, for his "gallant and meritorious conduct." From this time till 1861, he was actively and usefully engaged in his customary ordnance duties.

The Civil War now confronted him, but, though a native Virginian, he hesitated not a moment as to what was his duty in the mighty struggle for the nation's existence, for he loved his whole country and the flag under which he had been educated far more than any section of it. His allegiance was not to a State, but to the entire United States ; hence he threw his sword, soul, and talents into the Union scale, which to him far outweighed all social and personal considerations.

When, Aug. 21, 1861, he was assigned to the command of the National Armory at Springfield, Mass., some entertained misgivings of his loyalty, and later, when Congress met, no little opposition was manifested to a Southerner's holding a position of such responsibility, and involving, perhaps, the fate of the nation. Their baseless suspicions were soon falsified by daily evidence of his true manhood, tireless industry, and marked efficiency in every department of his new command. Entering at once upon his heavy task with systematic energy, patient perseverance, and enlightened judgment, the Armory grounds were enlarged, the workshops re-organized, new buildings erected, idleness and dishonesty banished, competency and skill rewarded, mechanics employed by thousands, and the production of the establishment quadrupled, a thousand of the best rifles being daily manufactured.

After three years of such fruitful services, he was called, Sep. 12, 1864, to a yet higher post of honor and field of usefulness, that of Chief of Ordnance, with the rank of Brigadier-General. Before leaving Springfield for the performance of his new duties, three thousand officers and employees of the Armory presented him with an address offering their congratulations for "the well-deserved mark of public confidence" just bestowed upon him by his promotion to the head of his department, and assurances that the termination of his late command was "a source of deep personal grief, and the end of official relations characterized by uninterrupted harmony and kindly feeling." Of his official labors at the Armory Dyer had much cause to be proud, and still more for the confidence, respect, and affection of every individual of the multitude who had served under him. They appreciated the officer in the man, for he had been a just master ; and still more the man in the officer, for in his bosom beat a heart of the kindliest sympathies and generous charity.

As Chief of Ordnance, the necessities of the nation imposed upon him very onerous duties, requiring his highest efforts and most watchful care to provide abundant supplies of munitions of war to successfully terminate the long contest. Modestly, unostentatiously, and self-controlled, he pursued the even tenor of his way, devoted to his professional calling, and faithfully performed the various functions of his high office in a manner to win, not seek, applause. But, like his predecessor, General Ripley, he was surrounded with political demagogues, charlatan inventors, and knavish contractors, who, for their own advantage, made every effort to sap his stern integrity, unflinching courage, and resolute will to perform his whole duty without fear or favor. Failing to swerve him the slightest from the path of honor, the tongue of slander tried then to poison the public mind against him, though he had refused a large royalty to patent a new projectile of his own invention. At once he demanded a Court of Inquiry to investigate all charges preferred by his enemies, and it is almost needless to add, that after a long trial he was triumphantly acquitted by his peers, and even won the admiration of his adversaries. He continued for four years, after passing this vexatious ordeal, at the head of the Ordnance Department, winning golden opinions from his official associates, and cementing more firmly the friendship of all who had known him through evil and through good report. However, his health began to give way under his severe labors and the intense strain upon his

nervous system, till long suffering laid low, May 20, 1874, his iron constitution and athletic form before he had reached threescore years.

The President, who fully appreciated his worth, had, Mar. 13, 1865, conferred upon him the brevet of Major-General, U. S. Army, "for Faithful, Meritorious, and Distinguished Services in the Ordnance Department during the Rebellion." The War Department, in its Obituary Order directing military honors to be paid to his memory, thus speaks of him: —

"The important scientific branch of military service over which he presided bears the impress of his genius and unflagging energy; not even physical suffering, which was prolonged by a wonderful vitality through an unusually long period, could weaken his lively interest in the profession to which he devoted so many years of marked ability and of untiring labor. In harmony with these strong traits, his many warm friends will remember his generous and genial temper, his unaffected simplicity and candor coupled with manly dignity, and, above all, his uncompromising integrity."

897. . (Born Mas.) . . **WILLIAM W. CHAPMAN**. . . . (Ap'd Mas.) . . **7**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1833, to July 1, 1837, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

SECOND LIEUT., 2D ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1837.

Served: in the Florida War, 1837–38; in the Cherokee Nation, 1838, while transferring the Indians to the West; on the Northern Frontier at

(FIRST LIEUT., 2D ARTILLERY, JULY 7, 1838)

Buffalo, N. Y., 1838–41, during Canada Border Disturbances; in garrison at Ft. Columbus, N. Y., 1841–45, 1845–46; and on Quartermaster duty

(CAPTAIN, STAFF — ASST. QUARTERMASTER, MAY 11, 1846)

in the War with Mexico, 1846–48, being engaged in the Battle of Buena

(BVT. MAJOR, FEB. 23, 1847, FOR GALLANT AND MERITORIOUS CONDUCT IN THE BATTLE OF BUENA VISTA, MEX.)

Vista, Feb. 22–23, 1847, and as Aide-de-Camp to Bvt. Maj.-General Wool, June 23 to Nov. 14, 1847, — at Ft. Brown and Brazos, Tex.,

(CAPTAIN, 2D ARTILLERY, OCT. 27, 1847: VACATED, OCT. 27, 1847)

1848–49, 1849–54, 1854–55, — Corpus Christi, Tex., 1855–58, — and Ft. Monroe, Va., 1859.

DIED, SEP. 27, 1859, AT FT. MONROE, VA.: AGED 45.

898. . (Born D. C.) . . **WILLIAM W. MACKALL**. . . . . (Ap'd Md.) . . **8**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1833, to July 1, 1837, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

SECOND LIEUT., 1ST ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1837.

Served: in the Florida War against the Seminole Indians, 1837–39,

(FIRST LIEUT., 1ST ARTILLERY, JULY 9, 1838)

being engaged at New Inlet, where from an ambush he was severely wounded, Feb. 11, 1839; on the Northern Frontier, at Plattsburg, N. Y., 1839–40, during Canada Border Disturbances; as Adjutant, 1st Artillery, at Regimental headquarters, July 20, 1840, to Aug. 31, 1841; on Maine Frontier, pending the "Disputed Territory" controversy, at Houlton, Me., 1840–41, — Ft. Fairfield, Me., 1841–42, — Recruiting, 1842, — and Ft. Fairfield, Me., 1842–43; in garrison at Ft. Adams, R. I., 1843–45, —

(BVT. CAPT., STAFF — ASST. ADJUTANT-GEN., DEC. 29, 1846)

and Pensacola harbor, Fla., 1845–46; in the Mexican War, 1846–48,

being engaged in the Battle of Monterey, Sep. 21–23, 1846, — Siege of

(BVT. CAPT., SEP. 23, 1846, FOR GALLANT AND MERITORIOUS CONDUCT IN THE SEVERAL CONFLICTS AT MONTEREY, MEX.)

Vera Cruz, Mar. 9–29, 1847, — Battle of Cerro Gordo, Apr. 17–18, 1847, — Capture of San Antonio, Aug. 20, 1847, — Battle of Churubusco,

(CAPTAIN, 1ST ARTILLERY, AUG. 20, 1847 : VACATED, AUG. 20, 1847)

Aug. 20, 1847, — Battle of Molino del Rey, Sep. 8, 1847, — Storming of

(BVT. MAJOR, AUG. 20, 1847, FOR GALLANT AND MERITORIOUS CONDUCT IN THE BATTLES OF CONTRERAS AND CHURUBUSCO, MEX.)

Chapultepec, Sep. 13, 1847, where he was wounded, — and as Asst. Adjutant-General of Major-General Butler's Volunteer Division, Dec. 31, 1846, to Feb. 1, 1847, and of Bvt. Maj.-General Worth's Regular Division, 1847–48 ; as Asst. Adjutant-General of Western Division, Feb. 21, 1849, to Nov. 19, 1850, — and of 3d Military Department, Dec. 28, 1850, to Aug. 3, 1851 ; as Treasurer of the Military Asylum, "Soldiers' Home," near Washington, D. C., July 8, 1851, to May 23, 1853 ; on tour of inspection of Florida and Gulf Posts, Dec. 4, 1852, to Apr. 26, 1853 ; and

(BVT. MAJOR, STAFF — ASST. ADJUTANT-GEN., AUG. 5, 1853)

as Asst. Adjutant-General of Eastern Division, Sep. 26, 1853, to Apr. 25, 1856, being on special service at Washington, D. C., June 1, 1855, to Apr. 14, 1856, — and of the Department of the Pacific, June 30, 1856,

(LIEUT.-COL., STAFF — ASST. ADJUTANT-GEN., MAY 11, 1861 : DECLINED)

to May 20, 1861.

RESIGNED, JULY 3, 1861.

Joined in the Rebellion of 1861–66 against the United States.

Civil History. — Farmer, Fairfax Co., Va., since 1866.

899. . (Born Me.) . . . . **E. PARKER SCAMMON** . . . . . (Ap'd Me.) . . **9**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1833, to July 1, 1837, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

SECOND LIEUT., 4TH ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1837.

Served : at the Military Academy, as Asst. Professor of Mathematics, Aug. 28, 1837, to Sep. 10, 1838 ; as Asst. Top. Engineer in the Florida

(SECOND LIEUT., TOP. ENGINEERS, JULY 7, 1838)

War, 1838–40, — and in projecting map of the territories west of the Mississippi River, 1840–41 ; at the Military Academy, 1841–46, as Asst. Professor of History, Geography, and Ethics, Aug. 31 to Sep. 26, 1841, — and as Principal Assistant Professor, Sep. 26, 1841, to July 13, 1846 ;

(FIRST LIEUT., TOP. ENGINEERS, SEP. 21, 1846)

as Superintending Top. Engineer, on Survey of New Bedford harbor, Mas., 1846 ; in the War with Mexico, Jan.–May, 1847, on the Staff of Major-General Scott, being engaged in the Siege of Vera Cruz, Mar. 9–29, 1847 ; as Asst. Top. Engineer of the Survey of the Northwestern Lakes,

(CAPTAIN, TOP. ENGINEERS, MAR. 3, 1853, FOR FOURTEEN YEARS' CONTINUOUS SERVICE)

1847–55, — and in constructing military roads in New Mexico, 1855–56.

DISMISSED, JUNE 4, 1856, FOR "CONDUCT TO THE PREJUDICE OF GOOD ORDER AND MILITARY DISCIPLINE," AND "DISOBEDIENCE OF ORDERS."

Civil History. — Degree of A. M. conferred by Bowdoin College, Me., and by Trinity College, Ct. Professor of Mathematics of Mount St.

Mary's College, Cincinnati, O., 1858–59. President of Polytechnic College of the Catholic Institute, Cincinnati, O., 1860–61.

Military History. — Served during the Rebellion of the Seceding States, 1861–65: in command of Camp Chase, Ohio, for Instruction of

(COLONEL, 23D OHIO VOLUNTEERS, JUNE 14, 1861)

Volunteers, June–July, 1861; in the Western Virginia Campaign, July, 1861, to Aug., 1862, being engaged in the Action of Carnifex Ferry, Sep. 10, 1861, in command of advanced brigade at Fayette C. H., Raleigh C. H., and Princeton, W. Va., Nov., 1861, to Aug., 1862, — and Skirmish at Bull Run Railroad Bridge, Aug. 27, 1862; in the Maryland Campaign, Sep.–Oct., 1862, being engaged in the Battle of South Mountain, Sep. 14,

(BRIG.-GENERAL, U. S. VOLUNTEERS, OCT. 15, 1862)

1862, — and Battle of Antietam, Sep. 17, 1862; in command of District of Kanawha, W. Va., Nov., 1862, to Feb. 3, 1864; as Prisoner of War, Feb. 3 to Aug. 3, 1864; in command of "Separate Brigade" at Morris Island, during Operations against Charleston, S. C., Oct., 1864, — and of District of Florida, Nov., 1864, to Apr., 1865; and as President of Board in the Department of the South for the Examination of Officers of Volunteers, May to Aug., 1865.

MUSTERED OUT OF SERVICE, AUG. 24, 1865.

Civil History. — U. S. Consul at Prince Edward Island, 1866–71. Civil Engineer in the service of the United States, 1872–75. Professor of Mathematics, Seaton Hall College, South Orange, N. J., 1875–85. Residence, Chicago, Ill.

900..(Born N. J.).....**LEWIS G. ARNOLD**.....(Ap'd N. J.)..**10**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1833, to July 1, 1837, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

SECOND LIEUT., 2D ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1837.

Served: in the Florida War, 1837–38; in the Cherokee Nation, 1838, while transferring the Indians to the West; on the Northern Frontier

(FIRST LIEUT., 2D ARTILLERY, JULY 9, 1838)

during Canada Border Disturbances, at Detroit, Mich., 1838–39, — Buffalo, N. Y., 1839–40, — and Sackett's Harbor, N. Y., 1840–41; in garrison at Ft. Adams, R. I., 1841–43, — and Ft. Hamilton, N. Y., 1843–46; in the War with Mexico, 1846–48, being engaged in the Siege of Vera Cruz, Mar. 9–29, 1847, where he was wounded, Mar. 24, — Battle of Cerro Gordo, Apr. 17–18, 1847, — Skirmish of Amazoque, May 14, 1847, — Capture of San Antonio, Aug. 20, 1847, — and Battle of Churubusco, Aug. 20, 1847, where he was severely wounded; on Recruiting service,

(BVT. CAPT., AUG. 20, 1847, FOR GALLANT AND MERITORIOUS CONDUCT IN THE BATTLES OF CONTRERAS AND CHURUBUSCO, MEX.)

(BVT. MAJOR, SEP. 13, 1847, FOR GALLANT CONDUCT AT CHAPULTEPEC, MEX.)

(CAPTAIN, 2D ARTILLERY, OCT. 27, 1847)

1848; in garrison at Ft. Monroe, Va., 1848–53; in the Florida Hostilities, 1853–54, 1855–56, 1857, being engaged against the Seminole Indians in the Action near Billy's Town, April 7, 1856; and in garrison at Ft. Independence, Mas., 1857–61, — and Ft. Jefferson, Fla., 1861.

Served during the Rebellion of the Seceding States, 1861–62: in

(MAJOR, 1ST ARTILLERY, MAY 15, 1861)

Defense of Ft. Pickens, Fla., Aug. 2, 1861, to May 9, 1862 (in command, Feb. 25 to May 9, 1862), being engaged in the Repulse of the Rebel

Attack on Santa Rosa Island, Fla., Oct. 9, 1861, — and the Bombardment

(BVT. LIEUT.-COL., NOV. 22, 1861, FOR GALLANT AND MERITORIOUS SERVICES DURING THE BOMBARDMENT OF FT. PICKENS, FLA.)

of Ft. Pickens, Nov. 22–23, 1861, and of Jan. 1 and May 8, 1862; in

(BRIG.-GENERAL, U. S. VOLUNTEERS, JAN. 24, 1862)

command of the Department of Florida, Feb. 25 to Oct. 1, 1862, headquarters at Ft. Pickens, Feb. 25 to May 9, 1862, and at Pensacola, May 9 to Oct. 1, 1862, — and of the forces at New Orleans and Algiers, La.,

(LIEUT.-COLONEL, 2D ARTILLERY, AUG. 1, 1863)

Oct. 1 to Nov. 10, 1862; on sick leave of absence, Nov. 10, 1862, to Feb. 8, 1864.

RETIRED FROM ACTIVE SERVICE, FEB. 8, 1864, FOR DISABILITY RESULTING FROM LONG AND FAITHFUL SERVICE AND DISEASE CONTRACTED IN THE LINE OF DUTY.

DIED, SEP. 22, 1871, AT SOUTH BOSTON, MAS.: AGED 55.

901..(Born Pa.).....**ISRAEL VOGDES**.....(Ap'd Pa.)..**11**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1833, to July 1, 1837, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

SECOND LIEUT., 1ST ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1837.

Served: at the Military Academy, 1837–49, as Asst. Professor of Mathematics, Sep. 4, 1837, to Aug. 29, 1843, — and as Principal Asst.

(FIRST LIEUT., 1ST ARTILLERY, JULY 9, 1838)

Professor of Mathematics, Aug. 29, 1843, to Sep. 15, 1849; in Florida

(CAPTAIN, 1ST ARTILLERY, AUG. 20, 1847)

Hostilities against the Seminole Indians, 1849–50; in garrison at Key West, Fla., 1850–51, 1851–54, 1855–56; in Florida Hostilities against the Seminole Indians, 1856; and in garrison at Ft. Moultrie, S. C., 1856–57, — and Ft. Monroe, Va. (Artillery School for Practice), 1858–60, 1860–61, being a Member of the Board to arrange the Programme of Instruction for the school, 1859–60.

Served during the Rebellion of the Seceding States, 1861–66: in Defense of Ft. Pickens, Fla., Feb. 7 to Oct. 9, 1861 (in command, Apr. 11–16, 1861), being engaged against the Rebel Night Attack on

(MAJOR, 1ST ARTILLERY, MAY 14, 1861)

Santa Rosa Island, Fla., Oct. 9, 1861, where he was captured; as Prisoner of War, Oct. 9, 1861, to Aug., 1862; on the Staff of Major-General J. F. Reynolds, on the Pennsylvania Border, in the Maryland Campaign,

(BRIG.-GENERAL, U. S. VOLUNTEERS, NOV. 29, 1862)

Sep., 1862; in command of Folly Island, S. C., Apr. to July 9, 1863,

(LIEUT.-COLONEL, 5TH ARTILLERY, JUNE 1, 1863)

being engaged in constructing the batteries on Light-house Inlet for the Attack on Morris Island, in which he participated, July 9, 1863, — and of Morris Island, S. C., July, 1863, and Folly Island, S. C., Aug., 1863, to

(COLONEL, 1ST ARTILLERY, AUG. 1, 1863)

July, 1864, during Operations against Ft. Sumter and Charleston, S. C.; in Florida, Feb. to July, 1864; and in command of the defenses of Nor-

(BVT. BRIG.-GENERAL, U. S. ARMY, APR. 9, 1865, FOR GALLANT AND MERITORIOUS SERVICES IN THE FIELD DURING THE REBELLION)

folk and Portsmouth, Va., May, 1864, to Apr., 1865, — of a District in Florida, Apr. to Sep., 1865 ; in waiting orders, Sep., 1865, to Jan., 1866.

MUSTERED OUT OF VOLUNTEER SERVICE, JAN. 15, 1866.

Served : in command of regiment, headquarters at Ft. Hamilton, N. Y., Jan. 18, 1866, to Nov. 16, 1872, — at Charleston, S. C., Nov. 16, 1872, to Aug. 22, 1875, — and at Ft. Adams, R. I., Nov. 11, 1875, to Jan. 2, 1881.

RETIRED FROM ACTIVE SERVICE, JAN. 2, 1881, AT HIS OWN REQUEST, HE HAVING SERVED OVER 40 YEARS.

DIED, DEC. 7, 1889, AT NEW YORK CITY : AGED 73.

OBITUARY ORDER.

Colonel Langdon, the successor of General Vogdes in command of the First Artillery, thus concludes his obituary order : —

"GENERAL VOGDES was in many respects a remarkable man. He was gifted with a most retentive memory, and great powers of original thought and analysis. He was a diligent student of History and Biography, and his mind was richly stored with all that was of value in the Art of War, ancient or modern. While he had not the least ambition as an author, his opinions were eagerly sought for by many of those interested in current operations of war at home and abroad. From the very inception of the Great Rebellion, General (then Captain) Vogdes assumed a firm and decided attitude as a Union man, and was always ready and outspoken with convincing reasons for the faith that was in him. While surrounded on every side by enemies of the country, he was fearless and uncompromising in his denunciation of treason. No truer patriot ever lived, none more willing to give his life for his country.

"In private life he was kind, hospitable, sympathetic, and true in his friendships. Those who knew him best will long remember him with kindness.

"The sympathies of the Regiment are tendered to the members of his family in their irreparable loss."

902..(Born N. Y.)....**THOMAS WILLIAMS**....(Ap'd Mich.)..**12**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1833, to July 1, 1837, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

SECOND LIEUT., 4TH ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1837.

Served : in the Florida War, 1837–38 ; in garrison at Ft. Columbus, N. Y., 1838 ; in the Florida War, 1838–39 ; in garrison at Ft. Columbus, N. Y., 1839 ; at the Camp of Instruction near Trenton, N. J., 1839 ; on the Northern Frontier, at Detroit, Mich., 1839–40, during Canada Border Disturbances ; at the Military Academy, as Asst. Professor of Mathematics, Mar. 1, 1840, to June 26, 1841 ; on the Northern Frontier, dur-

(FIRST LIEUT., 4TH ARTILLERY, OCT. 5, 1840)

ing Canada Border Disturbances, at Dearbornville, Mich., 1841, — and at Oswego, N. Y., 1841–42 ; in garrison at Ft. Monroe, Va., 1842–44 ; as Aide-de-Camp to Major-General Scott, General-in-Chief, Apr. 22, 1844, to Sep. 12, 1850 ; in the War with Mexico, 1846–48, being engaged in the Siege of Vera Cruz, Mar. 9–29, 1847, — Battle of Cerro Gordo, Apr. 17–18, 1847, — Pedregal, Aug. 19, 1847, — Battle of Churubusco, Aug. 20, 1847, — and Operations before and Capture of the City of

(BVT. CAPT., AUG. 20, 1847, FOR GALLANT AND MERITORIOUS CONDUCT IN THE BATTLES OF CONTRERAS AND CHURUBUSCO, MEX.)

Mexico, Sept. 13–14, 1847 ; in garrison at Ft. Columbus, N. Y., 1850–52,

(BVT. MAJOR, SEP. 13, 1847, FOR GALLANT AND MERITORIOUS CONDUCT IN THE BATTLE OF CHAPULTEPEC, MEX.)

(CAPTAIN, 4TH ARTILLERY, SEP. 12, 1850)

— and Ft. Mackinac, Mich., 1852–56 ; in Florida Hostilities against the Seminole Indians, 1856–57 ; on frontier duty at Ft. Leavenworth, Kan., 1858, — Utah Expedition, 1858, — Cheyenne Pass, Neb., 1858–59, —Ft. Laramie, Dak., 1859, — and Ft. Randall, Dak., 1859 ; on leave of absence, 1859–60 ; and in garrison at Ft. Monroe, Va. (Artillery School for Practice), 1860–61.

Served during the Rebellion of the Seceding States, 1861–62 : as Acting

(MAJOR, 5TH ARTILLERY, MAY 14, 1861)

Inspector-General of the Department of Virginia, June 1–26, 1861 ; in command of his regiment, on duty at Harrisburg, Pa., June 26–Oct. 2,

(BRIG.-GENERAL, U. S. VOLUNTEERS, SEP. 28, 1861)

1861 ; on North Carolina Expedition, in command of Ft. Hatteras, N. C., Oct., 1861, to Mar., 1862 ; and in the Department of the Gulf, Mar. 22 to Aug. 5, 1862, at Ship Island, Mar.–Apr., 1862, — in opening of the Lower Mississippi, Apr.–May, 1862, — on Expedition to Vicksburg, June–July, 1862, — and in command of Baton Rouge, La., July–Aug., 1862, where, in a desperate defense of the place, and when victory was crowning his undaunted gallantry, he was

KILLED, AUG. 5, 1862 : AGED 47.

903. . (Born Va.). . . . . **ROBERT T. JONES** . . . . . (Ap'd Va.). . **13**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1833, to July 1, 1837, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

SECOND LIEUT., 3D ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1837.

Served : in the Florida War, 1837–38, being engaged against the Seminole Indians in the Action of Locha-Hatchee, June 24, 1838 ; and in

(FIRST LIEUT., 3D ARTILLERY, JULY 7, 1838)

the Cherokee Nation, 1838, while transferring the Indians to the West.

RESIGNED, JULY 31, 1838.

Civil History. — Planter, Perry County, Ala., 1838–60. Elected Professor of Mathematics, Central Masonic Institute, Ala., 1849 : declined. Captain, Alabama Militia, 1849–50. President of Cahawba, Marion, and Greensborough Railroad, Ala., 1853–57.

Joined in the Rebellion of 1861–66 against the United States, and was KILLED, MAY 31, 1862, AT THE BATTLE OF FAIR OAKS, VA. : AGED 46.

904. . (Born Vt.). . . . **FRANCIS WOODBRIDGE** . . . . . (Ap'd Vt.). . **14**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1833, to July 1, 1837, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

SECOND LIEUT., 2D ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1837.

Served : in the Florida War, 1838 ; in the Cherokee Nation, 1838, while transferring the Indians to the West ; on Northern Frontier, at

(FIRST LIEUT., 2D ARTILLERY, JULY 9, 1838)

Detroit, Mich., 1838–39, during Canada Border Disturbances ; as Aide-de-Camp to Bvt. Brig.-General Brady, Oct. 12, 1839, to Dec. 8, 1846 ; in the War with Mexico, 1847–1848, being engaged in the Siege of Vera Cruz, Mar. 9–29, 1847, — Battle of Cerro Gordo, Apr. 17–18, 1847, — Skirmish of Amazoque, May 14, 1847, — Capture of San Antonio, Aug. 20, 1847, — Battle of Churubusco, Aug. 20, 1847, — Battle of

(BVT. CAPTAIN, AUG. 20, 1847, FOR GALLANT AND MERITORIOUS CONDUCT IN THE BATTLES OF CONTRERAS AND CHURUBUSCO, MEX.)
Molino Del Rey, Sep. 8, 1847, — Storming of Chapultepec, Sep. 13, 1847,
(BVT. MAJOR, SEP. 8, 1847, FOR GALLANT AND MERITORIOUS CONDUCT IN THE BATTLE OF MOLINO DEL REY, MEX.)
— Assault and Capture of the City of Mexico, Sep. 13–14, 1847, — as Regimental and Brigade Quartermaster, Oct. 8, 1847, to Mar. 8, 1848, —
(CAPTAIN, 2D ARTILLERY, DEC. 6, 1847)
and Division Commissary, 1848; in garrison at Ft. Moultrie, S. C., 1848–49; in Florida Hostilities against the Seminole Indians, 1849–50, 1851–52, 1852–53; and in garrison at Barrancas Barracks, Fla., 1855.
DIED, OCT. 20, 1855, AT BARRANCAS BARRACKS, FLA.: AGED 39.

905..(Born Pa.).....**A. PARK GREGORY**.....(Ap'd Pa.)..**15**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1832, to July 1, 1837, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to
SECOND LIEUT., 4TH ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1837.
Served in the Florida War against the Seminole Indians, 1837–38.
RESIGNED, DEC. 31, 1838.

Civil History. — Counselor at Law, Duval County, Fla., 1839–40. Major, Florida Militia, 1839–40.
DIED, NOV. 19, 1840, AT JACKSONVILLE, FLA.: AGED 28.

906..(Born Mas.)..**EDWARD D. TOWNSEND**...(Ap'd Mas.)..**16**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1833, to July 1, 1837, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to
SECOND LIEUT., 2D ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1837.
Served: in the Florida War, 1837–38; in the Cherokee Nation, 1838,
(FIRST LIEUT., 2D ARTILLERY, SEP. 16, 1838)
while transferring the Indians to the west of the Mississippi; as Adjutant, 2d Artillery, at Regimental headquarters, July 7, 1838, to Aug. 8,
(BVT. CAPT., STAFF — ASST. ADJUTANT-GEN., AUG. 8, 1846)
1846; on Northern Frontier, 1838–41, during Canada Border Disturbances, — and Ft. Columbus, N. Y., 1841–46; in command of Depot of
(CAPTAIN, 2D ARTILLERY, APR. 21, 1848: VACATED, APR. 21, 1848)
Recruits at Ft. Columbus, N. Y., 1846; in the Adjutant-General's Office, Washington, D. C., Aug. 23, 1846, to Nov. 24, 1851; as Asst. Adjutant-
(BVT. MAJOR, STAFF — ASST. ADJUTANT-GEN., JULY 15, 1852)
General of Pacific Division, Nov. 24, 1851, to Jan. 31, 1856, — in Adjutant-General's Office, Washington, D. C., Jan. 31, 1856, to Mar. 7, 1861.
LIEUT.-COL., STAFF — ASST. ADJUTANT-GEN., MAR. 7, 1861.
Served during the Rebellion of the Seceding States, 1861–66: as Chief of Staff of Lieut.-General Scott, General-in-Chief, Mar. 7 to Nov. 1,
(COLONEL, STAFF — ASST. ADJUTANT-GENERAL, AUG. 3, 1861)
1861; as Asst. Adjutant-General, in Adjutant-General's Office, Washington, D. C., Nov. 1, 1861, to Mar. 23, 1863; and as Acting Adjutant-Gen-
(BVT. BRIG.-GENERAL, U. S. ARMY, SEP. 24, 1864, FOR MERITORIOUS AND FAITHFUL SERVICE DURING THE REBELLION)
eral of the Army, at Washington, D. C., Mar. 23, 1863, to Aug. 12, 1866.

BVT. MAJ.-GENERAL, U. S. ARMY, MAR. 13, 1865, FOR FAITHFUL, MERITORIOUS, AND DISTINGUISHED SERVICES IN THE ADJUTANT-GENERAL'S DEPARTMENT DURING THE REBELLION.

Served : as Acting Adjutant-General of the Army, at Washington, D. C., Aug. 12, 1866, to Feb. 22, 1869 ; and as Adjutant-General of the U. S.

(BRIG.-GENERAL, STAFF — ADJUTANT-GENERAL OF THE U. S. ARMY, FEB. 22, 1869)

Army, Feb. 22, 1869, to June 15, 1880.

RETIRED FROM ACTIVE SERVICE, JUNE 15, 1880, HE BEING OVER 62 YEARS OF AGE.

907..(Born N. J.)...**WILLIAM T. MARTIN**...(Ap'd N. J.)..**17**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, Sep. 1, 1832, to July 1, 1837, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

SECOND LIEUT., 4TH ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1837.

Served in the Florida War against the Seminole Indians, 1837–38.

RESIGNED, JUNE 15, 1838.

Civil History. — Farmer, 1842–44. Professor of Mathematics and French, Western Military Institute, at Georgetown, Ky., 1847–48. Major, Kentucky Militia, 1847–48. Professor of French and Drawing, Kentucky Military Institute, near Frankfort, Ky., 1851–52. Draughtsman, U. S. Coast Survey Office, Washington, D. C., 1853–61, — and at U. S. Engineer Office, at Portsmouth, N. H., 1862 to 18—.

908..(Born Va.).....**JUBAL A. EARLY**.....(Ap'd Va.)..**18**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1833, to July 1, 1837, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

SECOND LIEUT., 3D ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1837.

Served : in garrison at Ft. Monroe, Va., 1837 ; in the Florida War against the Seminole Indians, 1837–38, being engaged in the Action of

(FIRST LIEUT., 3D ARTILLERY, JULY 7, 1838)

Locha-Hatchee, Jan. 24, 1838 ; and in the Cherokee Nation, 1838, while transferring the Indians to the West.

RESIGNED, JULY 31, 1838.

Civil History. — Counselor at Law, Rocky Mount, Va., 1840–46. Member of the House of Delegates of the State of Virginia, 1841–42. Commonwealth Attorney, 1842–47.

Military History. — Served in the War with Mexico, 1847–48, in the

(MAJOR, 1ST VIRGINIA VOLUNTEERS, JAN. 7, 1847)

Northern States, being Acting Governor of Monterey, May–June, 1847, — and Acting Inspector-General of Brig.-General Cushing's brigade, 1847.

DISBANDED, AUG. 3, 1848.

Civil History. — Counselor at Law, Rocky Mount, Va., 1848–61. Commonwealth Attorney, 1848–52.

Joined in the Rebellion of 1861–66 against the United States.

Civil History. — Unknown.

909..(Born Pa.).....**EDMUND BRADFORD**.....(Ap'd Pa.)..**19**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1833, to July 1, 1837, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

SECOND LIEUT., 4TH ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1837.

Served: in the Florida War, 1837–38; in garrison at Ft. Columbus, N. Y., 1838; in the Florida War, 1838–39; in garrison at Ft. Columbus, N. Y., 1839; at the Camp of Instruction near Trenton, N. J., 1839; on the Northern Frontier, during Canada Border Disturbances, at Detroit,

(FIRST LIEUT., 4TH ARTILLERY, JUNE 25, 1841)

Mich., 1840, — Recruiting, 1840–41, — and Buffalo, N. Y., 1841–42; in garrison at Ft. McHenry, Md., 1842, — Carlisle Barracks, Pa., 1842, — and Ft. Monroe, Va., 1842–45; in Military Occupation of Texas, 1845–46; in the War with Mexico, 1846–47, being engaged in the Battle of Monterey, Sep. 21–23, 1846, — and Siege of Vera Cruz, Mar. 9–29, 1847; on Recruiting service, 1847–48; in the War with Mexico, 1848, at Pachuca, Mex.; in garrison at Ft. Monroe, 1848; and on Recruiting service, 1848–49.

RESIGNED, MAY 20, 1849.

Civil History. — Farmer, near Norfolk, Va., 1850–61.

Joined in the Rebellion of 1861–66 against the United States.

Civil History. — Unknown.

DIED, APR. 26, 1889, AT NORFOLK, VA.: AGED 73.

910..(Born Mas.).....**HENRY C. PRATT**.....(Ap'd Mas.)..**20**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1833, to July 1, 1837, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

SECOND LIEUT., 2D ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1837.

Served: in the Florida War, 1837–38; in the Cherokee Nation, 1838, while transferring the Indians to the West; on Northern Frontier, 1838–39,

(FIRST LIEUT., 2D ARTILLERY, DEC. 11, 1838)

at Detroit, Mich., on Commissary duty, during Canada Border Disturbances; on Recruiting service, 1839; at Camp of Instruction near Trenton, N. J., 1839; on Northern Frontier at Buffalo, N. Y., 1839–41, during Canada Border Disturbances; in garrison at Ft. Hamilton, N. Y., 1841, — and Ft. Columbus, N. Y., 1841–45; on Coast Survey, Apr. 3, 1845, to May 26, 1846; in garrison at Ft. Columbus, N. Y., 1846–47; in the War with Mexico, 1847–48, being engaged in the Combat of Huamantla, Oct. 9,

(BVT. CAPT., OCT. 19, 1847, FOR GALLANT AND MERITORIOUS CONDUCT IN THE AFFAIR AT ATLIXCO, MEX.)

1847, — Action of Atlixco, Oct. 12, 1847, — and as Adjutant, 2d Artillery, Jan. 11 to Apr. 21, 1848; in garrison at Ft. Monroe, Va., 1848–52, 1852–53;

(CAPTAIN, 2D ARTILLERY, APR. 21, 1848)

in Florida Hostilities against the Seminole Indians, 1853–55, 1856; in garrison at Ft. Lafayette, N. Y., 1857; and on frontier duty at Ft. Brady, Mich., 1857, — Ft. Snelling, Min., 1857–58, — and Ft. Mackinac, Mich., 1857–61.

Served during the Rebellion of the Seceding States, 1861–66: as Pay-

(MAJOR, STAFF — PAYMASTER, JUNE 14, 1861)

master, at Washington, D. C., 1861–65, — and of Pay District of New

(BVT. LIEUT.-COL., MAR. 13, 1865, FOR FAITHFUL AND MERITORIOUS SERVICES DURING THE REBELLION)

York and New England, 1865–66.

Served: as Paymaster of New York District, 1866–69; as Chief Paymaster of the Department of the Lakes, May 10, 1869, to Nov., 1873; as Paymaster, at Detroit, Mich., 1873–75; and as Chief Paymaster of the Department of the Platte, June 5, 1875 (leave of absence, May 29 to Aug. 29, 1876), to June 19, 1879.

RETIRED FROM ACTIVE SERVICE, JUNE 19, 1879, FOR DISABILITY CONTRACTED IN THE LINE OF DUTY.

DIED, FEB. 14, 1884, AT DETROIT, MICH.: AGED 70.

911..(Born D. C.).....**BENNETT H. HILL**.....(Ap'd D. C.)..**21**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1833, to July 1, 1837, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

SECOND LIEUT., 1ST ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1837.

Served: in the Florida War, 1837–38; in Cherokee Nation, 1838, while transferring the Indians to the West; on the Northern Frontier, at Swan-

(FIRST LIEUT., 1ST ARTILLERY, JULY 9, 1838)

ton, Vt., 1838, during Canada Border Disturbances; on Maine Frontier, pending "Disputed Territory" controversy — at Houlton, Me., 1838–39, — Bangor, Me., 1839, — Ft. Preble, Me., 1839, — Houlton, Me., 1839–40, 1841, — and Ft. Sullivan, Me., 1841–43; in garrison at Ft. Adams, R. I., 1843–44, — and Ft. Preble, Me., 1844–45; on Recruiting service, 1846; in the War with Mexico, 1846–47, being engaged in the Siege of Vera Cruz, Mar. 9–29, 1847; on Recruiting service, 1847–48; in the War with Mexico, 1848; in garrison at Ft. Columbus, N. Y., 1848; on voyage to

(CAPTAIN, 1ST ARTILLERY, JAN. 12, 1848)

Oregon, 1848–49; in garrison at Ft. Steilacoom, Wash., 1849–51, 1852–53; on Recruiting service, 1853–54; in garrison at Ft. Monroe, Va., 1854; in Florida Hostilities against the Seminole Indians, 1854–55, 1855–56; on frontier duty at Ft. Brown, Tex., 1856–57, — and San Antonio, Tex., 1858–59; on leave of absence, 1859–60; on frontier duty, in command of Ft. Brown, Tex., 1860–61, which he refused to surrender to a force of seven hundred Texan Rebels landed at Brazos Santiago, Feb., 1861.

Served during the Rebellion of the Seceding States, 1861–66: at Ft. Jefferson, Tortugas, Fla., 1861, — and in command of Key West, Fla.,

(MAJOR, 2D ARTILLERY, AUG. 28, 1861)

1861–62; as Chief Mustering and Disbursing Officer, and Superintendent of Volunteer Recruiting Service, West Virginia, Oct., 1862, to Apr. 22, 1863; as Acting Asst. Provost Marshal General, Superintendent of Volunteer Recruiting Service, and Chief Mustering and Disbursing Officer for the State of Michigan, Apr. 23, 1863, to July 31, 1865; in command

(LIEUT.-COLONEL, 5TH ARTILLERY, AUG. 1, 1863)

of the Military District of Michigan, May 23, 1864, to July 31, 1865; on

(BVT. COLONEL, AND BVT. BRIG.-GENERAL, U. S. ARMY, JAN. 31, 1865)

leave of absence, July 31 to Oct. 9, 1865; and in command of Ft. Jefferson, Tortugas, Nov., 1865, to Mar. 9, 1867.

Served: in command of Sub-District of Key West, Fla., Feb. 24, 1867, to May 25, 1868, — of Ft. Jefferson, Fla., 1868–69, — of regiment, Nov. 16, 1868, to Feb. 28, 1869, — of Ft. Preble, Me., 1869–70, — and of regiment, Apr. 6 to May 20, 1869; on leave of absence, Feb. 28 to Oct. 25, 1870; and in command of Ft. Trumbull, Ct., Oct. 27 to Dec. 2, 1870.

RETIRED FROM ACTIVE SERVICE, DEC. 15, 1870, ON HIS OWN APPLICATION, AFTER 30 CONSECUTIVE YEARS OF SERVICE.

DIED, MAR. 24, 1886, AT WASHINGTON, D. C.: AGED 69.

912..(Born Md.)...**WILLIAM H. FRENCH**.....(Ap'd D. C.)..**22**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1833, to July 1, 1837, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

SECOND LIEUT., 1ST ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1837.

Served: in the Florida War, 1837–38; in the Cherokee Nation, 1838, while transferring the Indians to the West; on the Northern Frontier,

(FIRST LIEUT., 1ST ARTILLERY, JULY 9, 1838)

during Canada Border Disturbances, at Ft. Covington, N. Y., 1838, — Troy, Vt., 1838–39, — and Plattsburg, N. Y., 1839–40; on Maine Frontier, at Houlton, 1840–43, pending "Disputed Territory" controversy; on Northeastern Boundary Survey, in command of detachment acting as Sappers, May 26 to Dec. 20, 1843; in garrison at Ft. Adams, R. I., 1843–45, — Ft. Pickens, Fla., 1845, — and Ft. Wood, La., 1845–46; in Military Occupation of Texas, in charge of Commissary Depot, at Brazos Island, 1846, — and at Point Isabel, 1846–47; in the War with Mexico, 1847–48; as Acting Asst. Adjutant-General to Major General Patterson's division, 1847, and Aide-de-Camp to Brig.-General Pierce, Sep. 21 to Dec. 4, 1847, being engaged in the Siege of Vera Cruz, Mar. 9–29, 1847, — Battle of Cerro Gordo, Apr. 17–18, 1847, — Battle

(BVT. CAPT., APR. 18, 1847, FOR GALLANT AND MERITORIOUS CONDUCT IN THE BATTLE OF CERRO GORDO, MEX.)

of Contreras, Aug. 19–20, 1847, — Battle of Churubusco, Aug. 20, 1847,

(BVT. MAJOR, AUG. 20, 1847, FOR GALLANT AND MERITORIOUS SERVICES IN THE BATTLES OF CONTRERAS AND CHURUBUSCO, MEX.)

— and Assault and Capture of the City of Mexico, Sep. 13–14, 1847; in garrison at Ft. McHenry, Md., 1848–49, — and Ft. Columbus, N. Y.,

(CAPTAIN, 1ST ARTILLERY, SEP. 22, 1848)

1849–50; in Florida Hostilities against the Seminole Indians, 1850–52, 1853; in garrison at Ft. Monroe, Va., 1853–55, — and Ft. McHenry, Md., 1855–59; as Member of Board to Revise the System of Light Artillery Tactics, which was adopted for the service of the United States, Mar. 6, 1860; and on frontier duty on march through Texas, 1859, — at Ft. Clark, Tex., 1859–60, — and Ft. Duncan, Tex., 1860–61.

Served during the Rebellion of the Seceding States, 1861–66: on march from Ft. Duncan, Tex. (which he abandoned), to the mouth of the Rio Grande, where he embarked his command to reinforce Fts. Jefferson and Taylor, Fla., Feb. 14 to Mar. 20, 1861; in command of Key

(BRIG.-GENERAL, U. S. VOLUNTEERS, SEP. 28, 1861)

West, Fla., Mar. 27 to Nov., 1861; in the defenses of Washington, D. C.,

(MAJOR, 2D ARTILLERY, OCT. 26, 1861)

Nov. 30, 1861, to Mar., 1862; on the advance upon Manassas and the Rappahannock, Mar., 1862; in the Virginia Peninsular Campaign (Army of the Potomac), Mar.–Aug., 1862, being engaged in the Siege of Yorktown, Apr. 5–May 4, 1862, — Battle of Fair Oaks, June 1, 1862, — Ac-

(BVT. LIEUT.-COL., JUNE 1, 1862, FOR GALLANT AND MERITORIOUS SERVICES AT THE BATTLE OF FAIR OAKS, VA.)

tion of Oak Grove, June 25, 1862, — Battle of Gaines' Mill, June 27, 1862, — Action of Peach Orchard Station, June 29, 1862, — Battle of Savage Station, June 29, 1862, — Battle of Glendale, June 30, 1862, — in command of Rear Guard on march to Malvern, June 29–30, 1862, — and Battle of Malvern Hill, July 1, 1862; on march to join the Army of Virginia at Centreville, Va., Sep. 2, 1862; in the Maryland Campaign (Army of the Potomac), Sep.–Nov., 1862, being engaged in the Battle of Antie-

(BVT. COLONEL, SEP. 17, 1862, FOR GALLANT AND MERITORIOUS SERVICES AT THE BATTLE OF ANTIETAM, MD.)

tam, Sep. 17, 1862, — and march to Falmouth, Va., Oct.–Nov., 1862; in

the Rappahannock Campaign (Army of the Potomac), Dec., 1862, to
(MAJOR-GENERAL, U. S. VOLUNTEERS, NOV. 29, 1862)
June, 1863, being engaged in the Battle of Fredericksburg, Dec. 13, 1862, — and Battle of Chancellorsville, May 2–4, 1863; in the Pennsylvania Campaign (Army of the Potomac), June–July, 1863, being in command of Harper's Ferry District, June 27–30, 1863, — guarding lines of communication and threatening those of the enemy, July 1–4, 1863, — and command of 3d Army Corps, from July 7, 1863, on the march to Warrenton, Va., being engaged in the Action of Manassas Gap, July 23, 1863; in the Rapidan Campaign, in command of 3d Corps (Army of the Potomac), Oct.–Dec., 1863, being engaged in the Action of Auburn, Oct. 7, 1863, — of 2d and 3d Corps, in forced passage of the Rappahannock, at Kelly's Ford, Nov. 7, 1863, and Skirmish beyond Brandy Station, Nov. 8, 1863, — and of 3d Corps, in Operations at Mine Run, Nov. 26–30,
(LIEUT.-COLONEL, 2D ARTILLERY, FEB. 8, 1864)
1863; in Winter quarters, Dec., 1863, to Mar., 1864, at Culpeper, Va.;
(MUSTERED OUT OF VOLUNTEER SERVICE, MAY 6, 1864)
in command of troops assembled at Havre de Grace during the Siege of Washington, July, 1864; in garrison at Ft. McHenry, Md., Dec. 27,
(BVT. BRIG.-GENERAL, U. S. ARMY, MAR. 13, 1865, FOR GALLANT AND MERITORIOUS SERVICES AT THE BATTLE OF CHANCELLORSVILLE, VA.)
1864, to Jan. 5, 1865; as Chief and Inspector of Artillery of Middle Department, Jan. 5 to July 22, 1865; and in command of 2d Artillery
(BVT. MAJ.-GENERAL, U. S. ARMY, MAR. 13, 1865, FOR GALLANT AND MERITORIOUS SERVICES DURING THE REBELLION)
on Pacific Coast, Aug., 1865.

Served: as Inspector of Artillery for the Defenses of San Francisco Harbor, Cal., 1865–67; as President of Examining Board at San Francisco, Cal., of candidates for appointment in the Army, 1866–67; on Court-martial duty at Washington, D. C., June 9, 1868, to June 21, 1869; in command of regiment, headquarters at Presidio, Cal., July 16, 1869, to Nov. 14, 1872, — and Ft. McHenry, Md., Nov. 21, 1872, to Dec. 2, 1876; as Member of Board for the Establishment of Military Prisons, at Boston, Mas., Oct., 1873, to June 23, 1880, — on Heavy Gun Carriages, etc., at New York city, Jan.–Feb., 1874, — for Examination of Candidates for Appointment to the Army, at Washington, D. C., Sep., 1874, — for Inspection of Military Prison at Ft. Leavenworth, Kan., Sep., 1874, — and for the Establishment of Rules and Regulations for Military Prisons, Dec. 2, 1876, to Feb. 11, 1877; in command of Artillery Battalion at
(COLONEL, 4TH ARTILLERY, JULY 2, 1877)
Washington Arsenal, D. C., Feb. 21 to July 18, 1877, — and suppressing riots on Baltimore and Ohio Railroad, July 18–24, 1877; on leave of absence, Aug. 1 to Nov. 1, 1877; and in command of regiment, headquarters Presidio, Cal., Dec. 6, 1877, to June 27, 1878, — at Angel Island, Cal., June 28, 1878, to Mar., 1880, — and at Presidio, Cal., Mar. 1–18, 1880.

RETIRED FROM ACTIVE SERVICE, JULY 1, 1880, AT HIS OWN REQUEST, HE BEING OVER 62 YEARS OF AGE.

DIED, MAY 20, 1881, AT WASHINGTON, D. C.: AGED 66.

BIOGRAPHICAL SKETCH.

BVT. MAJOR-GENERAL WILLIAM H. FRENCH was born, Jan. 13, 1815, at Baltimore, Md. Upon his graduation and promotion to the Artillery, July 1, 1837, he served in the Florida War, on the Northern and North-

eastern Frontier during threatened disturbances, and at various posts till the Military Occupation of Texas, where he was placed, 1846–47, in charge of Commissary Depots on the Rio Grande.

In the War against Mexico, French served on the staffs of Generals Patterson and Pierce, and was engaged in the various conflicts on the line of operations from Vera Cruz to the City of Mexico, receiving for his "gallant and meritorious conduct" the brevets of Captain and Major.

Till the outbreak of the Rebellion, French was in garrison, or on frontier duty in Texas, when he abandoned his post, Fort Duncan, and with his rescued command reinforced the Gulf forts, Jefferson and Taylor.

French, appointed Brig.-General, U. S. Volunteers, Sep. 28, 1861, was transferred to the Defense of Washington, and subsequently accompanied the Army of the Potomac in the Virginia Peninsular Campaign of 1862, participating in all its operations, and was particularly distinguished in the Battle of Fair Oaks. After the retreat of the Army of Virginia from Manassas, French commanded a division of the Army of the Potomac in the Maryland and Rappahannock campaigns, being engaged in the battles of Antietam, Fredericksburg, and Chancellorsville. Being promoted Major-General, U. S. Volunteers, he was placed in command of the Harper's Ferry District to guard the head of the Shenandoah Valley. After his withdrawal from that command, he joined in the pursuit of the Confederates defeated at the Battle of Gettysburg, and, in command of the Third Corps, was engaged in several sharp actions. After the breaking up of winter quarters at Culpeper, Va., in the spring of 1864, French was mustered out of Volunteer Service, and took command of the troops assembled at Havre de Grace, on the Susquehanna. For his "gallant and meritorious services in the Rebellion," French received the brevets of Colonel, Brigadier-General, and Major-General, U. S. Army.

From the end of the Civil War till his death at Washington city, May 20, 1881, French, besides the performance of the ordinary duties of his command, was entrusted with many board and inspection services, for which his talents and long experience especially fitted him.

General French was a good disciplinarian, possessed sound military judgment, was firm in his convictions, never failed in the hour of peril, and withal was a jovial companion, full of wit and sparkling humor.

913..(Born Ga.).....**GEORGE TAYLOR**.....(Ap'd Ga.)..**23**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1833, to July 1, 1837, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

SECOND LIEUT., 3D ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1837.

Served: in garrison at Ft. Monroe, Va., 1837; in the Florida War, 1837–38; in the Cherokee Nation, 1838, while transferring the Indians to

(FIRST LIEUT., 3D ARTILLERY, JULY 7, 1838)

the West; in the Florida War, 1838–42; at the Military Academy, as

(BVT. CAPT., MAR. 1, 1842, FOR GALLANTRY AND MERITORIOUS SERVICES IN THE WAR AGAINST THE FLORIDA INDIANS)

Asst. Professor of Mathematics, Apr. 4, 1842, to Aug. 31, 1843; in garrison at Ft. Johnston, N. C., 1843–45; in Military Occupation of Texas, 1845–46; in the War with Mexico, 1846, 1846–47, being engaged in the Battle of Palo Alto, May 8, 1846, — Battle of Resaca-de-la-Palma, May 9, 1846, — Battle of Monterey, Sep. 21–23, 1846, — Siege of Vera Cruz,

(CAPTAIN, 3D ARTILLERY, FEB. 16, 1847)

Mar. 9–29, 1847, — Battle of Cerro Gordo, Apr. 17–18, 1847, — Combat of Huamantla, Oct. 9, 1847, — and Action of Atlixco, Oct. 12,

(BVT. MAJOR, OCT. 9, 1847, FOR GALLANT AND MERITORIOUS CONDUCT IN THE BATTLE OF HUAMANTLA, MEX.

1847; on Recruiting service, 1848; in garrison at Ft. Trumbull, Ct., 1848–49, 1850–52, 1853; and was lost on voyage to California, 1853, in the steamer San Francisco, from which he was washed overboard during a violent storm, by a heavy sea, which swept off his wife, four officers, and 180 soldiers of the 3d Regiment of Artillery, and several others, all of whom, save two, perished with him.

DROWNED, DEC. 24, 1853, OFF THE CAPES OF THE DELAWARE: AGED 37.

914..(Born Ct.).....**JOHN SEDGWICK**.....(Ap'd Ct.)..**24**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1833, to July 1, 1837, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

SECOND LIEUT., 2D ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1837.

Served: in the Florida War against the Seminole Indians, 1837–38, being engaged in the Skirmish near Ft. Clinch, May 20, 1838; in the Cherokee Nation, 1838, while transferring the Indians to the West; on Recruiting service, 1838–39; on Northern Frontier during Canada Bor-

(FIRST LIEUT., 2D ARTILLERY, APR. 19, 1839)

der Disturbances, at Buffalo, N. Y., 1839, — Ft. Niagara, N. Y., 1839, — and Buffalo, N. Y., 1839–41; in garrison at Ft. Monroe, Va., 1841–42, — Ft. Hamilton, N. Y., 1842–43, — Ft. Columbus, N. Y., 1843–45, — and Ft. Adams, R. I., 1845–46; in the War with Mexico, being engaged in the Siege of Vera Cruz, Mar. 9–29, 1847, — Battle of Cerro Gordo, Apr. 17–18, 1847, — Skirmish of Amazoque, May 14, 1847, — Capture of San Antonio, Aug. 20, 1847, — Battle of Churubusco, Aug. 20, 1847, — Battle of Molino del Rey, Sep. 8, 1847, — Battle of Chapultepec,

(BVT. CAPT., AUG. 20, 1847, FOR GALLANT AND MERITORIOUS CONDUCT IN THE BATTLES OF CONTRERAS AND CHURUBUSCO, MEX.)

Sep. 12–13, 1847, — and Assault and Capture of the City of Mexico,

(BVT. MAJOR, SEP. 13, 1847, FOR GALLANT AND MERITORIOUS CONDUCT IN THE BATTLE OF CHAPULTEPEC, MEX.)

Sep. 13–14, 1847; in garrison at Ft. Columbus, N. Y., 1848, — Ft. Monroe, Va., 1848–49, — Ft. McHenry, Md., 1849–51, — Ft. Monroe, Va.,

(CAPTAIN, 2D ARTILLERY, JAN. 26, 1849)

1851, 1851–52, — and Ft. McHenry, Md., 1852–55; and on frontier duty

(MAJOR, 1ST CAVALRY, MAR. 8, 1855)

at Ft. Leavenworth, Kan., 1855, — quelling Kansas Border Disturbances, 1855–56, — Cheyenne Expedition, 1857, being engaged in the Action on Solomon's Fork of the Kansas, July 29, 1857, and Skirmish near Grand Saline, Aug. 6, 1857, — Utah Expedition, 1857–58, — Ft. Leavenworth, Kan., 1858, — Ft. Riley, Kan., 1858–59, 1859–60, — in command of Kiowa and Comanche Expedition, 1860, — and at Ft. Wise, Col., 1860–61.

Served during the Rebellion of the Seceding States, 1861–64: in the

(LIEUT.-COLONEL, 2D CAVALRY, MAR. 16, 1861)

(COLONEL, 1ST CAVALRY, APR. 25, 1861: 4TH CAVALRY, AUG. 3, 1861)

defenses of Washington, D. C., June to Aug. 3, 1861; as Acting Inspector-General of the Department of Washington, Aug. 3–12, 1861; in command of brigade in the defenses of Washington, D. C., Aug. 12, 1861, to

(BRIG.-GENERAL, U. S. VOLUNTEERS, AUG. 31, 1861)

Feb. 20, 1862; in command of division guarding the Potomac, about Poolesville, Md., Feb.–Mar., 1862; in command of division (Army of the Potomac) in the Virginia Peninsular Campaign, Mar.–Aug., 1862, being

engaged in the Siege of Yorktown, Apr. 5–May 4, 1862, — Battle of Fair Oaks, May 31–June 1, 1862, — Action of Peach Orchard, June 29, 1862, — Battle of Savage Station, June 29, 1862, — and Battle of Glendale, June 30, 1862, where he was wounded; in the Northern Virginia Cam-

(MAJOR-GENERAL, U. S. VOLUNTEERS, JULY 4, 1862)

paign, on the Retreat from Bull Run to Washington, D. C., Sep. 1–2, 1862; in the Maryland Campaign (Army of the Potomac), Sep., 1862, being engaged in the Battle of Antietam, Sep. 17, 1862, where he was severely wounded ; on sick leave of absence, disabled by wound, Sep. 18 to Dec. 22, 1862 ; in the Rappahannock Campaign, in command of the 9th Corps, Dec. 22, 1863, and of the 6th Corps, Feb. 5, 1863 (Army of the Potomac), being engaged in command at the Storming of Marye Heights, May 3, 1863, — and Battle of Salem, May 3–4, 1863 ; in the Pennsylvania Campaign, commanding 6th Corps (Army of the Potomac), June–July, 1863, being engaged (after a forced march) in the Battle of Gettysburg, July 2–3, 1863, — and pursuit of the enemy to Warrenton, Va., July, 1863; in the Rapidan Campaign, Sep.–Dec. 1863, being in command of the right wing (5th and 6th Corps) of the Army of the Potomac, in the Combat of Rappahannock Station, Nov. 7, 1863, — and Operations at Mine Run, Nov. 26 to Dec. 3, 1863 ; in the Richmond Campaign, in command of the 6th Corps (Army of the Potomac), May 4–9, 1864, being engaged in the Battle of the Wilderness, May 5–6, 1864, — and while making a personal reconnoissance, and directing the placing of some artillery for the Battle of Spottsylvania, was, by a sharpshooter,

KILLED, MAY 9, 1864 : AGED 50.

BIOGRAPHICAL SKETCH.

MAJOR-GENERAL JOHN SEDGWICK was born, Sep. 13, 1813, at Cornwall, Conn. He was descended from that sturdy old Roundhead, Major-General Robert Sedgwick, who was sent by Oliver Cromwell as Commissioner to Jamaica, in the conquest of which he had been a prominent actor, and before his death was appointed its governor. Of his lineage and same name was a Major at Valley Forge, in the Revolutionary Army, who was the grandsire of John Sedgwick.

This latter, scion of soldiers, in whose veins flowed the Puritan blood of the English Commonwealth and the American Colonies, was graduated, July 1, 1837, from the U. S. Military Academy and promoted to the artillery, in which arm he served at various posts, in the Florida War, in the Cherokee Nation, and in quelling border disturbances on the Canada frontier.

In the War against Mexico, Sedgwick accompanied Scott's army in its triumphal march from the sea to the capital, and participated in every engagement from Vera Cruz to the City of Mexico, receiving the brevets of Captain and Major "for his gallant and meritorious conduct."

After this war and a few years of garrison duty, he was appointed, Mar. 8, 1855, a Major in one of the new regiments of cavalry and, until the outbreak of the Rebellion, was chiefly engaged on expeditions against hostile Indians.

Sedgwick, commissioned Aug. 31, 1861, a Brigadier-General, U. S. Volunteers, in the Virginia Peninsular Campaign of 1862 commanded a division of the Army of the Potomac, and rendered gallant service in its various engagements, particularly in the Battle of Fair Oaks, where he arrived after a toilsome march and across a swollen river in time to decide the conflict. Wounded in the Battle of Glendale, June 30, he took no further part in this campaign, but was rewarded, July 4, with promotion to Major-General, U. S. Volunteers.

On recovering from his wound, Sedgwick led his command, after the retreat of the Army of Virginia from Manassas, in the Maryland Campaign, where, in the terrible fire of the Battle of Antietam, he was twice wounded, but refusing to leave his command was shot through the body and borne insensible from the bloody field. Three months later Sedgwick reported for duty, and was placed at the head of the Ninth Corps, and shortly after, Feb. 5, 1863, in command of the Sixth, with which his name and fame are indissolubly connected.

When General Hooker, in 1863, decided upon the movement at Chancellorsville, Sedgwick, with the Sixth Corps and Gibbon's division of the Second, was ordered to cross the lower Rappahannock, turn the Confederate right, threaten its communications with Richmond, and finally to effect a junction with Hooker's main force, which was to attack the enemy in front. On the morning of May 3, Fredericksburg was occupied without serious difficulty, but the storming of Marye Heights in rear of the town was a desperate undertaking and involved very severe loss. Sedgwick then, in pursuance of his instructions, continued his march towards Chancellorsville as far as Salem Church, where he encountered, in the afternoon, the bulk of the Confederate forces which had repulsed Hooker in the morning. Hooker's inactivity enabled Lee to strengthen the force sent against Sedgwick, so that it was only by hard fighting that the latter was able to hold his ground during the day and withdraw across the Rappahannock after dark.

In the Pennsylvania campaign of 1863, Sedgwick commanded the right wing of the Army of the Potomac in the pursuit of Lee, and on the evening of June 30 encamped at Manchester, upwards of thirty-five miles from Gettysburg. The untoward events of July 1 demanded the hasty concentration of the whole Army. The Sixth Corps, by a memorable forced march, in sultry July, reached in twenty hours the bloody arena where the nation's fate was trembling in the balance. So sharp and furious was the struggle that this corps, though weary, staggering, and footsore, was at once engaged, and fought till the great victory was achieved and armed rebellion driven from the loyal States.

Following the Confederate Army into Virginia, Sedgwick, at the head of the Fifth and Sixth Corps, was ordered, Nov. 7, 1863, to force the passage of the Rappahannock, defended by strong intrenched works, at Rappahannock Station. After a long and furious cannonade, General Russell was directed by Wright, in command of the Sixth Corps, to carry the position by an infantry assault, which he gallantly executed, through a storm of bullets and against every impeding obstacle, resulting in the capture of a whole division with its guns and colors. Towards the close of the same month the Mine Run operations took place.

Resuming the direct command of the Sixth Corps in the Richmond campaign of 1864, Sedgwick was conspicuous in the Battle of the Wilderness, May 5–6, emerging from which, May 9, the Army of the Potomac was concentrated at Spottsylvania C. H., where, while the general was watching the placing of some artillery, he was instantly killed by one of the enemy's sharpshooters. Thus fell this brave, generous, warm-hearted soldier, his face to the foe, as it had ever been turned during three wars, in which his dauntless spirit never quailed amid the fiery hail of battle. The silent, kind, and idolized leader, with a sweet smile still lighting his jovial face, was borne from the field of his glory, and, wrapped in that flag he had so steadfastly defended, was laid to his final rest under the sylvan bivouac of the beautiful Housatonic Valley, where he was born and grew to his noble manhood.

A bronze statue of Sedgwick, made of cannon captured by the Sixth Corps, was erected to his memory upon the West Point parade ground, and unveiled, Oct. 21, 1868, with imposing ceremonies.

Sedgwick, though not what the world would call a brilliant man, possessed that strong common sense which often insures the greater success in life. His modesty and unobtrusiveness were proverbial, but he was never backward where opportunity offered laurels to be won by an iron will and soldierly daring. Though slow in council he was quick in action, and the roar of battle seemed to sharpen all his faculties. His soldiers cheerfully endured his rigid discipline, had unbounded confidence in his judgment, and willingly followed wherever faithful "Uncle John" led. He was always a favorite in the Army, and his corps looked up to him as to a father ready to do anything for the reputation of his adopted children and the restoration of the unity of his country.

915..(Born Mas.).....**JOSHUA H. BATES**.....(Ap'd Mas.)..**25**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1833, to July 1, 1837, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

SECOND LIEUT., 4TH ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1837.

Served: in the Florida War, on various Staff duties, 1837–38, being engaged against the Seminole Indians in the Action of Locha-Hatchee, Jan. 24, 1838; in the Cherokee Nation, 1838, while transferring the Indians to the West; in the Florida War, 1838–39; in garrison at Ft. Columbus, N. Y., 1839; at the Camp of Instruction near Trenton, N. J., 1839; and on the Northern Frontier during Canada Border Disturbances,

(FIRST LIEUT., 4TH ARTILLERY, JAN. 31, 1842)

at Cleveland, O., 1839–41, — and Ft. Niagara, N. Y., 1842.

RESIGNED, JULY 20, 1842.

Civil History. — Counselor at Law, Cincinnati, O., 1842–61. Lieut.-Colonel, Staff (Division Inspector, Ohio Militia), 1856–58, — and Brig.-General, 1859–61.

Military History. — Served during the Rebellion of the Seceding

(BRIG.-GENERAL, OHIO VOLUNTEERS, APR. 27, 1861)

States, 1861, in organizing Ohio Volunteers at Camps Harrison and Dennison, which he commanded till he was

MUSTERED OUT OF SERVICE, AUG. 27, 1861.

After leaving service, he voluntarily organized recruits for the field, — was a Member of the Sanitary Commission, — and commanded a Division when Cincinnati was threatened by the Rebels in 1862.

Civil History. — Counselor at Law, Cincinnati, O., since 1861. Member of the Senate of the State of Ohio, 1864–66, and 1876–78. Republican Presidential Elector, of the State of Ohio, 1872.

916..(Born Del.).....**GEORGE C. RODNEY**.....(Ap'd Del.)..**26**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1833, to July 1, 1837, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

SECOND LIEUT., 3D ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1837.

Served: in garrison at Ft. Monroe, Va., 1837; in the Florida War,

(FIRST LIEUT., 3D ARTILLERY, JULY 9, 1838)

1837–38; in the Cherokee Nation, 1838, while transferring the Indians to the West; and in the Florida War, 1838–39.

DIED, NOV. 5, 1839, AT ST. AUGUSTINE, FLA.: AGED 24.

917..(Born Pa.).....**JOHN C. PEMBERTON**.....(Ap'd Pa.)..**27**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1833, to

July 1, 1837, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

SECOND LIEUT., 4TH ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1837.

Served: in the Florida War against the Seminole Indians, 1837–38, being engaged in the Action of Locha-Hatchee, Jan. 24, 1838; in garrison at Ft. Columbus, N. Y., 1838; in the Florida War, 1838–39; in garrison at Ft. Columbus, N. Y., 1839; at the Camp of Instruction near Trenton, N. J., 1839; on the Northern Frontier during Canada Border Disturbances, at Detroit, Mich., 1840, — Ft. Mackinac, Mich., 1840–41, — Ft. Brady, Mich., 1841, — and Buffalo, N. Y., 1841–42; in garrison at

(FIRST LIEUT., 4TH ARTILLERY, MAR. 19, 1842)

Ft. Monroe, Va., 1842, — Carlisle Barracks, Pa., 1842–43, — and Ft. Monroe, Va., 1844–45; in Military Occupation of Texas, 1845–46; in the War with Mexico, 1846–48, being engaged in the Battle of Palo Alto, May 8, 1846, — Battle of Resaca-de-la-Palma, May 9, 1846, — Battle of Monterey, Sep. 21–23, 1846, — Siege of Vera Cruz, Mar. 9–29, 1847, —

(BVT. CAPTAIN, SEP. 23, 1846, FOR GALLANT CONDUCT IN THE SEVERAL CONFLICTS AT MONTEREY, MEX.)

Battle of Cerro Gordo, Apr. 17–18, 1847, — Skirmish of Amazoque, May 14, 1847, — Capture of San Antonio, Aug. 20, 1847, — Battle of Churubusco, Aug. 20, 1847, — Battle of Molino del Rey, Sep. 8, 1847, —

(BVT. MAJOR, SEP. 8, 1847, FOR GALLANT AND MERITORIOUS CONDUCT IN THE BATTLE OF MOLINO DEL REY, MEX.)

Storming of Chapultepec, Sep. 13, 1847, — and Assault and Capture of the City of Mexico, Sep. 13–14, 1847; as Aide-de-Camp to Bvt. Brig.-General Worth, Aug. 4, 1846, to May 1, 1849; in garrison at Ft. Pickens, Fla., 1849; in Florida Hostilities against the Seminole Indians, 1849–50; in garrison at New Orleans Barracks, La., 1850, — Ft. Washington, Md.,

(CAPTAIN, 4TH ARTILLERY, SEP. 16, 1850)

1851, 1851–52, — and Ft. Hamilton, N. Y., 1852–53, 1853–56; in Florida Hostilities against the Seminole Indians, 1856–57; on frontier duty at Ft. Leavenworth, quelling Kansas Border Disturbances, 1857–58, — Utah Expedition, 1858, — Ft. Kearny, N. M., 1859, — and Ft. Ridgely, Min., 1859–61; and in garrison at Washington Arsenal, D. C., 1861.

RESIGNED, APR. 29, 1861.

Joined in the Rebellion of 1861–66 against the United States.

Civil History. — Farmer, near Warrenton, Va., 1866–76.

DIED, JULY 13, 1881, AT PENLLYN, PA.: AGED 67.

918. . (Born Ind.) . . . **WILLIAM ARMSTRONG** . . . (Ap'd Ind.) . . **28**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1833, to July 1, 1837, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

SECOND LIEUT., 2D ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1837.

Served: in the Florida War, 1837–38; in the Cherokee Nation, 1838, while transferring the Indians to the West; on the Northern Frontier during Canada Border Disturbances, at Ft. Niagara, N. Y., 1838–39, — Recruiting, 1839–40, — Buffalo, N. Y., 1840, — Recruiting, 1840, — and

(FIRST LIEUT., 2D ARTILLERY, JUNE 1, 1839)

Buffalo, N. Y., 1840–41; in garrison at Ft. Columbus, N. Y., 1841; on Recruiting service, 1841–42; in garrison at Ft. Mifflin, Pa., 1842–46, — and Ft. Columbus, N. Y., 1846; in the War with Mexico, 1846–47, being engaged in the Siege of Vera Cruz, Mar. 9–29, 1847, — Battle of Cerro Gordo, Apr. 17–18, 1847, — Skirmish of Amazoque, May 14, 1847, —

Capture of San Antonio, Aug. 20, 1847, — Battle of Churubusco, Aug. 20,
(CAPT., STAFF — ASST. QUARTERMASTER, AUG. 5, 1847)
1847, — and Battle of Molino del Rey, where, by the explosion of the enemy's magazine, he was
KILLED, SEP. 8, 1847 : AGED 32.

919..(Born Mas.).....**JOSEPH HOOKER**.....(Ap'd Mas.)..29

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1833, to July 1, 1837, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to
SECOND LIEUT., 1ST ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1837.

Served : in the Florida War, 1837–38 ; on Maine Frontier, at Houlton,
(FIRST LIEUT., 1ST ARTILLERY, NOV. 1, 1838)
1838, pending "Disputed Territory" controversy ; on the Northern Frontier during Canada Border Disturbances, at Swanton, Vt., 1838–39, — and Rouse's Point, N. Y., 1839–40 ; on the Maine Frontier, 1840, pending "Disputed Territory" controversy ; in garrison at Ft. Columbus, N. Y., 1840–41 ; at the Military Academy, as Adjutant, July 1 to Oct. 3, 1841 ; as Adjutant, 1st Artillery, at Regimental headquarters, Sep. 1, 1841, to May 11, 1846 ; in the War with Mexico, 1846–48, on the Staff of Brig.-General P. F. Smith, 1846, — on the Staff of Brig.-General Hamar, 1846, — as Aide-de-Camp to Major-General Butler, 1847, — and as Asst. Adjutant-General of Major-General Pillow's Division, 1847–48, being engaged in the Battle of Monterey, Sep. 21–23, 1846, — Defense of
(BVT. CAPT., SEP. 23, 1846, FOR GALLANT CONDUCT IN THE SEVERAL CONFLICTS AT MONTEREY, MEX.)
convoy at the National Bridge, June 11, 1847, — Skirmish of La Hoya,
(BVT. CAPT., STAFF — ASST. ADJUTANT-GEN., MAR. 3, 1847)
(BVT. MAJOR, JUNE 11, 1847, FOR GALLANT AND MERITORIOUS CONDUCT IN THE AFFAIR AT THE NATIONAL BRIDGE, MEX.)
June 20, 1847, — Battle of Contreras, Aug. 19–20, 1847, — Battle of Churubusco, Aug. 20, 1847, — Battle of Molino del Rey, Sep. 8, 1847, — and Storming of Chapultepec, Sep. 13, 1847 ; as Asst. Adjutant-General
(BVT. LIEUT.-COL., SEP. 13, 1847, FOR GALLANT AND MERITORIOUS CONDUCT IN THE BATTLE OF CHAPULTEPEC, MEX.)
of 6th Military Department, Sep. 13 to Oct. 28, 1848, — and of Pacific
(CAPTAIN, 1ST ARTILLERY, OCT. 29, 1848 : VACATED, OCT. 29, 1848)
Division, June 9, 1849, to Nov. 24, 1851 ; and on leave of absence, 1851–53.
RESIGNED, FEB. 21, 1853.

Civil History. — Farmer, near Sonoma, Cal., 1853–58. Superintendent of Military Roads in Oregon (from Scottsburg to Myrtle Creek, and from Myrtle Creek to Camp Stewart), 1858–59. Colonel, California Militia, 1859–61.

Military History. — Served during the Rebellion of the Seceding States, 1861–66 : in the defenses of Washington, D. C., Aug. 12, 1861, to
(BRIG.-GENERAL, U. S. VOLUNTEERS, MAY 17, 1861)
Dec., 1861 ; in guarding the Lower Potomac, Dec., 1861, to Mar. 10, 1862 ; in the Virginia Peninsular Campaign, commanding division (Army of the Potomac), Mar.–Aug. 1862, being engaged in the Siege of Yorktown, Apr. 5–May 4, 1862, — Battle of Williamsburg, May 5, 1862, — Battle
(MAJOR-GENERAL, U. S. VOLUNTEERS, MAY 5, 1862)

of Fair Oaks, June 1, 1862, — Combat on Williamsburg Road, June 25, 1862, — Battle of Glendale, June 30, 1862, — Battle of Malvern Hill, July 1, 1862, — and Re-occupation and Action of Malvern Hill, Aug. 5, 1862 ; in the Northern Virginia Campaign, in command of division, being engaged in the Action of Bristoe Station, Aug. 27, 1862, — Battle of Manassas, Aug. 29–30, 1862, — and Battle of Chantilly, Sep. 1, 1862 ; in command of 1st Corps (Army of the Potomac), Sep. 6–17, 1862, in Maryland Campaign, being engaged in the Battle of South Mountain, Sep. 14, 1862, — and Battle of Antietam, Sep. 16–17, 1862, where he was severely

(BRIG.-GENERAL, U. S. ARMY, SEP. 20, 1862)

wounded ; on sick leave of absence, disabled by wound, Sep. 18 to Nov. 10, 1862 ; in the Rappahannock Campaign, in command of 5th Corps, Nov. 10, of Centre Grand Divison (3d and 5th Corps), Nov. 16, 1862, and of the Army of the Potomac, Jan. 26, 1863, being engaged in the Battle of Fredericksburg, Dec. 13, 1862, — Action at Kelley's Ford, Mar. 17, 1863, — and Battle of Chancellorsville, May 2–4, 1863 ; in pursuit of the enemy to Pennsylvania till June 28, 1863, when he relinquished the command of the Army of the Potomac,* which was engaged in the Action of Brandy Station, June 9, 1863, — and Skirmishes at Aldie, Middleburg, and Upperville, Va., June 17–21, 1863 ; in waiting orders at Baltimore, Md., June 28 to Sep. 24, 1863 ; in command of 11th and 12th Army Corps, Sep. 24, 1863 (consolidated, and designated 20th Army Corps, Apr., 1864), in operations about Chattanooga, Oct., 1863, to May, 1864, being engaged in the Combat of Lookout Valley, Oct. 27–28, 1863, — Capture of Lookout Mountain, Nov. 24, 1863, — Battle of Missionary Ridge, Nov. 25, 1863, — and Combat of Ringgold, Ga., Nov. 27, 1863 ; in the Invasion of Georgia, commanding 20th Corps (Army of the Cumberland), May 2 to July 30, 1864, being engaged in the Combat of Mill Creek Gap, May 8, 1864, — Battle of Resaca, May 14–15, 1864, — Action of Cassville, May 19, 1864, — Battle of New Hope Church, May 25, 1864, — Movement, with almost daily severe engagements, against Pine Mountain, May 26 to July 2, 1864, — Pursuit of the enemy, with frequent skirmishes, to the Chattahoochee, which was crossed July 17, 1864, — Actions near Atlanta, July 18–19, 1864, — Combat of Peach Tree Creek, July 20, 1864, — and Siege of Atlanta, July 22–30, 1864 ; in waiting orders, July 30 to Sep. 28, 1864 ; in command of Northern Department, headquarters at Cincinnati, O., Sep. 28, 1864, to July 5, 1865, — of Department of the East, headquarters, New York city,

(BVT. MAJ.-GENERAL, U. S. ARMY, MAR. 13, 1865, FOR GALLANT AND MERITORIOUS SERVICES AT THE BATTLE OF CHATTANOOGA, TEN.)

July 8, 1865, to Aug. 6, 1866, — and of Department of the Lakes, headquarters, Detroit, Michigan, Aug. 23, 1866, to June 1, 1867.

MUSTERED OUT OF VOLUNTEER SERVICE, SEP. 1, 1866.

Served : as Member of Board for Retiring Disabled Officers, Nov. 27, 1865, to Aug. 30, 1866 ; and on sick leave of absence, June 1, 1867, to Oct. 15, 1868.

RETIRED FROM ACTIVE SERVICE, AT HIS OWN REQUEST, OCT. 15, 1868, AS MAJOR-GENERAL, FOR DISABILITY CONTRACTED IN THE LINE OF DUTY.

DIED, OCT. 31, 1879, AT GARDEN CITY, N. Y.: AGED 64.

* Received the thanks of Congress, Jan. 28, 1864, "for the skill, energy, and endurance which first covered Washington and Baltimore from the meditated blow of the advancing and powerful army of rebels led by General Robert E. Lee."

OBITUARY ORDER.

Upon the death of General Hooker, the General-in-Chief of the U. S. Army issued the following order : —

"The death of MAJOR-GENERAL JOSEPH HOOKER, U. S. Army, retired, which took place at Garden City, Long Island, on the 31st ultimo, is announced to the Army.

"In announcing the decease of this gallant veteran, honored with thanks of Congress for 'skill, energy, and endurance,' the General takes occasion to recall to the memory of the Army the distinguished services rendered by General Hooker through the War with Mexico, as well as in the late war. His gallantry in the former gave promise of that superior courage, vigor, and skill in action which has since characterized him.

"It is not necessary here to narrate his achievements; they are matters of familiar history, and his soldierly deeds may well excite the admiration and emulation of his surviving comrades.

"In honor to his memory, the Commanding General Military Division of the Atlantic will cause minute-guns to be fired at Fort Columbus and the flag to be displayed at half-staff during the funeral ceremonies in New York City. The like honors will be paid at Newport Barracks, Kentucky, on the day of interment in Cincinnati. The officers of the retired list are requested to wear the usual badge of mourning for thirty days.

920..(Born Va.).....**JOHN M. HARVIE**.....(Ap'd Va.)..**30**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1833, to July 1, 1837, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

SECOND LIEUT., 2D INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1837.

Served: in the Florida War, 1837–39; on the Northern Frontier, at

(FIRST LIEUT., 8TH INFANTRY, JULY 7, 1838)

Sackett's Harbor, N. Y., 1839–40, during Canada Border Disturbances; at the Military Academy, as Asst. Professor of Mathematics, Feb. 4, 1840, to Jan. 25, 1841; and in the Florida War, 1841.

DIED, SEP. 7, 1841, AT CEDAR KEYS, FLA.: AGED 25.

921..(Born N. Y.)..**CHARLES F. WOOSTER**..(Ap'd N. Y.)..**31**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1833, to July 1, 1837, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

SECOND LIEUT., 4TH ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1837.

Served: in the Florida War, 1838–39; in garrison at Ft. Columbus, N. Y., 1839; at the Camp of Instruction near Trenton, N. J., 1839; on the Northern Frontier during Canada Border Disturbances, at Detroit, Mich., 1839–41, — and Buffalo, N. Y., 1841–42; in garrison at Ft. McHenry, Md., 1842, — Ft. Monroe, Va., 1842, — Ft. McHenry, Md., 1844,

(FIRST LIEUT., 4TH ARTILLERY, JUNE 10, 1842)

— Carlisle Barracks, Pa., 1844–45, — and Ft. McHenry, Md., 1845–46; in the War with Mexico, 1846–47, on the Expedition to Santa Fé, N. M., and to Chihuahua, Mex., 1846–47, being engaged in the Combat of Sacramento, Feb. 28, 1847; on sick leave of absence, 1847–48; in the War

(BVT. CAPT., FEB. 28, 1847, FOR GALLANT AND MERITORIOUS CONDUCT IN THE BATTLE OF SACRAMENTO, NEAR CHIHUAHUA, MEX.)

with Mexico, 1848, at Reynosa, Mex.; in garrison at Ft. Polk, Tex., 1848–49; in Florida Hostilities against the Seminole Indians, 1850; in

(CAPTAIN, 4TH ARTILLERY, SEP. 27, 1850)

garrison at Ft. Columbus, N. Y., 1852, — and Ft. Hamilton, N. Y., 1852–53; and on frontier duty at Ft. Brown, Tex., 1854–56.

DIED, FEB. 14, 1856, AT FT. BROWN, TEX.: AGED 39.

922..(Born Ten.)..**ARTHUR M. RUTLEDGE**...(Ap'd Ten.)..**32**

Military History.— Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1833, to July 1, 1837, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

SECOND LIEUT., 1ST ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1837.

Served in the Florida War against the Seminole Indians, 1837–38.

RESIGNED, AUG. 31, 1838.

Civil History. — Planter, near Nashville, Ten., 1838–61.

Joined in the Rebellion of 1861–66 against the United States.

Civil History. — Unknown. Nothing authentic having been received.

DIED, JUNE 17, 1876, AT SAVANNAH, TEN.: AGED 59.

923..(Born Md.).....**ARNOLD ELZEY***.....(Ap'd Md.)..**33**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, Sep. 1, 1833, to July 1, 1837, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

SECOND LIEUT., 2D ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1837.

Served : in the Florida War, 1837–38 ; in the Cherokee Nation, 1838, while transferring the Indians to the West ; on the Northern Frontier during Canada Border Disturbances, at Detroit, Mich., 1838–39, — Mack-

(FIRST LIEUT., 2D ARTILLERY, NOV. 12, 1839)

inac, Mich., 1839, — Buffalo, N. Y., 1839–40, — Recruiting, 1840, — Buffalo, N. Y., 1840, — Rochester, N. Y., 1840–41, — and Buffalo, N. Y., 1841 ; in garrison at Ft. Adams, R. I., 1841–43, — Ft. Lafayette, N. Y., 1843, 1843–45, — and Ft. Columbus, N. Y., 1845 ; in Military Occupation of Texas, 1845–46 ; in the War with Mexico, 1846–48, being engaged in the Defense of Ft. Brown, May 3–9, 1846, — Siege of Vera Cruz, Mar. 9–29, 1847, — Battle of Cerro Gordo, Apr. 17–18, 1847, — Skirmish of Amazoque, May 14, 1847, — Capture of San Antonio, Aug. 20, 1847, — Battle of Churubusco, Aug. 20, 1847, — Battle of Molino del Rey,

(BVT. CAPT., AUG. 20, 1847, FOR GALLANT AND MERITORIOUS CONDUCT IN THE BATTLES OF CONTRERAS AND CHURUBUSCO, MEX.)

Sep. 8, 1847, — Storming of Chapultepec, Sep. 13, 1847, — Assault and Capture of the City of Mexico, Sep. 13–14, 1847, — and as Adjutant, 2d Artillery, Dec., 1847, to Jan., 1848 ; on Recruiting service, 1848 ; in garrison at Ft. Monroe, Va., 1848–49, — and Ft. Johnston, N. C., 1849 ; in Florida Hostilities against the Seminole Indians, 1849–50 ; in garrison

(CAPTAIN, 2D ARTILLERY, FEB. 14, 1849)

at Ft. Moultrie, S. C., 1851–53 ; in Florida Hostilities, 1853–55, 1855–56,

(RESIGNED BREVET COMMISSION, APR. 2, 1851)

being engaged against the Seminole Indians in the Skirmish near Chocalisca Key, Mar. 29, 1856 ; in garrison at Ft. Ontario, N. Y., 1856–57 ; on frontier duty at Ft. Mackinac, Mich., 1857, — and Ft. Leavenworth, Kan., 1857–60 ; on leave of absence, 1860 ; and in garrison at Augusta Arsenal, Ga., 1860–61, — and Ft. Monroe, Va., 1861.

RESIGNED, APR. 25, 1861.

Joined in the Rebellion of 1861–66 against the United States.

Civil History. — Farmer, near Jessup's Cut, Anne Arundel Co., Md., 1866–71.

DIED, FEB. 21, 1871, AT BALTIMORE, MD.: AGED 54.

* Named ARNOLD E. JONES when he was graduated.

924..(Born Va.)....**EDWARD J. STEPTOE**.....(Ap'd Va.)..34

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1833, to July 1, 1837, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

SECOND LIEUT., 3D ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1837.

Served: in the Florida War, 1838; in the Cherokee Nation, 1838, while transferring the Indians to the West; in the Florida War, 1838–42;

(FIRST LIEUT., 3D ARTILLERY, JULY 9, 1838)

at the Military Academy, as Asst. Instructor of Infantry Tactics, Sep. 30, 1842, to July 5, 1843; in garrison at Ft. McHenry, Md., 1843–44, — Savannah, Ga., 1844–45, — Ft. Marion, Fla., 1845–46, — and Ft. Moultrie, S. C., 1846; in the War with Mexico, 1846–48, being engaged in the Siege

(CAPTAIN, 3D ARTILLERY, MAR. 3, 1847)

of Vera Cruz, Mar. 9–29, 1847, — Battle of Cerro Gordo, Apr. 17–18, 1847, — Attack on the San Antonio Garita, of the City of Mexico,

(BVT. MAJOR, APR. 18, 1847, FOR GALLANT AND MERITORIOUS CONDUCT IN THE BATTLE OF CERRO GORDO, MEX.)

Sep. 12–13, 1847, — and Capture of the City of Mexico, Sep. 14, 1847;

(BVT. LIEUT.-COL., SEP. 13, 1847, FOR GALLANT AND MERITORIOUS CONDUCT IN THE BATTLE OF CHAPULTEPEC, MEX.)

in garrison at Ft. Adams, R. I., 1849; in Florida Hostilities against the Seminole Indians, 1849–50; in garrison at Ft. Adams, R. I., 1850–51, 1852–53; as a Member of a Commission to examine into the relative advantages of civil and military supervision of the National Armories, July 8, 1853, to July 20, 1854; in garrison at Ft. Wood, N. Y., 1853–54; on march to Washington Territory, via Salt Lake, 1854–55, having been appointed Governor of Utah Territory, Dec. 21, 1854, which he declined;

(MAJOR, 9TH INFANTRY, MAR. 3, 1855)

in garrison at Ft. Monroe, Va., 1855; on frontier duty at Ft. Vancouver, Wash., 1856, — Cascades, Wash., 1856, being engaged in its defense, Mar. 27–28, — Ft. Dalles, Or., 1856, — Yakima Expedition, 1856, — Ft. Walla Walla, Wash., 1856–58, — and Spokane Expedition, 1858, being engaged against hostile Indians in the desperate Combat of To-hots-

(LIEUT.-COLONEL, 10TH INFANTRY, SEP. 9, 1861)

nim-me, Wash., May 17, 1858; and on sick leave of absence, 1858–61.

RESIGNED, NOV. 1, 1861.

DIED, APR. 1, 1865, NEAR LYNCHBURG, VA.: AGED 49.

925..(Born Md.)...**WILLIAM H. FOWLER**....(Ap'd D. C.)..35

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1833, to July 1, 1837, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

SECOND LIEUT., 1ST ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1837.

Served: in the Florida War against the Seminole Indians, 1837–38, being engaged in the Skirmish near the mouth of Jupiter Inlet, Jan. 15,

(BVT. FIRST LIEUT., JAN. 15, 1838, FOR GALLANTRY AND GOOD CONDUCT IN THE WAR AGAINST THE FLORIDA INDIANS)

1838, where he was wounded; on the Northern Frontier, at Champlain Arsenal, Vt., 1838–39, during Canada Border Disturbances; in garrison at Ft. Constitution, N. H., 1839–40; on Recruiting service, 1840; in gar-

(FIRST LIEUT., 1ST ARTILLERY, MAY 1, 1839)

rison at Ft. Columbus, N. Y., 1840–41, — and Ft. Constitution, N. H., 1841–45; in Military Occupation of Texas, at Corpus Christi, 1845; in the War with Mexico, 1846, being engaged in the Battle of Palo Alto,

May 8, 1846, — and Battle of Resaca-de-la-Palma, May 9, 1846; on Recruiting service, 1846–48; in the War with Mexico, in garrison at Vera Cruz, 1848; in garrison at Ft. Columbus, N. Y., 1848, — and Ft.

(CAPTAIN, 1ST ARTILLERY, OCT. 29, 1848)

Washington, Md., 1848–49; and in Florida Hostilities against the Seminole Indians, 1849–50, 1850–51.

DIED, SEP. 4, 1851, AT FT. MYERS, FLA.: AGED 35.

926..(Born Ind.).....**SAMUEL WOODS**.....(Ap'd Ind.)..36

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1833, to July 1, 1837, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

SECOND LIEUT., 6TH INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1837.

Served: in the Florida War against the Seminole Indians, being engaged in the Battle of Okee-cho-bee, Dec. 25, 1837; on Recruiting ser-

(FIRST LIEUT., 6TH INFANTRY, DEC. 25, 1837)

vice, 1840–42; on frontier duty at Ft. Towson, I. T., 1842, — Ft. Gibson,

(CAPTAIN, 6TH INFANTRY, FEB. 27, 1843)

I. T., 1842–44, 1844–46; on Recruiting service, 1846–47; in the War with

(MAJOR, 15TH INFANTRY, APR. 9, 1847)

Mexico, 1847–48, being engaged in the Battle of Contreras, Aug. 19–20, 1847, — Battle of Molino del Rey, Sep. 8, 1847, — and Storming of Cha-

(BVT. LIEUT.-COL., SEP. 13, 1847, FOR GALLANT AND MERITORIOUS CONDUCT IN THE BATTLE OF CHAPULTEPEC, MEX.)

pultepec, Sep. 13, 1847; on frontier duty at Ft. Snelling, Min., 1848–49,

(DISBANDED, AUG. 7, 1848; BUT REINSTATED BY ACT OF CONGRESS, AS CAPTAIN, 6TH INFANTRY, FEB. 27, 1843)

(BVT. MAJOR, SEP. 13, 1847, FOR GALLANT AND MERITORIOUS CONDUCT IN THE BATTLE OF CHAPULTEPEC, MEX.)

— commanding Expedition to the Red River of the North, 1849, — Ft. Snelling, Min., 1849–50, — Ft. Clark, Tex., 1850, — Ft. Dodge, Io., 1850–52, 1852–53, — Ft. Ridgely, Min., 1853–54, — Ft. Riley, Kan., 1855, — Sioux Expedition, 1855, being engaged in the Action of Blue Water, Sep. 3, 1855, and as Acting Asst. Adjutant-General, Oct. 11 to Nov. 12, 1855, — and at Ft. Pierre, Dak., 1855–56; and as Paymaster of the De-

(MAJOR, STAFF — PAYMASTER, DEC. 24, 1856)

(VACATED REGIMENTAL COMMISSION, DEC. 24, 1856)

partment of the Pacific, headquarters at San Francisco, Cal., 1857–61.

Served during the Rebellion of the Seceding States, 1861–66, in making payments to troops on the Pacific Coast, headquarters, San Francisco, Cal., 1861–66.

BVT. LIEUT.-COL., MAR. 13, 1865, FOR FAITHFUL AND MERITORIOUS SERVICES DURING THE REBELLION.

Served: in making payment to troops on the Pacific Coast, headquarters, San Francisco, Cal., Aug. 12, 1866, to Apr. 15, 1869; as Chief Paymaster of the Department of California, Apr. 15, 1869, to Apr. 17, 1872, continuing as Paymaster at San Francisco to Mar. 8, 1873, — of Division of the Pacific, Mar. 8, 1873, to July 2, 1875, — and of Department of California, July 2, 1875, to Aug. 15, 1876; as Paymaster at San Francisco, Cal., Aug. 15, 1876 (leave of absence, Aug. 13 to Nov. 13, 1877), to

(LIEUT.-COL., STAFF — DEP. PAYMASTER-GENERAL, JUNE 7, 1879)

July, 1879; as Chief Paymaster, Department of Dakota, at St. Paul,

Min., Aug. 7 to Dec. 1, 1879; of the Division of the Pacific and Depart-
(COLONEL, STAFF — ASST. PAYMASTER-GENERAL, JUNE 8, 1880)
ment of California, at San Francisco, Cal., Dec. 8, 1879, to Jan. 24, 1881.
RETIRED FROM ACTIVE SERVICE, JAN. 24, 1881, AT HIS OWN REQUEST, HE HAVING SERVED OVER 40 YEARS.
DIED, SEP. 22, 1887, AT OAKLAND, CAL.: AGED 75.

927..(Born Del.).....**ROBERT M. McLANE**.....(Ap'd Del.)..**37**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1833, to July 1, 1837, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to
SECOND LIEUT., 1ST DRAGOONS, JULY 1, 1837: CANCELLED.
SECOND LIEUT., 1ST ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1837.
Served: in the Florida War, 1837–38; as Topographical Engineer, in
(SECOND LIEUT., TOP. ENGINEERS, JULY 7, 1838)
charge of construction of Roads in Florida, 1839, — and of Survey of Sackett's Harbor, N. Y., 1839–40; on leave of absence, 1840, and in Europe, under orders of the Secretary of War, 1841; on reconnoissance of the approaches to New Orleans, La., 1842; and on surveys of Delaware Bay, 1842–43.
RESIGNED, NOV. 1, 1843.

Civil History. — Counselor at Law, Baltimore, Md., 1843–53, 1855–59, 1860–85, and since 1889. Member of the House of Delegates of the State of Maryland, 1845–47. Lieut.-Colonel, Maryland Militia, 1847–49. Member of the U. S. House of Representatives from Maryland, 1847–51, and Chairman of its Committee on Commerce, 1849–51. Presidential Elector of the State of Maryland, 1852. Commissioner, with diplomatic powers as Minister Plenipotentiary from the United States of America to the Empire of China, Oct. 18, 1853, to Apr. 19, 1855. Envoy Extraordinary from the United States to the Republic of Mexico, Mar. 6, 1859, to Nov. 15, 1860. Member of the U. S. House of Representatives from the State of Maryland, Mar. 4, 1879, to Jan. 1, 1885. Governor of the State of Maryland, Jan. 1 to Mar. 26, 1885. Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary from the United States to France, Mar. 26, 1885, to May 20, 1889.

928..(Born N. J.)...**WALTER SHERWOOD**...(Ap'd N. J.)..**38**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1833, to July 1, 1837, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to
SECOND LIEUT., 7TH INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1837.
Served: on frontier duty at Ft. Gibson, I. T., 1837–39; on Recruiting service, 1839–40; and in the Florida War, 1840, being engaged against the Seminole Indians in a hand-to-hand conflict near Ft. Micanopy, where he was
KILLED, DEC. 28, 1840: AGED 25.

929..(Born Ky.).....**JOHN B. S. TODD**.....(Ap'd Ill.)..**39**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1832, to July 1, 1837, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to
SECOND LIEUT., 6TH INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1837.
FIRST LIEUT., 6TH INFANTRY, DEC. 25, 1837.
Served: in the Florida War, 1837–39, 1839–40; on Recruiting service, 1841; in the Florida War, 1841–42; on frontier duty at Ft. Towson, I. T.,

1842, — Ft. Smith, Ark., 1842–43, — and Ft. Gibson, I. T., 1843–46; on

(CAPTAIN, 6TH INFANTRY, NOV. 22, 1843)

Recruiting service, 1846–47; in the War with Mexico, 1847–48, being engaged in the Siege of Vera Cruz, Mar. 9–29, 1847, — Battle of Cerro Gordo, Apr. 17–18, 1847, — and Skirmish of Amazoque, May 14, 1847; in garrison at Jefferson Barracks, Mo., 1848; on frontier duty at Ft. Snelling, Min., 1848–49, — Ft. Gaines, Min., 1849–50, — and Ft. Ripley, Min., 1850–54; in garrison at Jefferson Barracks, Mo., 1854–55; and on frontier duty in Sioux Expedition, 1855, being engaged in the Action of Blue Water, Sep. 3, 1855, — and at Ft. Pierre, Dak., 1855–56.

RESIGNED, SEP. 16, 1856.

Civil History. — Sutler at Ft. Randall, Dak., 1856–61.

Military History. — Served during the Rebellion of the Seceding

(BRIG.-GENERAL, U. S. VOLUNTEERS, SEP. 19, 1861, TO JULY 17, 1862)

States, 1861–62: in command of North Missouri District, Oct. 15 to Dec. 1, 1861; on leave of absence, Dec. 1, 1861, to May, 1862, to attend the meeting at Washington, D. C., of Congress, to which he was a delegate from the Territory of Dakota; and in command of 6th Division, Army of the Tennessee, June 3 to July 17, 1862.

Civil History. — Delegate from Dakota Territory in U. S. House of Representatives, 1861–65. Speaker of the House of Representatives of Dakota, 1867–69; and Governor of the Territory, 1869–71.

DIED, JAN. 5, 1872, AT YANKTON, DAK.: AGED 57.

930..(Born Mas.).....**JAMES R. SOLEY**.....(Ap'd Mas.)..**40**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1833, to July 1, 1837, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 4TH ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1837.

SECOND LIEUT., 4TH ARTILLERY, AUG. 31, 1837.

Served: in the Florida War against the Seminole Indians, 1837–38, being engaged in the Skirmish at Tuscawilla Pond, Apr. 29, 1838; in the Cherokee Nation, 1838, while transferring the Indians to the West; in garrison at Ft. Columbus, N. Y., 1838; in the Florida War, 1838–39; in garrison at Ft. Columbus, N. Y., 1839; at the Camp of Instruction near Trenton, N. J., 1839; on the Northern Frontier during Canada Border Disturbances, at Dearbornville, Mich., 1840, — Detroit, Mich., 1840–41, — Ft. Niagara, N. Y., 1841, — and Recruiting, 1841–42; and as Aide-de-

(FIRST LIEUT., 4TH ARTILLERY, JULY 20, 1842)

Camp to Brig.-General Wool, Aug. 1, 1842, to Jan. 1, 1845.

DIED, OCT. 31, 1845, AT TROY, N. Y.: AGED 29.

931..(Born N. C.)....**SAMUEL D. J. MOORE**....(Ap'd Ala.)..**41**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1832, to July 1, 1837, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 6TH INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1837: DECLINED.

Civil History. — Counselor at Law, Tuscaloosa, Ala., 1838–51, — in Lowndes County, Ala., 1851–55, — and at Woodville, Jackson County, Ala., 1855–61. Colonel, Alabama Militia, 1838–39. Member of the House of Representatives of the State of Alabama, 1838–39. Judge of Orphans' Court of Tuscaloosa County, Ala., 1843–47. Professor of Mathematics, Mars Hill College, near Florence, Ala., since 1866. Author of "Remedy for Existing Evils, Social and Political, — and necessarily, a Prevention of all Conflicts between Capital and Labor," 1878.

932..(Born Md.)....**RANDOLPH RIDGELY**.....(Ap'd M.)..**42**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1832, to July 1, 1837, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

SECOND LIEUT., 3D ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1837.

Served: in garrison at Ft. Monroe, Va., 1837; in the Florida War against the Seminole Indians, 1837–41, being engaged in the action of Locha-Hatchee, Jan. 24, 1838, — and as Adjutant, 3d Artillery, Mar. 8,

(FIRST LIEUT., 3D ARTILLERY, JULY 17, 1838)

1838, to May 1, 1841; in garrison at Ft. McHenry, Md., 1841–42, — Savannah, Ga., 1842–44, — Ft. Moultrie, S. C., 1844, — and Ft. McHenry, Md., 1844, 1844–45; in Military Occupation of Texas, 1845–46; and in the War with Mexico, 1846, being engaged in the Battle of Palo Alto, May 8,

(BVT. CAPT., MAY 9, 1846, FOR GALLANT AND DISTINGUISHED CONDUCT IN THE BATTLES OF PALO ALTO AND RESACA-DE-LA-PALMA, TEX.: DECLINED)

1846, — Battle of Resaca-de-la-Palma, May 9, 1846, — and Battle of

(BVT. CAPT., STAFF — ASST. ADJUTANT-GEN., JULY 7, 1846)

Monterey, Sep. 21–23, 1846; and, by the fall of his horse, was

KILLED, OCT. 27, 1846, AT MONTEREY, MEX.: AGED 32.

933..(Born Md.).....**FRANCIS O. WYSE**.....(Ap'd Md.)..**43**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, Sep. 1, 1833, to July 1, 1837, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 3D ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1837.

SECOND LIEUT., 3D ARTILLERY, JULY 31, 1837.

Served: in garrison at Ft. Monroe, Va., 1837; in the Florida War, 1837–38; in the Cherokee Nation, 1838, while transferring the Indians to

(FIRST LIEUT., 3D ARTILLERY, JULY 31, 1838)

the West; in the Florida War, 1838–40; in drilling recruits at Ft. Columbus, N. Y., 1840; in the Florida War, 1840–42; in garrison at Ft. McHenry, Md., 1842–43, — Augusta Arsenal, Ga., 1843–44, — Ft. Macon, N. C., 1844, — Augusta Arsenal, Ga., 1844–45, — and Ft. Moultrie, S. C., 1845–46; on Recruiting service, 1846; in garrison at Ft. Moultrie, S. C., 1846; in the War with Mexico, 1846–48; being engaged in the Combat at

(CAPTAIN, 3D ARTILLERY, MAR. 3, 1847)

Calabaza River, July 12, 1847; in garrison at Ft. Monroe, Va., 1848; on

(BVT. MAJOR, JULY 12, 1847, FOR GALLANT AND MERITORIOUS CONDUCT IN THE AFFAIR WITH THE ENEMY AT CALABAZA RIVER, MEX.)

leave of absence in Europe, 1848–49; in garrison at Ft. Adams, R. I., 1849; in Florida Hostilities against the Seminole Indians, 1849–50; on Board to establish Uniforms, at Washington, D. C., 1850–51; in garrison at Ft. Independence, Mas., 1851–54, — and Ft. Columbus, N. Y., 1854; suspended, 1854; on frontier duty at Ft. Reading, Cal., 1855–56, — Ft. Jones, Cal., 1856, — Benicia Barracks, Cal., 1856, — Ft. Dalles, Or., 1856, — Ft. Cascades, Wash., 1856–58, — San Diego, Cal., 1858, — Ft. Taylor, Wash., 1858, — Spokane Expedition, 1858, — and Ft. Vancouver,

(MAJOR, 4TH ARTILLERY, MAY 14, 1861)

(LIEUT.-COLONEL, 4TH ARTILLERY, NOV. 1, 1861)

Wash., 1858–59, 1860; on leave of absence, 1860–61; and on detached service at Ft. Monroe, Va., 1861.

Served: during the Rebellion of the Seceding States, 1861–63: on

Recruiting service at Baltimore, Md., Dec. 3, 1861, to June 18, 1862; and as Mustering and Disbursing Officer at Baltimore, Md., Mar. 22 to June 18, 1862.

RESIGNED, JULY 25, 1863.

Re-appointed in the Army as additional

LIEUT.-COLONEL, 4TH ARTILLERY, FEB. 19, 1879.

RETIRED FROM ACTIVE SERVICE, BY ACT OF CONGRESS, FEB. 28, 1879.

Civil History. — Farmer, near Pikesville, Md., since 1863.

934..(Born N. Y.)...**WILLIAM G. GRANDIN**...(Ap'd N. Y.)..**44**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1833, to July 1, 1837, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

SECOND LIEUT., 4TH INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1837.

Served: in the Florida War against the Seminole Indians, 1837–38, being engaged in the Battle of Okee-cho-bee, Dec. 25, 1837; and as

(FIRST LIEUT., 4TH INFANTRY, APR. 1, 1840)

Aide-de-Camp to Bvt. Brig.-General Taylor, Oct. 28, 1838, to May 12, 1840.

RESIGNED, OCT. 3, 1840.

Civil History. — Counselor at Law, 1842–61.

Military History. — Served during the Rebellion of the Seceding States, 1861–62, on Commissary duty, as

CAPTAIN, STAFF — COM. OF SUBSISTENCE, U. S. VOLUNTEERS, SEP. 30, 1861,

till his appointment was negatived by the Senate, and

REVOKED BY THE PRESIDENT, FEB. 3, 1862.

DIED, AUG. 4, 1863, AT WASHINGTON, D. C.: AGED 46.

935..(Born Ky.).....**NEVIL HOPSON**.....(Ap'd Ky.)..**45**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1833, to July 1, 1837, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

SECOND LIEUT., 7TH INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1837.

Served: on frontier duty at Ft. Gibson, I. T., 1837–38; in the Florida War against the Seminole Indians, 1839–40, 1841–42, being engaged in the Skirmish at Martin's Point Hammock, near Ft. Micanopy, Dec. 28,

(FIRST LIEUT., 7TH INFANTRY, DEC. 31, 1842)

1840; in garrison at Ft. Brooke, Fla., 1842–43, — New Orleans Barracks, La., 1843, — and Baton Rouge, La., 1843–45; in the Military Occupation of Texas, 1845–46; and in the War with Mexico, 1846, being engaged in the Defense of Ft. Brown, May 3–9, 1846.

DISMISSED, AUG. 22, 1846, FOR DRUNKENNESS.

DIED, 1847, IN TEXAS: AGED 32.

936..(Born Ga.)....**WILLIAM H. T. WALKER**...(Ap'd Ga.)..**46**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1832, to July 1, 1837, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 6TH INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1837.

SECOND LIEUT., 6TH INFANTRY, JULY 31, 1837.

Served: in the Florida War against the Seminole Indians, 1837–38,

being engaged in the Battle of Okee-cho-bee, Dec. 25, 1837, where he

(BVT. FIRST LIEUT., DEC. 25, 1837, FOR GALLANTRY AND GOOD CONDUCT IN THE WAR AGAINST THE FLORIDA INDIANS)

(FIRST LIEUT., 6TH INFANTRY, FEB. 1, 1838)

was severely (thrice) wounded ; and on sick leave of absence, disabled by wounds, 1838.

RESIGNED, OCT. 31, 1838.

Re-appointed, Nov. 18, 1840, in the United States Army, as

FIRST LIEUT., 6TH INFANTRY, FEB. 1, 1838 — HIS FORMER RANK.

Served : in the Florida War, 1840–42 ; on frontier duty at Ft. Towson, I. T., 1842, — and Ft. Gibson, I. T., 1843–44 ; on Recruiting ser-

(CAPTAIN, 6TH INFANTRY, NOV. 7, 1845)

vice, 1844–46 ; in the War with Mexico, 1846–47, being engaged in the Siege of Vera Cruz, May 9–29, 1847, — Battle of Cerro Gordo, Apr. 17–18, 1847, — Skirmish of Amazoque, May 14, 1847, — Capture of San Antonio,

(BVT. MAJOR, AUG. 20, 1847, FOR GALLANT AND MERITORIOUS CONDUCT IN THE BATTLES OF CONTRERAS AND CHURUBUSCO, MEX.)

Aug. 20, 1847, — Battle of Churubusco, Aug. 20, 1847, —and Battle of

(BVT. LIEUT.-COL., SEP. 8, 1847, FOR GALLANT AND MERITORIOUS CONDUCT IN THE BATTLE OF MOLINO DEL REY, MEX.)

Molino Del Rey, Sep. 8, 1847, where he was severely wounded ; * on sick leave of absence, 1847–49 ; on Recruiting service, 1849–50 ; on sick leave of absence in Europe, Asia, and Africa, 1850–51 ; on Recruiting service, 1851–52 ; as Deputy Governor of East Pascagoula Branch Military Asylum, Mis., Dec. 3, 1852, to June 24, 1854 ; at the Military Academy, as Commandant of Cadets, and Instructor of Infantry Tactics, July 31, 1854, to May 27, 1856 ; on frontier duty at Ft. Ripley, Min.,

(MAJOR, 10TH INFANTRY, MAR. 3, 1855)

1856 ; and on sick leave of absence, 1856–60.

RESIGNED, DEC. 20, 1860.

Joined in the Rebellion of 1861–66 against the United States, and was KILLED IN A SORTIE FROM ATLANTA, GA., JULY 22, 1864 : AGED 47.

* In 1849 he was presented, by the State of Georgia, with a sword of honor, "as a tribute to his gallantry in Florida and Mexico," on which was inscribed : "Okee-cho-bee ;" "Vera Cruz ;" "Churubusco ;" and "Molino del Rey."

937..(Born N. Y.)....**LEVI P. DAVIDSON**.....(Ap'd N. Y.)..**47**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1833, to July 1, 1837, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

SECOND LIEUT., 1ST DRAGOONS, JULY 1, 1837.

Served : on frontier duty at Ft. Leavenworth, Kan., 1837, — Osage Country, 1837, — Ft. Leavenworth, Kan., 1837–40, — and Ft. Wayne,

(FIRST LIEUT., 1ST DRAGOONS, DEC. 31, 1840)

I. T., 1840 ; and on sick leave of absence, 1840–42.

DIED, JUNE 27, 1842, AT SARATOGA, N. Y. : AGED 25.

938..(Born Va.).....**ROBERT H. CHILTON**.....(Ap'd Va.)..**48**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1833, to July 1, 1837, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

SECOND LIEUT., 1ST DRAGOONS, JULY 1, 1837.

Served : on frontier duty at Ft. Leavenworth, Kan., 1837, — Osage Country, 1837, — Ft. Leavenworth, Kan., 1837–39, — Choctaw Nation,

1839–41, — Ft. Gibson, I. T., 1841, — and Ft. Wayne, I. T., 1841–42 ; on Recruiting service, 1842 ; on frontier duty at Ft. Gibson, I. T., 1843, —

(FIRST LIEUT., 1ST DRAGOONS, FEB. 21, 1842)

Western Prairie, 1843, — Ft. Gibson, I. T., 1843–44, — Expedition to the Falls of the Brazos, Tex., 1844, — Ft. Gibson, I. T., 1844–45, — and Ft. Leavenworth, Kan., 1845–46 ; in the War with Mexico, 1846–47, on

(CAPTAIN, STAFF — ASST. QUARTERMASTER, MAY 11 TO DEC. 6, 1846)

(CAPTAIN, 1ST DRAGOONS, DEC. 6, 1846, TO JULY 25, 1854)

Quartermaster duty, and was engaged in the Battle of Buena Vista, Feb. 22–23, 1847 ; on frontier duty in Pawnee Expedition, 1849, being

(BVT. MAJOR, FEB. 23, 1847, FOR GALLANT AND MERITORIOUS CONDUCT IN THE BATTLE OF BUENA VISTA, MEX.)

engaged in a Skirmish on Platte River, near Ft. Kearny, Neb., Oct. 29, 1849, — Ft. Leavenworth, Kan., 1850–51, — Ft. Laramie, Dak., 1851, — Oregon route, 1851, — Ft. Atkinson, Kan., 1852, — Ft. Leavenworth, Kan., 1852–53, — Ft. Atkinson, Kan., 1853, — Ft. Leavenworth, Kan., 1853–54, — and Ft. Union, N. M., 1854 ; and in Pay Department at Washington,

(MAJOR, STAFF — PAYMASTER, JULY 25, 1854)

D. C., 1854, — New York, 1854–55, — Detroit, Mich., 1855, — San Antonio, Tex., 1855–60, — and Detroit, Mich., 1860–61.

RESIGNED, APR. 29, 1861.

Joined in the Rebellion of 1861–66 against the United States.

Civil History. — President of the Columbus, Ga., Manufacturing Company, 1869–79.

DIED, FEB. 18, 1879, AT COLUMBUS, GA. : AGED 63.

939..(Born Va.).....**WILLIAM HARDIA**.....(Ap'd Va.)..**49**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1833, to July 1, 1837, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

SECOND LIEUT., 2D DRAGOONS, JULY 1, 1837.

Served : in the Florida War against the Seminole Indians, 1837–39 ;

(FIRST LIEUT., 2D DRAGOONS, DEC. 1, 1838)

and on Recruiting service, 1839–40.

DISMISSED, FEB. 17, 1840, FOR HABITUAL DRUNKENNESS.

Civil History. — School Teacher, Covington, Ky., 1840–42.

DIED, MAR. 4, 1842, AT COVINGTON, KY. : AGED 28.

940..(Born N. C.)..**FRANKLIN SAUNDERS**...(Ap'd N. C.)..**50**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, Sep. 1, 1833, to July 1, 1837, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 2D DRAGOONS, JULY 1, 1837.

SECOND LIEUT., 2D DRAGOONS, SEP. 11, 1837.

Served in the Florida War against the Seminole Indians, 1837–38.

RESIGNED, JUNE 30, 1838.

Civil History. — Civil Engineer, 1838–46. Asst. Engineer, Charleston, S. C., Louisville, Ky., and Cincinnati, O., projected Railroad, 1838.

Military History. — Served in the War with Mexico, as

CAPTAIN, 1ST KENTUCKY VOLUNTEERS, MAY 30, 1846,

in the Northern States of Mexico, till he was

DISBANDED, MAY 17, 1847.

Civil History. — Asst. Engineer, North Carolina Railroad, 1850–55.
DIED, FEB. 4, 1856, NEAR BALTIMORE, MD.: AGED 38.

CLASS OF 1838.

941..(Born N. C.)..**WILLIAM H. WRIGHT**....(Ap'd N. C.)..**1**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1834, to July 1, 1838, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

SECOND LIEUT., 1ST ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1838.
SECOND LIEUT., CORPS OF ENGINEERS, JULY 7, 1838.

Served: as Asst. Engineer in the building of Ft. Warren, Boston

(FIRST LIEUT., CORPS OF ENGINEERS, DEC. 7, 1838)

harbor, Mas., 1838–45; and as Superintending Engineer of the construction of the Sea-wall for the protection of Lovell's Island, Boston harbor, Mas., 1844–45.

Civil History. — Author of a "Treatise on Mortars, Concretes, etc.," 1845.

DIED, DEC. 29, 1845, AT WILMINGTON, N. C.: AGED 31.

942..(Born La.)....**P. G. T. BEAUREGARD**.....(Ap'd La.)..**2**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1834, to July 1, 1838, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

SECOND LIEUT., 1ST ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1838.
SECOND LIEUT., CORPS OF ENGINEERS, JULY 7, 1838.

Served: as Asst. Engineer in the building of Ft. Adams, Newport harbor, R. I., 1838–39, — of the defenses of Pensacola harbor, Fla.,

(FIRST LIEUT., CORPS OF ENGINEERS, JUNE 16, 1839)

1839–40, — of Survey of Barataria Bay, La., 1840–41, — and of repairs of Ft. Jackson, Mississippi River, La., 1841; as Superintending Engineer in the building of Tower Dupré, and of the repairs of the defenses of the eastern passes to New Orleans, La., 1841–44, and 1845–46, — and of repairs of Ft. McHenry, Md., 1844–45; in the War with Mexico, 1846–48, being engaged in the construction of the defenses of Tampico, 1846–47, — Siege of Vera Cruz, Mar. 9–29, 1847, — Reconnoissance and Battle of Cerro Gordo, Apr. 17–18, 1847, — Reconnoissance of the Pedregal, Aug. 19, 1847, — Battle of Contreras, Aug. 19–20, 1847, — Reconnois-

(BVT. CAPT., AUG. 20, 1847, FOR GALLANT AND MERITORIOUS CONDUCT IN THE BATTLES OF CONTRERAS AND CHURUBUSCO, MEX.)

sance of the approaches to the City of Mexico, Sep. 9–13, 1847, — Battle of Chapultepec, Sep. 13, 1847, — and Assault and Capture of the City of

(BVT. MAJOR, SEP. 13, 1847, FOR GALLANT AND MERITORIOUS CONDUCT IN THE BATTLE OF CHAPULTEPEC, MEX.)

Mexico, Sep. 13–14, 1847, where he was wounded in storming the "Causeway Battery," and again near the Belen Gate; as Superintending Engineer in the building of Ft. Gaines, Mobile harbor, Ala., 1848–49, — of the repairs of Fts. St. Philip and Jackson, La., 1849–52, — and building of Ft. Livingston, La., 1849–52; as Member of a special Board of Engineers for the improvement of the Delta of the Mississippi, and construction of a harbor on Lake Pontchartrain, La., 1852–53; as Superintending Engi-

(CAPTAIN, CORPS OF ENGINEERS, MAR. 3, 1853, FOR FOURTEEN YEARS' CONTINUOUS SERVICE)

neer of New Orleans Custom-House, La., 1853–60; in general supervision of opening of S. W. Pass into Mississippi River, and construction of a harbor on Lake Pontchartrain, La., 1853; as Member of a special Board of Engineers for projecting the defenses on the Gulf Frontier of Alabama, Mississippi, and Texas, 1857, — and for the protection of the site of Ft. McRee, Fla., 1858; as Superintending Engineer of New Orleans Marine Hospital and Quarantine Warehouses, 1859–60; and as Superintendent of the U. S. Military Academy, Jan. 23–28, 1861.

RESIGNED, FEB. 20, 1861.

Civil History. — Chief Engineer for Drainage of the site of New Orleans, La., 1858–61.

Joined in the Rebellion of 1861–66 against the United States.

Civil History. — Civil Engineer since 1866. Tendered the Chief Command of the Army of Roumania, 1866 (declined); and that of the Egyptian Army, 1869 (declined). Adjutant-General of the State of Louisiana, 1878 to 18—. Commissioner of Public Works of New Orleans, La., 1888 to 18—.

943..(Born S. C.).....**JAMES H. TRAPIER**.....(Ap'd S. C.)..**3**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1834, to July 1, 1838, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

SECOND LIEUT., 1ST ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1838.

SECOND LIEUT., CORPS OF ENGINEERS, JULY 7, 1838.

Served: as Asst. Engineer in building the defenses of Charleston harbor, S. C., 1838–39, — Ft. Pulaski, Ga., 1839–40, — Defenses of Charles-

(FIRST LIEUT., CORPS OF ENGINEERS, JULY 1, 1839)

ton harbor, S. C., 1840–42, — and to the Board of Engineers, 1840; as Superintending Engineer of the repairs at Ft. Macon, Beaufort harbor, N. C., 1842–44, — of Ft. Caswell, mouth of Cape Fear River, N. C., 1844–45, — of Ft. Ontario, Oswego harbor, N. Y., 1845–47, — and of Fts. Niagara and Porter, Niagara River, N. Y., 1846–47; in the War with Mexico, 1847; and as Asst. Engineer of the repairs of the fortifications of New York harbor, 1847–48.

RESIGNED, FEB. 28, 1848.

Civil History. — Planter, Georgetown, S. C., 1848–61. Major, Staff (Chief of Ordnance of the State of South Carolina), 1851–52, — and Col., Staff (Aide-de-Camp to Governor Means, of South Carolina), 1851–53.

Joined in the Rebellion of 1861–66 against the United States.

DIED, JAN 2, 1866, AT MANSFIELD, S. C.: AGED 51.

944..(Born Vt.)...**STEPHEN H. CAMPBELL**....(Ap'd Vt.)..**4**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1834, to July 1, 1838, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

SECOND LIEUT., 2D ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1838.

SECOND LIEUT., CORPS OF ENGINEERS, JULY 7, 1838.

Served: as Asst. Engineer in building Fts. Monroe and Calhoun, Hampton Roads, Va., 1838–39, — to the Board of Engineers, 1839–40,—

(FIRST LIEUT., CORPS OF ENGINEERS, JULY 1, 1839)

and in constructing Fts. Monroe and Calhoun, Va., 1840–44; and as Superintending Engineer of the repairs and preservation of the site of Ft. Caswell, mouth of Cape Fear River, N. C., 1844.

DIED, JAN. 1, 1845, AT JACKSONVILLE, FLA.: AGED 31.

945..(Born N. H.).**JEREMIAH M. SCARRITT**.... (Ap'd Ill.)..5

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1834, to July 1, 1838, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

SECOND LIEUT., 6TH INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1838.

SECOND LIEUT., CORPS OF ENGINEERS, JULY 7, 1838.

Served : as Asst. Engineer in the improvement of St. Louis harbor, Mo., 1838 ; as Chief Engineer in the Florida War against the Seminole Indians, 1838–39 ; at the Military Academy, as Principal Assistant Pro-

(FIRST LIEUT., CORPS OF ENGINEERS, JULY 1, 1839)

fessor of Engineering, Sep. 1, 1839, to Aug. 26, 1841; as Asst. Engineer in building the fortifications of Pensacola harbor, Fla., 1841–45 ; in the Military Occupation of Texas, 1845–46 ; in the War with Mexico, 1846–47, being engaged in the Battle of Palo Alto, May 8, 1846, — Battle of Resaca-de-la-Palma, May 9, 1846, — and Battle of Monterey, Sep. 21–23, 1846 ; and as Superintending Engineer of the repairs of Ft.

(BVT. CAPT., SEP. 23, 1846, FOR GALLANT AND MERITORIOUS CONDUCT IN THE SEVERAL CONFLICTS AT MONTEREY, MEX.)

Morgan, Mobile Bay, Ala., 1847–53, — of Surveys of Flint and Chattahoochee Rivers, 1853, — and of the building of Ft. Taylor and Navy Coal

(CAPTAIN, CORPS OF ENGINEERS, MAR. 3, 1853, FOR FOURTEEN YEARS' CONTINUOUS SERVICE)

Depot, at Key West, Fla., 1853–54.

DIED, JUNE 22, 1854, AT KEY WEST, FLA. : AGED 37.

946.(Born N. Y.)..**ALEXANDER H. DEARBORN**.(Ap'd N. Y.).6

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1834, to July 1, 1838, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

SECOND LIEUT., 2D ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1838.

SECOND LIEUT., ORDNANCE, JULY 9, 1838.

Served : as Asst. Ordnance Officer at St. Louis Arsenal, Mo., 1838–39 ; in command of Baton Rouge Arsenal, La., 1839–41 ; on Foundry duty, 1841–45 ; and in command of Frankford Arsenal, Pa., 1845–48, — and of

(FIRST LIEUT., ORDNANCE, MAR. 3, 1847)

Mount Vernon Arsenal, Ala., 1848–50, 1851–53.

DIED, FEB. 26, 1853, AT MOUNT VERNON ARSENAL, ALA. : AGED 35.

947..(Born Mis.).....**JOHN T. METCALFE**.....(Ap'd Mis.)..7

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1834, to July 1, 1838, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

SECOND LIEUT., 3D ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1838.

SECOND LIEUT., ORDNANCE, JULY 9, 1838.

Served : in command of Augusta Arsenal, Ga., 1838 ; and in the Florida War, 1838–39, in command of Garey's Ferry Ordnance Depot.

RESIGNED, MAY 31, 1840.

Civil History. — Graduated in Medicine at the University of Pennsylvania, 1843. Physician near Natchez, Mis., 1845–46, — and in New York city, since 1846. Attending Physician to Bellevue Hospital, 1847–59, — and Consulting Physician, since 1859. Inspector of Public Schools, New York city, 1847–48. Physician to New York Hospital for Lying-in Women, 1850–60. Consulting Physician to the New York Deaf and Dumb Institution, since 1851, — to St. Luke's Hospital, since 1853,

—and to Children's Nursery and Hospital, 1855–60. Attending Physician to the New York City Hospital, 1857. Professor of Institutes and Practice of Medicine in the Medical Department of the University of the City of New York, 1856–66, —and of Clinical Medicine in the College of Physicians and Surgeons, New York, 1866. Author of various papers on Medical Science, 1845–87.

948..(Born S. C.).....**THOMAS CASEY**.....(Ap'd Ala.)..**8**

Military History. —Cadet at the Military Academy, Sep. 1, 1834, to July 1, 1838, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

SECOND LIEUT., 3D ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1838.

FIRST LIEUT., 3D ARTILLERY, AUG. 1, 1838.

Served in the Florida War against the Seminole Indians, 1838–39.

RESIGNED, FEB. 28, 1839.

Civil History. — Unknown.

DIED, JAN. 20, 1847, NEAR SAN ANTONIO, TEX.: AGED 27.

949..(Born S. C.).....**ISAAC S. K. REEVES**.....(Ap'd S. C.)..**9**

Military History. —Cadet at the Military Academy, Sep. 1, 1834, to July 1, 1838, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

SECOND LIEUT., 1ST ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1838.

Served: on the Northern Frontier during Canada Border Disturbances, at Plattsburg, N. Y., 1838–39, — Rouse's Point, N. Y., 1839,— and Platts-

(FIRST LIEUT., 1ST ARTILLERY, JUNE 21, 1839)

burg, N. Y., 1839; on Recruiting service, 1839–40; in garrison at Ft. Columbus, N. Y., 1840; on Maine Frontier, at Houlton, 1840, pending "Disputed Territory" controversy; on Recruiting service, 1840; at the Military Academy, 1840–43, 1846–50, as Asst. Professor of Geography, History, and Ethics, Oct. 27, 1840, to Jan. 20, 1841, — Asst. Professor of Mathematics, Jan. 20, 1841, to Sep. 1, 1842, — Asst. Professor of Geography, History, and Ethics, Sep. 1, 1842, to July 1, 1843, — Quartermaster, Sep. 1, 1842, to July 1, 1843, — and Adjutant, Oct. 31, 1846, to

(CAPTAIN, 1ST ARTILLERY, APR. 1, 1850)

Sep. 28, 1850; and on sick leave of absence, 1850–51.

DIED, FEB. 22, 1851, AT FLUSHING, N. Y.: AGED 32.

950..(Born Ky.).....**BUCKNER BOARD**.....(Ap'd Ky.)..**10**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1834, to July 1, 1838, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

SECOND LIEUT., 3D ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1838.

Served: in the Cherokee Nation, 1838, while transferring the Indians to

(FIRST LIEUT., 3D ARTILLERY, AUG. 1, 1838)

the West; in the Florida War, 1838–39; and in removing Seminole Indians to Arkansas, 1839–40.

RESIGNED, MAR. 31, 1840.

Civil History. — Counselor at Law, Kentucky, 1842–61.

Military History. — Served during the Rebellion of the Seceding States, 1861–62, as

COLONEL, 2D KENTUCKY CAVALRY VOLUNTEERS, SEP. 9, 1861,

till he

RESIGNED, DEC. 25, 1862.

Civil History. — Merchant, Nashville, Tenn., 1863–65, — and at St. Louis, Mo., since 1865.

951..(Born Va.) .....**WILLIAM B. BLAIR**.....(Ap'd Va.)..**11**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1834, to July 1, 1838, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

SECOND LIEUT., 2D ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1838.

Served: on the Northern Frontier during Canada Border Disturbances, at Buffalo, N. Y., 1838–39, — Ft. Niagara, N. Y., 1839, — and Buffalo, N. Y., 1839–41; in garrison at Ft. Columbus, N. Y., 1841, — and Ft.

(FIRST LIEUT., 2D ARTILLERY, NOV. 4, 1840, TO JULY 1, 1852)

Mifflin, Pa., 1841–42; at the Military Academy, as Asst. Professor of Mathematics, Aug. 31, 1842, to Aug. 31, 1843; in garrison at Ft. Mifflin, Pa., 1843–46; on Recruiting service, 1846; in the War with Mexico, 1846–48, being engaged on Ordnance duty at Tampico, 1846–47, — as Commissary of 2d Division, 1847–48, — in the Battle of Cerro Gordo,

(BVT. CAPTAIN, APR. 18, 1847, FOR GALLANT AND MERITORIOUS CONDUCT IN THE BATTLE OF CERRO GORDO, MEX.)

Apr. 18, 1847, — and Battle of Churubusco, Aug. 20, 1847; on leave of absence, 1847–48; and on Commissary duty at Washington, D. C., Oct. 1 to Dec. 31, 1850, — New York city, 1851, — San Antonio, Tex.,

(CAPTAIN, STAFF — COMMISSARY OF SUBSISTENCE, SEP. 27, 1850)

1851–53, — Corpus Christi, Tex., 1853–55, — San Antonio, Tex., 1855–59, — Washington, D. C., 1859–60, — and San Antonio, Tex., 1860–61.

RESIGNED, MAY 14, 1861.

Joined in the Rebellion of 1861–66 against the United States.

Civil History. — Professor of Natural and Experimental Philosophy and Instructor of Artillery, Virginia Military Institute, Lexington, Va., Oct. 16, 1865, to Mar. 23, 1883.

DIED, MAR. 23, 1883, AT LEXINGTON, VA.: AGED 66.

952..(Born Va.)..**THOMAS LEE RINGGOLD**..(Ap'd D. C.)..**12**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, Sep. 1, 1834, to July 1, 1838, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

SECOND LIEUT., 4TH ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1838.

Served: in the Florida War, 1838–39; in garrison at Ft. Columbus, N. Y., 1839; at the Camp of Instruction near Trenton, N. J., 1839; at the Military Academy, as Assistant Professor of Natural and Experimental Philosophy, Aug. 28, 1839, to July 19, 1841; as Asst. Ordnance

(TRANSFERRED TO ORDNANCE, JULY 21, 1840)

Officer at Washington Arsenal, D. C., 1841–42, — in dismounting guns in Atlantic Coast Defenses, 1842–43, — and at Washington Arsenal, D. C., 1843–45; on Foundry duty, 1845–47; as Asst. Ordnance Officer at Washington Arsenal, D. C., 1847–49; in Florida Hostilities, at Tampa Ord-

(FIRST LIEUT., ORDNANCE, MAR. 3, 1847)

nance Depot, 1849–50, 1850; as Asst. Ordnance Officer at Washington Arsenal, D. C., 1851; and as Assistant to the Judge Advocate of the

(CAPTAIN, ORDNANCE, JULY 1, 1853, FOR FOURTEEN YEARS' CONTINUOUS SERVICE)

Army, Mar. 19, 1851, to May 11, 1854.

DIED, MAY 11, 1854, AT WASHINGTON, D. C.: AGED 36.

953..(Born N. Y.)..**JAMES M. KETCHUM**..(Ap'd at Large)..**13**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1834, to July 1, 1838, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

SECOND LIEUT., 3D ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1838.

Served: in the Cherokee Nation, 1838, while transferring the Indians

(FIRST LIEUT., 3D ARTILLERY, DEC. 1, 1838)

to the West; in the Florida War, 1838–39, 1840–42; and in garrison at Ft. Morgan, Ala., 1842, — and Savannah, Ga., 1842–44.

RESIGNED, APR. 30, 1844.

DIED, JUNE 8, 1844, AT CINCINNATI, O.: AGED 26.

954..(Born Ga.).....**HENRY C. WAYNE**.....(Ap'd Ga.)..**14**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1834, to July 1, 1838, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

SECOND LIEUT., 4TH ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1838.

TRANSFERRED TO 1ST ARTILLERY, JULY 12, 1838.

Served: on the Northern Frontier, at Plattsburg, N. Y., 1838–40, during Canada Border Disturbances; on Maine Frontier, at Houlton, 1840–41, pending "Disputed Territory" controversy; at the Military Academy, 1841–46, as Asst. Instructor of Artillery and Cavalry, of the

(FIRST LIEUT., 1ST ARTILLERY, MAY 16, 1842, TO FEB. 22, 1851)

Sword Exercise, and of Infantry Tactics, Dec. 12, 1841, to July 1, 1843, — and Quartermaster, July 1, 1843, to June 11, 1846; and on Quartermaster duty, in the War with Mexico, as Assistant to the Quartermaster-

(CAPTAIN, STAFF — ASST. QUARTERMASTER, MAY 11, 1846)

General, in forwarding supplies, 1846–47, participating in the Battle of Churubusco, Aug. 20, 1847, — in the Quartermaster-General's Office at

(BVT. MAJOR, AUG. 20, 1847, FOR GALLANT AND MERITORIOUS CONDUCT IN THE BATTLES OF CONTRERAS AND CHURUBUSCO, MEX.)

Washington, D. C., in charge of the Clothing Bureau, 1848–55, — in procuring Camels in Africa and Asia, 1855–56, and testing in Texas their adaptability for Army transportation, 1857–58, — and in the Quartermaster-General's Office at Washington, D. C., 1858–60.

RESIGNED, DEC. 31, 1860.

Civil History. — Author of a work on "The Sword Exercise, arranged for Military Instruction," 1850. Recipient, 1858, of a First Class Gold Medal from the "Société Impériale Zoölogique d'Acclimatation," of Paris, for the successful introduction and acclimation of the Camel in the United States.

Joined in the Rebellion of 1861–66 against the United States.

Civil History. — Engaged in Lumber business, Georgia, 1866–75.

DIED, MAR. 16, 1883, AT SAVANNAH, GA.: AGED 69.

955..(Born Vt.).....**LUCIUS PITKIN**.....(Ap'd Vt.)..**15**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1834, to July 1, 1838, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

SECOND LIEUT., 2D ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1838.

Served: on the Northern Frontier during Canada Border Disturbances, at Ft. Niagara, N. Y., 1838, — Rochester, N. Y., 1838–39, — Recruiting, 1839, — Rochester, N. Y., 1839–41, — Buffalo, N. Y., 1841, — and Rome

Arsenal, N. Y., 1841; and in garrison at Ft. Columbus, N. Y., 1841–42,
(FIRST LIEUT., 2D ARTILLERY, JAN. 4, 1842)
— Ft. Hamilton, N. Y., 1842–43, — and Ft. Columbus, N. Y., 1843–44.
RESIGNED, JUNE 1, 1844.

Civil History. — Counselor at Law, New York city, 1844–67. Commissioner of Deeds for many States, 1851–67. Major, Staff (Brigade Judge Advocate, N. Y. Militia), 1849–54, — Lieut.-Colonel, 1854–55, — Colonel, 1855–57, — and Brig.-General, Staff (Engineer in Chief of the State of New York), Jan. 1 to May 10, 1857.

DIED, OCT. 12, 1867, AT NEW YORK CITY: AGED 56.

956..(Born O.).....**WILLIAM H. SHOVER**.....(Ap'd O.)..**16**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1834, to July 1, 1838, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

SECOND LIEUT., 3D ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1838.

Served: in the Cherokee Nation, 1838, while transferring the Indians to the West; in the Florida War, 1838–42; in garrison at New Orleans,
(FIRST LIEUT., 3D ARTILLERY, MAR. 1, 1839)
La., 1842, — Ft. Wood, La., 1842, — St. Augustine, Fla., 1842–43, — and Ft. McHenry, Md., 1843–45; in Military Occupation of Texas, 1845–46; in the War with Mexico, 1846–48, being engaged in the Battle of Palo Alto, May 8, 1846, — Battle of Resaca-de-la-Palma, May 9, 1846, — Battle of
(BVT. CAPTAIN, SEP. 23, 1846, FOR GALLANT CONDUCT AT MONTEREY, MEX.)
Monterey, Sep. 21–23, 1846, — and Battle of Buena Vista, Feb. 22–23,
(CAPT., STAFF — ASST. QUARTERMASTER, JAN. 18 TO MAR. 22, 1847)
(BVT. MAJOR, FEB. 23, 1847, FOR GALLANT AND MERITORIOUS CONDUCT IN THE BATTLE OF BUENA VISTA, MEX.)
(CAPTAIN, 3D ARTILLERY, MAR. 22, 1847)
1847; and at the Military Academy, as Instructor of Artillery and Cavalry, Dec. 24, 1848, to Sep. 7, 1850.

DIED, SEP. 7, 1850, AT WEST POINT, N. Y.: AGED 36.

957..(Born N. Y.)...**WILLIAM F. BARRY**....(Ap'd N. Y.)..**17**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, Sep. 1, 1834, to July 1, 1838, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 4TH ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1838.
SECOND LIEUT., 4TH ARTILLERY, JULY 7, 1838.
TRANSFERRED TO 2D ARTILLERY, JULY 12, 1838.

Served: in garrison at Carlisle Barracks, Pa., 1838; on Northern Frontier, at Buffalo, N. Y., 1838–39, during Canada Border Disturbances; at the Camp of Instruction near Trenton, N. J., 1839; on the Northern Frontier, at Buffalo, N. Y., 1839–41, during Canada Border Disturbances; in garrison at Ft. Hamilton, N. Y., 1841, — Ft. Lafayette, N. Y., 1841, — Ft. Hamilton, N. Y., 1841–42, — Ft. Adams, R. I., 1842,
(FIRST LIEUT., 2D ARTILLERY, AUG. 17, 1842)
— Ft. Trumbull, Ct., 1842, — and Ft. Hamilton, N. Y., 1842–46; on Recruiting service, 1846; in the War with Mexico, 1846–47, at Tampico; on sick leave of absence, Mar. to Oct., 1847; in the War with Mexico, 1847–48, as Acting Asst. Adjutant-General of Major-General Patterson's division, Oct.–Dec., 1847, and of 1st Brigade of Bvt. Maj.-General

Worth's division, Jan.–Mar., 1848, — and as Aide-de-Camp to Bvt. Maj.-General Worth, May 6 to Sep. 15, 1848; in garrison at Ft. Monroe, Va., 1848–49, — Ft. McHenry, Md., 1849–51, — and Ft. Monroe, Va., 1851–52; in Florida Hostilities against the Seminole Indians, 1852–53,

(CAPTAIN, 2D ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1852)

1853; in garrison at Baton Rouge, La., 1853–54; in conducting recruits to Baton Rouge, La., 1854–55; in garrison at Baton Rouge, La., 1855; on frontier duty at Ft. Washita, I. T., 1855; in garrison at Baton Rouge, La., 1855–56, — and Ft. Hamilton, N. Y., 1856–57; on frontier duty at Ft. Snelling, Min., 1857, — Ft. Leavenworth, quelling Kansas Disturbances, 1857–58, — and Ft. Kearny, Neb., 1858; as Member of the Board, 1858–59, to Revise the System of Light Artillery Tactics, which was adopted for the service of the United States, Mar. 6, 1860; on frontier duty at Ft. Leavenworth, Kan., 1859–61; and in garrison at Washington Arsenal, D. C., 1861.

Served during the Rebellion of the Seceding States, 1861–66: in Defense of Ft. Pickens, Fla., Apr. 19 to July 4, 1861; in the Manassas

(MAJOR, 5TH ARTILLERY, MAY 14, 1861)

Campaign, as Chief of Artillery of the Army commanded by Brig.-General McDowell, July, 1861, being engaged in the Battle of Bull Run, July 21, 1861; as Chief of Artillery of the Army of the Potomac, July 27, 1861, to Aug. 27, 1862, organizing its artillery and that of other armies,

(BRIG.-GENERAL, U. S. VOLUNTEERS, AUG. 20, 1861)

and in the defenses of Washington, D. C., July 22, 1861, to Mar. 14, 1862; in the Virginia Peninsular Campaign (Army of the Potomac), Mar. 14 to Aug. 27, 1862, being engaged in the Siege of Yorktown, Apr. 5–May 4, 1862, — Battle of Gaines' Mill, June 27, 1862, — Skirmish of Mechanicsville, May 24, 1862, — Battle of Charles City Cross Roads, June 29, 1865, — Battle of Malvern Hill, July 1, 1862, — and Skirmish at Harrison's Landing, July 2, 1862; as Chief of Artillery of the defenses of Washington, D. C., Sep. 20, 1862, to Mar. 1, 1864; as Member of the Commission to examine the plan and sufficiency of the defenses of Washington City, Oct. 29 to Dec. 24, 1862, — of Board for the Armament of Fortifications, Jan., 1863, — of Board to devise a system of Wrought-iron Gun-carriages, Sep. to Oct., 1863, — of Board for re-ar-

(LIEUT.-COL., 1ST ARTILLERY, AUG. 1, 1863)

ranging the Armament of the Defenses of Washington, D. C., Dec., 1863, — and of Board to consider the practicability of revetting forts with iron, Dec., 1863; assigned to the command of the Defense of Pittsburg, Pa., and Wheeling, Va., against a threatened cavalry raid, May, 1863; as Chief of Artillery on the Staff of Major-General Sherman, commanding Military Division of the Mississippi, Mar. 15, 1864, to Jan. 15, 1866; in the Invasion of Georgia, May 5 to Sep. 5, 1864, being engaged in the Action

(BVT. MAJ.-GENERAL, U. S. VOLUNTEERS, SEP. 1, 1864, FOR GALLANT AND MERITORIOUS CONDUCT IN THE CAMPAIGN OF ATLANTA)

of Tunnel Hill, May 5, 1864, and Rocky-Faced Ridge, May 6–9, 1864, — Battle of Resaca, May 14–15, 1864, — Skirmishes of Adairsville, May 17, 1864, and Cassville, May 19, 1864, — Actions of New Hope Church, May 25–31, 1864, — Battle of Kenesaw Mountain, June 27, 1864, — Skirmish of Peach Tree Creek, July 20, 1864, — Battle of Atlanta, July 22, — Siege of Atlanta, July 22–Sep. 2, 1864, — Battle of Jones-

(BVT. COLONEL, SEP. 1, 1864, FOR GALLANT AND MERITORIOUS SERVICES IN THE CAPTURE OF ATLANTA)

borough, Aug. 31, 1864, — and Battle of Lovejoy's Station, Sep. 1–2, 1864; in North Georgia and Alabama Campaign, Sep.–Nov., 1864, being

engaged in the Skirmishes of Snake Creek Gap, Oct. 10, Ship's Gap, Oct. 12, and Rome, Oct. 30, 1864; and in the Carolina Campaign, Feb.–Apr., 1865, being engaged in the Skirmishes of Duck Creek, Feb. 2, Salkehatchie, Feb. 6, Edisto, Feb. 12, Congaree Creek, Feb. 15, and Chesterfield C. H., Mar. 2, 1865, — Battle of Averysborough, Mar. 16,

(BVT. BRIG.-GENERAL, U. S. ARMY, MAR. 13, 1865, FOR GALLANT AND MERITORIOUS SERVICES IN THE CAMPAIGN TERMINATING WITH THE SURRENDER OF THE INSURGENT ARMY UNDER GENERAL J. E. JOHNSTON)

(BVT. MAJ.-GENERAL, U. S. ARMY, MAR. 13, 1865, FOR GALLANT AND MERITORIOUS SERVICES IN THE FIELD DURING THE REBELLION)

1865, — and Battle of Bentonville, Mar. 20–21, 1865; in waiting orders,

(COLONEL, 2D ARTILLERY, DEC. 11, 1865)

Jan. 8 to June 15, 1866.

MUSTERED OUT OF VOLUNTEER SERVICE, JAN. 15, 1866.

Served: in command of Northern Frontier, pending Fenian Raids into Canada, June 15, 1866, to Sep. 27, 1867, — of Artillery School for Practice, at Ft. Monroe, Va., Nov. 28, 1867, to Nov. 22, 1876, and Feb. 5 to Mar. 1, 1877, — of troops in the District of Columbia, Nov. 23, 1876, to Feb. 5, 1877, — of regiment, headquarters at Ft. McHenry, Md., Mar. 1, 1877, to July 10, 1879, — and of U. S. Troops at Baltimore, Md., during Railroad Disturbances, July 22 to Aug. 3, 1877.

Civil History. — Author (jointly with General J. G. Barnard) of "Reports of the Engineer and Artillery Operations of the Army of the Potomac, from its organization to the close of the Peninsular Campaign," 1863.

DIED, JULY 18, 1879, AT FT. MCHENRY, MD.: AGED 60.

BIOGRAPHICAL SKETCH.

BVT. MAJOR-GENERAL WILLIAM F. BARRY was born, Aug. 18, 1818, in the City of New York. Upon his graduation at the Military Academy, July 1, 1838, he was promoted to the Artillery, soon after assisted in organizing Major Ringgold's battery of light artillery, and then joined his own regiment, suppressing disturbances on the Canada frontier, where he was attached to Duncan's Battery, which subsequently was so conspicuous at Palo Alto.

In the War against Mexico, Barry accompanied his regiment to Tampico, where he was taken sick, and consequently did not return to the field till after the departure of Scott's army from Vera Cruz, where he became Adjutant-General of Patterson's division, and, on reaching the City of Mexico, was made Aide-de-Camp to General Worth, in which capacity he served till the termination of hostilities.

From the end of the War with Mexico till the beginning of the Rebellion, Barry, besides performing ordinary garrison duty, was, in 1852–53, engaged against the Seminole Indians in Florida; in 1857–58, in quelling Kansas disturbances, when he volunteered to make a winter march of over a thousand miles to join the Utah expedition with his battery; and, in 1858–59, was a most efficient member of the Board to Revise the System of Light Artillery Tactics, adopted May 6, 1860, for the service of the United States.

Barry's Battery was ordered, at the beginning of 1861, to Washington, where it remained till after the inauguration of President Lincoln; went to Fort Pickens, where artillerists only could serve the heavy guns; and again returned to Washington, just in time to join the forces marching to Bull Run. On reporting to General McDowell, July 19th, Barry, who

had been commissioned a Major in the new Fifth Artillery, was appointed Chief of the Artillery which he commanded in the battle of the 21st. After the retreat from Bull Run he was made, July 27th, Chief of Artillery of the Army of the Potomac, and, August 25th, became Brigadier-General, U. S. Volunteers. After organizing the largest amount of field and siege artillery attainable, Barry took the field, March 9, 1862, and, during the Peninsular Campaign of Virginia which followed, was engaged in all the operations of the Army of the Potomac, including the withdrawal to Acquia Creek. Being relieved, August 26th, at his own request, he was appointed Inspector-General of Artillery of the Armies of the United States. In addition to this onerous duty he was assigned, as Chief of Artillery of the Defenses of Washington, to the command of the depots and camps of instruction of the field artillery, and detailed on boards to examine the plan and sufficiency of the defenses of the capital; for the armament of fortifications; to devise a system of wrought-iron gun-carriages; for re-arranging the armament of the defenses of Washington City; and to consider the practicability of revetting forts with iron. In the midst of the exacting requirements of these various boards, he was directed to take command of Pittsburg, Pa., and Wheeling, Va., threatened by a rebel cavalry raid.

Barry, as Chief of Artillery of the Division of the Mississippi, accompanied General Sherman in the invasion of Georgia, and in the campaigns subsequent to the capture of Atlanta till after the Battle of Bentonville, March 20–21, 1865, and was engaged in their various operations, as fully detailed in his foregoing military history. For his distinguished services in the Rebellion he was brevetted Major-General, U. S. Volunteers, and Colonel, Brig.-General, and Major-General, U. S. Army.

After a few months' rest from his arduous labors, Barry was placed, June 15, 1865, in command of the Northern Frontier, pending Fenian raids into Canada; and January 15, 1866, was mustered out of the volunteer service, having become Colonel of the Second Artillery, Dec. 11, 1865.

In November, 1867, he was assigned to the command of the Artillery School for Practice at Ft. Monroe, Va., of which for ten years he was the very efficient head. His health was now much impaired, yet he devoted himself to his regimental and other official duties till he died, July 18, 1879, at Fort McHenry, Md., where he was in command.

General Barry was one of the most genial of men, possessed inexhaustible buoyancy of spirit, overflowed with merry humor and rollicking fun, carried sunshine into the gloomiest recesses of society, and by his kindness and affection cheered every inmate of his happy home. As a soldier he was ever prompt in the performance of every duty, quick in his perceptions of the necessities of his command, and had an organizing faculty which was allied to genius. This latter endowment was specially prominent in the various situations he filled as an artillerist. From its creation he was identified with the Light Artillery of our present army, and materially aided in the simplification of the tactics for the movement of field batteries. When made Chief of Artillery, he had literally to create, with the aid of the Ordnance Department, in the briefest time and with the scantiest plant for its execution, our necessary field and siege artillery. The ore for the guns was mostly in the mines, the lumber for carriages still growing in the forests, the leather for harnesses yet covering the animals roving in green pastures, and the artillerists just emerging from a mob of militia. Even with such imperfect preparations, by prodigious energy, the 30 guns on hand were increased to 520, the 400 horses to 11,000, and 650 men were swollen to a small army of 12,500 drilled artillerists.

The position which General Barry occupied from the beginning to the

end of the war, says his artillerist peer, Gen. H. J. Hunt, "was such as in modern armies is considered the full equivalent, and more, of the command of an army corps in the field; but he never received the appointment of Major-General, given as a matter of course to corps commanders of infantry and cavalry, and also to many of their division commanders. His services, and those of his arm as well, were fully entitled, under the usages of the service, to such recognition. That it was not bestowed can only be explained on the hypothesis that no amount or value of artillery service could entitle its representative to that grade; for General Barry was the recognized head of all the artillery of all the armies, and served with distinguished ability in the field as Chief of Artillery of the Eastern armies in the first and of the Western armies in the last campaigns of the war. . . . The slur, which was widely commented upon at the time, for it was too obvious to be ignored, attaches not to General Barry, but to the arm of service to which, fortunately for the country, but unfortunately for his own professional and personal interests, he belonged."

958..(Born Ten.)....**MILTON A. HAYNES**....(Ap'd Ten.)..**18**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1834, to July 1, 1838, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 3D ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1838.

SECOND LIEUT., 3D ARTILLERY, JULY 7, 1838.

Served: in the Cherokee Nation, 1838, while transferring the Indians to the West; and in the Florida War, 1838–39.

RESIGNED, SEP. 30, 1839.

Civil History. — Counselor at Law, Nashville, Ten., 1840–46. Asst. Adjutant-General, Tennessee Militia, 1844–46. Editor of a Law Journal, 1844–45.

Military History. — Served in the War with Mexico as

CAPTAIN, 1ST TENNESSEE CAVALRY VOLUNTEERS, JUNE 9, 1846,

till he was

DISBANDED, MAY 31, 1847.

Civil History. — Counselor at Law, Nashville, Ten., 1847–61.

Joined in the Rebellion of 1861–66 against the United States.

959..(Born Pa.)....**WILLIAM A. NICHOLS**....(Ap'd Pa.)..**19**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1834, to July 1, 1838, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 2D ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1838.

SECOND LIEUT., 2D ARTILLERY, JULY 7, 1838.

Served: on the Northern Frontier during Canada Border Disturbances, at Ft. Niagara, N. Y., 1838, — Ft. Gratiot, Mich., 1838, — Detroit, Mich., 1838–39, — Buffalo, N. Y., 1839–40, — and Sackett's Harbor, N. Y., 1840–41; in garrison at Ft. Monroe, Va., 1841–42, — Ft. Columbus, N. Y., 1842, — Ft. Trumbull, Ct., 1842, — Ft. Adams, R. I., 1842–43, — Ft. Hamilton, N. Y., 1843–44, — and Ft. Columbus, N. Y., 1844–45; in

(FIRST LIEUT., 2D ARTILLERY, JUNE 1, 1844, TO SEP. 28, 1852)

conducting recruits to 3d and 4th Infantry, 1845; in garrison at Ft. Columbus, N. Y., 1845, — and Ft. Adams, R. I., 1845–46; on Recruiting service, 1846; in the War with Mexico, 1846, being engaged in the Battle

(BVT. CAPT., SEP. 23, 1846, FOR GALLANT CONDUCT IN THE SEVERAL CONFLICTS AT MONTEREY, MEX.)

of Monterey, Sep. 21–23, 1846, — and as Aide-de-Camp to Brig.-General Quitman, Aug. 19 to Oct. 6, 1846 ; as Adjutant, 2d Artillery, Aug. 18, 1846, to Dec. 8, 1847 ; in garrison at Ft. Columbus, N. Y., 1846–47, being Acting Asst. Adjutant-General, 5th Military Department, Nov. 21, 1846, to Jan. 6, 1847 ; in the War with Mexico, 1847, as Acting Asst. Adjutant-General of Bvt. Brig.-General Garland's brigade, Worth's division, Apr. to Nov. 30, 1847, being engaged in the Siege of Vera Cruz, Mar. 9–29, 1847, — Battle of Cerro Gordo, Apr. 17–18, 1847, — Skirmish of Amazoque, May 14, 1847, — Capture of San Antonio, Aug. 20, 1847, — Battle of Churubusco, Aug. 20, 1847, — Battle of Molino del Rey, Sep. 8, 1847, —

(BVT. MAJOR, SEP. 8, 1847, FOR GALLANT AND MERITORIOUS CONDUCT IN THE BATTLE OF MOLINO DEL REY, MEX.)

Storming of Chapultepec, Sep. 13, 1847, — and Assault and Capture of the City of Mexico, Sep. 13–14, 1847 ; on Recruiting service, 1847–48 ; as Adjutant, 2d Artillery, Sep. 1, 1848, to July 29, 1852, and Acting Asst. Adjutant-General, 4th Military Department, Dec. 25, 1848, to July 29, 1852,

(BVT. CAPT., STAFF — ASST. ADJUTANT-GEN., JULY 29, 1852)

at Ft. Monroe, Va. ; as Asst. Adjutant-General of 4th Military Department, July 29 to Sep. 2, 1852, — in the Adjutant-General's Office, Washington, D. C., Sep. 6 to Oct. 7, 1852, — of 4th Military Department, Oct. 8, 1852, to May 19, 1853, — of the Department of New Mexico, July 20, 1853, to Mar. 10, 1855, and Aug. 20, 1855, to Sep. 15, 1858, — in the Adjutant-General's Office, Washington, D. C., Nov. 1, 1858, to Nov. 1, 1860, — and of the Department of Texas, headquarters, San An-

(BVT. MAJOR, STAFF — ASST. ADJUTANT-GEN., MAR. 7, 1861)

tonio, Dec. 16, 1860, to Apr. 22, 1861, where he was made a Prisoner of War, and paroled by the Texas Rebels.

Served during the Rebellion of the Seceding States, 1861–66 : as Adjutant-General of the Department of the East, June 10 to Nov. 14, 1861,

(LIEUT.-COLONEL, STAFF — ASST. ADJUTANT-GEN., AUG. 3, 1861)

— and of the Department of New York, Nov. 14 to Dec., 1861 ; as Mustering and Disbursing Officer, New York city, Dec., 1861, to June, 1862 ; and as Assistant in the Adjutant-General's Office at Washington, D. C.,

(COLONEL, STAFF — ASST. ADJUTANT-GENERAL, JUNE 1, 1864)

May 19, 1862, to Aug. 11, 1866.

BVT. BRIG.-GENERAL, SEP. 24, 1864, AND BVT. MAJ.-GENERAL, MAR. 13, 1865, U. S. ARMY, FOR MERITORIOUS AND FAITHFUL SERVICES DURING THE REBELLION.

Served : as Chief of Staff to Lieut.-General Sherman, Aug. 18, 1866, to Mar. 4, 1869, — and to Lieut.-General Sheridan, Mar. 4 to Apr. 8, 1869.

DIED, APR. 8, 1869, AT ST. LOUIS, MO. : AGED 51.

OBITUARY ORDER.

Upon the death of General Nichols, Lieut.-General Sheridan, commanding the Military Division of the Missouri, issued the following order : —

"It becomes the painful duty of the Lieutenant-General Commanding to announce the death, at St. Louis, Mo., on the 8th inst., of Bvt. Major-Gen. W. A. NICHOLS, Adjutant-General of the Military Division.

"General Nichols entered the service in 1838, and served with distinction on the Northern Frontier until the outbreak of the Mexican War.

"In the War with Mexico he was made Captain and Major by Brevet for gallant and meritorious services at the Battles of Monterey and Molino del Rey, and took a prominent part in nearly all the battles in the Valley of Mexico.

"Appointed an Assistant Adjutant-General in 1852, he served in that capacity in Washington City, in New Mexico, and in Texas, where he was made prisoner, and paroled by the Texan rebels. He served during the Rebellion as Adjutant-General of the Department of the East, and as an Assistant in the Adjutant-General's Office at Washington, during which time he received the promotion of Lieutenant-Colonel and Colonel in the Adjutant-General's Department, and was made Bvt. Brigadier and Bvt. Major General for faithful and meritorious services during the Rebellion.

"In 1866 General Nichols was appointed Adjutant-General of the Military Division of the Missouri, and Chief of Staff to Lieut.-Gen. W. T. Sherman, and served in the former capacity until transferred to the same position on the Staff of the Lieutenant-General. In all the various and important positions in which, by his merit, he was called on to serve his country, General Nichols brought high soldierly capacity and honor. By his death the army has lost one of its brightest ornaments. To the private soldier he was a considerate friend, and to the officer a comrade whose army life was without blemish.

"As appropriate to the memory of the deceased, the prescribed badge of mourning will be worn by the officers at Division and Department Headquarters for thirty days."

960..(Born Pa.).....**JOHN C. FLETCHER**.....(Ap'd Pa.)..**20**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1834, to July 1, 1838, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

SECOND LIEUT., 6TH INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1838.

Served: in the Cherokee Nation, 1838, while transferring the Indians

(FIRST LIEUT., 6TH INFANTRY, NOV. 1, 1838)

to the West; in the Florida War, 1838–40; and as Adjutant, 6th Infantry, at Regimental headquarters, May 28, 1839, to Feb. 1, 1840.

RESIGNED, NOV. 10, 1840.

Civil History. — Merchant, McConnellsburg, Pa., 1841–44, and 1847–69.

DIED, DEC. 10, 1869, AT MCCONNELLSBURG, PA.: AGED 54.

961..(Born N. Y.).....**LESLIE CHASE**.....(Ap'd N. Y.)..**21**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1834, to July 1, 1838, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 2D ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1838.

SECOND LIEUT., 2D ARTILLERY, JULY 7, 1838.

Served: on Northern Frontier during Canada Border Disturbances, at Detroit, Mich., 1838, — Ft. Gratiot, Mich., 1838–39, — Recruiting, 1839–40, — and Ft. Niagara, N. Y., 1840–41; in garrison at Ft. Lafayette, N. Y., 1841, — Ft. Hamilton, N. Y., 1841–42, — Ft. Adams, R. I., 1842, — Ft. Trumbull, Ct., 1842, — Ft. Columbus, N. Y., 1842–44, — and Frankford Arsenal, Pa., 1844–45; in Military Occupation of Texas, 1845–46; in the

(FIRST LIEUT., 2D ARTILLERY, APR. 16, 1846)

War with Mexico, 1846–47, being engaged in the Battle of Palo Alto,

(BVT. CAPT., MAY 9, 1846, FOR GALLANT AND MERITORIOUS CONDUCT IN THE BATTLES OF PALO ALTO AND RESACA-DE-LA-PALMA, TEX.)

May 8, 1846, — and Battle of Resaca-de-la-Palma, May 9, 1846; and on

Quartermaster duty at Columbus, Ga., 1847, — and New Orleans, La.,
(CAPTAIN, STAFF — ASST. QUARTERMASTER, APR. 10, 1847)
1847–49.

DIED, APR. 15, 1849, AT FT. JOHNSTON, N. C.: AGED 33.

962..(Born Mo.)....**LANGDON C. EASTON**....(Ap'd Mo.)..**22**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1833, to July 1, 1838, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to
SECOND LIEUT., 6TH INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1838.

Served: in the Florida War, 1838–42; on frontier duty at Ft. Towson,
(FIRST LIEUT., 6TH INFANTRY, JULY 23, 1839, TO APR. 15, 1851)
I. T., 1842–46; on Recruiting service, 1846–47; and on Quartermaster
(CAPTAIN, STAFF — ASST. QUARTERMASTER, MAR. 3, 1847)
duty at Ft. Leavenworth, Kan., 1847–49, being engaged in supplying the Army of the West in the War with Mexico, 1847–48, — St. Louis, Mo., 1849–50, — Chief Quartermaster of the Department of New Mexico, July, 1850, to July, 1851, — Member of Board to select the site of Ft. Riley, Kan., 1852, — Ft. Leavenworth, Kan., 1852–53, — Chief Quartermaster of the Department of New Mexico, July 20, 1853, to Sep. 15, 1858, — Member of Board to select site of a fort near the head waters of the Red River of the North, May 19 to Oct. 20, 1859, — and at Kansas City, 1860, forwarding supplies for New Mexico and posts on the plains.

Served during the Rebellion of the Seceding States, 1861–66: in charge of Quartermaster depot at Ft. Leavenworth, Kan., July 15, 1861, to Dec. 3,
(MAJOR, STAFF — QUARTERMASTER, AUG. 3, 1861)
1863; as Chief Quartermaster of the Army of the Cumberland in the field, Dec. 15, 1863, to May 4, 1864; as Chief Quartermaster of the Armies commanded by Major-General Sherman, May 4, 1864, to June 27, 1865 (Colonel, *ex officio*, Aug. 2, 1864), being present at the Operations of the
(COLONEL, U. S. VOLUNTEERS, EX OFFICIO, AUG. 2, 1864, TO JAN. 1, 1867)
Campaign from Chattanooga to Atlanta, — Campaign from Atlanta to the Atlantic coast, including the Capture of Savannah, Ga., Dec. 21, 1864, —
(BVT. BRIG.-GENERAL, U. S. ARMY, SEP. 17, 1864, FOR DISTINGUISHED AND IMPORTANT SERVICES IN THE QUARTERMASTER DEPARTMENT IN THE CAMPAIGN OF ATLANTA, GA.)
and on the coast, supplying Major-General Sherman's Armies during their march from Savannah, Ga., to Goldsborough, N. C., and thence to Washington, D. C., via Raleigh and Richmond; as Senior and Supervising
(BVT. MAJ.-GENERAL, U. S. ARMY, MAR. 13, 1865, FOR MERITORIOUS SERVICES DURING THE REBELLION)
Quartermaster of the Military Division of the Mississippi, Sep. 5, 1865,
(LIEUT. COL., STAFF — DEP. QUARTERMASTER.-GEN., JULY 29, 1866)
to Aug. 11, 1866, — and of the Military Division of the Missouri, Aug. 11 to Sep. 5, 1866.

Served: as Chief Quartermaster of the Department of the Missouri, Sep. 5, 1866, to May 27, 1872; as Acting Chief Quartermaster of the Division of Missouri, Mar. 24 to Dec. 2, 1868; as Chief Quartermaster of the Division of the Atlantic, and in charge of Depots at Philadelphia and Schuylkill Arsenal, June 8 to Dec. 31, 1872; in charge of General
(COLONEL, STAFF — ASST. QUARTERMASTER-GEN., JUNE 6, 1872)
Depots of Philadelphia and Schuylkill Arsenal, Dec. 31, 1872, to Mar. 1, 1875; as Chief Quartermaster, Division of the Pacific, Apr. 5 to Jan. 1, 1875, — and of the Division of the Atlantic, June 24, 1875, to Aug. 9, 1878;

in charge of General Depot, New York city, June 24, 1875, to Jan. 24, 1881; and as Member of Board on Army Ambulances, Aug. 31, 1876, to Feb. 24, 1877.

RETIRED FROM ACTIVE SERVICE, JAN. 24, 1881, HE BEING OVER 62 YEARS OF AGE.

DIED, APR. 29, 1884, AT NEW YORK CITY: AGED 70.

963..(Born O.).....**IRVIN McDOWELL**.....(Ap'd O.)..**23**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1834, to July 1, 1838, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 1ST ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1838.

SECOND LIEUT., 1ST ARTILLERY, JULY 7, 1838.

Served: on the Northern Frontier, 1838, during Canada Border Disturbances; on the Maine Frontier, at Houlton, 1838–40, pending the "Disputed Territory" controversy; on Recruiting service, 1840; on Maine Frontier, at Houlton, 1840–41, pending the "Disputed Territory" controversy; at the Military Academy, 1841–45, as Asst. Instructor of Infantry

(FIRST LIEUT., 1ST ARTILLERY, OCT. 7, 1842, TO FEB. 22, 1851)

Tactics, Sep. 4 to Nov. 11, 1841,—and as Adjutant, Nov. 11, 1841, to Oct. 8, 1845; as Aide-de-Camp to Brig.-General Wool, Oct. 6, 1845, to May 13, 1847; in the War with Mexico, 1846–48, in mustering in Volunteers, June–July, 1846, — as Acting Asst. Adjutant-General of the Army commanded by Brig.-General Wool, on the march for Chihuahua, Aug. 24 to Sep. 12, 1846, and Dec. 24, 1846, to Jan. 29, 1847, being engaged in the Battle of Buena Vista, Feb. 22–23, 1847, — as Asst. Adjutant-Gen-

(BVT. CAPT., FEB. 23, 1847, FOR GALLANT AND MERITORIOUS CONDUCT IN THE BATTLE OF BUENA VISTA, MEX.)

eral to Brig.-General Wool's division, "Army of Occupation," May 13,

(BVT. CAPT., STAFF — ASST. ADJUTANT-GEN., MAY 13, 1847)

1847, to Dec. 9, 1847, and of the "Army of Occupation," Dec. 9, 1847, to May 22, 1848, — and in mustering out and discharging troops, June–July, 1848; as Asst. Adjutant-General at the War Department, July, 1848, to June, 1849, — at the Headquarters of the Army, New York city, June, 1849, to Jan. 8, 1851, — of the 2d Military Department, Jan. 8 to May 17, 1851, — of the 6th Military Department, June 29, 1851, to Mar. 31, 1853, — at the Headquarters of the Army, New York city, May, 1853, to Nov. 1, 1856, — of the Department of Texas, Dec. 11,

(BVT. MAJOR, STAFF — ASST. ADJUTANT-GEN., MAR. 31, 1856)

1856, to May 27, 1857, — and at the Headquarters of the Army, New York city, June 27, 1857, to Nov. 17, 1858; on leave of absence in Europe, Nov. 17, 1858, to Nov. 14, 1859; as Asst. Adjutant-General, at the Headquarters of the Army in New York city, Nov. 14, 1859, to Jan. 11, 1860, — and of the Department of Texas, Feb. 6 to Apr. 8, 1860; on leave of absence, Apr. 8 to Aug., 1860; on tour of inspection in Minnesota, Missouri, and Kansas, Sep., 1860, to Feb., 1861; and in inspecting troops at Washington, D. C., Feb. to Apr., 1861.

Served during the Rebellion of the Seceding States, 1861–66: in organizing and mustering D. C. Volunteers into the service at Washington, D. C., and in command of the Capitol, Apr.–May, 1861; in command of

(BRIG.-GENERAL, U. S. ARMY, MAY 14, 1861)

the Department of N. E. Virginia, and of the defenses of Washington, south of the Potomac, May 17–27, 1861, — and of the Army of the Potomac, May 27 to July 25, 1861, being engaged in the Battle of Bull Run, July 21, 1861; in command of division (Army of the Potomac) in the

defenses of Washington, D. C., July 25, 1861, to Mar. 13, 1862, — of the 1st Corps (Army of the Potomac), Mar. 13 to Aug. 12, 1862, — of the

(MAJOR-GENERAL, U. S. VOLUNTEERS, MAR. 14, 1862)

Department and Army of the Rappahannock, Apr. 4 to Aug. 12, 1862; in command of 3d Corps (Army of Virginia), Aug. 12 to Sep. 6, 1862, in the Northern Virginia Campaign, being engaged in the Battle of Cedar Mountain, Aug. 9, 1862, — Action of Rappahannock Station, Aug. 25, 1862, — and Battle of Manassas, Aug. 29–30, 1862; as President of Court for investigating alleged cotton frauds, May to July, 1863, — and of Board for retiring disabled officers, at Wilmington, Del., July 11, 1863, to May 21, 1864; and in command of the Department of the Pa-

(BVT. MAJ.-GENERAL, U. S. ARMY, MAR. 13, 1865, FOR GALLANT AND MERITORIOUS SERVICES AT THE BATTLE OF CEDAR MOUNTAIN, VA.)

cific, July 1, 1864, to June 27, 1865, — and of the Department of California, June 27, 1865, to Aug. 12, 1866.

MUSTERED OUT OF VOLUNTEER SERVICE, SEP. 1, 1866.

Served: in command of the Department of California, Aug. 12, 1866, to Mar. 31, 1868, being on tour of Inspection, Oct. 31, 1867, to June 22, 1868, — of Fourth Military District, June 4 to July 4, 1868, — of Department of the East, July 16, 1868, to Dec., 1872, — of Division and

(MAJOR-GENERAL, U. S. ARMY, NOV. 25, 1872)

Department of the South, Dec. 11, 1872, to June 30, 1876, — of Department of California, July 1 to Aug. 15, 1876, — and of Division of the Pacific, July 1, 1876, to Oct. 15, 1882; and as Member of Prison Board, Dec. 1, 1876, to Oct. 15, 1882.

RETIRED FROM ACTIVE SERVICE, OCT. 15, 1882, HE BEING 64 YEARS OF AGE.

DIED, MAY 4, 1885, AT SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.: AGED 67.

BIOGRAPHICAL SKETCH.

MAJ.-GENERAL IRVIN MCDOWELL terminated his checkered military career, May 4, 1885, at San Francisco, Cal., where he died of pyloric disease of the stomach. He was born, Oct. 15, 1818, at Columbus, Ohio; was of Northern Irish descent; and received his early education at the college of Troyes, in France. At the age of sixteen he entered the United States Military Academy, from which he was graduated July 1, 1838, and promoted to the First Artillery, in which regiment he served, chiefly on the Maine frontier, till 1841, when he was detailed for duty at the Military Academy, of which he was the Adjutant till Oct. 6, 1845, being then appointed Aide-de-Camp to Brigadier-General John E. Wool.

Soon after the beginning of the Mexican War, McDowell became the Acting Adjutant-General of Wool's column in its march for Chihuahua, and participated in the battle of Buena Vista, Feb. 22–23, 1847, where, for his "gallant and meritorious conduct," he was brevetted a Captain, and, May 13, 1847, received the same rank in the Adjutant-General's department. He continued with the "Army of Occupation" till nearly the end of the war, when he was detailed to muster out and discharge volunteer troops from service.

From July, 1848, till the outbreak of the Rebellion, he was employed on his appropriate staff duties at Washington, New York, and Texas, having in the meanwhile, Mar. 31, 1856, been promoted to a Majority in the Adjutant-General's department.

When Fort Sumter was fired upon, McDowell was at Washington city, engaged in mustering and inspecting volunteer troops, and while on this duty attracted much attention by his military intelligence and

soldierly bearing. Then the cry of "On to Richmond!" from Congress, the press, and the people of the North, was so strong that even the veteran Scott — General-in-Chief of the Army — could not resist its might. Already a large body of volunteers had been assembled at Washington whose terms of enlistment would soon expire, and, though undisciplined, uninstructed, and ill-equipped for battle, the pressure upon the President to do something, before their discharge, was so great that it was decided to march against the enemy, encamped almost in sight of the capital. For this purpose McDowell was selected to lead our forces, he being made a Brigadier-General of the army, through the instrumentality of Secretary Chase, with whom he was a favorite.

McDowell, then in the ripe vigor and strength of manhood, professionally well informed, ambitious of distinction, and with two years of war experience in Mexico, was willing to undertake, with an army mostly of raw recruits, the serious task of contending for success against an antagonist no better prepared for conflict. McDowell took command of the Army of the Potomac, May 27, 1861, and July 16th opened his campaign against the Confederate army under his classmate at West Point, General Beauregard.

With about thirty thousand men, in four divisions, McDowell moved direct upon Centreville, where he prepared to give battle, July 21st, by turning the left while threatening the front of the enemy, well posted behind Bull Run. The plan of battle was excellent, but unfortunately, the long and fatiguing twelve miles' march, of our right, by way of Sudley's Ford, brought its weary troops in contact with the enemy fresh and prepared for the terrible conflict which followed. In this morning battle, success attended the Union arms, but in the afternoon the exhausted Federal forces had to renew the battle against the united armies of Johnston and Beauregard, fresh for the fray, and well acquainted with the ground upon which they had to operate. By a fatal error a rebel regiment, marching to the attack of Henry Hill, was mistaken for a support to the Federal advance batteries there posted. Over these batteries a sanguinary conflict ensued till they were lost and won three times. By half-past four all of the Union reserves had been engaged, when fresh Confederate regiments were brought up, thus enabling the enemy, like Napoleon at Marengo,, to neutralize its morning disaster and snatch victory from our brave but undisciplined volunteers, faint with hunger, oppressed with midsummer heat, and weary with fourteen hours of continuous marching and fighting.

McDowell, through no fault of his own, had lost his first great battle, but, with the magnanimity of a generous soldier, he assumed the entire responsibility of his defeat, without a word of censure upon his subordinates, or complaint of the character of his troops, which, except a few regulars, were only armed citizens in uniform. He had felt sanguine of success when marching to the front, little dreaming that many of his volunteers would, on the eve of battle, march off the field to the sound of the enemy's guns, or that he was to encounter a second army, coming up like the Prussians at Waterloo, which had not been kept at bay.

After the defeat of Bull Run, McDowell was superseded by General McClellan, the former taking command under the latter of a division of the Army of the Potomac in the defenses of Washington. Upon the reorganization of this army McDowell was assigned, March 13, 1862, to the command of the First Corps, which was to accompany McClellan in his Virginia peninsular campaign. The Federal Government, feeling that Washington was not adequately protected by the Army of the Potomac, detained McDowell's corps and interposed it on the Rappahannock, between the capital and the enemy occupying the peninsula. This corps, April 14, was designated the Army of the Rappahannock, and its forty

thousand troops were placed under the independent command of McDowell, then a Major-General of Volunteers.

This is not the place to discuss the wisdom of the measure, but suffice it to say that the government had the right to decide the question for itself, and it was the duty of every patriot to yield a cheerful obedience to its mandates.

Not only had McDowell been detached from McClellan, but Fremont and Banks had each been assigned to independent commands, the former to that of the Mountain department, and the latter to that of the Shenandoah. Thus four armies were operating upon one theatre of war, and too widely separated from each other for mutual support in sudden emergencies. To increase the errors of this very faulty arrangement, the troops in and about the Shenandoah Valley had been subdivided into four divisions, — Milroy on the Staunton and Parkersburg road, Fremont at Franklin, Banks at Strasburg, and Shields on the east side of the Blue Ridge. The enemy, quickly discovering this strategic blunder, promptly sent Stonewall Jackson to destroy our scattered forces in detail. With consummate skill he suddenly fell upon Milroy and routed him, May 8, 1862 ; by forced marches turned Banks' position and defeated his corps, capturing many prisoners and much property ; gave battle, June 8th, to Fremont at Cross-Keys, remaining master of the field after a long and bloody conflict ; and then severely punished Shields, near Port Royal, putting him to flight. Thus, in thirty-five days, Jackson marched two hundred and forty miles, fought four desperate battles, and had beaten all of the Union forces in the Valley, numbering four times his own gallant division.

The government at Washington, thoroughly alarmed, ordered McDowell to cross the country and intercept the retreat of the bold raider, but Jackson escaped and joined Lee's army in front of Richmond, in time to deal powerful blows against McClellan in his seven days' change of base to the James River.

Thus thirteen thousand men, ably handled, neutralized about one hundred thousand of our troops, scattered over the Shenandoah Valley and upon the Rappahannock, which forces, had they been united to cooperate with McClellan's army, could have crushed the enemy, captured Richmond, and probably have terminated the Rebellion.

McDowell was not responsible for this great fiasco, for he had not sought to retain an independent command, nor to go upon the foolish diversion to the Shenandoah Valley ; but, on the contrary, was most anxious to march to McClellan's support, and earnestly protested against undertaking a wild-goose chase in pursuit of Jackson.

After these humiliating failures the government at Washington determined, for the greater security of the capital, to establish a great army on the north of the Rappahannock. McDowell naturally expected to command it, as he still retained the confidence of the administration ; but his baleful destiny again interfered, an accident in the saddle having rendered him helpless for ten days, during which time General Pope was appointed to the command of the Army of Virginia, made up from the forces of McDowell, Banks, and Fremont.

While Pope was concentrating and reorganizing his army the military situation of the peninsula had so changed as to render necessary the union of our two armies in Virginia, which were operating upon exterior lines, while the enemy held the interior, ready to mass his powerful forces against each of ours in succession, and possibly to defeat both.

This is not the place to discuss the question whether the Army of Virginia should have marched to the support of that of the Potomac, or the latter been joined to the former, as directed by the government, to better secure the capital of the nation by interposing all of its northern forces

between the enemy and Washington. Before this concentration to form a single army was effected, Stonewall Jackson, with thirty thousand men, was detached from Lee's forces to secure the Confederate communications with the North by the Orange and Alexandria Railroad. To oppose this forward movement of the enemy, who could easily break through McDowell's attenuated line guarding the Rappahannock and Rapidan, Pope directed Banks to take up and hold a strong position near Culpeper C. H., which was the key of the roads leading from the Shenandoah Valley and Manassas Junction. But Banks, instead of maintaining a strong picket line to check the enemy until he could be reinforced, gave battle, August 9, 1862, at Cedar Mountain, against the vastly superior forces of his antagonist, and, consequently, was disastrously defeated, though fighting desperately.

General Lee now directed his whole remaining fifty-five thousand Confederates to advance rapidly from the peninsula, where nothing more was to be apprehended from McClellan, and attack Pope before he could be reinforced. The latter, in his weak condition, judiciously fell back behind the Rappahannock to await the co-operation of the Army of the Potomac. But his active enemy, while threatening the Union forces about Rappahannock Station, was already preparing to make a wide and bold sweep, by Thoroughfare Gap, around the right of the Army of Virginia.

So soon as Pope discovered the enemy's movement he decided to strike the flank of Lee's army in march, separate his two corps, and with the entire Union forces attack Jackson before Longstreet could get through Thoroughfare Gap to his support. This excellent plan was frustrated by the dilatory and blundering movements of subordinates, particularly Sigel. Pope, failing to carry out his design, fell back and concentrated his forces on the west side of Bull Run, where he fought the desperate battle of Manassas, in which McDowell took a very active and most important part. In this engagement Henry Hill, the scene of McDowell's last struggle in his defeat of July 21, 1861, was again the final position tenaciously held by his troops in the well-contested conflict of August 29–30, 1862.

"Here," says McDowell in his report, "the campaign ended. If it had been short it had been severe. Beginning with the retreat from Cedar Mountain, seldom has our army been asked to undergo more than our men performed. With scarcely a half day's intermission, the Third Corps [McDowell's] was either making forced marches, many times through the night and many times without food, etc., or was engaged in battle." Though worn out with fasting, marching, and fighting, McDowell's men were neither demoralized nor disorganized, but preserved their discipline to the last.

McDowell was relieved, Sep. 6, 1862, from duty in the field. This he deemed a reflection upon him as a soldier, and, therefore, asked for a court of inquiry to examine into all allegations, professional and personal, against him. The court, after mature deliberation upon all the charges preferred, reported "that the interests of the public service do not require any further investigation into the conduct of Major-General McDowell."

Though acquitted by his peers, a strong prejudice remained against him in the public mind because no further field command was entrusted to him during the Rebellion. From May to July, 1863, he served as president of a court to investigate alleged cotton frauds; and, from July 11, 1863, to May 21, 1864, as president of a retiring board, at Wilmington, Delaware. He took command, July 1, 1864, of the Department of the Pacific, which he held till after all hostilities in the Civil War had ceased. For his "gallant and meritorious services at the Battle of

Cedar Mountain," he was brevetted Major-General, United States Army; and, Sep. 1, 1866, was mustered out of the volunteer service.

On the termination of the Rebellion, Major-General Halleck was placed in command of the Division of the Pacific, McDowell retaining, till March 31, 1868, the southern portion of it, designated the Department of California. From July 16, 1868, to Dec. 1872, McDowell commanded the Department of the East, headquarters New York city. After his promotion, Nov. 25, 1872, to be a Major-General in the United States Army, to succeed Major-General Meade, deceased, he was put in command of the Division of the South till June 30, 1876, when he returned to San Francisco, California, to command the Division of the Pacific, which he held till his retirement, Oct. 15, 1882, after having completed nearly half a century of active service.

While in command on the Pacific, McDowell settled many Indian difficulties with the various tribes roaming over the vast region from northern Alaska to southern Arizona; prevented, when President Lincoln was assassinated, what threatened to be a serious outbreak; made notable improvements to the Presidio reservation, now the fashionable drive to the Golden Gate; with generous hospitalities entertained all distinguished strangers visiting California; and by his munificence and public spirit so endeared himself to the people of San Francisco, that this city became his pleasant home till his death.

To the masses McDowell was chiefly known as our unsuccessful commander at Bull Run, a disaster which did him no discredit as a general, though it was a humiliating check to his ambitious hopes. General Johnston, his antagonist, says of the result of that battle: "The Confederate army was more disorganized by victory than that of the United States by defeat." In the subordinate commands in which McDowell was afterwards placed, he exhibited soldierly fortitude, great zeal and activity, and an unswerving patriotism. He was not popular with the public, for he had no personal magnetism, and possessed little power to call out the enthusiasm of his subordinates, by whom he was considered a martinet; yet his heart was always tender to the private soldier, whose comfort he carefully studied and whose hard lot he tried to alleviate.

Much of his unpopularity was doubtless due to his inability to recall names and faces, and an abstraction of mind when conversing with others, — serious deficiencies that caused him frequent embarrassment, and often led friends to fancy themselves intentionally slighted. But he had genuine kindly feelings, as those best knew who were thrown in close contact with him, particularly at his own liberal table, where he was ever most cordial in manner, engaging in conversation, and instructive to his guests, for he had seen much of the world, mingled with the best society, and his culture was liberal and varied. So appreciative were those who had partaken of his bounty, that, when he relinquished his command on the Pacific, he was complimented with a brilliant reception in testimony of the respect and regard of those associated with him. In San Francisco he was not only looked upon as a social leader, but as one of their most noted and trustworthy citizens. His well-ordered hospitality doubtless did much to make him a favorite, but he had higher claims upon the community, for he was ever ready, though disliking to write, to prepare cogent and clear papers upon important questions of the day, and took a large interest in the improvement of the "Golden City," of which he was one of the Park Commissioners. He had a fondness for landscape gardening, was an amateur architect, and highly enjoyed music, painting, and all the æsthetics of art.

General McDowell's death was a public loss, for his career, even under the frowns of fortune, had been one to be emulated and honored. He bore his reverses with great dignity, and filled many places of high re-

sponsibility with conspicuous credit to himself and profit to the government, of which he was always a brave, loyal, obedient, and faithful servant. In private life his character was pure and irreproachable, and in his family was tender, affectionate, and, under the severest trials to a husband and parent, he was a model of patience and fortitude.

964..(Born Ten.)...**ROWLEY S. JENNINGS**....(Ap'd Ten.)..**24**

Military History.—Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1833, to July 1, 1838, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., 3D ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1838.

SECOND LIEUT., 3D ARTILLERY, JULY 7, 1838.

Served: in the Cherokee Nation, 1838, while transferring the Indians to the West; and in the Florida War, 1838–39.

DIED, NOV. 12, 1839, AT ST. AUGUSTINE, FLA.: AGED 24.

965..(Born Ct.).....**WILLIAM AUSTINE***.....(Ap'd Ct.)..**25**

Military History.—Cadet at the Military Academy, Sep. 1, 1833, to July 1, 1838, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

SECOND LIEUT., 2D DRAGOONS, JULY 1, 1838.

SECOND LIEUT., 3D ARTILLERY, JULY 12, 1838.

Served: in the Florida War, 1838–42; as Adjutant, 3d Artillery,

(FIRST LIEUT., 3D ARTILLERY, NOV. 5, 1839)

May 1, 1841, to Jan. 20, 1848; in garrison at Ft. Pickens, Fla., 1842,—and Ft. Moultrie, S. C., 1842–46; in the War with Mexico, 1846–48, being engaged in the Siege of Vera Cruz, Mar. 9–29, 1847,—Battle of Cerro Gordo, Apr. 18, 1847,—Skirmish of Amazoque, May 14, 1847,—Capture

(CAPTAIN, 3D ARTILLERY, AUG. 13, 1847)

of San Antonio, Aug. 20, 1847,—and Battle of Churubusco, Aug. 20,

(BVT. MAJOR, AUG. 20, 1847, FOR GALLANT AND MERITORIOUS CONDUCT IN THE BATTLES OF CONTRERAS AND CHURUBUSCO, MEX.)

1847; in garrison at Ft. Adams, R. I., 1848–49, 1849; in Florida Hostilities against the Seminole Indians, 1849–50; in garrison at Ft. Adams, R. I., 1850–51, 1851–52,—Ft. Constitution, N. H., 1852–53,—and Ft. Wood, N. Y., 1854; on sick leave of absence, 1854–61; and in garrison at San Francisco harbor, Cal., 1861.

Served during the Rebellion of the Seceding States, 1861–66: at San

(MAJOR, 3D ARTILLERY, JULY 23, 1861)

Francisco, Cal., and as Superintendent of Mustering and Volunteer Recruiting Service for the State of Vermont, Mar. 11 to May 13, 1862; and

(RETIRED FROM ACTIVE SERVICE, FEB. 20, 1862, FOR DISABILITY, RESULTING FROM EXPOSURE IN THE LINE OF DUTY)

on Mustering, Disbursing, Recruiting, Draft, and Provost Duties, at Burlington, Vt., June 24 to Aug., 1862,—and at Brattleborough, Vt., Aug., 1862, to Nov. 30, 1866.

BVT. LIEUT.-COL., AND BVT. COLONEL, SEP. 28, 1865, FOR LONG AND FAITHFUL SERVICES.

* Named WILLIAM A. BROWN when he was graduated.

966..(Born Ga.).....**WILLIAM J. HARDEE**.....(Ap'd Ga.)..**26**

Military History.—Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1834, to July 1, 1838, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

SECOND LIEUT., 2D DRAGOONS, JULY 1, 1838.

Served: in the Florida War, 1838–40; at the Cavalry School of
(FIRST LIEUT., 2D DRAGOONS, DEC. 3, 1839)
Saumur, France, 1840–42; in garrison at Baton Rouge, La., 1842–43; on frontier duty at Ft. Jesup, La., 1843–45; in Military Occupation of
(CAPTAIN, 2D DRAGOONS, SEP. 13, 1844)
Texas, 1845–46; in the War with Mexico, 1846–48, being engaged in the Skirmish of La Rosia (30 miles above Matamoras), Apr. 25, 1846, where he was captured and held as a prisoner of war till released, May 10, 1846, — Siege of Vera Cruz, Mar. 9–29, 1847, — Skirmish at Medellin, Mar. 25,
(BVT. MAJOR, MAR. 25, 1847, FOR GALLANT AND MERITORIOUS CONDUCT IN THE AFFAIR AT MEDELLIN, NEAR VERA CRUZ, MEX.)
1847, — Skirmish of La Hoya, June 20, 1847, — Battle of Contreras, Aug. 19, 1847, — Skirmish at San Agustin, Aug. 20, 1847, — Battle of
(BVT. LIEUT.-COL., AUG. 20, 1847, FOR GALLANT AND MERITORIOUS CONDUCT IN THE AFFAIR WITH THE ENEMY AT SAN AGUSTIN, MEX.)
Molino del Rey, Sep. 8, 1847, — and Operations before and Capture of the City of Mexico, Sep. 13–14, 1847; on Recruiting service, 1848; at Carlisle, Pa. (Cavalry School for Practice), 1848; on frontier duty, on march from Ft. Brown to Laredo and San Antonio, Tex., 1848–49, — Ft. Inge, Tex., 1849–50, 1850–51, — March to San Saba, 1851, — and San Antonio, Tex., 1851; on leave of absence 1851–52; on frontier duty at Ft. Graham, Tex., 1852; on leave of absence, 1852–53; in paying troops in Florida, 1853; on frontier duty at Ft. Graham, Tex., 1853; in compiling, 1854–55, "Rifle and Light Infantry Tactics," being chiefly a translation, by Lieut. Benét, Ordnance Corps, U. S. Army, from the French, of "L'Exercice et Manœuvres des Bataillons de Chasseurs à Pied," which, as modified by a revising board of officers, was adopted, Mar. 29, 1855, for
(BVT. MAJOR, 2D CAVALRY, MAR. 3, 1855)
the use of the Army and Militia of the United States; in garrison at Jefferson Barracks, Mo., 1855; on frontier duty at Camp Cooper, Tex., 1856, — and Ft. Mason, Tex., 1856; at the Military Academy, 1856–60, as Commandant of Cadets, July 22, 1856, to Sep. 8, 1860 (with local rank of Lieut.-Colonel, from June 12, 1858), and Instructor of Infantry Tactics, July 22, 1856, to Sep. 8, 1860, and of Artillery and Cavalry Tac-
(LIEUT.-COLONEL, 1ST CAVALRY, JUNE 28, 1860)
tics, Aug. 6, 1856, to Sep. 8, 1860; and on leave of absence, 1860–61.
RESIGNED, JAN. 31, 1861.

Joined in the Rebellion of 1861–66 against the United States.

Civil History. — Planter, Selma, Ala., 1866–73.

DIED, NOV. 6, 1873, AT WYTHEVILLE, VA.: AGED 58.

967..(Born N. Y.).**HAMILTON W. MERRILL**..(Ap'd N. Y.)..**27**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1834, to July 1, 1838, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to
SECOND LIEUT., 2D DRAGOONS, JULY 1, 1838.

Served: in the Cherokee Nation, 1838, while removing the Indians to the West; in the Florida War, 1838–39; on Recruiting service, 1839–40;
(FIRST LIEUT., 2D DRAGOONS, FEB. 18, 1840)
in the Florida War, 1840–41; in garrison at Mount Vernon, Ala., 1841, — and Baton Rouge, La., 1841; on frontier duty at Ft. Towson, I. T., 1842–43, — Ft. Washita, I. T., 1843–45, — New Orleans, La., 1845, — and Austin Arsenal, Tex., 1845–46; in the War with Mexico, 1846–48,
(CAPTAIN, 2D DRAGOONS, MAR. 31, 1846)

being engaged in the Battle of Monterey, Sep. 21–23, 1846, — Siege of Vera Cruz, Mar. 9–29, 1847, — Skirmish of Medellin, Mar. 25, 1847, — Battle of Cerro Gordo, Apr. 17–18, 1847, — Battle of Contreras, Aug. 19–20, 1847, — Battle of Molino del Rey, Sep. 8, 1847, — and Operations before

(BVT. MAJOR, SEP. 8, 1847, FOR GALLANT AND MERITORIOUS SERVICES IN THE BATTLE OF MOLINO DEL REY, MEX.)

and Capture of the City of Mexico, Sep. 13–14, 1847; in garrison at New Orleans, La., 1848; on sick leave of absence, 1848–50; on frontier duty at Ft. Martin Scott, Tex., 1850–51, — Ft. Mason, Tex., 1851–52, — Ft. Worth, Tex., 1852–53, — Ft. Belknap, Tex., 1853–54, — Conducting recruits to Ft. Washita, I. T., 1854–55, — Ft. Belknap, Tex., 1855, — and Ft. Riley, Kan., 1855–56; and on leave of absence, 1856–57.

RESIGNED, FEB. 28, 1857.

Civil History. — Counselor at Law, New York city, 1858–60. History since 1860, unknown.

968. . (Born O.). . . . . **ROBERT S. GRANGER**. . . . . (Ap'd O.). . **28**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1833, to July 1, 1838, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

SECOND LIEUT., 1ST INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1838.

Served: in the Florida War, 1838–40; on Recruiting service, 1840;

(FIRST LIEUT., 1ST INFANTRY, MAR. 14, 1839)

in the Florida War, 1841; on frontier duty at Ft. Snelling, Min., 1841–43, — and Ft. Winnebago, Wis., 1843; at the Military Academy, as Assistant Instructor of Infantry Tactics, July 26, 1843, to Aug. 18, 1844; on frontier duty at Ft. Snelling, Min., 1844–45, — Ft. Des Moines, Io., 1845, — Jefferson Barracks, Mo., 1845, — Ft. Snelling, Min., 1845–46, — and Dubuque, Io., 1846–47; in the War with Mexico, 1847–48, in garrison at Vera Cruz, 1847–48, — and on Military Commission in the City of

(CAPTAIN, 1ST INFANTRY, SEP. 8, 1847)

Mexico, 1848; in garrison at East Pascagoula, Mis., 1848; on frontier duty at Ft. Brown, Tex., 1848; on Recruiting service, 1849–50; and on frontier duty at Ft. Brown, Tex., 1850, — Scouting, 1850, — Ft. Merrill, Tex., 1850–52, — March to the Rio Llano, 1852, — Ft. Terrett, Tex., 1852–54, — San Antonio, Tex., 1854 — Camp Blake, Tex., 1854, — Ft. Duncan, Tex., 1854–55, — in conducting recruits to Texas, 1855–56, — and at Ft. Lancaster, Tex., 1856–58, 1859–61.

Served during the Rebellion of the Seceding States, 1861–66: on the coast of Texas, where he was captured, Apr. 27, 1861, with Major Sib-

(MAJOR, 5TH INFANTRY, SEP. 9, 1861)

ley's command, and put upon parole not to serve within Confederate Lines, till Aug., 1862; in organizing brigade of Volunteers at Mansfield, O., Oct. 18 to Dec. 18, 1861; as Disbursing Officer at Cincinnati, O., and preparing recruits for service, Dec. 27, 1861, to May, 1862; in command of Louisville, Ky., May to Aug., 1862; in Operations in Kentucky, commanding State troops, as

BRIG.-GENERAL, KENTUCKY VOLUNTEERS, SEP. 1, 1862,

being engaged in command at Shepherdsville, Sep. 1–20, 1862, — Skirmish at Lebanon Junction, Sep., 1862, — in command of Louisville, Ky., Sep., 1862, — convoying trains from Elizabethtown to Louisville, and returning, Oct., 1862, — and Action of Lawrenceburg, Oct. 12–13, 1862; in

(BVT. COLONEL, OCT. 9, 1862, FOR GALLANT AND MERITORIOUS SERVICES AT THE BATTLE OF LAWRENCEBURG, KY.)

command of Bowling Green, Ky., Oct. 30, 1862, to Jan. 12, 1863; in

(BRIG.-GENERAL, U. S. VOLUNTEERS, OCT. 20, 1862)

Operations in Tennessee, in command of division (Army of the Cumberland), being engaged in a Skirmish near Eaglesville, Feb., 1863, — in command of Nashville and District, June 2 to Sep. 5, 1863, and of District of Middle Tennessee, Sep. 5 to Dec. 18, 1863, — and superintending the defenses, and organizing Nashville depot, where he commanded, Dec. 18, 1863, to June, 1864; and in command of the District of Northern Alabama, June 2, 1864, to Sep. 10, 1865, being engaged in the Capture of General Roddy's Camp, near Courtland, July, 1864, — Expulsion of General Wheeler from Middle Tennessee, Aug.–Sep., 1864, participating in several Skirmishes with Generals Roddy and Wheeler in Southern Tennessee, — Defense against Forrest's Raid in Middle Tennessee, Oct., 1864, — in command of Huntsville, Ala., Oct., 1864, — Defense of Decatur against General Hood's Army, Oct. 26–29, 1864, and Sortie upon the Rebel Siege works, Oct. 28, 1864, — in command of

(BVT. BRIG.-GENERAL, U. S. ARMY, MAR. 13, 1865, FOR GALLANT AND MERITORIOUS SERVICES IN THE DEFENSE OF DECATUR, ALA.)

Stevenson, Ala., Nov. 30 to Dec. 23, 1864, — and in Occupation of North Alabama, Dec. 23, 1864, to Nov. 11, 1865; on leave of absence, Nov. 11,

(BVT. MAJ.-GENERAL, U. S. ARMY, MAR. 13, 1865, FOR GALLANT AND MERITORIOUS SERVICES DURING THE REBELLION)

1865, to Jan. 16, 1866; and in command of 11th Infantry, at Richmond,

(LIEUT.-COLONEL, 11TH INFANTRY, JUNE 12, 1865)

Va., Jan.–Apr., 1866.

MUSTERED OUT OF VOLUNTEER SERVICE, JAN. 15, 1866.

Served: in command of the District of Henrico, Va., Apr. 6, 1866, to Apr. 23, 1867, — of regiment, headquarters, Richmond, Va., Apr. 23 to June 3, 1867, — of Sub-District of Richmond, June 3, 1867, to July 5, 1868, — of regiment and Camp Grant, Va., Oct. 27, 1868, to Feb. 21, 1869, — and post of Jackson, Mis., Mar. 19, 1869, to Aug. 14, 1870; on

(TRANSFERRED TO 16TH INFANTRY, MAR. 15, 1869)

leave of absence, July 5 to Oct. 27, 1868, and Mar. to Oct. 20, 1869; on Courts Martial, Apr. 15 to June 23, 1870; as Acting Assistant Inspector-General of the Division of the South, Aug. 14 to Dec. 26, 1870; in command of Depot at Newport Barracks, Ky., and Superintendent of General

(COLONEL, 21ST INFANTRY, AUG. 16, 1871)

Recruiting Service, Jan. 1 to Sep. 23, 1871; on duty in San Francisco, Cal., Oct.–Dec., 1871, and commanding regiment, Jan. 2, 1872, to Oct. 9, 1873; and on sick leave of absence, Oct. 2 to Dec. 10, 1873.

RETIRED FROM ACTIVE SERVICE, JAN. 1, 1873, UPON HIS OWN APPLICATION, AFTER 30 YEARS OF CONTINUOUS SERVICE.

969..(Born Ct.).....**OWEN P. RANSOM**.....(Ap'd Ct.)..**29**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, Sep. 1, 1834, to July 1, 1838, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

SECOND LIEUT., 2D DRAGOONS, JULY 1, 1838.

Served: in the Florida War, 1838; in the Cherokee Nation, 1838–39, while transferring the Indians to the West; in the Florida War, 1839–42;

(FIRST LIEUT., 2D DRAGOONS, FEB. 18, 1840)

and on frontier duty at Ft. Jesup, La., 1842–45.

DISMISSED, NOV. 3, 1845, FOR DRUNKENNESS.

Civil History. — Civil Engineer, 1846–61, employed in the survey,

location, and construction of various railroads, etc., in Massachusetts, Connecticut, New York, Ohio, Indiana, etc.

Military History. — Served during the Rebellion of the Seceding
(COLONEL, 1ST OHIO CAVALRY VOLUNTEERS, SEP., 1861)
States, in Military Operations in Kentucky, 1861–62.
RESIGNED, JAN., 1862.

Civil History. — Engineer, Indianapolis and Cincinnati Railroad, 1862–18—.

DIED, JAN. 10, 1880, AT NEWPORT BARRACKS, KY.: AGED 62.

970..(Born N. Y.)...**JOHN H. MATHEWS**....(Ap'd N. Y.)..**30**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1834, to July 1, 1838, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to
SECOND LIEUT., 1ST INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1838.

Served in the Cherokee Nation, 1838, while transferring the Indians to the West.

DIED, AUG. 15, 1838, AT CAMP WORTH, TEN.: AGED 20.

971..(Born La.).....**HENRY H. SIBLEY**.....(Ap'd La.)..**31**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1833, to July 1, 1838, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to
SECOND LIEUT., 2D DRAGOONS, JULY 1, 1838.

Served : in the Florida War, 1838–39 ; on Recruiting service, 1839–40 ;
(FIRST LIEUT., 2D DRAGOONS, MAR. 8, 1840)
in the Florida War against the Seminole Indians, 1840–41, being engaged in the Expedition into the Everglades, Dec. 3–24, 1840 ; as Adjutant, 2d Dragoons, at Regimental headquarters, June 1, 1841, to Apr. 16, 1842 ; on Recruiting service, 1842 ; as Adjutant, 2d Dragoons, at Regimental headquarters, Sep. 17, 1842, to Apr. 1, 1846, — at Ft. Jesup, La., 1842–43, — Ft. Washita, I. T., 1843–44, — Ft. Jesup, La., 1844–45, — and in Military Occupation of Texas, 1845–46 ; on Recruiting service, 1846–47 ; in the War with Mexico, 1847–48, being engaged in the Siege
(CAPTAIN, 2D DRAGOONS, FEB. 16, 1847)
of Vera Cruz, Mar. 9–29, 1847, — Skirmish of Medellin, Mar. 25, 1847, — Battle of Cerro Gordo, Apr. 17–18, 1847, — Battle of Contreras,
(BVT. MAJOR, MAR. 25, 1847, FOR GALLANT AND MERITORIOUS CONDUCT IN THE AFFAIR AT MEDELLIN, NEAR VERA CRUZ, MEX.)
Aug. 19–20, 1847, — Battle of Churubusco, Aug. 20, 1847, — Battle of Molino del Rey, Sep. 8, 1847, — and Operations before and Capture of the City of Mexico, Sep. 13–14, 1847 ; in garrison at East Pascagoula, Mis., 1848 ; on Recruiting service, 1848–50 ; and on frontier duty at Ft. Graham, Tex., 1850–52, — Ft. Croghan, Tex., 1852–53, — Scouting, 1853, — Ft. Croghan, Tex., 1853, — Clear Fork of the Brazos, Tex., 1853–54, — Big Washita, 1854, — Ft. Belknap, Tex., 1855, — in quelling Kansas Disturbances, 1855–57, — Utah Expedition, 1857–58, 1859–60, — March to New Mexico, 1860, — Ft. Marcy, N. M., 1860, — Ft. Defiance, N. M., 1860, — Navajo Expedition, 1860, — Albuquerque, N. M., 1860, — and
(MAJOR, 1ST DRAGOONS, MAY 13, 1861)
Taos, N. M., 1860–61.
RESIGNED, MAY 13, 1861.

Joined in the Rebellion of 1861–66 against the United States.

Civil History. — Unknown, 1866–69, and 1873–86, no certain information having been received. Brig.-General in the Egyptian Army, Dec., 1869, to Sep. 30, 1873.

DIED, AUG. 23, 1886, AT FREDERICKSBURG, VA.: AGED 70.

972..(Born Ky.).....**EDWARD JOHNSON**.....(Ap'd Ky.)..**32**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1833, to July 1, 1838, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

SECOND LIEUT., 6TH INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1838.

Served: in the Florida War, 1838–41; on frontier duty at Ft. Towson,

(FIRST LIEUT., 6TH INFANTRY, OCT. 9, 1839)

I. T., 1842, — and Ft. Smith, Ark., 1842–43, 1843–46; in the War with Mexico, 1847, being engaged in the Siege of Vera Cruz, Mar. 9–29, 1847, — Battle of Cerro Gordo, Apr. 17–18, 1847, — Skirmish of Amazoque, May 14, 1847, — Battle of Churubusco, Aug. 20, 1847, — Battle of Molino

(BVT. CAPTAIN, SEP. 8, 1847, FOR GALLANT AND MERITORIOUS CONDUCT IN THE BATTLE OF MOLINO DEL REY, MEX.)

del Rey, Sep. 8, 1847, — Storming of Chapultepec, Sep. 13, 1847, — and

(BVT. MAJOR, SEP. 13, 1847, FOR GALLANT CONDUCT AT CHAPULTEPEC, MEX.)

Assault and Capture of the City of Mexico, Sep. 13–14, 1847; on Recruiting service, 1847–48; on sick leave of absence, 1848–50; on Recruiting

(CAPTAIN, 6TH INFANTRY, APR. 15, 1851)

service, 1850–52; on frontier duty at Ft. Atkinson, Kan., 1853, — Ft. Riley, Kan., 1853–54, — Ft. Laramie, Dak., 1854–55, — in quelling Kansas Disturbances, 1856–58, — Utah Expedition, 1858, — on march to California, 1858, — and at Ft. Weller, Cal., 1858–59; and in garrison at Ft. Columbus, N. Y., 1860–61.

RESIGNED, JUNE 10, 1861.

Joined in the Rebellion of 1861–66 against the United States.

Civil History. — Farmer, Chesterfield County, Va., 1866–73.

DIED, FEB. 22, 1873, AT RICHMOND, VA.: AGED 57.

973..(Born Mis.).....**RIPLEY A. ARNOLD**.....(Ap'd Mis.)..**33**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1834, to July 1, 1838, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

SECOND LIEUT., 2D DRAGOONS, JULY 1, 1838.

Served: in the Florida War, 1839; on Recruiting service, 1839–40; in the Florida War, 1839–40, 1841–42, being engaged against the Semi-

(FIRST LIEUT., 2D DRAGOONS, FEB. 1, 1841)

nole Indians, in the Rout of Halleck Tustennuggee's Band in the Big Hammock of Pilaklikaha, Apr. 19, 1842; in garrison at Baton Rouge,

(BVT. CAPTAIN, APR. 19, 1842, FOR GALLANT CONDUCT IN THE WAR AGAINST THE FLORIDA INDIANS)

La., 1842–43; on frontier duty at Ft. Jesup, La., 1843–44, 1844–45; in Military Occupation of Texas, 1845; on Recruiting service, 1845–46; in the War with Mexico, 1846–47, being engaged in the Battle of Palo Alto, May 8, 1846, — and in Battle of Resaca-de-la-Palma, May 9, 1846; on

(BVT.-MAJOR, MAY 9, 1846, FOR GALLANT AND MERITORIOUS CONDUCT IN THE BATTLES OF PALO ALTO AND RESACA-DE-LA-PALMA, TEX.)

(CAPTAIN, STAFF — ASST. QUARTERMASTER, MAY 11, 1846, TO MAR. 10, 1847)

Recruiting service, 1847–48; on frontier duty on march from the Rio

(CAPTAIN, 2D DRAGOONS, AUG. 18, 1847)

Grande to Ft. Graham, Tex., 1848–49, — Ft. Worth, Tex., 1849–51, — Ft. Graham, Tex., 1851, — Scouting, 1851, — Ft. Graham, Tex., 1851–52, — Ft. Worth, Tex., 1852, — and Ft. Graham, Tex., 1852; on detached service at Washington, D. C., 1852–53; and on frontier duty at Ft. Graham, Tex., 1853.

MURDERED, SEP. 6, 1853, AT FT. GRAHAM, TEX.: AGED 36.

974..(Born Md.)...**CONSTANT FREEMAN**..(Ap'd at Large)..**34**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, Sep. 1, 1834, to July 1, 1838, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

SECOND LIEUT., 4TH INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1838.

Served: in the Cherokee Nation, 1838–39, while transferring the Indians to the West; and on frontier duty at Ft. Gibson, I. T., 1839, — and Choctaw Nation, 1839.

DIED, NOV. 17, 1839, AT FT. WAYNE, I. T.: AGED 22.

975.(Born Va.)..**ALEXANDER W. REYNOLDS**..(Ap'd Va.)..**35**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1833, to July 1, 1838, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

SECOND LIEUT., 1ST INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1838.

Served: in the Florida War, 1838–40, being Adjutant, 1st Infantry,

(FIRST LIEUT., 1ST INFANTRY, JUNE 11, 1839)

Oct. 19, 1839, to Mar. 1, 1840; in garrison at Bedloe's Island, N. Y., 1840; in the Florida War, 1840–41; on frontier duty at Ft. Atkinson, Io., 1841–42, 1842–44, — and Ft. Crawford, Wis., 1844–45; in garrison at Jefferson Barracks, Mo., 1845–46; on Recruiting service, 1846–47;

(CAPTAIN, STAFF — ASST. QUARTERMASTER, AUG. 5, 1847)

and on Quartermaster duty at Philadelphia, Pa., 1847–48, — in the War with Mexico, 1848, — Convoying trains to Fts. Washita and Towson, I. T.,

(CAPTAIN, 1ST INFANTRY, MAR. 15, 1848: VACATED, MAR. 15, 1848)

1848, — Santa Fé, N. M., 1849–52, — and settling his accounts at Washington, D. C., 1852–55.

DISMISSED, OCT. 8, 1855, UNDER SEC. 3 OF LAW OF JAN. 31, 1823.

Re-appointed in the United States Army, with his former rank of

CAPTAIN, STAFF — ASST. QUARTERMASTER, AUG. 5, 1847.

Served: on Quartermaster duty at Ft. Snelling, Min., 1858, — Philadelphia, Pa., 1858–59, — Indianola, Tex., 1859, — Washington, D. C., 1859, — Indianola, Tex., 1859–60, — and San Antonio, Tex., 1860–61.

DROPPED, OCT. 4, 1861, "HAVING FOR SEVERAL MONTHS ABSENTED HIMSELF FROM DUTY, AND HAVING FAILED TO REPORT."

Joined in the Rebellion of 1861–66 against the United States.

Civil History. — Unknown, 1866–70. Colonel of Staff, in the Egyptian Army, Apr. 21, 1870, to May 26, 1876.

DIED, MAY 26, 1876, AT ALEXANDRIA, EGYPT: AGED 60.

976. . (Born Pa.) . . . . . ANDREW J. SMITH . . . . . (Ap'd Pa.) . . 36

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1834, to July 1, 1838, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

SECOND LIEUT., 1ST DRAGOONS, JULY 1, 1838.

Served: at Carlisle Barracks, Pa. (Cavalry School for Practice), 1838–39; on Recruiting service, 1839–40; on frontier duty, in Expedition to the Pottawatomie Country, 1840, — Ft. Leavenworth, Kan., 1840–41, — Jefferson Barracks, Mo., 1841, — Ft. Leavenworth, Kan., 1841–42, — Ft. Gibson, I. T., 1842, — Ft. Leavenworth, Kan., 1842–43, 1843–45, —

(FIRST LIEUT., 1ST DRAGOONS, MAR. 4, 1845)

Expedition to the South Pass of the Rocky Mountains, 1845, — and Ft. Leavenworth, Kan., 1845–46; in the War with Mexico, 1847–48, in garrison at San Diego, Cal., 1848; on frontier duty at San Francisco, Cal.,

(CAPTAIN, 1ST DRAGOONS, FEB. 16, 1847)

1848–49, — and Sonoma, Cal., 1849; on Recruiting service, 1849–53; on frontier duty at Ft. Orford, Or., 1853, — Rogue River Expedition, 1853, — Ft. Lane, Or., 1853–55, — Oregon Hostilities, 1855, being engaged in Skirmish at Cow Creek, Or., Oct. 31, 1855, — Ft. Lane, Or., 1855–56, — Rogue River Expedition, 1856, being engaged with hostile Indians in several skirmishes, Mar.–June, 1856, — and Ft. Yamhill, Or., 1856–57; on Oregon War Claims Commission, 1857–58; on Recruiting service, 1858; and on frontier duty at Ft. Walla Walla, Wash., 1858–59, — Ft. Vancouver, Wash., 1859–60, — Oregon Hostilities, 1860, being engaged against Snake Indians in Skirmishes near Harney Lake, May 24, 1860, and near Owyhee River, June 23, 1860, — Ft. Walla Walla, Wash., 1860–61, — and march to Nez Percé Agency, 1861.

MAJOR, 1ST DRAGOONS, MAY 13, 1861: 1ST CAVALRY, AUG. 3, 1861.

Served during the Rebellion of the Seceding States, 1861–66: as Chief

(COLONEL, 2D CALIFORNIA CAVALRY VOLUNTEERS, OCT. 2, 1861)

of Cavalry, Department of the Missouri, Feb. 11 to Mar. 11, 1862, and of the Department of the Mississippi, Mar. 11 to July 11, 1862, being

(BRIG.-GENERAL, U. S. VOLUNTEERS, MAR. 17, 1862)

engaged in the Advance upon and Siege of Corinth, Apr. 15 to May 30, 1862, including several skirmishes; in command of the troops in Covington, Ky., and vicinity (Department of the Ohio), Sep. 9–Oct. 9, 1862; in command of division, in movements through Kentucky, Oct.–Nov., 1862, — at Memphis, Ten., Nov. 28 to Dec. 21, 1862, — on the Expedition to Yazoo River, Dec., 1862, being engaged in the Assault of Chickasaw Bluffs, Dec. 27–29, 1862, — and on Expedition to Arkansas Post, which was carried by assault, Jan. 11, 1863; in the Vicksburg Campaign, Jan.–July, 1863, commanding division, 13th Army Corps, being engaged in the Advance to Grand Gulf, Apr. 15–30, 1863, — Battle of Port Gibson, May 1, 1863, — Battle of Champion Hills, May 16, 1863, — Battle of Big Black River, May 17, 1863, — Assaults on Vicksburg, May 19 and 22, and Siege of the place, May 22 to July 4, 1863, — and Capture of Jackson, Mis., July 16, 1863; in command of 6th Division, 16th Army Corps, and District of Columbus, Ky., Aug. 5, 1863, to Jan. 21, 1864; in command of 3d Division, 16th Army Corps, Jan. 24 to Mar. 6, 1864, in the Department of the Tennessee; in the Red River Campaign, commanding detachments of the 16th and 17th Army Corps, Mar. 6 to May 22, 1864, being engaged in the Assault and Capture of Ft. De Russy, Mar. 14, 1864, — Battle of Pleasant Hill, Apr. 9, 1864, — Action at Cane

(BVT. COLONEL, APR. 10, 1864, FOR GALLANT AND MERITORIOUS SERVICES AT THE BATTLE OF PLEASANT HILL, LA.)

River, Apr. 23–24, 1864, — and in covering the Retreat of General Banks's

(LIEUT.-COLONEL, 5TH CAVALRY, MAY 9, 1864)

Army, with almost daily heavy skirmishing, May 14–22, 1864; in com-

(MAJOR-GENERAL, U. S. VOLUNTEERS, MAY 12, 1864)

mand of Right Wing, 16th Army Corps, in Operations in Mississippi and Tennessee, June to Sep., 1864, being engaged in the Action near Lake Village, Mis., June 6, 1864, — Action near Tupelo, Mis., July 14, 1864, — and on Expedition from Memphis to Holly Springs, Aug. 4–30, 1864; in Operations in Missouri, and covering St. Louis from a threatened attack by General Price, Sep.-Nov., 1864; in command of detachment of the Army of the Tennessee in Major-General Thomas's Campaign against the Rebels under General Hood, Dec. 1864, to Jan., 1865, being engaged in the Battle of Nashville, Dec. 15–16, 1864, — and pursuit of the enemy to Pulaski, Dec. 16–28, 1864; in the movement from Eastport, Mis., via Cairo, to New Orleans, La., Feb. 6–21, 1865; in command of 16th Army Corps, Feb. 18–July 20, 1865; in the Mobile Campaign, Mar. 7 to

(BVT. BRIG.-GENERAL, U. S. ARMY, MAR. 13, 1865, FOR GALLANT AND MERITORIOUS SERVICES AT THE BATTLE OF TUPELO, MIS.)

Apr. 13, 1865, being engaged in the Siege of Spanish Fort, Mar. 27 to

(BVT. MAJ.-GENERAL, U. S. ARMY, MAR. 13, 1865, FOR GALLANT AND MERITORIOUS SERVICES IN THE BATTLE OF NASHVILLE, TEN.)

Apr. 8, 1865, and in reserve during the Storming of Blakely, Apr. 9, 1865, — movement on Montgomery, Ala., Apr. 13–25, 1865, — and occupation of Montgomery, making detachments to various points in Alabama, Apr. 25 to Aug. 8, 1865; in command of the District of Montgomery, Ala., Aug. 8 to Oct. 25, 1865, — and of District of Western Louisiana, Oct. 27, 1865, to Jan. 15, 1866; in waiting orders, Jan. 15 to Mar. 10,

(MUSTERED OUT OF VOLUNTEER SERVICE, JAN. 15, 1866)

1866; on Board for the recommendation of Officers for Brevet Promotions, Mar. 10 to June 22, 1866; on leave of absence and awaiting orders, June 22 to Sep. 25, 1866.

COLONEL, 7TH CAVALRY, JULY 28, 1866.

Served: in command of District of Upper Arkansas, Nov. 25, 1866, to Sep., 1867, and of the Department of Missouri, Sep. 14, 1867, to Mar. 2, 1868; and on leave of absence, Mar. 2, 1868, to May 6, 1869.

RESIGNED, MAY 6, 1869.

Civil History. — U. S. Postmaster at St. Louis, Mo., April 3, 1869, to ——. Unknown since 1870, no authentic information having been received.

Military History. — Re-appointed, by Law of Dec. 24, 1888, in the Army,

COLONEL OF CAVALRY, JAN. 22, 1889,

and the same day placed upon the Retired List.

977. . (Born Md.) . . . . **CHARLES J. HUGHES** . . . . . (Ap'd Md.) . . **37**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1834, to July 1, 1838, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

SECOND LIEUT., 6TH INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1838.

Served in the Florida War against the Seminole Indians, 1838–39.

DIED, AUG. 22, 1839, AT FT. FRANK BROOKE, FLA.: AGED 22.

978. . (Born N. Y.) . . . . **WILLIAM HULBERT** . . . . . (Ap'd N. Y.) . . **38**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1833,

to July 1, 1838, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to
SECOND LIEUT., 6TH INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1838.

Served in the Florida War, 1838–39, being engaged against the Seminole Indians, by whom, while scouting near Ft. Frank Brooke, he was
KILLED, MAY 2, 1839 : AGED 23.

979..(Born Del.)..**ROBERT M. COCHRAN**..(Ap'd at Large)..**39**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1834, to July 1, 1838, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to
SECOND LIEUT., 4TH INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1838.

Served : in the Cherokee Nation, 1838–39, while transferring the Indians to the West ; on frontier duty at Ft. Gibson, I. T., 1839–40, —
(FIRST LIEUT., 4TH INFANTRY, OCT. 4, 1840)
and Ft. Smith, Ark., 1840–42, being Adjutant, 4th Infantry, 1840–41 ; in the Florida War, 1842 ; in garrison at Jefferson Barracks, Mo., 1842–44 ; and on frontier duty at Camp Salubrity (Natchitoches), La., 1844.

CASHIERED, NOV. 29, 1844, FOR "DRUNKENNESS ON DUTY," AND "DISOBEDIENCE OF ORDERS" IN NOT ATTENDING THE FUNERAL OF A PRIVATE OF HIS COMPANY.

Civil History. — Employed by the Quartermaster's Department in the War with Mexico, 1846–47.

KILLED BY MEXICANS, FEB. 24, 1847, NEAR RAMOS, MEX. : AGED 31.

980..(Born N. Y.)....**JUSTUS McKINSTRY**....(Ap'd Mich.)..**40**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1833, to July 1, 1838, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to
SECOND LIEUT., 2D INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1838.

Served : in garrison at Sackett's Harbor, N. Y., 1838, — and Ft. Gratiot, Mich., 1838 ; in the Florida War, 1838–41, 1841–42 ; in garrison at
(FIRST LIEUT., 2D INFANTRY, APR. 18, 1841)
Ft. Niagara, N. Y., 1842–44 ; on Recruiting service, 1844–45 ; in garrison at Ft. Niagara, N. Y., 1845–46, — and Ft. Columbus, N. Y., 1846 ; in the War with Mexico, 1846–48, on Quartermaster duty, 1847–48, being
(CAPTAIN, STAFF — ASST. QUARTERMASTER, MAR. 3, 1847)
engaged in the Battle of Churubusco, Aug. 20, 1847 (in command of a
(BVT. MAJOR, AUG. 20, 1847, FOR GALLANT AND MERITORIOUS CONDUCT IN THE BATTLES OF CONTRERAS AND CHURUBUSCO, MEX.)
company of Volunteers), — and Battle of Chapultepec, Sep. 13, 1847 ; on leave of absence, 1848 ; on Quartermaster duty, with Commissioners
(CAPTAIN, 2D INFANTRY, JAN. 12, 1848 : VACATED, JAN. 12, 1848)
running the Boundary Line between the United States and Mexico, 1849–50, — in California, 1850–55, — at Ft. Myers, Fla., 1856, — and at Ft. Brooke, Fla., 1856–58 ; in waiting orders, 1859–60 ; and as Chief
(MAJOR, STAFF — QUARTERMASTER, AUG. 3, 1861, FOR FOURTEEN YEARS' SERVICE AS CAPTAIN)
Quartermaster of the Department of the West, Jan. 10, 1860, to Sep. 21, 1861.

Served during the Rebellion of the Seceding States, 1861–63 : in com-
(BRIG.-GENERAL, U. S. VOLUNTEERS, SEP. 2, 1861, TO JULY 17, 1862)
mand of a division in Military Operations in Missouri, Sep. 21 to Nov. 7,

1861; and in arrest at St. Louis, Mo., awaiting trial by Court Martial, 1861–63.

DISMISSED, JAN. 28, 1863, FOR NEGLECT AND VIOLATION OF DUTY, TO THE PREJUDICE OF GOOD ORDER AND MILITARY DISCIPLINE.

Civil History. — Stock Broker, New York city, 1864–67. Land Agent at Rolla, Mo., 1867. Unknown since 1867.

981..(Born N. Y.).**FERDINAND S. MUMFORD**.(Ap'd N. Y.)..**41**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1834, to July 1, 1838, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

SECOND LIEUT., 1ST INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1838.

Served: in the Florida War, 1839; on sick leave of absence, 1839–41;

(FIRST LIEUT., 1ST INFANTRY, JUNE 11, 1839)

on frontier duty at Ft. Snelling, Min., 1841–43, — Ft. Winnebago, Wis., 1843–45, — and Jefferson Barracks, Mo., 1845–46; on Recruiting service, 1846–48; in the War with Mexico, 1848, at the City of Mexico;

(CAPTAIN, 1ST INFANTRY, MAR. 15, 1848)

and in garrison at East Pascagoula, Mis., 1848, — and Ft. Brown, Tex., 1848–49.

RESIGNED, AUG. 31, 1849.

Civil History. — Mining Engineer in California, 1849–57; Counselor at Law in California, 1857–72.

DIED, OCT. 1, 1872, AT SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.: AGED 54.

982..(Born Va.)....**CARTER L. STEVENSON**....(Ap'd Va.)..**42**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1834, to July 1, 1838, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

SECOND LIEUT., 5TH INFANTRY, JULY 1, 1838.

Served: on frontier duty at Ft. Winnebago, Wis., 1838–40; in the Florida War, 1840–41; in garrison at Detroit Barracks, Mich., 1841–44,

(FIRST LIEUT., 5TH INFANTRY, SEP. 22, 1840)

— and Ft. Wilkins, Mich., 1844–45; in Military Occupation of Texas, 1845–46; in the War with Mexico, 1846, being engaged in the Battle of Palo Alto, May 8, 1846, — and Battle of Resaca-de-la-Palma, May 9, 1846; on Recruiting service, 1847; as Aide-de-Camp to Bvt. Brig.-General Brady, June 5 to Sep. 25, 1847; in garrison at Detroit, Mich.,

(CAPTAIN, 5TH INFANTRY, JUNE 30, 1847)

1847–48; in the War with Mexico, 1848; in garrison at East Pascagoula, Mis., 1848; on frontier duty at Ft. Gibson, I. T., 1848–51, — March to Texas, 1851, — and Ft. Belknap, Tex., 1851–52; on Recruiting service, 1852–54; on frontier duty, escorting Captain Pope, Top. Engineer, on Pacific Railroad Exploration, 1855–56, being engaged in a Skirmish with Apache Indians near the mouth of Delaware Creek, N. M., June 13, 1855, — and Rio Pecos, Tex., 1856; in Florida Hostilities against the Seminole Indians, 1856–57, being engaged in Skirmishes in Big Cypress Swamp, Mar. 5 and 6, 1857, and near Bowleg's Town, Mar. 13, 1857; on Utah Expedition, 1858–60; on frontier duty at Ft. Stanton, N. M., 1860–61; and Ft. Union, N. M., 1861; and on leave of absence, 1861.

DISMISSED, JUNE 25, 1861,

"it having been ascertained, to the satisfaction of the War Department,

that he had entertained and expressed treasonable designs against the Government of the United States."

Joined in the Rebellion of 1861–66 against the United States.

Civil History. — Civil and Mining Engineer, 1866–88.

DIED, AUG. 15, 1888, IN CAROLINE CO., VA. : AGED 71.

983..(Born Ky.)....**RICHARD H. GRAHAM**....(Ap'd Ky.)..**43**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1834, to July 1, 1838, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

SECOND LIEUT., 2D DRAGOONS, JULY 1, 1838.

SECOND LIEUT., 4TH INFANTRY, AUG. 9, 1838.

Served : in the Cherokee Nation, 1838–39, while transferring the Indians to the West ; on frontier duty at Ft. Gibson, I. T., 1839 ; as Aide-de-Camp to Bvt. Brig.-General Atkinson, Oct. 24, 1839, to June 14, 1842 ;

(FIRST LIEUT., 4TH INFANTRY, FEB. 25, 1841)

in garrison at Jefferson Barracks, Mo., 1842–43, 1843–44 ; on frontier duty at Camp Salubrity, Natchitoches, La., 1844–45 ; in Military Occupation of Texas, 1845–46 ; and in the War with Mexico, 1846, being engaged in the Battle of Palo Alto, May 8, 1846, — Battle of Resaca-de-la-Palma, May 9, 1846, — and Battle of Monterey, Sep. 21, 1846, where he was Mortally Wounded, in a desperate Assault of the enemy's works.

DIED OF WOUNDS, OCT. 12, 1846 : AGED 29.

984..(Born Pa.)..... **CHARLES F. RUFF**.....(Ap'd Pa.)..**44**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, Sep. 1, 1834, to July 1, 1838, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

SECOND LIEUT., 1ST DRAGOONS, JULY 1, 1838.

Served : at Carlisle Barracks, Pa. (Cavalry School for Practice), 1838–39 ; on recruiting service, 1839 ; and on frontier duty at Ft. Leavenworth, Kan., 1839–40, — Liberty Arsenal, Mo., 1840, — Ft. Leavenworth, Kan., 1840–41, — Osage Country, 1841, — Ft. Atkinson, Io., 1842, — Ft. Sandford, Io., 1843, — and march to Ft. Des Moines, Io., 1843.

RESIGNED, DEC. 31, 1843.

Civil History. — Counselor at Law, Liberty, Mo., 1843–46.

Military History. — Served : on Recruiting service, 1846 ; in the

(LIEUT.-COLONEL, MISSOURI VOLUNTEERS, JUNE 18, 1846)

War with Mexico, 1846–48, being engaged in the Army of the West in

(CAPTAIN, MOUNTED RIFLES, JULY 7, 1846)

New Mexico, 1846, — Skirmish at San Juan de los Llanos, Aug. 1, 1847,

(BVT. MAJOR, AUG. 1, 1847, FOR GALLANT AND MERITORIOUS CONDUCT IN THE AFFAIR AT SAN JUAN DE LOS LLANOS, MEX.)

— Battle of Contreras, Aug. 19–20, 1847, — Battle of Molino del Rey, Sep. 8, 1847, where he was wounded, — Battle of Chapultepec, Sep. 13, 1847, — and Assault and Capture of the City of Mexico, Sep. 13–14, 1847 ; on frontier duty at Ft. Kearny, Neb., 1848–49, — March to Oregon, 1849, — Oregon City, 1849–50, — Ft. Vancouver, Wash., 1850–51 ; in purchasing and inspecting horses at Cincinnati, O., 1851–52 ; as Superintendent of Cavalry Recruiting Service, Oct. 1, 1852, to Oct. 1, 1853 ; in command of Cavalry School for Practice, at Jefferson Barracks, Mo., 1853–55 ; on frontier duty at Ft. Clark, Tex., 1855, — Scouting, 1855–56, — and San Antonio, Tex., 1856 ; on leave of absence, 1856–58 ; on fron-

(MAJOR, MOUNTED RIFLES, DEC. 30, 1856)

tier duty, on Navajo Expedition, 1858–59, — Ft. Stanton, N. M., 1859, — Ft. Defiance, N. M., 1859, — Ft. Stanton, N. M., 1859–60, — Comanche Expedition, 1860, — Ft. Union, N. M., 1860, — and Albuquerque, N. M., 1860; and as bearer of despatches to the War Department, 1860–61.

Served during the Rebellion of the Seceding States, 1861–63; as Mustering Officer at Philadelphia, Pa., Apr. 15, 1861, to Apr. 29, 1863: as

(LIEUT.-COLONEL, 3D CAVALRY, JUNE 10, 1861)

Acting Inspector-General of the Department of the Susquehanna, Pa., June 29 to Sep. 25, 1863; and awaiting orders from Sep. 29, 1863 (when the prosecution of the Court Martial, before which he was arraigned, was abandoned) to Mar. 25, 1864,

RETIRED FROM ACTIVE SERVICE, MAR. 30, 1864, FOR DISABILITY, RESULTING FROM DISEASE AND EXPOSURE IN THE LINE OF DUTY.

BVT. COLONEL, AND BVT. BRIG.-GENERAL, U. ARMY, MAR. 13, 1865, FOR FAITHFUL AND MERITORIOUS SERVICES IN RECRUITING THE ARMIES OF THE UNITED STATES.

Served: on Courts Martial, Aug. 23, 1867, to Feb., 1868; as Judge Advocate of the Department of the East, Feb.–June, 1868, and Acting Assistant Adjutant-General, June–July, 1868; and as Professor of Military Science at the University of Pennsylvania, July 3, 1868, to Feb. 21, 1870.

DIED, OCT. 1, 1885, AT PHILADELPHIA, PA.: AGED 68.

985..(Born Ala.)....**ZEBULON M. P. INGE**.....(Ap'd Ala.)..**45**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1834, to July 1, 1838, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

SECOND LIEUT., 2D DRAGOONS, JULY 1, 1838.

Served: in the Florida War, 1838–39; on Recruiting service, 1839–40; in the Florida War, 1840–41; in garrison at Baton Rouge, La., 1841; on

(FIRST LIEUT., 2D DRAGOONS, FEB. 2, 1841)

frontier duty at Ft. Jesup, La., 1841–43, 1844–46; and in the War with Mexico, 1846, being engaged in the Battle of Palo Alto, May 8, 1846, — and Battle of Resaca-de-la-Palma, May 9, 1846, where, at the head of his platoon, while gallantly charging the enemy's batteries, he was

KILLED, MAY 9, 1846: AGED 31.

CLASS OF 1839.

986..(Born Mas.)....**ISAAC I. STEVENS**.....(Ap'd Mas.)..**1**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1835, to July 1, 1839, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

SECOND LIEUT., CORPS OF ENGINEERS, JULY 1, 1839.

Served: as Asst. Engineer in building Ft. Adams, Newport harbor, R. I., 1839–41, — of the repairs of Fairhaven Battery, New Bedford

(FIRST LIEUT., CORPS OF ENGINEERS, JULY 1, 1840)

harbor, Mas., 1841–42, — and of the repairs of the defenses of Portsmouth harbor, N. H., 1842–46; as Superintending Engineer in building Ft. Knox, at the Narrows of Penobscot River, Me., 1843–46; in the War with Mexico, 1847–48, being engaged, as Adjutant of Engineers, in the Siege of Vera Cruz, Mar. 9–29, 1847, — Battle of Cerro Gordo, Apr. 17–18, 1847, — Reconnoissance of the Peñon, Aug. 12–13, 1847, and of San Antonio, Aug. 18, 1847, — Battle of Contreras, Aug. 19–20,

1847, — Reconnoissance and Battle of Churubusco, Aug. 20, 1847, —

(BVT. CAPT., AUG. 20, 1847, FOR GALLANT AND MERITORIOUS CONDUCT IN THE BATTLES OF CONTRERAS AND CHURUBUSCO, MEX.)

Battle of Molino del Rey, Sep. 8, 1847, — Reconnoissance of the Southern approaches to the City of Mexico, Sep. 9–13, 1847, — Battle of Cha-

(BVT. MAJOR, SEP. 13, 1847, FOR GALLANT AND MERITORIOUS CONDUCT IN THE BATTLE OF CHAPULTEPEC, MEX.)

pultepec, Sep. 13, 1847, — and Assault and Capture of the City of Mexico, Sep. 13–14, 1847, where he was severely wounded in the San Cosme suburb ; as Superintending Engineer in building Ft. Knox, Me., and of repairs of Portsmouth fortifications, N. H., 1848, — of the improvement of Savannah River, Ga., 1848, — and of building Fts. Pulaski and Jackson, Ga., 1848 ; as Assistant in charge of the Coast Survey Office, at Washington, D. C., Sep. 14, 1849, to Mar. 31, 1853 ; and as Member of a Commission for devising plans for the improvement of the James and Appomattox rivers, Va., and of Cape Fear River, N. C., 1853.

RESIGNED, MAR. 16, 1853.

Civil History. — Author of "Campaigns of the Rio Grande and Mexico," 1851, being a Review of Ripley's "History of the Mexican War." Governor of Washington Territory, Mar. 17, 1853, to Mar. 4, 1857 ; and Commissioner for Indian Affairs for Washington Territory, Mar. 17, 1853, to Mar. 4, 1857. Author of a Report of Explorations, made by him in 1853–54, while Governor of Washington Territory, for a "Route for the Pacific Railroad, near the 47th and 49th Parallels of North Latitude, from St. Paul, Min., to Puget Sound," published by order of Congress, 1855. Delegate to the U. S. House of Representatives from Washington Territory, 1857–61.

Military History. — Served during the Rebellion of the Seceding

(COLONEL, 79TH NEW YORK VOLUNTEERS, JULY 30, 1861)

States, 1861–62 : in the defenses of Washington, D. C., July 30 to

(BRIG.-GENERAL, U. S. VOLUNTEERS, SEP. 28, 1861)

Oct. 21, 1861 ; in command of brigade in the Port Royal Expeditionary Corps, Oct. 21, 1861, to Mar. 31, 1862, being engaged and in command of the land forces which attacked the enemy at Port Royal Ferry, and captured and destroyed the Rebel batteries on Coosaw River, S. C., Jan. 1, 1862 ; in the Department of the South, Mar. 31 to July 12, 1862, in command of brigade, and subsequently of a division, being engaged in the demonstrations and actions on Stono River, June 3–10, 1862, — and Assault of the Rebel works at Secessionville, James Island, S. C., June 16, 1862 ; in command of division at Newport News, Va., July–Aug., 1862 ;

(MAJOR-GENERAL, U. S. VOLUNTEERS, JULY 4, 1862)

and in the Northern Virginia Campaign, Aug.–Sep., 1862, being engaged in various Skirmishes on the Rappahannock, Aug., 1862, — Battle of Manassas, Aug. 29–30, 1862, — and Battle of Chantilly, where, while leading his division in a charge, he was

KILLED,* SEP. 1, 1862 : AGED 44.

* General Pope, in his official despatch of the Northern Virginia Campaign, says: "General STEVENS was zealous and active throughout the operations, and distinguished himself in the most conspicuous manner during the battle of the twenty-ninth and thirtieth of August. He was killed, at the head of his command, in the battle near Chantilly on the first of September, and his death will be deeply felt by the army and the country."

BIOGRAPHICAL SKETCH.

MAJOR-GENERAL ISAAC I. STEVENS was born, Mar. 28, 1818, in North Andover, Mas. He was graduated at the Military Academy, July 1,

1839, at the head of his class ; and was promoted to the Corps of Engineers, in which, for seven years, he was engaged in repairing and constructing New England fortifications.

In the War against Mexico, as Adjutant of his corps, Lieut. Stevens was engaged in all the operations of General Scott's army, from the Siege of Vera Cruz to the Capture of the City of Mexico, where, in the San Cosme suburb, he was severely wounded. Though much broken down by a severe ailment, while in the Valley of Mexico, he was always at the front, boldly reconnoitring and ever ready for the fray, showing marked intelligence, sound judgment, and impetuous daring upon the battlefield. For his "gallant and meritorious conduct" at Contreras and Churubusco, he was brevetted a Captain, and a Major for Chapultepec.

After this war, though on crutches, Stevens returned to his usual engineer duties till 1849, when he accepted the position of Assistant in charge of the U. S. Coast Survey Office, which, with great credit to himself and advantage to the Government, he held till Mar. 16, 1853, when he resigned from the Army.

Stevens, ambitious for something higher than the peace occupation of an engineer, decided to accept a civil station which was tendered to him, — that of Governor of Washington Territory, and *ex officio,* Superintendent of Indian Affairs. Upon his own urgent request, he was also placed in charge of exploring a railroad route to the Pacific, from St. Paul, Min., to Puget Sound, a distance of 2,000 miles through an almost trackless wilderness. With his customary ardor he traversed and examined a belt of some 200 miles wide through a wild and almost unknown country, and was the first to submit to Congress a comprehensive and exhaustive report upon the feasibility of the route, and also the practicability of navigating by steamers the Upper Missouri and the Columbia rivers. In a speech at San Francisco, at that early day, he proved the expediency of carrying out his project, and boldly predicted that many of his hearers would see three grand iron roads spanning the Continent, — the Northern, Central, and Southern. Though he did not live to behold his prophecy fulfilled, four grand routes attest to-day his far-seeing vision.

Stevens was prompt in organizing the civil government of his Territory, and as Superintendent of Indian Affairs, in 1854–55, made treaties with the wild tribes of the Territory by which they relinquished their titles to more than 100,000 square miles of land. His Indian policy was one of great beneficence, guarded most carefully tribal rights, and guaranteed homesteads to all savages adopting the habits of civilized life. In October, 1855, Gov. Stevens crossed the Rocky Mountains to conclude a treaty of friendship with the Blackfeet Indians, at the same time intervening successfully to make peace between them and the hunting tribes of Washington and Oregon. During his absence the disaffected Indians of Washington Territory rose against the whites and committed many barbarities. Without an instant's delay, Stevens forced a passage across the Rocky Mountains in mid-winter to reach his capital, Olympia, called out a thousand volunteers, and conducted a campaign against the revolted Indians which was so vigorous and successful that before the close of the year they were subdued, their chiefs slain, and the hostiles incorporated with the friendly Indians. In this struggle his energy, resolution, and expedients overcame all obstacles, suppressed mutiny, and the many plots of the former employees of the Hudson Bay Company ; while sympathizers with the Indians were taken from their homes and confined in the town, and, when the Chief Justice of the Territory issued his writ of habeas corpus for their release, Governor Stevens proclaimed martial law in two counties, caused the Chief Justice to be arrested in his own courtroom, and held a prisoner till the close of the war. During this trying epoch Stevens proved himself another Jackson, stood a protecting shield

against the oppressed, and vindicated himself in a printed document in which the same arguments and nearly the same language were used as in the subsequent proclamation of martial law during the Rebellion.

Stevens, in July, 1857, on being elected Congressional Delegate from Washington Territory, resigned his office of Governor. In the House of Representatives he justified his course in the Indian war, saw his treaties confirmed, his issues of scrip to pay volunteers assumed by the government, and large appropriations secured for the development of Washington Territory.

In the presidential canvass of 1860 Stevens took an active part, being the chairman of the Breckenridge branch of the Democratic party, and author of its able address to the people ; but, upon the raising of the first banner of secession, he denounced disunion and its leaders, and urged President Buchanan at once to expel Floyd and Thompson from his cabinet.

On hearing of the attack upon Ft. Sumter, Stevens hurried to Washington and tendered his sword to the government. At once he accepted the Colonelcy of the 79th N. Y. Volunteers (Highlanders), which regiment had suffered severely at Bull Run, and was so disappointed in being kept in the field that eight of its companies mutinied. The prompt decision and judicious treatment displayed by the new Colonel soon restored discipline, and so won the respect of the men, that, at their own request, they were transferred to Stevens's brigade, when, Sep. 28, 1861, he was appointed Brigadier-General, U. S. Volunteers. From the Defenses of Washington he embarked his brigade for the Port Royal expedition. He then attacked the Confederate batteries on the Coosaw, in January, 1862, capturing them with the co-operation of the gunboats. In June, with his division, he successfully attacked the Stono River batteries, but was defeated at Secessionville, where, under protest, he made a desperate assault upon the enemy's works. In July, leaving South Carolina, he joined the Ninth Corps at Newport News, and then participated in the Northern Virginia Campaign, having been promoted Major-General, U. S. Volunteers, July 4, 1862. After various skirmishes on the Rappahannock, he gallantly headed his division in the Battle of Manassas, where his horse was killed under him and half of his command were disabled. Two days after this disaster, Sep. 1, 1862, Stevens, seizing the colors of the Highlander regiment from the dying bearer, led on foot his division at Chantilly through the "sheeted fire" of the enemy, and, like Wolfe, fell a hero in the arms of victory. When found, his hand still firmly clenched that flag he so loved, and under which he was so ready to give up his life.

"At the very hour of his death," says one cognizant of the fact, "the President and Secretary of War were considering the advisability of placing Stevens in command of the Army in which he was serving." However that may be, there is no doubt, had the General lived, his talents, courage, and devotion to the Union cause would have secured his elevation to high command.

General Stevens was of the pure Puritan type of character, a man of facts not fancies, yet not austere with his associates, for he was a genial companion, free from pedantry, fond of humor, and ready for any diverting amusement. Had he lived in the seventeenth century he would have been one of Cromwell's Ironsides, and as distinguished at Naseby and Worcester as in the nineteenth he was in Mexico and at Chantilly. Though not a hard student, Stevens possessed great powers of mental abstraction, and of rapidly concentrating all his intellectual faculties upon any subject to be investigated. No one better understood than he that brain and opportunity are the two great factors of success in life. He enjoyed the former in an eminent degree, and the latter he impulsively

seized and developed to the largest advantage. Added to these two great requisites, a soaring ambition pressed him forward on his upward path. Hence, when peace offered few triumphs to an army career, he left the military service for civil preferment, and, when war's alarm roused the nation, he resumed his sword to beat down the enemy and cleave a path to the highest distinction. Stevens was not what would be called a man of letters, but was always acquiring knowledge to be put to useful purposes whenever needed in the cause of humanity, of whose progress he was a believing apostle. Thus armed he became a good engineer; a wise and resolute administrator amid a turbulent people; a sagacious and well-informed legislator; a vigorous debater, presenting his views clearly, concisely, and forcibly, though not oratorically; and was a resolute, energetic, and patriotic soldier, as his brief, brave, and glorious career attests.

987..(Born Va.).....**ROBERT Q. BUTLER**.....(Ap'd Va.)..**2**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1835, to July 1, 1839, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

SECOND LIEUT., CORPS OF ENGINEERS, JULY 1, 1839.

Served: as Assistant to the Board of Engineers, 1839–40; and at the Military Academy, 1840–43, as Asst. Professor of Engineering, Sep. 2, 1840, to Sep. 1, 1841, — and as Principal Asst. Professor, Sep. 1, 1841, to Apr. 3, 1843.

DIED, APR. 3, 1843, AT SEA: AGED 25.

988..(Born N. Y.)...**HENRY W. HALLECK**...(Ap'd N. Y.)..**3**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1835, to July 1, 1839, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

SECOND LIEUT., CORPS OF ENGINEERS, JULY 1, 1839.

Served: at the Military Academy, as Asst. Professor of Engineering, July 6, 1839, to June 28, 1840; as Assistant to the Board of Engineers at Washington, D. C., 1840–41; as Asst. Engineer in repairing Ft. Wood, Bedloe's Island, and Works on Governor's Island, New York harbor, 1841–46; on voyage to California, 1846–47; in the War with

(FIRST LIEUT., CORPS OF ENGINEERS, JAN. 1, 1845)

Mexico, 1847–48, being engaged in the Skirmishes of Palos Prietos, Mex., Nov. 19, 1847, Urias, Mex., Nov. 20, 1847, San Antonio, L. Cal., Mar. 16, 1848, and Todos Santos, L. Cal., Mar. 30, 1848, — as Aide-de-Camp to Commodore W. B. Shubrick, during Naval and Military Operations on the Pacific Coast of Mexico, Oct. 16, 1847, to June 28, 1848 (part of this period being Lieut.-Governor of Mazatlan, Mex., and Chief of Staff of Captain Lavalette's naval forces ashore), — and Chief of Staff in Lieut.-Colonel Burton's Operations in Lower California, Mar., 1848; as Secretary of State of California, under the military government of Generals Mason and Riley, Aug. 13, 1847, to Dec. 20, 1849; as

(BVT. CAPT., MAY 1, 1847, FOR GALLANT CONDUCT IN AFFAIRS WITH THE ENEMY ON THE 19TH AND 20TH NOV., 1847, AND FOR MERITORIOUS SERVICES IN CALIFORNIA)

Aide-de-Camp to Bvt. Brig.-General Riley, Jan. 1 to July 31, 1850; as Inspector and Engineer of Light-houses on the Pacific Coast of the United States, Dec. 21, 1852, to Aug. 1, 1854; and as Member of the Board of Engineers for Fortifications on the Pacific Coast of the United

(CAPTAIN, CORPS OF ENGINEERS, JULY 1, 1853, FOR FOURTEEN YEARS' CONTINUOUS SERVICE)

States, Apr. 11, 1853, to Aug. 1, 1854.

RESIGNED, AUG. 1, 1854.

Civil History. — Appointed Professor of Engineering in the Lawrence Scientific School of Harvard University, Mas., Sep. 28, 1848 : declined. Member of the Convention to form, and of the Committee to draft, the Constitution of the State of California, 1849. Director-General of New Almaden Quicksilver Mine, Cal., 1850–61. Counselor at Law, San Francisco, Cal., 1853–61. President of Pacific and Atlantic Railroad, from San Francisco to San José, Cal., 1855. Major-General, California Militia, 1860–61. Author of a work on "Bitumen : its Varieties, Properties, and Uses," 1841 ; of "Elements of Military Art and Science," 1846, — and of a Second Edition, "with Critical Notes on the Mexican and Crimean Wars," 1858 ; of "A Collection of Mining Laws of Spain and Mexico," 1859 ; of a work on "International Law, or Rules regulating the Intercourse of States in Peace and War," 1861, — and of "A Treatise on International Law and the Laws of War, prepared for the Use of Schools and Colleges," 1866. Translator and Editor of "De Fooz on the Law of Mines, with Introductory Remarks," 1860 ; and of General Jomini's "Life of Napoleon," with Notes, 1864. Degree of A. M. conferred by Union College, N. Y., 1843 ; and of LL. D., 1862.

Military History. — Re-appointed in the U. S. Army with the rank of

MAJOR-GENERAL, U. S. ARMY, AUG. 19, 1861.

Served during the Rebellion of the Seceding States, 1861–66 ; in command of the Department of the Missouri, Nov. 9, 1861, to Mar. 11, 1862, and of the Department of the Mississippi, Mar. 11 to July 11, 1862, head-

(MAJOR-GENERAL COMMANDING THE MISSOURI MILITIA, NOV. 25, 1861, TO JULY 11, 1862)

quarters at St. Louis, Mo., from which he directed all the armies and military operations in the West, except while commanding in the field during the Corinth Campaign, Apr. 12 to July 11, 1862 ; as General-in-Chief of the Armies of the United States, headquarters at Washington, D. C., July 11, 1862, to Mar. 12, 1864 ; as Chief of Staff, U. S. Army, Mar. 12, 1864, to Apr. 19, 1865 ; in command of the Military Division of the James, headquarters at Richmond, Va., Apr. 22 to July 1, 1865, — and of the Military Division of the Pacific, headquarters at San Francisco, Cal., Aug. 30, 1865, to Aug. 12, 1866.

Served : in command of the Division of the Pacific, headquarters at San Francisco, Cal., Aug. 12, 1866, to June, 1869, — and of the Division of the South, headquarters at Louisville, Ky., from June 17, 1869, to Jan. 9, 1872.

DIED, JAN. 9, 1872, AT LOUISVILLE, KY. : AGED 57.

BIOGRAPHICAL SKETCH.

MAJOR-GENERAL HENRY W. HALLECK was born, Jan. 16, 1815, in Westernville, Oneida County, N. Y. He received a common-school education at Hudson Academy, N. Y., passed through most of the course at Union College, and was graduated at the U. S. Military Academy, July 1, 1839, third in his class. He was promoted a Second Lieutenant in the Corps of Engineers.

In 1845 he was on a tour of examination of public works in Europe, and during his absence was promoted to a First Lieutenancy. On his return to the United States, the committee of the Lowell Institute, Boston, Mass., attracted by Halleck's able report on "Coast Defense" (published by Congress), invited him to deliver twelve lectures on the science of war. These he published in a volume, with an introductory chapter on the justifiableness of war, under the title of "Elements of Military Art and Science" (New York, 1846 ; 2d ed., with the addition of much valuable matter, including notes on the Mexican and Crimean wars, 1861).

This popular compendium, then the best in our language, was much used by students of the military profession, and during the Civil War became a manual for officers of the army, particularly for volunteers.

At the beginning of the Mexican War Lieut. Halleck was detailed as Engineer for military operations on the Pacific coast, and sailed with Capt. Tompkins's artillery command in the transport Lexington, which, after a seven months' voyage around Cape Horn, reached her destination at Monterey, Cal. During this long and tedious passage he undertook a translation from the French of Baron Jomini's "Vie politique et militaire de Napoleon," which, with the aid of a friend, he revised and published with an atlas (4 vols., 8vo, New York, 1864).

After partially fortifying Monterey as a port of refuge for our Pacific fleet and a base for incursions into California, Lieut. Halleck took an active part in affairs both civil and military. As Secretary of State under the military governments of Gen. Richard B. Mason and Gen. James W. Riley, he displayed great energy and high administrative qualities. As a military engineer he accompanied several expeditions, particularly that of Col. Burton, into Lower California, and participated in several actions. Besides his engineer duties, he performed those of Aide-de-Camp to Com. Shubrick during the naval and military operations on the Pacific coast, including the capture of Mazatlan, of which for a time Halleck was Lieutenant-governor. For these services he was brevetted Captain, to date from May 1, 1847.

After the termination of hostilities and the acquisition of California by the United States, a substantial government became necessary. Gen. Riley, in military command of the territory, called a convention to meet at Monterey, Sept. 1, 1849, to frame a State Constitution. This convention, after six weeks' consideration, agreed upon a Constitution, which was adopted by the people; and by Act of Congress, Sept. 9, 1850, California was admitted to the Union. In all of these transactions Halleck was the central figure, on whose brow "deliberation sat and public care." As the real head of Riley's military government, he initiated the movement of State organization, pressed it with vigor, and was a member of the committee that drafted the Constitution, of which instrument he was substantially the author. He remained as Aide-de-Camp on the staff of Gen. Riley, and from Dec. 21, 1852, was Inspector and Engineer of Lighthouses, and from April 11, 1853, a Member of the Board of Engineers for Fortifications on the Pacific Coast, being promoted Captain of Engineers, July 1, 1853. All these places he held till his resignation from the military service, Aug. 1, 1854.

After leaving the army, Halleck devoted himself to the practice of law in a firm of which for some time he had been a member, and continued as Director-General of the New Almaden Quicksilver Mine, an office he had held since 1850. Notwithstanding all these duties, he found time for study and to prepare several works, including "A Collection of Mining Laws of Spain and Mexico" (1859); a translation of "De Fooz on the Law of Mines, with Introductory Remarks" (1860); and a treatise on "International Law, or Rules Regulating the Intercourse of States in Peace and War" (1861). The last-named work he subsequently condensed, to adapt it for the use of schools and colleges (Philadelphia, 1866). This latter work and its abridgment continue to hold the highest rank among publicists. He was also, in 1855, President of the Pacific and Atlantic Railroad from San Francisco to San José, Cal., and Major-General of California Militia in 1860–61.

Union College gave him the degree of A. M. in 1843, and that of LL. D. in 1862. In 1848 he was appointed Professor of Engineering in the Lawrence Scientific School of Harvard University, but declined the honor.

At the beginning of the Civil War he was at the head of the most prominent law firm in San Francisco, with large interests and much valuable property in California, and living in affluence ; but he at once tendered his services in defense of the Union. General Winfield Scott, knowing his worth, immediately and strongly urged upon President Lincoln his being commissioned with the highest grade in the Regular Army, and accordingly he was appointed a Major-General, to date from Aug. 19, 1861. He went without delay to Washington, was ordered to St. Louis, and on Nov. 18, 1861, took command of the Department of the Missouri, embracing the States of Iowa, Minnesota, Wisconsin, Illinois, Arkansas, and western Kentucky. Around him was a chaos of insubordination, inefficiency, and peculation, requiring the prompt, energetic, and ceaseless exercise of his iron will, military knowledge, and administrative powers. The scattered forces of his command were a medley of almost every nationality, with the organization of each and the excellence of none. Missouri and Kentucky were practically but a border screen to cover the operations of the seceding South ; and even his headquarters at St. Louis, fortified at exorbitant cost and in violation of all true engineering principles, neither protected the city from insurrection within nor from besiegers without. Hardly had Halleck assumed command when he began to crush out abuses. Fraudulent contracts were annulled ; useless stipendiaries were dismissed ; a colossal staff hierarchy, with more titles than brains, was disbanded ; composite organizations were pruned to simple uniformity ; the construction of fantastic fortifications was suspended ; and in a few weeks order reigned in Missouri. With like vigor he dealt blow after blow upon all who, under the mask of citizens, abetted secession. But while from headquarters thus energetically dealing with the secessionists at home, he did not neglect those in arms, over whom, by his admirable strategic combinations, he quickly secured success after success, till, in less than six weeks, a clean sweep had been made of the entire country between the Missouri and Osage rivers ; and Gen. Sterling Price, cut off from all supplies and recruits from northern Missouri, to which he had been moving, was in full retreat for Arkansas. Halleck now turned his attention to the opening of the Mississippi River. Gen. Scott had intended unbarring it by a flotilla and an army descending it in force ; but Halleck was satisfied that this plan would only scotch the serpent of secession. He held that the Confederacy must be rent in twain by an armed wedge driven in between this great stream and the mountains on the east. On Jan. 27, 1862, the President had ordered a general advance of all the land and naval forces of the United States to be made simultaneously against the insurgents on the 22d of the coming month. In anticipation of his part of the grand movement, early in February Halleck sent his chief of staff to Cairo to direct in his name, when necessary, all operations auxiliary to the armies about to take the field on the Mississippi, Tennessee, and Cumberland rivers, which their respective commanders soon set in motion.

The Confederate first line of defense was screened behind Kentucky's quasi neutrality, with its flanks strongly protected by the fortifications of Columbus and Bowling Green ; but its centre was only feebly secured by Forts Henry and Donelson. The second line of defense followed the railroad from Memphis on the Mississippi to Chattanooga, — a most important position in the mountains, threatening both South Carolina and Virginia by its railroad connections with Charleston and Richmond. Still a third line, with almost continuous communication by rail, extended from Vicksburg through Meridian, Selma, and Montgomery to Atlanta, with railroad branches reaching to the principal ports on the Gulf and the South Atlantic.

In a little more than three months of Halleck's sway in the West, Gen.

Ulysses S. Grant, aided by Com. Andrew H. Foote's gunboats, captured Forts Henry and Donelson; the strategically turned flanks of the enemy's line, protected by the powerful works of Bowling Green and Columbus, were deserted; and Nashville, the objective point of the campaign, was in the possession of the National forces. In the mean time Gen. Samuel R. Curtis had been sent to drive the Confederates out of Missouri, and early in March gained the decisive battle of Pea Ridge, in Arkansas, the enemy flying before him to the protection of White River; and Gen. John Pope, despatched to New Madrid, after taking that place, confronted the fugitives from Columbus at Island No. 10, which, by the happy device of Hamilton's cut-off canal, was taken in reverse, and this strong barrier of the Mississippi removed by the joint action of the army and navy. By these masterly operations the Confederate first line, from Kansas to the Alleghany Mountains, being swept away, and the strongholds captured or evacuated, the National forces moved triumphantly southward, pressing back the insurgents to their second line of defense, which extended from Memphis to Chattanooga.

On March 11, 1862, to give greater unity to military operations in the West, the departments of Kansas and Ohio were merged into Halleck's command, the whole constituting the Department of the Mississippi, which included the vast territory between the Alleghany and Rocky Mountains. Gen. Don Carlos Buell, marching from Nashville, was directed, on the withdrawal of the enemy from Murfreesborough, to unite with Gen. Grant, proceeding to Pittsburg Landing by the Tennessee, and their union secured the great victory of Shiloh. Then Halleck took the field, and, after reorganizing and recruiting his forces, moved on Corinth, where the enemy was strongly intrenched on the important strategic position at the junction of the railroads connecting the Gulf of Mexico and the Mississippi River with the Atlantic Ocean. By striking a vigorous blow here on the enemy's left centre, Halleck proposed to repeat the strategy that had so admirably accomplished its purpose against the Confederate first line; but success was indispensable, and hence he made every step of his progress so secure that no disaster should entail the loss of what he had already gained. With the National army much shattered by the rude shock of Shiloh, he cautiously advanced upon his objective point through a hostile, rough, marshy, and densely wooded region, where all the roads and bridges were destroyed, and rain fell in torrents. On May 30 he was in possession of Corinth's fifteen miles of heavy intrenchments, strengthened by powerful batteries or redoubts at every assailable point, the whole being covered to the boggy stream in front by a dense abatis, through which no artillery or cavalry, nor even infantry skirmishers, could have passed under fire. When Halleck communicated this success to the War Department, the Secretary replied: "Your glorious despatch has just been received, and I have sent it into every State. The whole land will soon ring with applause at the achievement of your gallant army and its able and victorious commander." Immediately Gen. Pope was sent in hot pursuit of the retreating enemy; soon afterward Gen. Buell was despatched toward Chattanooga to restore the railroad connections; Gen. Sherman was put in march for Memphis, but the navy had captured the place when he reached Grand Junction: without delay, batteries were constructed on the southern approaches of the place to guard against a sudden return of the enemy; and, with prodigious energy, the destroyed railroad to Columbus was rebuilt to maintain communications with the Mississippi and Ohio, in jeopardy by the sudden fall of the Tennessee, by which supplies had been received.

It was now little more than six months since Halleck assumed command at St. Louis, and from within the limits of his department the enemy had been driven from Missouri, the northern half of Arkansas,

Kentucky, and most of Tennessee, while strong lodgments were made in Mississippi and Alabama. Secretary Stanton, always chary of praise, had said that Halleck's "energy and ability received the strongest commendations of the War Department," and added, "You have my perfect confidence, and you may rely upon my utmost support in your undertakings." Such, in fact, was the very high appreciation of Halleck's merits by both the President and the Secretary of War that during the General's occupation of Corinth, while he was organizing for new movements against the enemy's third line of defense, two assistant secretaries of war and a senator were sent there to urge upon Halleck the acceptance of the post of General-in-Chief; but he declined the honor, and did not go to Washington till positive orders compelled him to do so.

Reluctantly leaving Corinth, to which he hoped to return and enter upon the great work of opening the Mississippi and crushing the Confederacy in the Southwest, Halleck reached Washington, July 23, 1862, and at once assumed command as General-in-Chief of all the armies of the United States. The first problem presented was, how safely to unite the two Eastern armies in the field so as to cover the capital and make common head against the enemy, then interposed between them and ready to be thrown at will on either, and able generals held different opinions as to the best measures to be adopted to accomplish the desired end. The General-in-Chief entered upon the duties of his high office with heart and soul devoted to the preservation of the Union. Often compelled to assume responsibilities that belonged to others, constantly having to thwart the purposes of selfish schemers, and always constrained to be reticent upon public affairs, which many desired to have divulged, Halleck, like all men in high station in times of trial, became a target for the shafts of the envious, the disloyal, and the disappointed. Doubtless, with scant time for the most mature reflection, he made errors; but, says Turenne, the great marshal of an age of warriors, "Show me the commander who has never made mistakes, and you will show me one who has never made war."

Congress, in recognition of General Grant's glorious campaigns of Vicksburg and Chattanooga, revived the grade of Lieutenant-General. Though a desire was manifested in high places in some way to retain Halleck in the performance of his functions, he at once insisted that compliance should be made with the obvious intentions of the law, and that, being senior in rank, Grant must necessarily be the General-in-Chief. Halleck, however, remained at Washington from Mar. 12, 1864, till Apr. 19, 1865, as Chief of Staff of the Army, under the orders of the Secretary of War and the General-in-Chief, performing much of the same duties that had before devolved upon him;* and from Apr. 22 till July 1, 1865, was in command of the Military Division of the James with headquarters at Richmond.

On the termination of hostilities, and the disbandment of the volunteer forces, Halleck was ordered to the Military Division of the Pacific, of which he took command, Aug. 30, 1865, and on Mar. 16, 1869, was transferred to that of the South, which he retained while he lived.

Since his death, when he can no longer defend himself, much unjust criticism has assailed his reputation. The chief charge was "Halleck's injustice to Grant," which Gen. James B. Fry, by a forcible article in the "Magazine of American History," has proved to be nothing more than "misunderstandings" between these distinguished soldiers. John Russell Young, in his book, "Around the World with General Grant" (1879), quotes Grant thus: "In the early part of the war, Halleck did very good service, for which he has never received sufficient credit, — I mean in his civic administration. Some of his orders were in anticipation, I think, of those of Butler, which gave him so much fame in

New Orleans." . . . "He was in addition a very able military man. Halleck had intellect and great acquirements outside of his military education. He was at the head of the California bar when the war broke out, and his appointment to the Major-Generalcy was a gratification to all who knew the old Army. When I was made Lieutenant-General, Gen. Halleck became Chief of Staff of the Army. He was very useful, and was loyal and industrious; sincerely anxious for the success of the country, and without any feeling of soreness at being superseded. In this respect Halleck was a contrast to other officers of equal ability, who felt that, unless they had the command they craved, they were not needed. Halleck's immense knowledge of military science was of great use in the War Office to those of us in the field." . . . "After Donelson I was in disgrace, and practically without a command, because of some misunderstanding on the part of Halleck. *It all came right in time.* I never bore Halleck ill-will for it. He was in command, and it was his duty to command as he pleased." A more serious charge, almost of treason, was made by Gen. Lew Wallace, but has been triumphantly refuted by official documents; yet he has not had the manliness to confess the baselessness of his accusations.

Halleck, with few advantages in early life, and hardly the rudiments of a classical education, overcame all obstacles by the power of mind and character. He took at once a prominent place at the United States Military Academy, was a conspicuous officer of Engineers, became a youthful statesman in the creation of a State, rose to the direction of various public trusts, established an enviable reputation for authorship, was a prominent publicist among learned jurists, and held command of great armies in the tremendous struggle for a nation's existence. It is unnecessary to describe each of these segments of his fame, or in language build monuments to his mental vigor and distinguished deeds, achieved, without extraordinary leaps, in a long and steady race of usefulness. Like the eagle's strength, his is to be measured not only by his height of place, but his continuance on the wing.

Halleck had a strong, clear intellect, which enabled him to take a comprehensive grasp of the various important matters presented to his consideration, and was sustained in his conclusions by a most assiduous industry and self-reliant perseverance. Indeed, determination was his most marked characteristic, evinced in a calm firmness which neither entreaty nor persuasion could move from his fixed purpose. Of such a nature caution would be a prevailing quality. With these was united a modesty, almost shyness, and thus perhaps he did himself injustice, as his sensitiveness to the value of sincerity caused him often to repel rather than be deemed insincere. This known temperament secured him the most valuable estimation of his instructed and ablest fellow-officers. His dryness of manner was no argument of want of heart, for indeed he was a warm, true, loyal friend, and in the inner circle of his life was tender and playful, showing a keen sense of humor. His home was a scene of perfect happiness and kind hospitality. Of children he was fond, had an ardent love of Nature, and indulged the expectation of closing his latter hours in a retreat in the beautiful region south of San Francisco, looking on the Pacific Ocean.

* Colonel Chesney, of the British Army, says in his "Military Biography:" "Great praise has been justly bestowed on Sheridan for his nervous and energetic conduct of the pursuit by which Lee was finally completely cut off. Nor less does Grant deserve it for the free and ungrudging manner in which he supported his ardent lieutenant. But he who, above all, should have earned honor for the conduct of that march now sleeps in the grave; and it is due here to the reputation of General Halleck to say . . . that to his stern and unflinching insistance on the necessity of bringing proper discipline to bear on the Federal Volunteers was due much of the success with which the arms of the Union were crowned at the close of the war. . . . Soldiers are ever dependent largely for their feeling of subordination on the conduct of those above them, and the improvement effected by Halleck's stern measures extended

constantly downwards. The Army of the Potomac, which was at once the nearest and the most important of those which, as Chief of the Staff, he supervised, rose that year in its standard of discipline, if not to the level to which Europe, with the aid of caste traditions and reverence for rank, brings her standing forces, at least to a measure of efficiency which troops recruited as were these, the mixed volunteers and conscripts of a young republic, can seldom attain. And if Grant and Sheridan were able to press the success of Five Forks on to a complete triumph over the retreating Confederates; if the conduct of their troops after the victory of the second of April was in marked contrast to the lassitude and indifference which had hitherto followed advantages won on either side, — the difference is to be found, not so much in the circumstances of the time, or the individual characters of the generals, as in the moral power of discipline, which had been left unused by both parties alike until Halleck brought it into play to add to the advantages of the North."

989..(Born N. C.)....**JEREMY F. GILMER**.....(Ap'd N. C.)..**4**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1835, to July 1, 1839, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

SECOND LIEUT., CORPS OF ENGINEERS, JULY 1, 1839.

Served: at the Military Academy as Assistant Professor of Engineering, Dec. 4, 1839, to June 28, 1840; as Asst. Engineer in building Ft. Schuyler, for the Defense of the Eastern entrance to New York harbor, 1840–44, — and to the Chief Engineer at Washington, D. C., 1844–46;

(FIRST LIEUT., CORPS OF ENGINEERS, DEC. 29, 1845)

in the War with Mexico, 1846–47, as Chief Engineer of the Army of the West in New Mexico, being engaged in the construction of Ft. Marcy, at Santa Fé, N. M.; as Assistant to the Chief Engineer at Washington, D. C., 1847–48; in the War with Mexico, 1848, assisting in making surveys of the Battle-fields about the City of Mexico; as Superintending Engineer of repairs of Fts. Madison and Washington, Md., 1848, — of the building of Fts. Jackson and Pulaski, Ga., and improvement of the Savannah River, 1848–54, — of repairs of Ft. Marion and St. Augustine Sea-wall, Fla., 1849–50, — and of Survey of Ocmulgee River, Ga., 1852–53; as Member of a Commission to devise a project for the im-

(CAPTAIN, CORPS OF ENGINEERS, JULY 1, 1853, FOR FOURTEEN YEARS' CONTINUOUS SERVICE)

provement of Savannah River, Ga., 1852, — of Charleston harbor, S. C., 1854, — and of St. John's River, Fla., 1854–57; as Superintending Engineer of the building of Ft. Clinch, Amelia Island, Fla., 1853, — of the fortifications of Charleston harbor, S. C., 1853–54, — of Light-houses in Charleston harbor, S. C., 1853–55, and on Savannah River, Ga., 1855–57, — of improvement of Savannah River, Ga., 1854–58, — of the construction of Fts. Pulaski and Jackson, Ga., 1854–58, — of repairs of Ft. Marion and St. Augustine Sea-wall, Fla., 1854–57, — of building Ft. Clinch, Fla., 1854–57, — of improvement of St. John's River and Haulover Canal, Fla., 1854–57, — and of the construction of the defenses at Fort Point for the defense of the entrance to San Francisco Bay, Cal., 1858–61.

RESIGNED, JUNE 29, 1861.

Joined in the Rebellion of 1861–66 against the United States.

Civil History. — President and Engineer of Savannah, Ga., Gas Light Company, 1867–83.

DIED, DEC. 1, 1883, AT SAVANNAH, GA.: AGED 66.

990..(Born Me.).....**HENRY L. SMITH**.....(Ap'd Me.)..**5**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1835, to July 1, 1839, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

SECOND LIEUT., CORPS OF ENGINEERS, JULY 1, 1839.

Served: at the Military Academy, 1839–40, as Asst. Professor of

Mathematics, July 6, 1839, to Jan. 20, 1840, — as Asst. Professor of Engineering, Jan 20 to Apr. 11, 1840, — and as Asst. Professor of Geography, History, and Ethics, Apr. 11 to June 28, 1840; as Asst. Engineer in building and repairing the defenses of the various passes to New Or-

(FIRST LIEUT., CORPS OF ENGINEERS, APR. 25, 1846)

leans, La., 1840–53; as Superintending Engineer in the construction of Ft. Livingston, Grande Terre, La., and of repairs of Fts. Jackson and St. Philip, Mississippi River, La., 1847–53, — of Surveys of Pascagoula and Sabine River, 1852, — and of Surveys and Improvement of Texas harbors, 1853; and in general charge of opening Southwest Pass into the Missis-

(CAPTAIN, CORPS OF ENGINEERS, JULY 1, 1853, FOR FOURTEEN YEARS' CONTINUOUS SERVICE)

sippi River, and construction of a harbor on Lake Pontchartrain, La., 1853.

DIED, SEP. 13, 1853, AT MADISONVILLE, LA.: AGED 38.

991..(Born Pa.)..**MICHAEL S. CULBERTSON**....(Ap'd Pa.)..6

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1835, to July 1, 1839, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

SECOND LIEUT., 1ST ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1839.

Served: on the Northern Frontier, at Rouse's Point, and at Plattsburg, N. Y., 1839, during Canada Border Disturbances; at the Military Academy, as Asst. Professor of Mathematics, Jan. 1 to Feb. 4, 1840; on Maine Frontier, at Houlton, 1840, pending "Disputed Territory" controversy; and in garrison at Ft. Preble, Me., 1840–41.

RESIGNED, APR. 15, 1841.

Civil History. — Clergyman, Presbyterian Church, 1844–62. Missionary to China, 1844–62. Translator of the Bible into Chinese, 1851–62; and Author of numerous works of religious literature in Chinese and English, 1844–62. Degree of D. D. conferred by the University of the City of New York, 1862.

DIED, AUG. 25, 1862, AT SHANGHAI, CHINA: AGED 44.

992..(Born N. H.).....**GEORGE THOM**.....(Ap'd N. H.)..7

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1835, to July 1, 1839, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., TOP. ENGINEERS, JULY 1, 1839.

Served: as Asst. Top. Engineer on Military Surveys on the Northern Frontier, 1839–40, — on Survey of Delaware Breakwater harbor, 1840, —

(SECOND LIEUT., TOP. ENGINEERS, JULY 18, 1840)

on Explorations and Surveys of Northeastern Frontier, 1840–42, — and on Survey of the Boundary between the United States and the British Provinces, under the Treaty of Washington, 1842–47; in the War with Mexico, 1847, was Aide-de-Camp to Brig.-General Pierce, July 1 to Aug. 6, 1847, being engaged in several skirmishes; in construction of Maps, etc., of the Boundary Survey between the United States and the British Provinces, and Re-survey of the Northern Boundaries of New York and Vermont, 1848–53, — and of the Mexican Boundary Survey,

(FIRST LIEUT., TOP. ENGINEERS, SEP. 26, 1849)

1853–56; and in charge of Military Roads in Minnesota, Wisconsin, and

(CAPTAIN, TOP. ENGINEERS, JULY 1, 1853, FOR FOURTEEN YEARS' CONTINUOUS SERVICE)

Iowa, 1856–58, — and of those in the Department of Oregon, 1858–61.

Served during the Rebellion of the Seceding States, 1861–66 : as Chief
(MAJOR, TOP. ENGINEERS, SEP. 9, 1861 : CORPS OF ENGINEERS, MAR. 3, 1863)
Topographical Engineer of the Department of the Missouri, Nov. 9, 1861,
(COLONEL, STAFF — ADDITIONAL AIDE-DE-CAMP, NOV. 16, 1861, TO MAY 31, 1866)
to Mar. 11, 1862, and of the Department of the Mississippi, Mar. 11 to July 11, 1862 ; as Member of Board for the examination of the fortifications and system of defense of the City of St. Louis, Dec. 2, 1861, to Feb. 6, 1862, — and of Army and Navy Board, to examine the condition and fitness of the Mississippi Gun and Mortar-boat Flotilla, Dec. 9–31, 1861 ; as Chief Top. Engineer, Apr. 15 to July 18, 1862, of the Armies commanded by Major-General Halleck in the Corinth Campaign, being engaged in the Advance upon and Siege of Corinth, Mis., Apr. 15 to May 30, 1862 ; as Chief Top. Engineer on the Staff of Major-General Halleck, July 11, 1862, to Apr. 20, 1865 ; as President of a Commission to examine systems of proposed Telegraphy, Nov. 11 to Dec. 18, 1862, — and for examination of candidates for appointment in the Signal Corps, Apr. 13, 1863, to Apr., 1865 ; in locating defensive Block-houses for protection of the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad, Mar., 1863 ; as Member of special Military Commission, Jan. 27 to Dec., 1864, — of Board for the examination of Engineer Officers for promotion, July 2, 1864, to Apr. 17, 1865, — and of Board of Engineers to re-organize the defenses of Baltimore, Md., July 27–31, 1864 ; on Reconnoissance of the Shenandoah Valley, Oct., 1864, being present at the Battle of Cedar Creek, Oct. 19,
(BVT. LIEUT.-COL., BVT. COLONEL, AND BVT. BRIG.-GENERAL, U. S. ARMY, MAR. 13, 1865, FOR FAITHFUL AND MERITORIOUS SERVICES DURING THE REBELLION)
1864 ; as Chief Engineer of the Military Division of the James, Apr. 20 to June 7, 1865.

Served : as Superintending Engineer of Ft. Gorges, Me., July 21, 1865, to Aug. 5, 1868, — of Fts. Preble and Scammell, Me., Nov. 8, 1866, to Mar. 14, 1867, and Nov. 18, 1867, to Aug. 5, 1868, — of Fts. Popham
(LIEUT.-COLONEL, CORPS OF ENGINEERS, JULY 10, 1866)
and Knox, Me., Nov. 18, 1867, to Aug. 5, 1868 ; as Member of Board of Engineers for Improvement of Burlington Harbor, Vt., Ogdensburg Harbor, N. Y., Portland Harbor and Saco River, Me., June, 1867 ; in charge of Surveys and Improvement of Kennebec River, Me., Nov. 8, 1866, to Sep., 1877, — of Saco River and Breakwater, Me., Nov. 8, 1866, to Oct., 1873, — and of Portland Harbor and Penobscot River (at and below Bangor), Me., Nov. 8, 1866, to Jan. 16, 1883, — of Survey of St.
(COLONEL, CORPS OF ENGINEERS, MAR. 31, 1880.)
Croix River, Me., 1867–68, — of Survey and Improvement of Union River, Me., Mar. 20, 1867, to completion, in Aug., 1872, — of Back River (near Bath), Me., Mar. 20, 1867, to completion, in Sep., 1882, — and of Richmond's Island Breakwater, Me., Mar. 20, 1867, to Sep. 1881, — of Survey of Fifteen-Mile-Falls, N. H., 1870–71, — of Surveys and Improvement of Narraguagus River and Royals River, Me., July 18, 1870, to 1873, — and of Sullivan River and Falls, Me., July 18, 1870, to completion, in 1874, — and of Kennebunk River, Me., July 18, 1870, to Jan. 16, 1883, — and of Wells Harbor, Me., Mar. 21, 1871, to completion in Sep., 1873, — and of Cocheco River, N. H., May, 1871, to Jan. 16, 1883, — of Survey of Wareham Harbor, Mass., May 25, 1871, to June 30, 1872, — of Improvement of Hyannis Harbor, Mas., May 25, 1871, to June 30, 1872, — of Survey and Improvement of Taunton River, Mas., May 25, 1871, to June 30, 1872, and of Welfleet and Duxbury Harbors, Mas., May, 1871,

to 1874, — of Survey and Improvement of Merrimac River, and of the Harbors of Boston, Newburyport, Gloucester, Plymouth, and Provincetown, Mas., May 25, 1871, to Jan. 16, 1883, — of Survey of Edgartown Harbor, Mas., 1872, — of Survey and Improvement of Salem Harbor, Mas., and Camden Harbor, Me., June 19, 1872, to Sep., 1875, and of Machias River, Me., June, 1872, to completion, Nov., 1876; of Surveys of Aroostook River, Me., of Penobscot River (above Oldtown), Me., of Portsmouth Harbor, N. H. (for Breakwater), of Ipswich Bay (for Breakwater at Hodgkin's Cove), Mas., 1873, — of Survey and Improvement of Exeter River, N. H., 1874, to completion, in June, 1882, — and of Lamprey River, N. H., 1874, to Jan. 16, 1883, and of Lake Winipiseogee, N. H., 1874, to completion, in 1882, — of Survey of Isles of Shoals, N. H. (for Breakwater), in 1874, — of Survey and Improvement of Hingham Harbor, Mas., July, 1874, to May, 1876, — of Survey of Matinicus Island Harbor, Me., of Ipswich River and Harbor, Mas., 1875, — of Survey and Improvement of Bucksport Narrows, Me., Mar., 1875, to completion, in 1878, and of Belfast Bay and Harbor, Me., Mar., 1875, to Jan. 16, 1883; as Member of Board of Engineers for Improvement of Stonington Harbor, Ct., July, 1875; and in charge of Survey of Lincolnville Harbor, Me., 1878, — of Survey and Improvement of Scituate Harbor, Mas., of Lubec Channel, Me., and Portsmouth Harbor, N. H., July 8, 1878 to Jan. 16, 1883, and of Cathance River, Me., Mar., 1879, to completion, in Oct., 1881, — of Survey and Improvement of Jonesport Harbor, Me., of Charles River and Mystic River, Mas., and Portsmouth Harbor, N. H., Mar., 1879, to Jan. 16, 1883, — and of Newburyport Harbor, Mas., Malden River, Mas., Richmond Harbor (Kennebec River), Me., and Rockland Harbor, Me., June, 1880, to Jan. 16, 1883; as Member of Board of Engineers for Improvement of Harbors of Rockland, Me., Newburyport, Mas., and Scituate, Mas., in Sep., 1880; in charge of St. Croix River Breakwater, Me., Mar., 1881, to its completion, in Dec., 1881, and of Survey of Brunswick Harbor and Harriseekit River, Me., of Lynn Harbor, Mas., and of Merrimac River, from Lawrence, Mas., to Manchester, N. H., in 1881–82.

RETIRED FROM ACTIVE SERVICE, AT HIS OWN REQUEST, FEB. 20, 1883, HE HAVING SERVED OVER 40 YEARS.

993. . (Born N. Y.) . . **FRANKLIN D. CALLENDER** (Ap'd N. Y.) . . **8**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1835, to July 1, 1839, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

BVT. SECOND LIEUT., ORDNANCE, JULY 1, 1839.

SECOND LIEUT., ORDNANCE, NOV. 16, 1839.

Served: as Asst. Ordnance Officer at Watervliet Arsenal, N. Y., 1839, 1840; in the Florida War, 1840–42, 1842–43; as Asst. Ordnance Officer

(BVT. FIRST LIEUT., MAY 1, 1842, FOR ACTIVE AND HIGHLY MERITORIOUS SERVICES IN THE WAR AGAINST THE FLORIDA INDIANS)

at Ft. Monroe Arsenal, Va., 1842, — and at Watervliet Arsenal, 1843–44; in command of Detroit Arsenal, Mich., 1844–46; in organizing Howitzer and Rocket Battery at Ft. Monroe Arsenal, Va., 1846; in the War with

(FIRST LIEUT., ORDNANCE, MAR. 3, 1847)

Mexico, 1847–48, being engaged with Howitzer and Rocket Battery in the Siege of Vera Cruz, Mar. 9–29, 1847, — Battle of Cerro Gordo, Apr. 17–18, 1847, — and Battle of Contreras, Aug. 19–20, 1847, where he

(BVT. CAPT., AUG. 20, 1847, FOR GALLANT AND MERITORIOUS CONDUCT IN THE BATTLES OF CONTRERAS AND CHURUBUSCO, MEX.)

was severely wounded (two wounds); on special duty at Washington,

D. C., 1848; as Asst. Ordnance Officer at Watervliet Arsenal, N. Y., 1848; in command of Detroit Arsenal, Mich., 1848–51, — of Kennebec Arsenal, Me., 1851–55, — and of Benicia Arsenal, Cal., 1856–60; and on

(CAPTAIN, ORDNANCE, JULY 1, 1853, FOR FOURTEEN YEARS' CONTINUOUS SERVICE.

Foundry duty, 1861.

Served during the Rebellion of the Seceding States, 1861–66: in command of St. Louis Arsenal, Mo., 1861–62; as Chief of Ordnance of the Department of the Missouri, Nov. 19, 1861, to Mar. 11, 1862, — and of

(BVT. MAJOR, APR. 14, 1862, FOR FAITHFUL AND MERITORIOUS SERVICES IN HIS DEPARTMENT)

the Department of the Mississippi, Mar. 11 to July 11, 1862; as Chief of Ordnance of the State of Missouri, being attached as Aide-de-Camp on the Staff of the Governor, with the rank of Colonel, Dec. 2, 1861, to June 6, 1865; in the Campaign in Tennessee and Mississippi, Apr. 9 to July 2, 1862, being engaged in the Advance upon and Siege of Corinth, Mis., Apr. 9–May 30, 1862; as Chief of Ordnance of the Department of

(MAJOR, ORDNANCE, MAR. 3, 1863)

(BVT. LIEUT.-COL., MAR. 13, 1865, FOR FAITHFUL AND MERITORIOUS SERVICES DURING THE SIEGE OF CORINTH, MISS.)

(BVT. COLONEL, MAR. 13, 1865, FOR FAITHFUL AND MERITORIOUS SERVICES IN THE ORDNANCE DEPARTMENT AT ST. LOUIS, MO.)

(BVT. BRIG.-GENERAL, U. S. ARMY, APR. 9, 1865, FOR FAITHFUL AND MERITORIOUS SERVICES IN THE ORDNANCE DEPARTMENT)

the Missouri, and in command of St. Louis Arsenal, Mo., July 11, 1862, to Aug. 12, 1866.

LIEUT.-COLONEL, ORDNANCE, APR. 6, 1866.

Served: in command of St. Louis Arsenal, Mo., Aug. 12, 1866, to July 17, 1870, being Chief of Ordnance of the Division of the Missouri, Jan. 28, 1867, to May 24, 1870, — of Washington Arsenal, D. C., July 21, 1870, to Sep. 25, 1875, — and Augusta Arsenal, Ga., Oct. 22, 1875, to

(COLONEL, ORDNANCE, JUNE 23, 1874)

May 29, 1879; and as Member of Board upon Saddle Ambulance, Feb. 16 to Mar. 5, 1875, — and of Examination Board of Ordnance Officers for promotion, Apr., 1875; on leave of absence, Aug. 29 to Sept. 28, 1870, Aug. 10 to Oct. 1, 1871, May 21 to June 18, 1873, Sep. 20 to Oct. 18, 1873, May 27 to June 26, 1876, Sep. 9 to Oct. 24, 1876, and Aug. 15 to Oct. 4, 1877.

RETIRED FROM ACTIVE SERVICE, MAY 29, 1879, HE BEING OVER 62 YEARS OF AGE.

DIED, DEC. 13, 1882, AT DAYSVILLE, ILL.: AGED 66.

994..(Born N. Y.).....**HENRY S. BURTON**.....(Ap'd Vt.)..**9**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1835, to July 1, 1839, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

SECOND LIEUT., 3D ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1839.

Served: in the Florida War, 1839–40, 1840–42; in garrison at Ft.

(FIRST LIEUT., 3D ARTILLERY, NOV. 11, 1839)

Moultrie, S. C., 1842–43; at the Military Academy, 1843–46, as Asst. Instructor of Infantry Tactics, June 16, 1843, to Dec. 16, 1845, — and as Asst. Instructor of Artillery, Dec. 16, 1845, to Aug. 5, 1846; in the War with Mexico, as Lieut.-Colonel, New York Volunteers, serving in Cali-

fornia, and was engaged in the Attack on La Paz, L. C., and Skirmish of

(CAPTAIN, 3D ARTILLERY, SEP. 22, 1847)

Todos Santos, L. C., Mar. 30, 1848; on frontier duty at Monterey, Cal., 1848–51, — San Francisco, Cal., 1851, — Monterey, Cal., 1851, 1852, — San Diego, Cal., 1852–57, — Ft. Yuma, Cal., 1857–58, 1858, — Ft. Gaston, Cal., 1859, — and on Mojave Expedition, 1859; in garrison at Ft. Columbus, N. Y., 1859; on leave of absence, 1860–61; and in garrison

(MAJOR, 3D ARTILLERY, MAY 14, 1861)

at Ft. Monroe, Va. (Artillery School for Practice), 1861, — and Alcatraz Island, Cal., 1861–62.

Served during the Rebellion of the Seceding States, 1862–66: in command of Prisoners of War at Ft. Delaware, Del., June, 1862, to Sep.,

(LIEUT.-COLONEL, 4TH ARTILLERY, JULY 25, 1863)

(COLONEL, 5TH ARTILLERY, AUG. 11, 1863)

1863; on detached service, in the District of Monongahela, Pa., Sep., 1863, to Jan. 21, 1864; in command of the Artillery Reserve of the Army of the Potomac, Jan.–May, 1864; in the Richmond Campaign (Army of the Potomac), as Inspector of Artillery, May–June, 1864, — and in command of the Artillery of the 18th Army Corps, June–July, 1864; in command of 5th Artillery, and Inspector of Artillery in Department of the East, headquarters at Ft. Richmond, N. Y., Sep. 7 to Dec. 2, 1864; as Member of Board for Retiring Disabled Officers, at Wilmington, Del., Dec. 2, 1864, to May 15, 1865; in command of 5th Artillery, headquarters

(BVT. BRIG.-GENERAL, U. S. ARMY, MAR. 13, 1865, FOR GALLANT AND MERITORIOUS SERVICES AT THE CAPTURE OF PETERSBURG, VA.)

at Ft. Richmond, N. Y., May 15 to Oct. 31, 1865; and as Member of Board for Retiring Disabled Officers, at Wilmington, Del., Oct. 31 to Nov. 27, 1865.

Served: in command of Regiment, headquarters Ft. Monroe, Va., Nov. 27, 1865, to June 10, 1867, — at Columbia, S. C., to Feb. 9, 1868, — at Richmond, Va., to Oct. 22, 1868, — and at Ft. Adams, R. I., Mar. 1 to Apr. 4, 1869; and on Court Martial, New York city, Oct., 1868, to Mar., 1869.

DIED, APR. 4, 1869, AT NEWPORT, R. I.: AGED 51.

995..(Born N. Y.)....**JOSEPH A. HASKIN**....(Ap'd N. Y.)..10

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1835, to July 1, 1839, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

SECOND LIEUT., 1ST ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1839.

Served: in garrison at Plattsburg, N. Y., 1839–40; on Maine Frontier, at Houlton, 1840–45, pending the "Disputed Territory" controversy; in

(FIRST LIEUT., 1ST ARTILLERY, AUG. 31, 1844)

garrison at Ft. Pickens, Fla., 1845, — and Ft. Pike, La., 1845–46; in the War with Mexico, 1846–47, being engaged in the Siege of Vera Cruz, Mar. 9–29, 1847, — Battle of Cerro Gordo, Apr. 17–18, 1847, — Skirmish

(BVT. CAPT., APR. 18, 1847, FOR GALLANT AND MERITORIOUS CONDUCT IN THE BATTLE OF CERRO GORDO, MEX.)

of La Hoya, Jan. 20, 1847, — Skirmish of Ocalaca, Aug. 16, 1847, — Battle of Contreras, Aug. 19–20, 1847, — and Storming of Chapultepec,

(BVT. MAJOR, SEP. 13, 1847, FOR GALLANT AND MERITORIOUS CONDUCT IN THE BATTLE OF CHAPULTEPEC, MEX.)

Sep. 13, 1847, where he lost his left arm; on Recruiting service, 1847–48;

on Quartermaster duty at Tampa Bay, Fla., 1848–49, — and Ft. Leaven-
(CAPTAIN, STAFF — ASST. QUARTERMASTER, AUG. 12, 1848, TO FEB. 22, 1851)
worth, Kan., 1850–51; in garrison at Barrancas Barracks, Fla., 1851;
(CAPTAIN, 1ST ARTILLERY, FEB. 22, 1851)
on frontier duty at Ft. Brown, Tex., 1851, — and Edinburg, Tex., 1851–52; in garrison at Barrancas Barracks, Fla., 1852–53, — Ft. Capron, Fla., 1853–55, — Ft. Jupiter, Fla., 1855, — Ft. Capron, Fla., 1855–56, — and Ft. Moultrie, S. C., 1856–57; as Deputy Governor of the "Soldiers' Home," near Washington, D. C., May 29, 1857, to June 9, 1858; in garrison at Ft. Monroe, Va., 1858–60, — and Baton Rouge, La., 1860; on detached service at Ft. Monroe, Va., 1860; in garrison at Baton Rouge Arsenal, La., 1860–61, which he was compelled to surrender to a vastly superior force of Louisiana insurgents; and in garrison at Ft. Hamilton, N. Y., 1861, — and Ft. McHenry, Md., 1861.

Served during the Rebellion of the Seceding States, 1861–66: in garrison at Washington, D. C., Feb. 1 to Apr. 15, 1861, — at Ft. Washington, Md., Apr. 15 to Dec. 20, 1861, — and at Ft. Taylor, Key West, Fla., Dec. 20, 1861, to May 15, 1862; in command of the Northern defenses
(MAJOR, 3D ARTILLERY, FEB. 20, 1862)
of Washington, D. C., 1862–64, being in the trenches during the attack
(LIEUT.-COL., STAFF — ADDITIONAL AIDE-DE-CAMP, JUNE 26, 1862)
upon the city, July 11–14, 1864; and Chief of Artillery, Department of Washington, July 26, 1864, to Apr. 10, 1866; on leave of absence, Apr. 10
(BRIG.-GENERAL, U. S. VOLUNTEERS, AUG. 5, 1864)
(BVT. LIEUT.-COL., AND BVT. COLONEL, MAR. 13, 1865, AND BVT. BRIG.-GENERAL, U. S. ARMY, MAR. 13, 1865, FOR FAITHFUL AND MERITORIOUS SERVICES DURING THE REBELLION)
(LIEUT.-COLONEL, 1ST ARTILLERY, JULY 26, 1866)
to Aug. 1, 1866; and in command of Ft. Independence, Mas., Aug. 1 to Sep. 24, 1866.

Served: in command of Ft. Schuyler, N. Y., Sep. 26, 1866, to Sep. 29, 1870, — and at Ft. Wood, N. Y., Sep. 29 to Dec. 2, 1870.

RETIRED FROM ACTIVE SERVICE, DEC. 15, 1870, FOR DISABILITY FROM LOSS OF AN ARM IN BATTLE.

DIED, AUG. 3, 1874, AT OSWEGO, N. Y.: AGED 56.

996. . (Born Mas.) . . . . **HENRY D. GRAFTON** . . . . (Ap'd Mas.) . . **11**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1835, to July 1, 1839, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to
SECOND LIEUT., 1ST ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1839.

Served: in garrison at Ft. Constitution, N. H., 1839, — Portland, Me., 1839–40, — Ft. Columbus, N. Y., 1840–41, — and Ft. Constitution, N. H., 1841; on Northern Frontier during Canada Border Disturbances, at Plattsburg, N. Y., 1841–42; in garrison at Ft. Adams, R. I., 1842–43, —
(FIRST LIEUT., 1ST ARTILLERY, FEB. 24, 1845)
Ft. Preble, Me., 1843–45, — Ft. Kent, Me., 1845, — Ft. Brooke, Fla., 1845–46, — and Ft. Pickens, Fla., 1846–47; in the War with Mexico, 1847–48, being engaged in the Skirmish of La Hoya, June 20, 1847, — Skirmish of Ocalaca, Aug. 16, 1847, — Battle of Contreras, Aug. 19–20,
(BVT. CAPT., AUG. 20, 1847, FOR GALLANT AND MERITORIOUS CONDUCT IN THE BATTLES OF CONTRERAS AND CHURUBUSCO, MEX.)

1847, — and Battle of Churubusco, Aug. 20, 1847; in garrison at New York harbor, 1848–49; in Florida Hostilities against the Seminole Indians, 1849–50; in garrison at Ft. Pickens, Fla., 1850–51; in Florida

(CAPTAIN, 3D ARTILLERY, SEP. 4, 1851)

Hostilities against the Seminole Indians, 1851–52, 1853; and in garrison at Ft. Moultrie, S. C., 1853–54.

RESIGNED, NOV. 4, 1854.

Civil History. — Author of "The Camp and March," 1854.

DIED, APR. 13, 1855, AT DAVENPORT, IO.: AGED 37.

997..(Born Pa.).....**JAMES L. RANKIN**.....(Ap'd Pa.)..**12**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1835, to July 1, 1839, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

SECOND LIEUT., 3D ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1839.

Served: in the Florida War, 1839–41, 1841–42; and in garrison at Ft.

(FIRST LIEUT., 3D ARTILLERY, APR. 1, 1840)

Morgan, Ala., 1842, — Savannah, Ga., 1842–43, 1843–45, — Tampa Bay, Fla., 1845, — and Ft. Marion, Fla., 1845.

KILLED, DEC. 20, 1845, AT SAVANNAH, GA., BY BEING THROWN FROM A HORSE: AGED 28.

998..(Born S. C.)..**ALEXANDER R. LAWTON**..(Ap'd S. C.).**13**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1835, to July 1, 1839, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

SECOND LIEUT., 1ST ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1839.

Served: on the Northern Frontier, at Rouse's Point, N. Y., 1839–40, during Canada Border Disturbances; on Maine Frontier, at Houlton, pending the "Disputed Territory" controversy; and in garrison at Ft. Sullivan, Me., 1840.

RESIGNED, DEC. 31, 1840.

Civil History. — Counselor at Law, Savannah, Ga., 1843–61. President of Savannah and Augusta Railroad, Ga., 1849–54. Alderman of the City of Savannah, Ga., 1854. Lieutenant, Georgia Militia, 1849–52, — and Colonel, 1852–61. Member of the House of Representatives of the State of Georgia, 1855–56, — and of its Senate, 1859–60. President of the Georgia Democratic Convention, 1860.

Joined in the Rebellion of 1861–66 against the United States.

Civil History. — Counselor at Law, Savannah, Ga., since 1866. Member of the Senate of the State of Georgia, 1874–75; and of the Democratic National Convention for nomination of President, 18— and 1884. Vice-President of the Georgia Constitutional Convention, 1877. President of Augusta and Savannah Railroad Company, 1878–87; and of the American Bar Association, 1883. Minister Plenipotentiary from the United States to Austria-Hungary, July 1, 1887, to May 15, 1889. Residence, Savannah, Ga.

999..(Born Ct.).....**HENRY B. JUDD**.....(Ap'd Ct.)..**14**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1835, to July 1, 1839, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

SECOND LIEUT., 3D ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1839.

Served: in Florida War, 1839–41; in transferring Indians to the West,

(FIRST LIEUT., 3D ARTILLERY, DEC. 26, 1840)

1841; in the Florida War, 1841–42; in garrison at Ft. Morgan, Ala., 1842, — Ft. Moultrie, S. C., 1842–46, — and Ft. Marion, Fla., 1846; in the War with Mexico, 1846–48, being engaged in the Siege of Vera Cruz, Mar. 9–29, 1847, — Skirmish of Medellin, Mar. 25, 1847, — Skirmish of

(BVT. CAPT., MAR. 25, 1847, FOR GALLANT AND MERITORIOUS CONDUCT IN THE AFFAIR AT MEDELLIN, NEAR VERA CRUZ, MEX.)

Amazoque, May 14, 1847, — and Attack of the San Antonio Garita, of the City of Mexico, Sep. 12–13, 1847; on frontier duty at Santa Fé, N. M., 1848–49, — Taos, N. M., 1849, — and Las Vegas, N. M., 1849–50; in garrison at Ft. Constitution, N. H., 1850–51; on sick leave of absence,

(CAPTAIN, 3D ARTILLERY, FEB. 13, 1850)

1851–53; in garrison at Ft. Adams, R. I., 1853; on voyage to California, 1853–54, but compelled, by the wreck of the steam transport San Francisco, to return to New York; on sick leave of absence, 1854–61; and on frontier duty at Benicia, Cal., 1861.

MAJOR, 4TH ARTILLERY, NOV. 1, 1861.

RETIRED FROM ACTIVE SERVICE, NOV. 21, 1861, FOR DISABILITY RESULTING FROM LONG AND FAITHFUL SERVICE, AND FROM DISEASE AND EXPOSURE IN THE LINE OF DUTY.

Served during the Rebellion of the Seceding States, 1862–66: as General Superintendent of Volunteer Recruiting Service, at Wilmington, Del., Jan. 1, 1862, to Aug. 15, 1864; in charge of Buffalo Depot, N. Y., for mustering out Volunteers, May 26 to Sep. 30, 1865; and as Mustering

(BVT. LIEUT.-COL., NOV. 13, 1865, FOR FAITHFUL AND MERITORIOUS SERVICES CONNECTED WITH THE MUSTERING AND DISBURSING OF THE VOLUNTEER ARMIES OF THE UNITED STATES)

and Disbursing Officer and Provost-Marshal, Wilmington, Del., Sep. 30, 1865, to June 15, 1866.

Served: on Recruiting Service, June 15, 1866, to Jan. 1, 1868; on special duty at the headquarters of the Second Military District, Jan. 20 to July 31, 1868, being the Provost-Marshal, May 29 to July 31, 1868.

1000..(Born N. Y.).....**LUCIUS H. ALLEN**.....(Ap'd N. Y.)..**15**

Military History. — Cadet at the Military Academy, July 1, 1835, to July 1, 1839, when he was graduated and promoted in the Army to

SECOND LIEUT., 2D ARTILLERY, JULY 1, 1839.

Served: on the Northern Frontier, at Buffalo, N. Y., 1839–41, during Canada Border Disturbances; at the Military Academy, as Asst. Instructor of Artillery and Infantry Tactics, Aug. 6, 1841, to Aug. 31, 1844; and in garrison at Ft. Columbus, N. Y., 1844–45.

RESIGNED, MAR. 26, 1846.

Civil History. — Merchant, West Point, N. Y., 1846–51, — and at San Francisco, Cal., 1851–87. Major-General, California Militia, Apr. 24, 1862, to 18—.

DIED, DEC. 5, 1887, AT SAN RAFAEL, CAL.: AGED 70.

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Bennett, Clarence E		1701
Bennett, John		1725
Bennett, Napoleon B		366
Bennett, Thomas		21
Benson, Harry C		2938
Benton, Elisha S		3040
Benton, James G		1121
Benton, James W		3093
Benyaurd, William H. H		2000
Bergland, Eric		2273
Berier, Francis N		137
Berrien, John M		455
Berry, Benjamin A		1102
Berry, Lucien G		3105
Berry, Thomas J		1770
Berryman, Henry		174
Best, Clermont L		1351
Bethel, Walter A		3295
Bettens, Philip A		3088
Betts, William H		805
Bibb, John J. C		1229
Bibb, Lucien J		474
Bickley, William		378
Bicknell, John Y		1215
Biddle, John		2880
Biddle, William S		3079
Bigelow, Charles H		787
Bigelow, John		2686
Biggs, Herman		1745
Bingham, Judson D		1639
Bingham, Theodore A		2762
Bingham, Thomas		1478
Birdsall, Egbert B		360
Birdsall, Stephen		98
Birkhimer, William E		2330
Birnie, Rogers		2411
Bishop, Hoel S		2497
Bissell, George R		1588
Bixby, William H		2468
Black, Henry M		1354
Black, William M		2641
Blair, Francis P		2656
Blair, Montgomery		803
Blair, William B		951
Blake, Edmund M		3288
Blake, Edward D		1367
Blake, Jacob E		731
Blake, John Y. F		2866
Blanchard, Albert G		566
Blaney, George		146
Blaney, James R		227
Bledsoe, Albert T		602
Bliss, Horace		290
Bliss, John		66
Bliss, Tasker H		2557
Bliss, William W. S		715
Bliss, Zenas R		1671
Blocksom, Augustus P		2662
Bloodgood, William		383
Bloom, Jacob E		2474
Blunt, Albert C		2893
Blunt, Charles E		1274
Blunt, Matthew M		1586
Blunt, Stanhope E		2413
Board, Buckner		950
Bodfish, Sumner H		2270
Boggs, William R		1582
Boisaubin, Marie V		54
Bolles, Asa		1983
Bolton, Edwin B		2588
Bomford, George		8
Bomford, James V		695
Bomus, Peter S		2346
Bonaparte, Jerome N		1546
Bond, Adolphus F		1528
Bonesteel, Charles H		2615
Bonneau, Richard V		1577
Bonnell, Joseph		418
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Bookmiller, Henry V		3309
Booth, Charles A		2439
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Booth, William L		112
Borland, Harold		1887
Borup, Henry D		2607
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Boughton, Daniel H		2887
Bouis, Pascal Vincent		13
Bourke, James C		3199
Bourke, John G		2283
Bowdoin, George R. J		578
Bowen, Achilles		1459
Bowen, Edgar C		2096
Bowen, Isaac		1125
Bowen, John S		1591
Bowen, Nicholas		1850
Bowes, John R		208
Bowman, Alexander H		394
Bowman, Andrew W		1098
Bowman, Charles S		1875
Bowman, James M		704
Boyce, William M		305
Boyd, Joseph B		1003
Boyd, Orsemus B		2216
Boynton, Edward C		1283
Brackett, John E		677
Bradbury, Lucius		836
Braden, Charles		2291
Bradford, Edmund		909
Bradford, James A. J		473
Bradford, Thomas C		1938
Bradley, Charles A		2689
Brady, Edward W		2307
Bragg, Braxton		895
Brannan, John M		1081
Bransford, Samuel J		849
Brant, Louis P		2505
Bratt, John		894
Breck, Samuel		1683
Breckinridge, Charles H		2085
Brent, Robert C		132
Brent, Thomas L		840
Brent, Thomas L., Jr		2084
Brereton, John J		2691
Brereton, Thomas J		1169
Brett, Lloyd M		2793
Brewer, Alonzo		136
Brewer, Richard H		1809
Brewerton, Henry		207
Brice, Benjamin W		580
Bridgman, Victor H		2560
Briggs, Frank O		2416
Briggs, Obadiah F		2416
Brightly, Charles H		1961
Brisbane, Abbott H		401
Britton, Forbes		782
Brockenbrough, Austin		222
Brockway, Thomas C		536
Brodie, Alexander O		2338
Brodrick, Patrick T		2253
Bromwell, Charles S		3334
Brooke, Edmund		100
Brooke, Francis J		460
Brooke, Leonard O		200
Brooke, Robert S		238
Brooks, Edward C		3136
Brooks, Horace		794
Brooks, John C. W		3064
Brooks, Lorenzo L. C		2776
Brooks, William T. H		1104
Broom, Thomas R		119
Brotherton, David H		1674
Brown, Austin H		3072
Brown, Edward O		2881
Brown, Edward T		2483
Brown, George Le R		2458
Brown, George M		3368
Brown, Gustavus		556
Brown, Hachaliah		1135
Brown, Harvey		185
Brown, Jacob		688
Brown, John A		1287
Brown, Micah R		2050
Brown, Oscar J		2692
Brown, Robert A		3068
Brown, Rufus P		2145
Brown, Theophilus B		446
Brown, Thompson S		395
Brown, William A		965
Brown, William C		2681
Brown, William Spencer		800
Browne, Edward H		2813
Bruce, William E		3214
Bruff, Lawrence L		2595
Brumbach, Virgil J		2914
Brumby, Arnoldus V		792
Brunot, Hilary		120
Brush, Alfred		680
Brush, Daniel H		2401
Brush, John S		83
Bryam, George L		3089
Bryan, Edward B		1386
Bryan, Francis T		1277
Bryan, Goode		774
Bryan, Roger B		3000
Bryan, Timothy M		1703
Bryant, Cullen		2035
Bryant, William		431
Bryce, Joseph Smith		547
Buchanan, Robert C		617
Buchanan, William P		243
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Buck, Daniel A. A		31
Buck, Londus L		74
Buck, William L		2733
Buckingham, Catharinus P		546
Buckner, Simon B		1216
Buel, David H		1942
Buell, Don Carlos		1090
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Chester, Eliphalet N		2213
Chiffelle, Thomas P		886
Childe, John		471
Childs, Frederick L		1685
Childs, Thomas		97
Chilton, Robert H		938
Chittenden, Hiram M		3023
Chouteau, Auguste		14
Chrisman, Edward R		3261
Church, Albert E		508
Church, John R		1692
Churchill, Marlborough		854
Churchill, Richard C		2127
Churchill, William H		1024
Chynoweth, Edward		2668
Claflin, Ira W		1786
Clark, Charles C		3379
Clark, Charles H		2558
Clark, Darius D		1446
Clark, Dillard H		2496
Clark, Henry		325
Clark, James		574
Clark, John D		1146
Clark, Joseph C		1377
Clark, Meriwether L		609
Clark, Michael M		443
Clark, Nelson N		507
Clark, Satterlee		27
Clark, Wallis O		2709
Clark, William F		3364
Clark, William P		2244
Clarke, Alexander S		2037
Clarke, Francis N		1027
Clarke, Henry F		1178
Clarke, Powhatan H		3057
Clary, Robert E		520
Clay, Henry		630
Clay, Joseph		427
Clayton, Bertram T		3141
Clendenin, John M		627
Clitz, Henry B		1266
Cloman, Sydney A		3321
Closson, Henry W		1638
Cobb, Edmund M		2340
Cobb, James D		58
Cobb, Samuel K		532
Coburn, Joseph L		775
Cochran, Charles H		3006
Cochran, Robert M		979
Cochrane, Alexander F		140
Cocke, Philip St. George		667
Coffin, William H		2475
Cogswell, Milton		1417
Colburn, Albert V		1693
Colcock, Richard W		457
Colcord, Austin N		1479
Cole, Edwin T		3316
Cole, Haydn S		3062
Cole, James A		3037
Cole, James B		2155
Cole, Robert G		1486
Colerick, Charles		466
Collingsworth, John T		610
Collins, Charles L		2967
Collins, Charles O		512
Collins, Charles R		1827
Collins, Francis		1242
Collins, Richard D. C		345
Comly, Clifton		1985
Comstock, Cyrus B		1677
Conant, Augustus		73
Conant, Roswell		228
Cone, Aurelius F		1787
Conklin, John		3028
Conkling, Barnabas		852
Conkling, Solomon G		47
Conline, John		2365
Conner, Edward J		1792
Conrad, John		661
Conrad, Joseph S		1791
Converse, George L		2854
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Cook, Augustus		1214
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Cooke, James H		296
Cooke, Philip St. George		492
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Cooper, James F		766
Cooper, Samuel		156
Coppée, Henry		1241
Corley, James L		1489
Cornish, George A		2490
Cornish, Lester W		2915
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Corprew, George W		189
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Cosby, George B		1552
Cotton, Gilbert P		2212
Cotton, John W		357
Couch, Darius N		1284
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Courtenay, Edward H		262
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Covington, Erasmus F		651
Cowles, Calvin D		2492
Cowles, Warren H		2847
Cox, John L		2747
Coxe, Robert E		2345
Cradlebaugh, George W		2214
Craig, Isaac E		104
Craig, Louis A		2541
Craig, Robert		2134
Craig, William		1630
Craighill, William E		3059
Craighill, William P		1580
Cram, Thomas Jefferson		432
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Dimmock, Charles		266
Dimon, George D		729
Dinkins, Simeon M		2929
Ditch, William T		2259
Dix, Roger S		693
Dixon, Joseph		1800
Dixon, William P		2135
D'Lagnel, Julius A		285
Dodd, George A		2624
Dodds, Frank L		2779
Dodge, Henry C		2013
Dodge, Richard I		1387
Donaldson, Charles V		3273
Donaldson, James L		856
Donaldson, Thomas Q		3207
Donelson, Andrew J		233
Donelson, Andrew J., Jr		1370
Donelson, Daniel S		396
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Dorst, Joseph H		2476
Doubleday, Abner		1134
Dougherty, John T		2452
Douglas, Samuel R		2604
Douglass, Henry		1566
Dowd, Heman		2594
Dowdy, Robert W		2806
Drane, Anthony		376
Dravo, Edward E		2611
Drayton, Thomas		535
Drayton, Thomas F		535
Dresser, George W		1906
Drouillard, James P		1959
Druien, James L		3149
Drum, Simon H		597
Duane, James C		1371
DuBarry, Beekman		1413
DuBois, John V. D		1686
DuBose, Benjamin E		745
DuPont, Henry		727
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Ducat, Arthur C		2822
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Eastman, Seth		562
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Eaton, Joseph H		828
Eaton, Nathaniel J		502
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Eckerson, Theodore H		2547
Eckhart, Charles G		2174
Eddy, Asher R		1210
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Edie, John R		1946
Edmunds, Frank H		2376
Edson, John H		1606
Edson, Theodore		1851
Edwards, Albert G		706
Edwards, Clarence R		3020
Edwards, George		1240
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Eggleston, Millard F		2701
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